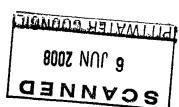
### Application for a construction certificate

John J Briggs Associates P/L PO Box 800 Brookvale NSW 2100 Phone (02) 9907 1018 Fax (02) 9907 1344 Jbassoc@bigpond com

If you want to carry out some building work or subdivision work (such as building roads or a stormwater drainage system) you need a construction certificate before you can start work. You can use this form to apply for a construction certificate. To complete the form please place a cross in the boxes and fill out the white sections as appropriate. To minimise delay in receiving a decision about your application please ensure you submit all relevant information. You need to apply to a certifying authority (either your council or a private certifier)

	Details of the ap	policant				
	Mr Ms Ms Mrs	□ Dr □	Other	Mr		
	First name		Family nam	е	<del></del>	
	P		Princi			
	Flat/street no	Street nan	ne			
	PO	Box 61	5	<u> </u>		
	Suburb or town	***************************************	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		State	Postcode
	Frenchs Fores	<u>st</u>		-2	NSW	1640
	Daytime telephone	1	Fax	~ ~	Mobile	The street and annual a
			! !			
	Email			rans and a second control of the second cont		
		<u>W-W-W-W-W-W-W-W-W-W-W-</u>		<u></u>		
2.	Identify the land					The state of the s
	Flat/street no	Street nan			nngayanga manasasar era adamananar melih na mahmahada melissi	nds and anticherofologoments assumentations and a single search
	Flat/street no	,	<sup>ne</sup> rs Creek	Road		
	Suburb or town	,		Road		Postcode
	15	,		Road		Postcode 2105
	Suburb or town	,		Road		
	Suburb or town Church Point Lot no	McCar				
	Suburb or town Church Point	McCar		Road  Volume/	folio	
	Suburb or town Church Point Lot no DP/MPS no	McCar Section	rs Creek	Volume/		2105
	Suburb or town Church Point Lot no DP/MPS no You can find the lot no title documents for the	Section  Section	rs Creek	Volume/i	details on a map of	2105
	Suburb or town Church Point Lot no DP/MPS no You can find the lot no	Section  Section	rs Creek	Volume/i	details on a map of	2105
	Suburb or town Church Point Lot no DP/MPS no You can find the lot no title documents for the	Section  Section	rs Creek	Volume/i	details on a map of	2105



3. Estimated cost	of the development	The second secon
\$ 440,000 0	00 Including GST	

What type of work do you propose to carry out?

Building work ☒

Subdivision work ☐

Describe the work

Alterations & additions to the existing dwelling and garage and a new spa

For building work what is the class of the building under the Building Code of Australia?

1a, 10a & 10b

This can be found on the development consent

Has development consent been granted for the development?

No ☐

Yes ☒➤ What is the development application no?

NO363/06

What date was development consent granted?

6906

#### 5. Information to be attached to the application

You need to provide material with your application that is relevant to the type of work you propose to do. Please indicate the material you have attached by placing a cross in the appropriate boxes  $\square$ 

1 If you are going to carry out building work

a copy of any compliance certificates on which you rely

detailed plans of the building (4 copies)

The plans must be drawn to a suitable scale and consist of a general plan and a block plan. The general plan of the building is to

- · show a plan of each floor section
- · show each elevation of the building
- show the level of the lowest floor the level of any yard or unbuilt area on that floor and the level of the ground
- indicate the fire safety and fire resistance measures (if any) and their height design and construction

Where you propose to alter add to or rebuild a building that is already on the land or modify plans that have already been approved please mark the general plan (by colour or otherwise) to show the change you propose to make

detailed specifications of the building (4 copies)

The specifications are to

- describe the construction (including the standards that will be met) the materials
  which will be used to construct the building and the methods of drainage sewerage
  and water supply
- state whether the materials proposed to be used are new or second hand and give details of any second-hand materials to be used

Where you propose to modify specifications that have already been approved please mark the approved specifications (by colour or otherwise) to show the modification

a plan of the existing building drawn to scale where the application involves building work to alter enlarge or extend that building

This plan will assist the certifying authority to assess whether the work will reduce the fire protection capacity of the building

0. 60		Company of the compan
		where you propose to meet the performance requirements of the Building Code of Australia (BCA) by using an alternative solution to the deemed-to-satisfy provisions of the BCA
		<ul> <li>a list of the performance requirements you will meet by using the alternative solution</li> <li>the details of the assessment methods you will use to meet those performance requirements</li> </ul>
		a copy of any compliance certificates on which you rely
		evidence of any accredited component process or design on which you seek to rely
		Components processes or designs that relate to the erection or demolition of a building are accredited under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000
		details of the fire safety measures unless you are building a single dwelling or a non- habitable building or structure (such as a private garage carport shed fence antenna wall or swimming pool) These details are to include
		a list of any fire safety measures you propose to include in the building or on the land
		<ul> <li>If you propose to alter add to or rebuild a building that is already on the land a list of the fire safety measures that are currently used in the building or on the land</li> </ul>
		The lists must describe the extent, capability and the basis of design of each measure
		the attached schedule completed for the development
		The information in the schedule will be used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics to report each quarter on the building activity that occurs in the economy Building statistics allow governments and businesses to accurately identify main areas of population growth and demand for products and services
		You may also need to pay a long service levy under section 34 of the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986 (or where such a levy is payable by instalments, the first instalment of the levy) before the certifying authority can issue a certificate to you
2	lf yo drair	u are going to carry out work to do a subdivision (eg building roads or a stormwater nage system)
		the details of the existing and proposed subdivision pattern (including the number of lots and the location of roads)
		the details of the consultation you have carried out with the public authorities who provide or will increase the services you will need (like water road electricity sewerage)
		the existing ground levels and the proposed ground levels when the subdivision is completed
		copies of any compliance certificates on which you rely
		detailed engineering plans (4 copies) The detailed plans might include the following
		• earthworks
		• roadworks
		road pavement
		road furnishings
		stormwater drainage
		water supply works
		sewerage works
		landscaping works
		erosion control works
		Where you propose to modify plans that have already been approved please mark the approved plans (by colour or otherwise) to show the modification

, con	anned ***						
3	Building Code of Australia and you are do as a single dwelling or a non habitable bu shed, fence, antenna, wall or swimming to						
	a list of any fire safety measures you propose to include in the building or on the land						
	fire safety measures that are curren	ouild a building that is already on the land, a list of the titly used in the building or on the land					
	the Building Code of Australia	amply with the Category One fire safety provisions of					
	The lists of fire safety measures must de each measure	scribe the extent, capability and the basis of design of					
. Sig	natüres						
•	applicant to lodge a construction certificate the owner of the land has changed since the	ent application, the owner did not give consent to the , or ne owner signed the development application					
As th	ne owner(s) of the above property aliwe con	sent to this application					
Sign	ature	Signature					
111	Pagwetch						
Nam	• •	Name					
1	MARGARET CHV	GARY LIGHTTOOT					
Date	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Date					
2	9 May 08	29 MAY 08					
The	applicant, or the applicant's agent, mus	t sign the application					
Sign	nature	1					
		1					
<u> </u>	- Sucure not the	in what capacity are you signing if you are not the applicant?					
Nan	ne if you are not the applicant	(List Shares K.					
Date	e						
2	10-pooB						
	vacy policy						
Files ad i	PACT NO SECURITION OF THE PARTY	中国的联系,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,19					

The information you provide in this application will chable your application to be assessed by the certifying authority. If the information is not provided, your application may not be accepted. Please contact the council if the information you have provided in your application is incorrect or changes.

#### Schedule to application for a construction certificate

Please complete this schedule The information will be sent to the Australian Bureau of Statistics

#### All new buildings

Please complete the following

- Number of storeys (including underground floors)
- Gross floor area of new building (m²)
- Gross site area (m²)

N/19	- M	velley	-1
alte	ratan	lado	E A CON C
		7	
garac	12 + Ne	er spe	<u>_</u> }

#### Residential buildings only

Please complete the following details on residential structures

- Number of dwellings to be constructed
- Number of pre-existing dwellings on site
- Number of dwellings to be demolished
- Will the new dwelling(s) be attached to other new buildings?
- Will the new building(s) be attached to existing buildings?
- Does the site contain a dual occupancy?
   (NB dual occupancy = two dwellings on the same site)

~~~~~	***************************************		·	 	
			<u> </u>	 	
,				 	~~~,
					- 1
			_		- 1
		•			- 1
·					
					- 1
					- 1
			-		- 1
Yes		Na			

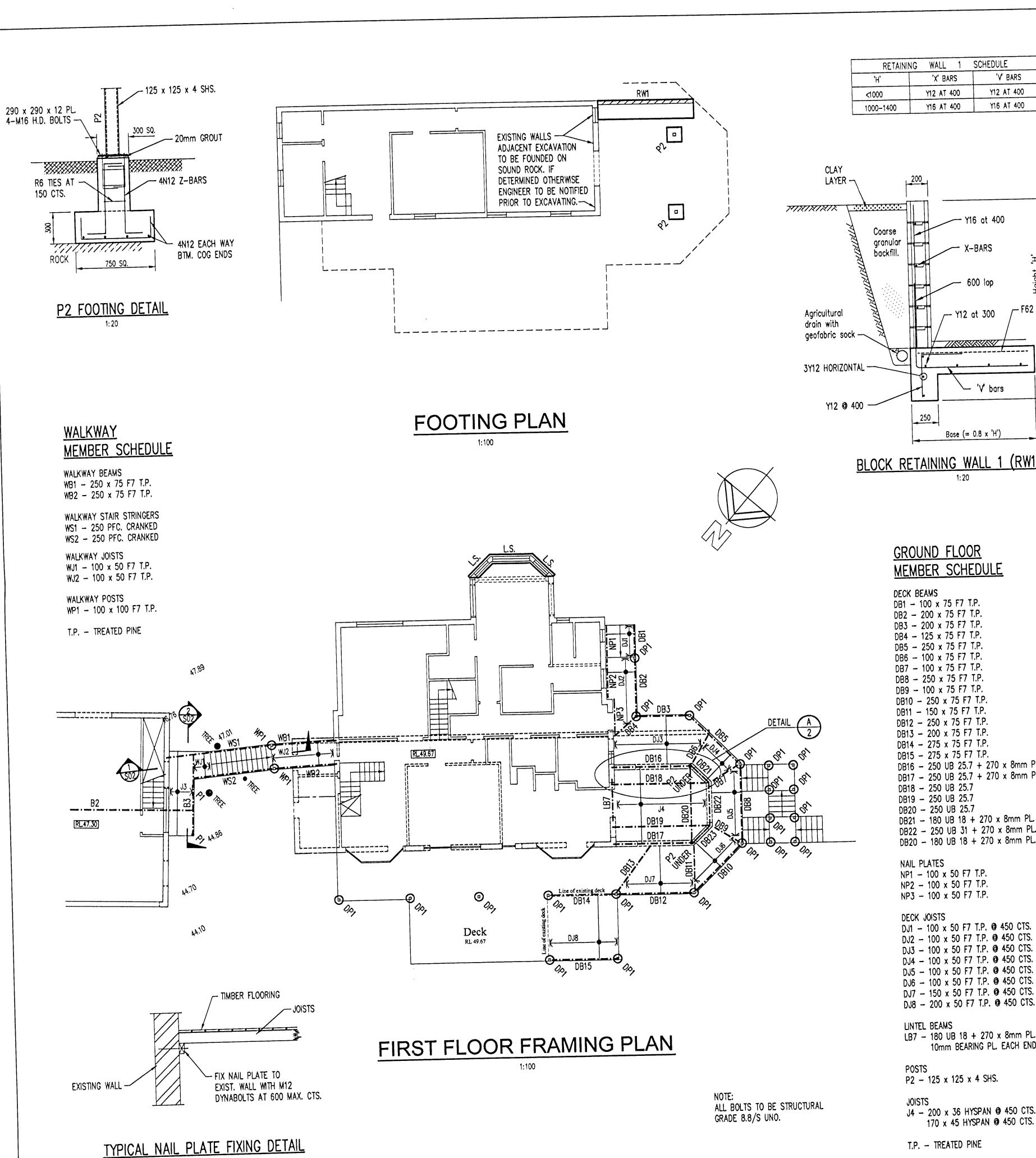
Yes No C

Yes No 🗌

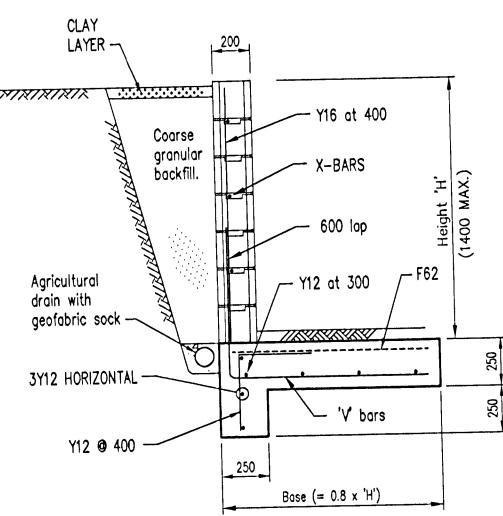
#### Materials - residential buildings

Please indicate the materials to be used in the construction of the new building(s)

Walls	(	Code	Roof	(	Code	Floor	Manage 1 1 1 1 1	ode	Frame	C	ode
Brick (double)		11	Tiles		10	Concrete or slate		20	Tımber		40
Brick (veneer)		12	Concrete or slate		20	Tımber		40	Steel		60
Concrete or stone		20	Fibre cement		30	Other		80	Aluminium		70
Fibre cement		30	Steel		60	Not specified		90	Other		80
Timber		40	Aluminium		70				Not specified		90
Curtain glass		50	Other		80				•		
Steel		60	Not specified		90						
Aluminium		70			1						
Other		80			***************************************						
Not specified		90									



RETAINING WALL 1 SCHEDULE '√ BARS 'X' BARS Y12 AT 400 Y12 AT 400 Y16 AT 400 Y16 AT 400



BLOCK RETAINING WALL 1 (RW1) DETAIL

#### GROUND FLOOR MEMBER SCHEDULE

DECK BEAMS DB1 - 100 x 75 F7 T.P. DB2 - 200 x 75 F7 T.P. DB3 - 200 x 75 F7 T.P. DB4 - 125 x 75 F7 T.P. DB5 - 250 x 75 F7 T.P. DB6 - 100 x 75 F7 T.P. DB7 - 100 x 75 F7 T.P. DB8 - 250 x 75 F7 T.P. DB9 - 100 x 75 F7 T.P. DB10 - 250 x 75 F7 T.P. DB11 - 150 x 75 F7 T.P. DB12 - 250 x 75 F7 T.P. DB13 - 200 x 75 F7 T.P. DB14 - 275 x 75 F7 T.P. DB15 - 275 x 75 F7 T.P. DB16 - 250 UB 25.7 + 270 x 8mm PL. DB17 - 250 UB 25.7 + 270 x 8mm PL. DB18 - 250 UB 25.7 DB19 - 250 UB 25.7 DB20 - 250 UB 25.7 DB21 - 180 UB 18 + 270 x 8mm PL DB22 - 250 UB 31 + 270 x 8mm PL. DB20 - 180 UB 18 + 270 x 8mm PL NAIL PLATES NP1 - 100 x 50 F7 T.P.

 $NP2 - 100 \times 50 F7 T.P.$ NP3 - 100 x 50 F7 T.P.

DECK JOISTS DJ1 - 100 x 50 F7 T.P. @ 450 CTS. DJ2 - 100 x 50 F7 T.P. @ 450 CTS. DJ3 - 100 x 50 F7 T.P. 450 CTS. DJ4 - 100 x 50 F7 T.P. @ 450 CTS. DJ5 - 100 x 50 F7 T.P. @ 450 CTS. DJ6 - 100 x 50 F7 T.P. 450 CTS. DJ7 - 150 x 50 F7 T.P. **②** 450 CTS.

LINTEL BEAMS LB7 - 180 UB 18 + 270 x 8mm PL. (200 SQ. x 10mm BEARING PL. EACH END)

P2 - 125 x 125 x 4 SHS.

J4 - 200 x 36 HYSPAN @ 450 CTS. (TILED FLOOR) ALTERNATIVELY 170 x 45 HYSPAN @ 450 CTS. (TIMBER T. & G. FLOORING)

T.P. - TREATED PINE

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES

GENERAL
G1. These drawings are to be read in conjunction with Architectural and other consultants drawings and specifications. Any discrepancies are to be referred to the Architect before proceeding with the work.

G2. Dimensions shall not be obtained by scaling the structural details and all dimensions to be verified by the Builder prior to commencement of the work.

G3. Refer to architectural drawings for slab levels and architectural details.

G4. During construction the Builder is responsible for maintaining the structure in a stable condition without overstressing any part.

G5. Comply with AS 3660 protection of building from subterranean termites. G6. All workmanship and materials to be in accordance with the Building Code of Australia.

S1. All workmanship and materials to be in accordance with AS 4100, AS 1554 and for tubular members S2. Unless otherwise noted all structural steel to be Fy=250MPa in accordance with AS 1204, tubular

AS 1163, black bolts AS 1111 and high tension bolts AS 1252. S3. All welds to be 6mm continuous fillet unless noted otherwise. Welds in accordance with AS 1554.

S4. All structural steelwork bearing on mosonry to be bedded on 25mm cement grout pad. S5. Except where concrete encased or where noted otherwise, all structural steelwork to be surface cleaned to remove all loose mill scale, rust, dirt, grease, etc., and given one shop coat of red-oxide zinc-

S6. Two copies of checked workshop drawings to be submitted to the Engineer and approval obtained in writing before fabrication is commenced. Approval covers structural sufficiency of joints and members and not dimensioning accuracy.

CONCRETE NOTES C1. All workmanship and materials to be in accordance with AS 3600 as amended, except where varied

C2. Concrete quality to be accordance with the following table UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE:

ELEMENT	SLUMP	MAX SIZE AGGREGATE	EMENT TYPE	AS 3600 Fc MPa	ADMIXTURE
PIERS	80	20	A	20	-
FOOTINGS	80	20	A	20	<u> </u>
SLAB ON GROUND	80	20	A	25	
COLUMNS	80	20	A	-	<u> </u>
WALLS	80	20	A		-
SUSPENDED SLABS	80	20	A	32	
STAIRS	80	20	A		
BLOCKWORK CORES	230	10	A	> 12	

C3. Clear concrete cover to reinforcement shall be as follows except where increased cover is required to satisfy fire rating or UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

	INTERNAL		EXTERNAL			IN CONTACT WITH GROUND			
	Wet areas and Industrial		Coastal < 1km	> 1 < 50km	inland > 50km Non Indust		No Membrane	Below water Table	Agressive ground Water
FOOTINGS	i ilidustriai		_	-	-	40	50	75	100
PEDESTALS & COL	40	40	50	40	40	40	50	65	75
SLABS	40	20	45	40	30	30	40	60	65
BEAMS	40	25	50	40	40	40	50	65	75
WALLS	40	20	50	40	40	40	50	65	75

C4. Sizes of concrete elements do not include thickness of applied finishes. C5. Construction joints where not shown shall be located to the approval of the Engineer.

C6. Beam depths are written first and include slab thickness (if any). C7. No holes or chases other than those shown on the structural drawings shall be made in the concrete

members without the prior approval of the Engineer. C8. All concrete shall be compacted using high frequency vibrators.

C9. All concrete surfaces shall be cured by maintaining them constantly damp or wet for a minimum of 7 days. Curing to commence immediately after pouring. C10. Reinforcement is represented diagrammatically, it is not necessarily shown in true projection.

C11. Splices in reinforcement shall be made only in the positions shown. The written approval of the Engineer shall be obtained for any other splices. Reinforcment fabric to have end and side laps of 250 min C12. All reinforcement shall be supported on steel chairs to maintain it at the correct levels, in no case shall the spacing of chairs exceed 800. Plastic bar chairs only shall be used for exposure classification

C13. Unless otherwise shown concrete encosing to struct ral steelwork shall be 50 minimum thickness

reinforced with FGW41. Fabric shall have 25 cover and be lapped 250 at all splices. C14. Separate all concrete slab and beam surfaces from contact with masonry with two layers of "Malthoid"

C15. Reinforcement symbols are as follow:

R-Grade 230 plain bar in accordance with AS 1302. Y-Grade 410 Tempcore deformed bar in accordance with AS 1302. F-Hard drawn wire fabric in accordance with AS 1304.

The number following the reinforcement bor symbol is the number of millimetres in the bar diameter. C16. Formwork workmanship and materials shall be in accordance with the S.A.A. Formwork Code AS 1509.

C17. The Engineer is to be given 48 hours notice of all impending pours. BRICKWORK NOTES

B1. All workmanship and materials to be in accordance with AS 3700, ASA 1123, BCA 1990 and AS 1316

as amended, except where varied by contract documents. B2. Bricks to have minimum Compressive Strength of 23MPa and to be laid in 1 : 4 1/2 mortar

BLOCKWORK NOTES BL1. All workmanship and materials to be in accordance with AS 3700, AS 1500.

UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

BL2. All structural blocks for retaining walls to be grade 12 double—U blocks.
BL3. Blocks to be fully bedded using 1 : 1/4 : 3 (cement: lime: fine aggregate by volume) mortar.

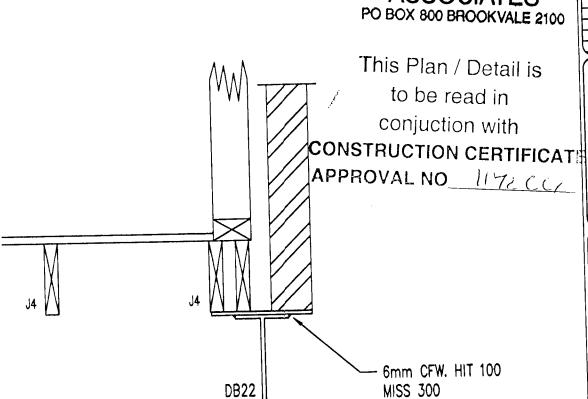
BL4. Blocks to be provided with openings in base for inspection and cleaning.

BL5. Block cores to be cleaned and filled with grout having a slump of 230 ± 30mm, 10mm aggregate and a F'c of not less than 12 MPa. BL6. Block control joints 16mm wide to be provided at 8 metre centres maximum U.N.O. Dowels, R20-400 c/c, 600 long, one end greased and wrapped to be placed across control joints.

F2. All residentail slabs & footings to comply with AS 2870 unless detailed otherwise.

> JJ BRIGGS **ASSOCIATES**

> > EACH SIDE



DB22 DETAIL

DO NOT SCALE FROM THESE DRAWINGS CAD - DO NOT AMEND MANUALLY 6.10.07 ALTERATIONS IN MEALS ROOM AREA. 22.08.07 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION 11.06.07 Init / Date Designed 1. Grans BE MEng Sc MIE NPLA3.

GRASSO CONSULTING ENGINEERS PTY LTD

17 Woodford Street LONGUEVILLE NSW 2066

ACEA ( Tel: (02) 8901 5480 Fax: (02) 8901 5460 e-mail: grassojim@optusnet.com.au

PETER PRINCI ARCHITECTS P.O. BOX 615

FRENCHS FOREST NSW 1640

Tel: (02) 9452 5661 Mob: 0418 166 002 Fax: (02) 9452 5662 e-mail: peter@pparchitects.com.au web: www.pparchitects.com.au

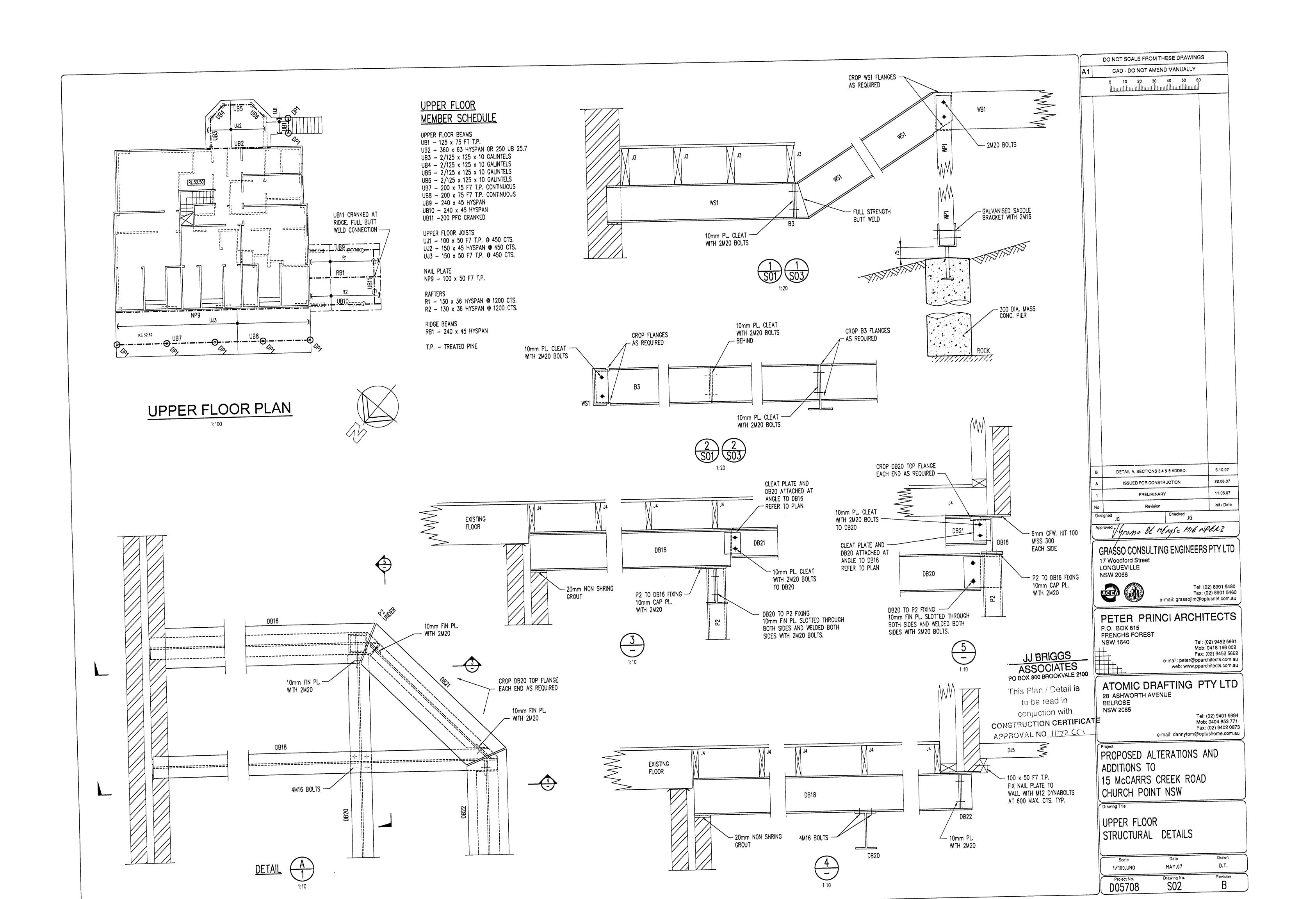
ATOMIC DRAFTING PTY LTD 28 ASHWORTH AVENUE BELROSE NSW 2085

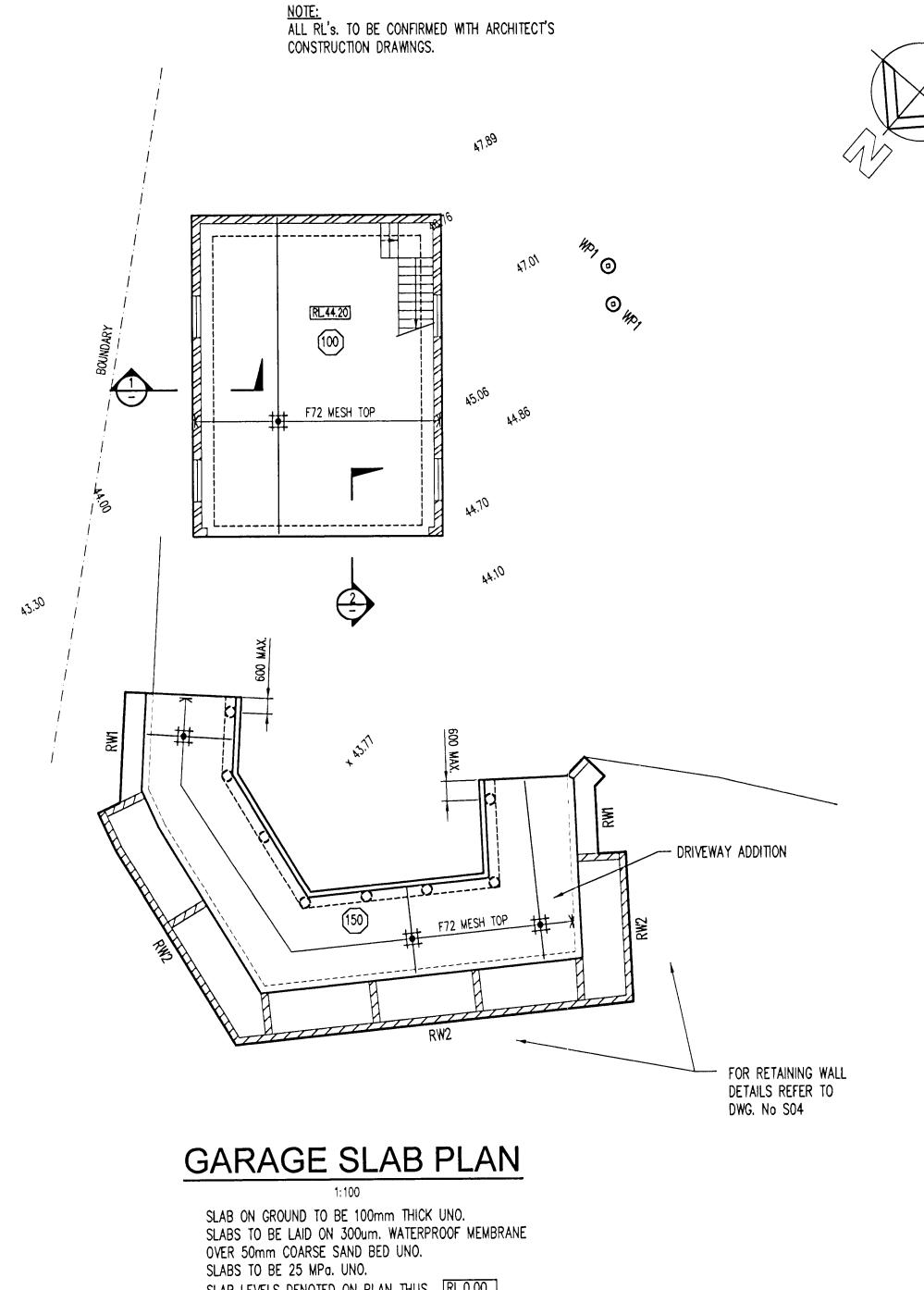
Tel: (02) 9401 9894 Mob: 0404 853 771 Fax: (02) 9402 0873 e-mail: dannytom@optushome.com.au

PROPOSED ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO 15 McCARRS CREEK ROAD CHURCH POINT NSW

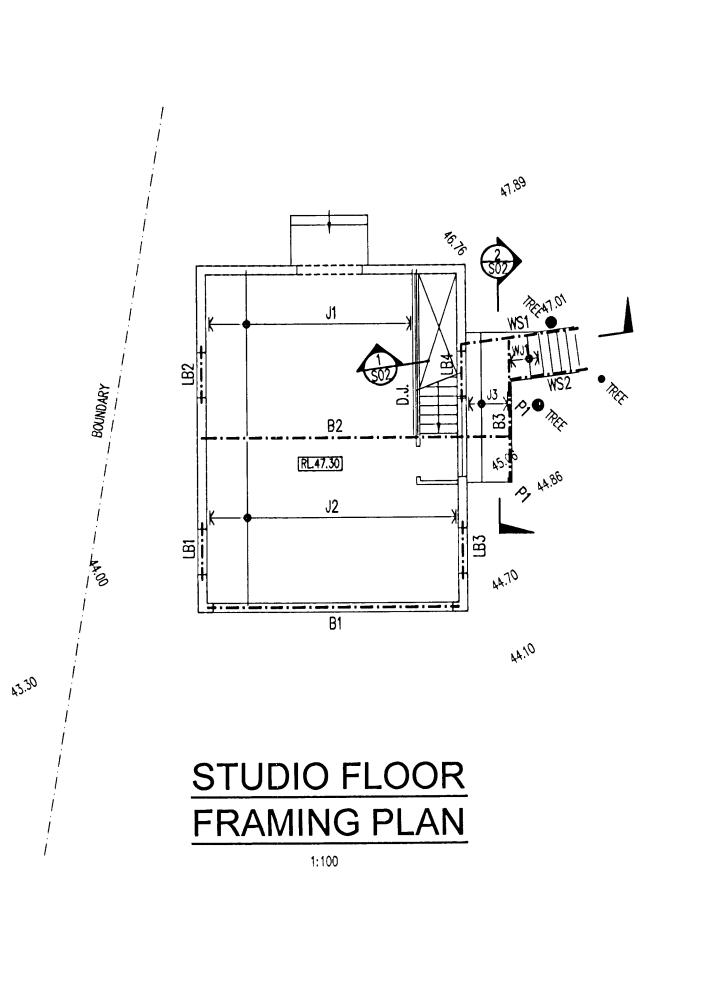
PHOWING NATIONAL FOOTING AND FIRST FLOOR 8007 NOT 9 SC: VNNED

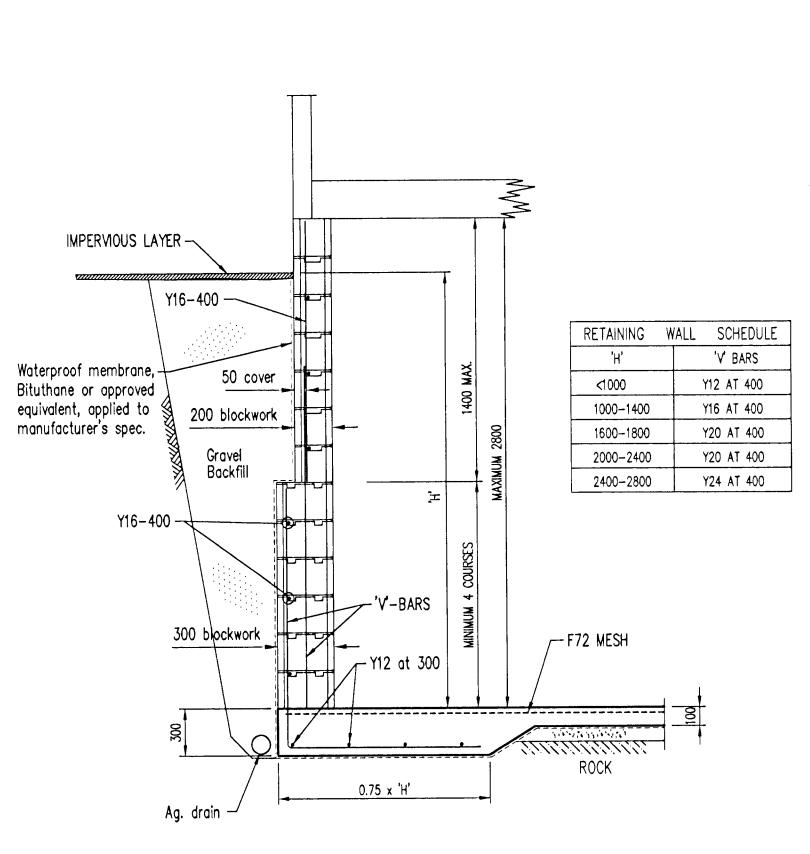
Drawn D.T. 1/100.UNO Revision Drawing No. D05708





SLAB LEVELS DENOTED ON PLAN THUS RL.O.00 SLAB THICKNESSES DENOTED ON PLAN THUS (000)





### STUDIO FLOOR MEMBER SCHEDULE BEAMS B1 - 300 PFC.

B2 - 310 UB 40 B3 - 250 PFC.

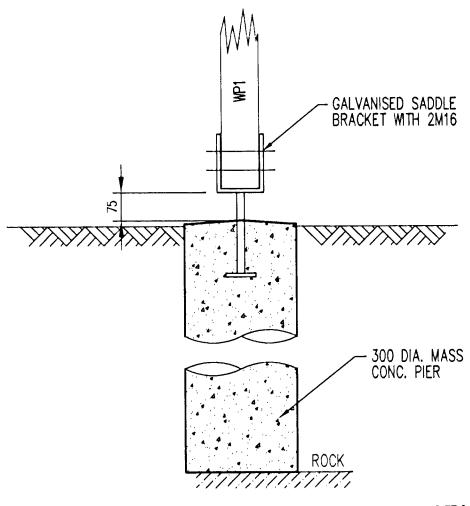
LINTEL BEAMS

LB1 - 2/100 x 100 x 10 GALINTELS LB2 - 2/100 x 100 x 10 GALINTELS LB3 - 2/100 x 100 x 10 GALINTELS LB4 - 2/100 x 100 x 10 GALINTELS

J1 - 240 x 45 HYSPAN @ 450 CTS. J2 - 240 x 45 HYSPAN @ 450 CTS. J3 - 250 x 50 F7 T.P. @ 450 CTS. D.J. - DOUBLE JOISTS

POSTS
P1 - 100 x 100 HARDWOOD POST ALTERNATIVELY 100 x 100 F7 T.P.

T.P. - TREATED PINE

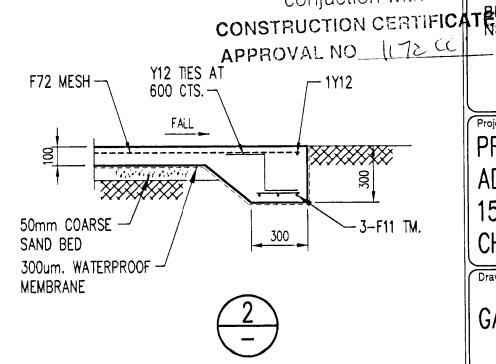


1:10

JJ BRIGGS ASSOCIATES WP1 DETAIL PO BOX 800 BROOKVALE 21

This Plan / Detail is

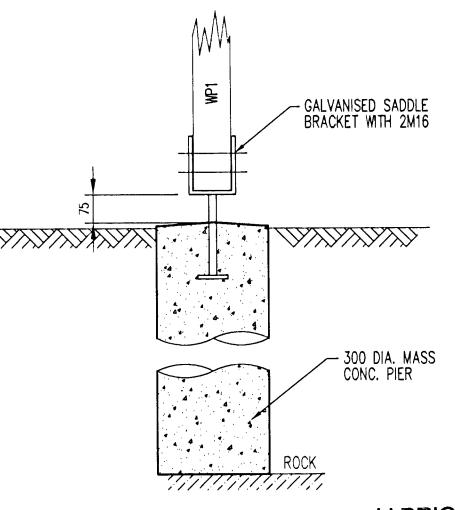
to be read in conjuction with CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE ELROSE
NSW 2085



ADDITIONS TO 15 McCARRS CREEK ROAD CHURCH POINT NSW Drawing Title

GARAGE STRUCTURAL DETAILS

Drawn D.T. MAY.07 1/100.UNO Revision Project No. Drawing No. D05708 S03



PETER PRINCI ARCHITECTS P.O. BOX 615 FRENCHS FOREST

Tel: (02) 9452 5661 Mob: 0418 166 002 Fax: (02) 9452 5662 e-mail: peter@pparchitects.com.au web: www.pparchitects.com.au

ATOMIC DRAFTING PTY LTD 28 ASHWORTH AVENUE

RW1, RW2 & EXTENDED DRIVEWAY ADDED.

ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION

PRELIMINARY

Grano BE MEIZSOME WILLES

GRASSO CONSULTING ENGINEERS PTY LTD

Designed JG

17 Woodford Street LONGUEVILLE

NSW 2066

02.09.07

22.08.07

11.06.07

Init / Date

Tel: (02) 8901 5480 Fax: (02) 8901 5460

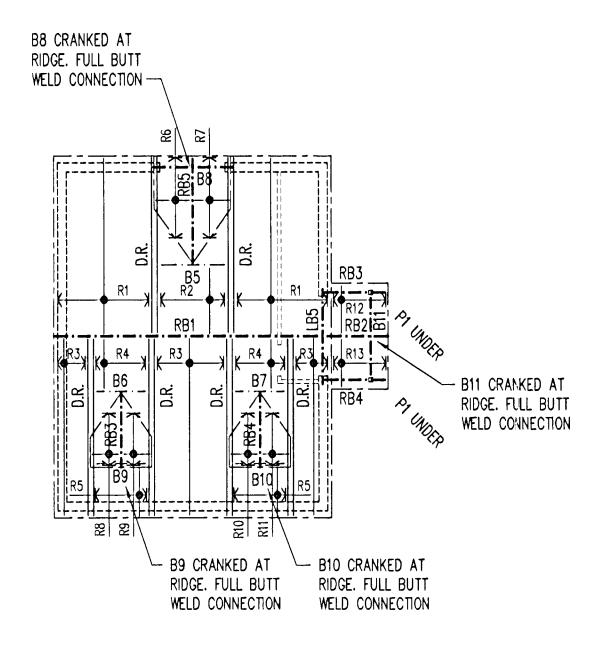
e-mail: grassojim@optusnet.com.au

DO NOT SCALE FROM THESE DRAWINGS

CAD - DO NOT AMEND MANUALLY

Tel: (02) 9401 9894 Mob: 0404 853 771

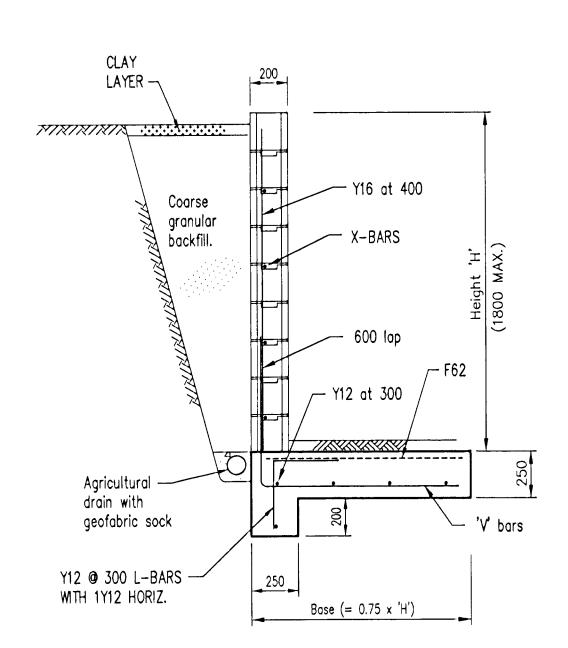
Fax: (02) 9402 0873 e-mail: dannytom@optushome.com.au PROPOSED ALTERATIONS AND



#### RETAINING WALL RW1 SCHEDULE 'V' BARS 'X' BARS <1000 Y12 AT 400 Y12 AT 400 Y16 AT 400 1000-1400 Y12 AT 400 Y16 AT 200 1400-1800 Y16 AT 400

GARAGE ROOF

FRAMING PLAN



## BLOCK RETAINING WALL 2 (RW2) DETAIL

RETAINING WALL RW2 SCHEDULE 'V' BARS

Y12 AT 400

<1000

'X' BARS Y12 AT 400

#### GARAGE ROOF MEMBER SCHEDULE

B5 - 170 x 45 HYSPAN B6 - 150 x 36 HYSPAN B7 - 150 x 36 HYSPAN B8 - 150 PFC. CRANKED B9 - 150 PFC. CRANKED B10 - 150 PFC. CRANKED B11 - 150 PFC. CRANKED

LINTEL BEAMS LB5 - 240 x 63 HYSPAN LB6 - 150 x 45 HYSPAN

#### RIDGE BEAMS RB1 - 525 x 75 HYSPAN OR 250 UB 31.4

 $RB2 - 150 \times 36 HYSPAN$ RB3 - 150 x 45 HYSPAN RB4 - 150 x 45 HYSPAN RB5 - 170 x 45 HYSPAN

R1 - 240 x 63 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS. R2 - 130 x 45 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS. R3 - 240 x 63 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS. R4 - 130 x 45 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS. R5 - 130 x 45 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS. R6 - 95 x 36 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS. R7 - 95 x 36 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS. R8 - 95 x 36 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS. R9 - 95 x 36 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS. R10 - 95 x 36 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS. R11 - 95 x 36 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS. R12 - 95 x 36 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS.

R13 - 95 x 36 HYSPAN @ 1200 CTS.

1000-1400 Y16 AT 400 Y16 AT 400 1600-1800 Y16 AT 400 Y16 AT 400 2000-2400 Y16 AT 400 Y16 AT 400 100mm SLAB ON GROUND F72 MESH TOP LAID ON 300um. 2400-3000 Y20 AT 400 Y20 AT 400 WATERPROOF MEMBRANE OVER 50mm COARSE SAND BED. 1500 2400 MAX. - SLIP JOINT 3Y12 TOP & -This Plan / Detail is - 30mm BOTTOM BTM. WITH Y12 COVER to be read in TIES AT 300 CTS. conjuction with - Y16-200 CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE COARSE APPROVAL NO 1172CC GRANULAR BACKFILL. WATERPROOF 300 DIA. MASS -JJ BRIGGS MEMBRANE //XVXXVXVXVX CONC. PIER ASSOCIATES FOUNDED BELOW Y16 at 400 PO BOX 800 BROOKVALE 2100 WALLS LINE OF INFLUENCE Y16 at 400 LINE OF INFLUENCE -- AGRICULTURAL DRAIN WITH GEOFABRIC Y12-300 -AG. DRAIN — 300 WITH GEOFABRIC

Y12 @ 300 L-BARS WITH 1Y12 HORIZ.

CAD - DO NOT AMEND MANUALLY 02.09.07 RW1, RW2 & EXTENDED DRIVEWAY ADDED. ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION

DO NOT SCALE FROM THESE DRAWINGS

22.08.07 11.06.07 PRELIMINARY Init / Date Designed JG Checked JG

Hyrano BE MEMSC MIE NPERS.

GRASSO CONSULTING ENGINEERS PTY LTD 17 Woodford Street LONGUEVILLE NSW 2066

ACEA

NSW 2085

Tel: (02) 8901 5480 Fax: (02) 8901 5460 e-mail: grassojim@optusnet.com.au

PETER PRINCI ARCHITECTS P.O. BOX 615 FRENCHS FOREST NSW 1640

Tel: (02) 9452 5661 Mob: 0418 166 002 Fax: (02) 9452 5662 e-mail: peter@pparchitects.com.au web: www.pparchitects.com.au

ATOMIC DRAFTING PTY LTD 28 ASHWORTH AVENUE BELROSE

> Tel: (02) 9401 9894 Mob: 0404 853 771 Fax: (02) 9402 0873 e-mail: dannytom@optushome.com.au

PROPOSED ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO 15 McCARRS CREEK ROAD CHURCH POINT NSW

GARAGE STRUCTURAL DETAILS

Drawn Scale D.T. MAY.07 1/100.UNO Revision D05708 S04

BLOCK RETAINING WALL 1 (RW1) DETAIL

#### JOHN J BRIGGS

#### **ASSOCIATES**

ACCREDITED BUILDING CERTIFIERS
ABN 99 089 896 159

Mr P Princi PO Box 615 Frenchs Forest NSW 1640

#### **Construction Certificate**

#### Certificate

I certify that if the work is completed in accordance with the attached plans and specifications which have been approved, it will comply with the requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 as referred to in Section 81A (5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 This certificate is issued without any conditions for the following premises

Address of Property 15 McCarrs Creek Road, Church Point

Plan Numbers Approved DA01,DA03 - DA11 (Job 06 009) Issue A dated June 2006, DA02 Issue A dated Feb 06

NOTE REFER TO THE ATTACHED 'SCHEDULE A' LIST OF DETAILS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THIS CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

Information attached to this decision

A Fire Safety Schedule

The Conditions of the Certificate

Construction Certificate No

**Date of this Decision** 

and Certificate

1172CC1

2 June 2007

**Certifying Authority** 

John & Briggs Associates Pty Ltd

Signature

Name of accredited Certifier

Building Professionals Board Accreditation No BPB 0049

**Proposal** 

Alteration's & additions to the existing dwelling

and garage and a new spa

**Development Consent No** 

NO363/06

Date of Determination

6906

Council Area

Pittwater

Applicant's right of appeal – If the certifying authority is a council, a Minister or a public authority and the certifying authority has issued a construction certificate subject to conditions, you can appeal against these conditions to the Land and Environment Court within 12 months from the date of the decision

PO Box 800 Brookvale 2100 Phone 02 9907 1018 Fax 02 9907 1344 jjbassoc@bigpond.com

#### JOHN J BRIGGS

#### **ASSOCIATES**

ACCREDITED BUILDING CERTIFIERS
ACN 089 896 159

Construction Certificate No 1172CC1

Address 15 McCarrs Creek Rd, Church Point

Applicant Mr P Princi

#### SCHEDULE A

The following is a list of details/plan references that should be read in conjunction with Construction Certificate No 1172CC1

- Form 2 Geotechnical Risk Management Policy prepared by Ben White of Jack Hodgson Consultants Pty Ltd
- Construction specification (Southspec)
- Structural details S01 to S04 Rev B dated 2 9 07 & 6 10 07 (Project No D05708 prepared by Grasso Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd
- Tree protection specification recommendations prepared by M A Kokot Consulting Arborist (Arborist report 6/2006)

Development Application for	Nam	of Applicant	
Address of mis 15 McCARRS		•	
n made by Structural or Civil Engine	क्षेत्र एक प्रक्षिकारी के चीन है।	corporation of the George's	ical seves into me project.
JIM GRASSO	on behalfe?	GRASSO CONSU	ILTING
(inst name)		ENGINEERS PT	Y L'U
26TH MAY 2008			
idata) I am a Sinuctural or Clud Engineer at Presidentecimpany to rasua the docum- nation. I wad carby that I have propu- nation Report for the above developma	i) jedy vicked on toe river	M A33501766000 to 600000 to 600	
cel Report Details			
Reporting Risk analysis and Creek Road Church Points	D MANAGEMENT FO VR 23674	R PROPOSED ADDITIONS	AT 15 MCCARRS
Report Date, 16™ MAY 2005			
Author JACK NOOGSON			
inuctural Documents (let DRAWING NOS DESTES 8018, 502)  a e that Pittwater Council rates on the set the basis for ansuring that the paol	processes on pred b	お わるっへのわいっ みがく ひょうかんびきに 竹垣	-are coat aved memoriova
drawing NOS DESTOS SOTE, 502  a e that Pithwiser Council relies on the set he basis for ensuring that the goal or enhance on Accordable Risk Manager	purenses covered o	art aspects of the proposed the of the structure taken as at les	-are coat aved memoriova
or a chair threater Council relies on the se the bad's for ensuring that the peak or enhance on Accordable Rick Manage (name)	e processes covered o echance and renagem brient evel for the life ENNEAS	are aspects of the proposed the original structure taken as at iss (signature)	evalopment have been edeci at 100 years wess otherwis
TRAWING NOS DESTOS SOTE, 502  TO E final Pitterson Council relies on the 35 the basis for ensuring that the peak to enture an Accomable Risk Manager So BE MEIASC 11/2  (name)  That by Grutet Inneal Engineer or	e processes covered o consisting and the life CNIFA 3 Engineering Geologic	art 2000ct of the organised the office and the offi	ersiopment have teen adac to too years whese dinamin seems to the teens and the teens to the teens and the teens and the teens and the teens adact to the teens adact
or a chair threater Council relies on the se the bad's for ensuring that the peak or enhance on Accordable Rick Manage (name)	e processes covered be charged in the little of the light	art 3500d's of the organised the of the structure taken as at less (signature); it is relative to Structure the opposite of the structure the opposite of the structure of the opposite of the structure of the st	evalopment have been added at 100 years offer offers of herwis of the command and the certify the recommand stone of years of the certify the period of the certify the certification of the certification o
the eined Pitweier Council relies on the se ined Pitweier Council relies on the se the basis for ensuring that the peak perhause an Accordable Risk Menager of the basis for ensuring that the peak (name).  The by Gerulet Inneal Engineer or indice connectly venified the absorbance strong of the peak perhause december are not estimated for indice on the process of the proof and find the geometrical risk management level to the peak of the find the geometrical risk management level to the peak of the find the geometrical risk management level to the peak of the find the geometrical risk management level to the peak of the find the geometrical risk management level to the peak of the find the geometrical risk management level to the peak of the find the geometrical risk management level to the peak of th	e processes covered be charged in the little of the light	art 3500d's of the organised the of the structure taken as at less (signature); it is relative to Structure the opposite of the structure the opposite of the structure of the opposite of the structure of the st	evalopment have been added at 100 years offer offers of herwis of the command and the certify the recommand stone of years of the certify the period of the certify the certification of the certification o
the end Pitweier Council relies or the set he basis for ensuring that the pash of anhere an Accordable Risk Manager and/or econocily vented the absorbance day Genical structural documents prepil Report have been appropriate at an accordable Council relies on the propilative day for the Management level to strike the Management level to strike the Management level to strike the day of the genomable and director in easier that reasonable and director in easier that reasonable and director in easier that reasonable and directors.	e processes covered be charged in the little of the light	art aspect of the ordrosed the of the structure taken as at less agreement to release the same transfer of the structure two releases to the same transfer the propose of t	evalopment have been added at 100 years offer offers of herwis of the command and the certify the recommand stone of years of the certify the period of the certify the certification of the certification o
The e final Pittweier Council relies on the set he basis for growing that the peak perhaps an Accordable Risk Manager of (mana)  The Council of the storman of the peak of the peak of the set of the	e processes covered becharged risk management and facilities for the Medical Geological risk and risk an	art aspect of the ordrosed the of the structure taken as at less agreement to release the same transfer of the structure two releases to the same transfer the propose of t	evalopment have been added at 100 years offer offers of herwis of the command and the certify the recommand stone of years of the certify the period of the certify the certification of the certification o
The e final Pittweier Council relies on the set he basis for growing that the peak perhaps an Accordable Risk Manager of (mana)  The Council of the storman of the peak of the peak of the set of the	e processes covered be processes covered by the light of	art aspect of the organised to of the structure taken as at less (agnerales) at an release to Structure Ora epoct as par Form 1 extend 16 options 1 an agreement 1 and 16 options of the organism	evalopment have been added at 100 years offer offers of herwis of the command and the certify the recommand stone of years of the certify the period of the certify the certification of the certification o

This Plan / Detail is to be read in conjuction with

Pithwater Council - Interim Geotechnical Risk Management Policy For Pittwater Council Policy - No 144

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE
APPROVAL NO 1(12CC)

JJ BRIGGS
ASSOCIATES
PO BOX 800 BROOKVALE 2100

Page 20

#### 3.0 Recommendations

#### 3 1 Specific

3 1 1 Conduct a detailed hazard assessment in relation to the long term stability of tree 2, due to the failed root plate promoting the general lean of the tree

#### **3 2 Tree Protection Measures**

- 3 2 1 The installation of trunk protection, in the manner of constructing 50 x 50mm x 4m, timber beams against the trunks of trees requiring protection is required. As the walkway is to be constructed between the trees at issue, this will reduce impacts from the installation procedure
- 3 2 2 Timber trunk protection beams are to be secured to the tree in a manner that will not cause injury to the tree, such as, nailed directly to the tree' Beams are to be secured by straps holding them into position throughout the development stage
- 3 2 3 Suitable native leaf mulch is to be spread around all exposed soil areas within 4m of trees requiring protection at a depth of 100mm to reduce compaction and erosion issues caused by development works
- 3 2 4 During the cut procedure for slight extensions to the rear and side retaining walls a suitably qualified arborist is to be on site to assess potential impacts to exposed root systems if located On site decisions are then to be made in relation to tree retention and documented for future reference
- 3 2 5 Before commencement of development works is allowed all tree protection measures are to be certified as completed, by the chosen site arborist
- 3 2 6 At no stage are building materials or waist rubble allowed to be stored within 4m of any tree intended for retention

Should you require further assistance in this matter please feel free to contact me at any time

Sincerely

M A KOKOI Consulting Arborist

Arborist Report 6'2006

15 McCarrs Creek Road CHURCH POINT

Sydney NSW

6

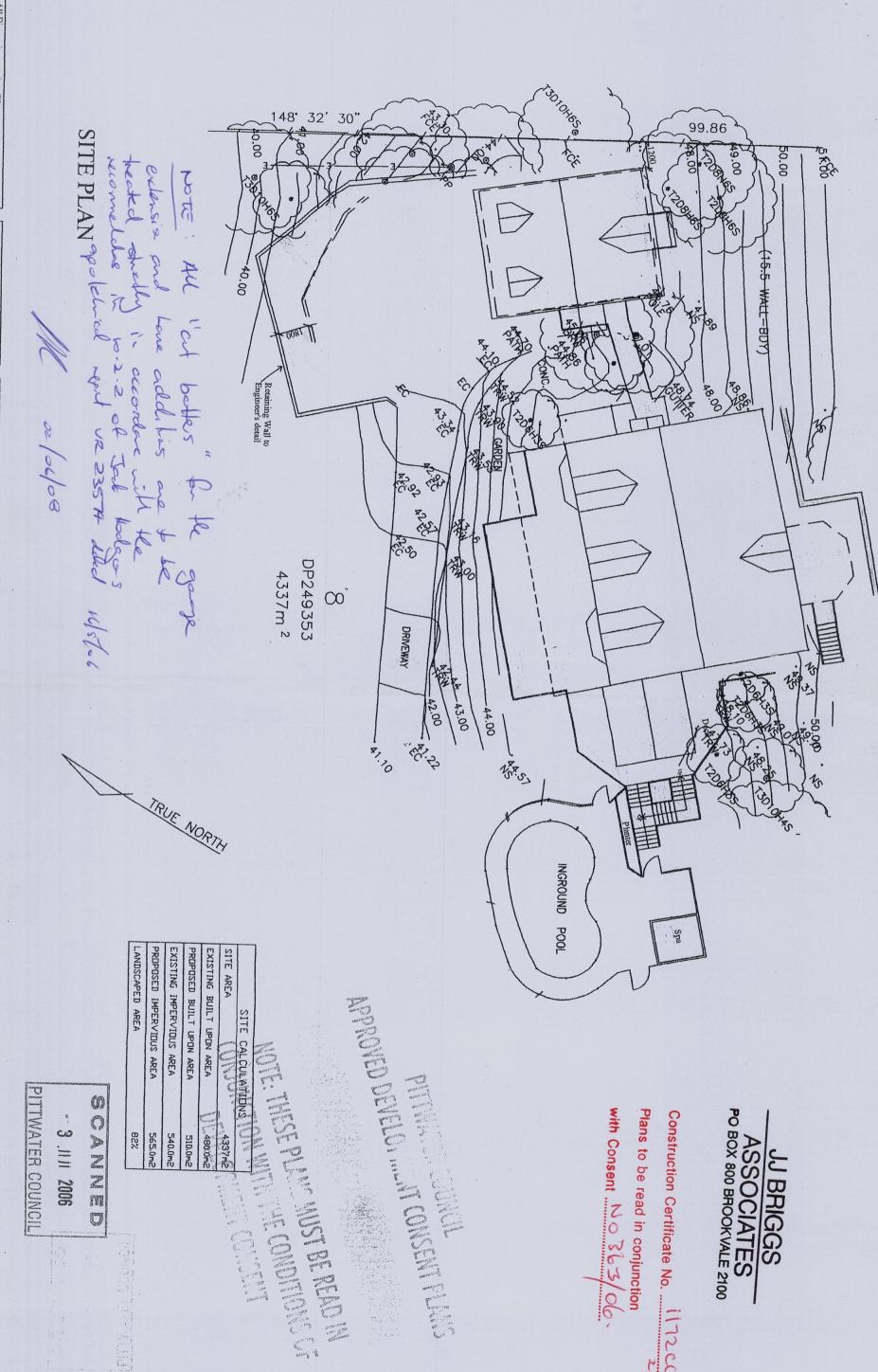
This Plan / Detail is

to be read in

conjuction with

APPROVAL NO 172 CC1





All Dimensions are in millimetres
Written Dimensions preferred to scale
All measurements to be checked on site
All work to BCA and AS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

© COPYRIGHT 2006

Princi Architects
out to be copied, reproduced, or
outed to any other party
ut the written consent of

G LIGHTFOOT & M CHU

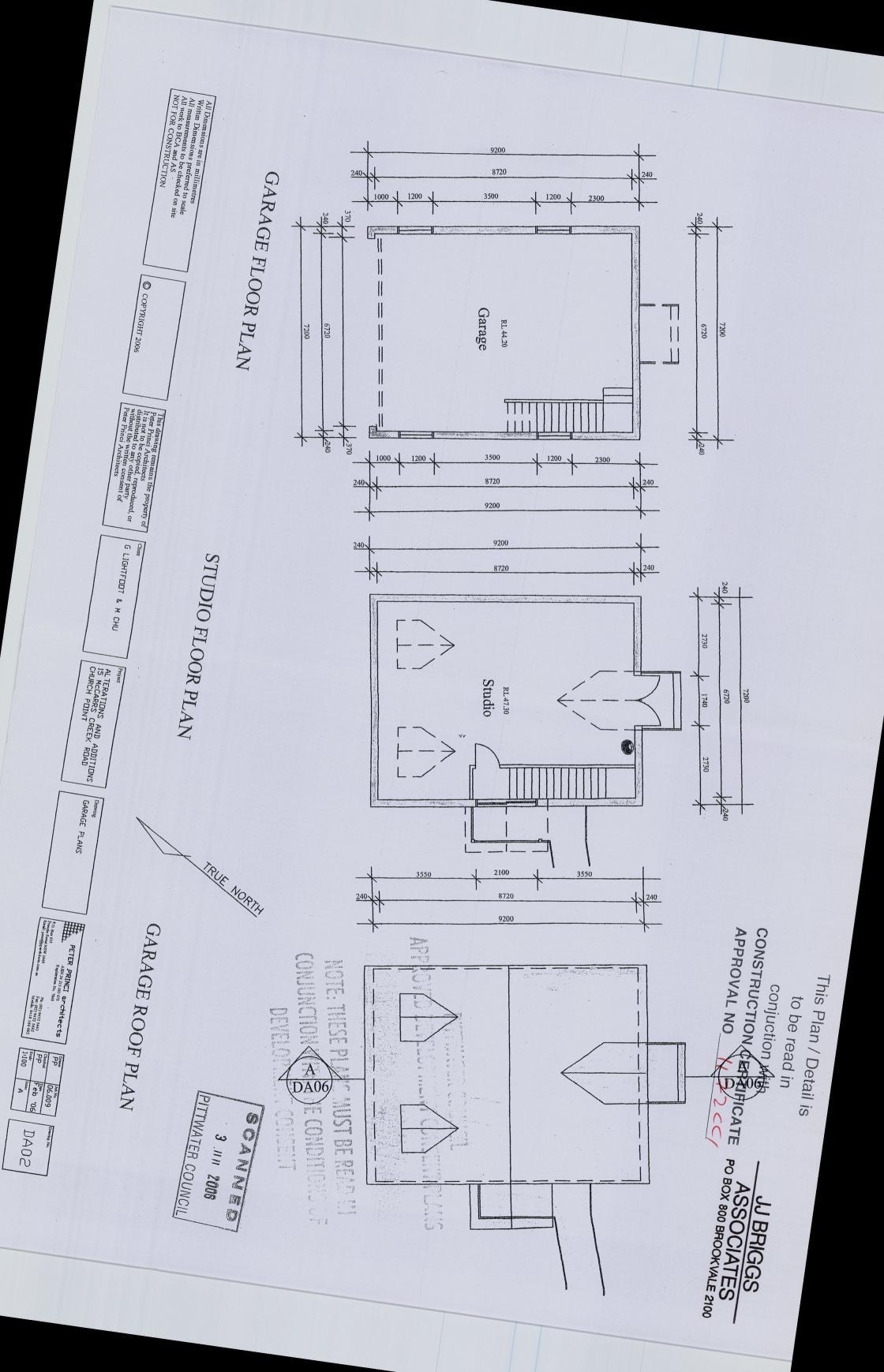
ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS 15 McCARRS CREEK ROAD CHURCH POINT

SITE PLAN

P.O. Box 615
Frenchs Forcet NSW 1646
Ewail: petra@pparchitects.com.su PETER PRINCI or chitects
ABN 14 315 425 678
Registration No. 7048 Ph: (02) 5452 5661 Fax: (02) 9452 5662 Mobile: 0438 166 002

90, unr 90, 009 DA01

Construction Certificate No. 1172CC1

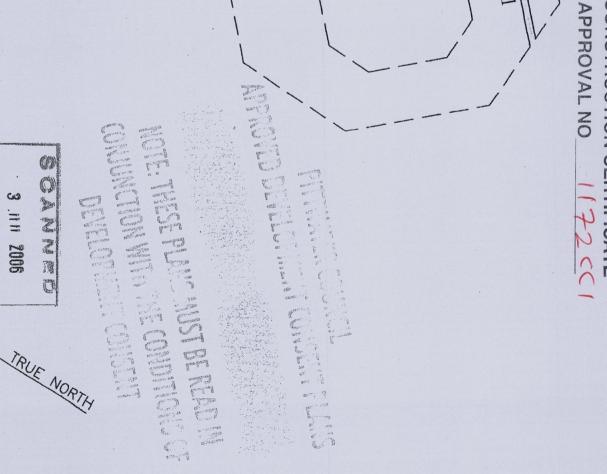


This Plan / Detail is

PO BOX 800 BROOKVALE 2100 ASSOCIATES

to be read in

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE conjuction with



Bath

Entry

Study

Guest

Retaining Wall

# GROUND FLOOR PLAN

All Dimensions are in millimetres
Written Dimensions preferred to scale
All measurements to be checked on site
All work to BCA and AS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION COPYRIGHT 2006

G LIGHTFOOT & M CHU

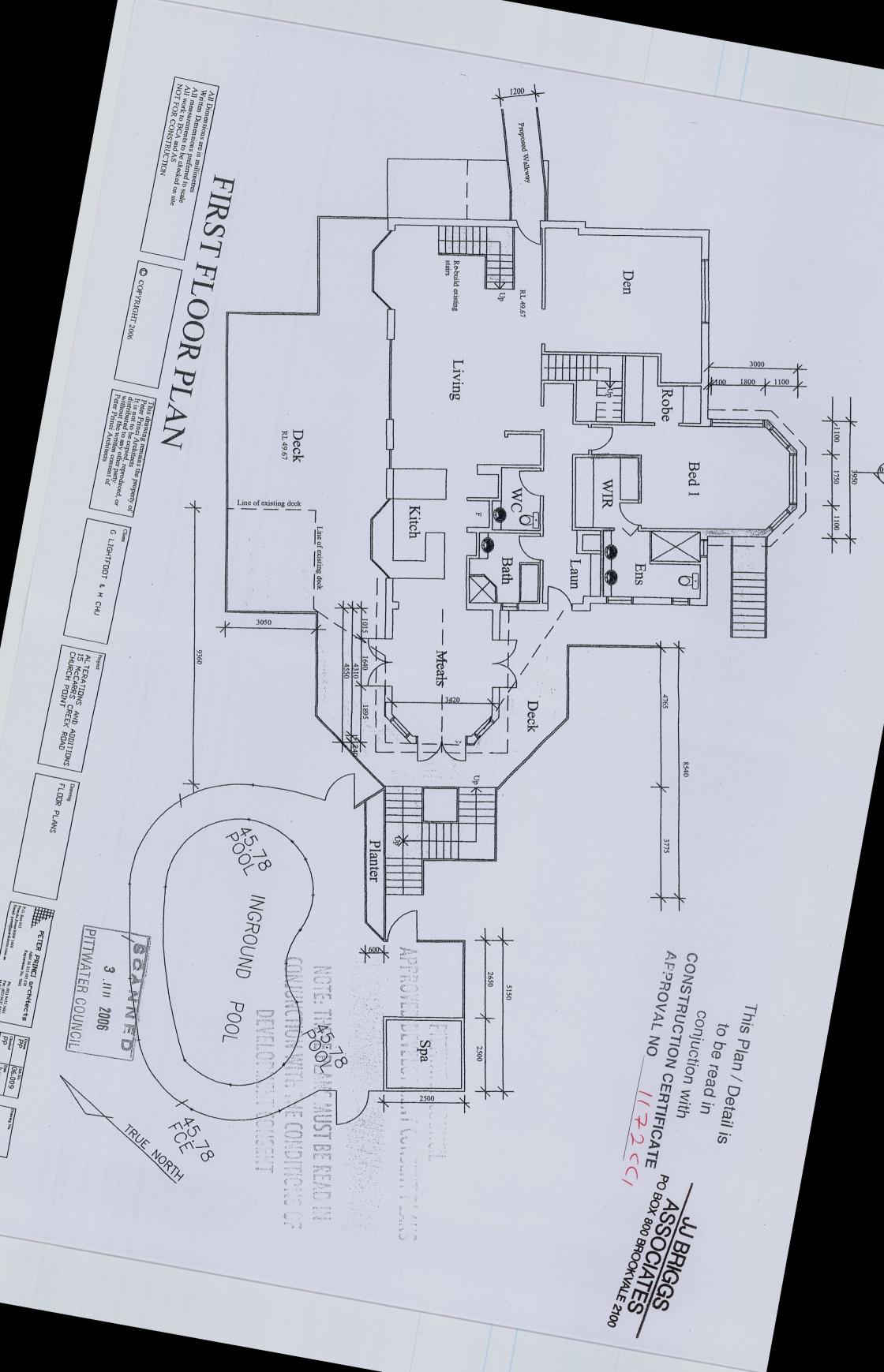
ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS 15 McCARRS CREEK ROAD CHURCH POINT

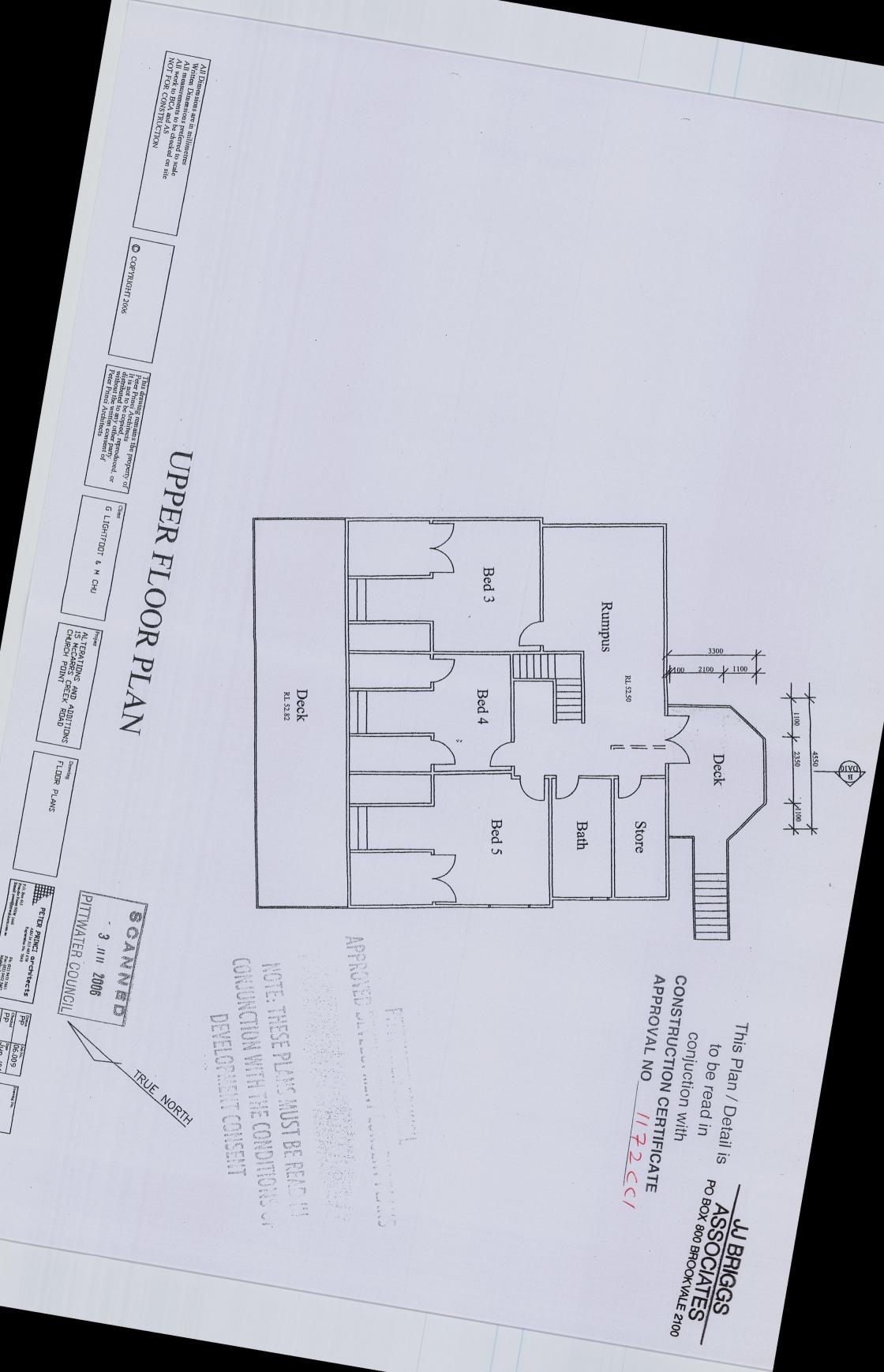
FLOOR PLANS

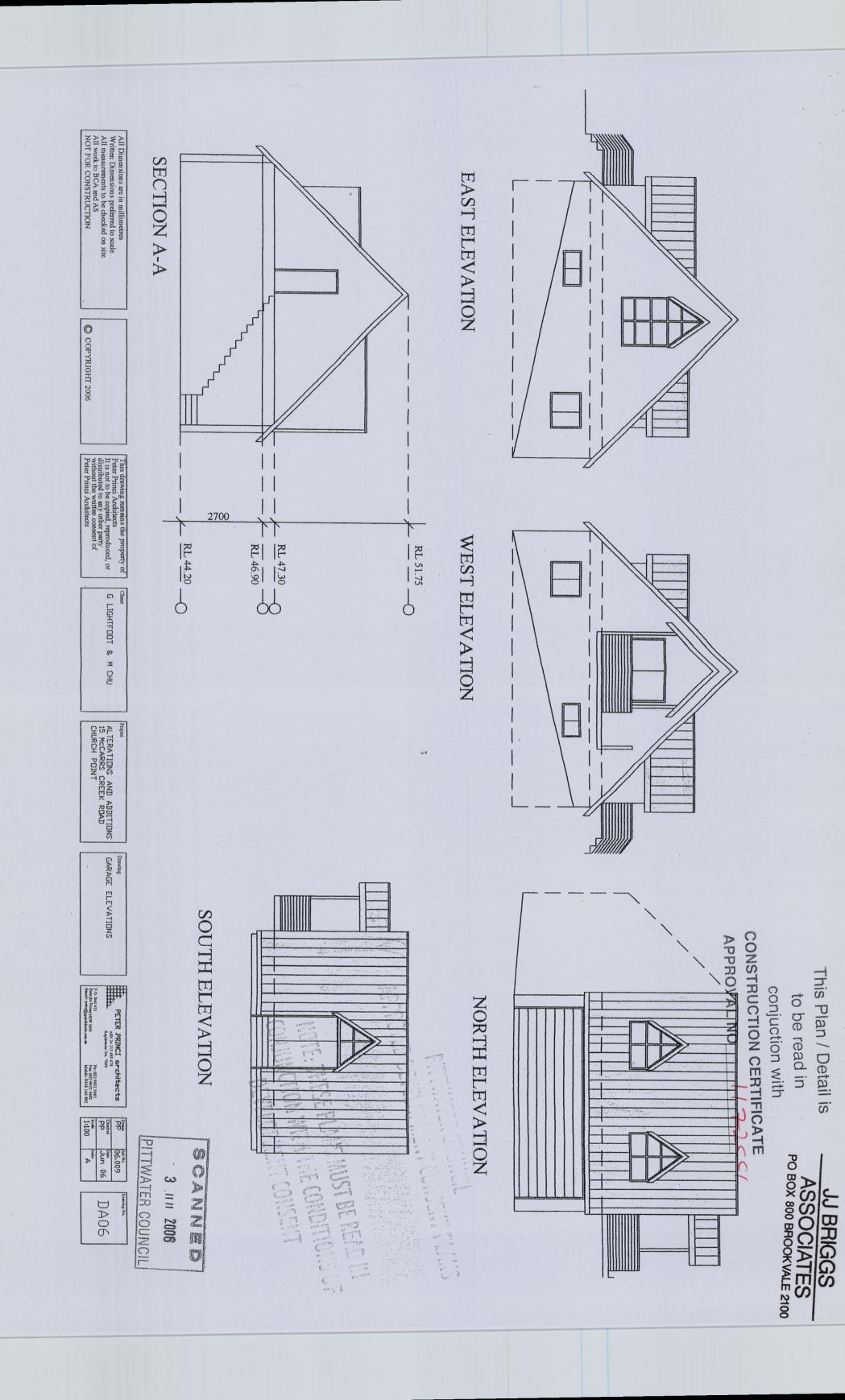
PETER PRINCI architects
ASP 34 313 435 678
Regionalia No. 7048 P.O. Box 615
Franchs Formst NBW 1640
Email: print@ppards incu. non. su

Ph: (02) 9432 3661 Fac: (02) 9432 5662 Mobile: 0418 166 002 06.009 Jun 06 PITTWATER COUNCIL

DA03







RL 46.16 CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE ASSOCIATES

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE BOX 800 BROOKVALE 2100 APPROVAL NO Service Control of the Control of th RI 46.16 

This Plan / Detail is

conjuction with

to be read in

JJ BRIGGS

# NORTH ELEVATION

RL 44.20

RL 44.00

All Dimensions are in millimetres
Written Dimensions preferred to scale
All measurements to be checked on site
All work to BCA and AS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

COPYRIGHT 2006

This drawing remains the property of Peter Princi Architects It is not to be copied, reproduced, or distributed to any other party without the written consent of Peter Princi Architects

G LIGHTFOOT & M CHU

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS 15 McCARRS CREEK ROAD CHURCH POINT

Drawing ELEVATIONS

PETER PRINCI architects
ABN 34 315 435 78
Registration No. 7048 Ph: (02) 9452 5661 Fax: (02) 9452 5662 Mobile: 0418 166 002

Drawn
PP
Checked
PP
1:100

Dec Dec Jun 06

DA07

ONZZANU

PITTWATER COUNCIL 3 .... 2006 SOUTH ELEVATION RL 46.16 Brickwork to match existing -Colorbond Roof to match existing RL 49.50 RL 49.00 

This Plan / Detail is

to be read in

ASSOCIATES
PO BOX 800 BROOKVALE 2100 J BRIGGS

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE conjuction with

APPROVAL NO /172 CC/

Drawn PPP Checked PPP Scale 1:100 000 2 2 1 1 1 1 1

3 .1111 20015

PITTWATER COUNCIL

All Dimensions are in millimetres
Written Dimensions preferred to scale
All measurements to be checked on site
All work to BCA and AS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

COPYRIGHT 2006

This drawing remains the property of Peter Princi Architects
It is not to be copied, reproduced, or distributed to any other party without the written consent of Peter Princi Architects

G LIGHTFOOT & M CHU

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS 15 McCARRS CREEK ROAD CHURCH POINT

ELEVATIONS ELEVATIONS

PETER PRINCI architects
ANN 34 315 485 678
Registration No. 7048

06,009 Date Jun 06

DA08

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

APPROVAL NO // 72 <</ This Plan / Detail IS ASSOCIATES conjuction with to be read in PO BOX 800 BROOKVALE 2100

# RL 44.70 RL 49.37 ——<sup>II</sup>RL 49.73 RL 51-23

# WEST ELEVATION

All Dimensions are in millimetres
Written Dimensions preferred to scale
All measurements to be checked on site
All work to BCA and AS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

COPYRIGHT 2006

This drawing remains the property of Peter Princi Architects It is not to be copied, reproduced, or distributed to any other party without the written consent of Peter Princi Architects

G LIGHTFOOT & M CHU

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS 15 MCCARRS CREEK ROAD CHURCH POINT

ELEVATIONS ELEVATIONS

PETER PRINCI architects
ASN 34 313 485 678
Registration No. 7048 Ph: (02) 9452 5661 Par: (02) 9452 5662 Mobile: 0418 166 002

Drawn PP Checked PP Scale 1:100 06,009 Jun 06

DA09

CANNET

3 .1111 2006

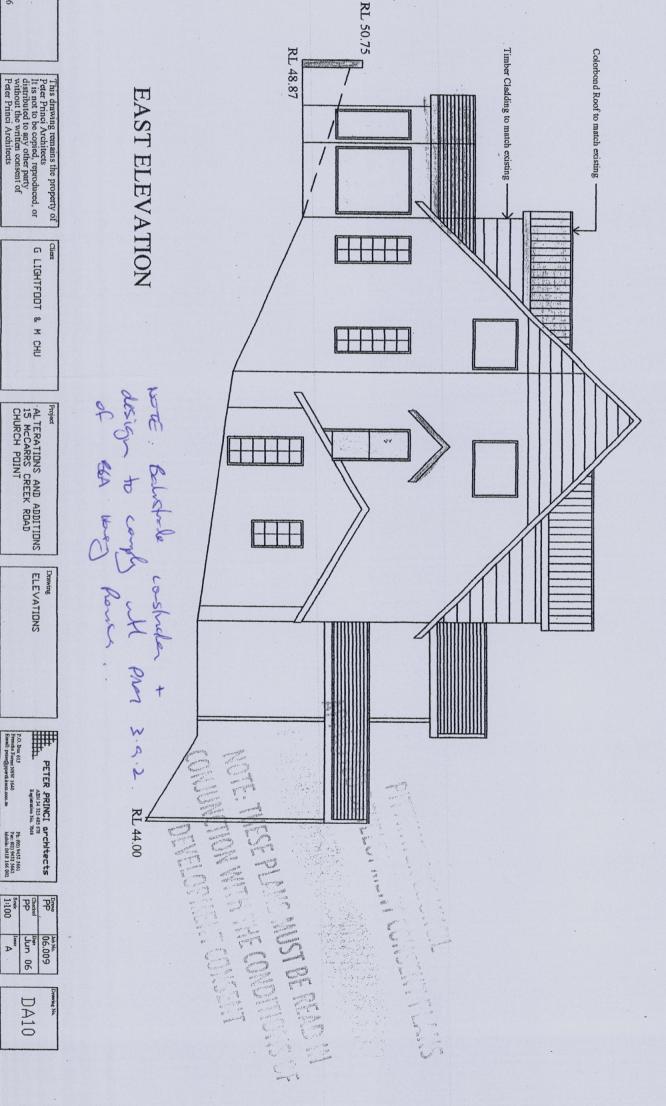
PITTWATER COUNCIL

This Plan / Detail is to be read in

ASSOCIATES
PO BOX 800 BROOKVALE 2100 JJ BRIGGS

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE conjuction with

APPROVAL NO 1172001



All Dimensions are in millimetres
Written Dimensions preferred to scale
All measurements to be checked on site
All work to BCA and AS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

COPYRIGHT 2006

NO AZZINO

3 .1111 2006

PITTWATER COUNCIL

This Plan / Detail is conjuction with to be read in

9

RL 57.93

RIDGE

RL 56.13

RIDGE

RL 52.50

Rumpus

RL 49.67

FEL

Bed 1

RL 44.00 APPROVAL NO CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE PO BOX 800 BROOKVALE 2100 ASSOCIATES

All Dimensions are in millimetres
Written Dimensions preferred to scale
All measurements to be checked on site
All work to BCA and AS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

COPYRIGHT 2006

This drawing remains the property of Peter Princi Architects It is not to be copied, reproduced, or distributed to any other party without the written consent of Peter Princi Architects

SECTION B

G LIGHTFOOT & M CHU

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS 15 McCARRS CREEK ROAD CHURCH POINT

Drawing
SECTION A-A

PETER PRINCI architects
ABN 34 315 485 678
L Regionation No. 7048

156,009 06,009 Due Jun 06

DA11

00 0 Z Z m

PITTWATER COUNCIL 3 .1111 2006 This Plan / Detail is to be read in

JJ BRIGGS
ASSOCIATES

conjuction with
CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

APPROVAL NO 1/72CC

### SPECIFICATION

of works for the erection of
ACTORATIONS & ADDITIONS
for
GAF1 L164F007
MARCARET CHU
at
lot no 8 D.P.no. 249353
15 mccare's crook rom
CHRCH POINT, NSW 2105
SPECIFICATION Bouleton 40

BUILDING TYPE	SINGLE DWELLING	VILLA OR TOWNHOUSE	INDUSTRIAL BUILDING
	DUAL OCCUPANCY	GARAGE	OFFICE BUILDING
	MEDIUM DENSITY UNITS	RETAIL BUILDING	ADDITION [
	FARM SHED		
CONSTRUCTION	CAVITY BRICK	TIMBER FRAMED	A.A.C.BLOCK/PANEL
	BRICK VENEER	STEEL FRAMED	MASONRY BLOCK
	SINGLE BRICK	STEEL CLAD	CONCRETE PANEL
			F/C SHEET
ADDENDUM			

If any difference in requirements exists between this specification and the Building Code of Australia or relevant Standard that may apply to the construction of any building nominated by this specification, then the requirements of the Building Code of Australia and/or the appropriate Standard shall take precedence over this specification for any construction.

DISTRIBUTORS: SOUTHspec PUBLISHING P.O. BOX 3381, NORTH NOWRA NSW 2541

Phone: (02) 44460358 Mobile: 0410 470358 Fax: (02) 44460773

REVISION 18 – SEPTEMBER 2006 BCA 2006 BASIX as amended (NSW only)

#### **SPECIFICATION**

FOR THE ERECTION AND COMPLETION OF BUILDING AT LOT No

**ADDRESS** 

MUNICIPALITY / SHIRE / CITY

FOR

DP No

TOWN/AREA

POST CODE

Hereinafter called the Proprietor

The builder must ensure that relative drawings plans and construction comply with the prescribed construction the Local Government Act the Building Code of Australia and that the work and services are performed by the Builder to the satisfaction of the Proprietor and Lending Authorities

This is to apply only if inspections are required by the Lending Authority. The building is to be inspected by the Society or Bank Representative at the following stages of construction and the Builder is to give the Lending Authority and Owner at least (2) clear working days notice that inspections are required.

When trenches for footings have been prepared or rock surfaces scabbled and in the case of reinforced concrete footings, when reinforcement and depth pegs have been placed in position just prior to placing of concrete. Footings must not be commenced until the trenches have been inspected. depth pegs have been placed in position just prior to placing of concrete. Postings must not be commenced until the trendres have been inspected and approved by the Society Representative.

On completion of floor wall and roof framing with noggins in position and veneer walling but before flooring is cut down roof covering is laid and wall linings and sheetings are secured.

When the internal wall coverings have been secured and fixing out commenced aprior mouldings must not be fixed until flashings have been represented and proposed. 2

3

when the internal wall coverings have been secured and fixing out commenced apron moditings hist not be fixed until liastings have been inspected and approved

ON COMPLETION OF BUILDING The owner is cautioned that if works have advanced beyond these stages without the requisite notices being given inspections made and unsatisfactory conditions are discovered later the offer of a loan or the terms and conditions of a loan may be varied by the lending authority

REGULATIONS AND NOTICES

REGULATIONS AND NOTICES
The builder is to comply with the Building Code of Australia as amended and as applicable to the particular State or Territory in which the building is being constructed and the requirements of legally constituted Authorities for local Government and/or Services. The Builder is to give all notices obtain all permits and pay all fees required by such Authorities. If any difference in requirements exists between this specification and the Building Code of Australia or relevant. Standard that may apply to the construction of any building nominated by this specification then the requirements of the Building Code of Australia and/or the appropriate Standard shall take precedence over this specification for any construction. Where manufacturers materials components design factors and construction methods comply with the Performance Requirements of the B.C.A. these may be accepted by approval authorities as an alternative as per the Deemed to Satisfy Provisions.

INSTIRANCE

Insurance of the works against fire will be effected as nominated in the Building Contract. The Builder shall at his own expense adequately insure against Public Risk and arrange indemnification in respect of his liability under the Workers Compensation Act. Work Cover and/or other regulations as applicable VISIT THE SITE.

Builders tendering are to visit the site and satisfy themselves to the nature and extent of the work the facilities available and the difficulties entailed in the execution of the said works. No extra amount above the accepted price will be allowed because of work arising due to neglect of this precaution or assumptions made in respect of levels or ground slopes

LABOUR AND MATERIALS

The Builder is to provide all materials labour fittings and plant required to construct and complete the work. Materials shall be of the standard specified and workmanship in each trade shall be performed by tradesmen of that particular trade and in conformity with current good building practice.

The Builder shall be responsible for the accuracy and clear delineation of the site boundaries and location of the buildings there on The Builder is to set out and maintain the works in accordance with the drawings Figured dimensions to be taken in preference to scale PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Any work indicated on the plans and not in the specification or vice versa, and any item not shown on either plans or specifications but which is obviously necessary as part of proper construction and/or finish is to be considered as so shown or specified and is to be duly done as part of the contract. Any variations to plans or specifications to be agreed and recorded by the proprietor and the builder/contractor PLANS ON JOB

The builder must at all times maintain on the job a legible copy of the plans and specifications bearing the approval of the Municipal Authority concerned or Principal Certifying Authority

**STANDARDS** 

Where an Australian Standard (AS) or Australian New Zealand Standard (AS/NZS) is nominated in this specification then that nomination refers to the latest revision of that Standard unless the Building Code of Australia references a different revision

EXCAVATOR - BCA part 3 1
EARTHWORKS AND EXCAVATIONS
All earthworks shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the guidelines of AS3798 Stormwater and other surface water drainage by underground piping or surface diversions shall be in accordance with AS/NZS3500
All siteworks shall be in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act and Regulations for siteworks for the erection of a building safeguarding excavations backfilling preventing soil movement and supporting neighbouring buildings. Drainage requirements must be determined according to the soil classifications BCA part 3 1 1 0 and part 3 2. Drainage in reactive soil areas must comply with the requirements of the clauses.
FOOTINGS AND PIERS BCA part 3 2 2.
Excavate for all footings piers etc to dimensions and minimum depth shown on plans or otherwise specified or to depths necessary to secure solid bottoms and even bearing throughout similar strata. Bottoms of excavations to be level and stepped where necessary. Grade fill and ram where necessary to receive concrete floors where shown on ground level.

At completion of foundations all excavations to be filled well rammed to ground level and surplus soil spread as directed. All seepage and soakage water to be effectively dealt with and diverted clear of the building. Excavate for and lay agricultural drains to back of walls retaining earth and to any other sections of foundations as may be necessary and/or directed.

ROCK EXCAVATIONS
Should rock of any type be encountered in excavation of the works the cost of its removal is to be considered as an extra to the contract and charged for at a rate.

Should rock of any type be encountered in excavation of the works the cost of its removal is to be considered as an extra to the contract and charged for at a rate per cubic metre as indicated in the schedule of rates. The Proprietor is to be notified when rock is encountered in excavations.

CONCRETER - BCA part 3 2 3

All structural concrete shall be ready mixed and in compliance with AS3600 and unless otherwise specified on Engineers drawings shall be of N20 grade. The concrete shall be supplied by an approved firm and delivery dockets shall be kept on the job for inspection by the proprietor if he so desires. The concrete for minor works where strength of concrete is not critical such as paving on solid ground may have a minimum compressive strength of 15MPA if unreinforced and 20 MPA if reinforced. Alternatively such concrete may be mixed on site where the aggregate proportions and water/cement ratio can be controlled so that the required compressive strengths can be obtained. All concrete work shall comply with the AS3600 Maximum slump shall be 80mm unless otherwise specified by Engineer. Concrete shall be carefully handled and placed to avoid segregation and shall be adequately compacted by means of mechanical vibrators or rodding and spading to ensure maximum compaction Reinforcing mesh fabric to AS 1304 and all reinforcing bars mild steel grade unless otherwise specified.

FOOTINGS BCA parts 3 2 3 2 4 and 3 2 5

Where sites have soils or foundations of reactive nature or problem sites footings shall be approved by a practising structural engineer and in the case of known highly swelling soils or other unstable soils special precautions may have to be taken in the design and construction of concrete footings. In the case of concrete suspended floors to first floor it will be necessary for size of footings to be specified by a practising structural engineer. Footing sizes to be as per AS2870 part 1.

At completion of footing excavations fill to the underside of floor slab with approved hardcore so as to provide a minimum depth of 100mm. Such hardcore may be carried under minor interior footings if required. Cover areas as noted on drawings with waterproof membrane allowing sufficient at perimeters to extend membrane up face of footing to terminate under external brickwork.

**TERMITE PROTECTION BCA part 3 1 3** 

**TERMITE PROTECTION BCA part 3 1 3**Where the building is being erected in a prescribed termite area and protection is required by regulation of local government or state authority then protection against subterranean termites shall be installed in accordance with AS 3660 Details of method of protection to be used shall be submitted where required prior to commencement of building works. Written certification signed by the installer that the method used and the manufacturers specification complies with the Australian Standard shall be provided to the relevant authority and owner where required. A durable notice must be permanently fixed in a prominent location in the building prior to its occupation indicating. The method and date of installation of the system and the need to inspect and maintain the system on a regular basis. 2. Where a chemical barrier is used the life expectancy as listed on the National Registration Authority label and recommended date of renewal. Note that AS3660 and BCA lists the minimum acceptable level of protection only. Owners and/or builders may specify and install additional protection if desired **FORMWORK**. All formwork for concrete shall be in accordance with AS 3610.

PATHS (see AS 3727 for guide to residential pavement construction)
Provide paths as indicated on plans. Concrete to be as previously specified and surfaced with wooden float. Excavate for and lay paths to even grades, true lines, and curves. Car tracks to be a minimum of 100mm thick and paths a minimum of 75mm. Provide expansion joints in paths at a maximum spacing of 1200mm with bitumen impregnated felt joining strips the full thickness of concrete with tooled V joints above same.

CROSS SECTION DIMENSIONS OF REINFORCED CONCRETE FOOTINGS for buildings with timber framed floors for sites classified a or s according to

		Size of Concret	e (width x depth)
CONSTRUCTION OF WALL	Normal thickness of wall to be supported (not more than)	For stable soil foundations Class A	Other foundations not subject to significant movement Class S
Brick single storey with wall height not exceeding 4200mm excluding any gable	mm	mm	mm
	270	400x300	400X400
	110	300x300	400x400
Brick two storey with external wall height not exceeding 7200mm excluding any gable internal wall height not exceeding 7200mm use 11TM reinforcement Top and Bottom	270	400x400	400x500
Brick veneer single storey with wall height not exceeding 4200mm excluding any gable Brick veneer two storey with external wall height not exceeding 7200mm excluding any gable	110	300x300	300x400
	110	300x300	300x400
Timber frame single storey – foundation walling measured from the top of the strip footing Up to 1500mm height Exceeding 1500mm and up to 3000mm height	110	300x300	300x400
	110	300x400	300x400

REINFORCEMENT FOR STRIP FOOTINGS	Width of Strip Footing	Minimum number of main wires per layer using 8TM or 11TM fabric	Minimum number of 10mm dia bars per layer	Minimum number of 12mm dia bars per layer
	300	_ 3		3 - 1
	400	4	4	4 <b> </b>

Where wall thickness exceeds as specified above increase footing width to maintain the offset and provide additional bar or bars so that bar centres do not exceed 200mm or an additional width of trench mesh maintaining in all cases the required concrete cover

**CONCRETE FLOORS BCA parts 3 2 3** 

Provide concrete floors where indicated on plans. Where not specifically detailed floors are to be a minimum of 100mm thick reinforced with No. F72 hard drawn reinforcing fabric set 32mm below top of concrete. Floor slabs to be full thickness and free from grooves and ridges. Finish surface in one operation as required for tiling or otherwise to fine finish with float or steel trowel and sponge. Thickness of floors shall be maintained under tiling recesses in all cases. Note that in Climate Zones 6.7 and 8 the edges and underneath some concrete slab construction may require thermal insulation.

INTEGRAL FLOOR SLABS AND SLAB ON GROUND. BCA part 3.2.5.

Grade whole area occupied by floor to a minimum depth as required to remove top soil and grass roots etc. Determine level of top of floor to habitable rooms a minimum of 150mm above highest point of adjacent proposed external ground level (adjust for fill or general excavation as required) or as otherwise required by Local Council.

Local Council

The external finished ground surface must be graded to drain water away from the building at a minimum slope away of 50mm over the first 1m as per BCA

Part3 1 2 3

Excavate for perimeter and other main footings to minimum depths as shown on Engineers drawings or to depths necessary to obtain solid bottoms and even bearing throughout a similar strata. Allow for sufficient recess for brickwork if carried under main floorings so as to reduce the amount of concrete necessary provided that the fill is retained from displacement under the footings (by a temporary earth bank or similar) and provided also that a minimum of 100mm depth of the same hardcore is provided under all footings in such case roadbase or ungraded bluemetal is recommended as hardcore coalwash is NOT to be used Reinforce to Engineers detail and pour in one continuous operation in concrete Grade 20 unless otherwise nominated. Residential slabs and footings must be constructed in accordance with AS2870 as amended.

SUSPENDED REINFORCED CONCRETE SLABS

All concrete slabs to separate areas within or adjoining a building generally of timber floor construction shall be suspended. Temporary formwork must be removed prior to final inspection. Permanent metal formwork approved by the lending authority may be used with slab sizes and reinforcement according to manufacturers recommendation

Suspended floor slabs to have minimum of 100mm bearing on at least two opposite sides and spans are not to exceed 2100mm except where specifically detailed Solid fill forming may be used under concrete floors (eg laundry garage) adjoining the building providing that the level of the top of the slab is not less than 50mm below anticap and/or dampcourse level of the main building. For spans exceeding 2100mm slabs supporting walls cantilever slab floors or where beams and columns are used to support the slab. a practising structural engineers details shall be submitted with the drawings and specifications.

PRESTRESSED BEAM FLOORING.

PROTECTION OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADD

Prestressed beams for areas to be constructed by this method shall be delivered to site and stacked for storage on timber packers to avoid damage and where

Prestressed beams for areas to be constructed by this method shall be delivered to site and stacked for storage on timber packers to avoid damage and where stacked one above the other the timber packers shall be positioned in vertical lines. Beams shall be purpose made by the manufacturer for this particular project designed in accordance with AS3600. Beams shall be individually marked for their respective location on the job and positioned in the work to comply with manufacturers key drawing. Cutting or drilling into beams or modification in any way shall be done only with the express authority of the manufacturer or their site representative. Seating for beams shall be true to line and level before positioning beams commences to ensure even uniform bearing and such seatings shall be not less in length than shown on the drawing or as follows. Brickwork bearing not less than 100m. A A C lightweight concrete steep bearing not less than 70mm. Internal walls bearing not less than 140mm. Internal walls full bearing across width of wall. Spacing of beams and fibre cement infill panel placement shall be strictly to manufacturers detail. Topping slab concrete shall have a 28 day strength of not less than 20 MPA and thickness shall not exceed 50mm unless shown on the drawings. Reinforce with nominal F52 Mesh U N O.

Topping slabs shall be continuously cured for 7 days to prevent non structural cracking.

#### BRICKLAYER - (construction of masonry building shall be as per AS3700) BCA part 3 3

CLAY BRICKS
To be sound hard of well burnt clay and shale and comply with specifications AS1225 Burnt Clay and Shale Building Bricks
SAND LIME BRICKS
To be sound hard of well burnt clay and shale and comply with specifications AS1225 Burnt Clay and Shale Building Bricks
SAND LIME BRICKS
To be sound hard of well burnt clay and shale and bave a transverse strength no less than as per Specification AS1640 Clay To Comply with AS1654 Calcium Silicate Bricks and have a transverse strength no less than as per Specification AS1640 Clay Bricks CONCRETE BLOCKS OR BRICKS

COMPLY WITH AS4455 Masonry Building Blocks/Pavers

SAND

To be clean sharp and free from all impunities

CEMENT MORTAR To be one part fresh cement to 3 parts sand

LIME MORTAR BCA part 3 3 1 6

To be one part firme to 3 parts sand Lime to be well slaked before use

COMPO MORTAR To be one part cement one part lime and 6 parts sand All bricks to be well wetted before use

This not to apply to textured bricks Footing courses to be grouted solid with cement mortar. All brickwork to be properly bonded, laid on full bed and all perpends filled. All piers are to be built solid and each

course grouted as work proceeds. Carry up all work true and plumb to even gauge and in level courses the full height and thickness required. The brickwork faces above damp course level to be finished with neatly ironed or raked joints. Beds and joints to be kept to a reasonable thickness. Finish all other exposed

BUILD THE FOLLOWING IN CEMENT MORTAR BCA part 3 3 1 6

All brickwork to underside of floor bearers level. All 110mm thick brickwork All copings steps brick balustrade walls sills piers wing walls retaining walls Brick Fences on alignment and/or brickwork under timber fencing also concrete blocks or bricks. Build compo mortar. All other Brickwork including concrete

SLEEPER PIERS BCA table 3 2 5 2
230 x 230mm up to 1 5 high footings are to be two courses of 350mm work. Where pier height exceeds 1 5m up to a maximum of 2 4m footings are to be two courses of 470 work and lower portion of pier to be 350 x 350. Concrete footings must be 500mm square and 200mm thick for an effective supported floor area of not more than 20m². All footings must have Engineers details for soil other than class A or S. ENGAGED PIERS

ENGAGED PIERS

To be minimum of 230 x 110 spaced at not more than 1 8m centres up to 1200 high to support floor bearers and at similar centres to stiffen walls supporting concrete slabs. Piers over 1200 high to be 230 x 230. All engaged piers to be anchored to walls with specified wall ties.

VENEER WALLS BCA 3 3 1 2

To be 110mm Brickwork built in Compo Mortar on foundation walls as previously specified. Internal faces to be 38mm from timber frames. Build in 3mm galvanised wall ties opposite each alternate stud four courses above level of bottom plate, then every fourth course and spaced not more than 460mm horizontally and 610mm vertically or 610mm horizontally and 460mm vertically. Ties to be left open for attachment to studs. A cavity space of between 25mm and 50mm must be maintained throughout. Where thermal insulation is required to comply with Energy Efficiency requirements, clear cavity spaces must be maintained. Cavities and weep holes to be clean and clear at damp course level. All mortar droppings to be caught on paper or other material and removed before internal linings are fixed. Mortar joints on inside face walls to be flush with brickwork.

SPECIAL WALLS (if shown on plans)

Walling not of timber Veneer on timber or masonry to be constructed as per Structural Engineers Detail and Certificate SINGLE LEAF MASONRY (Garage Walls etc.)
Footings as per BCA part 3 2 5 1 engaged piers and reinforcing to be as per part 3 3 1 ACCESS

ACCESS
Adequate access in the external foundation wall must be provided with a weatherproof lockable door and crawl access is to be provided to all under floor areas VENTILATION BCA part 3.4.1

Sub floor areas shall be ventilated by means of evenly distributed openings with an unobstructed area of 7300mm2 per lineal metre of external wall. Where particle board flooring is used the unobstructed area shall be increased to 7500mm2 per lineal metre and evenly spaced. Ventilation of internal walls shall be a minimum of 22000mm 2/m run of wall. Vents to be immediately below bearers and similarly provide vents under verandah floors and suspended floor slabs. Sufficient cross ventilation to be provided through all walls below floors. No section of the under floor area should be so constructed that is will hold pockets of still air. Appropriate special provision to be made where a gas bath heater is installed. Ventilation may be varied by Local Council.

BRICK REINFORCEMENT.

In full brick cavity walls at two courses above level of the highest opening built into each 110mm thickness one continuous strand of 64 wide galvanised metal reinforcement lapped 100mm at joints and full width of layer at intersections

ANT CAPS

To all brickwork and piers at the level of underside of floorbearers ant capping of 0.5mm gauge galvanised steel or other approved metal is to be set projecting 38mm beyond the internal faces of all brickwork and turned down at a 45 degree angle lapped 13mm and soldered or crimped at all joints and corners so as to provide a continuous and effective barrier against termites throughout the length of the material. Whole of house protection against subterranean termite attack shall be installed in accordance with AS 3660.

TIES BCA PART 3 3 3 1
Wall ties complying with AS/NZS2699 shall be used for all tie requirements. Corrosion protection and installation of wall ties is to comply with AS3700 STEPS

If shown on plan in bricks to match other exposed brickwork. To be built in solid work or where side walls are provided in consolidated filling. Treads are to be brick on edge or pre-cast concrete units with a maximum of 355mm going and a maximum of 190mm and minimum of 115mm rises.

LINTELS BCA PART 3 3 3 4 AND 3 3 3 5

Provide galvanised mild steel angle iron or bars of the following sizes over openings to each 110mm thickness (or part thereof) of brickwork all having a minimum of 110 bearing each end. All lintel angles to be placed with the longer leg vertical.

UPPER STOREY	EXTERNAL WALLS	INTERNAL WALLS
Up to 1210mm sp Up to 1570mm sp Up to 2410mm sp Up to 3010mm sp	an One 76x51x10 angle an One 127x76x10 angle	One 76mmx10mm bar One 76x51x10 angle One 127x51x10 angle One 152x89x10 angle

LOWER STOREY OR BASEMENT	EXTERNAL WALLS	INTERNAL WALLS
Up to 910mm span	One 76x76x10 angle	One 76x76x10 angle
Up to 1210mm span	One 102x76x10 angle	One 127x76x10 angle
Up to 1810mm span	One 152x76x10 angle	One 152x89x10 angle
Up to 2410mm span	One 152x102x10 angle	One 152x102x10 angle

FIREPLACE CHIMNEY and FLUES BCA part 3 2 5 5 and 3 7 3

FIREPLACE CHIMNEY and FLUES BCA part 3 2 5 5 and 3 7 3
Reinforced concrete footings 300mm wider all round than brick construction to be provided. Build 110mm brick wall and/or corbel courses to support hearth. Non combustible material to be used for upper surface of hearth with a minimum thickness of 155mm and shall extend not less than 300mm beyond the front of the fireplace opening and not less that 150mm beyond each side of the opening. Local council may vary this requirement. Upper surface of hearth not to slope away from grate. Provide fireplace and chimney in position as shown and to the dimensions on plan. Mild steel bars or angles of suitable sizes and with a 110mm bearing at each end to support work over openings. Up to the level of 300mm above the underside of the arch or lintel, the back and sides of the fireplace to be constructed in two separate sections of solid masonry minimum 190mm thick not including cavity. Concrete masonry not permitted in construction of inner section balance of walling to be minimum of 90mm thick. Flue to be rendered minimum 12mm thick. Mix. 1 cement. 2 lime. 10 sand or L.C. approved material. Chimney stack is to be not less that the height of the main roof ridge and is to be built in compo mortar. The flue is to be 250 x. 250mm or one tenth of the area of the fireplace opening, whichever is the greater gathered over to break daylight and pargetted to the full height. An 0.6mm galvanised steel tray, in one piece holed for flue is to be set at level of one course above roof covering on the high side of the roof. The internal edges are to be shaped to form a quadrant gutter. 25mm wide sweated at corners. The tray is to project a minimum of 25mm beyond the external faces of brickwork turned up and/or down as required. Where the tray is turned up, a clearance of at least 6mm is to be maintained between the brickwork and the tray. Provide weep holes by leaving open vertical joints in brickwork above tray. Rake joints in brickwork ready to receive flashing to be provided by Plumb

HEATING APPLIANCES
Heating appliances installed in brick or blockwork surrounds shall be in conformance with AS 1691 or AS 2918 as applicable

DAMPCOURSE BCA part 3 3 4

Provide a continuous run of L C Approved dampcourse material to full width of wall thickness on all brickwork at level not higher than bottom of floor bearers and engaged piers. Dampcourse material is to be run in long lengths, lapped minimum 100mm at joints and full width at all intersections. To wall surrounding concrete and/or solid floors an additional run of dampcourse is to be laid one full course above floor level and stepped down to meet lower dampcourse where other walls abut walls of bathroom, shower recess or laundry. Damp proof courses and flashings shall be installed to give performance as specified in AS/NZS 2004.

VERMIN PROOFING

13mm mesh galvanised bird wire to be built into brickwork and taken across cavity and secured to bottom plate FLASHING

LC approved dampcourse material to be built in under all window sills 25mm at back of wood sill and 50mm at each end of same. Flashing to be bent down across cavity and built 25mm into veneer wall. L.C. approved dampcourse material to be built in over all exposed window and external door openings **WEEP HOLES**.

Perpend joints are to be left open in exterior brick walls spaced approx 600mm in course immediately over flashings of all exposed openings and to brick retaining walls fender walls etc as required. See Bushfire Clauses for protection of weep holes in bush fire areas. retaining walls fender RETAINING WALLS

Retaining walls not specifically detailed and foundation walling required to retain earth are to be a minimum of 230mm thick up to a height of 750mm of retained earth. Cavity walls used to retain earth are to have the leaf adjacent to the retained earth a minimum of 230mm thick to a maximum of 900mm of retained earth height. All to be properly bonded (see Bonded Walls) and provide with a properly constructed agricultural drain to the earth side of retaining wall. For walls in excess of the above heights of retained earth an Engineers detail will be required BONDED WALL.

BONDED WALL
Solid brick walls more than one brick width which are used to retain earth or are otherwise noted as Bonded Walls shall be bonded throughout the thickness of the wall by either header bricks or equivalent tying. Where header bricks are used every sixth course shall be a header course or there shall be at least one header or equivalent tie to every 0 13sq metres (every third course at 480mm centres). Walls 350mm or more in thickness shall have overlapping headers or ties to provide a continuous tie through the wall

CAVITY WALLS

Walls indicated as cavity walls to be constructed with two leaves 110mm thick spaced nominally at 60mm apart. Where thermal insulation is required to comply with Energy Efficiency requirements clear cavity spaces must be maintained. Connect the two leaves with wall ties as per AS2699 set nominally

600mm apart in every fifth course. Ties to be embedded a minimum of 50mm in each leaf. Keep ties clean of mortar droppings and cavity clear as work

BCA part 3 3 3To full brick cavity walls secure door and window frames with 1 6mm galvanised iron straps set in brickwork. Straps to be 25mm wide and at least 300mm long, where practicable and spaced at a maximum of five courses apart. Set 25mm x 1 6mm galvanised iron straps 1800 apart and 1200mm down cavity with ends turned 75mm into brickwork to secure wall top plates. down cavity with COMPLETION

Clean all cavities Wait upon and make good after other trades Replace all damaged and defective bricks. Clean all exposed brickwork with diluted spirits of salts or as otherwise recommended by brick manufacturers, wash down with clean water and leave free from cement and mortar stains.

Below Dampcourse

1 part cement 1 part lime or lime putty 6 parts clean sand

BRICKLAYER (Concrete brick) A S 1346 - BCA part 3 3 1
MORTAR For normal conditions mortar to consist of Above Dampcourse 2 parts lime or lime putty 2 parts clean sand 2 1 part cement 2 parts clean sand 2 1 part cement 2 parts clean sand 2 1 part cement 2 parts clean sand 2 2 parts The substitution of other plasticisers for lime is not recommended. Under no circumstances should the proportion of cement be increased

BENERALLY
Bricks are to be dry when laid in wall. When delivered on site bricks should be stacked openly and off wet ground and where practicable to be covered in wet weather. Footing courses to be grouted solid. All brickwork to be properly bonded, laid on full bed and all perpends filled.

JOINTS BCA part 3 3 1 7

JOINTS BCA part 3317
Finish all external brickwork and internal feature walls with raked joints. Finish all other brickwork with neat struck joints. U.N.O.

JOINT REINFORCEMENT AND CONTROL JOINTS BCA part 3318 and 3319
In addition to reinforcement over openings as later specified provide joint reinforcement in bed joints at vertical spacings not exceeding 600mm. Control joints providing a continuous vertical separation through the entire thickness of the wall are to be provided where indicated on plans or where walls exceed 9m in length as close as practical building will permit. Reinforcement not to extend across control joints.

#### AUTOCLAVED AERATED CONCRETE BLOCKS

GENERALLY

Lightweight blockwork shall be Autoclaved Aerated Concrete blocks consisting of sand cement and lime and shall be installed to areas as indicated on drawings. Site provisions for storage of materials and for the mixing of adhesive shall be as recommended by the manufacturer WORKMANSHIP

Fixings fastenings anchors lugs and the like shall be of a type approved by the manufacturer and shall transmit the loads and stresses imposed and ensure the rigidity of the assembly Block laying shall be in accordance with the manufacturers current published specifications TOLERANCES

Maximum planar misalignment shall be 2mm along butt joints. The thickness and width of walls shall not vary by more than 5mm from design sizes. Deviation from plumb, level or dimensional angle must not exceed 5mm per 3.5m of length of member or 6mm in total run in any line INSTALLATIONS.

INSTALLATIONS

All lightweight blockwork shall be installed using thin bed adhesive mortar to all horizontals and perpends. The first course must be made true and level using a normal thick bed mortar with thin bed adhesive to fully seal the perpends. All thin bed adhesive shall be applied using a recommended notched trowel to obtain an even distribution of adhesive to achieve joint thickness of 2.3mm. All lightweight blockwork shall be laid in a format that the vertical joint of the lower course must be staggered at least 100mm relative to the vertical joint of the overlaying course. A slip/joint bond breaker must be installed between the first course and the foundations or slab on all internal and external walls to allow for differential movement between the blocks and the supporting structure. Build in as necessary all flashings reinforcements arch bars lintels frames straps bolts lugs wall ties metalwork precast units sills partitions joists and the like Carefully set out and leave openings for other trades to eliminate cutting.

CONTROL JOINTS BCA part 3.3.1.8

Control joints should be built into walls at no greater than 8m centres and at locations in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer. Masonry expansion ties shall be installed across the joint every third course.

On completion clean out all blocks mortar droppings debris etc and remove all scaffolding make good all put log holes and other blemishes and leave all work in perfect condition and protect until handove

CONCRETE BLOCK and REINFORCED MASONRY AS 3700 - BCA part 3 3 2

GENERALLY All masonry units shall comply with AS1500 Hollow Load Bearing Concrete Units Masonry shall be stacked on planks off the ground and in wet weather shall be covered with tarpaulins or otherwise kept dry. At the end of each days work the top of the wall shall be covered with tar paper polyethylene sheets or by other means protected from becoming excessively week Masonry units shall not be dampened prior to laying but shall be laid in

dry state MORTAR BCA PARTS 3 3 1 6 AND 3 3 1 7

Mortar shall comply with AS123 in all respects Plasticisers may be used when approved and where tests show the mortar with plasticisers meets the requirements of these specifications CONSTRUCTION BEDDING

All face and end joints shall be fully filled with mortar and joints shall be squeezed tight. Slushing of mortar into joints shall not be permitted. The first course of blocks shall be laid in a full bed or mortar. JOINTS

Joints
Joints on all exposed surfaces shall be as specified. The joint shall be formed by striking the mortar flush and after it has partially set tooling with the proper shaped tool to adequately compact the surface. The tool shall be of sufficient length to form a straight line free from waves. Internal joints shall be irroned. Where flush joints are left exposed, they shall be first compacted, then repointed and excess mortar removed. Joints shall be 10mm thick unless otherwise specified or directed.

PATTERNS AND BOND
All walls shall be built plumb, true and level to the thickness shown on the plans and with the pattern indicated or running bond U.N.O.

CONTROL JOINTS
Shall be located where shown and shall form a continuous vertical break from ton to bottom of wall or from bond beam. Provision shall be made for adequate.

Shall be located where shown and shall form a continuous vertical break from top to bottom of wall or from bond beam. Provision shall be made for adequate lateral stability. Joint shall be filled with mortar, raked back 16mm and pointed with a non hardening plastic filler. No reinforcing shall be carried across control.

JOINT REINFORCEMENT BCA part 3 3 2 3

Reinforce every 600mm in height and in the two courses immediately above and below window openings. Lap mesh at least 150mm at all joints and intersections except at control and expansion joints where a slip joint must be provided **BRACING DURING CONSTRUCTION** 

Masonry walls constructed in locations where they may be exposed to highwinds during erection shall not be built higher than ten times their thickness unless adequately braced or unless provision is made for prompt installation of permanent bracing such as intermediate floor or roof structure. Back filling shall not be placed against foundation walls or retaining walls before mortar or grouting has sufficiently hardened or before wall has been permanently braced to withstand horizontal pressure.

withstand horizontal pressure

WEATHERPROOFING BCA part 3 3 4

All concrete masonry walls exposed to the weather or below ground level shall be adequately water proofed using an approved paint or other coating and applied in accordance with the directions of the manufacturer

During the progress of the work every effort shall be made to keep walls that are to be left exposed clean Mortar smears shall be allowed to dry for a short period and shall then be promptly removed by trowel or wire brush or both Care shall be taken to avoid damage to the mortar joint when brushing Mortar burrs shall be promptly removed. At the conclusion of the work walls shall be cleaned down all scaffolding and debris removed and the wall left in good clean

**BUSHFIRE PRONE AREAS – BCA 3 7 4** 

Performance requirements are satisfied for a class 1 building located in a designated bushfire prone area if constructed in accordance with AS3959

N S W Variation

(a) AS3959 – Construction of buildings in bushfire prone areas excluding section 2 of that standard which is replaced by Planning for Bushfire Protection appendix 3 – Site Assessment for Bushfire Attack

(b) subclause (a) as modified by development consent following consultation with NSW Rural Fire Service under sec 79B of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

OR

(c) subclause (a) as modified for development consent with a bushfire authority issued under section 100B of the Rural Fires Act 1997

BUILDING		ATTACK CATEGORY	
COMPONENT	MEDIUM	HIGH	EXTREME
Flooring system	<ul> <li>(a) Concrete slab on ground</li> <li>(b) Suspended concrete floor</li> <li>(c) Framed floor with all joists and bearers above 600mm above ground</li> <li>(d) Framed floor where timbers are less than 600mm above ground</li> <li>(i) All timbers fire retardant</li> <li>OR (ii) subfloor space fully enclosed as per the wall above</li> <li>OR (iii) fully enclosed with non combustible material or 6mm thick F R cement sheets</li> </ul>	As per medium requirements	As per medium requirements except that where bearers and joists are greater than 600mm above ground and not enclosed all timbers must be fire retardan treated or sheeted underneath with non combustible material
Supporting posts piers stumps poles (except where enclosed as per flooring systems)	(a) Non combustible material     (b) Fire retardant treated timber to 400mm above ground     (c) Timber mounted on 75mm high stirrups	As per medium requirements	As per medium requirements except that all timber is to be fire retardant treated
External Walls	(a) Masonry concrete or earthwall (b) Framed wall with (i) sarking having a flammability index not more than 5 OR (II) an insulation material of that standard (c) Timber logs with all joints between the logs planed and sealed (d) Combustible sheet cladding if cladding within 400mm of ground is covered by non combustible sheet material	As per medium requirements except that  (a) P V C cladding must not be used and  (b) Timber wall cladding must be fire retardant treated	As per high attack category
Windows	The openable part of a window must be screened with aluminium steel or bronze corrosion resistant mesh with 1 8mm max aperture size	As per medium requirements except that (a) timber must be fire retardant treated except if enclosed by non combustible shutters (b) Leadlight windows must be protected with non combustible material or toughened glass (c) Window screens must not be aluminium	As per high requirements except that windows not protected by non combustible shutters shall be glazed with toughened glass
External doors	External doors must be fitted with     weather strips or draught excluders to prevent build up of burning debris and     tight fitting screen doors with corrosion resistant mesh as per windows	As per medium requirements except that (i) aluminium mesh must not be used and (ii) leadlight panels must be protected by non combustible shutters or panels	As per high bushfire requirements except that (a) Timber doors must be fire retardant treated OR (b) Protected by non combustible shutters OR (c) Solidcore doors min 35mm
Vents and weepholes	Vents and weepholes must be protected by spark guards of corrosion resistant 1 8mm max mesh size aluminium steel or bronze	As per medium category except that aluminium mesh must not be used	As per high category requirements
Roof covering eaves and fascias	(a) Timber shakes or shingles are not allowed (b) Sheet roofing must be metal or fibre reinforced cement (c) Seal gaps under corrugations at wall or eaves line by (i) fully sarking roof OR (ii) corrosion resistant mesh as per weepholes or profiled metal sheet or mineral wool (d) Hip and ridge capping must be preformed with no gaps or gaps sealed as per (c) (e) Roof wall junctions must be sealed by (i) fascia and eaves lining OR (ii) sealing to u/side of roofing at wall line with non combustible material (f) Tiled roofs must be fully sarked (including ridge) with sarking directly under tiling batters All sarking must have Flammability Index less than 5	As per medium requirements except that (a) all roof sheeting must be non combustible and sarked and (b) Timber eaves lining and/or trimming strips must be of fire retardant treated timber and (c) Fascias must be non combustible or fire retardant treated	As per high category requirements except that  (a) Fibre reinforced cement or aluminium sheet must not be used for roof sheeting or fascias and  (b) Aluminium must not be used for eaves linings
Roof lights	(a) rooflight penetrations and shafts must be sealed with non combustible sleeve and linings     (b) A rooflight may be of metal framed thermoplastic provided that the diffuser at ceiling level is wired or toughened glass in a metal frame     (c) Vents in rooflights must have a steel or bronze mesh screens with 1 8mm max aperture size	As per medium requirements except that (a) roof light glazing must be wired glass (Thermo plastic or toughened glass must not be used)	As per the requirements for high category attack
Roof Ventilators	All components of roof ventilators including rotary ventilators mu protected by 1 8mm max aperture size non corrosive steel or bro	st be of non combustible materials and	ventilation openings must be
Gutters and downpipes	Must be constructed of non combustible materials including mate	rials or devices to stop leaves collecting	a or cloading
Verandah and decks	Supporting posts columns and piers and external walls must con If sheeted or tongue and grooved solid flooring is used the flooring	nply with previous requirements as pering system must comply with previous r	this table for all categories equirements for flooring systems
	(a) spaced timber deck flooring (i) gaps in deck strips must not be less than 5mm (ii) the perimeter of the deck must not be enclosed (iii) The deck flooring must be separated from main building so fire will not spread	(a) spaced timber deck flooring must be fire retardant treated	(a) as per high category except that all timber (including balustrades) must be fire retardant treated or all materials must be non combustible

NOTES

- (a) Fire retardant timber must comply with requirements of AS/NZS3837 Some timber varieties naturally meet the Ignition and Heat Radiance Parameters when tested to ASTM D2898 Method B without having to be fire retardant treated
- External timbers in a verandah patro deck or the like are regarded as protected also if they are under a roof or similar structure that projects to a line at an angle of 30° off the vertical from the base of the wall
- (c) Where roofing systems are fully sarked mesh protected vents may be necessary to reduce condensation in some areas (d) Where sub floor areas are enclosed termite protection must not be compromised

#### **ENERGY EFFICIENCY – BCA part 3 12**

Performance provisions of the BCA part 2 6 requires that a building must have a level of thermal performance so that greenhouse gas emissions are reduced using energy efficiently. This level of thermal performance must facilitate the efficient use of energy for cooling and heating. This will be achieved by selection of materials and methods of construction of Building Fabric External Glazing. Building sealing. Air movement and services as best suited to the particular Climatic Zone in which the building is sited.

A building must have an energy rating of not less than 5 stars complying with the ABCB protocol for House Energy Rating ( Note BCA part 2 6 does not apply ın N S W) Map of Australian Climate Zones for Thermal Design can be viewed on the Australian Building Code Boards website at www.abcb.gov.au

R Value is the Thermal Resistance of a component to heat and cold movement. Thermal movement is upwards or downward through a roof or a combination

THERMAL RESISTANCE minimul BUILDING COMPONENT	Γ –				CLIN	ATE ZO	VE		_			
ROOFS	1	2	Altitude less the	an 300	2 Altitude 300m c	r more	3	4	5	6	7	8
Direction of heat flow			Downwards		Downwards	and upwa	rds			Upwards		
Minimum Total R Value required	22		22		25		22	30	27	32	38	43
BUILDING COMPONENT					CI	IMATE Z	ONE					
WALLS Minimum Total R – Value required	-	1_		3	4 - 17	5		6 7			-	<u>8</u> 28
QLD Variation minimum Total R Va	ue		10		na	14				na		
pecial Condition apply to two storey	nouses											

Added insulation to achieve minimum R Values for various climate zones can be (a) Reflective Insulation or (b) Bulk insulation or a combination of both Reflective Insulation must be installed with not less than 20mm air space between the more reflective side and a building lining or cladding (note cavity clearances are not to be reduced) and closely fitted against any penetration and or door/window frame be adequately supported and overlapped to adjoining sheet not less than 150mm Bulk insulation must be installed so that it maintains its position by not slumping and forming voids and must abut other installation or building members. Care should be taken that insulation does not interfere with the safety or performance of services or fittings. Insulation as manufactured must comply with AS/NZS4859.1

special requirements Consult authorities

	INSULATION TO BE ADDED TO BUILDING	COMPONENT TO ME							
ROOF				MATE ZO	NE		,	<del></del> _	
TYPE	ROOFS	12	12	_	_	_	_	i _	l .
		Below 300m	at or over	3	4	5	6	7	8
	<u> </u>	AHD aftitude	300m AHD		Ĺ <u> </u>	<del></del>			<del></del>
Minimum req	uired Total R Value for roofs	2 2	2 5	22	30	27	32	38	43
	SKILLION ROOF AND CATHEDRAL CEILING								
TILED	Total R Value of roof materials	0 4 downwards	0 4 down and t				40 upwar		
	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	18	21	18	2 59	2 29	2 79	3 39	3 89
FLAT ROOF	SKILLION ROOF AND CATHEDRAL CEILING								
TILED	Total R Value of roof materials	0 4 downwards	0 41 down and u				41 upwar		
	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	1 79	2 09	1 79	2 59	2 29	2 79	3 39	3 89
_FLAT CEILIN	IG WITH PITCHED ROOF - CAVITY ROOF SI	PACE							
TILED	Total R Value of roof materials	0 7 downwards	0 35 down and u				35 upwar	ds	
	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	15	2 15	1 85	2 65	2 35	2 85	34	3 95
FLAT ROOF	SKILLION ROOF AND CATHEDRAL CEILING	S - CEILING LINING UI	NDER RAFTERS						
METAL	Total R Value of roof materials	0 38 downwards	0 35 down and u	ρ		0	39 upwar	ds	
	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	1 82	2 12	1 82	2 61	2 31	2 81	3 41	3 91
FLAT ROOF	SKILLION ROOF AND CATHEDRAL CEILING	- CEILING LINING OF							
METAL	Total R Value of roof materials	0 37 downwards	0 37 down and u				39 upwar		
	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	1 83	2 13	1 83	2 61	2 31	2 81	3 41	3 91
	IG WITH PITCHED ROOF - CAVITY ROOF S	PĀCE							
METAL	Total R Value of roof materials	0 5 downwards	0 4 down and up				4 upward		
	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	17	21	18	26	23_	28	34_	3 9

A roof must achieve the minimum Total R Value specified In Climate Zones 1.2 and 3 pitched roof material with a flat ceiling must have a Solar Absorbance value less than 0.55 RBM installed below the roof and the roof space ventilated by roof gable eaves or ridge vents that allow an unobstructed air flow with no dead air spaces. Vents must have a total fixed open area of not less than 1% of the ceiling area. OR not less than 2 wind driven ventilators in association with fixed vents subject to approval

#### TYPICAL SOLAR ABSORPTANCE VALUES OF COLOURED ROOFS

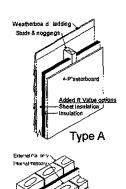
Suspended floors without heating and unenclosed around perimeter

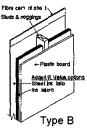
Slate (dark grey)	09			Light Grey	0 45
Ped Green	0 75	Zinc Aluminium (dull)	0 55	off white	0 35
Yellow Buff	06	Galvanised steel (dull)	0 55	Light Cream	03

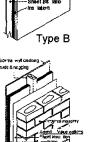
An external wall must achieve the minimum Total R Value for the relevant Climate Zone or in Climate Zones 1 2 and 3 to be shaded by a verandah balcony carport eaves and gutter or the like The horizontal projection from the external face of the building must be not less than one quarter of the overall height of the wall measured from the internal floor vertically to the underside of the projection. This applies to all stories NOTE. In Climate Zones 4 5 6 7 and 8 all walls must achieve a surface density of not less than 220 Kg/m2 and in Climate Zone 6 be constructed on a flooring system that is in direct contact of ground i.e. concrete slab or in Climate Zones 6 7 and 8 incorporate insulation with an R Value not less than 1 0 to the edges and underneath the slab. These requirements to not apply to South facing walls in Climate Zones 1 2 and 3 south of latitude 20 south

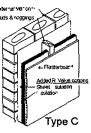
R VALUE OF INSULATION TO BE ADDED TO BUILDING COM	TOREIT TO MEET TO THE TABLE TO THE		CLIMATE	ZONE	
TYPICAL WALL CONSTRUCTION	R VALUES	1235	46	7	8
	Minimum required Total R - Value for Walls	14	17	19	28
	Total R Value of Wall Materials		0 47	·	
(A) Weatherboard minimum 70mm Timber Frame	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	0 93	1 23	1 43	2 33
·	Total R Value of Wall Materials		0_4		
(B) Cement or Metal Sheet 70mm timber frame	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	1.0	13	15	24
<del></del>	Total R Value of Wall Materials		0 54		
(C) Clay Masonry Veneer minimum 110mm Veneer	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	0 86	1 16	1 36	2 26
	Total R Value of Wall Materials		0 52		
(D) Concrete Block Masonry minimum 140mm Masonry	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	0 88	1 18	1 38	2 28
<u> </u>	Total R Value of Wall Materials		067	·	
(E) Cavity Clay Masonry 110 ext veneer 90mm internal (min)	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	0.73	Se	e note abov	e
	Total R Value of Wall Materials		0.5		
(F) External insulated Clay Masonry Minimum 110 mm masonry	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	09	12	14	23
	Total R Value of Wall Materials		0 48		
(G) External insulated Corner Masonry minimum 140mm thick	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	0 92	1 22	1 42	2 32
<u> </u>	Total R Value of Wall Materials		1 73		
(H) Autoclaved Aerated Masonry minimum 200mm thick	Minimum R Value of insulation to add	Nil	Nil	Nil	1 07

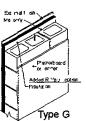
#### SEE NEXT PAGE FOR DIAGRAMS OF THE ABOVE WALL TYPES

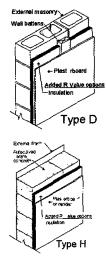












ENERGY EFFICIENT EXTERNAL GLAZING - BCA part 3 12 2
This part of the BCA applies to Class 1 buildings and class 10a buildings with a conditioned space
Acceptable Construction Practice The effective glazing area of a building must not exceed the percentages of the building area as per BCA Table 3 12 2 1
This table defines the maximum effective glazing area (Total glazed area of all windows in a storey) as a percentage of the total floor area of a storey. The glazing area limits listed provide only the minimal protection against overheating (heat flow into the building via the glazing) and heat loss (through the glazing) in cold conditions. The heat loss or gain can be controlled by siting of windows shading use of protective films double glazing with air or gas fill in a sealed on shading of the glazed area by verandahs balcony fixed canopies etc or a shading device. A shading device must restrict at least 80% of the solar radiation when in use and can be a shutter blind vertical or horizontal screen with blades batters slats etc and be adjustable by the building occupants. Where necessary the nomination of glazing types window locations are selectable in Nathers 2 32A.

#### CARPENTER GENERALLY

GENERALLY

All timber shall comply with the appropriate standard as listed below. Timber sizes shall be selected so that the building as constructed complies with AS1170.2 or AS4055 for serviceability and Design Wind Gust Velocities (permissible stress) of 33 M/s minimum. Substitution of some members may be required for higher Gust Wind Velocities and advice of local authorities Building Department or Structural Engineer should be sought as whether design to N3. or higher is required STRESS GRADES

Visually Stress Graded Timber Timbers whose species or place of growth is known may be visually graded for quality in accordance AS 2082 Mechanically Stress Graded Timber of required stress grade according to AS/NZS 1748 may be used regardless of species Seasoned Timbers All timber shall be regarded as seasoned only if its moisture content does not exceed 18 per cent

Timbers All timbers BCA part 3 4 3

FRAMING BCA part 3 4 3

Timber sizes in this specification are based on AS1684 4 Simplified Non cyclonic areas with restrictions as follows. Maximum wind classification N2 (33m/s) maximum roof pitch 30° maximum building width 12 0m maximum rafter overhang 750mm maximum wall height at ext. walls floor to ceiling 2400mm. The sizes are for information only and should not be used for construction. All design for a structure within these limits should be carried out by reference to AS1684 4

NOTE for wind classification N3 (W41N) and N4 (W50N) Non cyclonic areas with building widths 12 0m and up to 16 0m and with roof slopes exceeding 30° and up to 35° design according to AS1684 2 is required.

CUTTING ASSEMBLY AND ERECTION OF FRAMING ABOVE GROUND FLOOR LEVEL

Where framing is cut assembled and erected on site particular care should be taken that member sizes and fixings are designed to comply with stress grades for the particular number of stories and roof loads according to AS1684

FLOOR FRAMING

Ground floor timbers shall be only of hardwood cypress pine or pressure treated Radiata or Canada Pine below a height of 300mm above finished ground level and must not be built into brickwork. Subfloor ventilation shall conform to BCA part 3 4 1. In Bushfire Prone Areas special conditions apply

ANT CAPS.

ANT CAPS
To all brickwork and piers at the level of underside of floorbearers and capping of 0 5mm gauge galvanised steel or other approved metal is to be set projecting 38mm beyond the internal faces of all brickwork and turned down at a 45 degree angle lapped 13mm and soldered or crimped at all joints and corners so as to provide a continuous and effective barrier against termites throughout the length of the material. Whole of house protection against subterpanean termite attack shall be installed in accordance with AS 3660.1

Bearers should be laid in straight and normally parallel lines with top surfaces arranged to give level bedding for joists. Unless specifically noted as otherwise bearers shall be located directly under all loadbearing walls except where walls are located at right angles to line of bearers in which case piers or other approved supports shall be provided for bearers at points where they cross under such walls. Bearers having minor excesses in depth shall be brought to required level by checking out underside over supports. Packing is to be avoided but where there is no alternative corrosion resistant and incompressible sheet material over full area of contact may be permitted. Bearers having not more than permitted spring shall be placed so that they tend to straighten under loading. Joints in bearers unless specifically detailed otherwise shall be made only at points of support on which adequate bearing for both members can be provided and the joint shall be secured by means of bolting or spiking against displacement or separation.

Joists shall be laid over bearers in straight and normally parallel lines with top surfaces set accurately to a common level to receive flooring. Underside of joists having minor excesses in depth are to be notched out over bearers to obtain required common level. Packing may be employed if unavoidable similar to that for bearers such packing to be securely fixed. Joists having not more than the permitted amount of spring shall be laid so that they tend to straighten under loading. Joints unless specifically detailed shall be made only over bearers or other supports. Joints occurring in joists which are parallel and support wallplates shall be made at points of support which provide adequate bearing for both ends which shall be butted or scarfed to maintain a straight line. Posts shall be securely skew nailed from both sides to bearers at all points of support on timber wall plates or bearers carried on walling off sets or attached piers where such method is not practicable and height of floor is more than 1800mm above ground the ends of joists or bearers may bear in pockets formed in the wall which allow at least 12mm clear air space at sides and ends of members and provide solid bearing at least 100mm in depth. Where the unsupported span of deep joists exceed 2700mm 50mm x 50mm herringbone strutting or solid blocking of 25mm min thickness shall be provided in continuous rows between joists at not more than 1800mm centres.

#### EAVES BEAMS AND VERANDAH PLATES

EAVES BEAMS AND VERANDAH PLATES

Eaves beams and verandah plates shall be provided to support rafters or trusses over full height openings or recesses in walls or over verandahs or porches covered by main roof structure. Any reduction in nominal size through mill dressing or scalloping shall be allowed for so that the minimum size listed is not reduced. The ends of eaves beams and verandah plates that are supported on stud wall shall be carried by studs or stud groups as for heads for equivalent spans. End fixing shall provide resistance to uplift or displacement. Verandah Posts to be not less than 100mm x 100mm in timber F11. If supporting roof loads they shall be as per AS1684.2

ROOFING BATTENS. Supporting roofing only. (Note roofing battens are not suitable for the safe support of workers prior to fixing roof cladding). Battens should be continuous over a minimum of two spans and their design to suit rafter/truss spacing and batten spacing must be in accordance with AS1684 for the allowable roof mass.

allowable roof mass

Trim as required between ceiling joists or trusses for manhole 600 x 400mm minimum size. Line the opening and provide a suitable cover

#### **EAVES**

Project rafters to give a soffit at eaves of directed width and fix 200 x 25mm timber fascia or colourbond steel as directed. Where eaves are boxed in soffit bearers (sprockets) of 50 x 38mm shall be provided spaced to suit eaves lining and attached directly to outer ends of rafters. In brick veneer buildings the inner ends of soffit bearers shall be fixed to the frame so as to be 20mm or more clear above top of brickwork at time of construction. In solid masonry buildings the inner ends of soffit bearers shall be located by means of 50 x 25mm hangers from rafters or wall plates. In Bushfire Prone Areas fascias and eaves linings have special requirements.

PREFABRICATED TIMBER WALL FRAMES AND TRUSSES – BCA part 3 4 3
Where prefabricated frames and/or trusses are used for construction of the building the manufacturers certification of construction according to AS1684 2 or AS1684 4 for the building on the particular site must be obtained. Where certification is attached to truss or framing members the certification labels shall be left in place after erection for approval by the appropriate Building Surveyor P C A or Council Authority Timber trusses purpose manufactured for this project and engineer designed according to AS1720 1 are to be spaced at centres as directed, erected and fixed in accordance with the manufacturers instructions as approved. Support only on ends or designed bearing points. Where spacing of trusses exceeds 600mm centres provide intermediate ceiling joists in 100mm x 38mm hardwood (in F7) or 100mm x 50mm (in F8) supported from hangers at maximum of 2100 centres. Hanging beams shall be supported not more than 600mm from bottom chord nanel points unless hangers are provided to nearest too chord nanel points. 600mm from bottom chord panel points unless hangers are provided to nearest top chord panel points

#### MASSES OF TYPICAL ROOF CONSTRUCTION

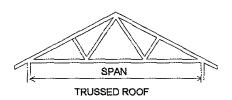
MASS OF ROOF	MATERIAL
10_kg/m2	Steel sheet roofing 0 50mm thick and battens
20 kg/m2	Metal sheet tiles or medium gauge steel sheet roofing battens 12mm softwood ceiling lining sarking and lighweight insulation
30 kg/m2	Steel sheet roofing 0 775mm thick 13mm plaster ceiling roof and ceiling battens sarking and lightweight insulation
40 kg/m2	Steel sheet roofing 0 75 thick battens graded purlins and high density fibreboard ceiling lining
60 kg/m2	Terracotta or concrete tiles and battens
75 kg/m2	Terracotta or concrete tiles roofing and ceiling battens 10mm plasterboard sarking and insulation
90 kg/m2	Terracotta or concrete tiles purlins roofing and ceiling battens 19mm hardwood ceiling lining sarking and insulation

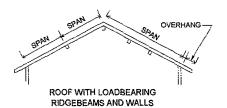
#### DEFINITIONS

Spacing Where this term is used the measurement shall be the centre to centre distance between members

Span Where this term is used the measurement shall be the face to face distance between members

Reference is made to effective roof spans in the tables the span is an indicator of the mass of roof being carried by the outer wall members





TABLES OF TIMBER SIZES		SINGLE STO	OREY TILED F	ROOF		SINGLE ST	OREY SHEET	Γ ROOF	
Framing Member		Unseasoned		Seasoned		Unseasoned		Seasoned	
Stud Height 2400	Span	F8	F5	MGP10	MGP12	_F8	F5	MGP10	MGP12
BEARERS									
Strutted roof - max_rafter span 3000		•					1		
@ 1800 spacing continuous over two	1500	100 x 75	2/120 x 35	2/120 x 35	2/90 x 35	100 x 75	2/90 x 35	2/90 x 35	2/90 x 35
or more spans load bearing	1800	125 x 75	2/140 x 35	2/120 x 35	2/90 x 35	125 x 75	2/120 x 35	2/120 x 35	2/90 x 35
Trussed Roof 9 0 Span External	í	•	<b>i</b>		į		i 1		ĺ
Wall 1800 spacing continuous over	1500	175 x 75	2/170 x 35	2/140 x 35	2/140 x 35	125 x 75	2/120 x 35	2/120 x 35	2/90 x 35
two or more spans load bearing	1800	150 x 75	2/190 x 35	2/190 x 35	2/140 x 35	200 x 75	2/190 x 35	2/190 x 35	2/170 x 35
JOISTS									ļ
450 spacing-continuous over two or									
more spans	1800	125 x 38	120 x 45	120 x 35	120 x 35	125 x 38	120 x 45	120 x 35	120 x 35
					l		l i		
LINTELS	900	100 x 75	2/90 x 35	90 x 45	90 x 35	100 x 50	2/90 x 35	90 x 45	90 x 35
Trussed Roof 9000 Span	1200	125 x 75	2/120 x 35	120 x 45	2/90 x 45	125 x 50	140 x 45	2/90 x 45	2/90 x 35
	1500	175 x 75	2/140 x 45	2/120 x 45	2/120 x 45	150 x 50	2/120 x 35	2/140 x 35	2/90 x 45
	1800	200 x 75	2/170 x 45	2/170 x 35	2/140 x 35	150 x 75	2/140 x 35	2/120 x 35	2/120 x 35
<u> </u>	2100	225 x 75	2/240 x 35	2/170 x 45	2/170 x 35	175 x 75	2/170 x 35	170 x 45	2/120 x 45
	2400	275 x 75	2/240 x 35	2/240 x 35	2/190 x 45	200 x 75	2/170 x 45	2/170 x 35	2/140 x 45
	3000		2/290 x 45	2/290 x 35	2/240 x 45	250 x 75	2/240 x 35	2/190 x 45	2/190 x 35
1	1 -500	1	1				1 1	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	1

2/290 x 35

2/240 x 45

UNCOUPLED ROOF WITH LOADBEARING RIDGEBEAMS AND/OR WALLS

		Rafter		Unsea	soned	_	l -	Seas	oned	
Rafter Span	ļ	Spacing	F5	F7	F8	F11	F5	MGP10	MGP12	F17
Tiled Roof Co	eiled									
3000	ì	600	200 x 38	200 x 50	175 x 50	175 x 50	175 x 45	140 x 45	140 x 45	140 x 35
	Overhang	1	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
3600	-	600	250 x 50	225 x 50	225 x 50	200 x 50	240 x 35	170 x 45	170 × 45	170 x 35
(	Overhang		750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
4200	_ ·	600	275 x 50	275 x 50	250 x 50	250 x 50	240 x 45	240 x 35	190 x 45	190 x 45
	Overhang		750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
4800		600	275 x 75	275 x 75	300 x 50	275 x 50	290 x 35	240 x 45	240 x 35	240 x 35
	Overhang (	ĺ	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
5400	- [	600		300 x 75	300 x 75	275 x 75		290 x 35	290 x 35	240 x 45
(	Overhang	{		750	750	750		750	750	750
Sheet Roof C	Ceiled							'		
3000	1	900	175 x 50	175 x 50	175 x 50	150 x 50	140 x 45	140 x 35	120 x 45	120 x 45
	Overhang		750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
3600	<u> </u>	900	225 x 50	200 x 50	200 x 50	200 x 50	170 x 45	170 x 35	140 x 45	140 x 45
	Overhang	- 1	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
4200	- 1	900	250 x 50	250 x 50	225 x 50	225 x 50	240 x 35	190 x 45	170 x 45	170 x 45
(	Overhang	1	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
4800	- 1	900	300 x 50	275 x 50	275 x 50	250 x 50	240 x 45	240 x 35	190 x 45	190 x 45
(	Overhang	1	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
5400		900	300 x 75	275 x 75	300 x 50	275 x 50	290 x 35	240 x 45	240 x 35	240 x 35
	Overhang		750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750

#### NOTE

- Allowable overhangs are based on a maximum birdsmouth depth of D/3 Where rafters are not birdsmouthed the allowable overhang may be increased to 30% of the single span for that member provided that the overhang does not exceed 50% of the actual backspan Overhang limits are only applicable where rafter ends are supported by a structural fascia

NOTE Sizes shown in tables in this specification are intended only as a guide to the size and stress grade for a particular member of a building frame All timber framing should be designed and constructed in accordance with AS1684 2 and/or AS1684 4

Sizes in this specification are based on AS1684 4 Simplified Non cyclonic areas with restrictions as follows

Maximum wind classification N2 (33m/s)

Maximum Roof pitch 30°

Maximum building width 12 0m

Where a building exceeds the restrictions as listed above design to comply with AS1684 2 will allow wind speeds up to N4 (50 m/s) roof slopes up

to 35° and building widths up to 16 0m

PERMANENT BRACING OF WALLS AS PER AS1684 2 Section 8 - BCA parts 3 4 3 8, 3 4 3 11, 3 4 3 19, 3 4 3 20 and 3 4 3 21
This section Permanent Bracing of walls as per AS1684 shows typical bracing applicable to timber frame construction as explanatory information only TYPE A UNITS (Design racking resistance of 2kN) The following bracing units are deemed satisfactory type A braces
1 A pair of diagonal timber or metal section braces in opposite directions from each end of the wall as per fig (A) OR galvanised metal tensioned strap bracing as per fig (B)
2 Single diagonal timber or metal section brace as per figure (C)
3 A 900mm minimum wide panel of structural plywood as per figure (D)

Type A Bracing – Pair of diagonals from each end of wall							
Timber	Metal Section	Tensioned Straps					
50mm x 19mm for studs up to 2 7m long	18mm x 16mm x 12mm min galvanised angle brace fixed	Flat galvanised straps 0 8mm thick x 20 wide Fixings one					
75mm x 19mm for studs over 2 7m long	with one 2 8mm dia x 30 long galvanised flat head nail to	galvanised flat head nail 2 8mm dia x 30mm long to each					
Fixing galvanised flat head nail 2 8mm dia x 50mm long to	each plate and stud edge	plate and stud edge Tension straps					
each plate and stud							

Type A Bracing – Single diagonal at end of wall	
Timber	Metal Section
75mm x 19mm min fixed with two 2 8mm dia x 50mm long flat head galvanised mails to each	Galvanised angle brace fixed with two 2 8mm dia x 30 long galvanised flat head nails to each
stud and plate	plate and stud

Type B Units (design racking resistance of 4kN The following bracing units are deemed to be satisfactory type B braces

Type B Units (design racking resistance of 4kN The following bracing units are deemed to be satisfactory type B braces

1 A pair of diagonal galvanised metal tension straps of minimum nominal dimension 30mm x 0 8mm in opposing directions on one side of timber frame. Ends of straps shall be bent over top and bottom faces of plates and fixed with four 3 15mm dia x 30mm long galvanised flat head nails. Braces shall be fixed to stud edges with two similar nails to each crossing. End studs of braces section shall be strapped to top and bottom plates with 30mm x 0 8mm galvanised strap looped over plate and fixed to studs with four galvanised flat head nails 3 15mm dia x 30mm long each end of loop

2 A 900mm minimum wide panel of structural plywood as shown in figure (D). Fixed as follows

Plywood stress grade F8

Stud spacing 450mm to be 7mm thick ply

Plywood stress grade F11

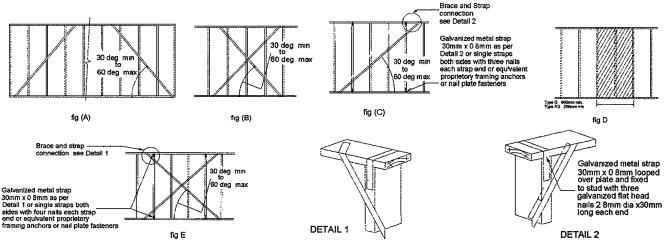
Stud spacing 450mm to be 4mm thick ply

Stud spacing 600mm to be 9mm thick ply

Plywood stress grade F14

Stud spacing 450mm to be 4mm thick ply

Fixing 2 8mm dia x 30mm long galvanised flat head nails at 50mm centres along top and bottom plates. 150mm centres along vertical edges and 300mm centres along intermediate studs.



Diagrams as shown and explanation of the various types of bracings are not intended to specify bracing requirements for any timber frame construction. All bracing requirements for a particular design in timber framing must be determined in accordance with Section 8 of AS1684 2 or AS1684 4 as applicable.

TIEDOWN REQUIREMENTS BCA tables 3 4 3 8, 3 4 3 9 and 3 4 3 18

Tie down requirements for timber frame construction can be determined from AS1684 4 Section 9 for maximum design gust wind speeds of 33m/sec. For wind speeds in excess of 33m/sec design as per AS1684 2 is required.

Tie down fixings should be determined for the following connections a) bearers to piers

d) studes to bottom and top plates

a) bearers to piers
d) studs to bottom and top plates
b) floor joists to bearers
e) rafters to top plates
f) rafters to ceiling joists
note the down intrings should be determined as a discontinuous discontinuous

CYCLONIC AND OTHER HIGH WIND AREAS BCA part 3 10 1
Where buildings are to be constructed in regions B C and D as per AS/NZS1170 2 and AS1170 2 compliance with the AS1170 2 Minimum Design Loads on Structures or AS4055 Australian Wind Loads for Housing
NOTE High wind areas exist outside of cyclone regions B C and D Clarification of the category at the site should be sought from local authorities
Cyclonic Regions of Australia and Tasmania are shown on Map BCA fig 3 10 1 4

#### STEEL FRAMING AND OR TRUSSES BCA part 3 4 2

MAI FRIALS
All framing sections shall be manufactured from galvanised steel conforming to AS1397 Galvanised materials up to 3 2mm thick shall have minimum coating mass of 200 g/m2 Design fabrication and fixing shall be as per recommendations of the component manufacturers design manual Design for Residential and Low Rise Steel Framing may conform to NASH standard as alternative to AS3623

FABRICATION AND ERECTION

FABRICATION AND ERECTION

All structural components may be fabricated into frames and/or trusses in the shop or on site and shall be cut accurately to length to fit firmly against abutting members and held so until fastened Studs shall be seated squarely in bottom plates with webs at 90deg to the face of the wall and accurately located plumbed and securely fixed to top and bottom plates. Multiple studs shall be used as specified at concentrated load points. Plates shall be securely spliced to maintain continuity. Splices in studs are not permitted. Structurally adequate heads shall be fitted over openings in walls. All frames shall be adequately braced for transport and resist wind loads in service. Preferred fastening is by MIG welding. Other fastening such as carbon arc welding, self tapping bolts and screws or blind rivets of adequate strength may be used. All welds shall be cleaned and painted with zinc rich paint. The bottom plate shall be securely fastened to sub floor at centres as recommended and all site connections shall be as specified in design manual. Holes for electrical wiring other cables and plumbing services shall be max. 33 dia flanged holes in studs and noggins where required. Service pipes shall be effectively separated from framing by

lagging and be securely fixed in cavities. Permanent electrical earthing of a steel frame building shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the local electrical authority. Where power tools are used on site temporary earthing to the frame shall be made during construction. On completion of framing all debris shall be removed from cavities and bottom plates. Domestic metal framing shall be designed to comply with the load combinations as per AS3623.

#### STEEL WORKER - BCA part 3 4 4

All steel work is to be fabricated to details as shown on engineers drawings all work to be in accordance with AS4100 Steel Structures

PURLINS AND GIRTS

To roof and walls of building provide purlins and girts according to engineers details

ROOFER AND SHEETER

Cover roof and walls of building in full length sheets complete with all necessary flashings cappings etc Secure as recommended by manufacturer and provide panels of selected translucent sheeting as indicated or directed

ROOFER - BCA part 3 5 1

TILE ROOFING BCA part 3 5 1 2

Provide all roofs with first quality roofing tiles. Where pitch of rafters is less than 1 2 75 terra cotta Marseilles pattern. 1 3 7 Swiss pattern. 1 3 3 concrete tiles are used the roof shall be sarked with either 2 ply bituminous felt or double faced aluminium foil covered reinforced fabric as per AS1736. Between 1 3 7 and 1 4 5 slope perimeter of roof shall be provided with an anti-ponding board or device to ensure that all water will be discharged into eaves gutter a clear space must be provided between edge of the device and the lowest side of the first batten so as to allow a free flow of water into the gutter. Where one section of the roof discharges into a lower section the discharge is to be widely distributed and the roof is to be fully sarked. Elsewhere where a spreader is used the roof shall be sarked from the point of discharge to Eaves with a minimum width of 1800mm approved sarking. Cover all ridges and hips with capping starters and apex caps necessary and bed all capping and verge tiles on lime mortar and point with coloured cement mortar.

TERRA COTTA TILES.

To be glazed and manufactured in accordance with AS 2049. To be fixed to timber battens with copper wire ties every alternate tile, all fixed in accordance.

To be glazed and manufactured in accordance with AS 2049. To be fixed to timber battens with copper wire ties every alternate tile, all fixed in accordance with AS2050.

CONCRETE TILES

To conform to AS1757 and AS1758 and to be produced by manufacturers who provide a comprehensive guarantee and fix in accordance with AS1787 Tiles are to have an end lap of not less than 75mm. Where wining holes are provided every alternate tile in each course is to be tied to battens with approved wire Where holes are provided for nailing every tile in each third course is to be fixed with galvanised flat head nails at least 19mm into tile batten. Fixing to be as per AS2050 CORRUGATED FIBRE CEMENT ROOFING.

CORRUGATED FIBRE CEMENT ROOFING
To conform to AS1611 and fixed in accordance with AS1562 Pt 2 Minimum pitch of roof is to be 1 8 for large corrugations and 1 11 where the rafter length can be covered with a single sheet. Where pitch of roof is less than 1 6 in the case of large corrugations and 1 4 5 in the case of small corrugation end laps shall be at least 225mm and sealed. Sheets to be fixed with galvanised round head screws and felt washers set in mastic to each run of battens with side and end laps or other approved method in accordance with manufacturers instructions. All necessary accessories are to be provided and the roof is to be adequately birdproofed.

PROFILED STEEL ROOF BCA part 3 5 1 3

To be material as nominated on drawings. All necessary accessories to be provided and fixed according to manufacturers recommendations. Roof is to be bird proofed. Sheet fixings and spacings are to be strictly as per manufacturers recommendations for the design wind speed for the area. Design and installation shall be in accordance with AS/NZS 1562.

SARKING

Where sarking is specified or required by any authority the selection of and fixing shall be in accordance with the code of practice as specified in AS1736 for

Where sarking is specified or required by any authority the selection of and fixing shall be in accordance with the code of practice as specified in AS1736 for pliable roof sarking and/or AS1903 04 for reflective foil laminates. All installations must comply with the requirements of BCA part 3.7.4 in Bushfire prone

FLOORING - BCA part 3 4 3 4

T& G STRIP FLOORING BCA table 3 4 3 1

Flooring shall be seasoned and stored in a way to preserve its delivery condition. Flooring boards shall be laid in straight and parallel lines with tongues fitted into grooves and cramped together with pressures suited to moisture content and seasonal conditions. End joints shall be made on a joist and joints in adjoining boards shall be staggered. Flooring shall be kept 12mm clear of walls or wall plates parallel with the direction of laying. Boards of normal width of 75mm and less shall be fixed with one nail at each joist and boards over 75mm shall be fixed with two nails at each joist. Nails in faces of boards are to be well punched to allow for subsequent sanding and stopping. Boards profiled for secret nailing are to be skew nailed through tongues at each joist with nail punched to permit the full entry of the tongue into the groove. Flooring is not to be cut in and fixed before roofing is complete, external walls sheeted or lined and all external openings covered.

SHEET FLOORING BCA tables 3 4 3 2 and 3 4 3 3
The minimum height of sheet flooring above ground level and under floor ventilation shall be in accordance with manufacturers instructions or as required by Council or Lending Authority

Council or Lending Authority

Where sheet flooring is used in platform construction and a decorative finish is required it shall be sealed with a water repellent at time of fixing
a) Structural Plywood shall be manufactured in accordance with AS2269 and sheets stamped on the face side with manufacturers name or trade mark
Sheets shall be fixed in accordance with manufacturers instructions as approved
b) Particle Board Approved board bonded with phenolic resin to achieve a type A bond as defined in AS1860 for plywood may be used in platform
construction or as fitted flooring Boards shall be fixed in accordance with manufacturers instructions as approved. The perimeter of flooring should be fully
supported by joists or noggins. Other approved particle board may be used providing it is a minimum of 2100mm above the ground well ventilated and the
building completely weatherproof prior to fixing of the floor
c) Compressed Fibre Cement. Sheet flooring not less than 18mm thick with density of not less than 18g/cm3 may be used in lieu of suspended concrete
floors. Sheets shall be fixed in accordance with manufacturers instructions adequately flashed and suitably finished.

#### ELECTRICIAN

Provide all labour and materials necessary for the proper installation of electrical services in accordance with the appropriate AS Rules and requirements of the Local Supply Authority Arrange with the supply Authority for connection from supply main to meter board. Provide for the proper installation and connect electricity stove/s and hot water unit/s. Provide light and power points as indicated on drawings or as directed and in accordance with AS/NZS1680. Provide box to enclose meters in accordance with the requirements of the Authority concerned. Arrange for inbuilt wiring for telephone television computer and security installation as required

SMOKE DETECTORS/ALARMS BCA part 3 7 2

Fire/smoke detectors selected by the owner and complying with the requirements of the Local Government Act and/or state or territory regulations must be fitted in the locations required and approved by the regulatory authority and shall be installed in accordance with AS3786

#### LIGHTNING PROTECTION

Where lightning protection is specified by the proprietor or required under regulatory provisions it shall be installed in accordance with AS1768

EXTERNAL WALL CLADDING - BCA part 3 5 3

WEATHERBOARDS OR PROFILE SHEETING
as approved by the leading authority shall be fixed and flashed in accordance with manufacturers instructions and to the satisfaction of the lending authority Weatherboards with laps as specified by the relevant AS shall be hardwood pressure treated radiata pine or slash pine cypress pine baltic pine or western red cedar. The boards shall have a maximum moisture content of 15% be in long lengths with staggered end joints securely nailed and fitted with angle stops. Western red cedar used externally shall be fixed with galvanised or cadmium plated fasteners. Boards exceeding 100mm in width shall be double fastened at all bearings. All boards shall be primed or sealed all around including rebates and ends before fixing. Where vertical boarding is used it shall be fixed to battens at not more than 600mm centres and sarking acceptable to the lending authority placed behind the battens to provide air space and fixed to the frame work with adequate provision for discharge of moisture. External boarding shall be in one length or have joints specially designed for external use FIBRE CEMENT.

FIBRE CEMENT
a) Flat Sheeting Fibre cement sheeting shall be not less than 4 5mm thick and close jointed to full height of walling or above sill level where weatherboard dadoes are specified. Horizontal joints shall be flashed with 0 42mm galvanised steel turned up 13mm against stud faces and down 12mm over sheet faces lapped 25mm at joints. Internal angles of walls shall be flashed with 38mm x 38mm x 0 42mm minimum base thickness galvanised steel angles or bitumen coated metal flashing to full height of studs and lapped 50mm at joints. All vertical and horizontal joints and angles shall be covered with timber fibre cement or other mouldings as approved by the lending authority. Trimmers of not less than 75mm x 38mm timber shall be provided between ends of floor bearers to support lower edge of sheeting. As approved by the lending authority shall be fixed and flashed in accordance with the manufacturers instructions and to the satisfaction of the lending authority.

INTERNAL WALL LININGS
Line all internal walls not specified as otherwise with Gypsum plaster board fixed horizontally in full length sheets or with staggered end joints to ceiling height Sheets to have recessed edges and of thickness as recommended by the manufacturer for the studies battern or support spacing. Fixing is to be with galvanised clouts manufacturer approved screws and/or approved adhesive and be strictly in accordance with manufacturers instructions. Set all internal angles. Note Where below 1200mm in laundry batthroom and W.C. and at back of kitchen sink unit and below 1800mm in shower recess. sheet shall be used. Note. Adhesives must not be used to fix sheets in tiled areas

Sheets shall not be less than 4 5mm thick except where tiled. Sheets to be tiled shall not be less than 6mm thick. Where flush jointing is required fibreboard. sheets shall be used fixed and jointed in accordance with manufacturers instructions

**CEILING FIXER** 

CEILINGS Provide Gypsum plaster board to all internal ceilings unless otherwise specified. Sheets to have recessed edges and to be 10mm thick when fixed to ceiling battens/joists spaced at not more than 450mm and 13mm thick for 600mm spacings. Fixing is to be with galvanised clouts and/or approved adhesive and is to be in accordance with manufacturers recommendations as approved. Provide selected cornices, neatly mitred properly fixed and scrimmed and set at all joints in full wall lengths where practicable. Gypsum plaster board for ceilings and walls shall be as per AS2589. Sheets of different thickness may be used at other spacings where their manufacture and installation complies with the Deemed to Satisfy Provisions.

**PLASTERER** 

To all brick walls not specified as feature brickwork or otherwise (with exception of garage) apply render to minimum thickness of 12mm. Render to consist of one part fresh cement to 3 parts clean sand with 10 per cent hydrated lime added. Use only whilst fresh. All brickwork to be well wetted before plastering is

GENERALLY Point up all flashings externally with cement mortar and make good as required after other trades

GENERALLY

JAMB LININGS AND DOORS

ADDORE FRANCE PROCESS PROCESS

JAMB LININGS AND DOORS
1 DOOR FRAMES – BRICK BUILDINGS
Shall be at least 100mm x 50mm solid rebated properly dowelled to thresholds Mullions shall be 75mm thick and double rebated
2 JAMB LININGS – INTERIOR DOORS ALL BUILDINGS, EXTERIOR DOORS TIMBER FRAMED AND BRICK VENEER
Linings shall be a minimum of 38mm thick solid rebated to all door openings. Where return plaster reveals occur linings shall be 75mm x 50mm rebated. Alternatively for internal doorways 25mm linings may be used with 12mm planted stops. In brick veneer and timber framed construction 12mm clearance shall be provided over jamb linings to external openings. Linings to openings not having doors or to have swing doors are to be 25mm thick timber securely fixed. Other proprietory linings may be approved by the owner DOORS. DOORS

Fit accurately to door frame. Hang external doors with three 88mm steel butts and internal doors unless otherwise specified with two 88mm steel butts External doors shall not be less than 2040mm x 820mm x 40mm thick. Where sheeted with plywood waterproof plywood only shall be used. All framed glazed doors (external or internal) shall be minimum of 40mm thick. Internal doors shall be minimum of 35mm thick and free of warping.

WINDOWS AND FRAMES

In brick veneer construction 10mm clear space shall be left between underside of sill and brickwork. In two storey construction with hardwood timber framing the clearance shall be increased to 20mm.

INSTALLATION

INSTALLATION
All windows shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of AS2047-48 for Aluminium windows and AS2146-47 for timber windows
STAIRS AND HANDRAILS BCA 3 9 1 and 3 9 2
Stairways shall be constructed to the layout as shown on plans with treads of equal dimensions except where shown or where winders are required. All risers in any flight shall be of equal height. All flights shall have a minimum of 2 and not more than 18 risers. Vertical clearances above stairs shall be 2000mm min to soffit of floor or structure above when measured vertically above nose of tread. Relationship of riser to going shall be between 1.2 and 1.1.35 unless otherwise directed or as permitted in AS1657. Balustrades shall be provided to all landings decks roofs other elevated platforms where the vertical distance from that level is more than 1 metre above the adjoining floor or finished ground level. Height of the balustrade must be a minimum of 1 metre above landings etc. and not less than 865mm above the nosings of any stair treads or floor of a ramp. Openings in balustrades (decorative of otherwise) and space between treads eg. riser opening must not allow a 125 mm dia sphere to pass through. Resistance to loading forces of a balustrade must be in accordance with A.S. 1170. Materials and finish of handrails newel posts and balustrading shall be as directed or agreed by owner. Where balustrades are constructed of tensioned wires provision shall be made to maintain tension applied. wires provision shall be made to maintain tension applied

ACCESS AND MOBILITY

Where access and mobility requirements are to be addressed in the construction of a new building AS1428 1 General Requirements for Access – New Building Work contains the minimum design requirements to enable access for people with disabilities. Revision of the BCA in order to address requirements of the Disability Discrimination Act (DDA) as applies to the construction of buildings with public areas will require that the latest revision of AS1428 should be

PLUMBER AND DRAINER
EAVES GUTTERS AND DOWNPIPES
Eaves gutters and downpipes of material and finish as nominated on drawings shall be installed as per manufacturers specification to all eaves as required with falls to downpipes in positions shown and to comply with AS/NZS 2179
VALLEYS

VALLEYS

To be 0 6mm thickness galvanised steel 450mm wide and fixed to valley boards with edge beaded well lapped and soldered or silicone jointed FLASHINGS
Flash around chimney stacks exhaust flues and wherever else required with approved flashings dressed well down onto roof slopes and taken vertically at least 75mm. Wedge step flashing into brickwork joints and point up with cement mortar. Eaves gutters valleys and roof flashings shall be selected from materials compatible with each other and the roof covering to prevent bi metallic corrosion. (See BHP publications TB8 TB15). Use of lead for flashings gutters downpipes and roofing is prohibited if the roof will collect potable water.

WATER SERVICES

Where a reticulated water supply is available all work shall be carried out by a licensed water plumber. All water supply installations shall be carried out in accordance with AS3500. National Plumbing and Drainage Code.

RETICULATED RECYCLED WATER.

Where a utility supplied reticulated recycled water supply is connected as a dual reticulation it is important that no cross connection between the potable and recycled water can occur. There must be at least one external tap for each system and the recycled water system must have lilac coloured components identification markings and signage shall be installed as per AS1319 and AS1345. Recycled water cannot be used for human consumption or contact household cleaning personal washing or irrigation where fruit and crops are eaten raw or unprocessed.

BATHROOM FLOOR.

Provide a 50mm grating to overflow outlet in bathroom floor. Connect waste to system or install dry waste if approved.

Provide a 50mm grating to overflow outlet in bathroom floor Connect waste to system or install dry waste if approved

WET ROOM FLASHINGS BCA 3 8 1

Waterproofing of wet areas shall be designed and installed in accordance with requirements and construction techniques as per AS3740 and appendix for wall/floor combinations. All to be inspected and approved prior to covering where waterproof membranes are used in the construction of wet area membranes shall comply with AS/NZS4858

HOT WATER SERVICE

All installations must comply with AS3500 4 Provide from H/water unit with selected tubing to points necessary. Terminate with taps selected. Provide inlet stop cock to hot water unit.

GAS SERVICE

The whole of the work to be carried out as per requirements of the Local Supply Authority. The plumber is to be responsible for the gas service from fence alignment including fixing of the meter and cover for same. Installations for bottled gas supply shall comply with the relevant standard.

HEATING APPLIANCES. Domestic type Oil. Gas and Solid Fuel heater installations shall comply with AS2918. Domestic solid fuel burning appliances—
Installation of AS1691. Rules for installation of domestic Oil Fired appliances as applicable. Installation of gas fired appliances shall be carried out by a licensed.

gas plumber SEWERED AREAS

Provide a drainage system from pedestal pan and from wastes of all fittings unless a grey water system is to be installed and connect to the sewer main where shown on site plan all to be in accordance with the rules and requirements of the Authority for Water Supply and Sewerage Provide at least one guily outside the building. The Authority Certificate to be produced at Completion of the Work

UNSEWERED AREAS

Provide a drainage system from all fittings and from grease trap in accordance with the requirements of the Local Authority concerned. Excavate for drains to provide even falls throughout and a minimum cover of 300mm. Lay 100mm socketed vitrified clay pipes or P.V.C. to take discharge from wastes of washtubs bath shower washbasin and grease trap. All pipes to be completely jointed with rubber rings or solvent cement as approved. All drain lines to be laid so that water is discharged into an absorption trench provided in position shown on plan. Provide an approved grease trap with lid in position shown to take the water from kitchen sink. Top of trap to be 75mm above finished ground or nearby concrete paving level. All drainage work from fittings to the drainage line outside the building to be in accordance with the rules and requirements of the Water Supply and Sewerage Authority for sewered areas. That Authority. Special Inspection. Certificate of the work to be produced by the builder. All plumbing and drainage shall be in accordance with the Code of Practice for state or territory and regulating local government area.

GREYWATER REUSE SYSTEMS.

Where a greywater reuse system is proposed the installation shall comply with the following Australian Standards and Codes. AS1546 parts 1 and 3. AS1547.

Where a greywater reuse system is proposed the installation shall comply with the following Australian Standards and Codes AS1546 parts 1 and 3 AS1547 NSW Health 1998 AWTS guideline. NSW Health 2000 Domestic greywater treatment guidelines and sewered single domestic premises. An on site greywater reuse system is not permitted in Reticulated Recycled water areas. Domestic Greywater Treatment Systems (AWTS) require a certificate of accreditation from NSW Health

In position shown on site plan provide and install septic system as nominated by the proprietor together with a holding tank and length of absorption trench installed in accordance with the manufacturers instructions and the requirements of the Local Authority. Installations shall comply with AS1546 part 1

STORM WATER TREATMENT METHODS

The property of the 100mm posketed withfield elevance or DVC leid to

STORM WATER TREATMENT METHODS
Provide roof water drains from downpipes and from grates in paving where shown on site plan Drains to be 100mm socketed vitrified clay pipes or PVC laid to an even and regular fall so as to have a minimum cover of 150mm Drains to discharge into street gutter where possible. Where outlets are shown within the site they are to discharge at least 3000mm clear of the building into rubble packing 600mm diameter and 600mm deep. Acceptable solutions for stormwater drainage to be as per AS/NZS3500 part 3. Stormwater treatment systems should satisfy the following performance requirements

1. Conserve Water 2. Prevent Increases In Flooding/Erosion 3. Maintain water balance 4. Control Stormwater Pollution
Systems suitable for detached dwellings are Roof/rainwater tank. Detention device Infiltration device and Filter strips. These are also suitable for multidwelling developments in addition to Stormwater tanks and Bio retention devices.

RAIN WATER TANKS

The provider of the provided metable of the part of the part of the part of the provided metable of the part of the provided metable of the provided metable of the part of the part

RAIN WATER TANKS
Install rainwater tanks of selected material on slab or support as nominated by tank manufacturer. Rainwater tanks may be trickle topped up (max 2litres/minute) from a potable water supply main and internally reticulated. A dual supply system should have no direct or indirect connection between the mains potable supply and the rainwater tank supply. Inground concrete tanks may be installed as an option with a suitable pressure pump and a testable backflow prevention device as per AS/NZS2845.1 Where an above ground tank is connected to internal reticulation, a meter with a dual check valve is to be installed and a visible air gap between the mains supply and the rainwater tank as per AS3500 and AS2845.2.1 (See NSW Health circular Use of rainwater tanks where a reticulated mains water supply is available.)

NOTE. Drain pipes must not be taken through the footings of the building. All seepage and soakage water is to be effectively dealt with and diverted clear of the buildings as shown on site plan. Trenches for drains, where running parallel to the building must not be within 600mm of the footings of the building.

GENERALLY

For guidance on installation of ceramic tiles see recommendations as set out in AS3958 parts 1 and 2 WALLS

Cover the following wall faces with selected glazed tiles

To shower recess to a height of 1800mm

To bathroom generally to a height of 135mm
To bath recess to a height of 135mm
To bath recess to a height of 135mm
To be enclosing of bath and hobs
To WC to height of one row of tiles or as directed

Above kitchen sink/s and cooking area/s allow for four rows tiles. Finish at top and salient angles with round edge tiles. Provide vent tiles and selected recess filtings. Tiles to be fixed to a backing of Fibre Cement with approved adhesive. Areas for tiles can be increased by proprietors direction or as noted on plans.

FLOORS.

Cover floors of bathroom shower recess WC and ES with selected ceramic tiles set in cement mortar or approved adhesive and graded to give an even and adequate fall to floor waste

#### PAINTER

GENERALLY

All paints stains varnishes and water colours are to be of approved brands as selected. Materials used for priming and undercoating are to be the same brand as the finishing paints or as recommended by the manufacturers of the finishes used. All finishing colours are to be selected by the proprietor. Do all necessary stopping after the priming has been applied. Rub down all surfaces to a smooth finish prior the application of each successive coat of paint External joinery or other exposed woodwork to have a clear plastic finish is to be treated with a priming oil containing wood preservative and a water repellent EXTERNALLY.

All external woodwork to be given one coat of primer one coat of oil based undercoat and one coat of gloss finish enamel or to be given one coat of clear plastic PRIMING WEATHERBOARDS.

Any Pine is to be primed all round as well as on the ends before fixing. Hardwood, express pine, radiata pine, and oregon are to be primed an external frace.

Any Pine is to be primed all round as well as on the ends before fixing. Hardwood cypress pine radiata pine and oregon are to be primed on external faces including rebates before fixing pressure treated Canada pine is to be primed at ends before fixing IRONWORK.

Eaves gutters de

downpipes exposed service pipes and wrought iron etc to be cleaned and primed and give one coat of gloss paint all round

Clean and prepare all external fibre cement surfaces and finish with two coats of water based paint INTERNALLY

All exposed woodwork in kitchen bathroom laundry WC EC to be prepared primed and then given one undercoat and finished with one coat of full gloss paint or to be stained and finished with two coats of clear liquid plastic as selected

To be given one coat of sealer and two coats of paint. The finishing coat of bathroom, laundry, and kitchen ceilings to be semi gloss (unless directed otherwise).

WALLS

All rooms except bathroom laundry and kitchen to be given one coat of sealer and two coats of water based paint. To bathroom kitchen WC EC and laundry where no tiled or pre surfaced material is required, walls are to be given one coat of sealer, one coat of undercoat and one coat of gloss oil paint system.

All sashes doors fixed lights and other glass in building shall be selected and installed by procedures as set out in AS1288 and/or AS2047 for type thickness and area of glass according to wind loading human impact and other considerations for glazing in frames of timber steel stainless steel aluminium and bronze according to type of frame height of building and glazing compound and for design and glazing of unframed toughened glass assemblies. Specific attention should be made to the selection of frame materials glazing location in walls and orientation to the path of the sun for various climate zone. Where windows are not shaded by roof eaves or other building projections advice by an approved specialist or manufacturer should be sought to ensure that all installations comply with the Energy Efficiency requirements of the BCA.

Provide paling fence 1500mm height to side and rear boundaries. Posts to be 125 x 50mm in sawn approved durable hardwood morticed for two rails and sunk into ground 600mm at maximum of 2700 mm. Posts at angles in fencing to be 125mm square. Well ram around posts. Where rock is encountered posts are to be set in concrete. Fit two rows of 75 x 50mm hardwood rails into mortises. Cover framing with hardwood palings. Double nail to rails at top and bottom. Cut line at top and lop corners. All timber in ground or concrete to be well tarred or treated with an approved preservative. Allow for repairing any existing recommendations of the manufacturer.

FRONT FENCING.

Provide Paling fence 1500mm height to side and rear boundaries. Posts to be 125 x 50mm in sawn approved durable hardwood morticed for two rails and sunk into ground posts. Where rock is encountered posts are to be set in concrete. Fit two rows of 75 x 50mm hardwood rails into mortises. Cover framing with hardwood palings. Double nail to rails at top and bottom. Cut line at top and lop corners. All timber in ground or concrete to be well tarred or treated with an approved preservative. Allow for repairing any existing recommendations of the manufacturer.

FRONT FENCING.

Provide Paling fence 1500mm height to side and rear boundaries. Posts to be 125 x 50mm in sawn approved durable hardwood morticed for two rails and provide recommendations. Where rock is encountered posts are to be 125 x 50mm in sawn approved durable hardwood morticed for two rails and provide recommendations. The provide recommendation provide recommendations of the manufacturer.

rovide front fencing as directed

ALPINE AREAS
Where a building is to be constructed in an alpine area compliance with the requirements of BCA part 3.7.5 is required. Alpine areas are areas above Australian Height Datum (AHD) as follows. NSW VIC ACT above 1.200 metres AHD. TASMANIA above 900 metres AHD. For sub alpine areas where significant snow loads may occur see BCA fig. 3.5.7.2 Where snow loads may be applied to a building design according to AS1170.3 is required. (see BCA 3.11.3)

#### **EARTHQUAKE**

Earthquake probability shall be determined to BCA3 11 3 and loading requirements designed to comply with AS1170 4

LANDSCAPING

The area to be landscaped shall comply with the landscape plan and requirements of the Local Council Authorities Appropriate landscape design will reduce water usage in lawns and gardens by up to 50% Selection of native (indigenous plants suited to the local micro climate along with exotic species from California South Africa and the Mediterranean will normally require minimal maintenance and water use (BASIX website see table D 2.1 for indigenous countries). plants in various local government areas)

**CAR PARKING** 

All car parking and loading bays to be kerbed guttered sealed drained line marked and landscaped Drainage of surface water into neighbouring properties is NOT permitted except where an easement is obtained All car parks shall comply with the provision of Local Council Authorities

The building shall be completed in every trade. Sashes doors locks and all other equipment shall be checked and left in a satisfactory operating condition. Timber floors shall be at least rough sanded. Where fine sanding is specified see CA39. Code of practice for sanding interior wooden floors. All plant surplus materials and rubbish is to be removed from site. Gutters and drains shall be cleared and the building generally to be left clean and fit for occupation. The Builder is to furnish the Owner with

1. Notification of Completion.
2. All Keys for all doors.
3. Certificate of termite protection treatment. The responsibility of the builder to arrange any inspections necessary by Local Council. Waterboard or Lending Authorities and/or Principal Certifying Authority.

Authority

It is the responsibility of the Owner to apply to Local Supply Authorities for connection of Electricity from mains to meter box

#### 'APPROVAL TO OCCUPY' MUST BE OBTAINED

#### **BASIX** The Building Sustainability Index – (NSW only)

This is a planning tool that measures the performance of a new dwelling (residential) by comparing its potential to consume less mains water supply and energy than an existing average home

Sustainability Indices are assessed for Energy Water Usage and Thermal Comfort. The policy also factors in Stormwater reuse and Landscaping but does not score these

NSW Government targets of a reduction in mains potable water consumption and an average of 36% reduction in Greenhouse Gas emissions can be achieved by dwelling design and sustainability features incorporated. These features may include design elements such as recycled water rainwater tanks \*\*\*min rated shower heads taps and toilets. Heat pump or solar water heaters gas space heaters eaves awnings and insulation of walls ceilings and

A BASIX Certificate must be submitted with Development Application Complying Development Certificate and Construction Certificate applications for all of NSW for new homes and from 1 October 2006 for some alterations and additions

Alterations and additions costing less than \$100 000 will be exempt from BASIX requirements till 1 July 2007 from then additions/alterations costing more than \$50 000 will be required to comply with BASIX for the additions/alterations only Large swimming pools will not be exempt Data required to Complete a BASIX Assessment is described in the BASIX Data Input checklist and this should be used in conjunction with the BASIX

From 1 July 2006 the BASIX energy target will vary depending on the location and type of home being built

Energy zones across NSW have the following targets Zone 1 - 40 Zone 2 - 35 Zone 3 - 25 as shown on the map in the BASIX Website Extracts from BASIX are reproduced by courtesy of DIPNR

Information shown in this specification is intended as a guide only to the requirements of BASIX Applicants for DACC and CDC must submit a BASIX Certificate that can be generated in the Department of Planning website <a href="https://www.basix.nsw.gov.au">www.basix.nsw.gov.au</a>

#### SUGGESTED ENERGY SAVING METHODS CAN BE

Use of gas for heating hot water and cooking Both indoor and outdoor clothes drying lines Installing To improve the efficiency of the refingerator by ensuring there is adequate air passing over the refingerant coils Installing energy saving light bulbs A refngerator space is well ventilated if

The refingerator would be completely freestanding or at least one side or the top of the refingeration space is completely open

#### GREYWATER

- Ensure that public health and the environment are not adversely affected by the installation of a greywater re use system
- Minimise the adverse impact on the amenity of the premises and surrounding land Provide for the reuse of resources

#### GREYWATER DIVERSION DEVICES (GDD)

A greywater diversion device must be installed in accordance with the most recent edition of NSW Health's Greywater reuse in sewered single domestic premises

DOMESTIC GREYWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS (DGTS)

• A domestic greywater treatment system that collects—stores treats and may disinfect all or any of the sources of greywater must be either

• A greywater treatment system device that is accredited by NSW Health in accordance with the DTGS Accreditation Guideline—as amended from time

- - An aerated wastewater treatment system (AWTS) accredited by NSW Health in accordance with the NSW Health's AWTS Guidelines as amended from time to time or
- A facility that is purposed designed for a particular premises and approved in accordance with the Local Government (Approvals) Regulation 1999 as amended from time to time

#### GREYWATER RE USE STANDARDS

Greywater must meet the requirements outlined in the most recent edition of NSW Health's Greywater reuse in sewered single domestic premises

#### THERMAL COMFORT

INFORMATION FROM THE DATA INPUT CHECK LIST CAN BE ACCESSED ON BASIX WEBSITE What'S New BASIX KNOWLEDGE BASE OBJECTIVES

- . To maintain consistency between the assumptions made within the BASIX tool and the built outcome
- To ensure an adequate level of thermal performance for the building fabric
  To provide applicants local government principal certifying authorities and accredited certifiers with the technical requirements relating to commitments made in BASIX

#### PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

CAN BE ASSESSED BY THREE DIFFERENT METHODS

Option 1 RAPID compliance can be tested by meeting conditions listed in 10 questions within the BASIX Data Input checklist NOTE RAPID method is only for simple single storey homes (usually) brick veneer dwellings common in regional NSW and parts of Sydney

- Option 2 DO IT YOURSELF (D I Y) Series of tick box answers questions on Construction type details of floors walls ceilings roof windows and skylights cross ventilation (See data input checklist for single dwellings)
- Option 3 SIMULATION METHOD Assessments of the thermal performance of the dwelling undertaken through the Simulation method within BASIX tool are to be in accordance with the BASIX Thermal Comfort Protocols. Assessments are to be conducted by an accredited assessor using approved software

#### **PRECONDITIONS**

(a) The total area of all skylights must not occupy more than 2% of the gross floor area

#### CONSTRUCTION

Walls

- Wall types When a wall type is selected the properties of the materials must be such that the required minimum R value of the total system is achieved as stated in the Required Insulation and Roof Colours section of the BASIX Do it Yourself option Wall areas. The wall area is measured from the internal face of the external wall. It excludes the area of walls adjacent to garages
- enclosed sub floor zones but includes walls of storerooms laundries and party walls

#### **CROSS VENTILATION**

Living area cross ventilation (a)

- The total area of ventilation openings in all living areas must be greater than 12 5% of the floor area of all living areas. Openings must be provided on opposite or adjacent walls of every living area.

(b) Bedroom cross ventilation

The bedroom must contain at least two windows or a window and a skylight which can be opened

#### **GLAZING AND SKYLIGHTS**

Orientation (a)

For the purposes of the BASIX Thermal Comfort DTY method the orientations of glazed areas are defined as the following compass sectors NORTH NORTH EAST EAST SOUTH EAST SOUTH SOUTH WEST WEST NORTH WEST

Glazing and skylight types

Glazing types selected within the BASIX Do It Yourself method or on an assessor certificate if using the BASIX Simulation method must have the characteristics nominated in Appendix1 Glazing and skylight characteristics (Available on BASIX website)

#### SHADING

(b)

Eaves and projections
1 May include an eave horizontal opaque projection awning or pergola that will block solar gain for the length of the required projection
2 Materials/construction The device shall be made of a durable material suitable for external use

- The projection is measured horizontally from the face of the wall/building. The measurement may include fascias and/or gutters which are fixed and provide shading to the glazing
  The eave/projection must be located such that the outside edge of the projection is no greater than 2400mm vertically above the sill of
- the glazing system or a proportionally equivalent projection

(b) Vertical adjustable external shading

An adjustable shading device may comprise of shutters louvers or panels

- Materials/construction The device should be made of a durable material suitable for external use and must be able to be readily operated either manually mechanically or electronically by the building occupants 2
- .3 An adjustable shading device must comply with(d)(l) and (d)(2)

Vertical fixed external shading (c)

- A fixed shading device may comprise of shutters louvers or panels
- Materials/Construction They should be made of a durable material suitable for external use A fixed shading device must comply with (d)(l)

An adjacent building over 5 m in height and less than 3 1 m from glazing sill is equivalent to fixed vertical shading

(d)

- Controlling solar gain

  1 BLOCKING SOLAR GAIN A shading device must restrict at least 80% of solar radiation at the summer solstice. IF Adjustable when the shading device is fully closed or lowered. OR Fixed at 9.00 am for glazing in the east sector 12.00 pm noon for glazing in the north sector or 3.00 pm for glazing in the west sector.

  2 PERMITTING SOLAR GAIN. An adjustable shading device must permit at least 70% of solar radiation when fully opened at 12.00pm noon at the winter solstice if required to protect glazing in the north sector.
- Concessions to shading requirements (e)

The following glazing concessions apply and are not required to comply with (a) (b) (c) or (d) above

1 Five percent of the maximum glazing area may be unshaded

2 Twenty percent of the north sector glazing may have eave/projection greater than the maximum eave/projection (i.e. 1100 mm) or vertical fixed shading as defined by C2 7(c)

#### REQUIRED INSULATION AND ROOF COLOURS

Roof colour Roof colour is defined by the solar absorptance set out in Table C 2 8
TABLE C 2 8 SOLAR ABSORPTANCE VALUES
LIGHT <0 475 MEDIUM 0 475 – 0 70 DARK >0 70

- (b) Insulation
- The technical and installation requirements for thermal insulation are in accordance with the Building Code of Australia Volume 1 or 2 NSW Appendix
  If a foil backed blanket is used under the roof, then the R value of the ceiling insulation may be reduced by R 0.5
- External garage walls do not require insulation to be added to the wall

#### ROOF VENTIL ATION

Roof ventilation is required to meet the following criteria

- WIND DRIVEN VENTILATOR Not less than two wind driven roof ventilators having an aggregate opening area of not less than 0.14 m2 in conjunction with eave vents roof vents or the like having an aggregate fixed open area of not less than 0.2% of the ceiling area GABLE END VENTS Not less than two gable end vents having an aggregate opening area of not less than 0.8m2

#### **INDIGENOUS PLANT SPECIES**

Promote the planting of indigenous plant species to preserve the character of the local environment and promote a balanced ecosystem. To ensure that the species selected are adapted to the natural rainfall patterns of the locality, and hence require minimal additional water consumption to remain healthy

#### PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

The indigenous plants for each local government area are set out in Table D 2.1 of the full BASIX Specification on <a href="www.basix.nsw.gov.au">www.basix.nsw.gov.au</a>
In addition, a plant species is considered to be indigenous to a local government area for the purposes of BASIX commitment, if the local council for that area states in writing that the species is indigenous to that local government area.

Generation of a BASIX Certificate can only be made in the NSW Department of Planning BASIX Website www basix nsw gov au

ADDITIONAL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS (All instructions for extra work or additional requirements must be in writing. Dated and signed copies of instructions should be retained by the owner and builder)

This is the specification re	ferred to 1	in the Contract dated	1	1			
Date for Completion	1	1			PROPRIETOR	I	1
					BUILDER	1	,

MASONRY CONSTRUCTION	Clay Bricks		Face		Commons		Stone	
	Concrete Bricks		Concrete Blocks		AAC Blocks		AAC Panels	
	Rendered		Bagged		Painted			
MORTAR JOINTS	Colour		Ironed		Flush		Raked	
SILLS	Brick		Quarry Tiles					
EXTERNAL WALL SHEETING	Timber Cladding		Fibre Cement Claddin	g C	Metal Cladding		PVC/Vinyl	
	Type		Туре		Туре	_	Туре	
FLOOR CONSTRUCTION	Timber		Concrete		Pre Str Beam Floor		Steel	
FLOORING	T&G		Species		Compressed FC Shee	t 🗌	Structural Plywood	
	Particle Board		Tiles Ceramic		Terra Cotta	C:	Quarry	
DECKING	Treated Pine	$\equiv$	Other					
WALL FRAMES	Timber		Hardwood		Pine		H S Galv Steel	
	Structural Steel		Off site prefabricated	$\Box$	Onsite cut/assembled			
ROOF CONSTRUCTION	Pitched Roof		Exposed Rafters		Oregon		Hardwood	
	Roof Trusses		Raked Ceiling	$\Box$	Pine		Steel Framing	
	Flat/Skillion							
ROOF COVER	Concrete Tiles		Terra Cotta Tiles		Shingles/Slate		Corrugated FC	
Zincalume		Colorbond		Polycarbor	nate		Profile	
THERMAL INSULATION	Roof/ceiling		Reflective Insulation R	tating R	Bull	(Insulation	Rating R	
	Walls		Reflective Insulation R	Rating R	Bull	Insulation	Rating R	
	Floors		Reflective Insulation R	tating R	Buil	Insulation	Rating R	
INTERNAL WALL LININGS	Gypsum Plasterboard		FC Sheeting		Timber Panelling	그	Cement Render	
	Face Brick		Other					_
<b>WET AREA LININGS</b>	WR Gyp Plasterboard		Villaboard		Timber Panelling		Laminated Panel	
CEILINGS	Gypsum Plasterboard		Timber Panelling		FC Sheeting			
CORNICE	Туре		Sıze	mm				
DOOR JAMBS	Timber		Galvanised Steel					
WINDOWS	Timber		Aluminium		Type/Manufacturer			
FLYSCREENS	Timber		Aluminium		Other			
JOINERY	Timber		Species		Stained/Polished		Other	
	Architrave Size	mm	Skirting Size	mm	Material	_		_
	Kitchen Cupboards				Stained	Ľ'	Painted	
	Front Door Type				Stained		Painted	
	Other External Doors 1	уре			Stained		Painted	
	Internal Doors Type				Stained		Painted	
	Garage Door Type				Size	mm	Colour	
<b>EXTERNAL STAIRS</b>	Timber		Steel		Concrete		Brick	
INTERNAL STAIRS	Timber		Steel		Concrete		Brick	
	as manufactured by				Balustrade type			
ELECTRICIAN	Provide		Light Points		Single Switches		Two way switches	
		Power Out	lets	Single		Double		
ight Fittings			Smoke Detectors		Exhaust Fans	_		_
ROOF PLUMBER	Quad Gutters (size		Box Gutters	ᆜ	Sheerline Gutters	Ľ.		
GUTTERS/DOWNPIPES	Downpipes 100 x 50		100 x 75		100 x 100	$\Box$	Round dia	ᄖ
	Colorbond		PVC		Copper		Zıncalume	L
Aluminium		Galvanised	ı 🗔					
WATER SERVICE	Copper pipe		PVC Pipe	Ľ	Flex pipe system			
ETICULATED RECYCLED WATER	All Reticulation System	s for Recy	cled Water must have l	_ilac Colour	ed components and ma	arkıngs		_
AINWATER STORAGE TANKS	Туре		Size	(kl)	Nos		Pressure Pump	'
TORMWATER STORAGE TANKS	Туре	_	Size	(kl)		_		
HOT WATER SERVICE	Electric	드	Gas		Solar	Ü		
	Mains Pressure	<u> </u>	Gravity Fed		Cylinder capacity	litres		
INTERNAL SEWER SERVICE	Copper		PVC			_		
DRAINER	Sewer connection		Septic System		Aerated System	Ļ	Greywater diversion	1
	PVC pipes	닏	Vitrified clay pipes		Copper pipes	1		_
FENCING	Brick		Paling		Rail	님	Brushwood	
	Front Boundary		Side Boundary		Rear Boundary	Ц	Colorbond	
	As manufactured by				Type			
POOL	Туре		Inground		Above Ground		Pool Cover	
This Schedule is to b	e fully completed Item	ıs applıcat	ole should be marked	items wit	h blank spaces will N	OT be incli	uded in the works	
ROPRIETOR		BUI	LDER			DATE	/	200

#### SCHEDULE OF RATE / P.C. ALLOWANCES AND MATERIALS

1	ITEMS	MODEL OR TYPE	PRIME COST
THE RESERVE	CONCRETE PIERS TO FOOTINGS		\$
2.	ROCK EXCAVATION: per cubic metre		\$
	AGRICULTURAL DRAINS: per lin. metre		\$
	STORMWATER		\$
	SEWER CONNECTIONS		\$
	CERAMIC TILES WALL \$ PER M2 S/O		
	S/O=SUPPLY ONLY FLOOR \$PER M2 S/O		\$
	QUARRY \$ PER M2 S/O		\$
7.	SEPTIC INSTALLATIONS		\$
			\$
	GREYWATER TREATMENT INSTALLATION		\$
	BATHROOM VANITY & CABINET		\$
	EN-SUITE VANITY & CABINET		\$
11.	BASIN		\$
	BATH		\$
	TOWEL RAILS		\$
14.	SOAP HOLDERS		\$
15.	MIRRORS		\$
16.	TOILET SUITES		\$
17.	SHOWER SCREENS		\$
18.	LAUNDRY TUB		
	STAINLESS STEEL SINK		\$
	KITCHEN CUPBOARDS		\$
	OVEN		\$
	HOT PLATES		\$
			\$
	STOVE		\$
	DISHWASHER		\$
	EXHAUST FANS		\$
	RANGE HOOD		\$
27.	HOT WATER UNIT		\$
28.	SMOKE/FIRE DETECTORS		\$
29. [	PHONE WIRING/FAX WIRING		\$
30. 7	T.V. WIRING/COMPUTER WIRING		\$
31. 1	NTERCOM WIRING		\$
32. 5	SECURITY INSTALLATION		
	AIR CONDITIONING, SINGLE UNIT		\$
	NTERNAL VACUUM SYSTEM		\$
	PONT CATE		\$
	BONT FENOE		\$
	OTHER HOIST		\$
			\$
	CONCRETE PATHS per lin. metre		\$
			\$
	ANDSCAPING (As per Design Supplied)		\$
			\$
42. F	RAINWATER TANKS		\$
43. F	PETICI II ATED DEGVOLED MATERIAL		\$
14			\$
45			
			\$
			\$