

CIVIL ENGINEERING REPORT FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION A



114-120 OLD PITTWATER ROAD

BROOKVALE

Prepared for:

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 **Background**

Centennial (the client) proposes to develop Lot 3 DP868761 at 114-120 Old Pittwater Road, Brookvale, NSW, as an industrial subdivision. Costin Roe Consulting has prepared this Civil Engineering Report to support a Development Application submission to the Northern Beaches Council (NBC).

The proposed development is for an industrial subdivision comprising of 3 lots between 0.6 to 0.85ha. Lot C on the west of the subdivision will be built to the earthworks level of the proposed built form and Lots A and B on the east of the subdivision will demolish the buildings currently on site.

1.2 Scope

Centennial has engaged Costin Roe Consulting Pty Ltd (CRC) to prepare this Civil Engineering Report to support the proposed Development Application for development on the site.

This report provides a summary of the design principles and planning objectives for the following civil engineering components of the project:

- Earthworks & Retaining Walls
- Stormwater Management, including stormwater quantity and quality,
- Erosion & Sediment Control.
- Flood planning considerations.

The engineering objectives for the development are to create a site which, based on the proposed architectural layout, responds to the topography and site constraints and to provide an appropriate and economical stormwater management system which incorporates best practice in water sensitive urban design and is consistent with the requirements of council's water quality objectives.

A set of drawings have been prepared to show the proposed finished levels, retaining walls, stormwater drainage and water quality requirements for the development. These drawings are conceptual only and subject to change during detail design.

1.3 **Authority Jurisdiction**

The consent authority for this development is Northern Beaches Council. The requirements of the Warringah DCP 2011 and Warringah LEP 2011 apply.



2 **DEVELOPMENT SITE**

2.1 Location

The proposed development is bounded by Old Pittwater Road to the west, industrial developments to the north and south and forested area to the left as shown in Figure **2.1.** The development site has an area of approximately 2.18Ha.



Figure 2.1 - Locality Plan



2.2 **Existing Site**

The development site encompasses a total area of 21,770 m².

The site is located in Brookvale, NSW, and is bounded by Old Pittwater Road to the east, industrial developments to the north and south, and bushland to the west. The site is currently occupied by a warehouse and office building for a boat dealer.

The property is split by a rock wall face and the western portion of the site is approximately 10m higher than the eastern portion. The highest point on the site is at the back of the western side of the site at approximately RL32.00 and the lowest point of the site is at the southeastern corner of the site at approximately RL16.00. The site generally slopes from the west to the east for both portions of the site at an approximately 3-5% grade.

2.3 **Proposed Development**

The proposed development is for the subdivision as shown below in Figure 2.2, the proposed site plan is shown below in Figure 2.3 and the demolition and tree removal plan is shown below in Figure 2.4. The proposed works are located within the area zoned as General Industrial. The western portion of Lot C, which is zoned as Public Recreation, will remain undeveloped. In accordance with the Arboricultural Impact Assessment Report (Ref: 251016_120 OPRB_AIA_R1), existing trees identified for retention will be preserved. The scope of the works has been designed to avoid any impact on these retained trees.

Lot C, on the western side of the subdivision and rock face, will be built to the earthworks pad level of the proposed development. Lots A and B on the eastern side is proposed to demolish the existing building and unlock land from the escarpment on the south of Lot B.

Civil works will include cut to fill earthworks, construction of retaining walls and stormwater drainage. The works included in this application are limited to within the boundaries, other than the driveway cross overs.



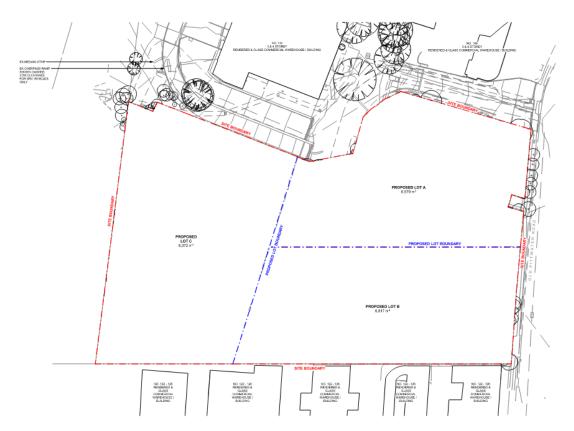


Figure 2.2 – Subdivision Layout (Source: Reid Campbell)

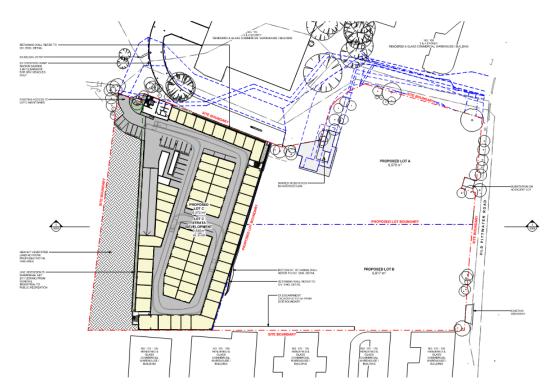


Figure 2.3 – Proposed Site Plan (Source: Reid Campbell)





Figure 2.4 – Demolition and Tree Removal Plan (Source: Reid Campbell)



3 SITE WORKS

3.1 **Bulk Earthworks & Retaining Walls**

During the construction stage of the development, soil Erosion and Sediment Control measures are to be implemented as defined in the erosion and sediment control plan (ESCP) drawings (**Appendix A**) and discussed in **Section 7** of this report.

Bulk earthworks will be required for the development to accommodate a cut to fill balance of earthworks for the development site. The objective for the site will be to provide a flat building pad, facilitate site access and to drain the stormwater system via gravity.

An earthworks and volume estimate assessment has been completed for the development site based on the proposed development layout and an averaged pavement thickness of 300mm throughout the development. Given the preliminary nature of the assessment, an upper and lower bound of earthworks volumes has been included to allow for contingency in cost planning estimates.

The earthworks volume estimates are as follows:

	Apparent Volume	Upper Bound (+15%)	Lower Bound (-15%)
Cut (m³)	- 24,40	- 28,400	- 32,660
Fill (m³)	+ 1,318	+ 1,550	+ 1,783
Site Strip (m³)	- 3,400	- 4,000	- 4,600
Allowance for Basins (m³)	- 391	- 460	- 529
Balance (m³)	- 26,614	- 31,310	- 36,007

The existing surface levels and the proposed bulk earthworks levels are as shown on drawing CO10628.01-DA300.

The final levels over the site will be subject to detailed earthworks modelling and volume assessments.

Soil Erosion and Sediment Control measures including sedimentation basins will also be provided during the construction works in accordance with the approved drawings and the Soil and Water Management Plan in Section 7 of this report. Minor changes will be made to suit the current layout and site requirements.

3.2 **Embankment Stability**

To assist in maintaining embankment stability permanent batter slopes will be no steeper than the limits set by the geotechnical engineer. Temporary batters will be no steeper than 2 horizontals to 1 vertical.

Permanent batters will be adequately vegetated or turfed which will assist in maintaining embankment stability.



Stability of batters and reinstatement of vegetation shall be in accordance with the submitted drawings and the Soil and Water Management Plan in Section 7 of this report.

3.3 **Supervision of Earthworks**

All geotechnical testing and inspections to be performed during the earthworks operations will be undertaken to Level 1 geotechnical control in accordance with AS3798-2007.

4 STORMWATER DRAINAGE

4.1 **Hydrologic Modelling and Analysis**

4.1.1 General Design Principles

The design of the stormwater system for this site will be based on relevant national design guidelines, Australian Standard Codes of Practice, Northern Beaches Council, and accepted engineering practice.

Runoff from buildings will generally be designed in accordance with AS 3500.3 National Plumbing and Drainage Code Part 3 – Stormwater Drainage.

Overall site runoff and stormwater management will generally be designed in accordance with the Institution of Engineers, Australia publication "Australian Rainfall and Runoff" (1987 Edition), Volumes 1 and 2 (AR&R).

Storm events for the 2 to 100 Year ARI event have been assessed.

4.1.2 Minor/ Major System Design

The piped stormwater drainage (minor) system has been designed to accommodate the 20-year ARI storm event (Q20). Overland flow paths (major) which will convey all stormwater runoff up to and including the Q100 event have also been provided which will limit major property damage and any risk to the public in the event of a piped system failure.

4.1.3 Rainfall Data

Rainfall intensity Frequency Duration (IFD) data used as a basis for DRAINS modelling for the 2 to 100 Year ARI events, was taken from Northern Beaches Council Water Management for Development Policy.

4.1.4 **Runoff Models**

In accordance with the recommendations and standards of Northern Beaches Council, the calculation of the runoff from storms of the design ARI has been calculated with the catchment modelling software DRAINS.

The design parameters for the DRAINS model are to be based on the recommendations as defined by Council and parameters for the area and are as follows:

Table 4.1 - DRAINS Parameters

Model	Model for Design and analysis run	Rational method	
	Rational Method Procedure	ARR87	
	Soil Type-Normal	2.5	
	Paved (Impervious) Area Depression Storage	1	mm
	Supplementary Area Depression Storage	1	mm
	Grassed (Pervious) Area Depression Storage	5	mm



AMC	Antecedent Moisture Condition (ARI=1-5 years)	2.5
AMC	Antecedent Moisture Condition (ARI=10-20 years)	3.0
AMC	Antecedent Moisture Condition (ARI=50-100 years)	3.5
	Sag Pit Blocking Factor (Minor Systems)	0
	On Grade Pit Blocking Factor (Minor Systems)	0
	Sag Pit Blocking Factor (Major Systems)	0.5
	On Grade Pit Blocking Factor (Major Systems)	0.2
	Inlet Pit Capacity	

4.2 **Hydraulics**

4.2.1 General Requirements

Hydraulic calculations will be carried out utilising DRAINS modelling software during the detail design stage to ensure that all surface and subsurface drainage systems perform to or exceed the required standard.

4.2.2 Freeboard

The calculated water surface level in open junctions of the piped stormwater system will not exceed a freeboard level of 150mm below the finished ground/ grate level, for the peak runoff from the Minor System runoff.

The calculated water surface for the peak runoff from the Major System runoff will not exceed a freeboard level of 300mm below the finished floor level of the building.

4.2.3 Public Safety

For all areas subject to pedestrian traffic, the product (dV) of the depth of flow d (in metres) and the velocity of flow V (in metres per second) will be limited to 0.4, for all storms up to the 100-year ARI.

For other areas, the dV product will be limited to 0.6 for stability of vehicular traffic (whether parked or in motion) for all storms up to the 100-year ARI.

4.2.4 Inlet Pit Spacing

The spacing of inlets throughout the site will be such that the depth of flow, for the Major System design storm runoff, will not exceed the top of the kerb (150mm above gutter invert).



4.2.5 Overland Flow

Dedicated flow paths have been designed to convey all storms up to and including the 100-year ARI. These flow paths will convey stormwater from the site to the adjoining road.

4.3 Site Drainage

4.3.1 Existing Site Drainage

The property is a mostly impervious warehouse development with existing drainage on site. There is a 1-metre-wide drainage easement at the north of the site that connects into NBC stormwater drainage and an NBC stormwater pit adjacent to the southeastern boundary of the site.

4.3.2 Proposed Site Drainage

The proposed stormwater system consists of diversion swales that will be capture overland flows over the earthworks and convey it towards a sediment basin for each lot. The sediment basins on each lot will connect into adjacent existing council drainage infrastructure. The site is noted to be affected by an overland flow catchment to the west from Allambie Heights and the bushland to the west of the site. A swale will be installed to the west of lot C to capture this overland flow and will be directed towards a new pit built over and connected to NBC's stormwater drainage system.

Reference to drawing CO10628.01-DA400 shows the proposed drainage layout. Further discussion on the stormwater management measure is made in Sections 5 & 6 of this report.



5 STORMWATER QUANTITY MANAGEMENT

Stormwater Detention 5.1

Northern Beaches Council requires water quantity management, or stormwater detention, to be provided for all developments in Region 2 - Central Catchments, to control the runoff discharged from private property into the underground piped drainage system to pre-developed flows and mitigate the increased stormwater generated by developments.

Refer to Figure 4.1 for the extent of which Region 2 – Central Catchments apply.

Region 1 - Northern Stormwater Region Duffys Region 2 - Central Stormwater Region Region 3 - Southern Stormwater Regio

Map 2 - Northern Beaches Stormwater Regions

Figure 4.1. Northern Beaches Stormwater Regions

OSD will be undertaken by the lot developers and is therefore outside the scope of this development application. Any necessary assessments or approvals relating to treatment works will be addressed as part of subsequent applications by the respective lot developers.



STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROLS 6

6.1 **Regional Parameters**

There is a need to provide a design which incorporates the principles of Water Sensitive Urban Design (WSUD) and to target pollutants that are present in the stormwater so as to minimise the adverse impact these pollutants could have on receiving waters and to also meet the requirements specified by the North Beaches Council.

Northern Beaches Council has nominated, in Part 4.2 of their Water Management for Development Policy, the requirements for stormwater quality to be performed on a catchment wide basis. These are presented in terms of annual percentage pollutant reductions on a developed catchment and are as follows:

Gross Pollutants	90%
Total Suspended Solids	85%
Total Phosphorus	65%
Total Nitrogen	45%

Treatment will be undertaken by the lot developers and is therefore outside the scope of this development application. Any necessary assessments or approvals relating to treatment works will be addressed as part of subsequent applications by the respective lot developers.



7 **EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN**

An erosion and sediment control plan (ESCP) are included in drawings CO12068.01-DA200, DA251 and DA252. These plans show the works can proceed without polluting receiving waters. A detailed plan will be prepared after development consent is granted and before works commence.

7.1 **General Conditions**

- The ESCP will be read in conjunction with the engineering plans, and any other plans or written instructions that may be issued in relation to development at the subject site.
- 2. Contractors will ensure that all soil and water management works are undertaken as instructed in this specification and constructed following the guidelines stated in Managing Urban Stormwater, Soils and Construction (1998) and Northern Beaches Council specifications.
- All subcontractors will be informed of their responsibilities in minimising the potential for soil erosion and pollution to down slope areas.

7.2 **Land Disturbance**

Where practicable, the soil erosion hazard on the site will be kept as low as possible and as recommended in Table 7.1.

Table 7.1 - Limitations to access

Land Use	Limitation	Comments
Construction areas	Limited to 5 (preferably 2) metres from the edge of any essential construction activity as shown on the engineering plans.	All site workers will clearly recognise these areas that, where appropriate, are identified with barrier fencing (upslope) and sediment fencing (downslope), or similar materials.
Access areas	Limited to a maximum width of 5 metres	The site manager will determine and mark the location of these zones onsite. They can vary in position so as to best conserve existing vegetation and protect downstream areas while being considerate of the needs of efficient works activities. All site workers will clearly recognise these boundaries.
Remaining lands	Entry prohibited except for essential management works	



7.3 **Erosion Control Conditions**

- Clearly visible barrier fencing shall be installed as shown on the plan and elsewhere at the discretion of the site superintendent to ensure traffic control and prohibit unnecessary site disturbance. Vehicular access to the site shall be limited to only those essential for construction work and they shall enter the site only through the stabilised access points.
- Soil materials will be replaced in the same order they are removed from the ground. It is particularly important that all subsoils are buried, and topsoils remain on the surface at the completion of works.
- Where practicable, schedule the construction program so that the time from starting land disturbance to stabilisation has a duration of less than six months.
- Notwithstanding this, schedule works so that the duration from the conclusion of land shaping to completion of final stabilisation is less than 20 working days.
- Land recently established with grass species will be watered regularly until an effective cover has properly established and plants are growing vigorously. Further application of seed might be necessary later in areas of inadequate vegetation establishment.
- 6. Where practical, foot and vehicular traffic will be kept away from all recently established areas
- 7. Earth batters shall be constructed in accordance with the Geotechnical Engineers Report or with as law a gradient as practical but not steeper than:
 - a. 2H:1V where slope length is less than 7 metres
 - b. 2.5H:1V where slope length is between 7 and 10 metres
 - c. 3H:1V where slope length is between 10 and 12 metres
 - d. 4H:1V where slope length is between 12 and 18 metres
 - e. 5H:1V where slope length is between 18 and 27 metres
 - f. 6H:1V where slope length is greater than 27 metres
- All earthworks, including waterways/drains/spillways and their outlets, will be constructed to be stable in at least the design storm event.
- During windy weather, large, unprotected areas will be kept moist (not wet) by sprinkling with water to keep dust under control. In the event water is not available in sufficient quantities, soil binders and/or dust retardants will be used or the surface will be left in a cloddy state that resists removal by wind.

7.4 **Pollution Control Conditions**

- Stockpiles will not be located within 5 metres of hazard areas, including likely areas of high velocity flows such as waterways, paved areas and driveways. Silt/ sediment fences and appropriate stabilisation of stockpiles are to be provided as detailed on the drawings.
- 2. Sediment fences will:



- a. Be installed where shown on the drawings, and elsewhere at the discretion of the site superintendent to contain the coarser sediment fraction (including aggregated fines) as near as possible to their source.
- b. Have a catchment area not exceeding 720 square meters, a storage depth (including both settling and settled zones) of at least 0.6 meters, and internal dimensions that provide maximum surface area for settling, and
- c. Provide a return of 1-meter upslope at intervals along the fence where catchment area exceeds 720 square meters, to limit discharge reaching each section to 10 litres/second in a maximum 20-year t_c discharge.
- Sediment removed from any trapping device will be disposed in locations where further erosion and consequent pollution to down slope lands and waterways will not occur.
- Water will be prevented from directly entering the permanent drainage system it is relatively sediment free (i.e. the catchment area has been permanently landscaped and/or likely sediment has been treated in an approved device). Nevertheless, stormwater inlets will be protected.
- Temporary soil and water management structures will be removed only after the lands they are protecting are stabilised.

7.5 **Waste Management Conditions**

Acceptable bind will be provided for any concrete and mortar slurries, paints, acid washings, lightweight waste materials and litter. Clearance service will be provided at least weekly.

7.6 **Site Inspection and Maintenance**

- A self-auditing program will be established based on a Check Sheet. A site inspection using the Check Sheet will be made by the site manager:
 - a. At least weekly.
 - b. Immediately before site closure.
 - c. Immediately following rainfall events in excess of 5mm in any 24-hour period.

The self-audit will include:

- a. Recording the condition of every sediment control device
- b. Recording maintenance requirements (if any) for each sediment control device
- c. Recording the volumes of sediment removed from sediment retention systems, where applicable
- d. Recording the site where sediment is disposed
- e. Forwarding a signed duplicate of the completed Check Sheet to the project manager/developer for their information
- In addition, a suitably qualified person will be required to oversee the installation and maintenance of all soil and water management works on the site. The person shall be required to provide a short monthly written report. The responsible person will ensure that:



- a. The plan is being implemented correctly
- b. Repairs are undertaken as required
- c. Essential modifications are made to the plan if and when necessary

The report shall carry a certificate that works have been carried out in accordance with the plan.

- 3. Waste bins will be emptied as necessary. Disposal of waste will be in a manner approved by the Site Superintendent.
- Proper drainage will be maintained. To this end drains (including inlet and outlet works) will be checked to ensure that they are operating as intended, especially
 - a. No low points exist that can overtop in a large storm event
 - b. Areas of erosion are repaired (e.g. lined with a suitable material) and/or velocity of flow is reduced appropriately through construction of small check dams of installing additional diversion upslope.
 - c. Blockages are cleared (these might occur because of sediment pollution, sand/soil/spoil being deposited in or too close to them, breached by vehicle wheels, etc.).
- 5. Sand/soil/spoil materials placed closer than 2 meters from hazard areas will be removed. Such hazard areas include and areas of high velocity water flows (e.g. waterways and gutters), paved areas and driveways.
- Recently stabilised lands will be checked to ensure that erosion hazard has been effectively reduced. Any repairs will be initiated as appropriate.
- 7. Excessive vegetation growth will be controlled through mowing or slashing.
- 8. All sediment detention systems will be kept in good, working condition. In particular, attention will be given to:
 - a. Recent works to ensure they have not resulted in diversion of sediment laden water away from them
 - b. Degradable products to ensure they are replaced as required, and
 - c. Sediment removal, to ensure the design capacity or less remains in the settling zone.
- 9. Any pollutants removed from sediment basins or litter traps will be disposed of in areas where further pollution to down slope lands and waterways should not occur.
- 10. Additional erosion and/or sediment control works will be constructed as necessary to ensure the desired protection is given to down slope lands and waterways, i.e. make ongoing changes to the plan where it proves inadequate in practice or is subjected to changes in conditions at the work site or elsewhere in the catchment.
- 11. Erosion and sediment control measures will be maintained in a functioning condition until all earthwork activities are completed and the site stabilised
- 12. Litter, debris and sediment will be removed from the gross pollutant traps and trash racks as required.



8 MAINSTREAM FLOODING AND OVERLAND FLOW

8.1 Introduction

The site has been identified as being flood affected by council, and as shown in the Northern Beaches Council Online Mapping and Figure 8.1 below.



Figure 8.1 - NBC Flood Hazard Map (Source: NBC Online Mapping)

Given the site is identified by Council as being flood affected, a flood study of the site is required. This included an assessment of the pre and post development flood conditions and confirmation of affectation on the development by the flood and on the flood by the development is required. This is required to confirm that the proposed development will have sufficient flood immunity and protection during a flood event, and that the development will not result in affectation of upstream, downstream, and adjacent properties.

We provide our assessments relating to flooding and the proposed development as follows. It is noted that there are some anomalous areas of flood affectation have been shown on the site that are unlikely to be flood affected. These areas and allowances provided are explained in more detail in the following sections.

8.2 **Existing Flood Scenario**

Figure 8.1 shows the overland flow and flooding risks for pre-development conditions. The site is shown to be a low-risk precinct, which means the site is flood affected during the probably maximum flood (PMF) event. We believe the ponding and overland flow shown on to be anomalous and not representative of actual flooding on the site. For the reasons outlined in Section 8.3, we do not consider than any additional allowances for mainstream flooding.



8.3 Differences Between Council Flooding and Actual Flood Affectation

As noted above, we have assessed the area shown to be flood affected in councils' advice and flood extent, and do not believe this area to be affected by mainstream flooding in reality.

The reasons we believe the area in Figure 8.1 is unaffected by mainstream flooding in reality are outlined as follows:

- Council flood results are generated in a regional/broadscale flood study. This study as such:
 - Uses a LIDAR survey which is not representative of the ground profile as confirmed by LTS Surveyors.
 - Pits and pipes for the council systems are included but does not include pits and pipes within individual properties. This would mean that the drainage in the adjacent developments would not be included in the council flood risk model.
 - Employs a "rain on grid" method to produce runoff. Hence when rainfall and flows are conveyed to a surveyed low spot (without property drainage to enable free draining conditions) it will show ponding/flooding. However, this area would be free draining via the private existing drainage systems.

Based on the above reasons, we believe the areas shown in **Figure 8.1** are anomalous due to limited upstream catchments and low opportunity for overland flow from adjoining sites to enter this one. Therefore, the actual mainstream flood risk is low.

The site is subject to an overland flow path from the bushland and residential area of Allambie Heights to the west of the site as shown below in Figure 8.2. While the site is not subject to mainstream flooding, the site will experience flash flooding due to the local overland flow path and this will be addressed by our flood impact risk assessment (Ref: CO10628.01-04.rpt).

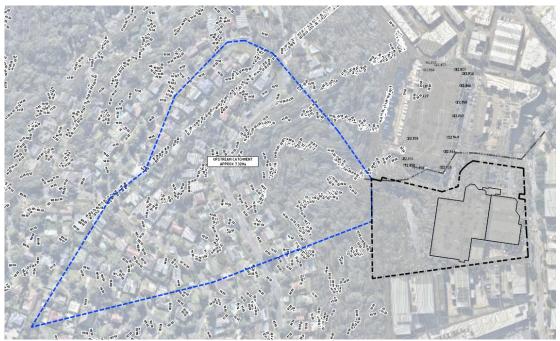


Figure 8.2 – Overland flow flooding catchment flowing towards the site



CONCLUSION 9

This Civil Engineering Details Report has been prepared to support the Development Application for a proposed 3 lot subdivision at 114-120 Old Pittwater Road, Brookvale.

A civil engineering strategy for the site has been developed which provides a best practice solution within the constraints of the existing landform and proposed development layout.

During the construction phase, a Sediment and Erosion Control Plan will be in place to ensure the downstream drainage system and receiving waters are protected from sediment laden runoff.

The stormwater management considers the staging of construction with self-sufficient systems which meet council's objectives for each stage of the development.



10 **REFERENCES**

- Warringah Council (2011) Development Control Plan
- Warringah Council (2011) Local Environmental Plan
- Northern Beaches Council (2025) Water Management for Development Policy
- WMA Water (2018) Manly Lagoon Floodplain Risk Management Study and Plan
- Landcom (2004). Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction 4th Edition.



11 APPENDICES



APPENDIX A DRAWINGS BY COSTIN ROE CONSULTING

PROPOSED LAND SUBDIVISION FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT 114-120 OLD PITTWATER ROAD, BROOKVALE, NSW, 2100 CIVIL DRAWINGS FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

DRAWING LIST:

CO10628.01-DA 651

DRAWING NO. CO10628.01-DA 100 DRAWING LIST, GENERAL NOTES & LOCALITY PLAN EXISTING SITE FEATURES & SERVICES CO10628.01-DA 150 CO10628.01-DA 200 EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN CO10628.01-DA 251 EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS - SHEET 1 EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS - SHEET 2 CO10628.01-DA 252 CO10628.01–DA 300 BULK EARTHWORKS PLAN CO10628.01-DA 301 CUT/FILL PLAN CO10628.01-DA 351 BULK EARTHWORKS SECTIONS - SHEET 1 CO10628.01–DA 352 BULK EARTHWORKS SECTIONS – SHEET 2 CO10628.01-DA 400 STORMWATER DRAINAGE PLAN CO10628.01-DA 451 STORMWATER DRAINAGE DETAILS - SHEET 1 CO10628.01-DA 600 RETAINING WALL SETOUT PLAN

RETAINING WALL DETAILS

GENERAL NOTES:

- AUSTRALIA CODES AND WITH THE BY-LAWS AND ORDINANCES OF THE RELEVANT BUILDING AUTHORITIES EXCEPT WHERE

ELECTRONIC INFORMATION NOTES:

- THE ISSUED DRAWINGS IN HARD COPY OR PDF FORMAT TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER ANY ELECTRONICALLY ISSUED INFORMATION, LAYOUTS OR DESIGN MODELS.
- THE CONTRACTOR'S DIRECT AMENDMENT OR MANIPULATION OF THE DATA OR INFORMATION THAT MIGHT BE CONTAINED WITHIN AN ENGINEER-SUPPLIED DIGITAL TERRAIN MODEL AND ITS SUBSEQUENT USE TO UNDERTAKE THE WORKS WILL BE SOLELY AT THE DISCRETION OF AND THE RISK OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO HIGHLIGHT ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE DIGITAL TERRAIN MODEL AND INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THE CONTRACT AND/OR DRAWINGS AND IS REQUIRED TO SEEK CLARIFICATION FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT.
- THE ENGINEER WILL NOT BE LIABLE OR RESPONSIBLE FOR THE POSSIBLE ON-GOING NEED TO UPDATE THE DIGITAL TERRAIN MODEL, SHOULD THERE BE ANY AMENDMENTS OR CHANGES TO THE DRAWINGS OR CONTRACT INITIATED BY THE CONTRACTOR.





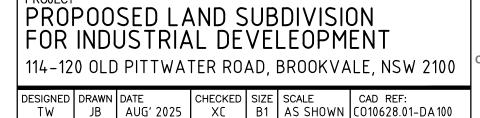
FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

ISSUED FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION 23.09.25 ISSUED FOR INFORMATION AMENDMENTS ISSUE AMENDMENTS











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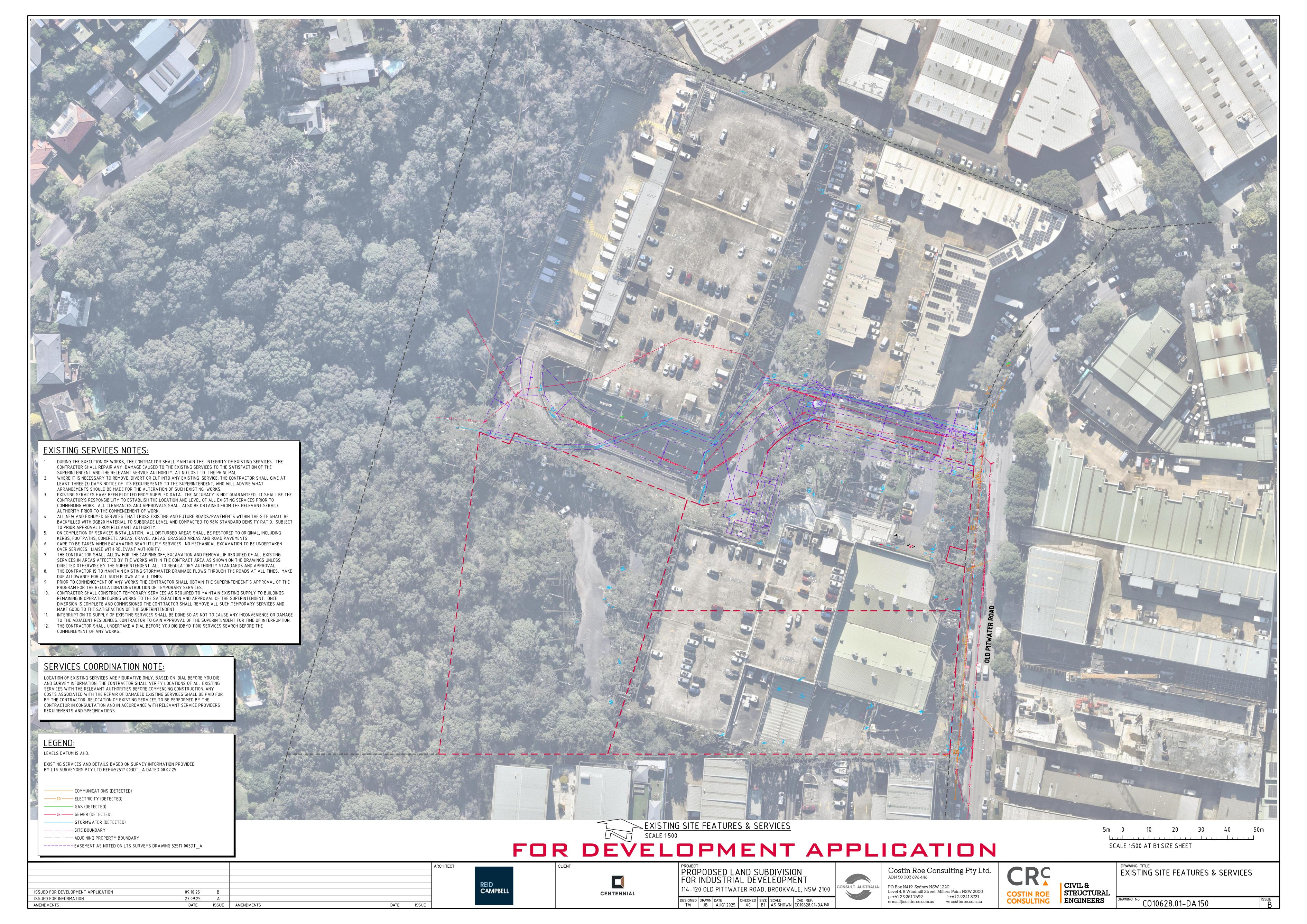
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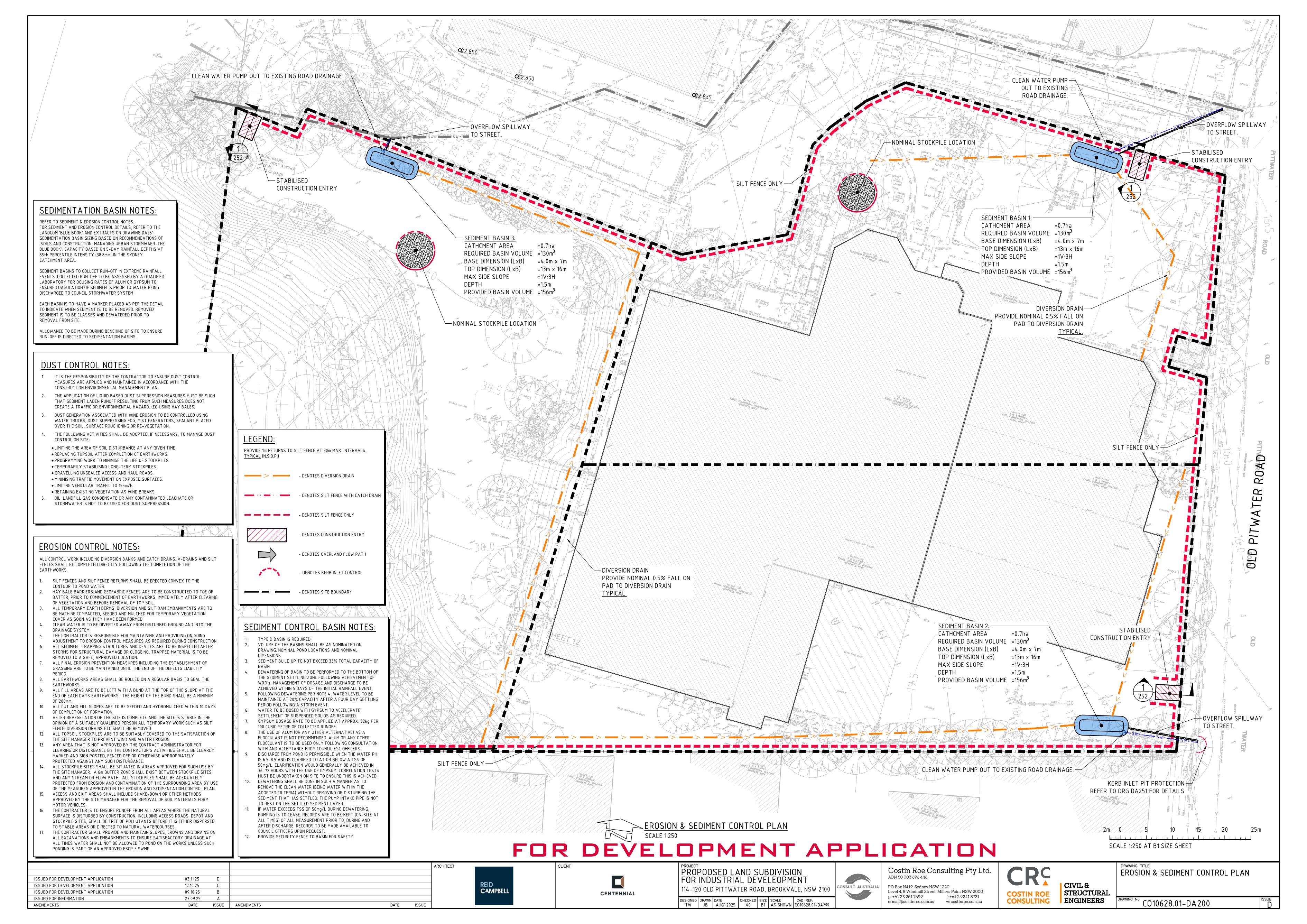


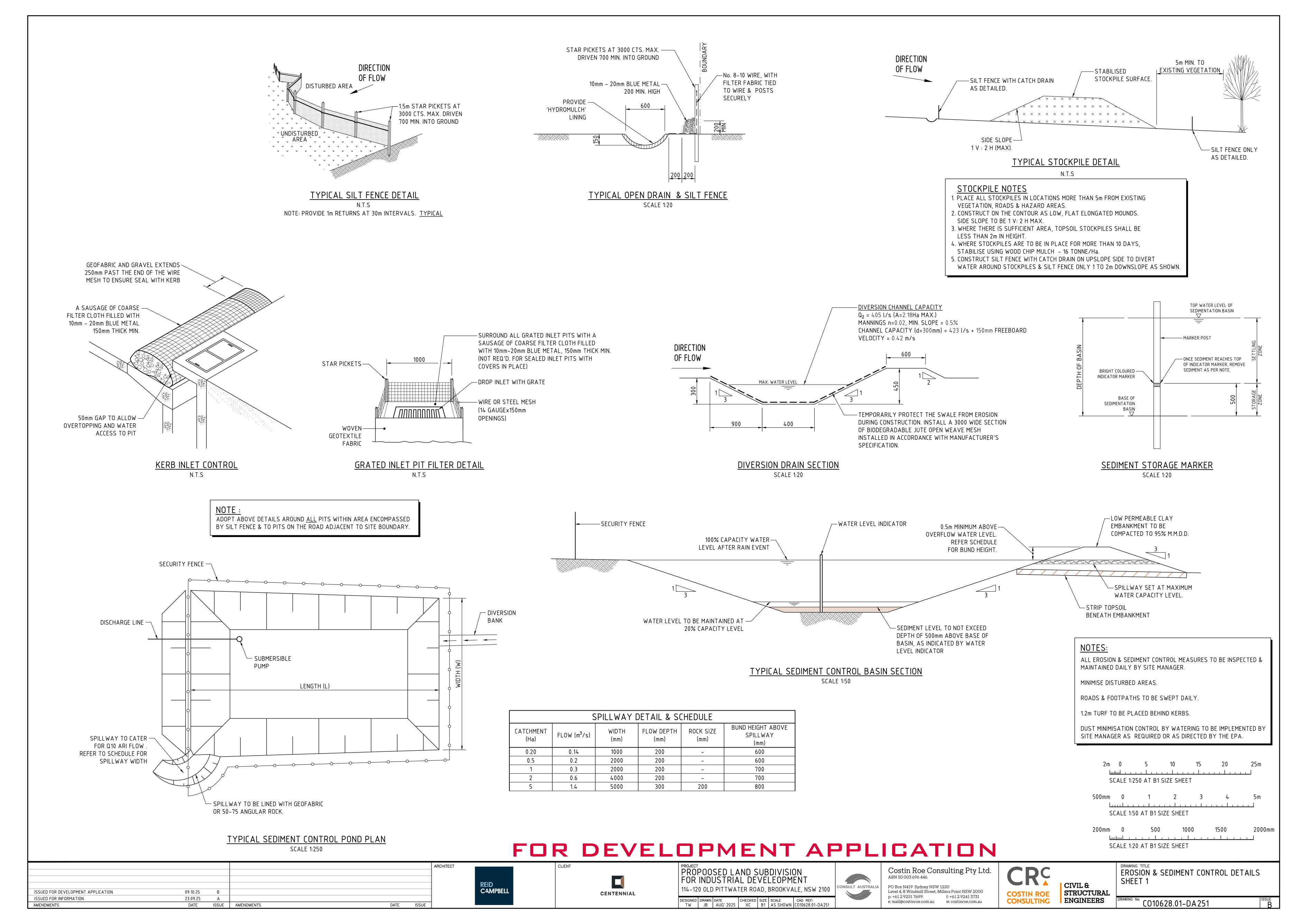
DRAWING LIST, GENERAL NOTES & LOCALITY PLAN STRUCTURAL

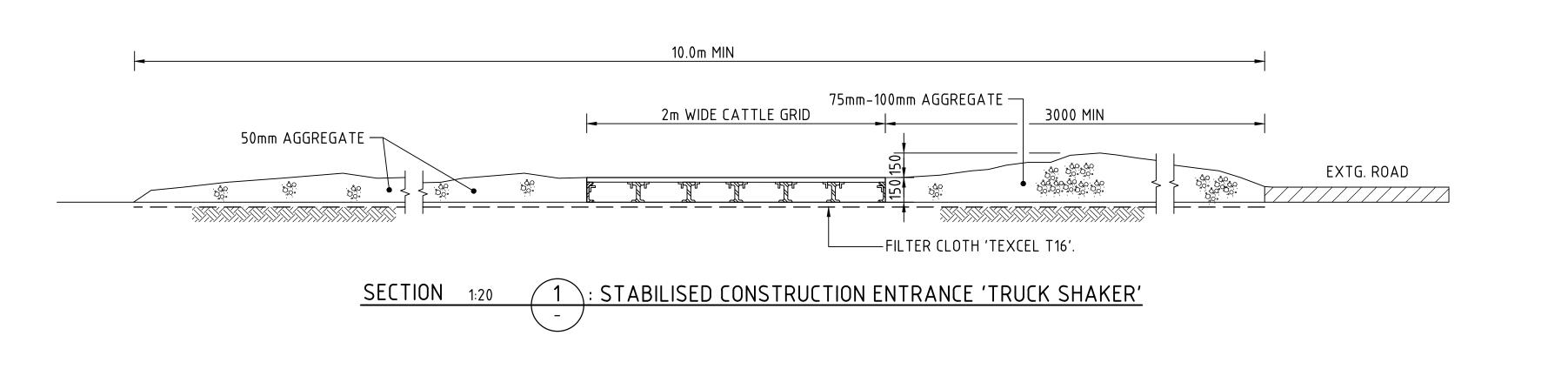
ENGINEERS

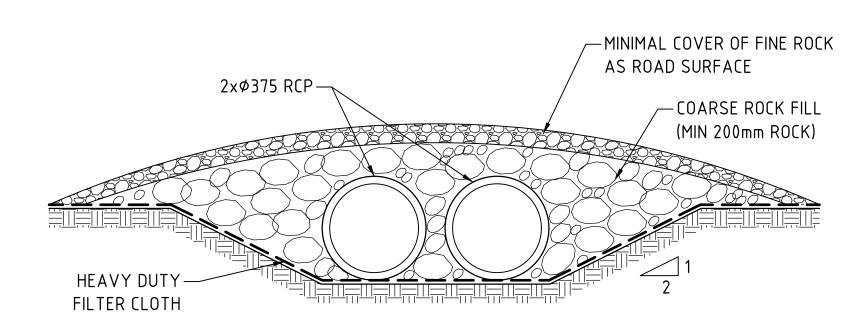
CO10628.01-DA100











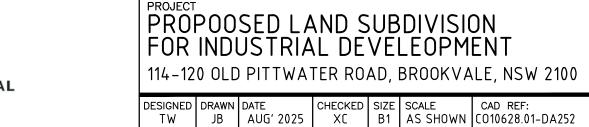
TYPICAL CROSSING OVER DIVERSION CHANNEL SCALE 1:20

FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

09.10.25 B
23.09.25 A
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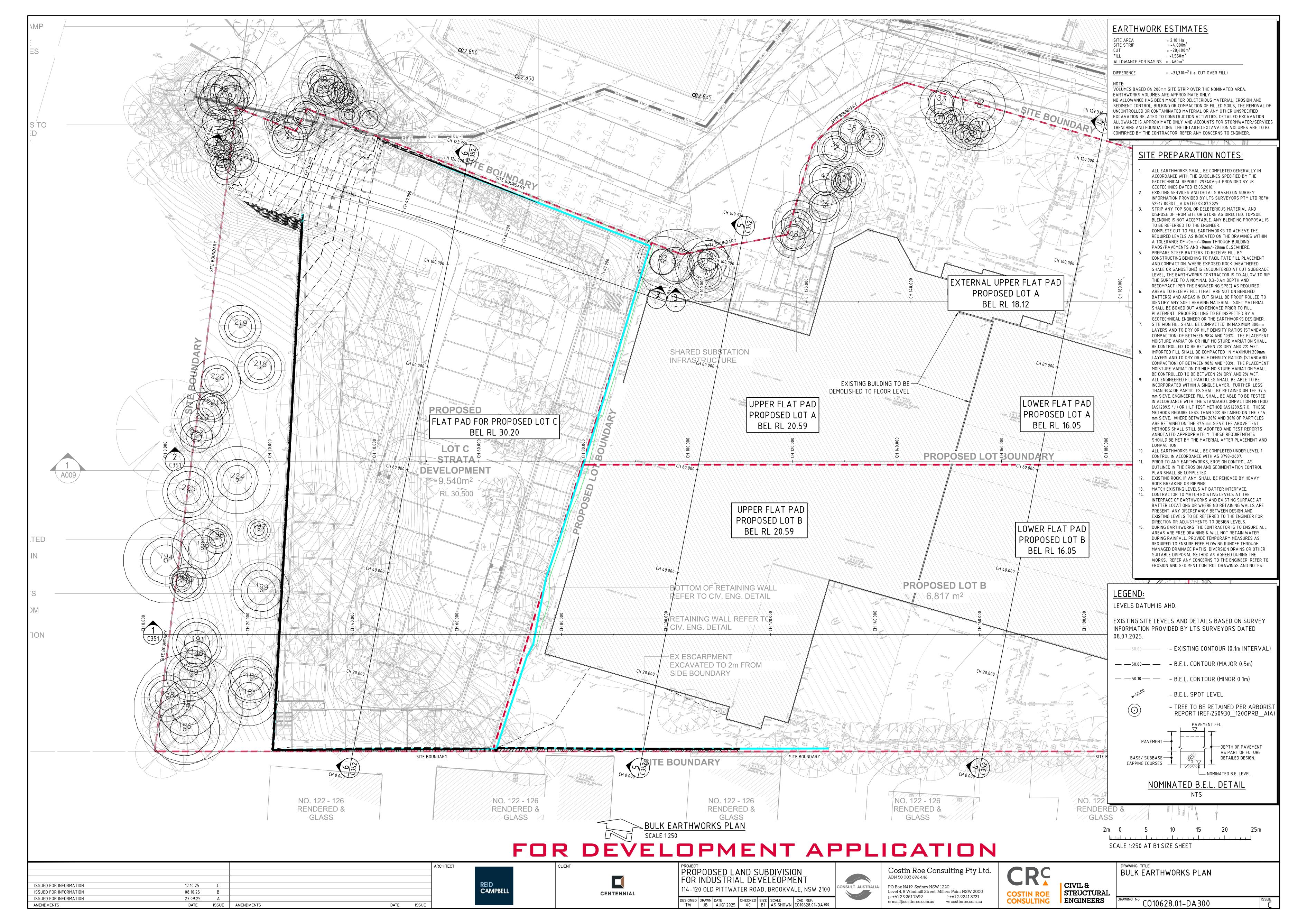
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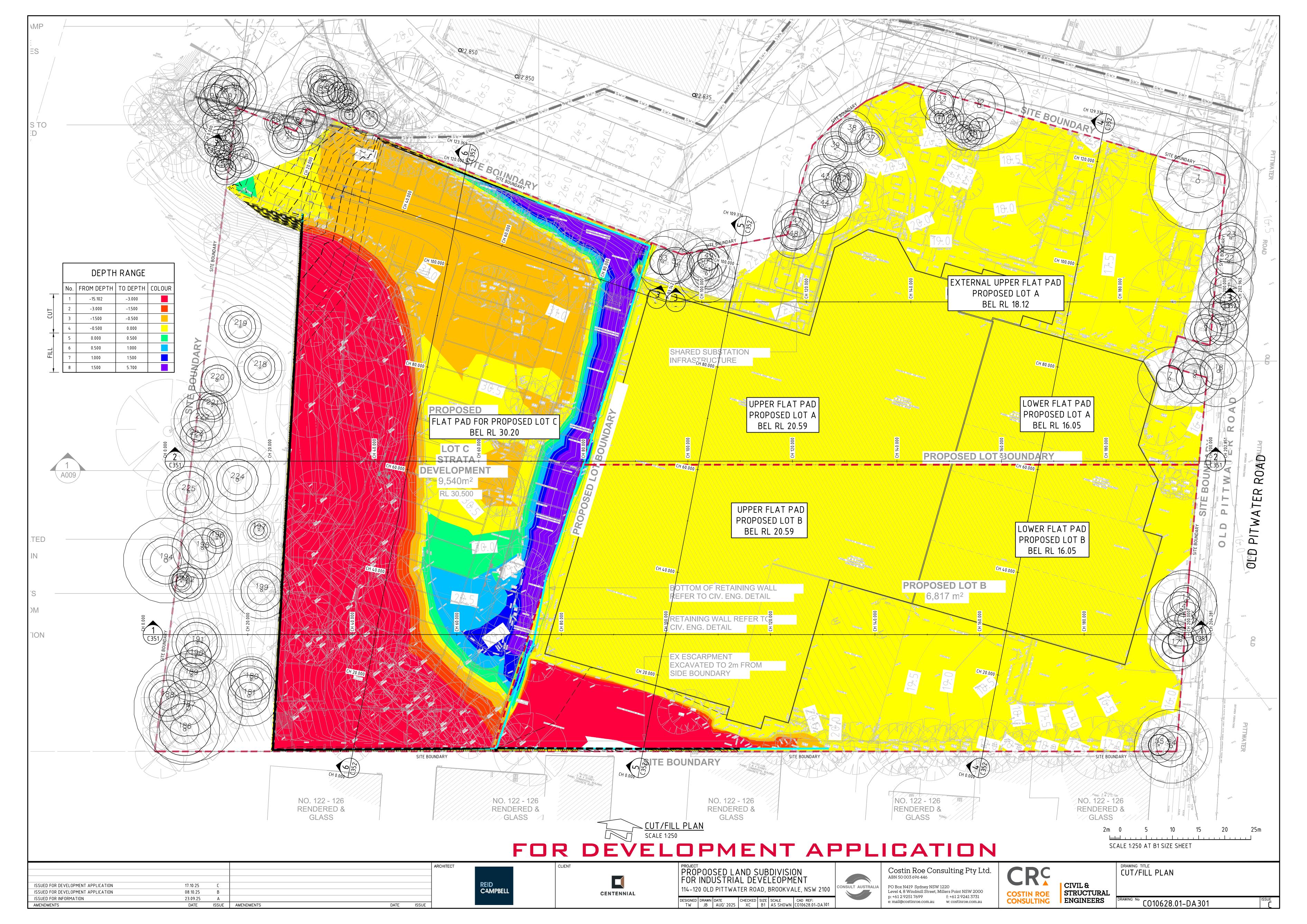
CIVIL &
STRUCTURAL
ENGINEERS

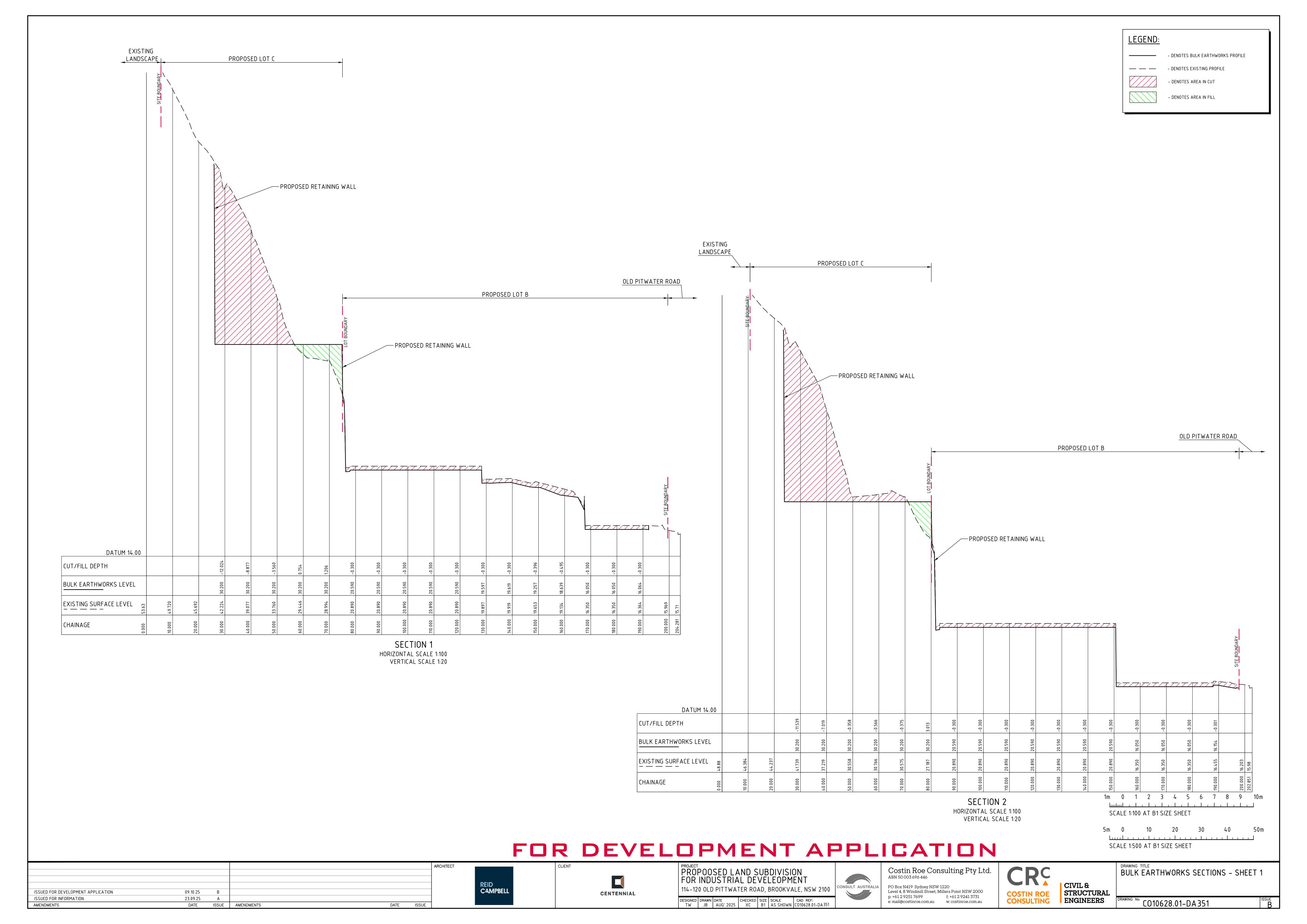
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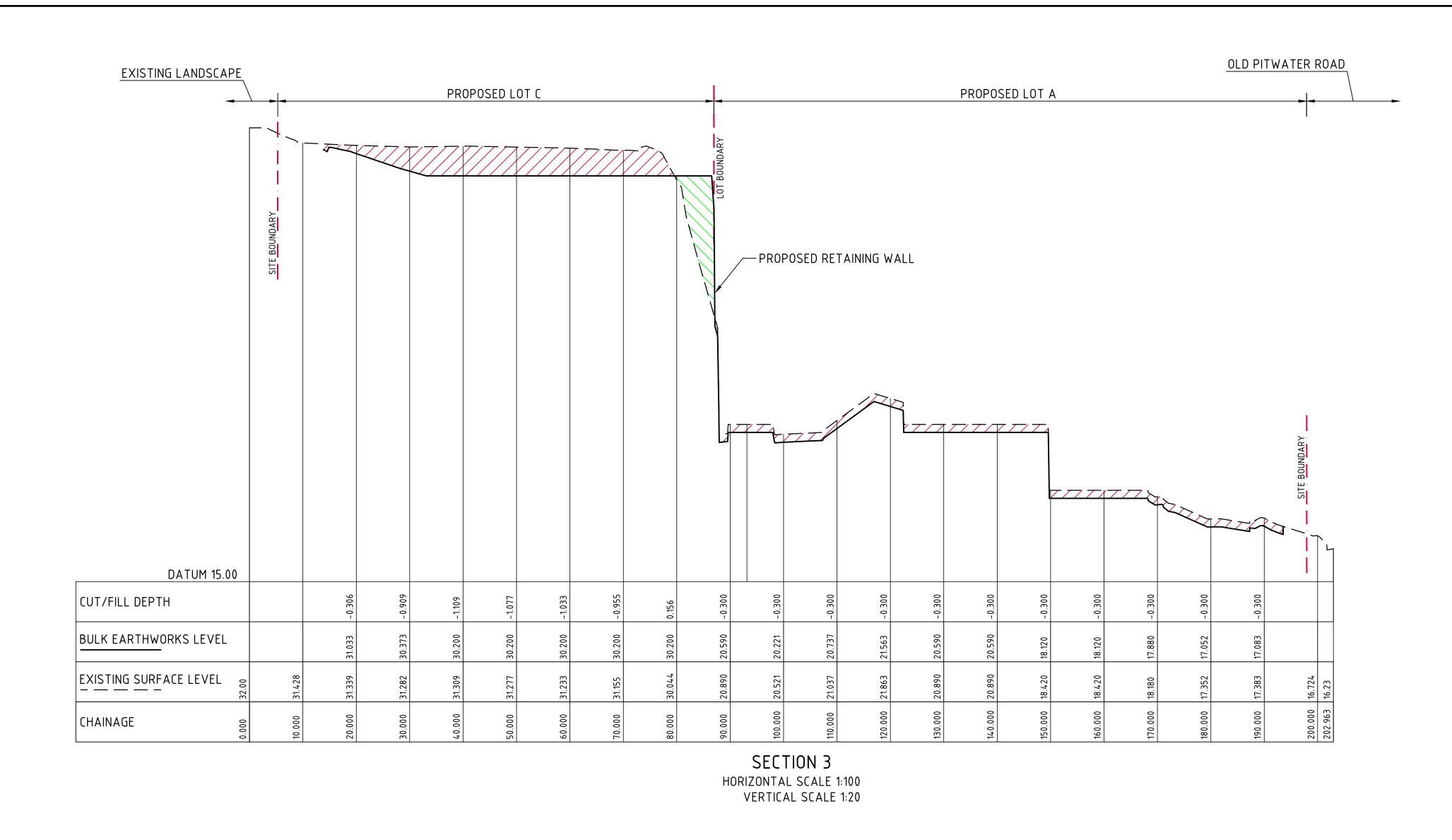
SCALE 1:20 AT B1 SIZE SHEET

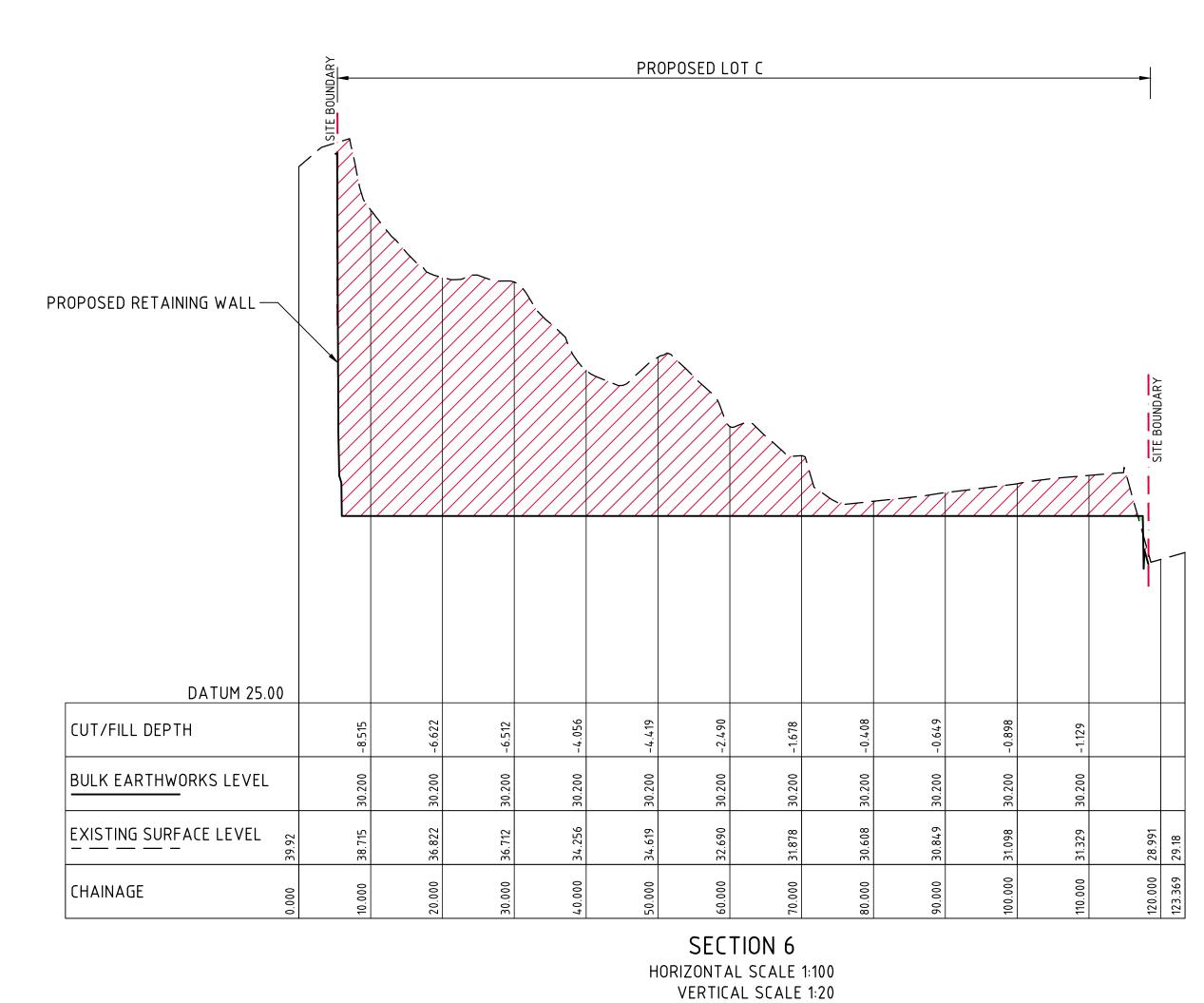
CO10628.01-DA 252

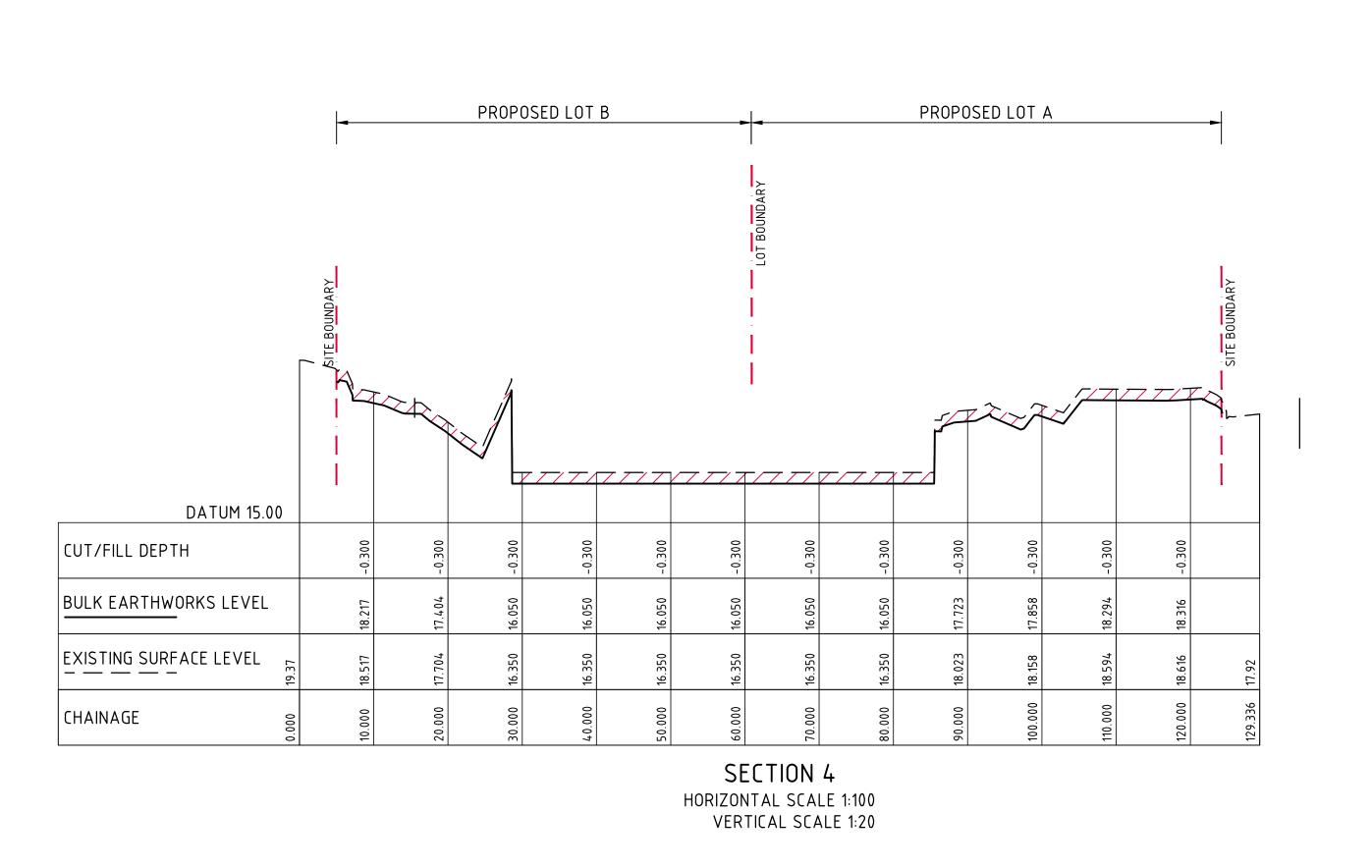


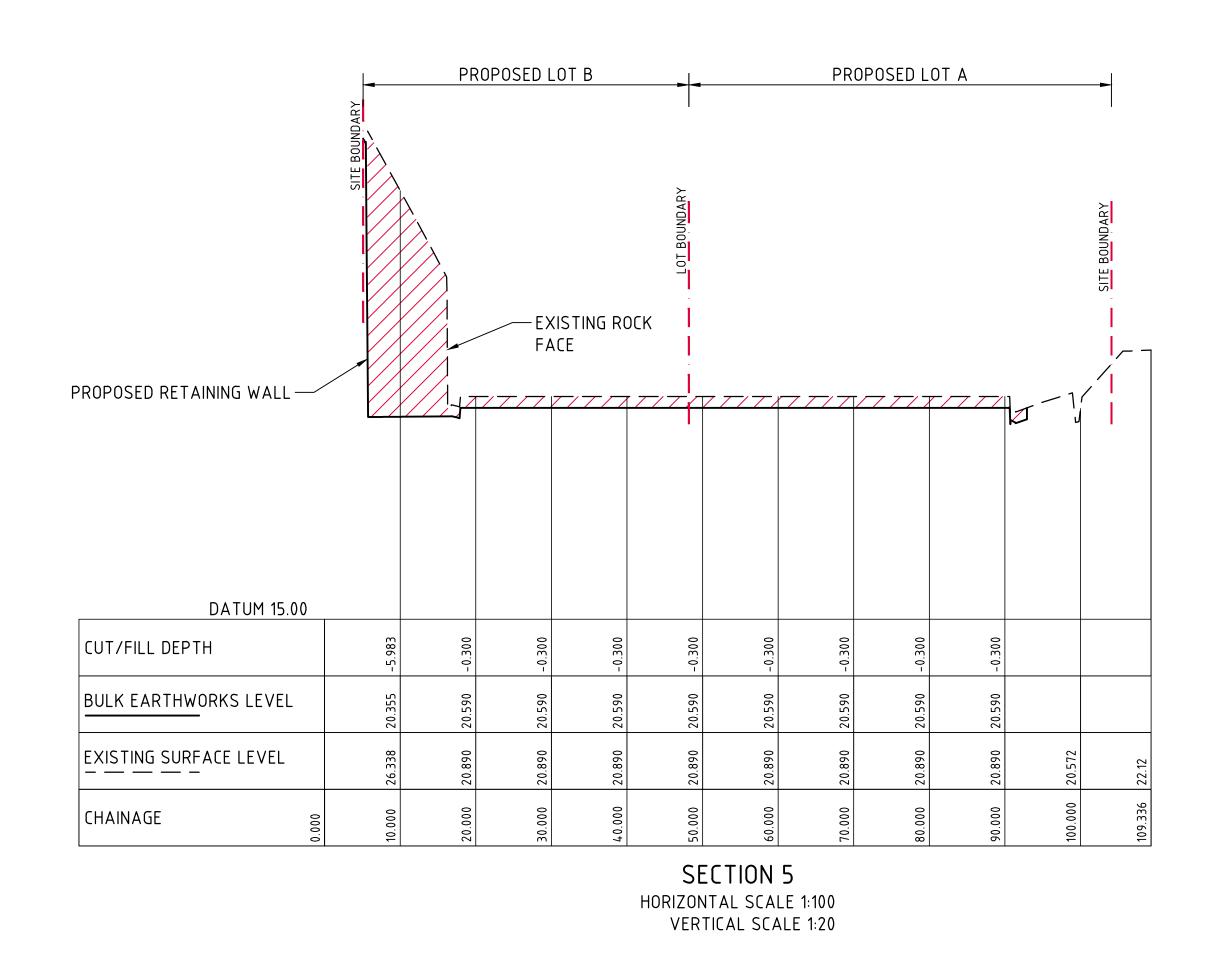












LEGEND: - DENOTES BULK EARTHWORKS PROFILE - DENOTES EXISTING PROFILE - DENOTES AREA IN CUT - DENOTES AREA IN FILL

ISSUED FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

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AMENDMENTS

09.10.25 23.09.25

DATE ISSUE AMENDMENTS

FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

DATE ISSUE

REID CAMPBELL



PROPOOSED LAND SUBDIVISION FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELEOPMENT 114-120 OLD PITTWATER ROAD, BROOKVALE, NSW 2100 DESIGNED DRAWN DATE CHECKED SIZE SCALE CAD REF:
TW JB AUG' 2025 XC B1 AS SHOWN C010628.01-DA352



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DRAWING TITLE
BULK EARTHWORKS SECTIONS - SHEET 2 CIVIL &
STRUCTURAL
ENGINEERS

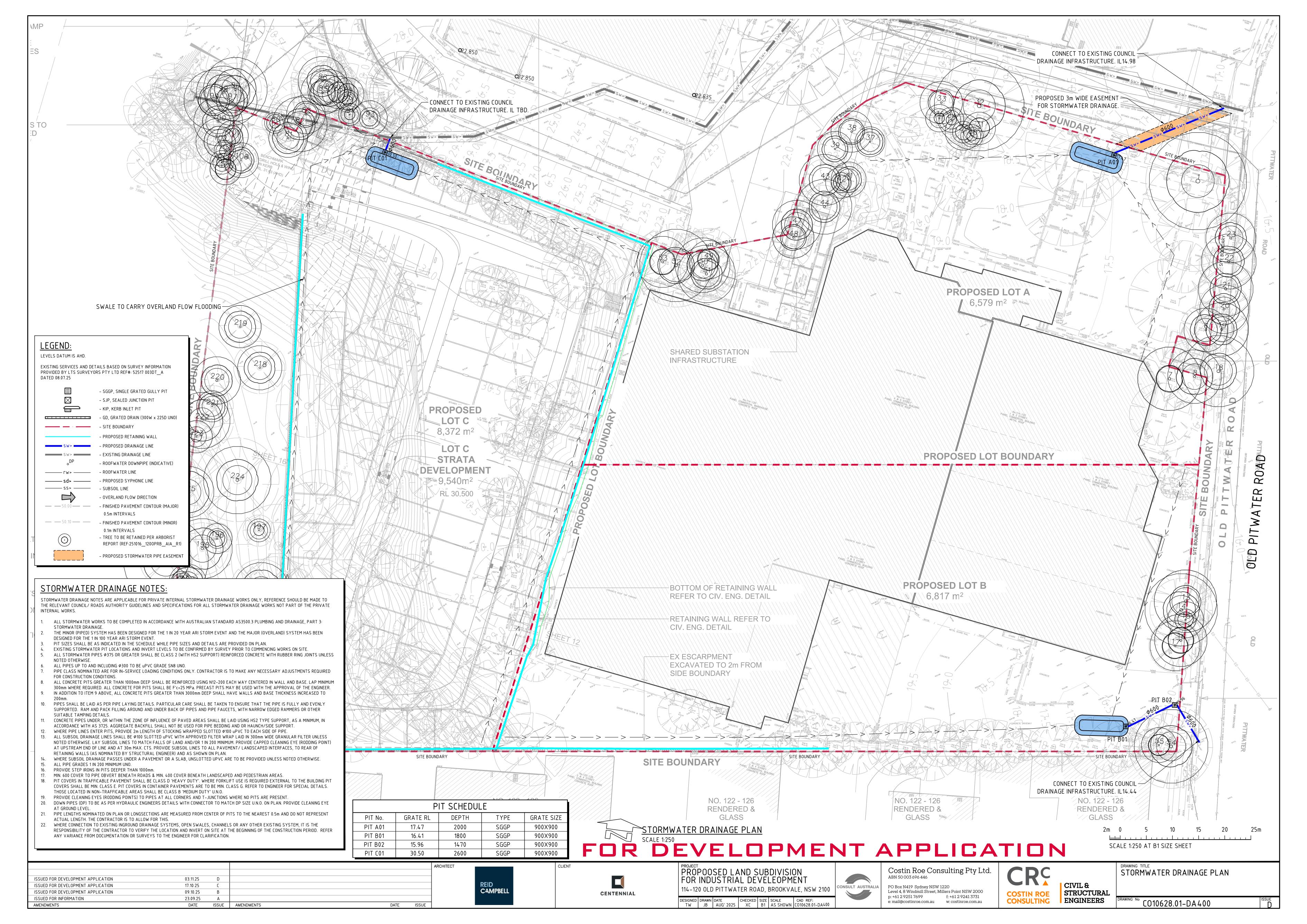
SCALE 1:500 AT B1 SIZE SHEET

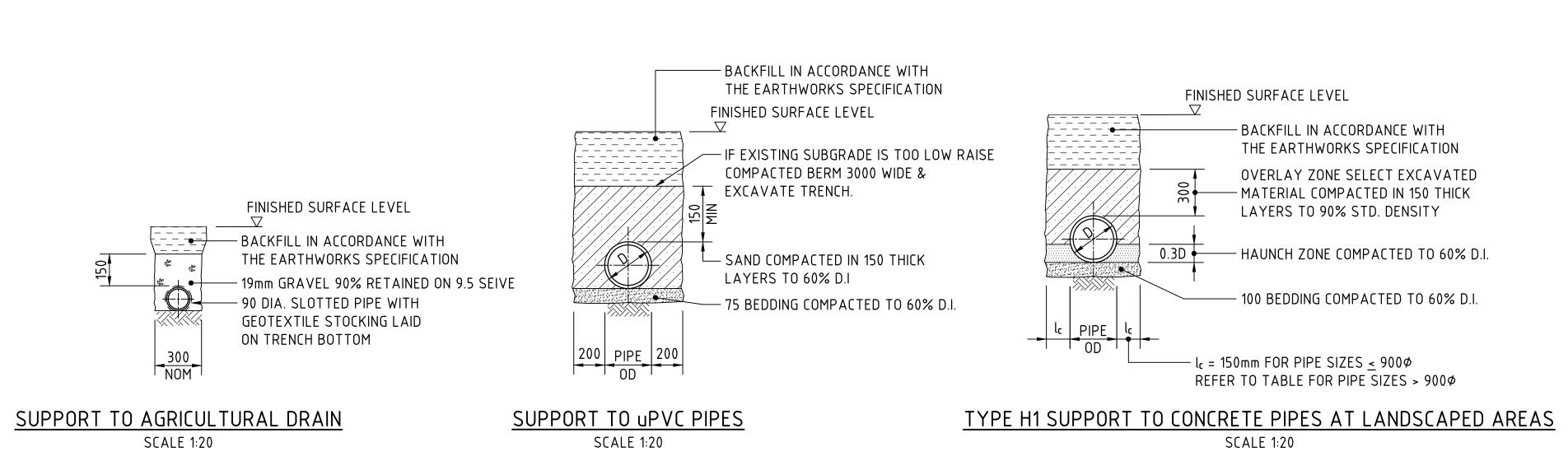
SCALE 1:100 AT B1 SIZE SHEET

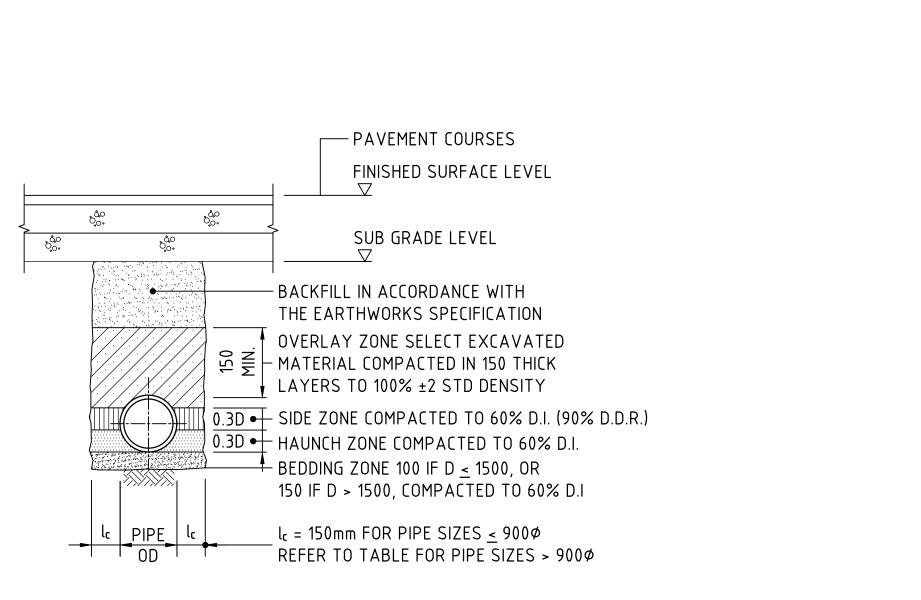
CO10628.01-DA352

1m 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10m

5m 0 10 20 30 40 50m









SCALE 1:20 D < 1350, MAX FILL = 4.0m D > 1350, MAX FILL = 3.0m

BEDDING & HAUNCH MATERIAL GRADING WEIGHT PASSING (%) SIEVE SIZE (mm) 19.0 100 2.36 100 TO 50 0.60 90 TO 50 0.30 60 TO 10

25 TO 0

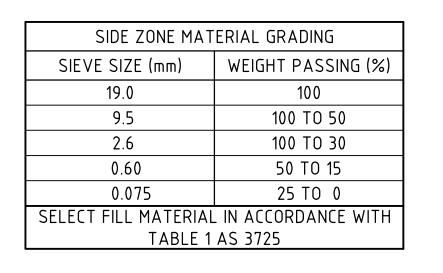
10 TO 0

0.15

AMENDMENTS

0.075

SIDE ZONE WIDTH		
PIPE SIZE (mm)	l _C (mm)	
<u><</u> 900∅	150	
1050¢	175	
1200 <i>¢</i>	200	
1350¢	225	
1500 <i>¢</i>	250	
1650 <i>ø</i>	275	
1800⊄	300	
ENGINEER TO SPECIFY TRENCH		
WIDTHS FOR PIPE SIZES		
GREATER T	THAN 1800⊅	



TYPE HS3 SUPPORT TO CONCRETE PIPES UNDER PAVEMENT

SCALE 1:20

D < 1050, MAX FILL = 6.0m

D > 1050, MAX FILL = 4.8m

— PAVEMENT COURSES

SUB GRADE LEVEL

- BACKFILL IN ACCORDANCE WITH

戶 MATERIAL COMPACTED IN 150 THICK

0.3D • HAUNCH ZONE COMPACTED TO 70% D.I.

THE EARTHWORKS SPECIFICATION

LAYERS TO 100% ±2 STD DENSITY

- BEDDING ZONE 100 IF D \leq 1500, OR

- $l_c = 150$ mm FOR PIPE SIZES < 900ϕ

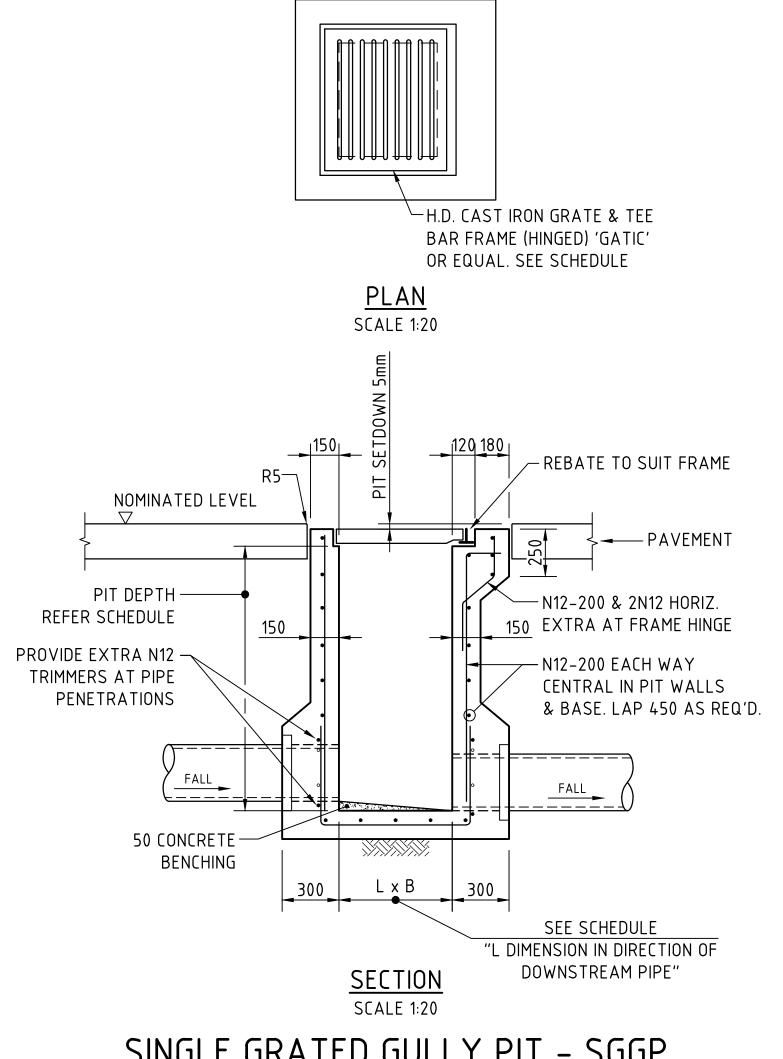
OVERLAY ZONE SELECT EXCAVATED

0.3D • SIDE ZONE COMPACTED TO 70% D.I. (95% D.D.R.)

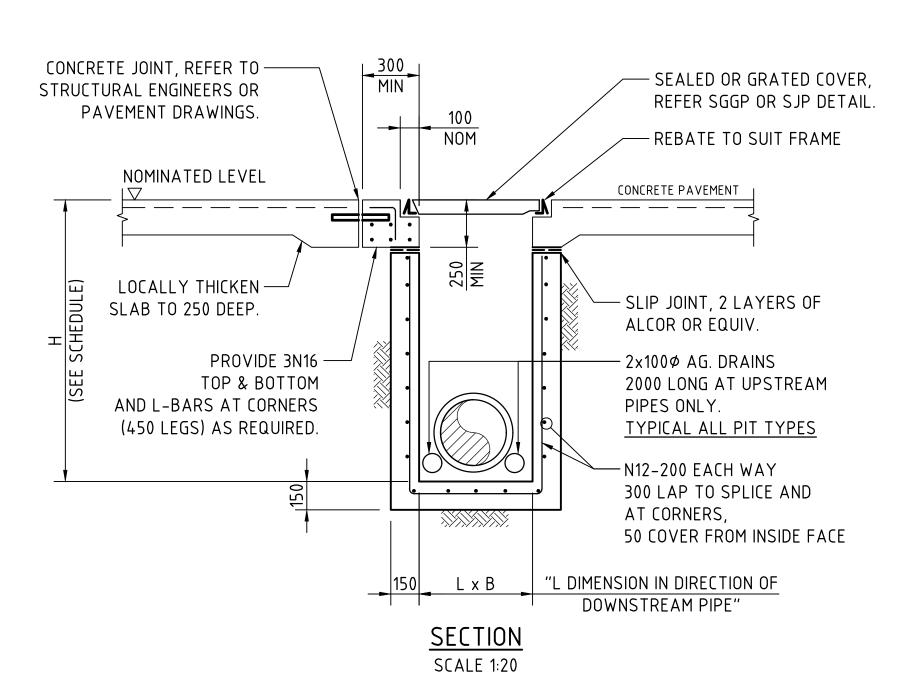
150 IF D > 1500, COMPACTED TO 70% D.I

REFER TO TABLE FOR PIPE SIZES > 900¢

FINISHED SURFACE LEVEL

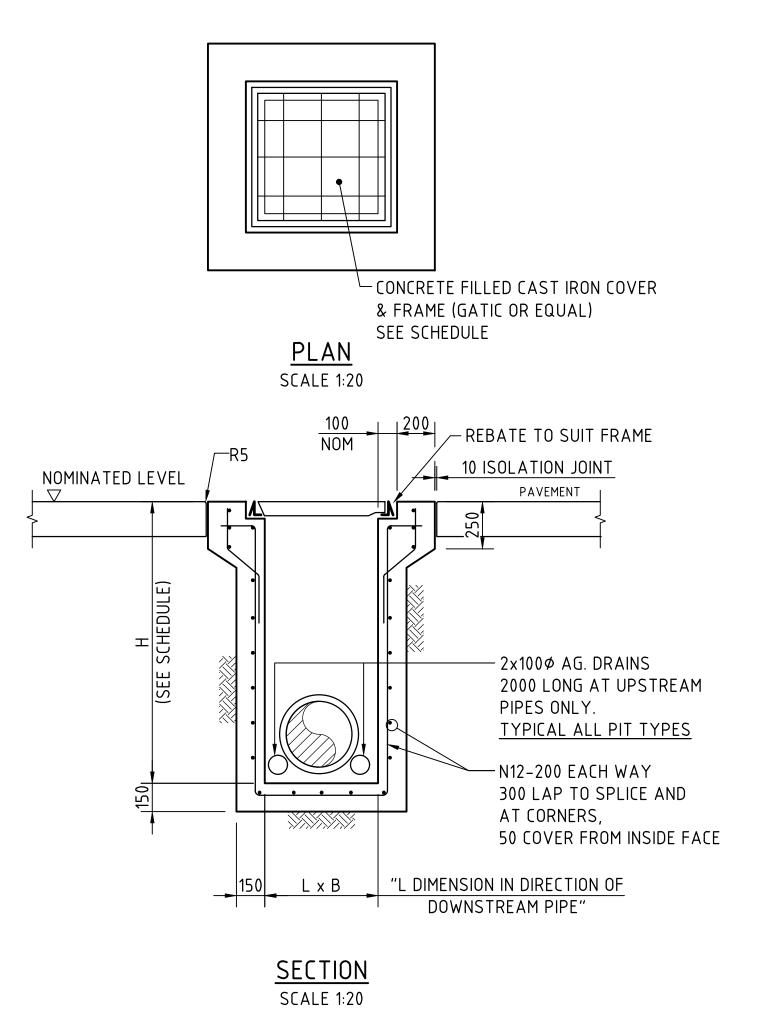


SINGLE GRATED GULLY PIT - SGGP

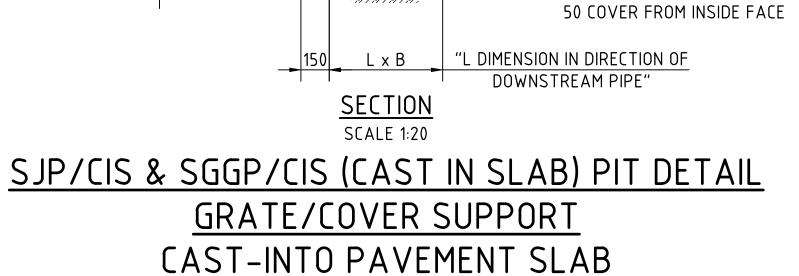


SJP/CIS & SGGP/CIS (CAST IN SLAB) PIT DETAIL GRATE/COVER SUPPORT CAST-INTO PAVEMENT SLAB

(ADOPT IN CONCRETE PAVEMENT FOR SGGP's & SJP's, WHERE PITS ARE LOCATED IN THE CORNER OF SLAB PANELS OR ADJACENT TO SLAB PANEL JOINTS)



SEALED JUNCTION PIT - SJP



(ADOPT IN CONCRETE PAVEMENTS FOR SGGP's & SJP's, WHERE

JOINTS ARE NOT LOCATED WITHIN PROXIMITY OF THE GRATE)

ENGINEERS

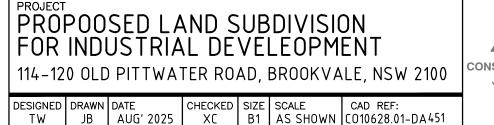


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NOMINATED LEVEL

STORMWATER DRAINAGE DETAILS STRUCTURAL

SCALE 1:20 AT B1 SIZE SHEET

CO10628.01-DA 451

SEALED OR GRATED COVER,

REFER SGGP OR SJP DETAIL

— SLIP JOINT, 2 LAYERS OF

2000 LONG AT UPSTREAM

TYPICAL ALL PIT TYPES

300 LAP TO SPLICE AND

ALCOR OR EQUIV.

PIPES ONLY.

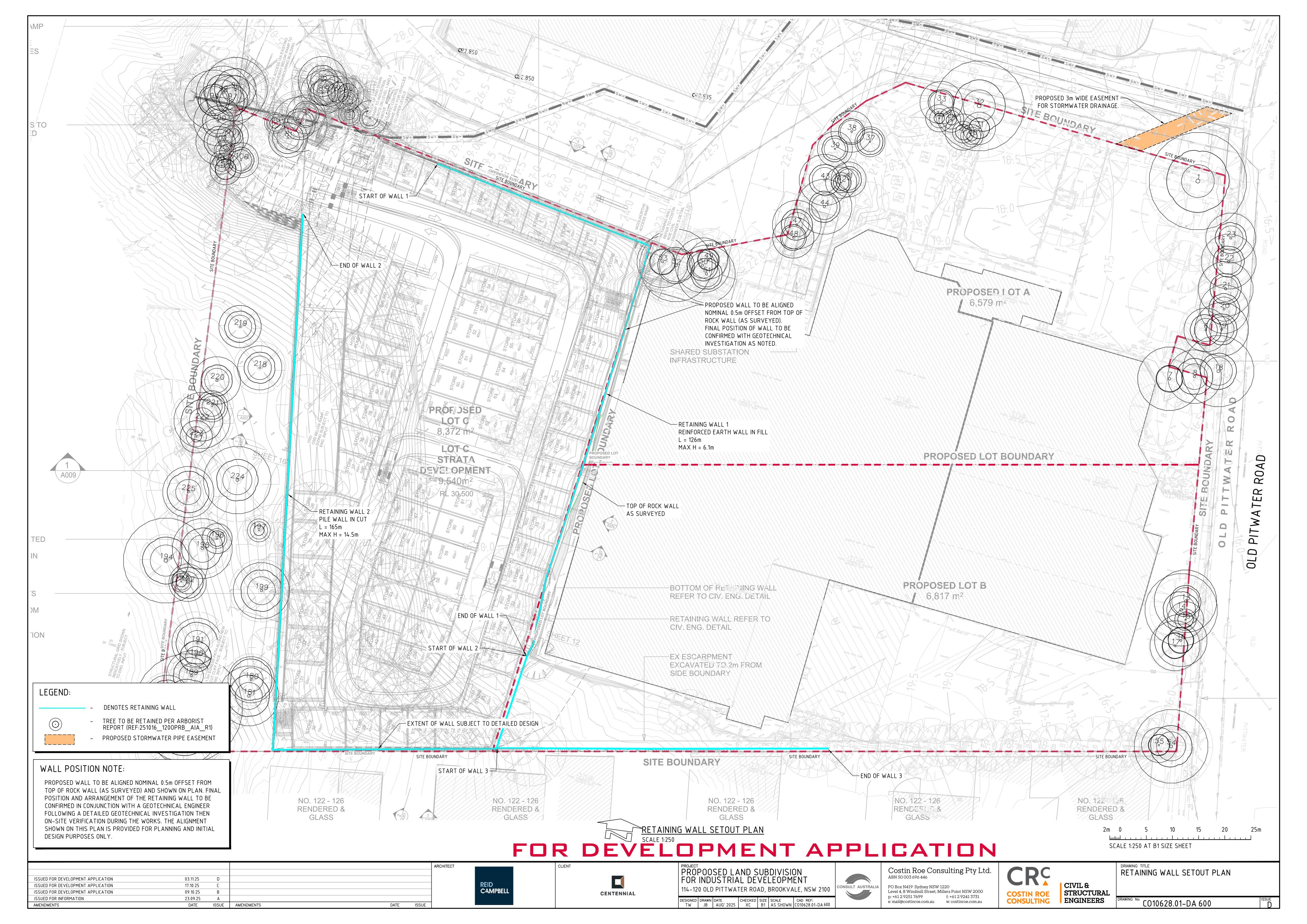
AT CORNERS,

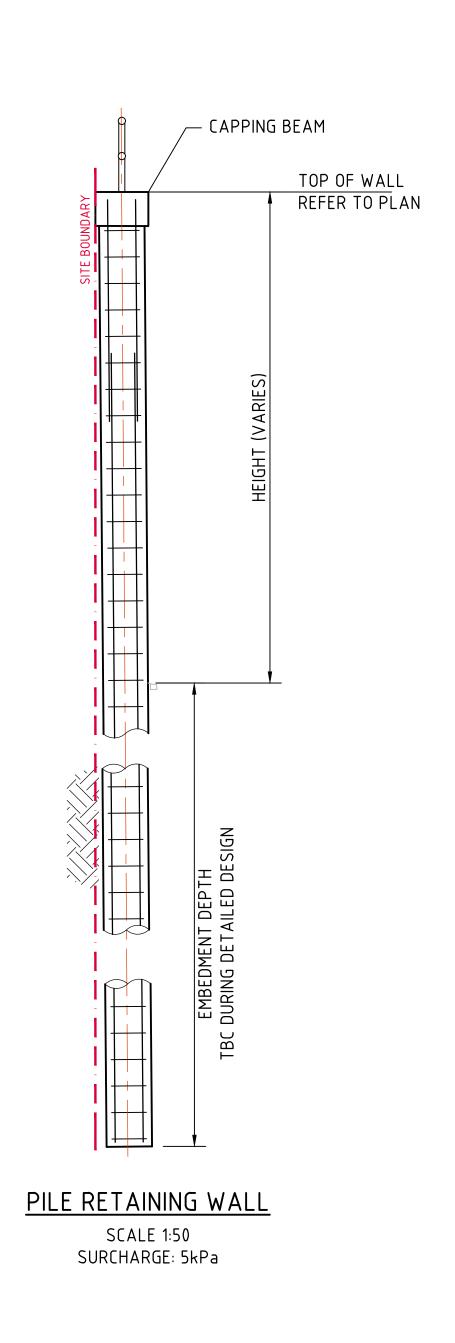
– 2x100¢ AG. DRAINS

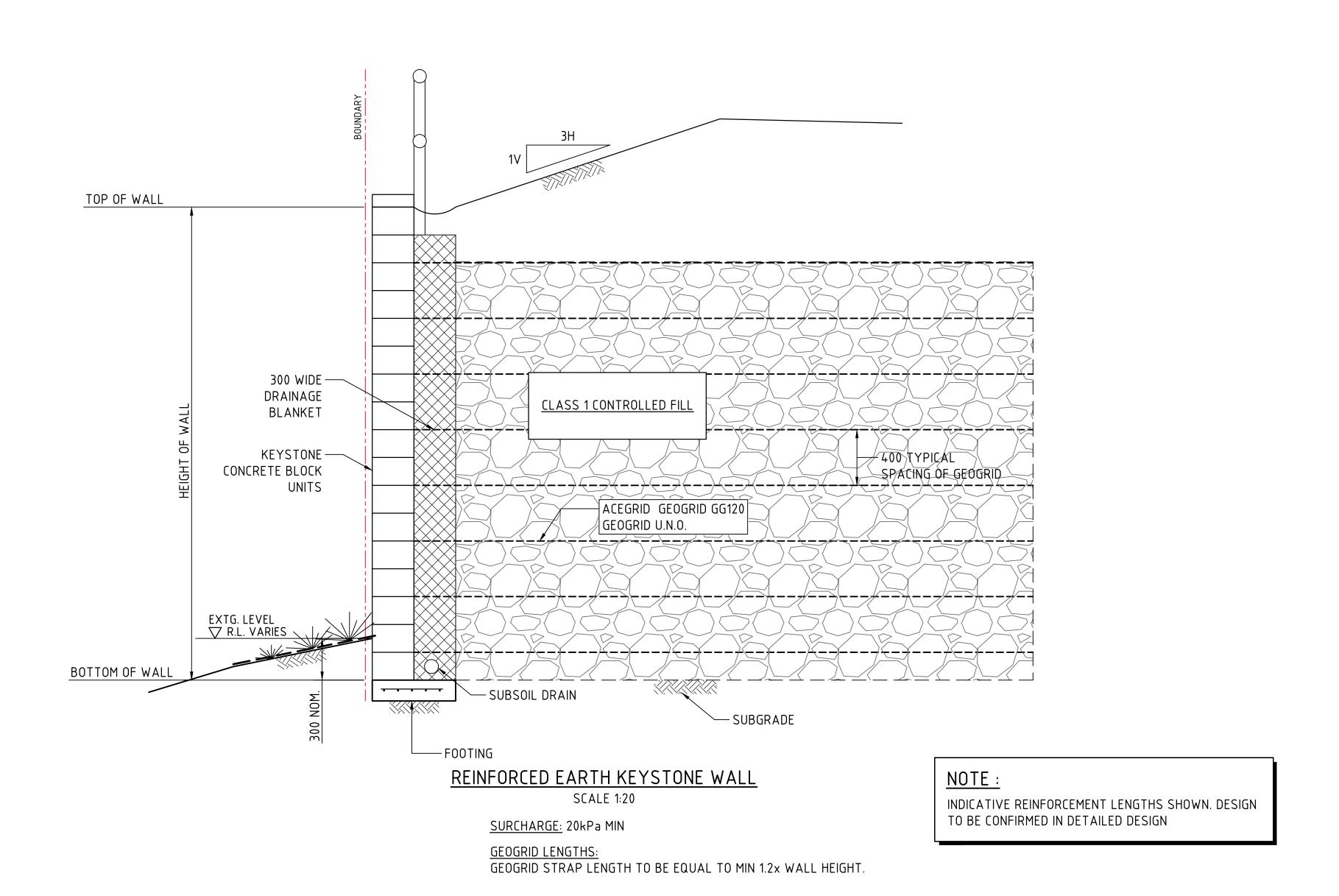
-N12-200 BOTH WAY

REBATE TO SUIT FRAME

CONCRETE PAVEMENT



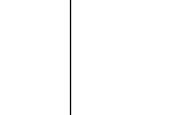






09.10.25 B
23.09.25 A
DATE ISSUE AMENDMENTS ISSUED FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION ISSUED FOR INFORMATION AMENDMENTS DATE ISSUE

REID CAMPBELL



CENTENNIAL

PROPOSED LAND SUBDIVISION FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELEOPMENT 114-120 OLD PITTWATER ROAD, BROOKVALE, NSW 2100 DESIGNED DRAWN DATE CHECKED SIZE SCALE CAD REF:
TW JB AUG' 2025 XC B1 AS SHOWN C010628.01-DA 651



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RETAINING WALL DETAILS CIVIL &
STRUCTURAL
ENGINEERS

SCALE 1:50 AT B1 SIZE SHEET

SCALE 1:20 AT B1 SIZE SHEET

CO10628.01-DA651



APPENDIX B EROSION CONTROL CHECKLIST



.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL WEEKLY SITE INSPECTION SHEET

SIGNATU Legend:	OK Not OK N/A Not applicable	
ltem	Consideration	Assessment
1	Public roadways clear of sediment.	
2	Entry/exit pads clear of excessive sediment deposition.	
3	Entry/exit pads have adequate void spacing to trap sediment.	
4	The construction site is clear of litter and unconfined rubbish.	
5	Adequate stockpiles of emergency ESC materials exist on site.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
6	Site dust is being adequately controlled.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
7	Appropriate drainage and sediment controls have been installed	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
8	prior to new areas being cleared or disturbed. Up-slope "clean" water is being appropriately diverted around/through the site.	•••••
9	Drainage lines are free of soil scour and sediment deposition.	
10	No areas of exposed soil are in need of erosion control.	
11	Earth batters are free of "rill" erosion.	
12	Erosion control mulch is not being displaced by wind or water.	
13	Long-term soil stockpiles are protected from wind, rain and stormwater flow with appropriate drainage and erosion controls.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
14	Sediment fences are free from damage.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
15	Sediment-laden stormwater is not simply flowing "around" the sediment fences or other sediment traps.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
16	Sediment controls placed up-slope/around stormwater inlets are appropriate for the type of inlet structure.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
17	All sediment traps are free of excessive sediment deposition.	
18	The settled sediment layer within a sediment basin is clearly visible through the supernatant prior to discharge such water.	
19	All reasonable and practicable measures are being taken to control sediment runoff from the site.	
20	All soil surfaces are being appropriately prepared (i.e. pH, nutrients, roughness and density) prior to revegetation.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
21	Stabilised surfaces have a minimum 70% soil coverage.	

The site is adequately prepared for imminent storms.

All ESC measures are in proper working order.

22

23

