

25 June 2014

The General Manager Pittwater Council PO Box 882 MONA VALE NSW 1660

Dear Sir/Madam,

6-14 MACPHERSON STREET WARRIEWOOD LOTS 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 DP 1161389 DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION NO: N0267/13 CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE NO: 142440 DATE OF DETERMINATION: 25/06/14

As required by clause 142(2) of the EP&A Regulations 2000 notice is hereby given of the determination of the following application:

Construction Certificate No. CC 142440

Please also find enclosed a cheque for Council's registration fee plus the following documentation:

- · Copy of application for Construction Certificate.
- Documentation used to determine the application for the Construction Certificate as detailed in Schedule 1 of the certificate.
- · Notice of Appointment of Principal Certifying Authority.

Our client has been advised of the necessity to submit to Council the notice of commencement of building works 48 hours prior to the commencement of works.

Should you need to discuss any issues, please do not hesitate to contact the Project Building Surveyor Brendan Bennett on 8270-3500.

Yours faithfully

Brendan Bennett Managing Director

Encl

RECTIVED

3. JUL 2014

PITTWATER COUNCIL

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CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE NO. 142440

Issued under Section 81A(5) and Part 4A Sections 109C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

APPLICANT

Name of person having benefit of the development consent: Peter Magnisalis - Anglican Retirement Villages

(Diocese of Sydney)

Address: Level 2, 62 Norwest Boulevard, Baulkham Hills,

NSW 2153

Contact Details: Phone: (02) 9421 5331 Fax: (02) 9421 2222

DEVELOPMENT CONSENT

Consent Authority/Local Government Area: Pittwater Council

Development Consent No:
Date of Development Consent:

N0267/13 20/02/14

PROPOSAL

Address of Development:

Lot & DP No:

Building Code of Australia Classification:

Type of Construction:

Scope of building works covered by this Notice:

Value of Construction Certificate (Incl GST):

Plans and Specifications approved:

Fire Safety Schedule:

Critical Stage Inspections:

Exclusions:

6-14 Macpherson Street Warriewood, NSW 2102

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 DP 1161389

N/A N/A

Stage 1: Demolition, earthworks and Civil

works.

\$2,791,439.00 Schedule 1

N/A

See attached Notice

construction of a seniors housing development pursuant to SEPP (HSPD) 2004 consisting of 59 self-contained dwellings with a community building, bowling green, landscaping and

carparking

Conditions (Clause 187 or 188 of the Environmental

Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000):

Date of the Application for Construction Certificate:

Date Application Received:

Nil

12/06/14

12/06/14

PROJECT BUILDING SURVEYOR

Please contact Brendan Bennett

for any inquiries

CERTIFYING AUTHORITY

Brendan Bennett for and on behalf of

City Plan Services Pty Ltd

ACCREDITATION NUMBER

BPB 0027

That I, Brendan Bennett, as the certifying authority, certify that the work if completed in accordance with the plans and specifications identified in Schedule 1 (with such modifications verified by the certifying authority as may be shown on that documentation) will comply with the requirements of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000 as referred to in section 81A(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

DATED THIS

25th

day

of

June

2014

Brendan Bennett

Managing Director

NB: Prior to the commencement of work S81A(2)(b)(i) and (ii) and (b2)(i) and (iii) and (iii) and (c) of the Environment Planning and Assessment Act 1979 must be satisfied.

N:\CPCertification\CPC2014\14-2440 Stage 4-6, 6-14 Macpherson Street Warriewood\2. Approvals\CC\CC 142440.doc

LEVEL 1 364 KENT ST, SYDNEY NSW 2000 | TEL +61 2 8270 3500 CITY PLAN SERVICES P/L ABN 30 075 223 353 CITY PLAN STRATEGY & DEVELOPMENT P/L ABN 58 133 501 774

TEL +61 2 8270 3500 | FAX +61 2 8270 3501 | WWW.CITYPLAN.COM.AU CITY PLAN HERITAGE P/L ABN 46 103 185 413 BN 58 133 501 774 | CITY PLAN URBAN DESIGN P/L ABN 41 107 317 206



SCHEDULE 1 APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

1. Endorsed Architectural plans prepared by Henry & Hyams

Plan Title	Drawing No	Revision	Date
Bulk Earthworks Overall Plan	12693 CC BE00	02	16/05/14
Bulk Earthworks Detail Plan Sheet 1 of 4	12693_CC_BE01	02	16/05/14
Bulk Earthworks Detail Plan Sheet 2 of 4	12693_CC_BE02	02	16/05/14
Bulk Earthworks Detail Plan Sheet 3 of 4	12693_CC_BE03	02	16/05/14
Bulk Earthworks Detail Plan Sheet 4 of 4	12693_CC_BE04	02	16/05/14
Bulk Earthworks Sections	12693_CC_BE05	02	16/05/14
Bulk Earthworks Details	12693_CC_BE06	02	16/05/14
Bulk Earthworks Over Excavation Plan	12693_CC_BE07	02	16/05/14
Cover Sheet, Drawing Schedule & Locality Sketch	12693_CC_C000	03	16/05/14
Notes Sheet	12693_CC_C010	01	16/05/14
General Arrangement Plan	12693_CC_C100	03	16/05/14
Detail Plan Sheet 1 of 4	12693_CC_C101	03	16/05/14
Detail Plan Sheet 2 of 4	12693_CC_C102	03	16/05/14
Detail Plan Sheet 3 of 4	12693_CC_C103	03	16/05/14
Detail Plan Sheet 4 of 4	12693_CC_C104	03	16/05/14
Typical Sections and Details	12693_CC_C110	04	16/05/14
Entry Driveway Grading and Section	12693 CC C115	03	16/05/14
Loop Road Center Line Alignment Setout	12693_CC_C118	02	16/05/14
Road 1 Longitudinal Section and Section	12693_CC_C120	03	16/05/14
Site Sections	12693_CC_C130	03	16/05/14
Road Cross Sections Sheet 1 of 2	12693_CC_C140	02	16/05/14
Road Cross Sections Sheet 2 of 2	12693_CC_C141	02	16/05/14
Stormwater Miscellaneous Details	12693_CC_C200	03	16/05/14
Stormwater 360 Details	12693_CC_C201	03	16/05/14
Stormwater Longitudinal Sections 1:10 year ARI, Sheet 1 of 2	12693_CC_C210	03	16/05/14
Stormwater Longitudinal Sections 1:10 year ARI, Sheet 2 of 2	12693_CC_C211	03	16/05/14
Stormfilter Plan and Offtake Wier Sections	12693_CC_C220	02	16/05/14
Basin Sections	12693_CC_C221	02	16/05/14
Setout Detail Plan Sheet 1 of 4	12693_CC_C401	01	16/05/14
Setout Detail Plan Sheet 2 of 4	12693_CC_C402	01	16/05/14
Setout Detail Plan Sheet 3 of 4	12693_CC_C403	01	16/05/14
Setout Detail Plan Sheet 4 of 4	12693_CC_C404	01	16/05/14
Pavement Plan	12693_CC_C500	06	16/05/14
General Arrangement Services Plan	12693_CC_C800	02	16/05/14
Services Plan Sheet 1 of 4	12693_CC_C801	02	16/05/14
Services Plan Sheet 2 of 4	12693 CC C802	03	16/05/14
Services Plan Sheet 3 of 4	12693_CC_C803	03	16/05/14
Services Plan Sheet 4 of 4	12693 CC C804	03	16/05/14



2. Endorsed Electrical plans prepared by JHA Engineers

Plan Title	Drawing No	Revision	Date
Legend of Symbole, General Notes and Drawing List	E1000	В	02/06/14
Site Plan, Power, Comms & PayTV Reticulation Layout	E1001	В	02/06/14
Site Plan External Lighting Layout	E1002	В	02/06/14
Single Line Diagram and Details	E1003	С	21/05/14

3. Endorsed Hydraulic plans prepared by JHA Engineers

Plan Title	Drawing No	Revision	Date
Cover Sheet, Legend of Symbols, Drawing List, General Notes & Locality Plan	H000	D	30/05/14
Site Plan	H001	E	30/05/14
Detail Sheet	H002	D	30/05/14

4. Other documents relied upon

Title	Prepared By	Reference	Date	
Construction Certificate Application	Peter Magnisalis - Anglican Retirement Villages (Diocese of Syndey)	•	12/06/14	
Civil Design Certificate	H & H Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd	12693-C1/AF	16/05/14	
Hydraulic Design Certificate	JHA Consulting Engineers	-	12/06/14	
Water Management Report	H & H Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd	12693 Rev 2	May 2014	
StormFilter Operations and Maintenance	Stormwater 360 Australia	-	-	
Maintenance Plan	Enviropod & Wetland	12693	_	
Controlled Activity Approval	Department of Primary Industries	10 ERM2013/0778	24/06/14	



NOTICE TO APPLICANT OF CRITICAL STAGE INSPECTIONS

Made under Part 4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and Regulations 2000

PROPOSAL

Address of land on which the work is to be carried out:

6-14 Macpherson Street Warriewood NSW

2102

Lot & DP Number:

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 DP 1161389

Description of building works covered by this Notice:

Stage 1: Demolition, earthworks and civil

works.

APPLICANT

Name of person having benefit of the development consent: Peter Magnisalis - Anglican Retirement

Villages (Diocese of Sydney)

Address:

Level 2, 62 Norwest Boulevard, Baulkham

Hills NSW 2153

Contact Details:

Phone: (02) 9421 5331 Fax: (02) 9421 2222

RELEVANT CONSENTS

Consent Authority:

Development Consent No: Date of Development Consent:

Construction Certificate No:

Date of Construction Certificate:

Pittwater Council

N0267/13 20/02/14

CC 142440

25/06/14

INSPECTION TELEPHONE NUMBER

Please telephone the following number to book a critical stage inspection: A minimum period of 48 hours is to be provided

Brendan Bennett for and on behalf of City Plan Services Pty Ltd

PRINCIPAL CERTIFYING AUTHORITY

ACCREDITATION NUMBER

BPB 0027

MANDATORY CRITICAL STAGE INSPECTIONS

That I, Brendan Bennett, of City Plan Services located at Level 1, 364 Kent Street, Sydney acting as the principal certifying authority hereby give notice in accordance with Section 81A(2)(b1)(ii) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 to the person having the benefit of the development consent that the mandatory critical stage inspections identified in Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 are to be carried out in respect of the building work.

The applicant, being the person having benefit of the development consent is required under Section 81A(2)(b2)(lii) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 to notify the principal contractor (if not an owner-builder) of the applicable mandatory critical stage inspections specified under this notice.

To allow a principal certifying authority or another certifying authority time to carry out mandatory critical stage inspections, the principal contractor for the building site, or the owner builder, must notify the principal certifying authority at least 48 hours before building work is commenced at the site if a mandatory critical stage inspection is required before the commencement of the work in accordance with Clause 163 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000.

Failure to request a mandatory critical stage inspections will prohibit the principal certifying authority under with Section 109E(3)(d) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 to issue an occupation certificate.

DATED THIS

25th

of

June

2014

Brendan Bennett **Managing Director**

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day

Page 1 of 2

Ph: 8270 3500

LEVEL 1364 KENT ST, SYDNEY NSW 2000 TEL +612 8270 3500 | CITY PLAN SERVICES P/L ABN 30 075 223 353 CITY PLAN STRATEGY & DEVELOPMENT P/L ABN 53 133 501 774

FAX +61 2 8270 3501 WWW.CITYPLAN,COM.AU - 1 CITY PLAN HERITAGE P/L ABN 46 103 185 413 CITY PLAN URBAN DESIGN P/L ABN 41 107 317 206



SCHEDULE 1 MANDATORY CRITICAL STAGE INSPECTIONS

NO.	CRITICAL STAGE INSPECTION	INSPECTOR
1.	After Excavation for, and prior to the placement of any footings	Certifying Authority
2.	Prior to pouring any in-situ reinforced concrete building element	Certifying Authority
3.	Prior to covering of the framework for any floor, wall, roof or other building element	Certifying Authority
4.	Prior to covering waterproofing in any wet areas	Certifying Authority
5.	Prior to covering any stormwater drainage connections	Certifying Authority
6.	After the building work has been completed & prior to any occupation certificate being issued in relation to the building	Principal Certifying Authority

SCHEDULE 2 OTHER MANDATORY INSPECTION SPECIFIED BY THE PRINCIPAL CERTIFYING AUTHORITY

NO. OTHER CRITICAL STAGE INSPECTIONS	INSPECTOR
None have been specified in this instance	N/A



NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF PRINCIPAL CERTIFYING AUTHORITY

Made under Part 4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Sections 81A(2)(b1)(i) & 86(1)(a1)(i)

NOTICE TO

Pittwater Council

PO Box 882, Mona Vale, NSW 1660

PROPOSAL

Address of land on which the work is to be carried out:

6-14 Macpherson Street Warriewood NSW

2102

Lot & DP Number:

Description of building works covered by this Notice:

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 DP 1161389 Stage 1: Demolition, earthworks and civil

works.

DETAILS OF THE PERSON APPOINTING PCA

Name of person having benefit of the development consent: Peter Magnisalis - Anglican Retirement

Villages (Diocese of Sydney)

Address:

Level 2, 62 Norwest Boulevard, Baulkham

Hills NSW 2153

Contact Details:

Phone: (02) 9421 5331 Fax: (02) 9421 2222

The applicant has appointed Brendan Bennett as the Principal Certifying Authority as stated in the Construction Certificate Application lodged with City Plan Services for the building works identified in this Notice.

RELEVANT CONSENTS

Consent Authority:

Development Consent No: Date of Development Consent: Construction Certificate No: Date of Construction Certificate: Pittwater Council

N0267/13 20/02/14 CC 142440 25/06/14

PRINCIPAL CERTIFYING AUTHORITY

Brendan Bennett for and on behalf of

City Plan Services Pty Ltd

ACCREDITATION NUMBER

BPB 0027

That I, Brendan Bennett, of City Plan Services located at Level 1, 364 Kent Street, Sydney accept the appointment as the Principal Certifying Authority for the building works identified and covered under the relevant Construction Certificate as stated in this Notice.

DATED THIS

25th

of

day

June

2014

Brendan Bennett **Managing Director**

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Received

12 JUN 2014

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE APPLICATION

Made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Section 109C(1Xb) & Section 139 of Regulations 2000

Information for the applicant

This form may be used to apply for a construction certificate to carry out building work or subdivision work.
To minimise delay in receiving a decision about the application, please fill in all sections and ensure all relevant information and documents are provided.

 A construction certificate has no effect if it is issued after the building work or subdivision work to which it relates is physically commenced on the land to which the relevant development consent applies.

APPLICANT	Name Feter Mognisalia			
Name of person having benefit of the development consent.*	Company Anglican Retirement Villages (Diocese of Sydney)			
	ABN Number (if applicable) 39 922 848 563			
	Address Level 2, 62 Norwest Boulevard			
*An application for a construction certificate may only be	Suburb or town Baulkham Hills Postcode 2153			
made by a person who has the benefit of the development consent. An application may not be made by the person	Telephone 02 9421 5331 Fax 02 9421 2222			
who will carry out the building work or subdivision work unless that person owns the land on which the work is to be carried out.	Mobile 0412 186 333 Email Peter.Magnisalis@arv.org.au			
IDENTIFICATION OF BUILDING	Address 6-14 Macpherson Street			
	Lot No 3, 4 & 5			
	DP No 1161389			
	Suburb or town Warriewood Postcode 2102			
DESCRIPTION OF DEVELOPMENT Building or Subdivision Works:	Civil works comprising bulk earthworks, storm water, electrical and			
	hydraulic infrastructure, loop road and street lighting for a new			
	seniors housing development.			
BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA BUILDING CLASSIFICATION	Class(s) Not Applicable			
VALUE OF WORK	- .			
Estimated Cost of Work: (Including GST)	\$ <mark>2,791,439</mark>			

The contract price, or if there is no contract a genuine and accurate estimate, for all labour and material costs associated with all demolition and construction required for the development, including the cost of construction of any building and the preparation of a building for the purpose for which it is to be used (such as the costs of installing plant, fittings, fixtures and equipment).



DEVELOPMENT CONSENT	Differentian Coursell	
Provide electronic copies of:	Consent AuthorityPittwater Council	
a) approved plans endorsed by the authority	Development Consent No NO267/13	
 b) conditions of development conse c) other documents referenced by t 	nt 20 February 2014 Date of Determination	
development consent that are relative this application.	evant to Name of Applicant on Development Consent ARV	
DI ANNINO ACREEMENTO		☑No
PLANNING AGREEMENTS Is the development or the land upon w		
development is to carried out subject to planning agreement as referred to in separate to the separate subject subject to the separate subject	O a A conv of the planning agreement.	
a construction certificate for propose Applications for construction certificate of the certifying aution certificate of the certificate of t		provided. onically to the
Applicants must provide electronic copi is proposed. Please place a cross in the	es of the documents listed below that are relevant to the type of appropriate box(s) to indicate the type of development involves.	ed.
1. FIRE LINK CONVERSION	□Yes	☑No
Does the application relate ONLY to Fire Link Conversion?	If Yes - provide: A document that describes the design and construction and mode onew fire alarm communication link.	f operation of the
2. SUBDIVISION WORK	□Yes	☑No
Does the development involve Subdivision Work?	If Yes - provide: Appropriate subdivision work plans and specifications, which includ a) details of the existing and proposed subdivision pattern (includitots and the location of roads) b) details as to which public authorities have been consulted with of utility services to the land concerned c) detailed engineering plans as to the following matters: i. earthworks ii. roadworks iii. road pavement iv. road furnishings v. stormwater drainage vi. water supply works vii. sewerage works viii. landscaping works ix. erosion control works	ng the number of
3. BUILDINGS	□Yes	⊠No
3.1 Does the development involve building work (including work in relation to a dwelling house or building or structure ancillary to a dwelling house?)	If Yes - provide: 1. A detailed description of the development by completing page 3 form 2. Appropriate building work plans and specifications, which includ a) detailed plans drawn to a suitable scale and consisting of a ble general plan, that show: i. a plan of each floor section ii. a plan of each elevation of the building iii. the levels of the lowest floor and of any yard or unbuilt on that floor and the levels of the adjacent ground iv. the height, design, construction and provision for fire safe	e copies of: ock plan and a area belonging to



INBAN DESIGN PLAN SERVICE	ES ·	•
	 ii. that state whether the materials to be used are new or second-hand at the case of second-hand materials) give particulars of the materials to a statement as to how the performance requirements of the Building Cod Australia are to be complied with (if an alternative solution, to meet the performance requirements, is to be used) d) a description of any accredited building product or system sought to be refor the purposes of section 79C(4) of the Environmental Planning and Astract 1979 (EP&A Act)* e) copies of any compliance certificate to be relied on f) if the development involves building work to alter, expand or rebuild an ebuilding, a scaled plan of the existing building g) if a BASIX certificate has been obtained for the development, such other as the BASIX certificate requires to be included in the plans and specifical 	elied on sessment existing matters
	*S.79C(4) EP&A Act provides that a consent authority must not refuse to grant consent to development on the ground that any building product or system relating to the development comply with a requirement of the Building Code of Australia if the building product or accredited in respect of the requirement in accordance with the EP7A regulation 2000.	ent does system is
3.2 Does the development involve building work (other than work in relation to a dwelling-house or a building or structure that is ancillary to a dwelling-house or	If Yes - provide: a) A list of any existing fire safety measures provided in relation to the land existing building on the land.	
work that relates only to fire link conversion)?	 A list of the proposed fire safety measures to be provided in relation to the and any building on the land as a consequence of the building work. 	
3.3 Does the building work (see note below) involve an alternative solution under the Building Code of Australia ("BCA") in respect of a fire safety requirement?	If Yes - Provide: Either or both of the following from a "fire safety engineer" (a private accredit certifier holding Category C10 accreditation): a) A compliance certificate (as referred to in s.109C(1)(a)(v) EP&A Act) that the atternative solution compiles with the relevant performance requirements of the BCA. b) A written report that includes a statement that the alternative solution cowith the relevant requirements of the BCA.	it certifies drements
	Note: The above requirement only applies to building work in respect of: a) a class 9a building that is proposed to have a total floor area of 2000 square metre b) any building (other than a class 9a building) that is proposed to have: i, a fire compartment with a total floor area of more than 2000 square metres or ii. a total floor area of more than 6000 square metres that involves an ellernative s under the BCA in respect of the requirements set out in EP1.4, EP2.1, DP4 and Volume 1 of the BCA.	solution
3.4 Does the application relate to a residential flat development for which the development application was required under Clause 50(1A) of the EP&A Regulation to be accompanied	If Yes - Provide: A statement from a qualified designer which verifies that the plans and spec achieve or improve the design quality of the development for which develop consent was granted, having regard to the design quality principles set out State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65: Design Quality of Residential for the design quality of the development for the design quality principles and the design quality of the development for the design quality principles are the design quality of the development for the development for the design quality principles are the de	ment In Part 2 o
by a design verification from a qualified designer?	Development (SEPP 65) Note: If the development application was also required to be accompanied by a BASIL with respect to any building, the statement need not verify the design quality priout in SEPP 65 to the extent to which they aim to reduce consumption of mains-supplied polable water, or reduce emissions greenhouse gases, in the building or in the use of the land that it is built on improve the thermal performance of the building	inciples set of
3.5 Has the Fire Commissioner granted an exemption under clause 188 EP&A Regulation from compliance with any specified Category 3 fire safety provision?	TYes If Yes - Provide: A copy of the exemption together with any conditions imposed.	ØNo
3.6 Is any long service payment levy payable under s.34 of the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986?	If Yes - Provide: A copy of a receipt for any long service payment levy that has been made (such a levy is payable by instalments, a receipt for the first instalment of the	☑No (or, where le levy).
		D

PLANNING BUILDING HERITAGE URBAN DESIGN



3.7 Does the application involve a BASIX affect development or a BASIX optional development in respect of which the applicant has obtained a BASIX certificate?

□Yes

☑No

if Yes - Provide:

The BASIX certificate(s) for the development (being either the BASIX certificate issued when the development consent was granted or some other BASIX certificate(s) that have been issued no earlier than three months before the date of the Application being made), and such other documents as the BASIX certificate(s) for the development requires to accompany the Application.

BASIX (the Building and Sustainability Index) ensures homes are built to be more energy and water efficient. BASIX uses an online program to assess a building's design and compares it egainst energy and water reduction targets. The design must meet these targets before a BASIX certificate can be printed. Any changes made to a building's design after a BASIX certificate has been issued requires another BASIX assessment and new BASIX certificate. "BASIX affected buildings" contain one or more dwellings (but do not include hotels or motels).

A BASIX certificate <u>MUST</u> be obtained for every "BASIX affected development", which are any of the following (other than development that is "BASIX excluded development"):

(a) development that involves the erection (but not the relocation) of a BASIX affected building (b) development that involves a change of building use by which a building becomes a BASIX

- (a) development that involves as change of building use by which a building becomes a BASIX affected building development that involves the alteration, enlargement or extension of a BASIX affected building, where the estimated construction cost of the development is \$50,000 or more (d) development for the purpose of a swimming pool or spa, or combination of swimming pools and spas, that services or service only one dwelling and that has a capacity, or combined capacity, of 40,000 litres or more.
 BASIX excluded development is
 (a) development for the purpose of a garage, storeroom, car port, gazebo, verandah or awning alterations, enlargements or extensions to a building listed on the State Heritage Register under the Heritage Act 1977
 (c) alterations, enlargements or extensions that result in a space that cannot be fully enclosed (for example, a veranda that is open or enclosed by screens, mesh or other materials that permit the free and uncontrolled flow of airly, other than a space can be fully enclosed but for a vent needed for the safe operation of a gas appliance
 (d) alterations, enlargements or extensions that the Director-General has declared, by order published in the Gazette, to be BASIX excluded development.

- A BASIX Certificate MAY be obtained for certain developments by an Applicant even though there is no obligation to do so. This is called "BASIX optional development". "BASIX optional development" means any of the following development that Is not BASIX excluded development:

 (a) development that involves the alteration, enlargement or extension of a BASIX effected building, where the estimate of the construction cost of the development is less than \$5,000 (b) development for the purpose of a swimming pool or spa, or combination of swimming pools and spas, that services or service only one dwelling and that has a capacity, or combined capacity, of less than 40,000 litres.

If the proposed development involves the alteration, enlargement or extension of a BASIX effected building that contains more than one dwelling, a separate BASIX certificate is required for each dwelling concerned.

Further information about BASIX and to obtain a BASIX Certificate, so to http://www.basix.nsw.gov.au

3.8 Have the plans subject to the application been stamped by a Sydney Water Quick Check Agent or the relevant water utility authority or their authorised agent?

TYes

☑No

If Yes - Provide:

A copy of the stamped plans.

Note: The approved plans must be submitted to a Sydney Water Quick Check agent or other relevant water utility to determine whether the development will affect any wastewater and water mains, stormwater drains and/or easement, and if any requirements need to be met. Plans will be appropriately stamped.

4. RESTRICTIONS ON THE **TITLES** Is the proposed work affected

by any restrictions on the titles (including covenants, easements & rights of way)?

No

If Yes - Provide Details

5. HOME BUILDING ACT REQUIREMENTS

In the case of an application for a construction certificate for residential building work (within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989) attach the following:

□Yes

ZNo

If Yes - Provide:

- a) In the case of work by a licensee under the Act:
 - a statement detailing the ilcensee's name and contractor licence number, and
 - documentary evidence that the licensee has complied with the applicable requirements of that Act*.



b) In the case of work done by any other person:

- a statement detailing the person's name and owner builder permit number, or
- a declaration signed by the owner of the land, to the effect that the reasonable market cost of the labour and materials involved in the work is less than the amount prescribed for the purpose of the definition of owner-builder work in section 29 of that Act.

A certificate purporting to be issued by an approved insurer under Part 6 of the Home Building Act 1989 to the effect that a person is the holder of an insurance contract issued for the purposes of that Part, is sufficient evidence that the person has compiled with the requirements of that Part.

6. LIST OF DOCUMENTS Prepare & attach a list of all documents provided under Development Consent, Additional Requirements & Schedule 1.

Yes If Yes - Provide Details □N₀

7. OWNERS CONSENT

As the owner(s) of the land on which the work is to be carried out:

- I/we hereby consent to the applicant(s) named on the application to act on my/our behalf as the person with benefit of the development consent nominated herein.
- I/we hereby consent to the certifying authority, or an accredited certifier nominated by City Plan Services P/L, to enter the subject property at any reasonable time for the purpose of carrying out an inspection in connection with the assessment of this application. I/we will undertake all necessary steps to make access available to the property to enable the inspection to be carried out.

Signature of all owner(s): Sign Name Date

A certifying authority must not issue a construction certificate for the development on a site which affects an existing building unless the certifying authority or an accredited certifier nominated by City Plan Services P/L has carried out an inspection of the site of the development.

8. APPLICANT SIGNATURE

As a person eligible to be an applicant for this work:

- 1. I/we hereby submit this Construction Certificate Application under the Environmental Planning & Assessment
- Act 1979, with City Plan Services Pty Ltd.

 I/we hereby appoint Brendan Bennett Chris Michaels/ Adam DeLooze/ Darren Bugg of City Plan

Services Pty Ltd as the Principal Certifying Authority for the building work identified in this application.

3. I/we (if not the owner(s) of the land on which the work is to be carried out), hereby state that I/we are not the contractor who will carry out the building work or subdivision.

4. I/we hereby state that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided within this application is true and accurate.

Signature of applicant(s):

Sign Sign Date _ Date



				_
DETAILED DESCRIPTION For each proposed new building, indicate:	The number of storeys (in building.	ncluding undergrous	nd storeys) in the	
	Gross floor area of existing	ng building (m²)		
	The gross site area of the erected (m ²)	e land on which the	building is to be	
For each proposed new residential building, indicate:	The number of existing of building Is to be erected. The number of existing of connection with the erection	iwellings that are to	be demolished in	
•	The number of dwellings	to be included in th	ne new building	
	Whether the new building Whether the new buildin building			
	Whether the site contain	n a dual occupancy		
	The materials to be used by completing the table	d in the construction below	of the new building	
MATERIALS TO BE USED	Walls	Code	Roof	Code
	Brick (double)	11	Tiles	10
	Brick (veneer)	12	Concrete/Slate	20
	Concrete /Stone	20	Fibrous cement	30
	Fibrous cement	20	 Steel	60
/	Timber	40	Aluminium	70
	Curtain glass	50	Other	80
/	Steel	60	_ Not specified	90
<i>~</i> /	Aluminium cladding	70		
ر المنهن الم المنهن المنهن المنه	Timber/weatherboard	40		
	Other	80	_	
DA /	Not specified	90	_	
May Willy rais for	Floor	Code	Frame	Code
	Concrete/Slate	20	Timber	40
	Timber	40	Steel	60
	Other	80	Aluminium	70
	Unknown	90	Other	80
			Unknown	90



Schedule 2 - Existing Essential Fire Safety Measures

Item No.	Existing Measure	Is this measure Installed in the Building?	If yes, enter the current standard of performance (eg: ORD 70 Clause 19/2 or BCA Clause E1.5 & AS 2118.1-1999)
1	Access Panels, doors and hoppers to fire resisting shaft		
2	Automatic fail safe devices		
3	Automatic fire detection and alarm system		
4	Automatic fire suppression system (sprinkler)		
5	Automatic fire suppression system (others – specify)		X
6	Building occupant warning system	7	
7	Emergency lighting		
8	Emergency lifts		
9	Emergency warning and intercommunication system	/	
10	Exit signs /	1	
11	Fire control centres and rooms		
12	Fire dampers \K/		
13	Fire doors 70		
14	Fire hydrant systems		
15	Fire seals (protecting openings in fire resisting components of the bailding)		
16	Fire shutters		
17	Fire windows		
18	Hose reel system 20		
19	Light weight construction		
20	Mechanical air handling systems		
21	Paths of travel stairways passageways or ramps		
22	Perimeter vehicle access for emergency vehicles		
23	Portable fire extinguishers		
24	Pressurising system		
25	Required (automatic) exit abors		
26	Safety curtains in prospenium openings		
27	Smoke and Heat Vents		
28	Smoke Control System		
29	Smoke dampers		
30	Smoke detectors and heat detectors		
31	Smoke doors		
32	Solid Core doors		
33	Stand-By Power Systems		
34	Wall wetting sprinkler and drencher systems		
35/	Warning and operational signs		
36	OTHERS - Specify		



Schedule 3 – Proposed Essential Fire Safety Measures Part 2 of 2

Item No.	Proposed New Measure	Is this measure Installed in the Building? Yes or No	If yes, enter the current standard of performance (eg: BCA Clause E1.5 & AS2118.1-1999)
1	Access Panels, doors and hoppers to fire resisting shaft		
2	Automatic fail safe devices		
3	Automatic fire detection and alarm system		
4	Automatic fire suppression system (sprinkler)		
5	Automatic fire suppression system (others – specify)		
6	Building occupant warning system		
7	Emergency lighting	7	
8	Emergency lifts		
9	Emergency warning and intercommunication system	/	
10	Exit signs /		
11	Fire control centres and rooms		
12	Fire dampers		
13	Fire doors		
14	Fire hydrant systems		
15	Fire seals (protecting openings in fire resisting components of the building)		
16	Fire shutters DAN		
17	Fire windows		
18	Hose reel system \ofoleandrightarrow \ofoleand		
19	Light weight construction		
20	Mechanical air handling systems		
21	Paths of travel stairways passageways of ramps		
22	Perimeter vehicle access for emergency vehicles		
23	Portable fire extinguishers	!	
24	Pressurising system		
25	Required (automatic) exit doors		
26	Safety curtains in proscenium openings		
27	Smoke and Heat Vents		
28	Smoke Control System		
29	Smoke dampers		
30	Smoke detectors and heat detectors		
31	Smoke doors		
32	Solid-Core doors		
33	Stand-By Power Systems		
34	Wall wetting sprinkler and drencher systems		
35	Warning and operational signs		
36/	OTHERS - Specify		
This is	an accurate statement of all proposed Fire Safety Measures to be installed/ measures.	odified in the whole t	pullding.
Signed	(Owner/ Agent) Name		Date

H&H Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd (trading as Henry & Hymas)

ABN 77 091 243 355 ACN 091 243 355 Address Level 5 79 Victoria Avenue Chatswood New South Wales 2067 Telephone +61 2 9417 8400

Facsimile +61 2 9417 8337

Email email@hhconsult.com.au

Web www.henryandhymas.com.au



16 May 2014

Our Ref: 12693-C1/AF

CITY PLAN SERVICES PTY LTD. 364 KENT STREET SYDNEY, NSW 2000

Attention: Brendan Bennett

Dear Sir,

RE: PROPOSED RETIERMENT VILLAGE

CERTIFICATE OF DESIGN - CIVIL ENGINEERING

SUBJECT PREMISES: 6- 14 Macpherson Street, WARRIEWOOD NSW 2101

Lot 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 DP 1161389.

DEVELOPMENT CONSENT: PITTWATER COUNCIL DA NO. NO267/13

Pursuant to the provisions of the Clause A2.2 of the Building Code of Australia, I hereby certify that the above design is in accordance with best engineering practice and in our opinion meets the requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulations of the Building Code of Australia, relevant Australian Standards and relevant conditions of the development consent. In particular, the design is generally in accordance with the following:

- AS3500 'National Plumbing and Drainage Code' Part 3: Stormwater Drainage;
- Warriewood Valley Urban Land Release Water Management Specification (WMS);
- Pittwater Council Development Control Plan 21;
- Conditions B6, B9, C8, C9 and C10 of the Development Consent dated 20 February 2014;
- Condition C16 in that the Drawings are generally in accordance with the Development Application Drawings.
- GHD letter dated 13/12/2013 (B2);
- GHD Warriewood Retirement Village Water Management Report 2006.

I am an appropriately qualified and experienced person in this field and as such have a capacity to certify on behalf of Henry & Hymas Consulting Engineers that the design and performance of the design systems generally and in our opinion comply with the above and which are detailed on the civil drawings listed herewith.



COOK DOVED CHEET DRAWING SOLIEDLIEF NOTE & LOCALITY SYSTEM	
C000 COVER SHEET, DRAWING SCHEDULE, NOTE & LOCALITY SKETCH	3
C010 NOTES SHEET	1
C100 GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN	3
C101 DETAIL PLAN, SHEET 1 OF 4	3
C102 DETAIL PLAN, SHEET 2 OF 4	3
C103 DETAIL PLAN, SHEET 3 OF 4	3
C104 DETAIL PLAN, SHEET 4 OF 4	3
C110 TYPICAL SECTIONS AND DETAILS	4
C115 EXTRY DRIVEWAY GRADING AND SECTIONS	3_
C118 LOOP ROAD CENTRE LINE ALIGNEMENT SETOUT	2
C120 ROAD 1 LONGITUDINAL SECTION	3
C130 SITE SECTIONS	3
C140 ROAD CROSS SECTION – SHEET 1 OF 2	2
C141 ROAD CROSS SECTION – SHEET 2 OF 2	2
C200 STORMWATER MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS	3
C201 STORMWATER 360 DETAILS	3
C210 STORMWATER LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS, SHEET 1 OF 2	3
C211 STORMWATER LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS, SHEET 2 OF 2	3
C220 STOMRFILTER PLAN AND OFFTAKE WIER SECTIONS	2
C221 BASIN SECTIONS	2
C401 SET OUT PLAN SHEET 1 OF 4	1
C402 SET OUT PLAN SHEET 2 OF 4	1
C403 SET OUT PLAN SHEET 3 OF 4	_ 1
C404 SET OUT PLAN SHEET 4 OF 4	1
C500 PAVEMENT PLAN	6
C800 GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN - SERVICES PLAN	2
C801 SERVICES PLAN 1 OF 4	3_
C802 SERVICES PLAN 2 OF 4	3
C803 SERVICES PLAN 3 OF 4	3_
C804 SERVICES PLAN 4 OF 4	3
BE00 BULK EARTHWORKS OVERALL PLAN	2
BE01 BULK EARTHWORKS DETAIL PLAN - SHEET 1 OF 4	2
BE02 BULK EARTHWORKS DETAIL PLAN - SHEET 2 OF 4	2
BE03 BULK EARTHWORKS DETAIL PLAN - SHEET 3 OF 4	2
BE04 BULK EARTHWORKS DETAIL PLAN - SHEET 4 OF 4	2
BE05 BULK EARTHWORKS SECTIONS	2
BE06 BULK EARTHWORKS DETAILS	2
BE07 BULK EARTHWORKS - OVER EXCAVATION PLAN	2
SE01 SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL PLAN	3
1 1	∥ 3



Designer:

Andrew Francis

Qualifications:

B.E. (Civil)

Employer:

H & H Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd

Address:

Level 5, 79 Victoria Ave CHATSWOOD

Business Tel. No:

9417 8400

Fax No: 9417 8337

H & H Consulting Engineers possesses indemnity insurance to the satisfaction of the Client. However, this certificate shall not be construed in any way to relieve any other party of their responsibilities.

Yours faithfully,

ANDREW FRANCIS
For, and on behalf of,

H & H Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd



12 June 2014

Morgan Moore & Associates Level 2 4-10 Bridge Street Pymble NSW 2073

Attention:

Mr. M. Moore

Dear Martin,



JHA Consulting Engineers ABN 19 347 292 481

Level 3, 146 Arthur Street North Sydney NSW 2060

PO Box 3 North Sydney NSW 2059

Ph: (02) 9437 1000



CERTIFICATE OF DESIGN – HYDRAULIC SERVICES

SUBJECT PREMISES: 6-14 Macpherson Street, Warriewood (lots 3, 4 & 5 DP1161389) - Infrastructure

Pursuant to the provisions of Clause A2.2 of the Building Code of Australia 2013, I hereby certify that the above design is in accordance with normal engineering practice, and meets the requirements of the Building Code of Australia and relevant Australian Standards. In particular, the design is in accordance with the following:

- 1) Energy efficiency to comply with following clauses of BCA clause J7.2
- 2) AS3500.1 & 2 2003: Plumbing and Drainage
- 3) AS2419.1-2005 Fire Hydrant Installations (Infrastructure only)
- 4) AS5601-2004 Gas Installations

I am an appropriately qualified and competent person in this area and as such can certify that the design complies with the above and which are detailed on the following drawings Revisions as noted:

- H000 Cover Sheet, Legend of Symbols, Drawing List & General Notes Rev D
- H001 Site Plan Rev E
- H002 Detail Sheet Rev D

Full Name of Designer:

Chris Healy

Qualifications:

Dip-Hydraulic Services

Address of Designer:

JHA Consulting Engineers,

Level 3, 146 Arthur Street,

NORTH SYDNEY NSW 2080

Business Telephone No:

(02) 9437 1000

Name of Employer:

JHA Consulting Engineers

Yours sincerely,

Chris Healy

Chris Healy Hydraulic Engineer

H&H Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd (trading as Henry & Hymas) ABN 77 091 243 355 ACN 091 243 355

Address Level 5, 79 Victoria Avenue Chatswood New South Wales 2067 Telephone +61 2 9417 8400 Facsimile +61 2 9417 8337

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Web www.henryandhymas.com.au



ANGLICAN RETIREMENT VILLAGES



WATER MANAGEMENT REPORT
STAGES 4-6
ANGLICAN RETIREMENT VILLAGE
WARRIEWOOD

Revision 2 MAY 2014 Job No. 12693

HENRY & HYMAS LEVEL 5, 79 VICTORIA AVENUE CHATSWOOD NSW 2067

Our Ref: 12693

Tel: (02) 9417 8400 Fax: (02) 9417 8337

E-mail: email@hhconsult.com.au



1.0 Referenced documentation

- GHD letter dated 13.12.2013
- GHD Warriewood Retirement Village Water Management Report. 2006
- Warriewood Valley Urban Land Release Water Management Specification (WMS).
- Pittwater Council Development Control Plan 21;

1.1 Water Quality

1.1.1 Water Quality Requirements

Urban developments have the potential to increase gross pollutants, sediments, hydrocarbons and nutrient concentrations in stormwater runoff. To limit impact on the downstream water quality, water quality measures at source and end of line treatments will be provided. This section describes the specific implementation of these measures for the proposed development.

The water quality modelling software program MUSIC has been used to establish the effectiveness of the water quality treatment proposal. MUSIC has been developed by the Cooperative Research Centre for Catchment Hydrology, and is designed as a planning tool for water quality "treatment trains" for catchment runoff.

Water quality measures will be implemented for stage 4-6. This will be to ensure that stormwater runoff is treated sufficiently prior to discharge to the downstream stormwater system.

Catchments were separated into three components for the purpose of the music model:

- Roof areas (drainage to Rainwater Tanks for subsequent reuse)
- Pavement areas (including roads, footpaths, etc.)
- Pervious areas (landscape areas).

MUSIC modelling was conducted to ensure that the water quality treatment targets nominated by Council will be achieved and approved water quality assessment prepared by GHD in 2006 and in accordance with Warriewood Valley Urban Land Release – Water Management Specification (WMS).

As the Water Management Specification (WMS) only contains event (storm flow) data, base flow was derived from EPA CRC for Catchment Hydrology – (October 2003) reference in (WMS). Post development and pollutant parameters are adopted from WMS (table 1 below). Due to the lack of data, roofs which typically experience lower levels of pollution were sourced from values prepared from GHD water management report 2006.

Table 4.1 Suggested Event Mean Concentrations for Modelling*

Land Use	TN EMC (mg/L)	TP EMC (mg/L)	SS EMC (mg/L)
Urban**	1.50	0.30	100
Rural Residential	1.00	0.10	35
Horticulture	2.50	0.20	45
Pasture	0.50	0.04	15
Forest/Native Vegetation	0.32	0.03	10

^{*}Sources for suggested EMC's include creek autosampler data, Lawson & Treloar, 1997, AWT, 1995

**Urban includes urban residential, commercial and light industrial

Assessment of the performance of various devices is to be undertaken using data from published best management practice documents such as:

- Managing Urban Stormwater Treatment Techniques (EPA, 1997)
- The Constructed Wetlands Manual (DLWC, 1998)
- Managing Urban Stormwater using Constructed Wetlands, CRC for Catchment Hydrology, 1998
- Controlling Urban Runoff Schueler, 1987.

Table 1. Post development pollutant parameters - WMS



The effectiveness of the treatment train effectiveness can be seen in Table 2 below, where Figure 1 below shows a schematic drawing of the MUSIC model configuration. A comparison of the post development site both pre-mitigation and post mitigation can been seen below as well as the pollutant removal rates that were achieved by implementation of the water quality treatment measures proposed for the site.

Warriewood stages 4-6	Sources	Residual Load	Target GHD 2006 %	Reduction %
Total Suspended Solids (kg/yr)	2100	352	77.0	83.3
Total Phosphorus (kg/yr)	6.19	2.13	60.1	65.5
Total Nitrogen (kg/yr)	39.5	22.7	42.1	42.5
Gross Pollutants (kg/yr)	577	10.6	100	98.5

Table 2 - Results Water Quality Modelling

The results show the reduction rates generally meet criteria outlined in GHD report 2006%. The results also show that the proposed treatment strategies effectively mitigate the increase pollution loads typically found with increased impervious areas. There is a small shortfall noted on the Gross Pollutants due to the inclusion of Fire Trail Footpath in the model.

The Stormwater runoff generated on the Warriewood Anglican Retirement Village site can be separated into 2 streams:

- Roof or rainwater runoff which can be reused for toilet flushing or irrigation.
- Road, pavement and landscape areas, which can be treated by Enviropods/Pit baskets, Stormwater filters and the Wetland.

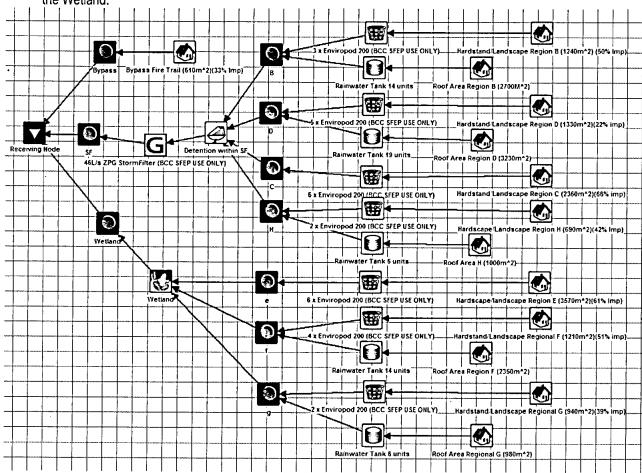


Figure 1: MUSIC Model



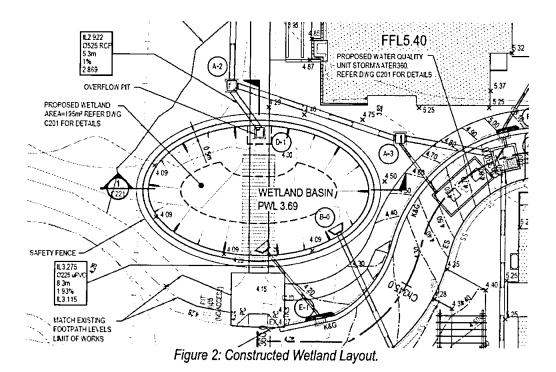
The following water quality treatment measures are proposed for the current Stages 4 to 6 development proposal.

1.1.2 Constructed Wetland

It is proposed to provide a wetland, which is a permanent water body that will be used for aesthetic purposes in addition to fulfilment of water quality requirements. The wetland will be constructed as a clay lined earth basin with a combination of sandstone rock and earth batters. The constructed wetland will have 50% of the surface area covered by vegetation specified by the landscape architect.

The wetland will be approx. 185 sqm, with a permanent water depth ranging from 1000mm to 500mm. The wetland will have 1 in 6 batters to promote rapid dewatering and to accommodate for a large variety of planting. Multiple outlets are used and staggered in line to outlet in order to promote flow within the wetland, inhibiting the basin from short circuiting and to discourage the occurrence of stagnation and cultivation of mosquitos. Overflow in excess of the capacity of this wetland will be piped to the existing lake for Stages 4-6. The basin is to be free of overhanging trees to reduce the shade to the basin and to reduce the maintenance requirements form falling debris.

The basins permanent water levels are designed in accordance with WMS 4.3.2. Stormwater Quality improvement devices the wetland - where a "pond/wetland must also lie above the 5% AEP flood level" with "invert of the ponds in all other sectors should be such that the local groundwater is not intercepted by the pond". The 1 in 20 year ARI flood level from Warriewood Valley Flood Study (April 2005) for section G Narrabeen 6 is a flood level of 3.69. Thus the permanent water level for the basin is proposed at RL 3.69, with extended storage100mm above the permanent water level.



Additional details and sections of the proposed construct wetland can be found in Appendix A - Site Plan & Appendix D - Basin sections and Details.

1.1.3 EnviroPod/Pit Baskets

In addition to the proposed constructed wetlands, it is proposed to provide pit baskets such as Enviropods or an approved equivalent for all grated gully pits within the road network as well as future shared driveways. These pit baskets will assist in the water quality pre-treatment for the site by capturing a large portion or gross pollutants, large sediment particles and organic matter that may also contain nutrients.



The enviropod pit basket acts as pre-treatment for the basin and storm filter cartridges, removing sediments and gross pollutants to increase the basins and Stormfilters viability and performance over time. EnviroPods also provide some treatment of Phosphorous and Nitrogen by filtering out particulate matter carrying these pollutants.

The removal rates for the 'EnviroPods' vary based on the amount of inflow pollutant concentrations. The removal rates curves for the various pollutants have been supplied from Stormwater 360 (SW360) for the 'EnviroPods'.

1.1.4 Stormfilters

Stormfilter removes the most challenging stormwater pollutants – including fine solids, soluble heavy metals, oil, and total nutrients – using a variety of sustainable media. The chamber is 2.7m x 5.4m x 1.6m with 29 storm filter cartridges. The proposed storm filter system was designed with the use of an offtake weir. This strategy insures ensures the storm filters can remove pollutants effectively at the given treatment rate - 46 l/s. In addition to the cartridges the storm filter tank is also designed to have an extra quality of detention, to remove settling suspended solids and particulates. A section of the proposed Stormfilter cartridge system can be seen below;

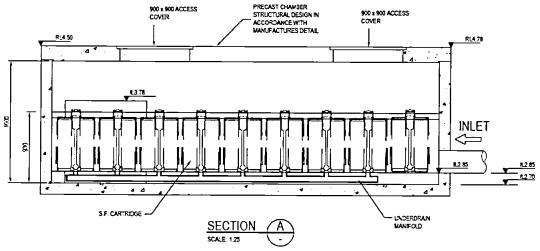


Figure 3 Stormfilter Section

A Stormfilter cartridge system is proposed as the wetland area alone will not the meet specific water quality targets from GHD report 2006. Flow directed into the storm filter vault bypasses the wetland as the basin water level (restricted by flood level) if connected would cause the cartridge system to bypass and become ineffective. Details regarding the Stormfilters can be found in Appendix B – Stormfilter 360 Details & Appendix C – Storm filter Plan & Offtake Weir Details.

1.1.5 Rainwater reuse

Re-use of rainwater is proposed for the individual dwellings on the site in accordance with the requirements of the BASIX report. 1000L capacity Rain Water Tank is proposed for each dwelling. The retention and reuse of rainwater will provide a small contribution to improved water quality through reduction of nutrients.

As part of the intergraded on-site stormwater management system, stormwater overflow from the rainwater tank is designed to discharge into the adjacent waterway via piped systems with minimal erosion to the development.

The modelling for the Rainwater reuse for toilet flushing and outdoor garden use was undertaken using parameters from the GHD Report 2006, Music modelling guidelines and current best practice.



Each of the units have 1000L Rainwater tank for toilet flushing and garden irrigation. Data input to the Music model was based on:

- Total number of units for stage 4-6 is 59.
- Average Daily Demand: 120 L per household Music Modelling Guidelines. (August 2010)
- Daily reuse 310 L landscape/ irrigation and other uses. Music Modelling Guidelines. (August 2010)
- Rain water storage of 59000 L
- Monthly distribution of annual demand

2.1 Water quantity

The drainage system for the site has been designed to collect all runoff from the landscape and impervious surfaces such as driveways, car parks and roof areas. The piped drainage system has been designed generally to convey the 1 in 10 year ARI with adequate provision for the 1 in 100 year ARI to be safely conveyed overland. The stormwater network has been designed to safely convey minor storm events via a pit and pipe stormwater system with provision for larger, more infrequent storm events overland via the road and driveway network. The piped stormwater network connects to an either a constructed wetland or storm filter vault finally discharging to the existing lake.

On-site Stormwater Detention (OSD) for the site will be provided in the existing lake to the north. This existing lake is referred to in the 'Water Management Report' by GHD- dated 24/10/2011.

As discussed in the GHD letter dated 13/12/2013, replacing the existing 550mm orifice plate with a 450mm plate on the lake outlet would provide a better compliance with WMS PSD requirements. This change would increase the maximum storage uptake in the lake to 2500m³ which is still well within the SSR requirements. The location of the discharge control pit is shown in Figure 4 below, details regarding the orifice modifications can be found in Appendix A.

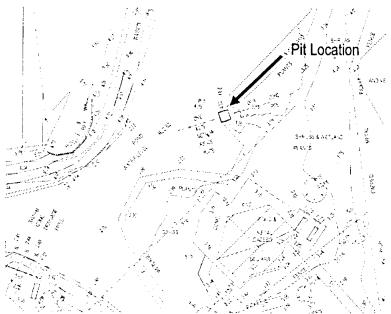


Figure 4 Survey location of lake discharge control pit.

Total discharge from the site for stage 4-6 is 0.783 m3/s (1 in 100 ARI) which is less than the PSD of 1.162 m3/s allowed for stage 4-6 from GHD report – dated 2006. Drains printouts (Figures 5 & 6) show the drainage network during the 1 in 10 ARI and 1 in 100 ARI events.



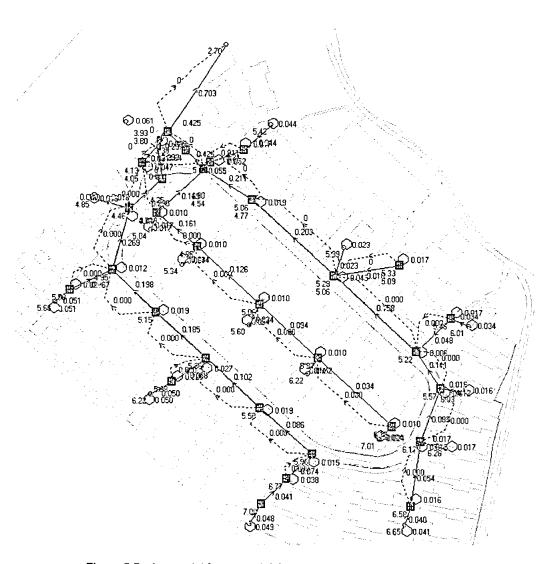


Figure 5 Drains model for stage 4-6 for Minor design storm. 1 in 10 ARI



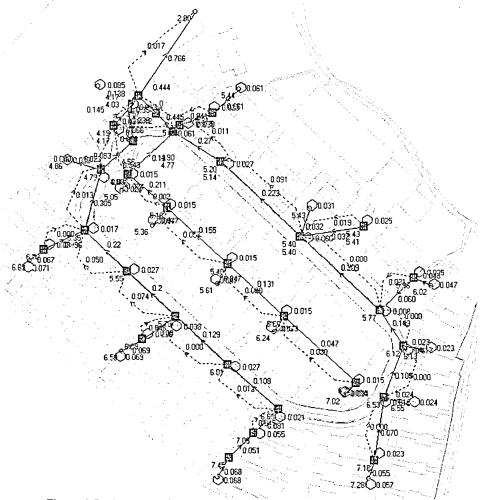


Figure 6 Drains model for Stage 4-6 for Major design storm. 1 in 100 ARI

4.1 Mosquito Management

In general, newly flooded areas and stagnant water provide favourable breeding conditions for mosquitos. Similar to measures discussed in GHD report 2006, the wetland will be designed to minimise the risk of mosquito breeding by implementing the following measures;

- Open water areas will be sufficiently deep, with edges gently sloping edges 1 in 6.
- In accordance with maintenance plan (referred below), accumulations of debris, vegetation and algal mats will be routinely be removed.
- Shallow areas are graded for rapid de-watering.
- Inlet and outlet structures will be incorporated into the overall design to enable water level management of the wetland.
- The interior deep water areas will be maintained free of vegetation.
- Vertebrates (i.e. fish), invertebrates (eg, dragonflies, water beetles, water bugs) will be encouraged by providing appropriate habitat.
- Planting will be periodically removed or thinned out to maintain the effectiveness of fish predation.
- Basin design and shape reduces potential for stagnation.

The wetland will be monitored using standard mosquito sampling techniques, to detect the relative abundance of both larval and adult population.



4.2 Algae Management.

Algae outbreaks in waterways are caused by an increase in the nutrient levels (typically phosphorus), which is introduced to the waterway by pollutants such as fertilises and cleaning products. Algae outbreaks can have negative effects on the native water plant species as they grow rapidly choking and killing off the native plant species.

The wetland can be designed and monitored in order to reduce the likelihood of Algae outbreaks. In order to minimise the risk chance of Algae blooms the following protective measures are proposed;

- Maintenance of phosphorus levels in the wetland.
- Physical removal of Algae blooms upon occurrence.
- Monthly monitoring of Algae presence in summer months November to April.
- Use of environmentally friendly mixtures e.g. Phoslock; to reduce nutrients and promote healthy aquatic environment.

4.3 Maintenance, monitoring and operation of stormwater quality treatment devices.

As the maintenance and operation of the Stormfilter system is site specific, please constant Stormwater 360 for details regarding the maintenance of SW360 Cartridges and Enviropod filters. An example maintenance and operation program generally provided by SW360 can be seen in Appendix E.

For Maintenance, monitoring and operation of stormwater quality treatment device see Appendix F – Long Term Maintenance program.

Monitoring of stormwater treatment devices in addition to general maintenance measures is to be in accordance with GHD Warriewood Retirement Village – Water Management Report 2006 chapters 3 & 4, and Warriewood Valley Urban Land Release – Water Management Specification (WMS) chapter 4.4.

Operations and maintenance

StormFilter® EnviroPod Treatment Train



Location of Devic	e		
GPS Coord	N:	E:	D P Number:
Relevant Council			
Company			
Contact		Email	Ph
Engineer			
Contact SFEP Treatment 1 2		Email	Ph
SFEP Treatment	ection/Mainten		
SFEP treatment 1 2 Frequency of Inspec	ctions	ance Major	Maintenance Estimated Annual Cost StormFilter
SFEP Treatment 1 2 Frequency of Insp	ctions	ance	Maintenance Estimated Annual Cost

Contents			The Stormwater Management StormFilter		17
			1.1	Description	18
Treatment Train Specifications Introduction		2	1.2	Operation	18
		4	1.2.1	Purpose	18
•	cleaning and maintenance are so vitally importa		1.2.2	Sizing	18
	and safety		StormFi	lter overview	18
2.1	Personnel health and safety	5	1.2.3	Basic function	19
2.2	Traffic control	6 7	1.2.4	Priming system function	19
2.3	Confined spaces	7	1.2.5	Maintenance overview	19
3.1	Maintenance and monitoring of EnviroPod filters		StormFi	Iter maintenance and	
Operations			performance expectations		20
-		8	2.1	Types of maintenance	21
3.2	Stormwater pit cover removal	9	2.2	Maintenance activities	22
3.2.1	Hinged pit grates	9	2.2.1	Maintenance activity timing	22
3.2.2	5 - 5 - 1 - 5	10	2.2.2	Maintenance activity frequency	22
3.3	Cleaning methods	11	2.3	Maintenance crew requirements	22
3.3.1	Cleaning using an inductor truck	11	2.4	Maintenance methods	23
3.3.2		11	2.4.1	Minor maintenance/inspection (twice a year)	23
3.4	Unit inspection	14	2.4.2	Major maintenance inspection (once a year)	24
3.5	Filter bag inspection and rejuvenation	14	2.4.3		
3.5.1	Clogged filters	14		cartridge replacement (and emergency)	24
3.5.2	9	15	2.4.4	Related maintenance activities	
3.6	Disposal of material	15		(performed on an as-needed basis)	26
4.1	Spill procedures	16	2.5	Typical equipment required for	
4.2	Blockages	16		maintenance activities	26
Emerger	ncy procedures	16	2.6	Material Disposal	27
			Next ste	ps	30

Maintaining the EnviroPod® Stormwater Gullly Pitt Insert

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Tireatument Train Specifications



Performance Specification

The stormwater filtration treatment train shall consist of x 200 micron gully pit basket/s and x 460/690mm passive, siphon-actuated, radial flow, self cleaning media filtration cartridge system/s operating at a specific flow rate of not more than 1.5L/s/m².

The gully pit basket system shall consist of the following components;

- Removable 200 micron Nylon monofilament Precision woven Filtration Bag
- Fixed Galvanised Mesh Cage (no greater than 80mm x 80mm) around the Filtration Bag
- Recycled modified ABS plastic to seal the unit into the pit
- By-pass mechanism above the Filter with no moving parts
- · System rigidly fixed to the walls of the pit.

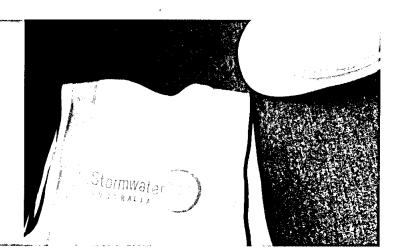
The media filtration system shall be located within the following structure.

- Manhole
- DownPipe
- Linear
- Vault
- Large Box
- Detention.

Regardless of the system type, the media filtration system shall consist of the following components;

- Inlet energy dissipation
- · Cartridge section
- Outlet section to bypass storm flows and convey treated stormwater
- · Access Lids in roof slab for access to Cartridges
- Siphon actuated cartridges filled with proprietary ZPG[™] filter media
- Specific flow rate of each individual cartridge limited not to exceed 1.5L/s/m²
- Air Lock Cap complete with one way Air Valve Flap
- · Outer Hood complete with Scrubbing Regulators
- Automated high-energy turbulence on the screen face (only) at the end of storm flows to flush pollutants from the cartridge
- Centre Drainage Tube complete with Buoyancy Float
- Individual Cartridge Flow Restrictor Disc
- 1/4 Turn Bayonet Fittings
- Under drain manifold to convey treated stormwater to the receiving environment.

Componients of any proposes threatingent thrain or technology



The components of any proposed the treatment train or technology, including a gully pit basket upstream of a radial flow cartridge filtration system, must be evaluated for a range of pollutants and these performance expectations must comply with current best practice guidelines, i.e. Water by Design "MUSIC Modeling Guidelines version 1.0 2010" for South East Queensland.

In short, the performance evaluation of any system must show: -

- Any reduction efficiencies are justified by rigorous scientific testing as determined by an independent peer reviewer and the results further peer reviewed and published in a credible scientific journal. Any potential or perceived conflicts of interest should be disclosed within the published article.
- Published article providing insight into the pollutant composition (e.g. soluble vs particulate for nitrogen) and the mean concentration of inflow and outflow to compare to local and or regional conditions.
- Performance evaluation undertaken in dry weather conditions or a method to take into account any potential leaching of nutrients that may occur in the system(s).
- Evaluation is conducted using full-scale systems with details of treatable flow rates sampled and how they correlate to discrete removal efficiencies and comparisons to the designed treatable flow rates of the device. A comparison should also be made to the climatic conditions especially where un-restricted filters are used.

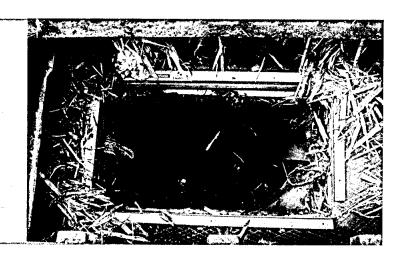
Maintenance Overview

The primary purpose of the Stormwater Treatment Train is to filter out and prevent pollutants from entering our waterways. Like any effective filtration system, periodically these pollutants must be removed to restore the system to its full efficiency and effectiveness.



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This manual has been designed to assist you with cleaning and maintaining the EnviroPod Stormwater Gully Pit Insert, using the methods recommended by the manufacturer.

The cleaning process and methods described cover all aspects of the system, including:

- · Removing the grate
- Cleaning the filter bag
- Inspecting the unit
- Rejuvenating the filter bag
- Re-installing the filter bags.

The manual should be used in conjunction with your site's traffic management and safety plans, as well as other appropriate Stormwater360 (IES) documents such as the IES Employee Health and Safety Manual. We also recommend that maintenance and cleaning contractors, or device owners, develop their own site-specific health and safety activity plans to ensure a safe work environment.



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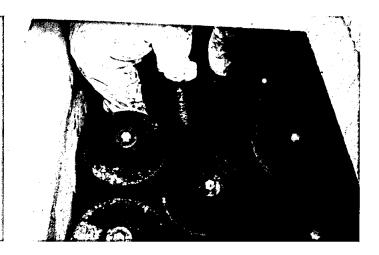
Why cleaning and maintenance are so vitally important

Adhering to the inspection and maintenance schedule of each stormwater treatment device is essential to ensuring that it works properly throughout its estimated design life.

During each inspection and clean, details of the mass, volume and type of material that has been collected by the device should be recorded. This data will assist with the revision of future management plans and help determine maintenance interval frequency. It's also essential that qualified and experienced personnel carry out all maintenance (including inspections, recording and reporting) in a systematic manner. To ensure consistency, we recommend that one person be responsible for overseeing the management of the maintenance and cleaning process.

Maintenance of your stormwater management system is essential to ensuring ongoing at-source control of stormwater pollution. Maintenance also helps prevent structural failures (e.g. prevents blocked outlets) and aesthetic failures (e.g. debris build up).

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The EnviroPod has been designed to trap and retain pollutants in stormwater runoff, helping to maintain the quality of water entering our aquatic ecosystems. Depending on the nature of your site, pollutants can range from organic material such as leaves and sticks through to debris such as broken glass, syringes or other potentially harmful materials.

Access to gully pits containing EnviroPods may require removing heavy protective grates, while cleaning such pits may entail working in confined spaces. For these reasons, all aspects of maintaining and cleaning your EnviroPod require careful adherence to Occupational Health and Safety (OH&S) guidelines. Doing so will ensure that all maintenance personnel are adequately protected and have been properly trained before taking part in any specialist activities. The same level of care needs to be taken to protect non-work personnel in and around the site, while appropriate traffic control measures must be put in place where collection pits are situated in, or adjacent to, roadways or car parks.

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Cleaning of EnviroPod filters and StormFilters is a specialist activity. The material collected by the devices can be harmful, and needs to be handled correctly. For example, sediments may contain heavy metals and carcinogenic substances as well as harmful objects such as broken glass and syringes. It is essential that Occupational Safety and Health guidelines are followed at all times, and that the following steps are carried out to ensure safe and successful maintenance operations.

In addition to the dangers associated with the cleaning and handling of material in the filter bags, precaution needs to be taken with activities such as removing the grate as well as with managing the traffic, pedestrians and other nonworker personnel at the site. The general workplace hazards associated with working outdoors also need to be taken into account.

2.1 Personnel health and safety

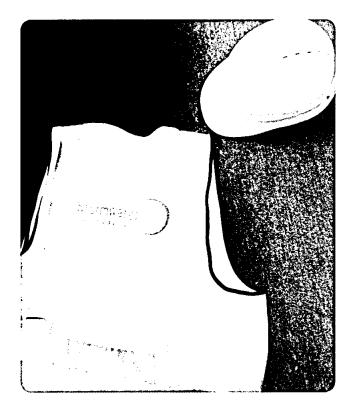
All contractors and staff must comply with all current workplace health and safety legislation and take all practicable

- Comply with all applicable laws, regulations and standards
- Ensure that all employees, contractors and visitors are informed of and understand their obligations in respect of current workplace health and safety legislation
- · Ensure that employees understand and accept their responsibility to practice and promote a safe and healthy work environment.



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- · Puncture resistant gloves
- Steel capped safety boots
- Fluorescent safety vest
- Overalls or similar skin protection
- Safety apron (if necessary)*
- Eye protection (if necessary)*.
- * Higher personal safety conditions may be required when maintaining units that may contain more hazardous material, for example pits where syringes have been observed or pits located in areas associated with such activities.



2.2 Traffic control

Stormwater collection pits are typically situated either in or on roads and car parks, or adjacent to roads in a footpath or swale. Traffic control requirements across all such locations differ with most of the state and local road authorities requiring the same controls to be implemented whether the work is to be conducted on the road or on the road reserve.

As traffic requirements differ depending on road usage and the specific road configuration, separate traffic control plans should be prepared for each site. Given that maintenance is typically a quick process, the contractor should liaise with the relevant road authority to determine the specific road safety requirements for each location to ensure that on site workers can conduct the cleaning operations safely and efficiently, while complying with all laws and regulations,

State government publications such as the NSW RMS Traffic Control at Work Sites safety manual outline the signage requirements, placement of barricades or witches hats and the positioning of traffic control personnel that's required when working on public roads. For increased safety, IES recommends that the maintenance vehicle be used to shield the work area from oncoming traffic.

Photo 1 shows the maintenance vehicle with cones placed around and positioned to shield the work area. Photo 2 shows the head-on view, note the vehicle is positioned to allow access to the drive, whilst still blocking the pit from on-coming traffic. The vehicle has a flashing light on the roof and the hazard lights switched on.

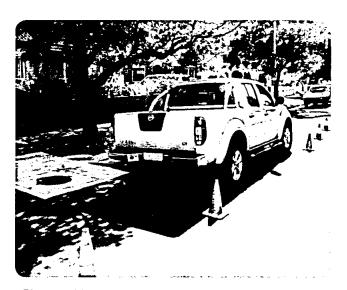


Photo 1 Vehicle positioned near pit, preventing traffic from passing close to the pit.

2.3 Confined spaces

Confined space entry procedures are not included as part of this manual. For IES employees these procedures are included as part of the IES Safety Manual. It is recommended that all contractors evaluate their own needs for confined space entry and compliance with Occupational Health and Safety regulations.

When repairs or maintenance activities cannot be conducted from the surface, and there is a need to enter and work in a confined space, only staff with current confined space training are permitted to operate in a confined space. Appropriate measures and controls must be put in place to meet confined space entry requirements. At all times the necessary safety equipment must be worn, and where gas or oxygen hazards occur, only staff trained in its use will use breathing apparatus gear. Non-trained staff must not go into confined spaces.

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Photo 2 Head-on view, indicating the placement of the vehicle near the pit.

Operations



EnviroPod units need to be regularly inspected to determine whether they require maintenance or cleaning. This process involves several steps, and may require two or more maintenance personnel working together, as well the use of specialised equipment such as a hydraulic lifting arm or an inductor truck with a vacuum hose.

As gully pit grates are usually quite heavy, it is important that correct lifting procedures are adopted, and that the area surrounding the opened pit is shielded from access to non-work personnel.

If inspection reveals that the filter bag needs to be emptied and rejuvenated, the entire unit should also be examined to ensure that all connections and joints are sound. Any material that has accumulated in the overflow diversion channels or outlet pipes also needs to be removed, with those areas then being flushed. Where required, filter bags may need to be cleaned or repaired, and all waste material must be disposed of according to local guidelines at either an approved disposal site or transfer station.

This section outlines the procedures for cleaning the EnviroPod units. It has been written so that someone who has never previously encountered a stormwater pit or an EnviroPod unit can carry out such maintenance by simply following the outlined steps,

3.1 Maintenance and monitoring of EnviroPod filters

To ensure that each EnviroPod unit achieves optimal performance, the material collected by the filter bag should be emptied when the level of material is no more than approximately **half to two thirds** of the total bag depth or when there is evidence of material overflow. While the bag has a greater storage capacity, it is recommended that it is not left to fill completely prior to emptying, for the following reasons:

- the bags are capable of retaining a heavy mass of material (in excess of 50kg), which will make them more difficult to lift and empty
- material near the top of the bag can be re-suspended during high to extreme rainfall events
- blockage of the overflow sections can occur, when material is allowed to build up above the filter bag.

It is also recommended that additional monitoring is conducted following moderate to extreme rainfall events, especially when preceding months have had little or no rainfall. This increased frequency of monitoring is necessary as there is a greater accumulation of surface contamination during low rainfall periods, which will then enter the unit with the higher volumes of runoff generated during a major rainfall event. It is also important to ensure that the units have not been damaged due to high pipe velocities.

3.2 Stormwater pit cover removal

3.2.1 Hinged pit grates

These are the steps for opening a hinged pit grate:

- Insert the lifting hooks beneath the grate. (Position indicated in **Photo 3**)
- Check hinge point is not damaged and debris is not caught in the hinge area.
- Fully open pit grate, ensuring that the grate will stay in the open position without any external forces applied. Grates that do not remain open without being held should be removed or secured during cleaning or maintenance activities. Photo 4 indicates the grate being opened and grate resting freely in the open position, respectively.



Photo 3 Lifting the grate



Photo 4 Fully open grate



Photo 5 Lowering grate

3.2.2 Non-hinged pit grates

To remove a non-hinged pit grate:

- Place lifting hooks beneath grate, where possible in the four corners of the grate (see **Photo 6**). Concrete lids may have Gatic lifting points, a key arrangement or holes in the lid, which may require special equipment such as Gatic lifters
- Position each person either side of the grate (see Photo 7)
- Lift the grate, ensuring that good heavy lifting posture is used at all times
- Place the grate on an angle on the gutter, to allow for the lifting hooks to be removed (see **Photo 8**)
- For extremely heavy one-piece grates and concrete Gatic covers, insert the lifters in place and slide the lids back. Note some lids may still require two people

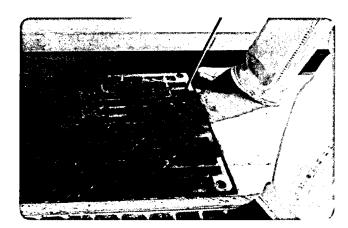


Photo 6 Insert hook near edge of grate

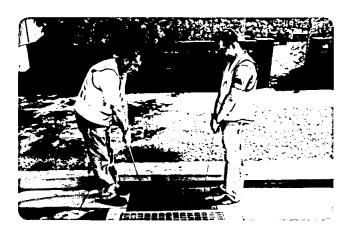


Photo 7 Position each lifter either side of the grate

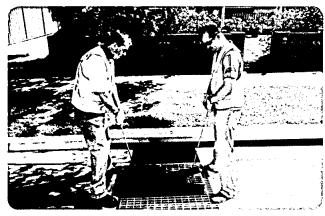


Photo 8 Lift grate and move grate to one side

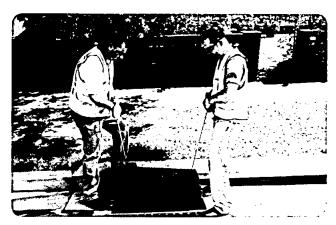


Photo 9 Lift grate above the support frame

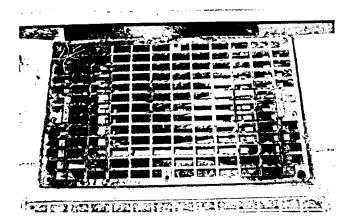


Photo 10 Reinstated non hinged grate

3.3 Cleaning methods

One of the following maintenance methods should be used for servicing EnviroPod Filters:

3.3.1 Cleaning using an inductor truck

Follow these steps to safely and efficiently clean the EnviroPod using an inductor truck:

- Open gully pit (See Section 3.2)
- Place the inductor hose over the material collected in the filter bag and switch on the inductor
- Using the inductor hose, suck out all of the sediment, organic leaf material, litter etc. collected in the filter bag
- Allow the filter bag to be sucked up into the inductor hose for a few seconds to allow for the filter mesh pores to be cleaned. Care is to be taken that there are no sharp edges on the inductor hose that can damage the filter bag
- If material has built up around the overflows, use the inductor hose to clear the accumulated material
- Remove filter bag from the pit
- Sediment retained in the gully pit grate is to be removed
- Back-opening channels are to be cleared of any debris to ensure flow is not hindered. This debris can also be collected using the inductor truck
- All gully pit waste is to be removed from the pit
- Check the EnviroPod unit (Section 3.4)
- Check filter bag (Section 3.4)
- Reinstate filter bag and gully pit lids

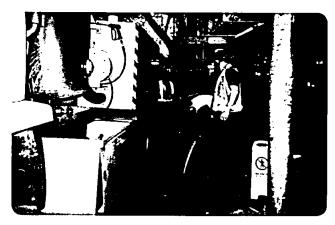


Photo 11 Cleaning an EnviroPod using the inductor method

3.3.2 Hand maintenance

To clean the EnviroPod manually by hand, follow these steps:

- Open gully pit (See Section 1)
- Place the lifting hooks in the lifting loops of the filter bag (See Photo 12)
- For extremely heavy and overfilled bags either use a hydraulic lifting arm to lift the bag, or remove excess material using a shovel or similar piece of equipment. IES prefers the use of a post hole shovel, due to the reduced strain on the back when digging and the ability of the shovel to grab material vertically
- Lift the bag vertically off the supporting frame, ensuring that no undue pressure is placed on the filter bag. (See Photo 13)
- Lift the bag clear of the stormwater pit (See Photo 14)
- Position the bag over the truck or other collection vehicle, taking hold of the loops at the base of the bag (See Photo 15 and Photo 16)
- Lift and empty the filter bag by holding the bottom lifting loops only (See Photo 17)
- Completely empty the filter bag (See Photo 18)
- Brush the filter bag with a stiff brush to remove bound sediment from the filter pores
- Check the EnviroPod unit (Section 3.4)
- Check the filter bag (Section 3.5)
- Reinstate filter bag, ensuring bag is installed the correct way (See Photo 19 and Photo 20)
- Reinstate gully pit lids (See Photo 21 and Photo 22)

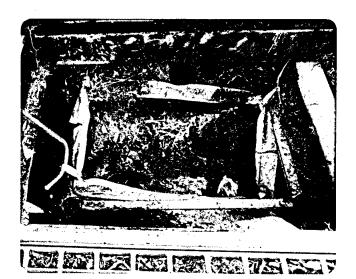


Photo 12 Place the lifting hooks through the bag loops

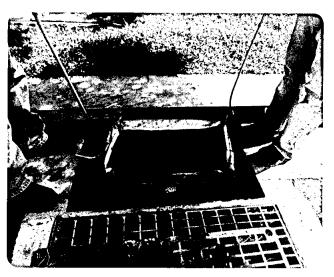


Photo 13 Lift the bag from the cage and support frame

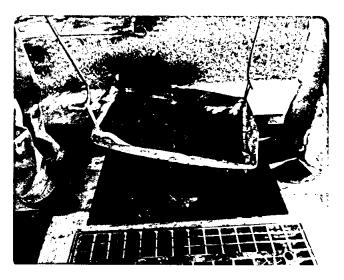


Photo 14 Lift the bag from the stormwater pit

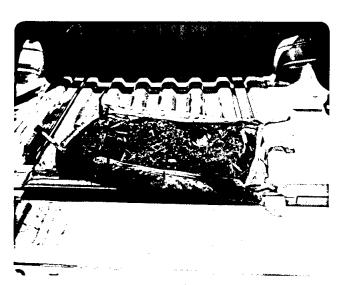


Photo 15 Lift the bag onto the collection vehicle

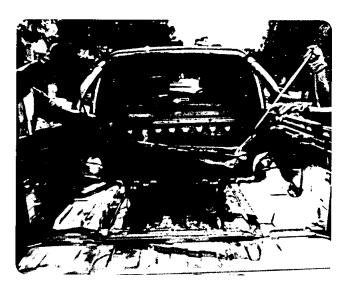


Photo 16 Grab the bottom lifting loops

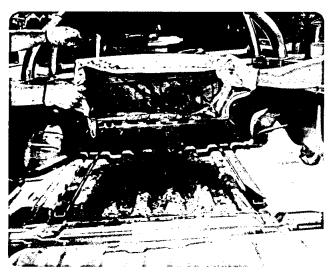


Photo 17 Lifting the bottom bag loops empty the filter bag

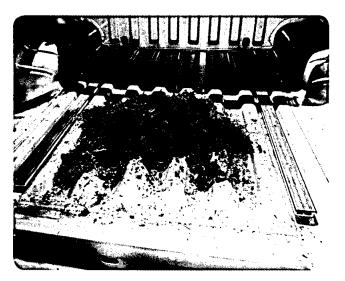


Photo 18 Completely empty the contents of the filter bag



Photo 19 Reinstall filter bag

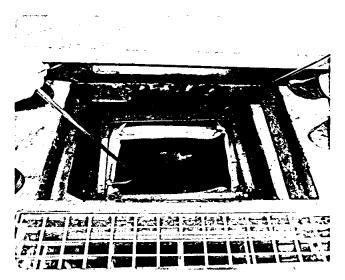


Photo 20 Ensure that the unit is positioned correctly, with the lifting loops on the inside

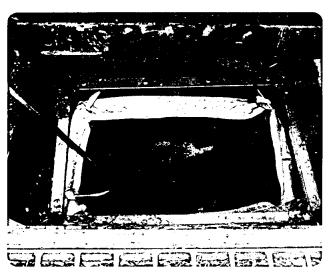


Photo 21 Correctly installed filter bag



Photo 22 Installed filter bag and sealed pit

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Photo 23 Check seals are pushed against the pit walls

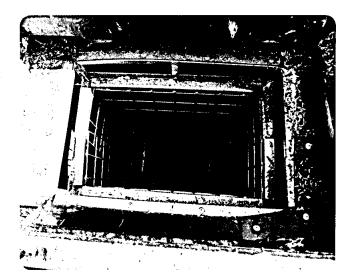


Photo 24 Check joining rivets (two piece unit shown above)

3.4 Unit inspection

After the EnviroPod filter bag has been removed, emptied and cleaned, the following should be checked to ensure that the unit has not been damaged:

- All connections and joints should be checked and broken rivets replaced (See Photo 23)
- The plastic pit seals should be inspected for unit movement or damage (See Photo 24)
- The cage should be inspected for damage or movement.

The overflow diversion channels, and the area between the EnviroPod cage and pit wall should also be inspected for any accumulated debris. Any observed debris should be removed and disposed of off-site. Accumulated material within the outlet pipe may also need to be flushed.

If spare parts are required, Stormwater360 is able to provide these at a cost to the owner of the EnviroPod unit, although these parts may also be obtained from other suppliers.

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3.5 Filter bag inspection and rejuvenation

After the filter bags have been emptied and cleaned, they should be inspected to evaluate their condition. Given the nature of stormwater, the filter bag may become considerably clogged with fine sediment or damaged by various objects in stormwater as well as fauna. Sharp material such as sticks, combined with high velocity water and a large mass in the filter bag, can cause small tears in the filter material. Animals such as rats have also been known to chew through fine mesh filter bags located in gully pits near takeaway food outlets.

3.5.1 Clogged filters

Clogged filter bags can be cleaned using several different methods. If the techniques described in the general maintenance sections above do not adequately clean the filter bags, the following options should be considered:

- Using a stiff brush and a bucket of soapy water, scrub the filter bag surface.
- Remove filter bags from the pit and wash the bags using a high pressure water spray, taking care not to transfer the contamination elsewhere. Wastewater from the process should be collected and disposed of correctly.
- Remove the filter bags from the pits and the support rings and wash the bags in an industrial washing machine.

This final option typically results in the bags appearing like new, with no visible stain or pore clogging within the filter mesh.



Photo 25 Slightly clogged filter bag, indicated by the brown stain on in the centre of the bag



Photo 26 A clean used filter bag

3.5.2 Damaged filters

Damaged filter bags can often be repaired, provided the damage is small. Small tears in the fabric may occur due to several reasons, however the overall strength and structure of the nylon fabric typically prevents small tears becoming much larger. Although the bag is unlikely to tear further, care must be used when cleaning torn bags so as not to spill the collected material into the pit.

Small tears may be repaired by either sewing the tear back together with additional fabric to increase the strength of the stitching, or by sewing a patch of the filter material onto the filter bag. If large tears are present, the filter bag may need to be replaced as it is no longer able to function as intended.

3.6 Disposal of material

All gully pit wastes are to be taken off site and disposed of at a transfer station or similar approved disposal site. Stormwater sediments can contain lead, copper, zinc, mercury, hydrocarbons and PCBs, which are harmful to both humans and the receiving environment. Appropriate sampling and laboratory analysis may be required to classify the material as suitable for reuse, or disposal under appropriate local guidelines.

Elmerigranicy procedures



Spills and blockages can have an immediate impact on the performance of a stormwater management system, and can potentially result in serious damage to built infrastructure as well as the surrounding waterways and wetlands.

In these types of emergencies, it is important to act quickly to remediate the problem by removing affected sediment or clearing the cause of the blockage, so that the system can resume normal and effective functioning as soon as possible.

4.1 Spill procedures

In the event of a spill discharging into any gully pit, all sediment is to be extracted and the filter bags are to be removed and replaced with rejuvenated filter bags.

Normal operation procedures apply to additional cleaning as a result of spills.

4.2 Blockages

In the unlikely event of surface flooding around a gully pit fitted with an EnviroPod the following steps should be carried out:

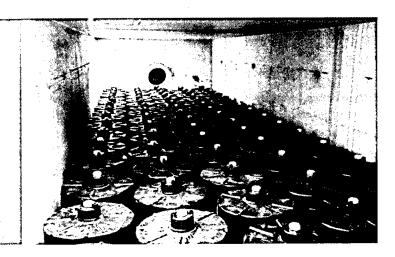
- Check EnviroPod overflow bypass. The EnviroPod filter has been designed with an overflow mechanism built into the filter box. If surface flooding still exists, check the overflow slots underneath the rubber seal. If debris is lodged in the overflow slots it can be easily cleared by hand or a steel rod.
- If overflow is clear and surface flooding still exists remove EnviroPod and check outlet pipe for blockages.
- Removal of the EnviroPod may be difficult if the filter is clogged and the EnviroPod is holding water. If the filter is clogged, brush the sidewalls of the filter with a yard broom or similar. This will dislodge particles trapped at the interface allowing contained water to flow through the filter.
- If the outlet pipe is blocked, it is likely that a gully sucker truck will be required to unblock it. Debris should be removed from the EnviroPod with the gully sucker truck before removal of the EnviroPod filter. If a gully sucker truck is not available and the EnviroPod needs to be removed by hand, follow the steps below:
- Remove excess debris by hand or brush the side of the filter.
- Lift and place filter ring through the filter box and into cage.
- Remove Filter box.
- Lift cage containing filter bag and ring out of the pit.
- Unblock outlet pipe.

The Stormweiter Management StormFilter

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1.1 Description

StormFilter is a passive, flow-through stormwater filtration system consisting of vaults that house rechargeable cartridges filled with a variety of filter media, and is installed in-line with storm drains. The StormFilter works by passing stormwater through media-filled cartridges, which trap particulates and adsorb materials such as dissolved metals and hydrocarbons. After being filtered through the media, the treated stormwater flows into a collection pipe or discharges into an open channel drainage way. StormFilter is offered in three different configurations: cast-in-place, precast and linear. The precast and linear models utilise pre-manufactured vaults. The cast-in-place units are customised for larger flows and may be either covered or uncovered underground units.

1.2 Operation

1.2.1 Purpose

The StormFilter is a passive stormwater filtration system designed to improve the quality of stormwater runoff from the urban environment before it enters receiving waterways.

Through independent third party studies, it has been demonstrated that the StormFilter is highly effective for treatment of first flush flows, and fast-paced flows, during the latter part of a storm. In general, StormFilter's efficiency is highest when pollutant concentrations are highest. The primary target pollutants for removal are: sediments (TSS), soluble metals, soluble phosphorus, nitrates, and oil and grease.

1.2.2 Sizing

The StormFilter is typically sized to meet design water quality objectives, which are subject to legislation regulated by local government authorities and other relevant environmental bodies. MUSIC modelling software is used to determine pollutant loads from a site, influenced by a number of factors such as site area, imperviousness and land use. Pollutant load reduction capabilities, based on third party testing, allows the number of StormFilter cartridges required to achieve the relevant objectives to be established. Cartridges are designed to treat a peak flow between 0.7 and 1.6 litres/second, depending on the cartridge size used. For example, 10 standard sized cartridges (460mm) are able to treat 11 L/s, as each filter can treat 1.1 L/s.

Because of the highly porous nature of the granular filter media, the flow through a newly installed cartridge is restricted to 1 L/s (average 460mm), using a restrictor disc, to ensure adequate pollutant-media contact time.

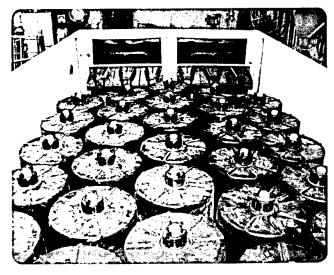


Photo 27 Filter cartridge

1.2.3 Basic function

The StormFilter is designed to siphon stormwater runoff through a filter cartridge containing media. The variety of media available can be designed to act as a mechanical filter to remove sediments, as an ion exchanger to remove dissolved heavy metals, and as an absorber to remove oils and greases.

1.2.4 Priming system function

The treated stormwater collects in the centre tube of the cartridge, which is equipped with a self-priming siphon system. (Figure 1 illustrates this system.) The key component of the system is the plastic float, consisting of a ball located at the base leading up to a larger portion, which provides ncreased buoyancy. Initially the ball rests in a seat, effectively closing off the port to the drainage manifold.

As a result, the filter fills the centre drainage tube until the water level has risen high enough to purge the air from the filter cartridges and displaces the float. At a water depth of 22 inches the float pulls loose and allows the filtered water to drain out through the manifold. This effectively "primes" a siphon within the drainage tube and greatly increases the potential across the filter. The priming system increases StormFilter's ability to be loaded with sediment. A related feature is the cartridge "hood". This hood maintains the siphon effect by preventing air from being drawn into the cartridge until the external water level drops below the bottom of the hood.

Cartridges are connected to the manifold with a plastic connector. These can be either quarter turn connectors or in the older systems, threaded connectors.

StormFilter is also equipped with flow spreaders that trap floating debris and surface films, even during overflow conditions. Depending on individual site characteristics, some systems are equipped with high and/or low flow bypasses. High flow bypasses are installed when the calculated peak storm event generates a flow that overcomes the overflow capacity of the system. This is especially important for precast systems. Low flow bypasses are sometimes installed to bypass continuous inflows caused by ground water seepage, which usually do not require treatment. All StormFilter units are designed with an overflow. The overflow operates when the inflow rate is greater than the infiltration capacity of the filter media.

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1.2.5 Maintenance overview

The primary purpose of the StormFilter is to filter out and prevent pollutants from entering our waterways. Like any effective filtration system, these pollutants must be removed periodically to restore the StormFilter to its full efficiency and effectiveness. Maintenance requirements and frequency are dependent on the pollutant load characteristics of each site. To assist the owner with maintenance issues, Stormwater360 provides detailed Operation and Maintenance Guidelines with each unit.

Stormwater360 can provide maintenance services completely, or in part. Available services include tracking of installed systems, advising the system's owner of maintenance needs, and notification of the regulatory agency once the system has been maintained.

Maintenance is usually performed in the dryer periods to rejuvenate the filter media and prepare the system for the next rainy period. Maintenance activities can also be required in the event of a chemical spill or excessive sediment loading due to site erosion or extreme storms. It is good practice to inspect the system after severe storm events.

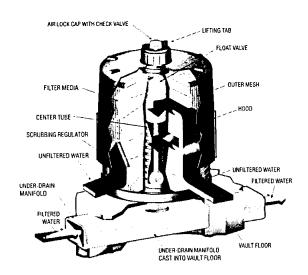


Figure 1 Filter cartridge

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To ensure the optimal and ongoing performance of the StormFilter, the system requires systematic inspection, cleaning and maintenance. This maintenance regime falls into two categories – ongoing minor inspection and maintenance, and major cleaning and maintenance. The maintenance frequency is largely determined by the conditions of each site, and the amount of sedimentation in the stormwater runoff that flows through the system. Unexpected events such as chemical spills, erosion or extreme storm activity require immediate inspection of the system, together with removal of debris or contaminated sediment, and where appropriate, replacement of the media cartridges.

While some maintenance activities can be completed by hand, others require specialised equipment such as an inductor truck with a vacuum hose. In all cases, it is important that maintenance staff are properly trained in the functioning of the StormFilter system and have a good knowledge of the correct procedures for disposing contaminated sediment as well as the methods for removing and installing StormFilter media cartridges.

At all times, appropriate safety equipment must be used, and Occupational Health And Safety (OH&S) guidelines adhered to.

2.1 Types of maintenance

Presently, procedures have been developed for two levels of maintenance:

- Inspection and/or minor maintenance
- Major maintenance.

Inspection/minor maintenance activities are combined since the minor maintenance does not require special equipment and typically little or no materials are in need of disposal.

Inspection/minor maintenance typically involves opening the flow restricting valves (to pre-set levels) and cleaning up vegetation and debris. Major maintenance typically includes cartridge recharging. Major maintenance may involve disposal of materials that require consideration of regulatory guidelines. Depending on the particular unit configuration and equipment used, major maintenance may require an understanding of OSHA rules. Table 1 summarises the primary activities associated with StormFilter maintenance.

Table 1: StormFilter

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StormFilter cartridges and containment structure	Litter and debris removal	Floatable objects or other litter is present in the filter. Remove to avoid hindrance of filtration and eliminate unsightly debris and litter.	Permanent removal from storm system.
StormFilter cartridges and containment structure	Cartridge replacement and sediment removal	Media has been contaminated by high levels of pollutants, such as after a spill.	New media is able to effectively treat stormwater.
Drainage system piping	Flushing with water	Drainage system is obstructed by debris or sediment.	Outflow is not restricted.

2.2 Maintenance activities

2.2.1 Maintenance activity timing

Two scheduled inspections/maintenance activities should take place during the year. During the minor maintenance activities (routine inspection, debris removal), the type of major maintenance required is determined and, if required for disposal, samples of the sediments and media are obtained.

The next scheduled date is to perform major maintenance activities (replacement of the filter cartridges and associated sediment removal). In addition to the scheduled activities, it is important to check the condition of the filter after major storms to check for damage caused by high flows and to check for high sediment accumulation, which may be caused by localised erosion in the drainage area. It may be necessary to adjust maintenance activity scheduling depending on the actual operating conditions encountered by the system.

2.2.2 Maintenance activity frequency

The primary factor controlling timing of maintenance for the StormFilter is sedimentation. A properly functioning system will remove solids from water by trapping these particulates within the porous structure of the media. The flow through the system will naturally decrease as more and more solids are trapped. Eventually the flow through a system will be low enough to require replacement of the cartridges. Sediment should be removed from upstream trapping devices on an as-needed basis to prevent material from being re-suspended and discharged to the system.

Site conditions greatly influence maintenance requirements. StormFilter units located in areas with erosion or active construction should be inspected and maintained more often than those in fully established areas. The maintenance frequency may be adjusted as additional monitoring information becomes available during the inspection program. Areas that develop known problems should be inspected more frequently than areas that demonstrate no problems, particularly after large storms. Ultimately, inspection and maintenance activities should be scheduled based on the historic records and characteristics of an individual filter.

2.3 Maintenance crew requirements

Table 2 lists the anticipated crew requirements for maintenance operations. Removal of water and sediments during major maintenance activities can be accomplished using either a pump and water truck or a vacuum truck. All

applicable occupational health and safety (OH&S) and disposal regulations should be followed. A general description of the maintenance activities follows.

Table 2 Anticipated Crew Requirements

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Labourer	1		1	
Skilled Worker	1	1	1	
Vacuum/Water Truck Operator		1	0/1	
Total	2*	2*	2/3*	
Special Requirements	Knowledge of Proper StormFilter Function	Knowledge of Disposal Requirements	Knowledge of Cartridge Removal and Installation Procedures	

^{*} May require OH&S trained person if/when vault entry occurs.

2.4 Maintenance methods

2.4.1 Minor maintenance/inspection (twice a year)

Minor maintenance typically will involve the steps below, however if it appears that a spill of some type has occurred, the local hazard control agency and Stormwater360 should be notified immediately.

Steps for Minor Maintenance/Inspection

- Maintenance to be performed by a skilled worker familiar with StormFilter units.
- If applicable, set up safety equipment to protect pedestrians from fall hazards presented by open access covers. Also set up appropriate safety equipment for work near roadways.
- Inspect the external condition of the unit and take notes concerning defects/problems.
- Open the access covers to the vault and allow the system to air out for 5-10 minutes.
- Without entering the vault, inspect the inside of the unit, including components.

- Take notes about the external and internal condition. This includes inspecting pit penetrations, walls, lids, ladders and grates etc.
- Give particular attention to recording the level of sediment build-up on the floor of the vault and on top of the internal components. If flow is occurring, note the level of water and estimate the flow rate per drainage pipe. Record all observations.
- Remove large loose debris and litter using a pole with a grapple or net on the end.
- Close and fasten the access cover, and remove safety equipment.
- Finally, make notes about the local drainage area relative to ongoing construction, erosion problems, or high loadings of other materials to the system.

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2.4.2 Major maintenance inspection (once a year)

The primary goal of the major maintenance inspection is to assess the condition of the cartridges relative to the level of sediment loading. It may be desirable to conduct this inspection during a storm to observe the relative flow through the filter cartridges. If the submerged cartridges are severely plugged, large amounts of sediments should be present and very little flow will be discharging from the drainage pipes. It is likely that the cartridges need to be replaced. Major maintenance inspection will typically involve the steps below. However, if it appears that a spill of some type has occurred, the local hazard control agency and Stormwater360 should be notified immediately. In the case of a spill, the worker should abort maintenance activities until the proper guidance has been obtained.

Steps for Pre-Major Maintenance Inspection

- Maintenance to be performed by a skilled worker familiar with StormFilter units.
- If applicable, set up safety equipment to protect pedestrians from fall hazards presented by open doors. Also, set up appropriate safety equipment for work near roadways.
- Inspect the external condition of the unit and take notes concerning defects/problems.
- Open the access covers to the vault and allow the vault to air out for 5-10 minutes.
- Without entering the vault, give the inside of the unit, including components, a general condition inspection.
- Take notes about the external and internal condition.
- Give particular attention to recording the level of sediment build-up on the floor of the vault, and on top of the internal components.
- Remove large loose debris and litter using a pole with a grapple or net on the end.
- If the visit is during a storm, make the flow observations discussed above.
- Close and fasten the access cover, and remove safety equipment.
- Make notes about the local drainage area relative to ongoing construction, erosion problems, or high loading of other materials to the system.
- Review the condition reports from the previous minor and major maintenance visits and schedule for cartridge replacement if needed.

2.4.3 Major maintenance: sediment removal and cartridge replacement (and emergency)

Major maintenance/filter cartridge replacement typically involves the steps below. However, if it appears that a spill of some type has occurred, the local hazard control agency and Stormwater360 should be notified immediately. In the case of a spill, the worker should abort maintenance activities until the proper guidance has been obtained.

Depending on the configuration of the particular system, a worker may be required to enter the vault to perform some tasks. If vault entry is required, OH&S rules for general confined space entry must be strictly adhered to. Filter cartridge replacement should occur during dry weather and it may be necessary to plug the filter inlet pipe if base flows exist. Standing water present in the vault should be regarded as polluted and contained during this operation by temporarily capping the manifold connectors.

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Steps For Cartridge Replacement Maintenance

- Depending on the particular unit, one or two utility workers and a hauling truck operator will deliver the replacement cartridges to the site. Information concerning how to obtain the replacement cartridges is available from Stormwater360.
- If applicable, set up safety equipment to protect pedestrians from fall hazards presented by open doors. Also, set up appropriate safety equipment for work near roadways.
- Inspect the external condition of the unit and take notes concerning defects/problems.
- Open the doors to the vault and allow the system to air out for 5-10 minutes.
- Without entering the vault, give the inside of the unit, including components, a general condition inspection.
- Make notes about the external and internal condition.
- Give particular attention to recording the level of sediment build-up on the floor of the vault and on top of the internal components.
- Ensuring safe working procedures are met, off load the replacement cartridges (16-39kgs each) and set aside.
- Remove the top cap (threaded), upper seal and float from the cartridge. Repeat procedure for every cartridge within StormFilter vault. Place items in a large plastic container to be lifted form the vault.
- Using a cordless drill and 8mm hex head, remove the three screws located around the top perimeter of the cartridge hood. Place screws in the large plastic container and, once full or completed, remove plastic container from vault.
- Move the vacuum truck near the StormFilter vault on the down-wind side. Be sure that the truck is not too close to the vault so that fumes will not enter the vault. Make sure that the last 500mm of the nozzle is approximately 100-125mm in outside diameter.
- Feed vacuum nozzle into cartridge bay and start vacuum truck. Remove cartridge hood and place nozzle directly onto filter media. Completely remove media from each cartridge and repeat process for every cartridge in vault.
- Once completed disconnect cartridges from vault floor and place hood back on cartridges

- Using the appropriate lifting cap, attach the cable and remove the cartridge (up to 10kgs. each) from the vault. It is strictly prohibited to have personnel standing under suspended cartridges. Care must also be used to avoid damaging the cartridges during removal and installation. The cost of repairing components damaged during maintenance will be the responsibility of the owner unless Stormwater360 is performing maintenance activities and damage is not related to discharges to the system.
- Set the used cartridge aside or load onto the hauling truck.
- Repeat steps 14 to 15 until all cartridges have been removed.
- Remove deposited sediment from the floor of the vault.
 This can be accomplished by using the vacuum truck
- Once the sediments are removed, it is necessary to assess the condition of the vault, particularly the manifold and the connectors. These are short sections of 2-inch schedule 50 PVC, or threaded schedule 80 PVC that should protrude above the floor of the vault. If required, apply a light coating of FDA approved silicon grease to the outside of the exposed portion of the connectors. This ensures a watertight connection between the cartridge and the drainage pipe. Replace any damaged connectors.
- Using the boom, crane, or tripod, lower and install the new cartridges (typically 30kg for standard 460 cartridges). Once again, take care not to damage connectors.
- Close and fasten the access cover, and remove safety equipment.
- Make notes about the local drainage area relative to ongoing construction, erosion problems, or high loadings of other materials to the system.
- Finally, dispose of the residual materials in accordance with applicable regulations. Make arrangements to return the used cartridges to Stormwater360.

2.4.4 Related maintenance activities (performed on an as-needed basis)

StormFilter units are often just one of many components in a more comprehensive stormwater drainage and treatment system. The entire system may include catch basins, detention vaults, sedimentation vaults and manholes, detention/ retention ponds, swales, artificial wetlands, and other miscellaneous components. In order for maintenance of the StormFilter to be successful, it is imperative that all other

components be properly maintained. The maintenance/ repair of upstream facilities should be carried out prior to StormFilter maintenance activities. In addition to considering upstream facilities, it is also important to correct any problems identified in the drainage area. Drainage area concerns may include: erosion problems, heavy oil and grease loading, and discharges of inappropriate materials.

2.5 Typical equipment required for maintenance activities

Typical equipment required for conducting maintenance is shown in Table 3. Some of the materials listed are suggestions rather than requirements. It should be noted that there is more than one way to accomplish some tasks. Owners

with available labour and equipment resources may desire to use alternative methods. However, it is advisable that guidance from Stormwater360 be obtained prior to using alternative techniques.

Table 3 Maintenance Equipment Requirements

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- Safety equipment*: First aid, cones, barricades, flagging, flares, tape, vests, hard hats
- Work clothes: Rubber boots, overalls, and gloves
- Door bolt, wrench, proprietary lifters (e.g. Gatic) and miscellaneous Tools
- · Tape measure
- Flashlight
- Grapple or net pole
- Record keeping forms
- Litter/debris container

- Safety equipment*: First aid, cones, barricades, flagging, flares, tape, vests, hard hats
- Work clothes: Rubber boots, overalls, and gloves
- Door bolt, wrench, proprietary lifters (e.g. Gatic) and miscellaneous Tools
- Tape measure
- Flashlight
- · Grapple or net pole
- Record keeping forms
- Litter/debris container

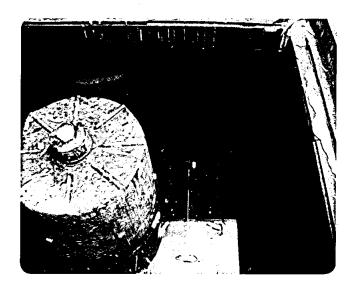
- Safety equipment*: First aid, cones, barricades, flagging, flares, tape, vests, hard hats
- · Work clothes: Rubber boots, overalls, and gloves
- Door bolt, wrench, Pentasocket and miscellaneous Tools
- Tape measure
- Flashlight
- Grapple or net pole
- Record keeping forms
- Vacuum truck
- · Replacement cartridges
- Cartridge hauling truck
- Crane, tripod and hoist, or other lifting device (150kg minimum capacity)
- Shovels
- Extra 50mm PVC cartridge connectors
- · Spare flow restrictor discs
- · Litter/debris container
- Vault inlet pipe plug
- Dolly
- PVC Pipe cutter
- Ladder
- · Cartridge installation and removal sling

^{*}Confined space equipment may be required for vault entry. This equipment must be used by personnel with the appropriate OH&S training. This equipment typically includes: Atmospheric testing devices, atmospheric purging and ventilating devices, and entry, exit, and rescue assisting devices.

2.6 Material Disposal

The accumulated sediment found in stormwater treatment and conveyance systems must be handled and disposed of in a manner that will not allow the material to affect surface or ground water. It is possible for sediments to contain measurable concentrations of heavy metals and organic chemicals (such as pesticides and petroleum products). Areas with the greatest potential for high pollutant loading include industrial areas and heavily travelled roads. Sediments and water must be disposed of in accordance with all applicable waste disposal regulations.

It is not appropriate to discharge these materials back to the stormwater drainage system. Part of arranging for maintenance to occur should include coordination of disposal of solids (landfill coordination) and liquids (municipal vacuum truck decant facility, local wastewater treatment plant, on-site treatment and discharge). Owners should contact the local public works department and inquire about how the department disposes of their street waste residuals. Stormwater360 will determine disposal methods or reuse of the media contained in the cartridges. If the material has been contaminated with any unusual substance, the cost of special handling and disposal will be the responsibility of the owner.



SFEP StormFilter & Enviropod Maintenance Data Sheet



Date:	Location:	GPS COORD:
System size:	Type: O Cast-in-place O Precast O	Linear
Number of Cartridges:	Type of Cartridge: 460mm 690mr	m 🔾 310mm
Filter Media: O ZPG O Perlite		
Type of EnviroPods:		Number of EnviroPods:
Personnel:		
STORMFILTER SYSTEM OBSERVATIO	NS L	
Last service:		
Sediment Depth on Vault Floor:		
Structural Damage:		
Cartridges submerged: O Yes O No	How deep:	
Comments:		
ENVIROPOD SYSTEM OBSERVATIONS		
Last service:		
Amount of Sediment in Basket:		
Structural Damage:		
Comments:		
DRAINAGE AREA REPORT		7772472 ANTERSON TV 3.244
	Yes O No Source:	
	O Yes O No Source:	
	O Yes O No Source:	
Comments:	<u> </u>	**************************************
STORMFILTER CARTRIDGE MAINTEN	ANCE ACTIVITIES	
Remove Litter and Debris (O Yes O No Details:	
Sediment Removed from Vault Floor (O Yes O No Details:	
Quantity of Sediment Removed (estimate?):		
Replace Cartridges (O Yes O No Details:	
Minor Structural Repairs (Yes O No Details:	
Residuals (debris, sediment) Disposal Meth	ods:	
Notes/Problems:		
ENVIROPOD MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIE		
Number of Bags Replaced:	Clogged EnviroPods/Bags: O Yes O N	
Comments:		

SFEP Treatment Train Inspection Data Sheet



It may be desirable to conduct this inspection during a storm to observe the relative flow through the filter cartridges. If the submerged cartridges are severely plugged, large amounts of sediments should be present, very little flow will be discharging from the drainage pipes, and it is likely that the cartridges need to be replaced during major maintenance.

Date:	Location:		GPS COORD:
System size:	Type: O Cast-in-	place O Precast C) Linear
Number of Cartridges:	Type of Cartridge:	○ 460mm ○ 690m	m 🔾 310mm
Filter Media: O ZPG O Perlite			
Type of EnviroPods:			Number of EnviroPods:
Personnel Attending Inspection:			
STORMFILTER SYSTEM OBSERVATIO	Ne all		
Last service:	NO I		
Sediment Depth on Vault Floor:			
Structural Damage:			
Cartridges submerged: O Yes O No	How deep:		
Comments:			
ENVIROPOD SYSTEM OBSERVATIONS			
Last service:			
Amount of Sediment in Basket:			**************************************
Structural Damage:			
Comments:			
DRAINAGE AREA REPORT	and the second s		
	O Yes O No	Source:	
	O Yes O No O Yes O No	Source:	
Comments:	O Yes O No	Source:	
Odminents.			

Next steps

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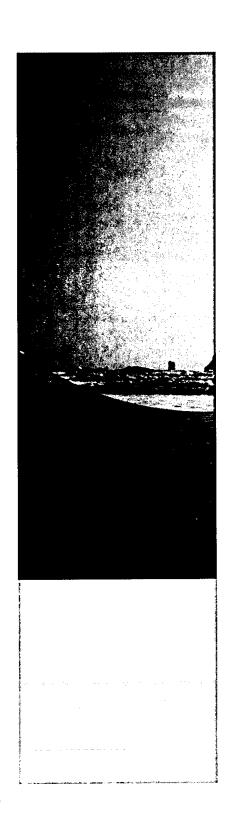
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Stormwater360 supplies and maintains a complete range of filtration, hydrodynamic separation, screening and oil/water separation technologies.

Gall 1300 354 722



www.stormwater360.com.au

LONG TERM MAIENCE TASKS.

1.1 Schedule of Visits

1.1.1 Schedule of Site Visits (Regular Inspec & Maint)				
Purpose of Visit	Frequency			
Inspection	Regular inspection and maintenance should be carried out to ensure the system functions as designed. It is recommended that these checks be undertaken on a Three monthly basis during the initial period of			
Maintenance	operating the system. A less frequent schedule might be determined after the system has established.			

1.2 Treatment Train Device Description

Constructed Wetland

A constructed wetland is a permanent water body that will be used for aesthetic purposes in addition to the water quality. The wetland will be constructed as an earth basin with a combination of sandstone rock and earth batters. The constructed wetland will have 50% of the surface area covered by vegetation specified by the landscape architect.

Stormwater 360 products

The Enviropod basket and storm filter cartridges will be located in every surface inlet pit as well as every pit that a downpipe drains through. The device works by filtering storm water runoff through the mesh basket that is fixed below the grate or solid lid. Stormwater 360 products are to be maintained monitored and operated to manufactures details.

1.3 Maintenance Issues

Constructed Wetland

- Buildup of silt and oil
- Scour to wetland
- · Weeds and plant disease

Enviropod Pit Basket

- Access to pits during opening hours
- · Basket filled with litter and debris
- Mesh clogged with silt
- Basket damaged

1.4 Tasks

The scope of maintenance tasks should include verifying the function and condition of the, following elements:

- Filter media
- Horticultural
- Drainage infrastructure
- Stormwater 360 products
- Other routine tasks

All maintenance task must be in accordance with Warriewood Valley Urban Land Release – Water Management Specification (WMS).

Enviropod & Wetland Maintenance Plan #12693: 6-14 Macpherson Street, WARRIEWOOD NSW

1.4.1 Constructed wetla	and base
Sediment deposition	Remove sediment build up from surface of wetland surface and Of wetland street trees. Manually monitor in 1m Grid with rigid survey pole. Remove if necessary.
	Frequency - Yearly
Holes or scour	Infill any holes in the filter media. Check for erosion or scour and repair, provide energy dissipation (e.g. rocks and pebbles at inlet) if necessary. Frequency - 3 MONTHLY AFTER RAIN
Litter Control	Check for litter (including organic litter) in and around treatment areas. Remove both organic and anthropogenic litter to ensure flow paths and Vegetation media are not hindered.
	Frequency - 3 MONTHLY OR AS DESIRED FOR AESTHETICS

1.4.2 Horticultural Task	S
Pests and Diseases	Assess plants for disease, pest infection, stunted growth or senescent plants. Treat or replace as necessary. Reduced plant density reduces pollutant removal performance. Frequency - 3 MONTHLY OR AS DESIRED FOR AESTHETICS
Maintain original plant densities	Infill planting: To landscape architects details should (depending on species) be adequate to maintain a density where the plant's roots touch each other. Planting should be evenly spaced to help prevent scouring due to a concentration of flow.
	Frequency - 3 MONTHLY OR AS DESIRED FOR AESTHETICS
Weeds	It is important to identify the presence of any rapidly spreading weeds as they occur. The presence of such weeds can reduce dominant species distributions and diminish aesthetics. Weed species can also compromise the systems long term performance. Inspect for and manually remove weed species. Application of herbicide should be limited to a wand or restrictive spot spraying due to the effect on the constructed wetland system.
	Frequency - 3 MONTHLY OR AS DESIRED FOR AESTHETICS

1.4.3 Drainage tasks	
High flow inlet pits, overflow pits and other stormwater junction pits	Ensure inflow areas and grates over pits are clear of litter and debris and in good and safe condition. A blocked grate would cause nuisance flooding of streets. Inspect for dislodged or damaged pit covers and ensure general structural integrity. Remove sediment from pits and entry sites etc. (likely to be an irregular occurrence in mature catchment).
	Frequency - MONTHLY AND OCCASIONALLY AFTER RAIN

1.4.4 Stormwater 360 Enviropod and Stormfilter cartridges.				
	Visual Inspection	The Enviropod filters require servicing every 1 - 6 months depending on		

	site characteristics, however the maintenance requirements are less labor intensive than alternate traditional treatments. During each inspection and clean, details of the mass, volume and type of material observed should be record to provide ongoing data for future management plan revisions and the optimization of the maintenance frequency. Enviropod are also be maintained using Cleaning using Inductor Truck. See storm water 360 manual for details
	Frequency - MONTHLY AFTER RAIN
Emptying and maintenance	Open gully pit. Place the lifting hooks in the lifting loops of the filter bag. For extremely heavy and overfilled bags either use a hydraulic lifting arm to lift the bag, or remove excess material using a shovel or similar piece of equipment. IES prefers the use of a post hole shovel, due to the reduced strain on the back when digging and the ability of the shovel to grab material vertically. Lift the bag vertically off the supporting frame, ensuring that no undue pressure is placed on the filter bag. Lift the bag clear of the stormwater pit. Position the bag over the truck or other collection vehicle, taking hold of the loops at the base of the bag. Lift and empty the filter bag by holding the bottom lifting loops only. Completely empty the filter bag. Brush the filter bag with a stiff brush to remove bound sediment from the filter pores. Check the filter bag. Check the Enviropod unit. Reinstate filter bag, ensuring bag is installed the correct way. Reinstate pit lids.
	Maintenance frequency should be adjusted to accommodate variable rainfall patterns.
	Enviropod area also maintained using Cleaning using Inductor Truck. See stormwater 360 manual for details
	Frequency – 3 to 6 MONTHLY AFTER RAIN

1.4.5 OTHER ROUTIN	1.4.5 OTHER ROUTINE TASKS				
Inspection after rainfall	infiltration. Identify signs of poor drainage (extended ponding on the permanent water levels surface). If poor drainage is identified, check land use and assess whether is has altered from design capacity. Frequency – TWICE A YEAR AFTER RAIN				
Water quality modeling	Water quality modeling to be conducted in accordance with GHD Warriewood Retirement Village – Water Management Report. 2006 and Warriewood Valley Urban Land Release – Water Management Specification (WMS).				
Algae	Manually monitor Algae in summer months. Remove Algae blooms physically upon occurrence. Manage phosphorus levels in wetland using Phoslock if required. Frequency – Monthly November to April.				

Appendix A

Maintenance Inspection Form - Wetland

Water Quality Maintenance Checklist						
	_	Date of				
Inspection Frequency:	1 to 6 monthly	monthly Visit				
Location:						
Description:						
Site Visit by:				<u></u>		
Inspection Items		Υ	N	Action Required (details)		
	We	etland				
Sediment accumulation at inflo	w points?					
Litter within basin?						
Erosion at inlet or other key str	uctures?					
Traffic damage present?						
Evidence of dumping (e.g. build	ding waste)?					
Vegetation condition satisfacto	ry (density, weeds					
etc.)?						
Watering of vegetation required	1?					
Replanting required?	-					
Slashing required?						
Clogging of drainage points (se	ediment or	1 1				
debris)?			_			
Evidence of ponding?						
Damage/vandalism to structures present?						
Surface clogging visible?						
Drainage system inspected?						
Is Algea Present?						
Resetting of wetland required?						
Comments:						



Contact: Gina Potter Phone: 02 8838 7566 02 8838 7554 Fax:

Email: gina.potter@water.nsw.gov.au

ARV Peter Magnisalis Level 2 62 Norwest Boulevard Baulkham Hills NSW 2153 Our ref: 10 ERM2013/0778 File No: 9057375

Your Ref: DANO267/13

Attention: Peter Magnisalis

24 June 2014

Dear Sir/Madam

Re: Controlled activity approval - 10 ERM2013/0778

For activity described as: Demolition earthworks and construction of a seniors housing 59 dwellings with a community dwelling bowling greens landscaping road work and ancillary.

To be carried out at: 6-14 Macpherson Street Warriewood Date of Issue 24 June 2014: Date of Expiry 24 June 2017.

I refer to your application for a controlled activity approval under the Water Management Act 2000 which was received at this office on 3 June 2014. Receipt of your application fee of 1324 is also acknowledged.

1. Controlled activity approval

The Office of Water has determined to grant you a controlled activity approval. Please find enclosed the Notice of Determination together with your Statement of Approval.

Please read carefully the conditions of the approval and seek clarification from the Office of Water for any condition not fully understood.

A copy of this approval and any annotated documentation should be provided to council, your certifier and to all contractors engaged in the implementation of this controlled activity or the Vegetation Management Plan (VMP) to ensure they are also aware of the conditions.

The controlled activity approval must be kept current until the controlled activity has been completed. Applications for extending the approval should be made to the Office of Water, in writing, at least one month prior to the expiry date on the approval.

2. Inspections and fees

As the approval holder, you are required to notify the Office of Water on completion of the controlled activity. A site inspection may be needed to confirm that all of your obligations under the controlled activity approval have been carried out.

Costs associated with a single inspection may be covered by the application fee. However, if extra inspections or significant reassessment is required then additional fees will be incurred. Fees will also apply to any amendments requested or any extension of this approval. The current fee schedule is available at:

www.water.nsw.gov.au

Water licensing > Approvals > Controlled activities

3. Other approvals may be required

Subject to the conditions of the attached Statement of Approval, the approval holder is only authorised to carry out the controlled activity described at the location specified.

The attached Statement of Approval does not relieve the approval holder of any obligation which may exist to also obtain permission / approval / consent from any other agency who may have some form of control over the site or the proposed development.

Any questions regarding this correspondence should be directed to Gina Potter, gina.potter@water.nsw.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Gina Potter Water Regulation Officer NSW Office of Water Hunter, Sydney & South Coast

Enc: Notice of Determination Statement of Approval



Statement of Approval

Water Management Act 2000

Approval details

Approval No: 10 ERM2013/0778 File No: 9057375

Status: CURRENT *

Approval type:

Controlled Activity Approval

Water sharing plan:

not applicable

Period of Approval

Date of effect: 24 June 2014

Expiry date:

24 June 2017

Approval holder(s):

Schedule 1

Description of activity: Schedule 2

Conditions:

Schedule 3

Contact for service of documents

Name: ARV Peter Magnisalis

Address: Level 2, Baulkham Hills, NSW, 2153

NOTE: An approval has effect for such period as is specified in the approval, or if the period is extended under section 105 of the Water Management Act 2000, that extended period. If an application for extension of an approval is lodged before the approval expires, the term of the expiring approval is extended until either the date of the final decision on the application, or a date fixed by the Minister for the approval, whichever is the later date. An approval which has expired can be the subject of an application to extend it but it needs to be accompanied by a statutory declaration of the reasons for the delay in making the application. If the Minister accepts these reasons the term of the approval is taken to have been extended, and the application may be dealt with, as if the application had been made before the approval expired.

It is an offence under the Water Management Act 2000 to breach a term or condition of the approval or to construct or carry out a controlled activity to which the approval does not relate, or if the approval has expired, been surrendered or cancelled.

Approval number: 10 ERM2013/0778

Schedule 1 - Approval holder(s)

Holder's name(1): ARV Peter Magnisalis

Postal Address: Level 2

> P/Code 2153 State NSW Town/City Baulkham Hills

Holder's name(2):

Postal Address:

State P/Code Town/City

Company Name:

Office Address:

ACN (if applicable):

P/Code State Town/City

Property/land owner's details

Name of Owner/s (1) **ARV Peter Magnisalis**

Postal Address: Level 2

Town/City Baulkham Hills

P/Code 2153 State NSW

Name of Owner/s (2)

Postal Address:

State P/Code Town/City

IMPORTANT NOTICE - Change of approval holder or landholder or contact person.

Please advise the Office of Water in the event of any of the following as soon as practicable:

- If there is a change in the ownership or occupation of the land benefited by this approval (see Schedule 2). Under the Water Management Act 2000, an approval is typically held by the owner or lawful occupier of the benefited land. Consequently, a change in ownership may cause a change in your legal obligations as an approval holder. *
- If there is a change to the contact person or their contact details. You will be required to lodge a written statement signed by all the approval holders. *
- If there is a change in the mailing address for the nominated contact person. This should be done by the contact person in writing.
- An updated Statement of Approval reflecting these changes will be issued free of charge.

Approval number: 10 ERM2013/0778

Schedule 2 - Controlled activity

Authorised Controlled Activity

Subject to the conditions of this approval, in relation to the controlled activity described, the holders of this approval are authorised to construct and carry out the controlled activity at the location specified:

Controlled activity:

Demolition earthworks and construction of a seniors housing 59 dwellings with a community dwelling bowling greens landscaping road work and ancillary as shown on Plan No. SE01, Sediment & Erosion Control, Rev 04, dated 27/05/2014, prepared by Enviro

Studio

Property Name:

6-14 Macpherson Street Warriewood Site address:

Lot 3, 4, 5

DP 1161389

Parish

County

Lot Lot DP DP

Parish Parish County County

Local Council:

Pittwater Council

Development

Reference:

DANO267/13

(if applicable)

Narrabeen Creek

Catchment name:

Name of watercourse:

Security Details (if applicable)

Numb Provider

Value

Application fees

Fee:

\$ 1324

has been paid exclusive of GST

Receipt No: PAR14/1218

Approval issued by

Officer's name Gina Potter

Approval number: 10 ERM2013/0778

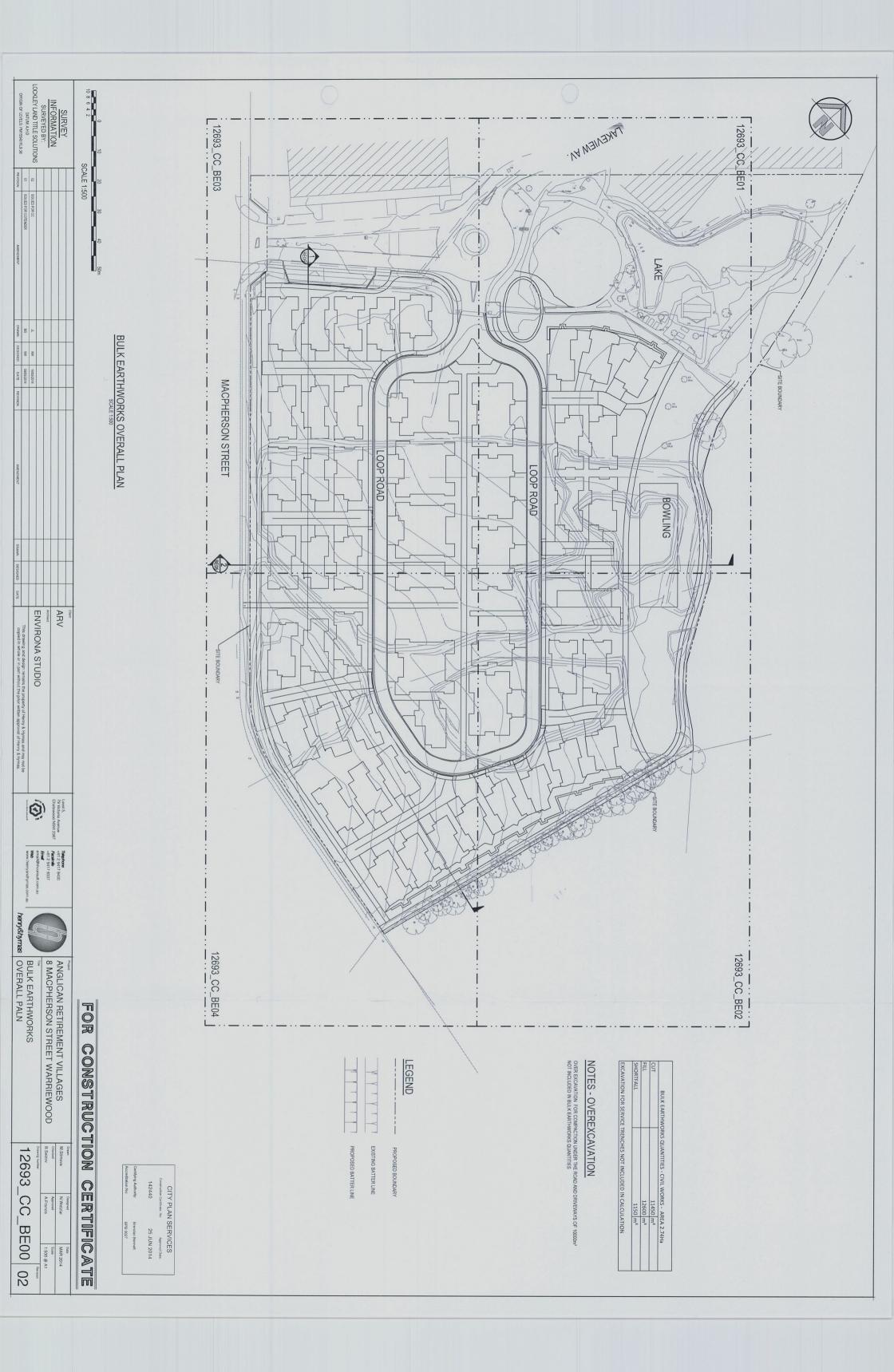
Schedule 3 Conditions:

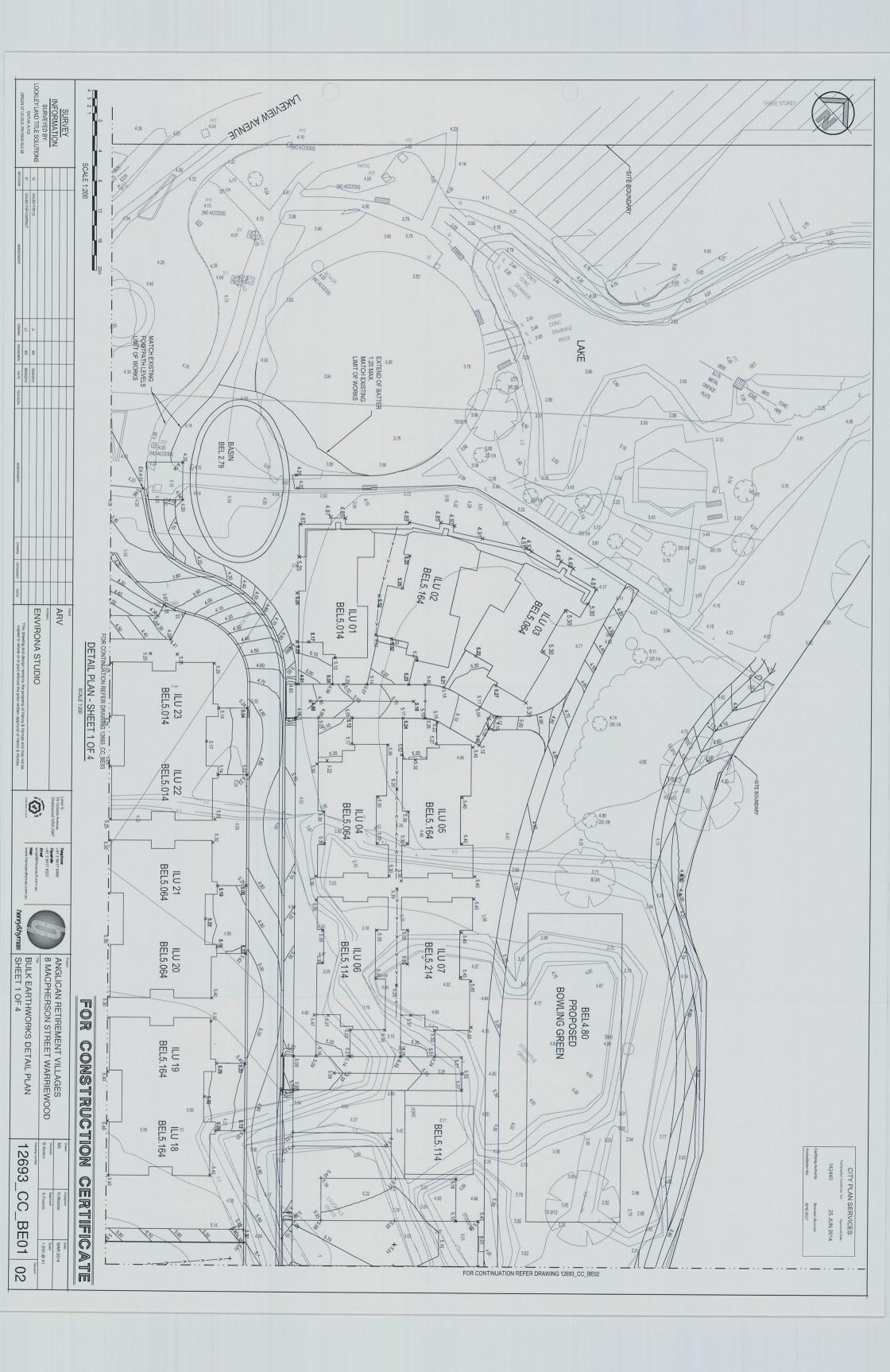
In relation to the controlled activity described in Schedule 2, the holders of this approval are authorised to construct and carry out the controlled activity at the location specified subject to the conditions listed:

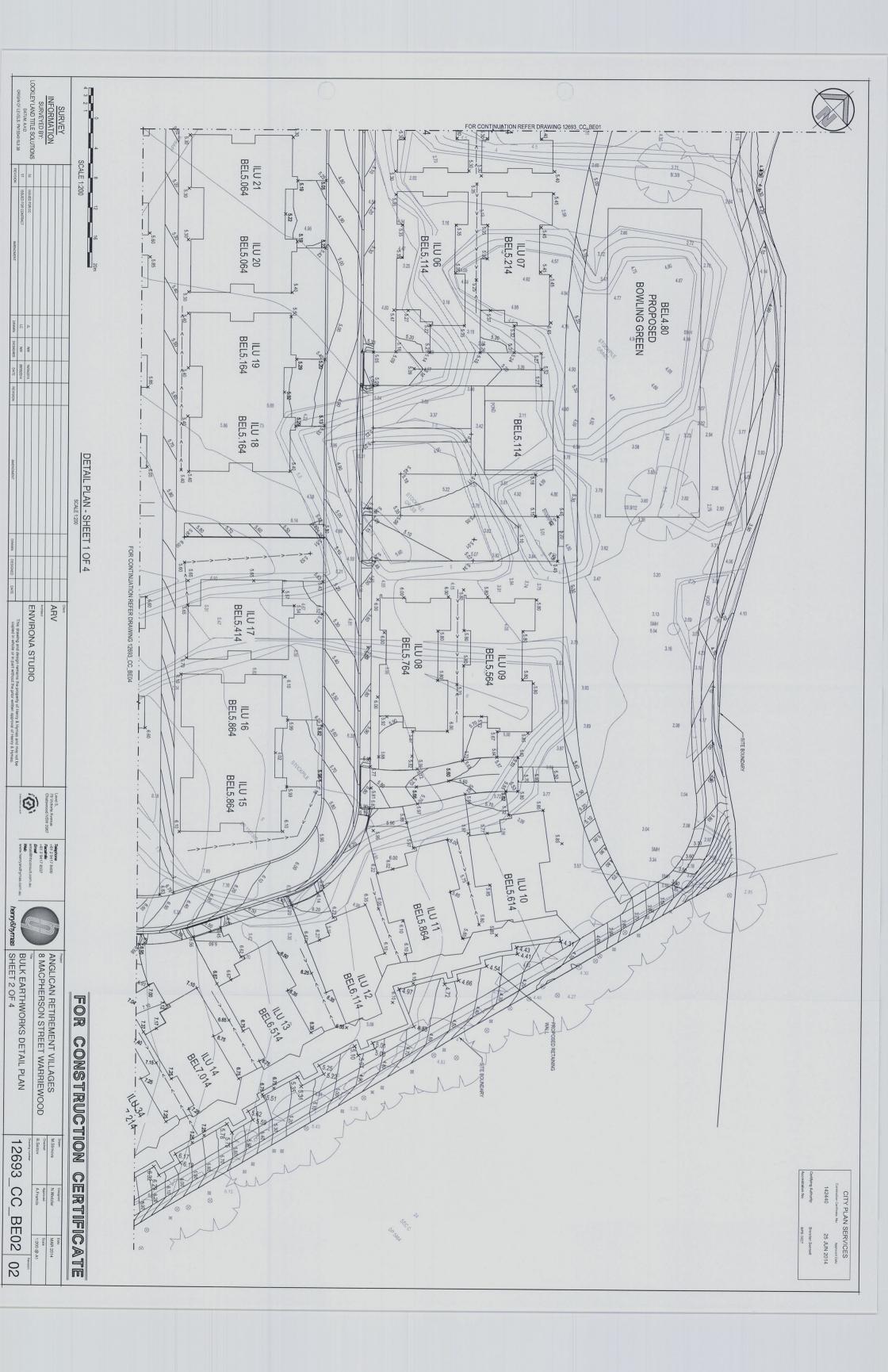
Number	Condition			
Plans, sta	ndards and guidelines			
1	This Controlled Activity Approval number 10 ERM2013/0778 only applies to the controlled activity carried out at the location marked on Plan No SE01, Sediment & Erosion Control, Rev 04, dated 27/05/2014, prepared by Enviro Studio as approved by the NSW Office of Water and stamped on 24 June 2014. This Controlled Activity Approval does not permit controlled activities at any other site.			
2	The approval holder must not transfer this Controlled Activity Approval 10 ERM2013/0778 without the written approval of the NSW Office of Water.			
3	The approval holder must keep a copy of the current Controlled Activity Approval 10 ERM2013/0778 on site at all times and make this approval available to officers from the NSW Office of Water on request.			
4	If the controlled activities described in this Controlled Activity Approval 10 ERM2013/0778, have not commenced or been completed within the period of this approval, the approval holder must apply to the NSW Office of Water for a new approval or seek an extension prior to the lapsing of the consent.			
5	The approval holder must notify the NSW Office of Water in writing within 14 calendar days of any change in (i) site management; (ii) land ownership; (iii) land occupation.			
6	The approval holder must comply with the requirements of each of the plans approved by the NSW Office of Water and stamped on 24/06/2014 as follows:			
	i. Plan No. SE01, Sediment & Erosion Control, Rev 04, dated 27/05/2014, prepared by Enviro Studio			
	ii. Plan No. C402, Setout Detail Sht 2 of 4, Rev 01, dated 15/05/2014, prepared by Enviro Studio			
	iii. Plan No. C401, Setout Detail Sht 1 of 4, Rev 01, dated 16/05/2014, prepared by Enviro Studio			
7	N/A			
8	The approval holder must submit for approval, by the NSW Office of Water, any amendments to a plan listed in Condition 6 (six) prior to carrying out any works in relation to the approved controlled activity.			
9-10	N/A			
11	The approval holder must comply with the requirements of the approved vegetation management plan dated 27/03/2009 for the Controlled Activity Approval ERM2008/1071 to the extent that it relates to the carrying out of the rehabilitation activities on the site which is the subject of this controlled activity approval.			
12-13	N/A			
14	The approval holder must not disturb the rehabilitation activities required by the approved Vegetation Management Plan (VMP) dated 27/03/2009 for the Controlled Activity Approval ERM2008/1071.			
15-20	N/A			
21	At practical completion and/or at the end of the maintenance period, the approval holder must provide a final written report to the NSW Office of Water evidencing completion of the approved controlled activity.			
22-24	N/A			
25	The approval holder must notify the NSW Office of Water in writing within seven (7) days if the controlled activity (i) ceases for a period of more than 30 calendar days; or (ii) is terminated before its full completion, or (iii) is resumed.			
26-35	N/A			

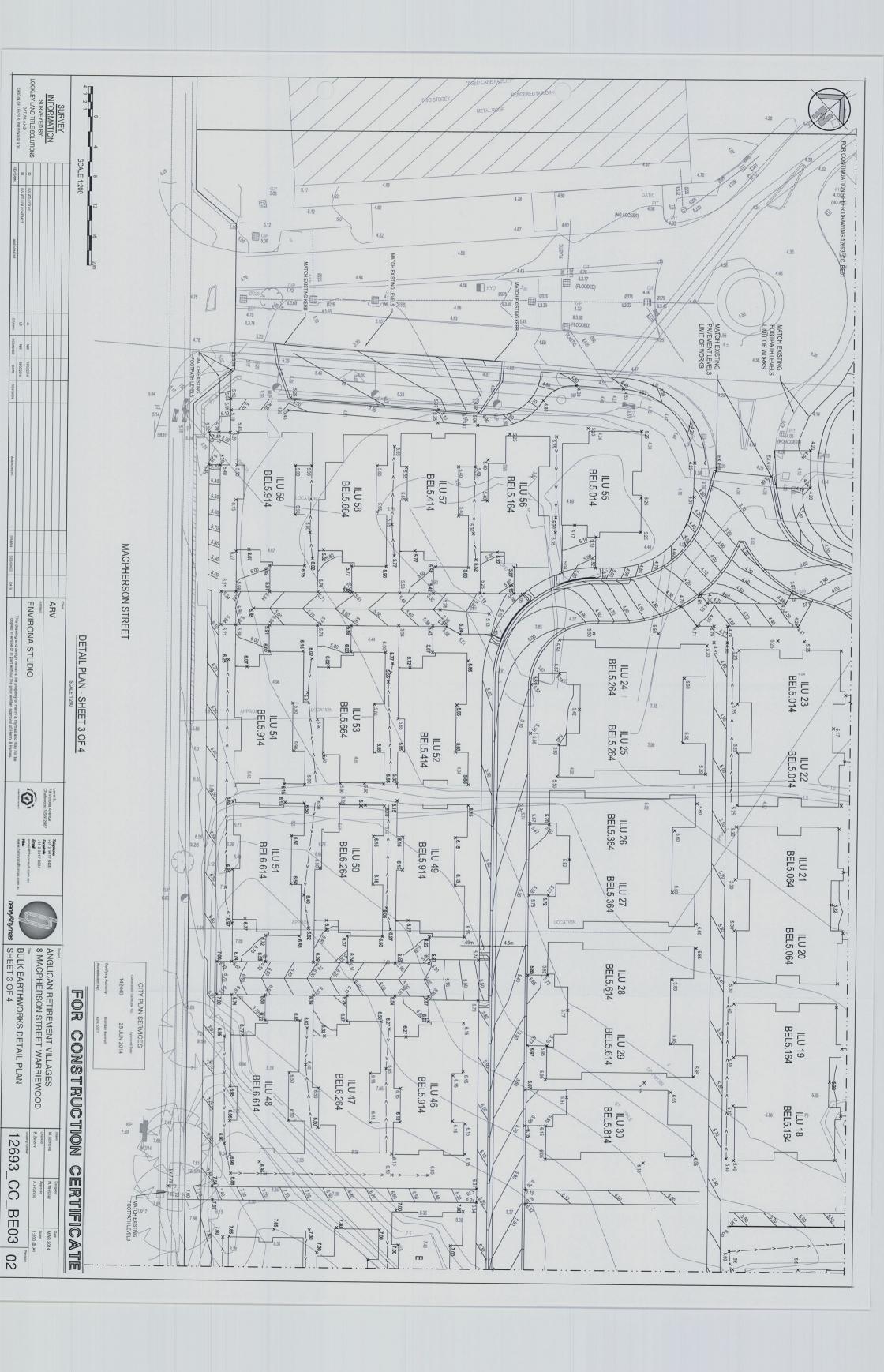
Number	Condition
36	The approval holder must not leave materials which could obstruct the flow of water or damage river banks on waterfront land at any time.
37	The approval holder must remove surplus material when operations cease and the controlled activity is completed.
38	The approval holder must not put materials in the drainage line or river or in any area that has existing native vegetation and/or that is identified as part of the riparian corridor.
39-43	N/A
44	The approval holder must use only biodegradable materials for any erosion control matting in the riparian corridor.
45	The approval holder must decommission all erosion and sediment control works using a suitably qualified person when the site has stabilised.
46	The approval holder must (i) implement erosion and sediment control measures in accordance with the requirements of the Managing Urban Stormwater Manual, Volume 1, Soils and Construction (Landcom, 4th Edition, March 2004) prior to any works commencing at the site; and (ii) maintain the control measures for the duration of the approval to prevent sediment and dirty water entering the waterway.
47-04	N/A
65	The approval holder must not use wire mesh structures, concrete, spray concrete, concrete grouting, crib walling, masonry or car tyres for bank stabilisation.
66-75	N/A
END OF C	ONDITIONS

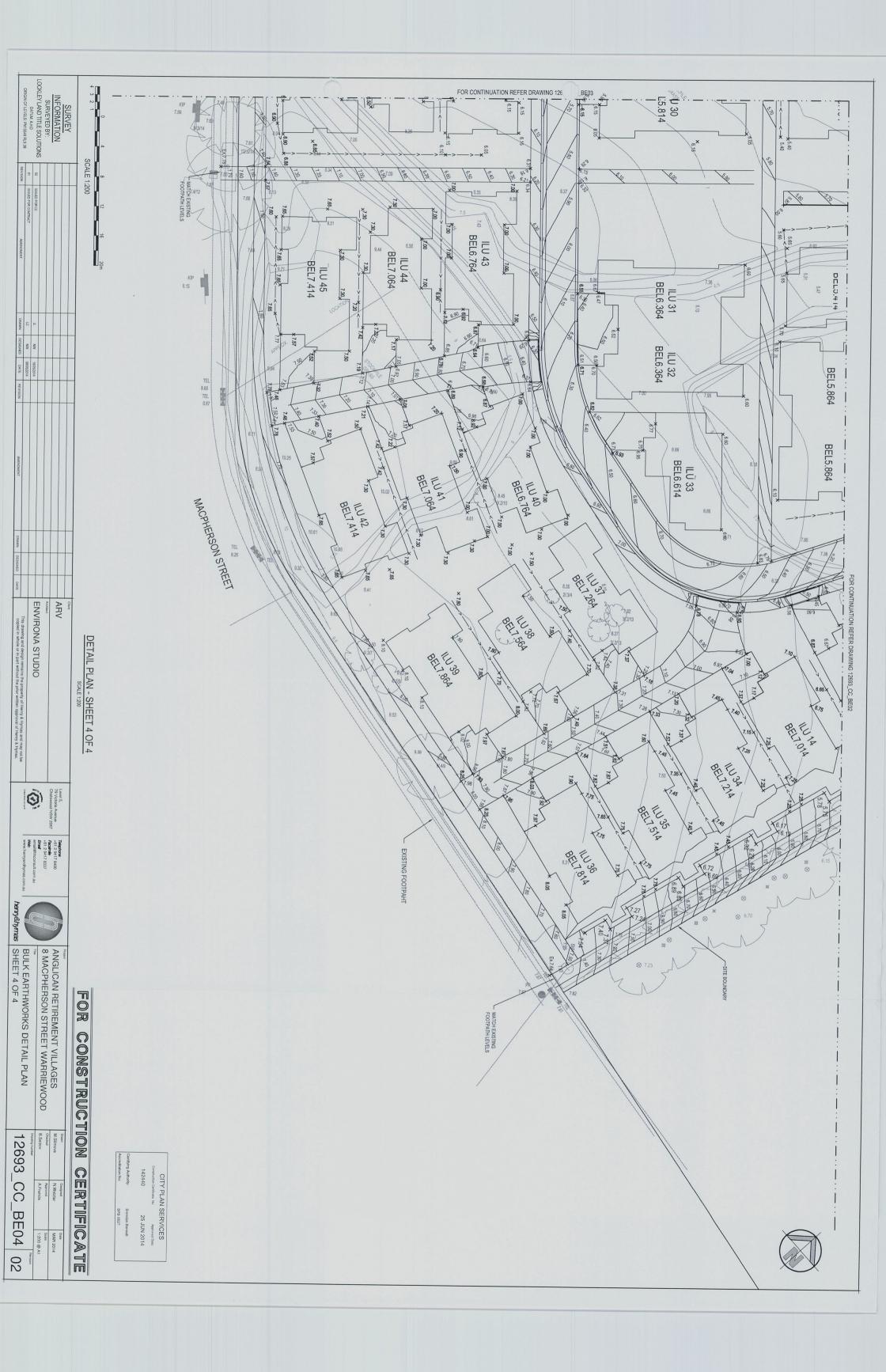
CAA Approval, June 2012 Page 5 of 5

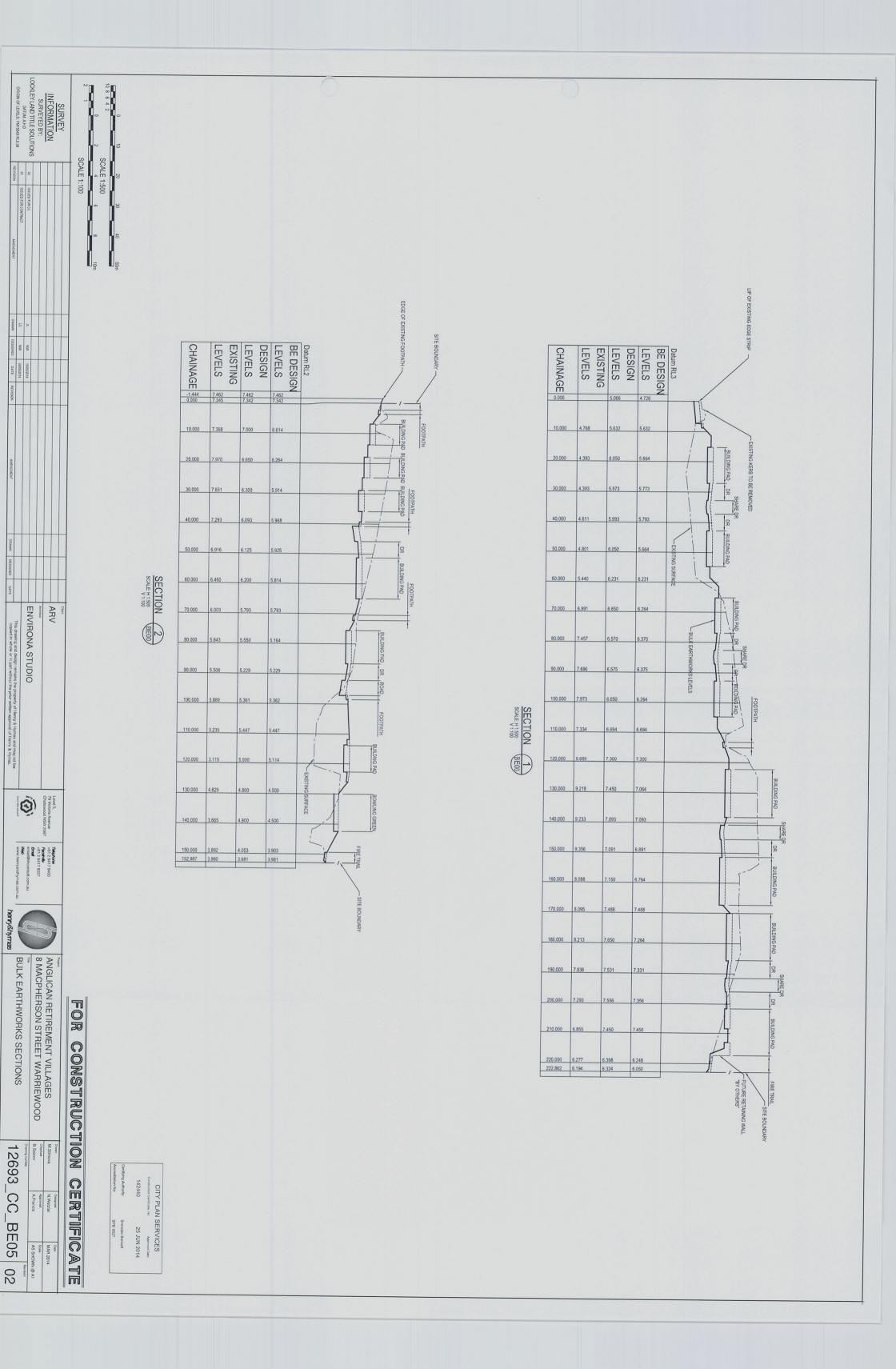


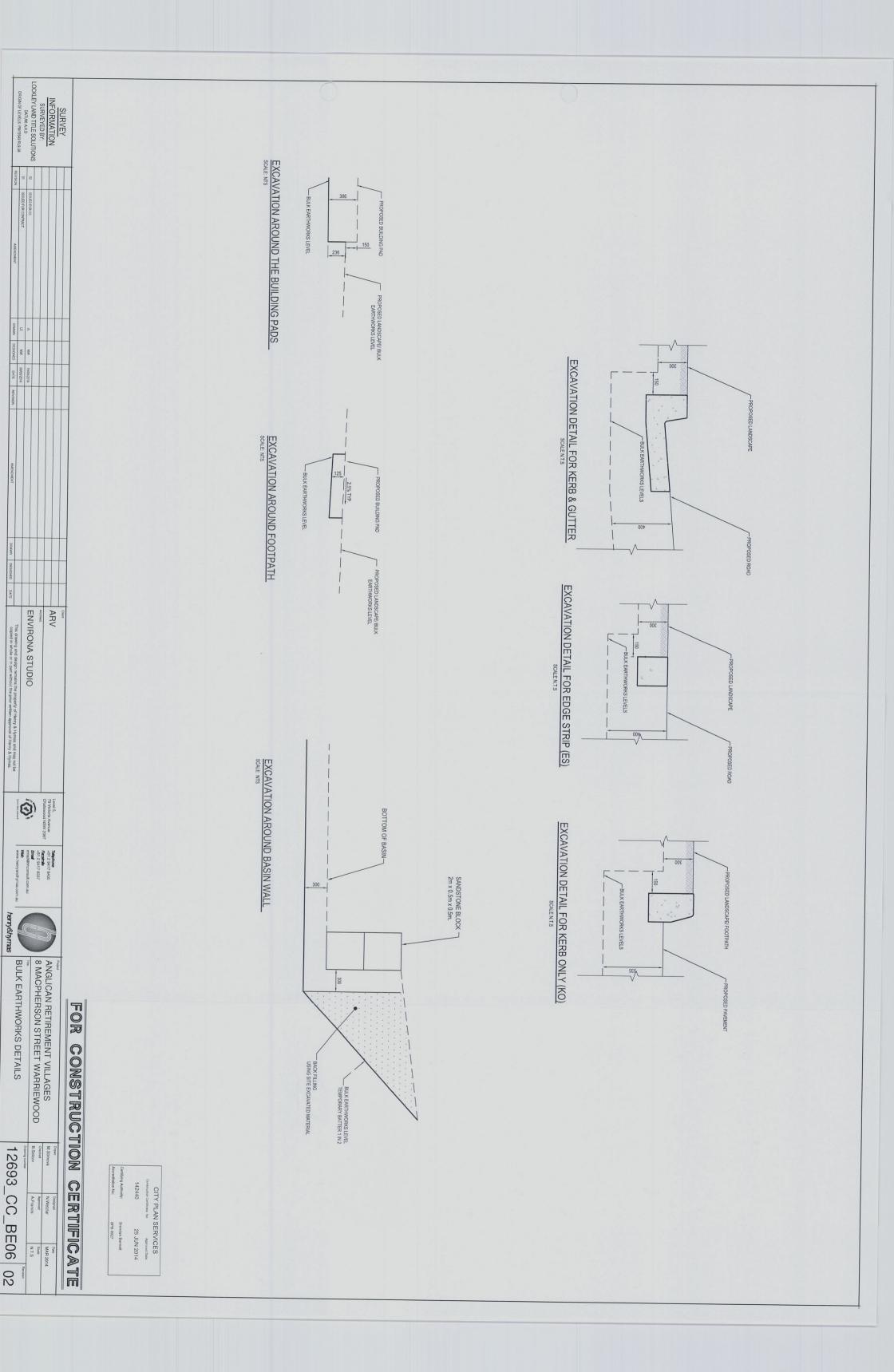


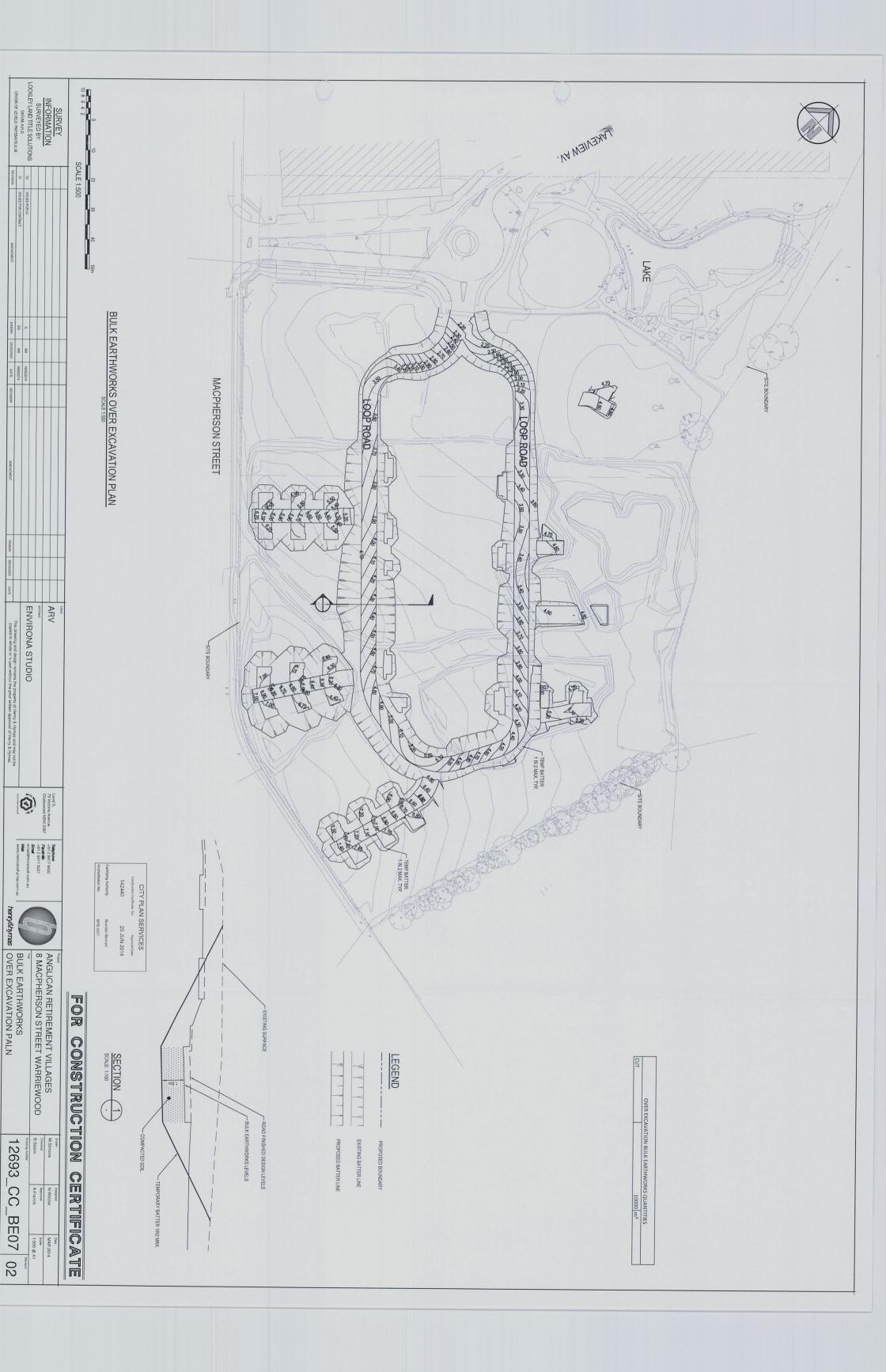














PROPOSED ANGLICAN RETIREMENT VILLAGES 8 MACPHERSON STREET WARRIEWOOD, NSW CIVIL ENGINEERING WORKS



SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL PLAN	SEDIMENT & I	12693_CC_SE01
BULK EARTHWORKS - OVER EXCAVATION PLAN	BULK EARTH\	12693_CC_BE07
BULK EARTHWORKS DETAILS	BULK EARTH\	12693_CC_BE06
BULK EARTHWORKS SECTIONS	BULKEARTH	12693_CC_BE05
BULK EARTHWORKS DETAIL PLAN - SHEET 4 OF 4	BULKEARTH	12693_CC_BE04
BULK EARTHWORKS DETAIL PLAN - SHEET 3 OF 4	BULK EARTH	12693_CC_BE03
BULK EARTHWORKS DETAIL PLAN - SHEET 2 OF 4	BULK EARTH	12693_CC_BE02
BULK EARTHWORKS DETAIL PLAN - SHEET 1 OF 4	BULK EARTH	12693_CC_BE01
BULK EARTHWORKS OVERALL PLAN	BULK EARTH	12693_CC_BE00
AN 4 OF 4	SERVICES PLAN 4 OF 4	12693_CC_C804
AN 3 OF 4	SERVICES PLAN 3 OF 4	12693_CC_C803
AN 2 OF 4	SERVICES PLAN 2 OF 4	12693_CC_C802
AN 1 OF 4	SERVICES PLAN 1 OF 4	12693_CC_C801
GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN - SERVICES PLAN	GENERAL AR	12693_CC_C800
AN	PAVEMENT PLAN	12693_CC_C500
SETOUT DETAIL PLAN, SHEET 4 OF 4	SETOUT DET	12693_CC_C404
SETOUT DETAIL PLAN, SHEET 3 OF 4	SETOUT DET	12693_CC_C403
SETOUT DETAIL PLAN, SHEET 2 OF 4	SETOUT DET	12693_CC_C402
SETOUT DETAIL PLAN, SHEET 1 OF 4	SETOUT DET	12693_CC_C401
SNS	BASIN SECTIONS	12693_CC_C221
STORMFILTER PLAN AND OFFTAKE WEIR SECTIONS	STORMFILTE	12693_CC_C220
STORMWATER LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS, SHEET 2 OF 2	STORMWATE	12693_CC_C211
STORMWATER LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS, SHEET 1 OF 2	STORMWATE	12693_CC_C210
STORMWATER360 DETAILS	STORMWATE	12693_CC_C201
STORMWATER MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS	STORMWATE	12693_CC_C200
ROAD CROSS SECTIONS - SHEET 2 OF 2	ROAD CROS	12693_CC_C141
ROAD CROSS SECTIONS - SHEET 1 OF 2	ROAD CROS	12693_CC_C140
NS S	SITE SECTIONS	12693_CC_C130
ROAD 1 LONGITUDINAL SECTION	ROAD 1 LON	12693_CC_C120
LOOP ROAD CENTRE LINE ALIGNMENT SETOUT	LOOP ROAD	12693_CC_C118
ENTRY DRIVEWAY GRADING AND SECTIONS	ENTRY DRIV	12693_CC_C115
TYPICAL SECTIONS AND DETAILS	TYPICAL SE	12693_CC_C110
DETAIL PLAN SHEET 4 OF 4	DETAIL PLAN	12693_CC_C104
DETAIL PLAN SHEET 3 OF 4	DETAIL PLAN	12693_CC_C103
DETAIL PLAN SHEET 2 OF 4	DETAIL PLAN	12693_CC_C102
DETAIL PLAN SHEET 1 OF 4	DETAIL PLAN	12693_CC_C101
GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN	GENERAL AF	12693_CC_C100
T .	NOTES SHEET	12693_CC_C010
COVER SHEET, DRAWING SCHEDULE & LOCALITY SKETCH	COVER SHE	12693_CC_C000
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& LOCALITY SKETCH

FOR CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

CITY PLAN SERVICES

**Provided Disproved Dispr

25 JUN 2014

8 MACPHERSON STREET WARRIEWOOD	ANGLICAN RETIREMENT VILLAGES	Drain-1
Checked B.Seizov	M.Stimova	
A.Francis	N.Wetzlar	
Scale N.T.S	MAR 2	
	2014	
	8 MACPHERSON STREET WARRIEWOOD Codes Science S	ANGLICAN RETIREMENT VILLAGES ANGLICAN RETIREMENT VILLAGES NAMEDIA ANGLICAN RETIREMENT VILLAGE

GENERAL NOTES:

- ALL WORK TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH PITTWATER COUNCIL SPECIFICATION. CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN AND RETAIN A COPY ON SITE DURING THE COURSE OF THE WORKS.
- ALL NEW WORKS ARE TO MAKE A SMOOTH JUNCTION WITH EXISTING CONDITIONS, AND MARRY IN A "WORKMANLIKE" MANNER.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO VERIFY THE LOCATION OF ALL SERVICES WITH EACH BELEVANT ANTHORITY. ANY DAMAGE TO SERVICES SHALL BE RECTIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR OR THE RELEVANT ANTHORITY AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE. SERVICES SHOWN ON THESE PLANS ARE ONLY. THOSE EVIDENT AT THE TIME OF SURVEY OR AS DETERMINED FROM SERVICE DIAGRAMS. HERRY AND HYMAS CONSULTING PTY. LTD. CANNOT GUARANTEE THE INFORMATION SHOWN NOR ACCEPT ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR NACCURACIES OR INCOMPLETE DATA.
- SERVICES & ACCESSES TO THE EXISTING PROPERTIES ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN WORKING ORDER AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- ADJUST EXISTING SERVICE COVERS TO SUIT NEW FINISHED LEVELS TO RELEVANT AUTHORITY REQUIREMENTS WHERE NECESSARY.
- MINIMUM GRADE OF SUBSOIL SHALL BE 0.5% (1:200) FALL TO OUTLETS REINSTATE AND STABILISE ALL DISTURBED LANDSCAPED AREAS.
- ALL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED, PLACED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS, EROSION AND SEDMENTATION CONTROL PLAN AND PITTWATER COUNCIL REQUIREMENTS WHERE APPLICABLE.
- CONTRACTOR TO CHECK AND CONFIRM SITE DRAINAGE CONNECTIONS ACROSS THE VERGE PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF SITE DRAINAGE WORKS.
- PROPERTIES AFFECTED BY THE WORKS ARE TO BE NOTIFIED IN ADVANCE WHERE DISRUPTION TO EXISTING ACCESS IS LIKELY.

SUBGRADE PREPARATION - SITEWORKS.

- EXCAVATE TO ACHIEVE SUBGRADE LEVELS WHERE NECESSARY THE EXISTING SURFACE IS TO BE STRIPPED OF ANY PAVEMENTS, TOPSOIL OR OBVIOUS UNSUITABLE MATERIAL
- THE EXPOSED SUBGRADE AFTER STRIPPING ANDIOR EXCANATION TO BE PROOF ROLLED USING NOT FEWER THAN \$ PASSES OF A MINIMUM 8 TONNE DEAD WEIGHT STEEL SMOOTH-DRUM ROLLER UNDER THE SUPERFISION OF AM EXPERIENCED GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER ANY AREAS ON THE SUBGRADE EXHIBITING EXCESSIVE DEFLECTION / MOVEMENT UNDER ROLLER TO BE EXCLANATED TO A MIN DEPTH OF 0.5 M AND REPLACED WITH APPROVED GRANULAR MATERIAL COMPACTED IN 250mm LOOSE LAVERS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER.
- EXGMERED FILL FOR REPLACEMENT OF SOFT OR HEAVING AREAS OR FOR BULK FILLING TO COMPRISE ESSENTIALLY OF GRANULAR MATERIALS (EG ESCAVATED SHALE), WITH A PARTICLE SIZE NOT GREATER THAN 75mm DIAMETER. ENGINEERED FILL TO BE PLACED IN LYFERS NOT EXCEEDING 25mm LOOSE THO/RNESS AND COMPACTED TO BETWEEN 48%, AND 102%, OF STANDARD MAXIMUM RRY DENSITY (SMDE) WITHIN 2%, OF OFTMUM MOISTURE CONTENT (SOMC).
- IMPORTED FILLING (IF REQUIRED) IS TO BE TO THE APPROVAL OF THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO NOMINATE THE SOURCE AND PROVIDE A SAMPLE FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO IMPORTATION AND PLACEMENT ON SITE.
- ALL FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE FROM A SOURCE APPROVED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT AND SHALL COMPLY WITH THE FOLLOWING, FREE FORM ORGANIC AND PERISHABLE MATTER MAXIMUM PARTICLE SIZE = 75mm MAXIMUM PLASTICITY NIDEX = 15%
- AREAS IN CUT OR IN LESS THAN 1.5m OF FILL TO BE OVER
 EXCAVATED TO A DEPTH OF 1.5m BELOW THE RINISHED BULK
 EXCHAMORAS LEVELS. THE EMPORED SUBGRAME ENAUL THEN BE
 COMPACTED AND PROOF ROLLED AND FILL PLACED IN
 ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GEOTECH
 REPORT 131451 BY GEOTECHNIQUE DATED 9 MAY 2014

THE EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS SHOWN ON THE FOLLOWING DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN INVESTIGATED BY SURVEYOR SPECIFED IN THE TITLE BLOCK THE INFORMATION IS SHOWN TO PROVIDE A BASIS FOR DESOM, HENRY AND HYMAS PITY LID DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE SURVEY BASE OR ITS SUITABILITY AS A BASIS FOR CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS.
SHOULD DISCREPANCES BE ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION BETWEEN THE SURVEY DATA MO ACTUAL TELD DATA, CONTACT HEIRY AND HYMAS PITY, LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DATA AND HYMAS PITY, LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DATA MAD HYMAS PITY, LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM ORIGINAL SURFEY DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE BEEN TAKEN DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE DATA MAD HYMAS PITY. LID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES HAVE DAT

EXISTING SERVICES & FEATURES

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALLOW FOR THE CAPPING OFF, EXCAVATION AND MOVAL (IF REQUIRED) OF ALL EXISTING SERVICES IN AREAS AFFECTED BY DRIS WITHIN THE CONTRACT RAREA OF AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS UNLESS RECTED OTHERWISE BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT AT ALL TIMES SERVICES TO ALL LDINGS NOT AFFECTED BY THE WORKS ARE NOT DISRUPTED.
- PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORKS THE CONTRACTOR SHALL GAIN UPPROVAL OF HIS PROGRAM FOR THE RELOCATION CONSTRUCTION OF EMPORARY SERVICES.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY SERVICES TO MAINTAIN PPLY TO EXISTING BUILDING REMAINING IN OPERATION DURING WORKES TO BE SATISFACTION AND APPROVAL OF THE SUPERINFEDIDENT. ONCE DIVERSION CONFLETE AND COMMISSIONED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL SUCH MODRARY SERVICES AND MAKE GOOD TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE PERINTENDENT.
- INTERRUPTION TO SUPPLY OF EXISTING SERVICES SHALL BE DONE SO AS 1 TO CAUSE ANY INCONVENIENCE TO THE PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR TO GAIN PROVAL FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT FOR TIME OF INTERRUPTION.
- EXISTING SERVICES, BUILDINGS, EXTERNAL STRUCTURES AND TREES SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS ARE EXISTING FEATURES PRIOR TO ANY DEMOLITION WORKS.
- EXISTING SERVICES UNLESS SHOWN ON SURVEY PLAN HAVE BEEN PLOTTED FROM SERVICES SEARCH PLANS AND AS SUCH THER ACCURACY CANNOT BE GUARANTEED. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO COMPLETE, ADAL BEFORE YOU DIG SEARCH AND TO ESTABLISH THE LOCATION AND LEVEL OF ALL EXISTING SERVICES PRIOR TO THE SUPREMINERSHEN, CLEARANCES SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE SUPREMINERSHEN, CLEARANCES SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM THE RELEVANT SERVICE AUTHORITY.
- ALL BRANCH GAS AND WATER SERVICES UNDER DRIVEWAYS AND BRICK YAVING SHALL BE LOCATED IN 80¢ uPVC SEWER GRADE CONDUITS EXTENDING A MINIMUM OF 500mm BEYOND EDGE OF PAVING.

FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT NOTES:

BASE, SUB BASE AND SELECT MATERIAL

1. GENERAL:

PAVENIST "SASE" (I.E. THE HIGHEST COURSE OF THE PAWENENT BELOW
THE SURFACING) SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF RINE CRUSHED ROCK
(EXCEPT CONCRETE PAVENENT, WHERE THE CONCRETE IS THE BASE).

PAVENIST "SUB-BASE" (I.E. THE INTERMEDIATE OR LOWER COURSE OF THE
PAVENIST SELECT MATERIAL LAYER" (I.E. THE LOWER COURSE OF THE
PAVENENT "SELECT MATERIAL LAYER" (I.E. THE LOWER COURSE OF THE
PAVENENT SELECT MATERIAL LAYER" (I.E. THE LOWER COURSE OF THE
PAVENENT SELECT MATERIAL LAYER WHEN SELECT MATERIAL LAYER ROFTED OF CRUSHED
ROCK, MATURAL GRAVELS OR SUTFAGE SONS. THE SUBGRADE SURFACE
SHALL BE THE SURFACE THAT INDEPLIES ETHER:

THE SELECT MATERIAL LAYER WHEN SELECT MATERIAL LAYER IS PRESENT,
OR
SURFACE THAT SELECT MATERIAL LAYER AND SUB-BASE ARE
PAVENENT CONSTRUCTION, OR

THE BASE WHEN SOTH SELECT MATERIAL LAYER AND SUB-BASE ARE
ASSENT FROM THE PAVENENT CONSTRUCTION

- 2. MATERIALS

 PRIOR TO THE DELIVERY OF ANY MATERIAL TO THE SITE. THE SOURCE OF ALL MATERIALS AND CERTIFICATES THAT THE MATERIAL SATISFIES THE SPECIFIED REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR APPROVIAL ADDITIONALLY FOR EACH MATERIAL SOURCE, COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPROVED QUALITY ASSIGNMENT PROGRAM FOR NUMPOURL MATERIALS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE SUPERINTENDENT AS REQUIRED IN THE QUALITY SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS. TESTING OF PAYEMENT MATERIALS WILL NORMALLY BE PREFORMED ON SAMPLES THAN ATT HE SOURCE PRIOR TO DELIVERY TO THE SITE AND IN THEIR FINAL CONDITIONS AFTER PLACEMENT AND COMPACTION IN THE PAYEMENT HOWEVER. THE PROPERTIES SHEDIFED AND FINAL ACCEPTANCE MIL BE CONDITIONAL ON NO SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN ROOPERTIES SHEDIF FOR THE MATERIALS IN THEIR FINAL CONDITIONAL ON NO SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN ROOPERTIES DUE TO SEGREGATION OR CONTAMINATION DURING SUBSEQUENT PAYEMENT.

FINE CRUSHED ROCK BASE MATERIAL

FINE CRUSHED ROCK SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF CLASS
05820 MATERAL, AS SPECIFED IN RTA SPECIFICATION 3051 AND SHALL BE
HARD. DURBALE STOME FREE OF CALL LUMPS. ORGANIC MATTER AND
05820TIONHSLE QUANTITIES OF DELETEROUS SUBSTANCES. THE
MATERIAL MAY BE CRUSHER RUN OR SCREENED AND RECOMBINED. ALL
THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS APPLY BOTH PRIOR TO AND AFTER
PLACEMENT IN THE PANEMENT.

SUB-BASE MATERIALS

SUB-BASE MATERIALS SHALL BE CRUSHED ROCK SUB-BASE OR SUITABLE MATURAL GRAVELS AND CONFORM TO THE RECUIREMENTS OF CLASS DESAYOR DOC DOSCOS OF TAL SPECIFICATION 3051 STONE SHALL BE HARD. DURABLE AND THE MATERIALS SHALL BE FREE OF CLAY LUMPS, ORGANIC MATERIAND OBJECTIONABLE QUANTITIES OF DELETERIOUS SUBSTANCES ALL MATERIAL RECUIREMENTS WILL APPLY BOTH PRIOR TO AND AFTER PLACEMENT IN THE PAYEMENT.

SITEWORKS NOTES

- DATUM A.H.D.

- EXISTING SERVICES UNLESS SHOWN ON SURVEY PLAN HAVE BEEN PLOTTED FROM SERVICES SEARCH PLANS AND AS SUCH THEIR ACCURACY CANNOT BE GUARANTEED. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO ESTABLISH THE COCATION AND LEVEL OF ALL EXISTING SERVICES PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK, ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE SUPERINTENDENT, CLEARANCES SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM THE RELEVANT SERVICE AUTHORITY.
- WHERE NEW WORKS ABUT EXISTING THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT A SMOOTH EVEN PROFILE, FREE FROM ABRUPT CHANGES IS ACHIEVED.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ARRANGE ALL SURVEY SETOUT TO BE CARRIED OUT BY A REGISTERED SURVEYOR.
- CARE IS TO BE TAKEN WHEN EXCAVATING NEAR EXISTING SERVICES, NO MECHANICAL EXCAVATION IS TO BE UNDERTAKEN OVER TELSTRA OR ELECTRICAL SERVICES, HAND EXCAVATE IN THESE AREAS.
- MAKE SMOOTH TRANSITION TO EXISTING SURFACES AND MAKE GOOD.
- "

 THESE PLANS SHALL BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH APPROVED LANDSCAPE, APCHITECTURAL, STRUCTURAL, HYDRAULIC AND MECHANICAL REAL MORAL HYDRAULIC AND MECHANICAL REAL MORAL HYDRAULIC AND MECHANICAL REAL MAY BE ISSUED RELATING TO DEVELOPMENT AT THE SITE.
- TRENCHES THROUGH EXISTING ROAD AND CONCRETE PAVEMENTS SHALL B SAWCUT TO FULL DEPTH OF CONCRETE AND A MINIMUM OF 50mm IN BITUMINOUS PAVING.

COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS

- INCLUDES ALL KERBS, GUTTERS, DISH DRAWS, CROSSING AND EDGES.

 1. ALL KERBS, GUTTERS, DISH DRAWS, AND CROSSING TO BE CONSTRUCTED ON MINIMUM 75 TO BE CONSTRUCTED ON MINIMUM 75 TO BE CONSTRUCTED ON MINIMUM 98%, MODIFIED MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 1298 5.1.

 2. EPOMISION JOINTS (E.) TO BE FORMED FROM 10mm COMPRESSIBLE CORK FULTER ADOADS FOR THE FULL DETHY OF THE SECTION AND OUT TO PROFILE EYPANSION JOINTS TO BE LOCATED AT DRAWAGE PITS, ON TANGENT POINTS OF CURVES AND ELSEWHERE AT 12m CENTRES EXCETTED RUTEGRAL KERBS WHERE THE EXPANSION JOINTS ARE TO MATCH THE JOINT LOCATIONS IN KERBS.

 3. WEAKENED PLANE JOINTS TO BE MIN 3mm WIDE AND LOCATED AT 3m CENTRES EXCETT FOR NITEGRAL KERBS WHERE WEAKENED PLANE JOINTS ARE TO MATCH THE JOINT LOCATIONS IN SLABS.

 4. BROOMED FINISHED TO ALL RAIMFED AND VEHICULAR CROSSINGS, ALL OTHER KERBIN FOR DISH PRAVIS TO BE STEEL FLOAT FINISHED.

 5. IN THE REPLACEMENT OF KERBS, NEW BASECOURSE AND SURFACE IS TO BE LAND 90mm WIDE TO MATCH EXISTING MATERIALS AND THEORIESS.

 EXISTING AULTOMATED TO ALL FOR EXAMED AND THE CONTROL OF NEW KERBS, NEW BASECOURSE AND SURFACE IS TO BE LAND 90mm WIDE TO MATCH EXISTING MATERIALS AND THEORIESS.

 EXISTING ALLOTINGEN DEWN KERBS, NEW BASECOURSE AND SURFACE IS TO BE LAND 90mm WIDE TO MATCH EXISTING MATERIALS AND THEORIESS.

 EXISTING ALLOTINGEN DEWN FROM SURFACE IS TO BE SURFACE IN TO ME WERE SURFACE IS TO BE SURFACE IN TO NEW KERBS ARE TO BE DUILT INTO NEW KERBS ARE TO BE COMPLETELY REMOVED WHERE NEW KERBS ARE SHOWN.

- ORIGIN OF LEVELS, REFER TO BENCH OR STATE SURVEY MARKS WHERE SHOWN ON PLAN.
- CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND EXISTING LEVELS ON SITE PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.
- ALL WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS & THE DIRECTIONS OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

- CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN AUTHORITY APPROVALS WHERE APPLICABLE

- ALL COVERS AND GRATES ETC TO EXISTING SERVICE UTILITIES ARE TO BE ADJUSTED TO SUIT NEW FINISHED SURFACE LEVELS WHERE APPLICABLE

- TENT 1.2% IN ACCREDANCE WITH AS 1289 5.11 OF THICKNESS NOTED ON

RIGID CONCRETE PAVEMENT NOTES

- ALL BRANCH GAS AND WATER SERVICES UNDER DRIVEWAYS AND BRICK PANING SHALL BE LOCATED IN 80¢ uPVC SEWER GRADE CONDUITS EXTENDING A MINIMUM OF 500mm BEYOND EDGE OF PAVING.
- GRADES TO PAVEMENTS TO BE AS IMPLIED BY RL'S ON PLAN. GRADE EVENLY BETWEEN NOMINATED RL'S, AREAS EXHIBITING PONDING GREATER THAN SIMM DEPTH WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED! UNLESS IN A DESIGNATED SAG POINT.

- 1. PREPARATION FOR PANEMENT
 CLEAR SITE. STRP TOP-SOIL, CUT AND FILL AND PREPARATIONS OF SUB-GRADE
 SHALL BE AS DESCRIBED IN F-KARTHWORKS'.
 SUB-GRADE SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 98% STANDARD DRY DENSITY PATIO AT
 OPTIMUM MOSINUE CONTENT ±2% IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 1289 5.1.1, TOP
 300MM TO 100% SDD.
 3. LOWER BASE COURSE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED FROM FINE GRUSHED DRY
 SANDSTONE COMPACTE TO 98% MODIFIED DRY DENSITY PATIO AT OPTIMUM
 MOISTURE CONTENT ±2% IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 1289 5.1.1. OF THICKNESS
 NOTED ON DRAWINGS.

- WEARING SURFACE SHALL BE ASPHALTIC CONCRETE TO STANDARD SPECIFICATION
 TESTING OF THE SUBGRADE AND PAVEMENT LAYERS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT BY APPROVED N.A.T.A. REGISTERED LABORATORY.

IN CASE OF DOUBT - ASK.

DO NOT OBTAIN DIMENSIONS BY SCALING THE DRAWINGS.

VERIFY ALL SETTING OUT DIMENSIONS WITH THE ARCHITECT AND OR THE SURVEYOR.

CARRY OUT ALL CONCRETE WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS3600-1994 AND THE SPECIFICATION. KEEP A COPY OF THESE DOCUMENTS ON SITE.

CRETE:
PLACE CONCRETE OF THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTIC COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH FC AS DEFINED IN ASSSOO-1994 OR RTA FORM 609. ADD WATER REDUCING ADMIXTURE EQUAL TO WRDA.

AS3600 Fc MPa AT 28 DAYS

SPECIFIED NOMINAL AGG. SIZE

USE TYPE GP CEMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS3972.

REFER TO CONCRETE PAVEMENT NOTES BELOW

- ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE SUBJECT TO PROJECT CONTROL SAMPLE AND TESTING TO AS3600-1994.
- CONSOLIDATE BY VIBRATION. CURE SURFACES BY COVERING WITH PLASTIC AND KEEPING SURFACE MOIST FOR $\min 7$ DAYS.

- FIX REINFORCEMENT AS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS. THE TYPE AND GRADE IS INDICATED BY A SYMBOL AS SHOWN BELOW.
 NHOT ROLLED DEFORMED BAR. GRADE 500
 R. PLAIN ROUND BAR. GRADE 250
 SL OR RL. HARD DRAWN WIRE FABRIC SQUARE OR RECTANGULAR.

- 2. PROVIDE BAR SUPPORTS OR SPACERS TO GIVE THE FOLLOWING CONCRETE COVER TO ALL
 REINFORCEMENT UNLESS NOTED CHERWISE.
 FOOTINGS.
 FOOTINGS.
 OWEN CONTROL OF AUDISDES 40
 SLABS.
 OPANINAGE STRUCTURES.
 WHEN EXPOSED TO WEATHER.
 DRAINAGE STRUCTURES.
 OWEN CAST IN FORMS BUT LATER EXPOSED
 TO WEATHER OR GROUND. 65 WHEN CAST
 DIRECTLY IN CONTACT WITH GROUND.
- FOR ALL PITS LOCATED IN CONCRETE PROVIDE 2N16 TRIMMER BARS AROUND 1200mm LONG AROUND ALL CORNERS OF PITS UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE

ONCRETE VEHICULAR PAVEMENT NOTES:

- 1. CONCRETE MIX PARAMETERS.

 MAXIMUM AGGREGATE SIZE ZÖMTM.

 FLEXURAL STRENGTH AT 28 DAYS = 3.5 MPa (FC=2XMPa)

 FLEXURAL STRENGTH AT 29 DAYS = 3.5 MPa

 MAXIMUM WATER / CEMENT RATIO = 0.45

 MAXIMUM WATER / CEMENT RATIO = 0.45

 MAXIMUM SHRINKAGE LIMIT = 300 MICROSTRAMS (AS101213) AFTER 8 WEEKS OF DRYING

 MAXIMUM SHRINKAGE TO SE OUT BETWEEN 24 HOURS AFTER CONCRETE POUR USING SCOFT CUT SAWN JOINTS ARET DE CUT BETWEEN 24 HOURS AWADON CONCRETE SHOULD SAWN JOINTS ARE TO BE CUT BETWEEN 24 HOURS AWADON CORT ELER SHAUL BE ADHERED TO THE ALEEDY CAST AND CLEMED CONCRETE IN THE ADJACENT SLAB SELF EXPANDING CORK FLERT SHAUL BE ADHERED TO THE ALEEDY CAST AND CLEMED BY THE FULLER TO BE ADHERED TO THE ALEEDY CONCRETE BY THE CONCRETE SUBTO DE CONCRED BY THE FULLER ALTO BE ADHERED TO THE BUILDERS SHAUL BE LIBERALLY MAPLED TO THE FULL FACE OF THE FULLER TO BE ADHERED. THE BUILDERS SHAUL PROVIDE CONSTRAIT SUPERVISION OF CONCRETE POURS EXECUTED BY SUB-CONTRACTORS TO ENSURE.

- ENSURE WHITE IS ADDED TO CONORETE OR CONORETE IN WAITING TO CONORETE PLACEMENT IN REPLACED OFF CHAIRS ARE REPLACED RION TO CONORETE PLACEMENT IN AN SITE WHITE IS ADDED TO CONORETE OR CONORETE IS MUMBING FROM TRUCKS (REQUIRED SLUMP FOR PLACEMENT SHALL BE ACHIENED USING SUPER PLASTICISER).

 ALL CONORETE IS FILLY COMPACTED USING A POKEN INSTRUCT.

 NO POURS ARE EXECUTED WHEN HE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE EQUALS OR EXCEEDS 35°C.

 POURS ARE PROTECTED FROM ANY HOT DRYING WINDS.

 A. REFER TO COMPACTION NOTES SOR PREPARATION OF SUB-BASE MUD SUB-GRADE.

 THE NISHED CONORETE SHALL BE CHEED FOR A MINIMUM OF SEVEN IN SUB-GRADE OF THE COLLOWING HE CONTINUOUS SPRINKLING WITH WATER.

 POURDING OR CONTINUOUS SPRINKLING WITH WATER.

 PHE USE OF AN IMPROMESHED TOWER KEPT CONSTANTLY WET, (WHEN THE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE EXCEEDS 32°C CURING MY ONLY BE ACHIEVED USING ABOVE Z METHODS.

 THE USE OF AN IMPROMESHED SHEET MEMBRANE OVER A MOSITENED SUB-ACE, THE MEMBRANE SHALL BE FIXED AND LAPPED SO THAT NO AR CIRCULATION CAN OCCUR AT THE MEMBRANE SHEET EXED AND LAPPED SO THAT NO AR CIRCULATION CAN OCCUR AT THE
- INVELTE WARNELS.

 E USE OF A CURRING COMPOUND COMPLYING WITH AS3799, APPLIED UNIFORMLY IN
 CORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS, AND WHEN DRY THE COAT
 FOULD BE CONTINUOUS, FLEXIBLE AND WITHOUT VISIBLE BREAKS OR PIN HOLES FOR SEVEN
- BROOM CONCRETE FINISH UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE TO ARCHITECTS REQUIREMENTS

142440 CITY PLAN SERVICES 25 JUN 2014

FOR CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

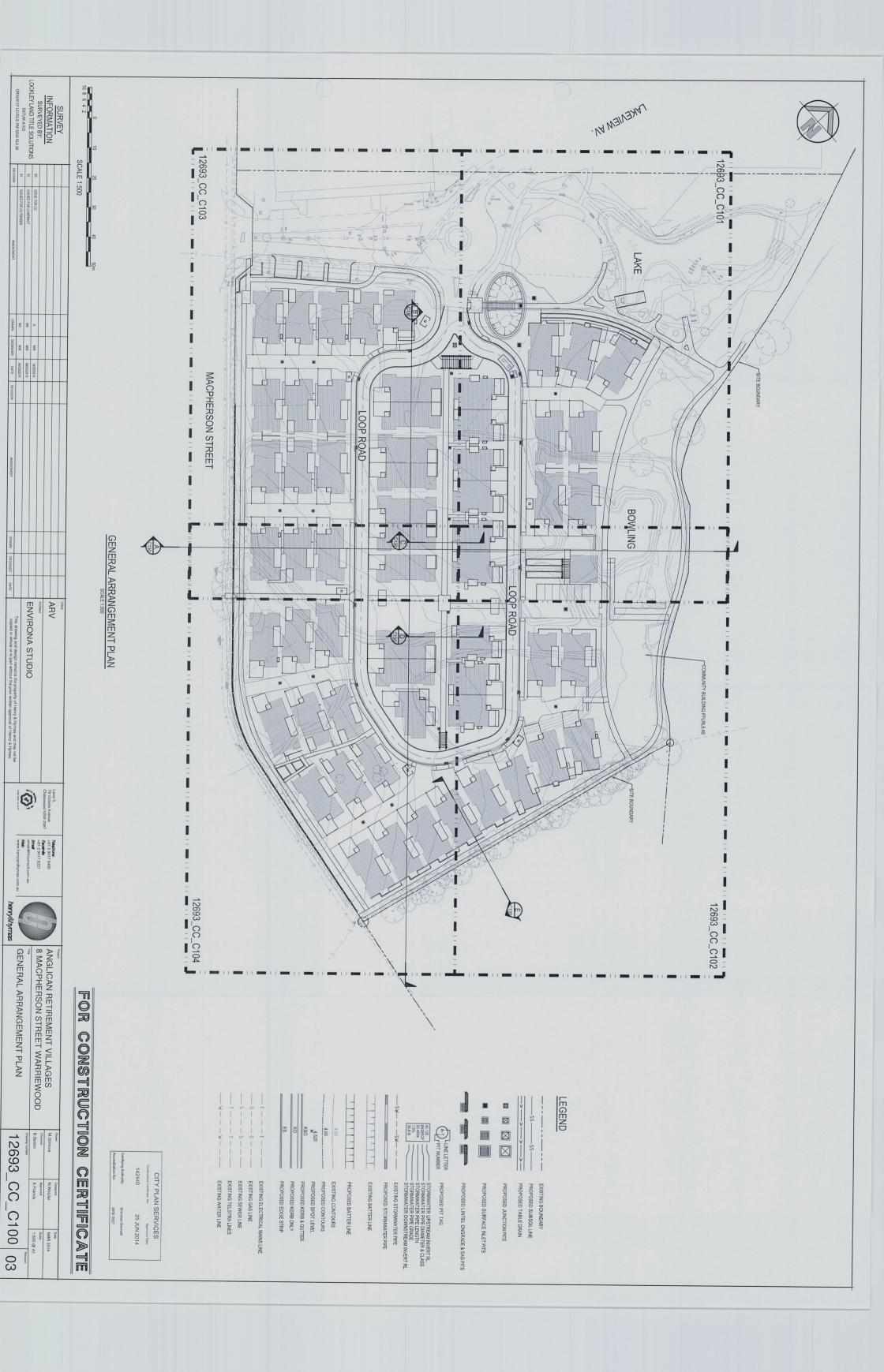
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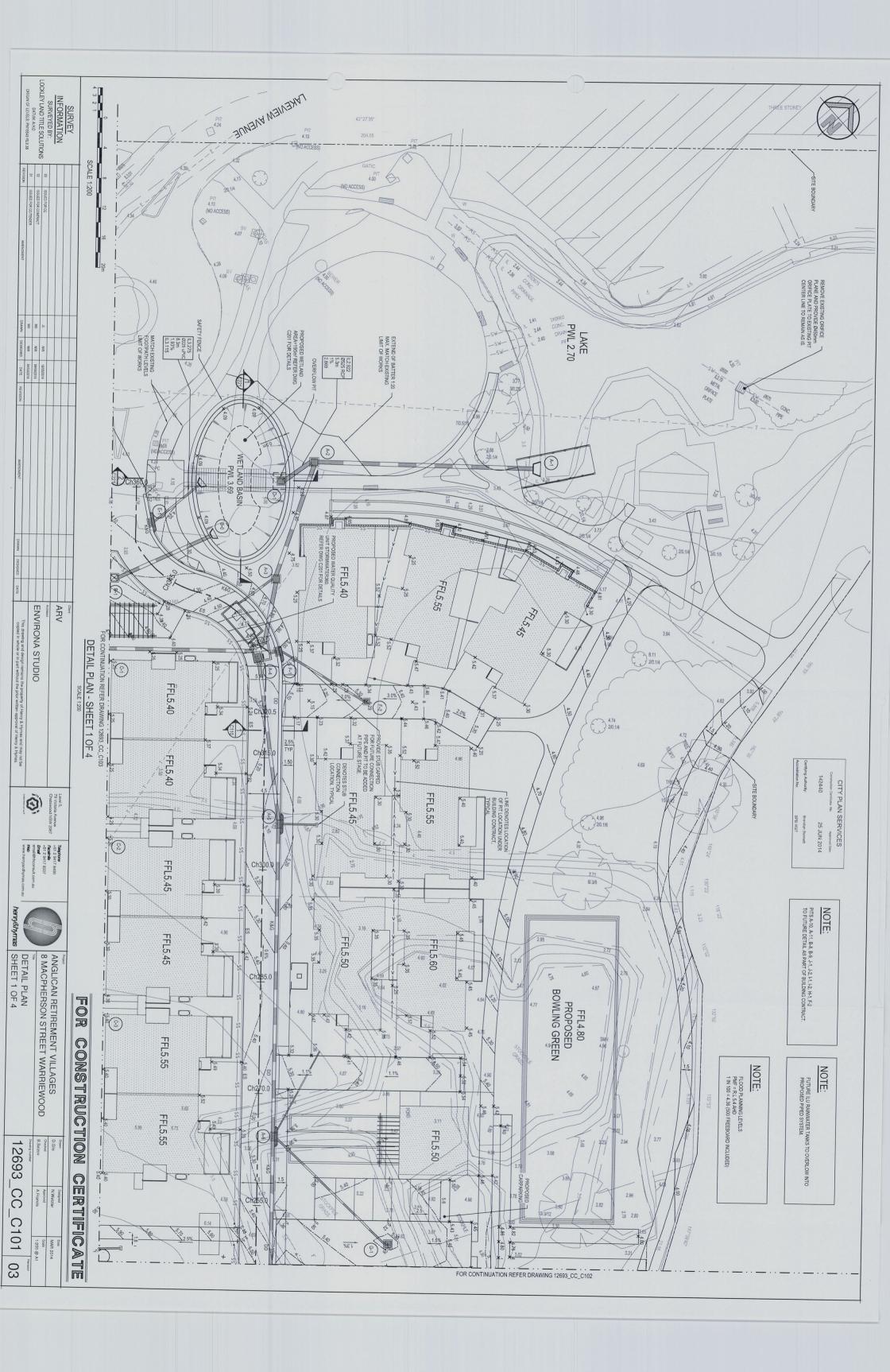
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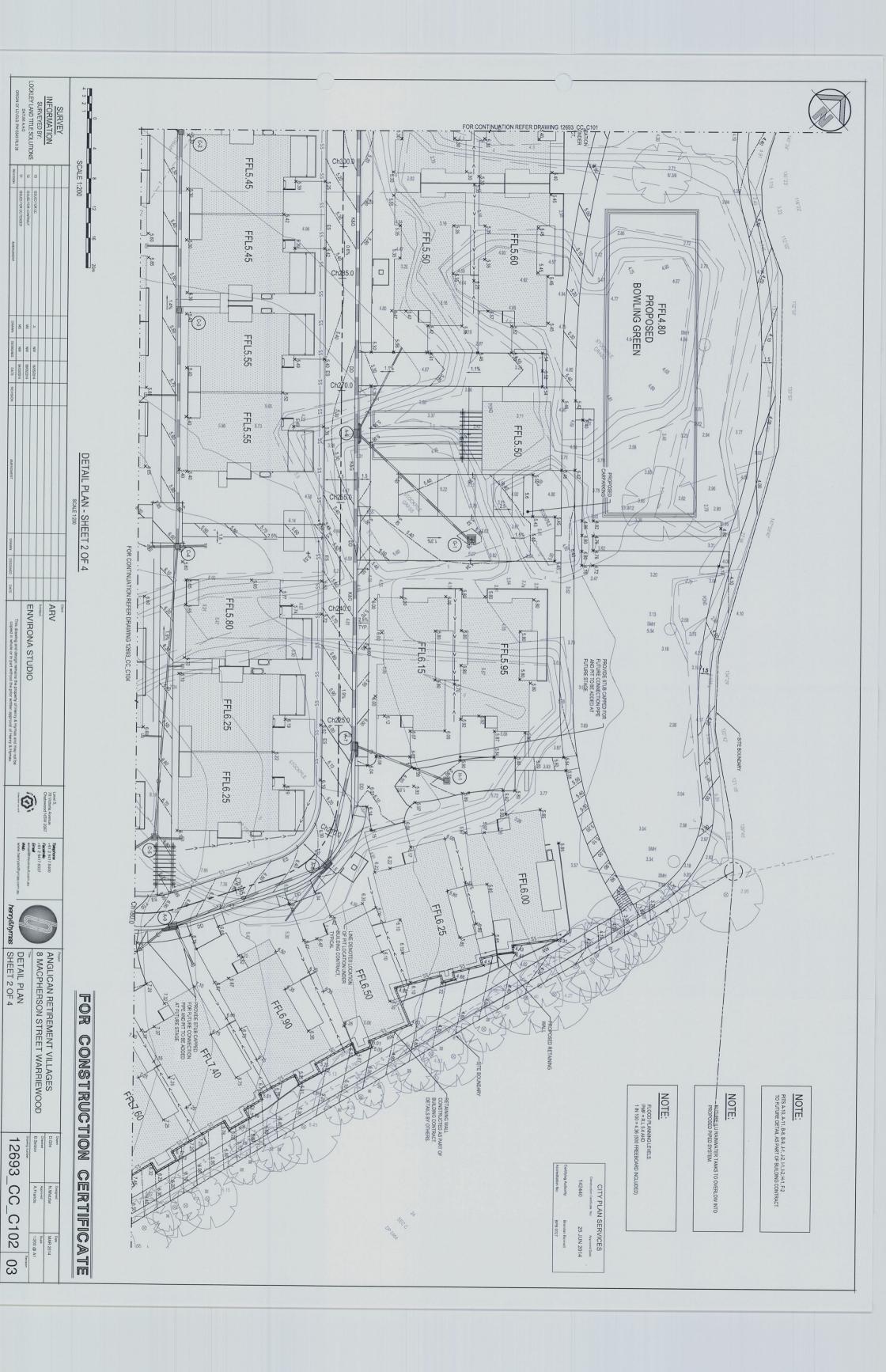
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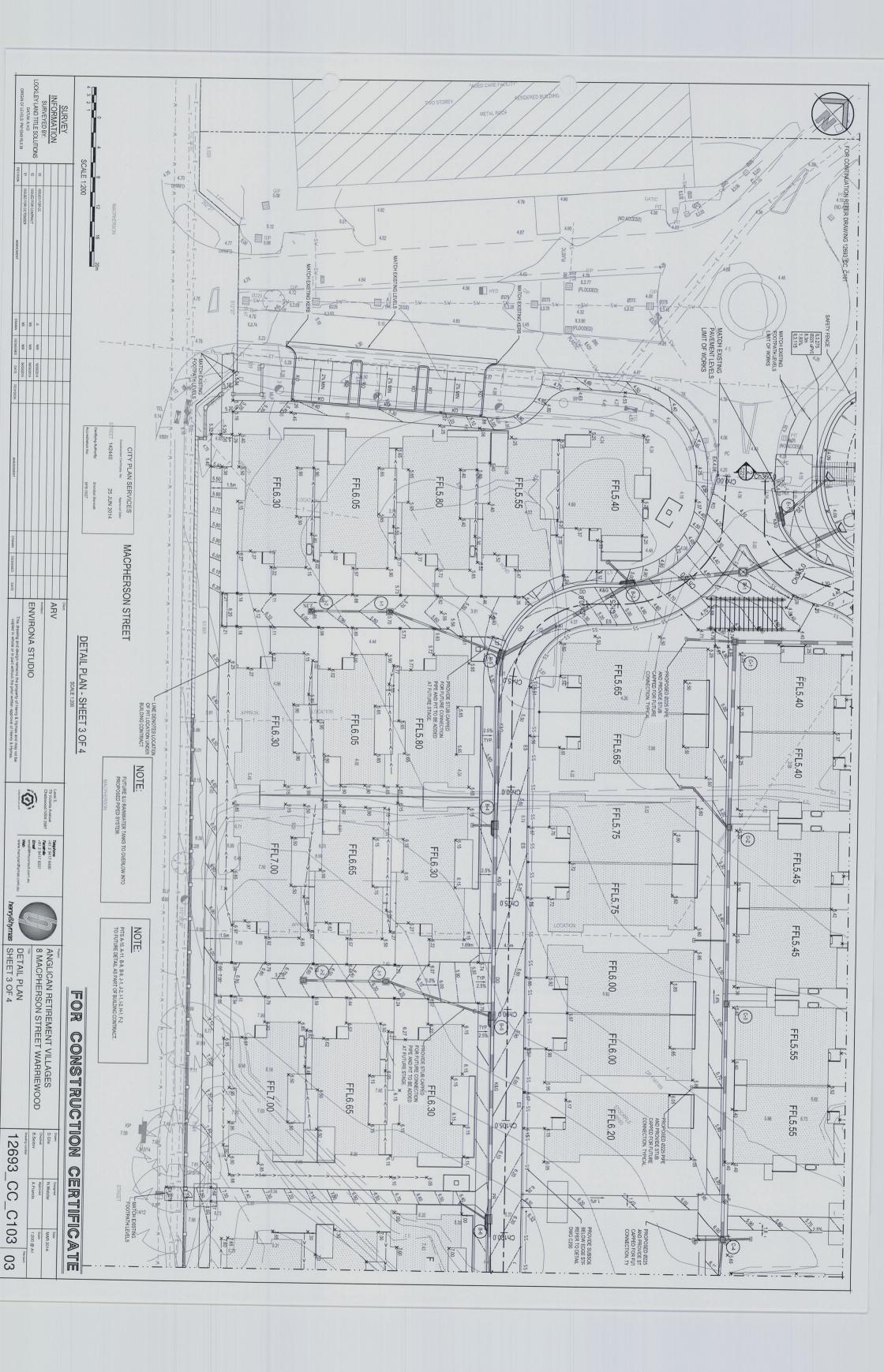
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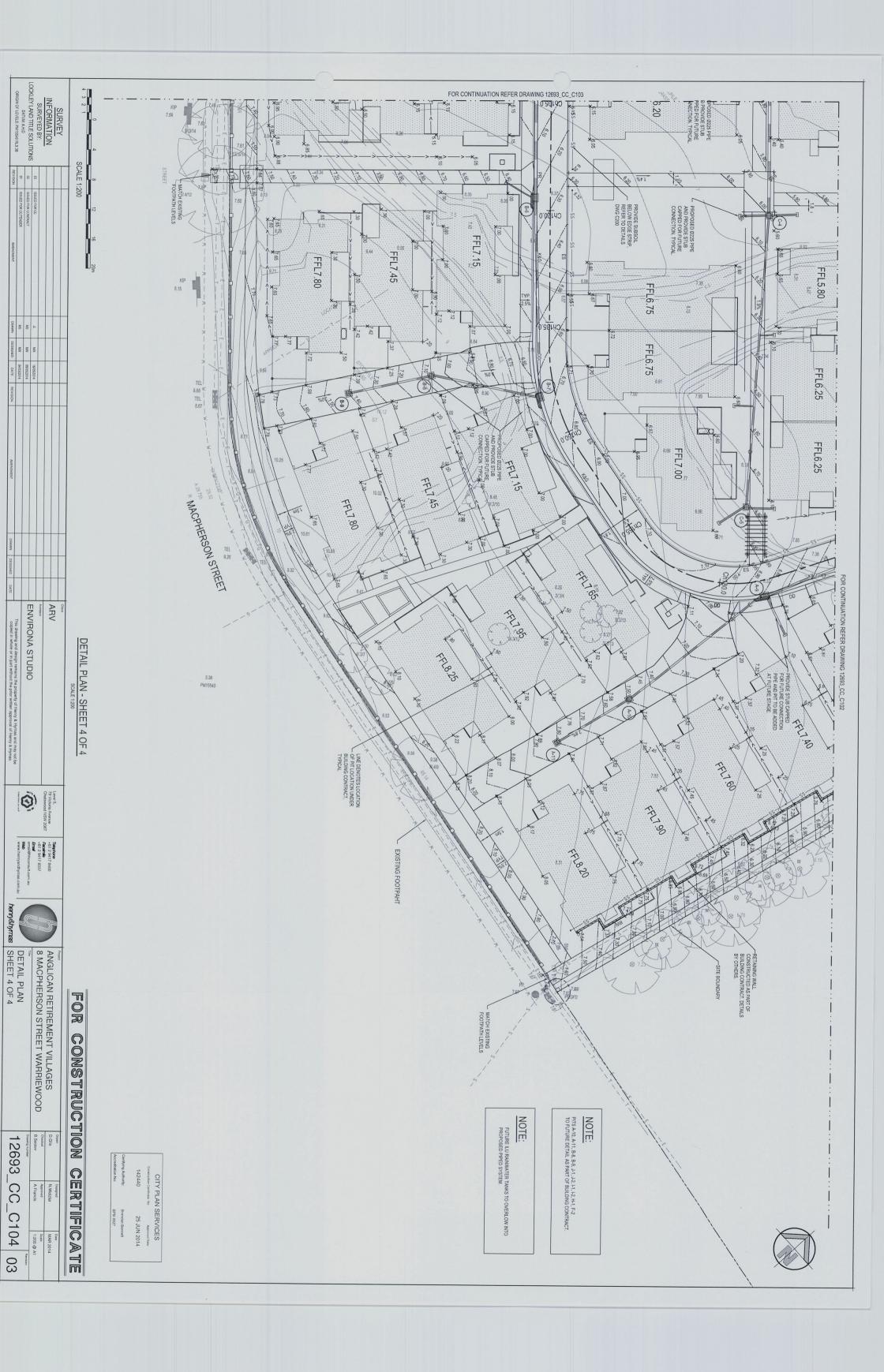
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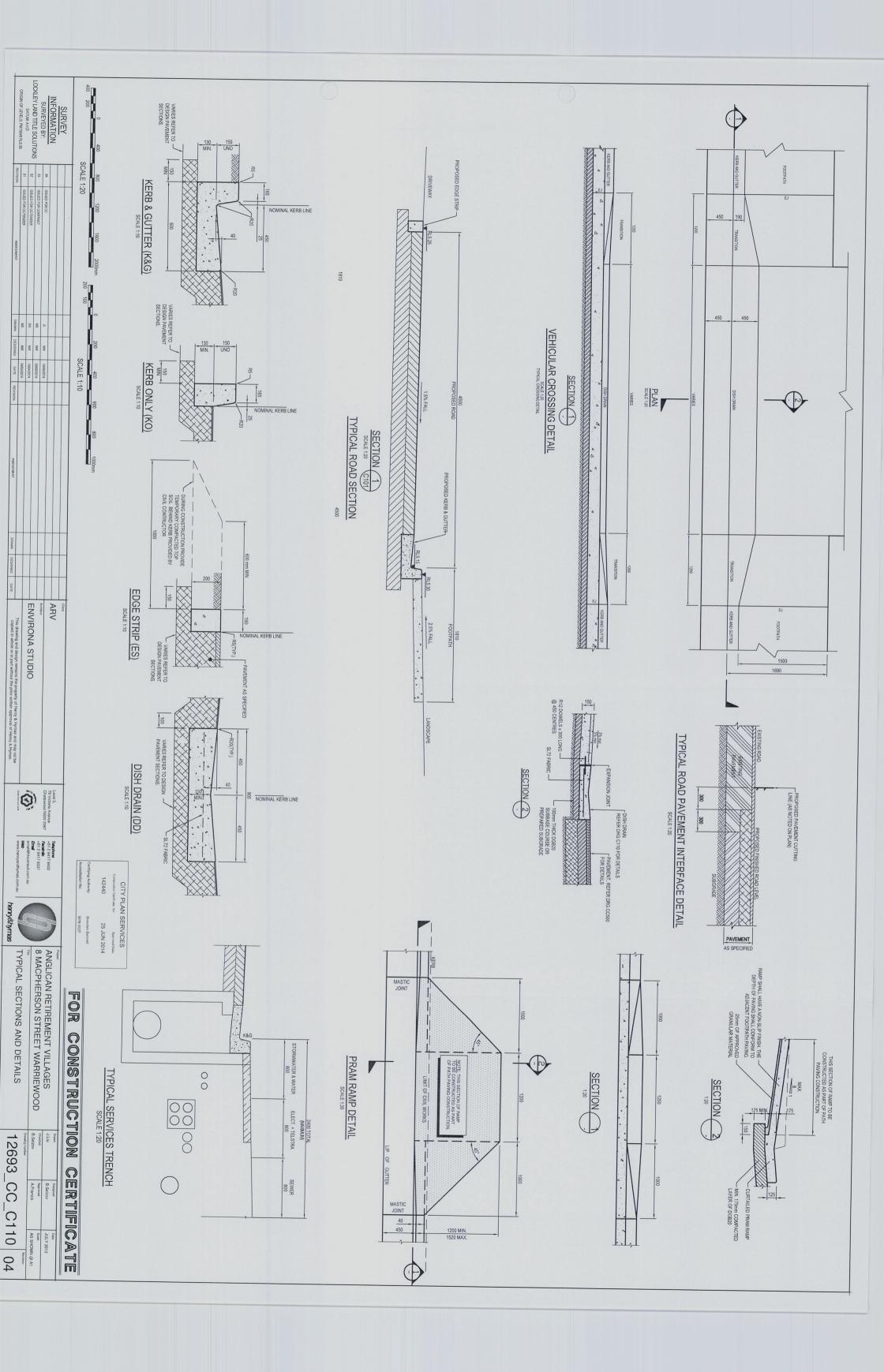


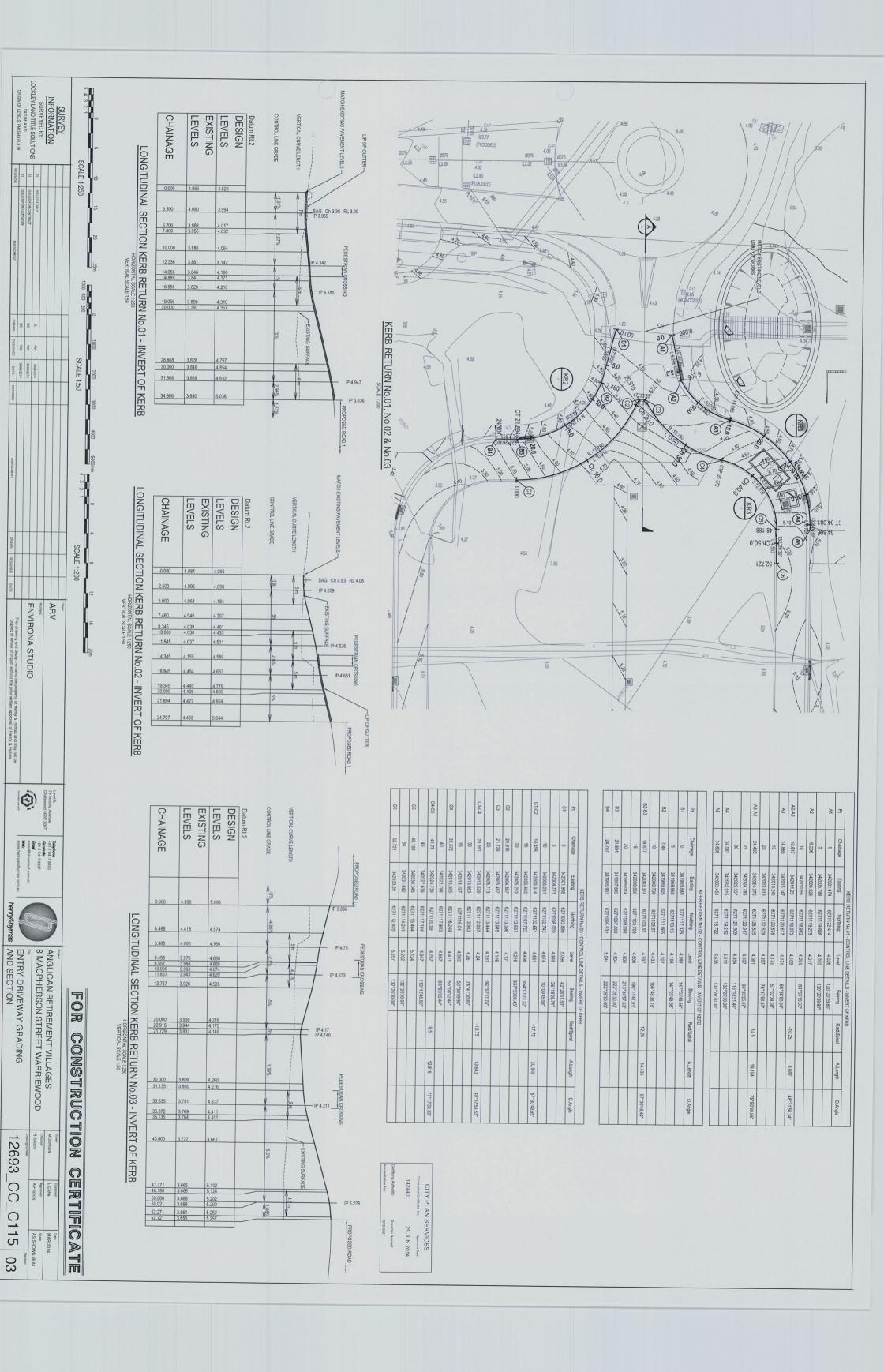


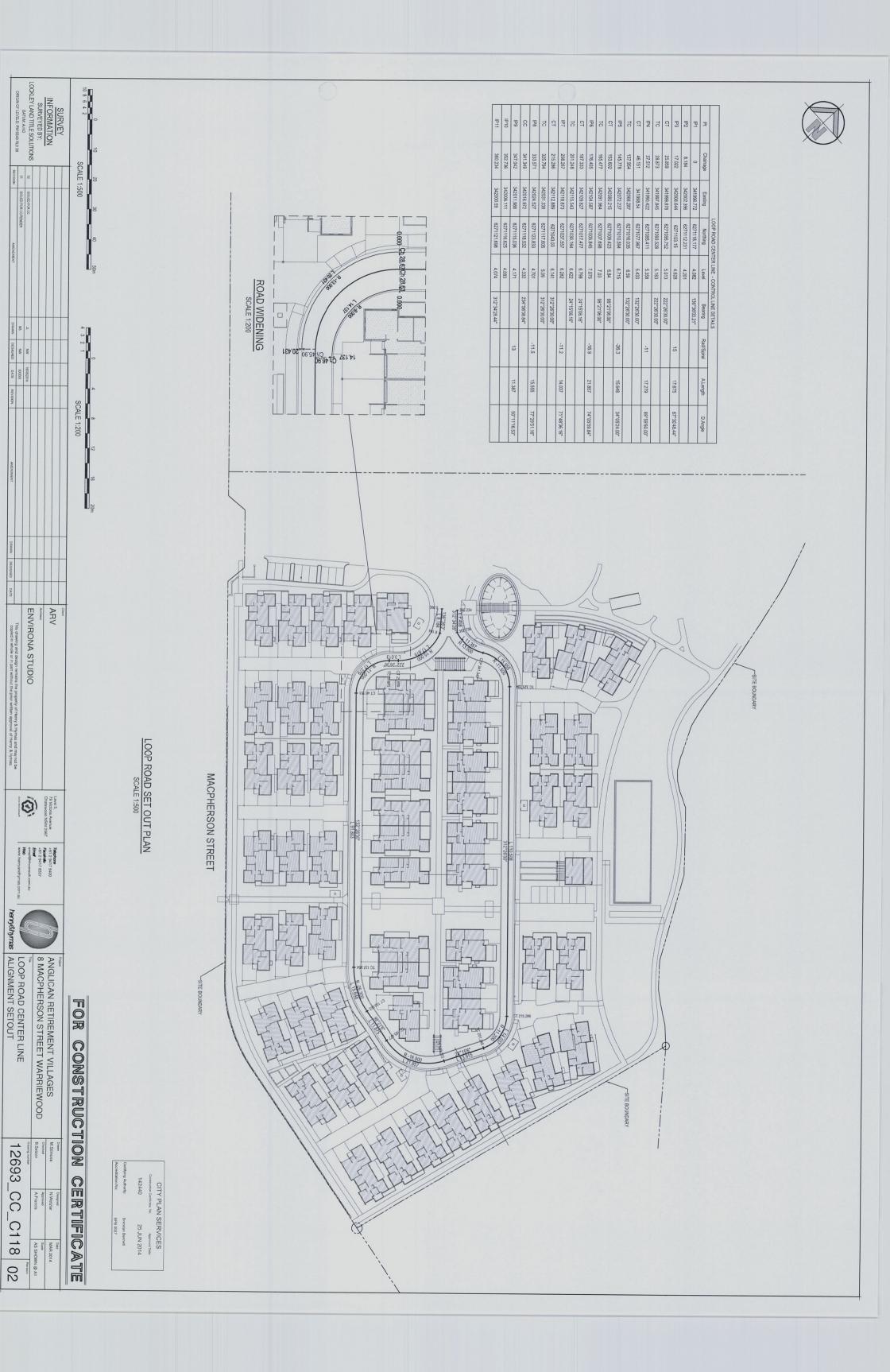




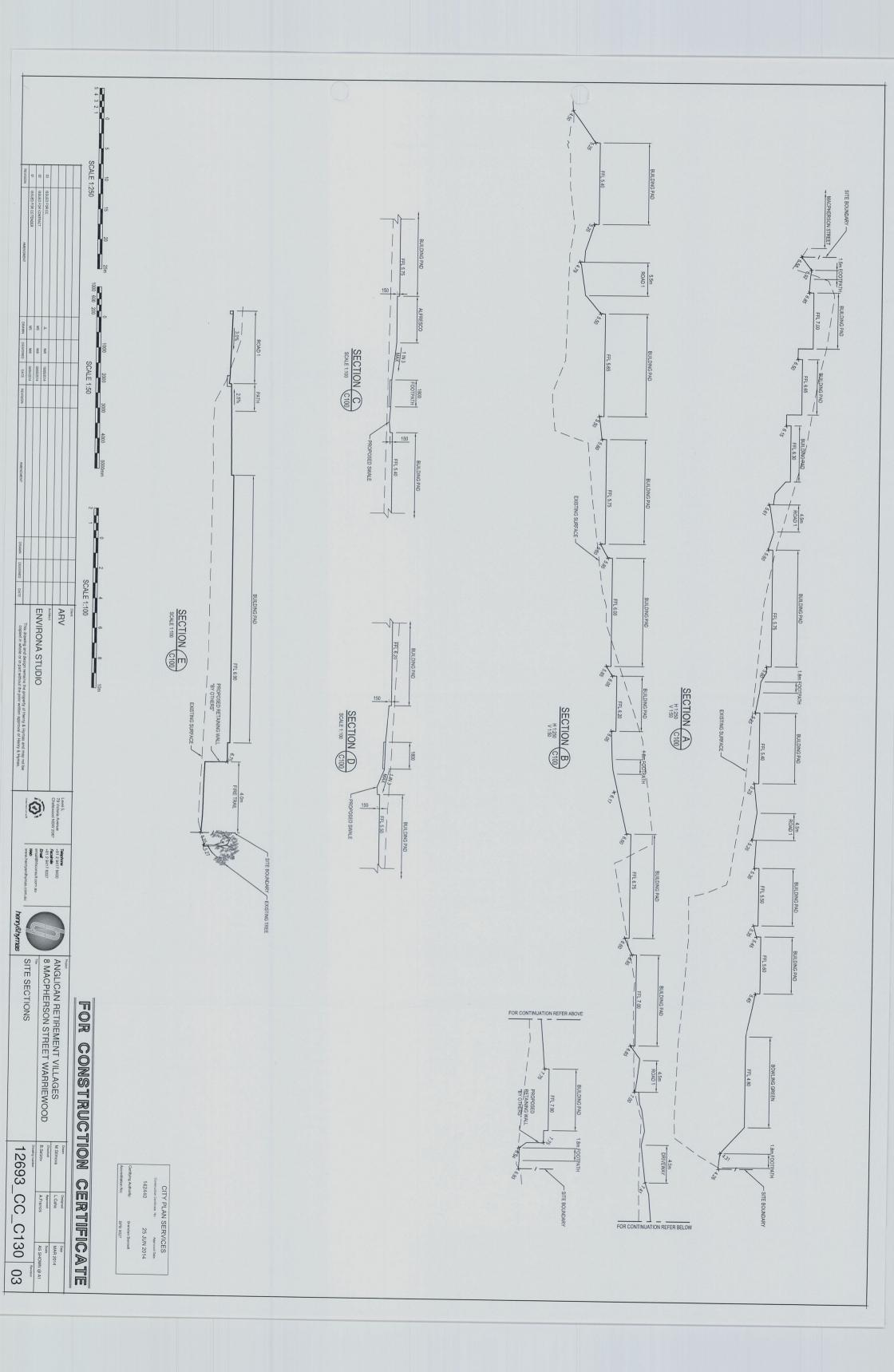




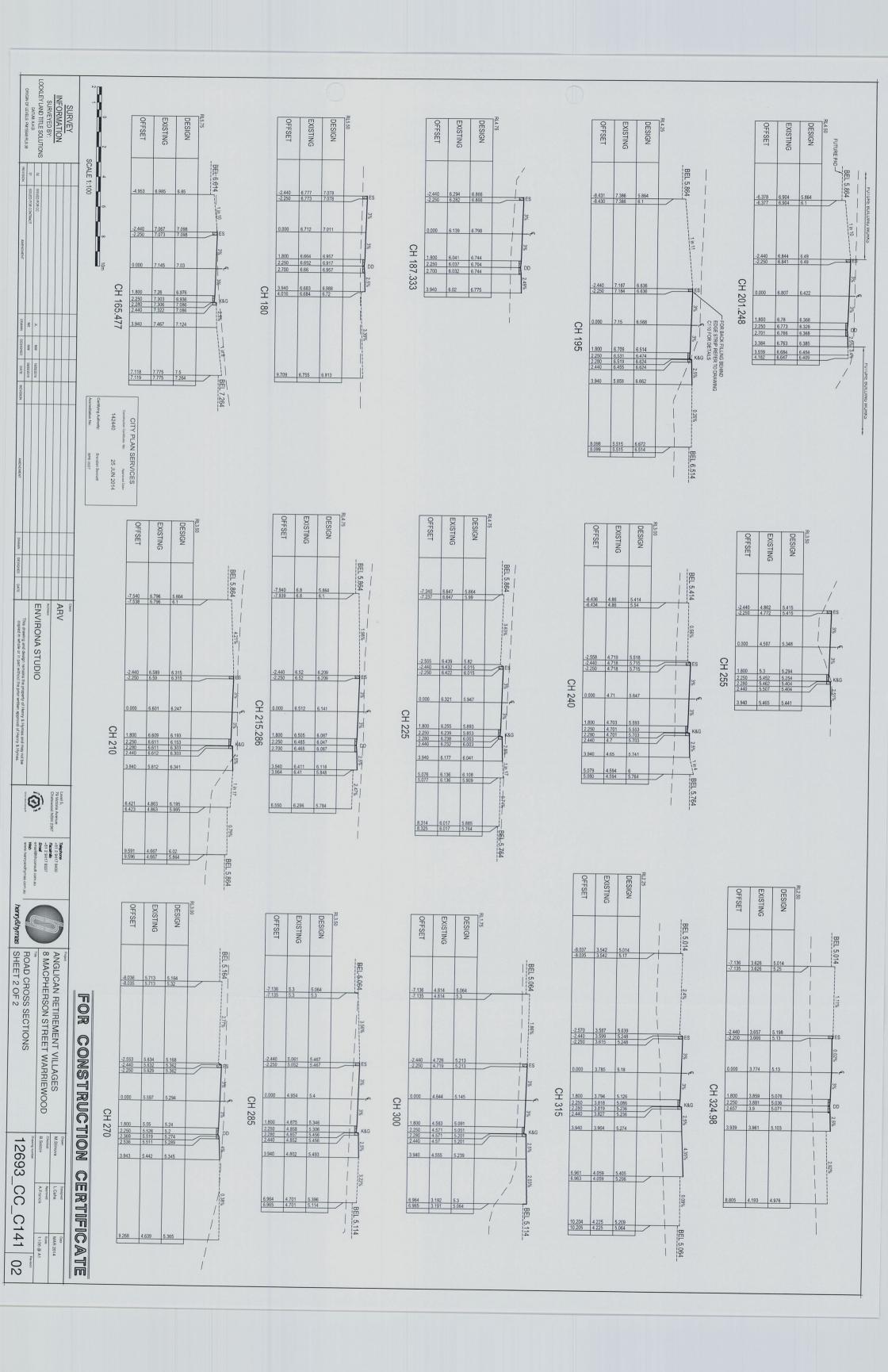


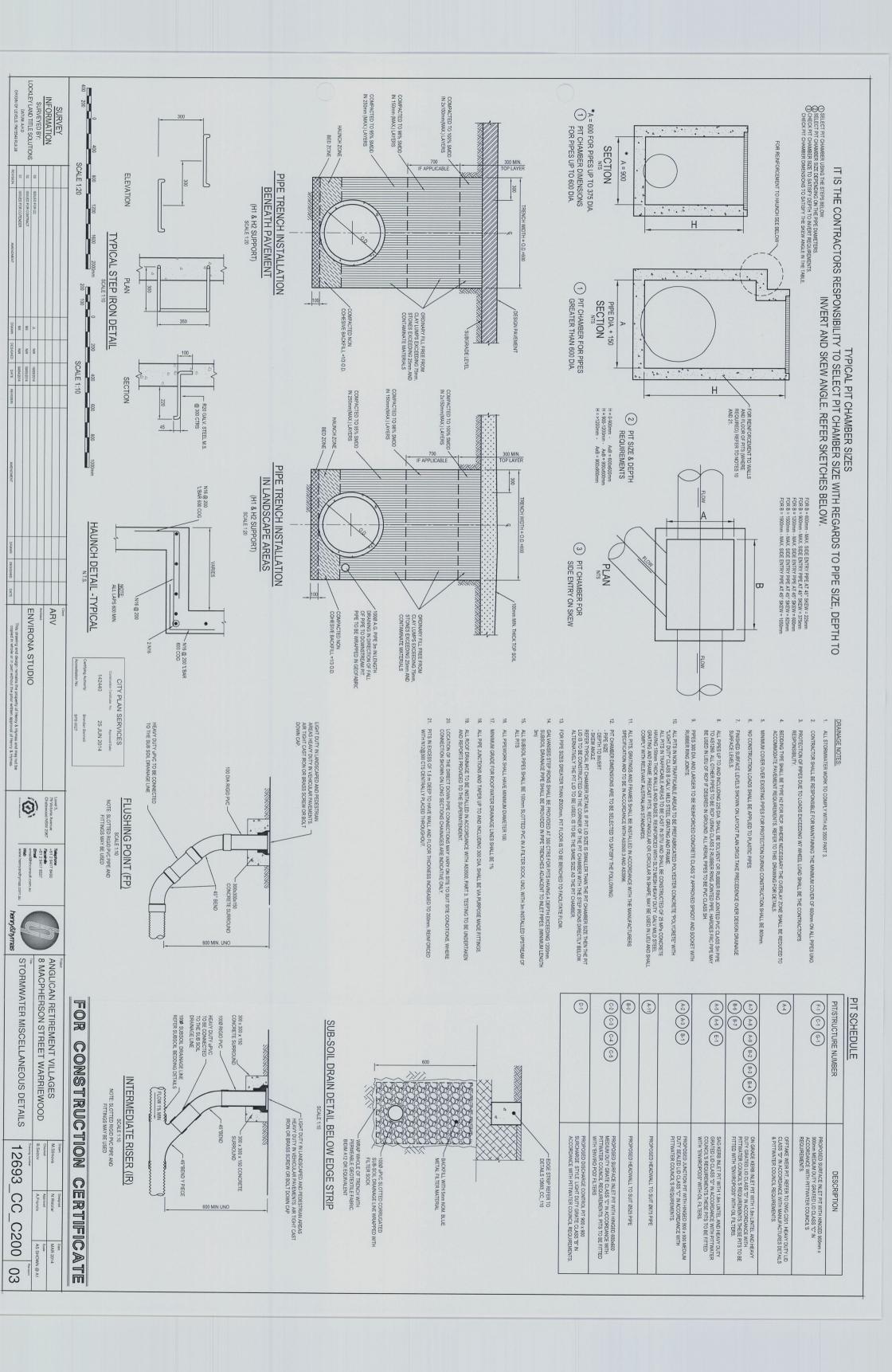


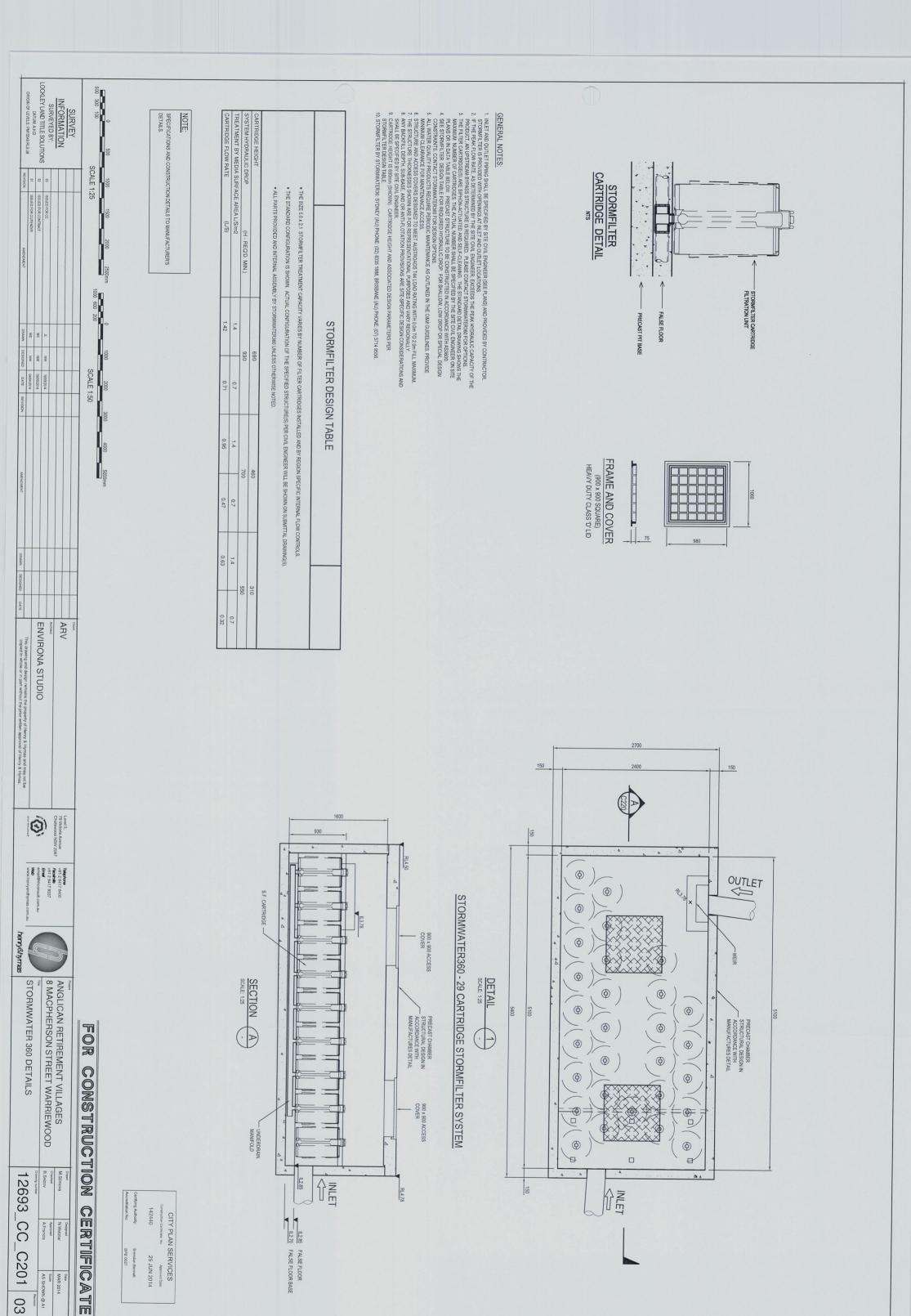












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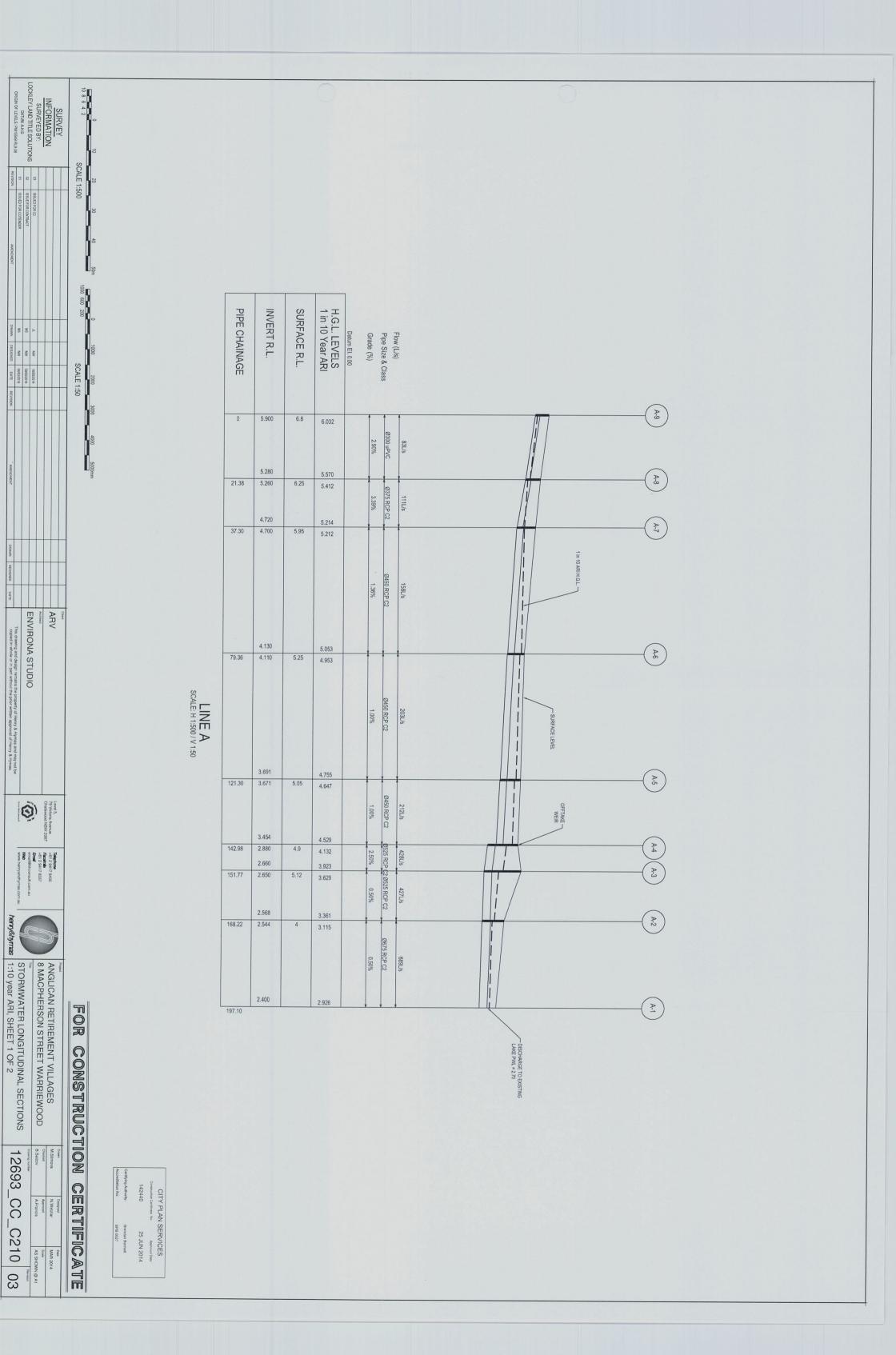
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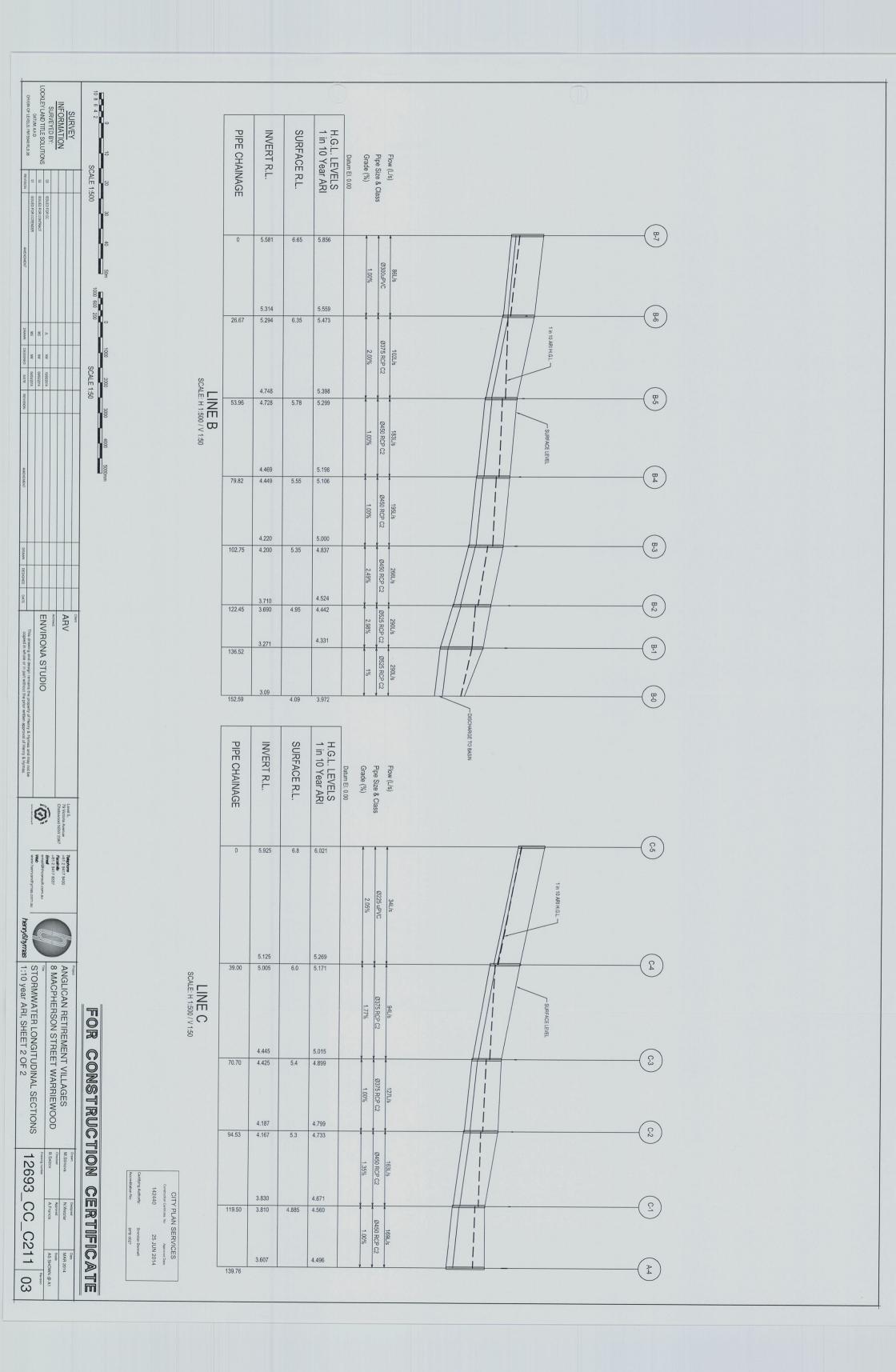
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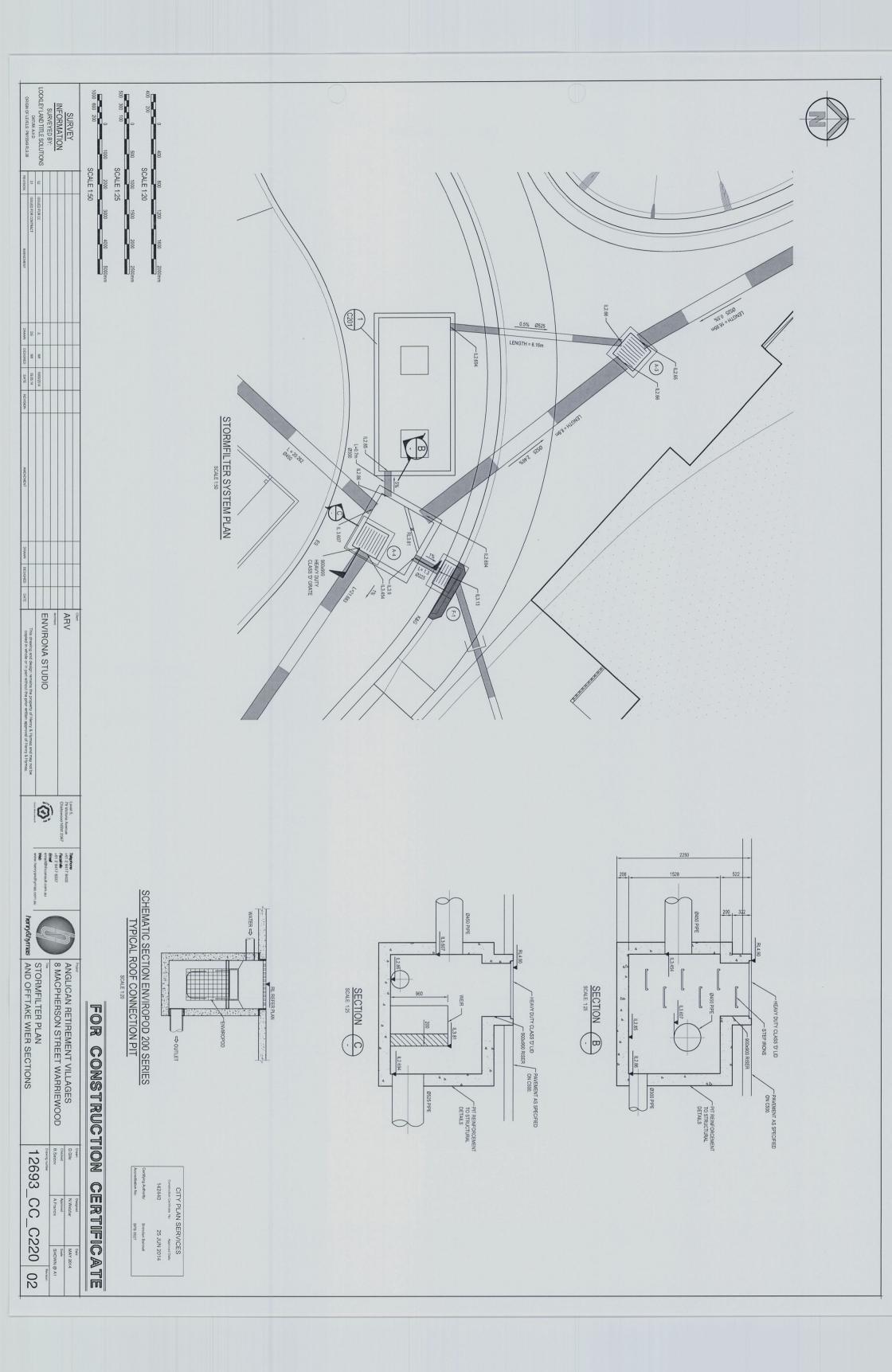
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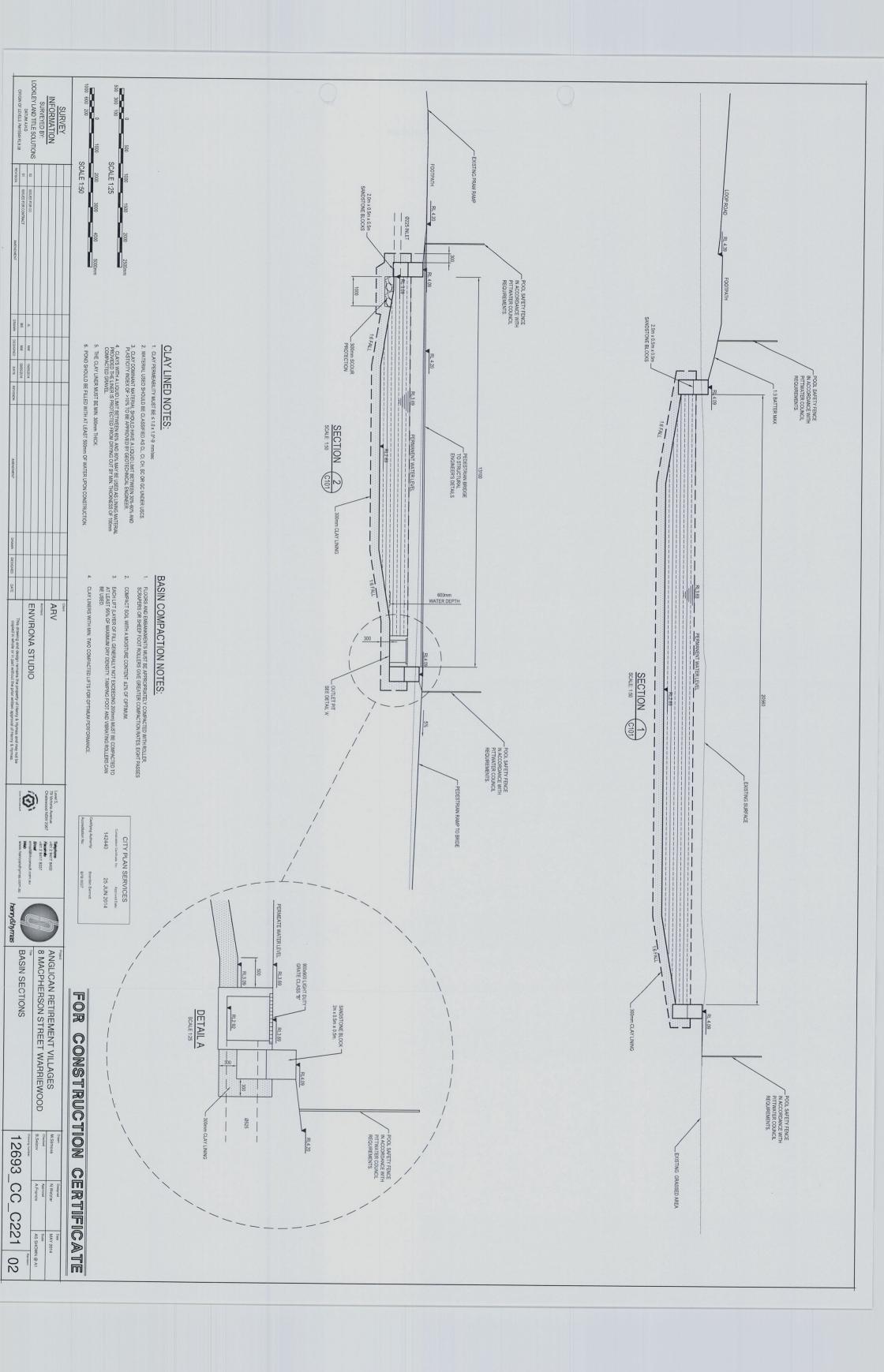
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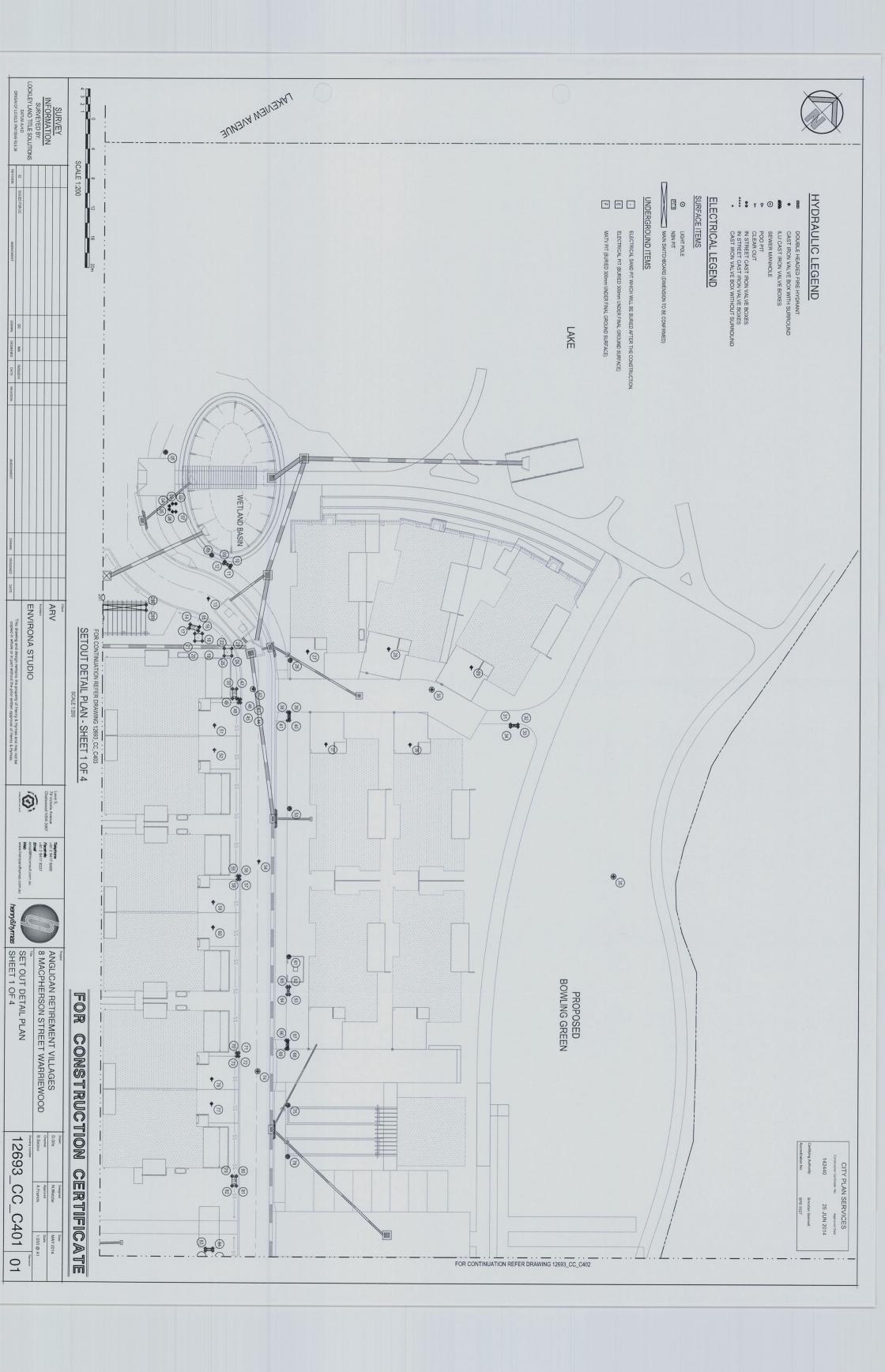
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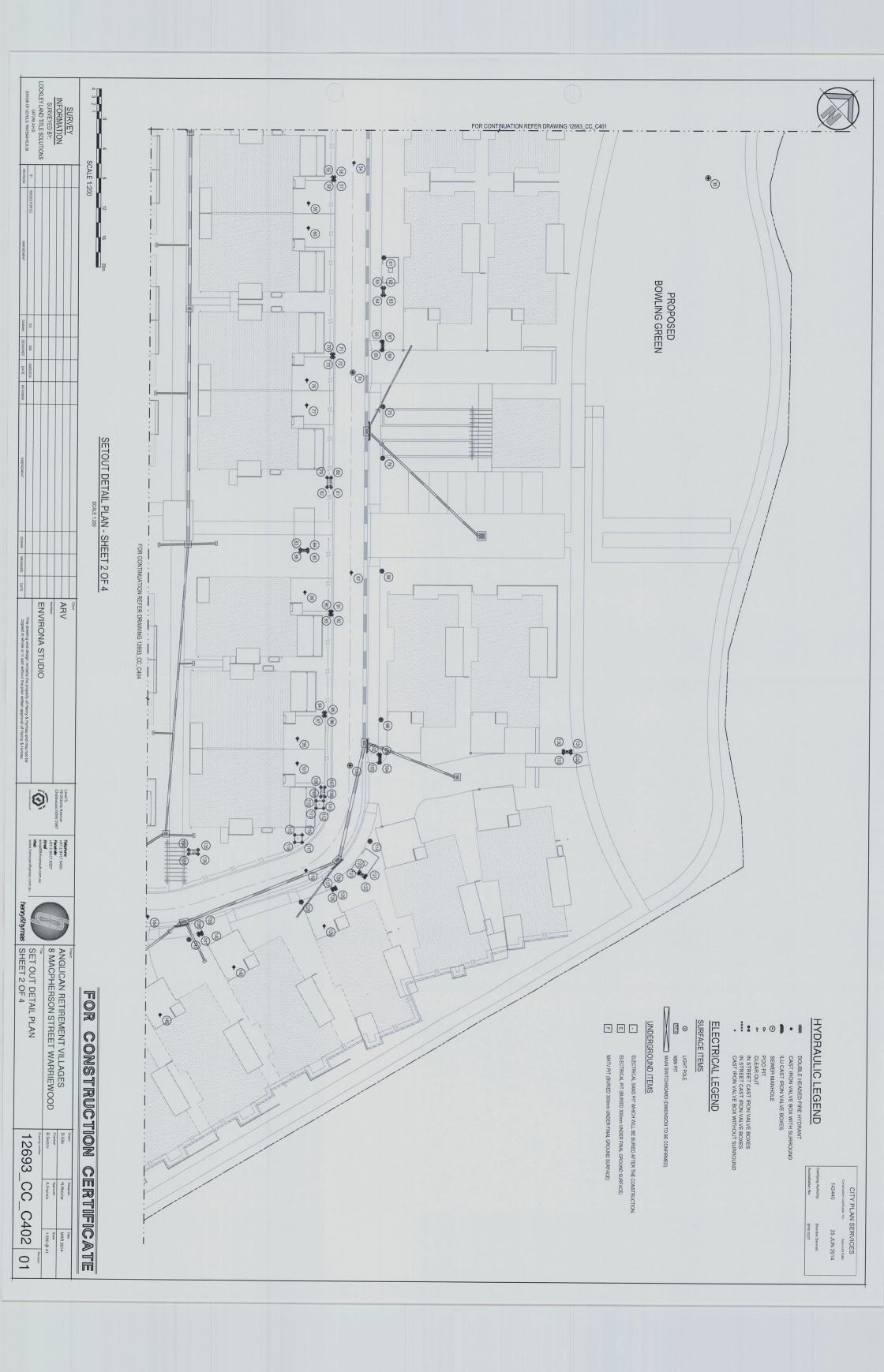


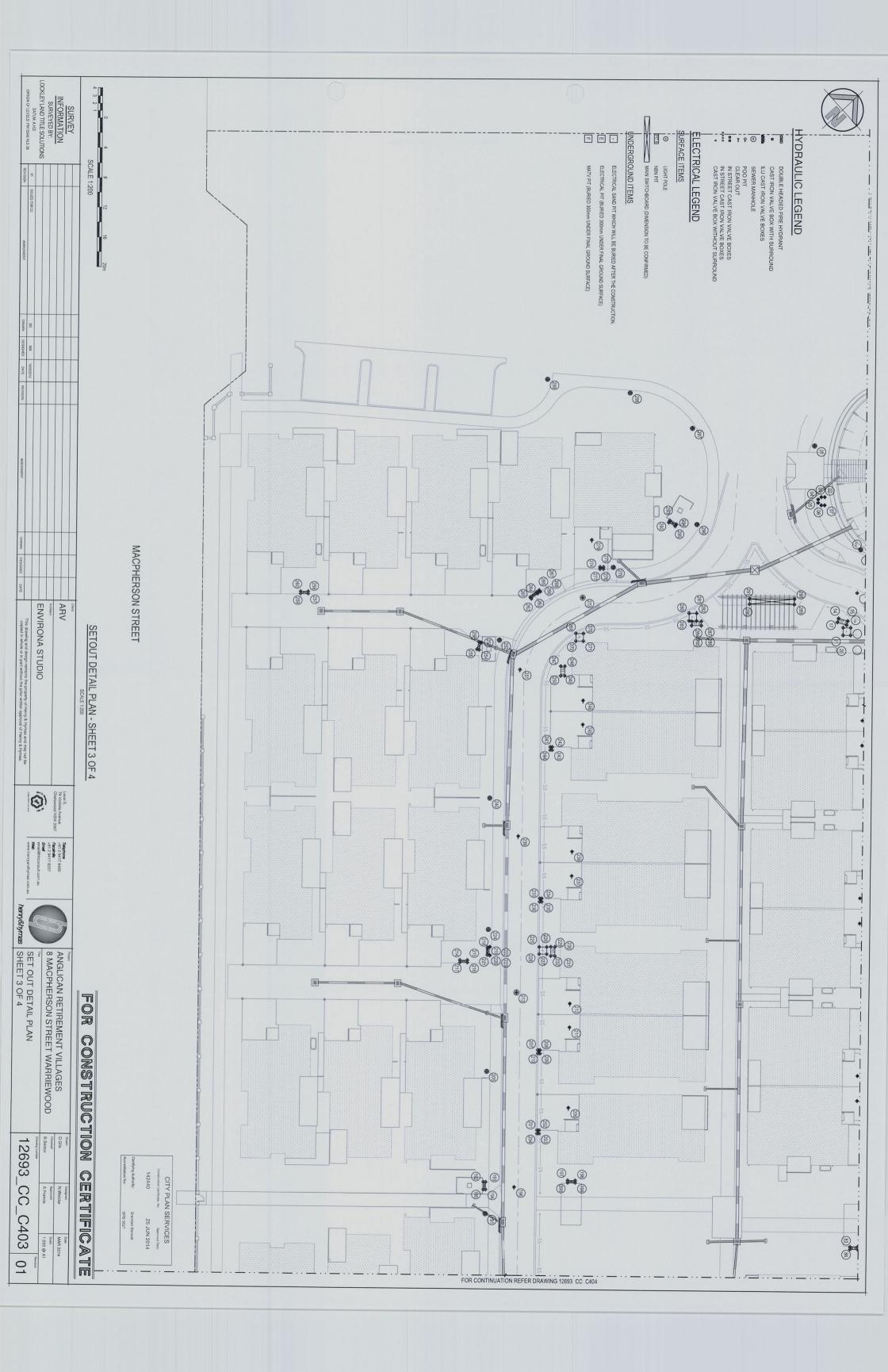




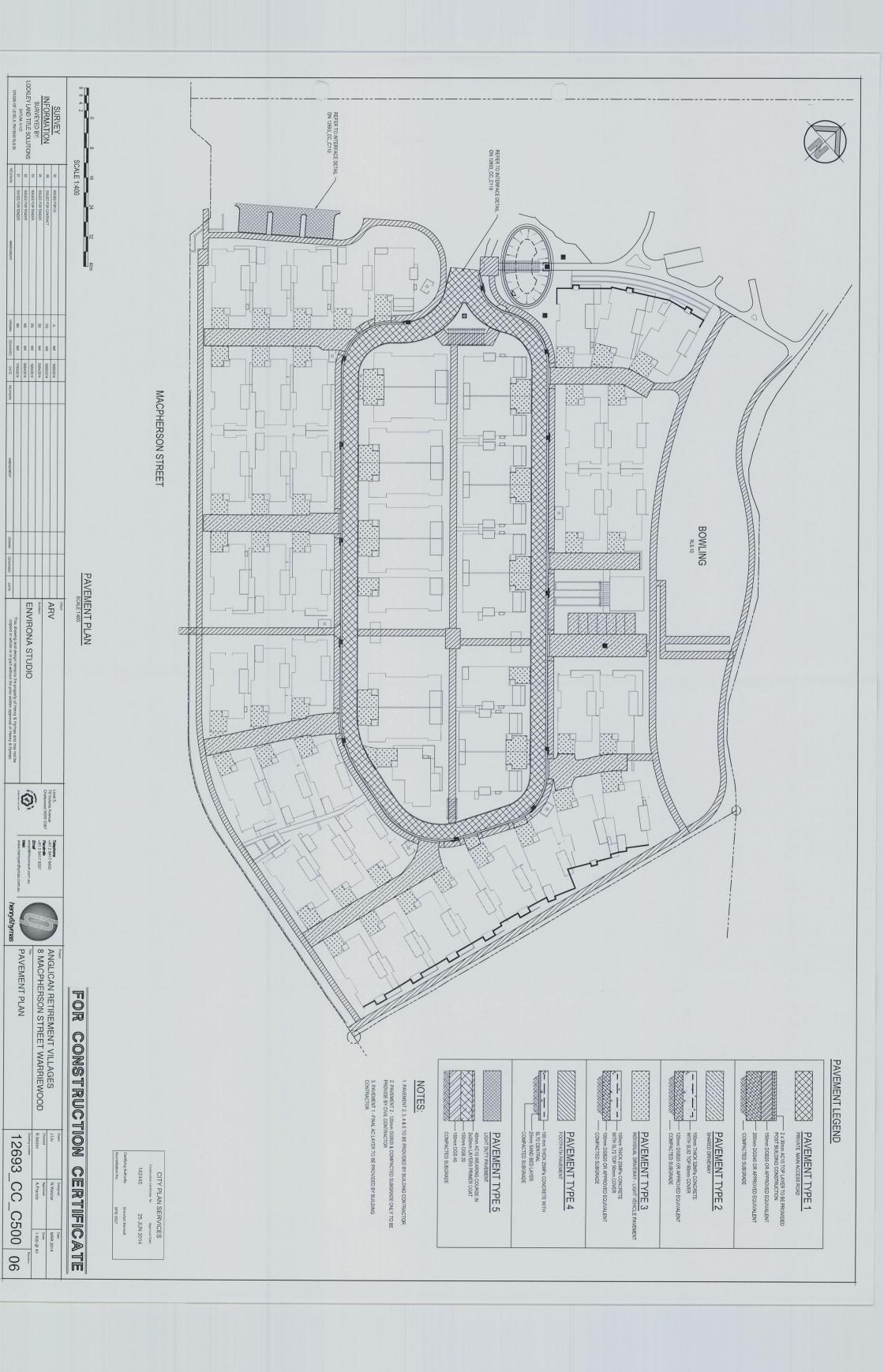




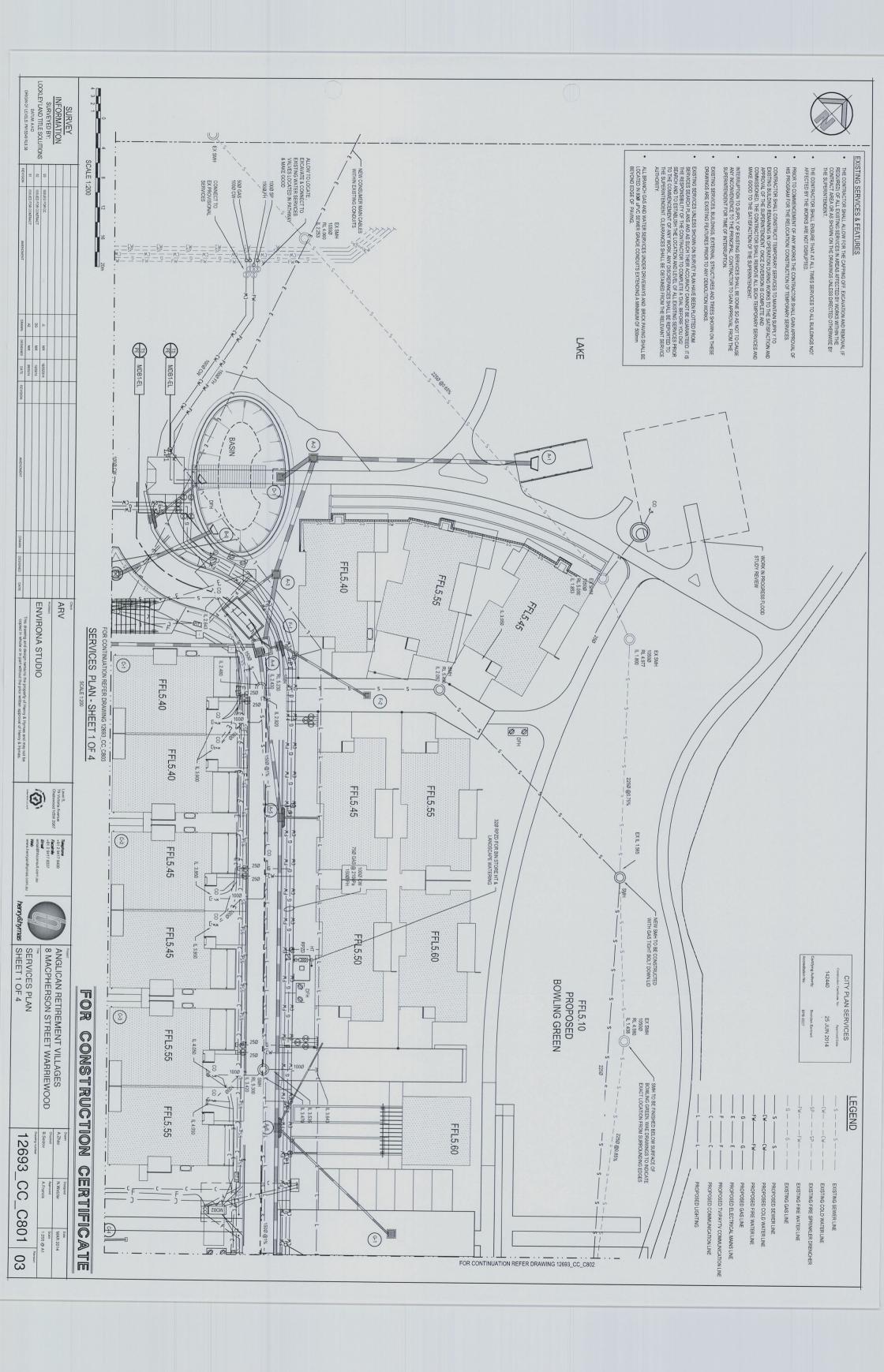


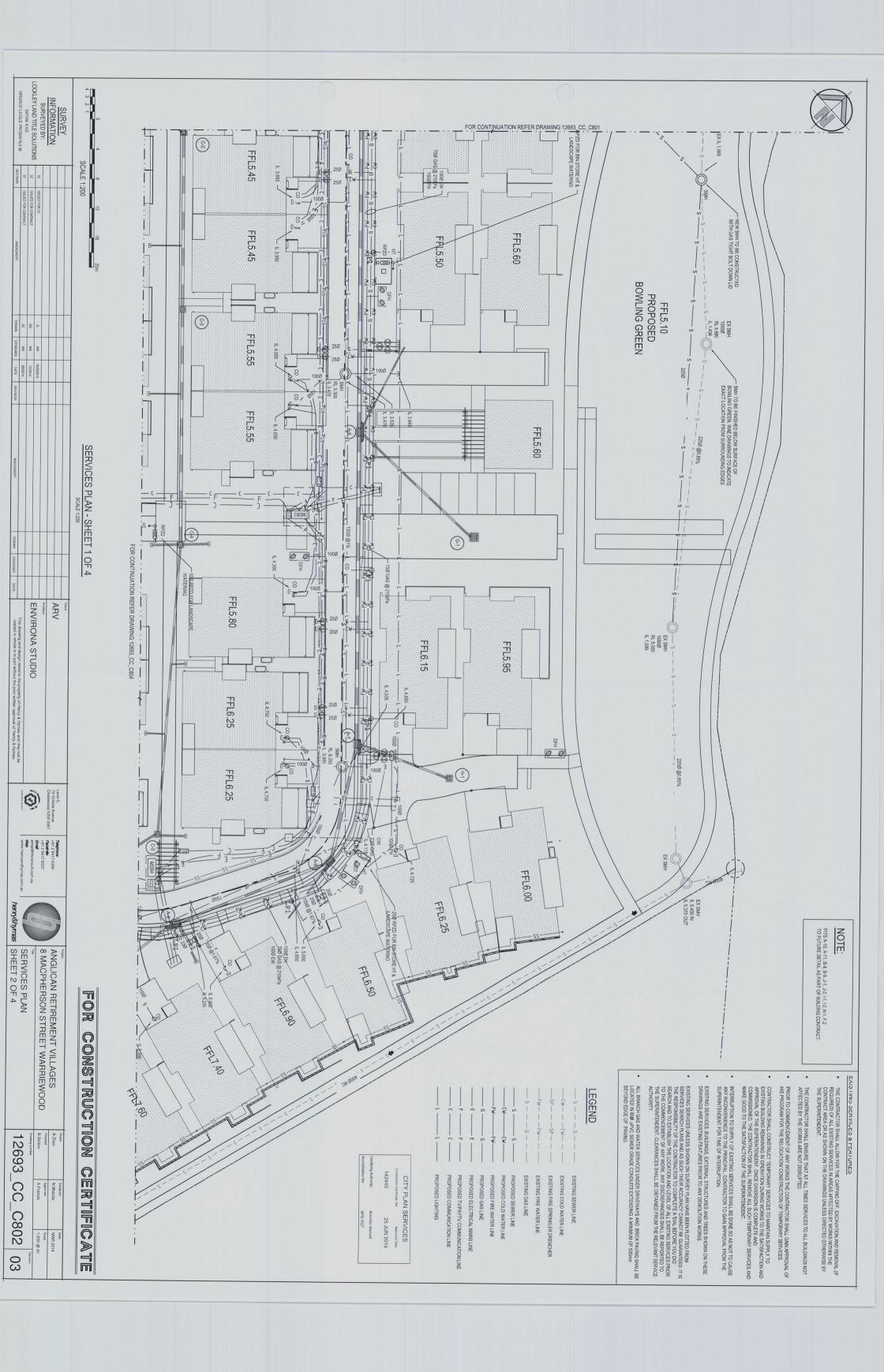


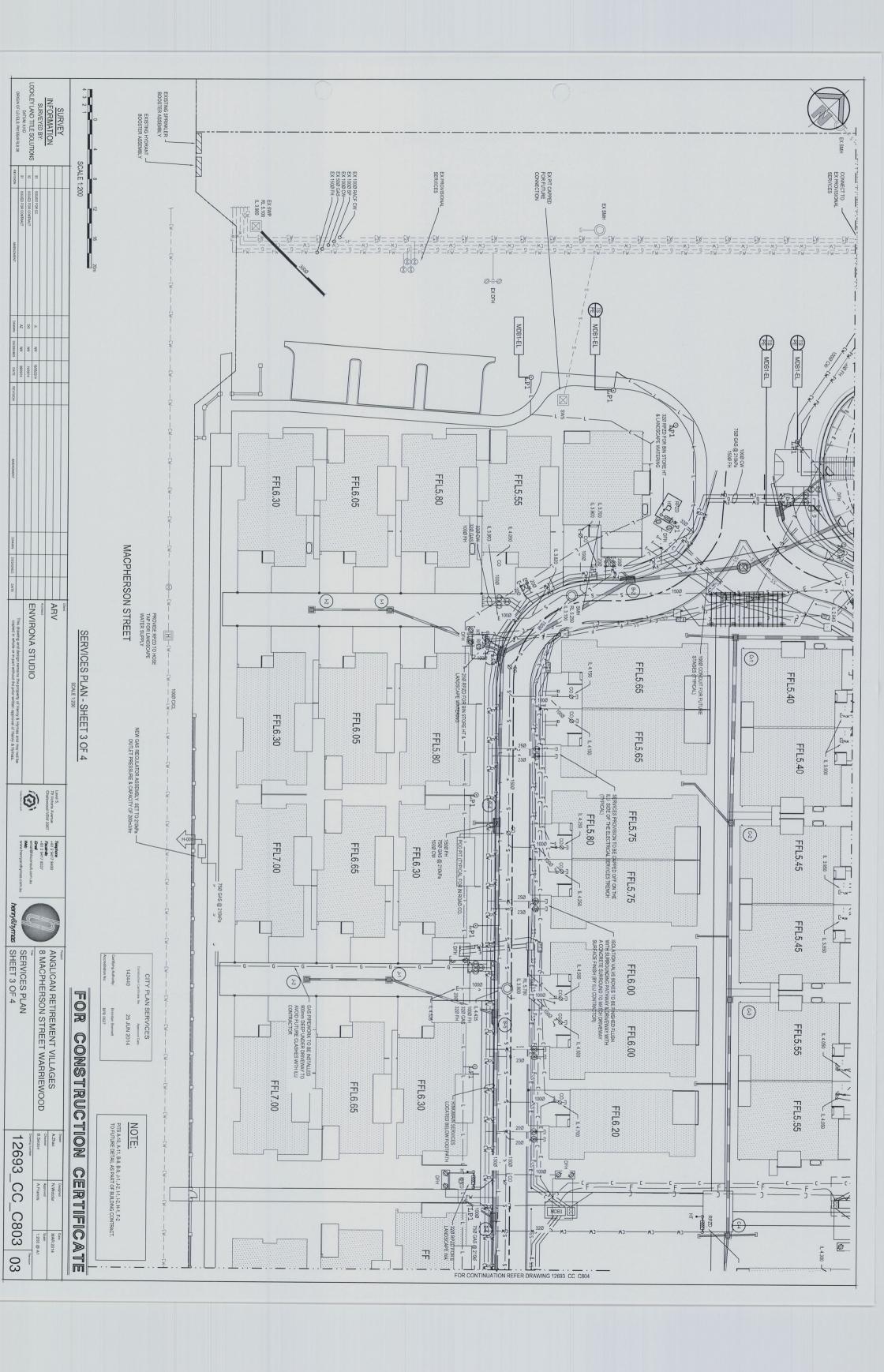


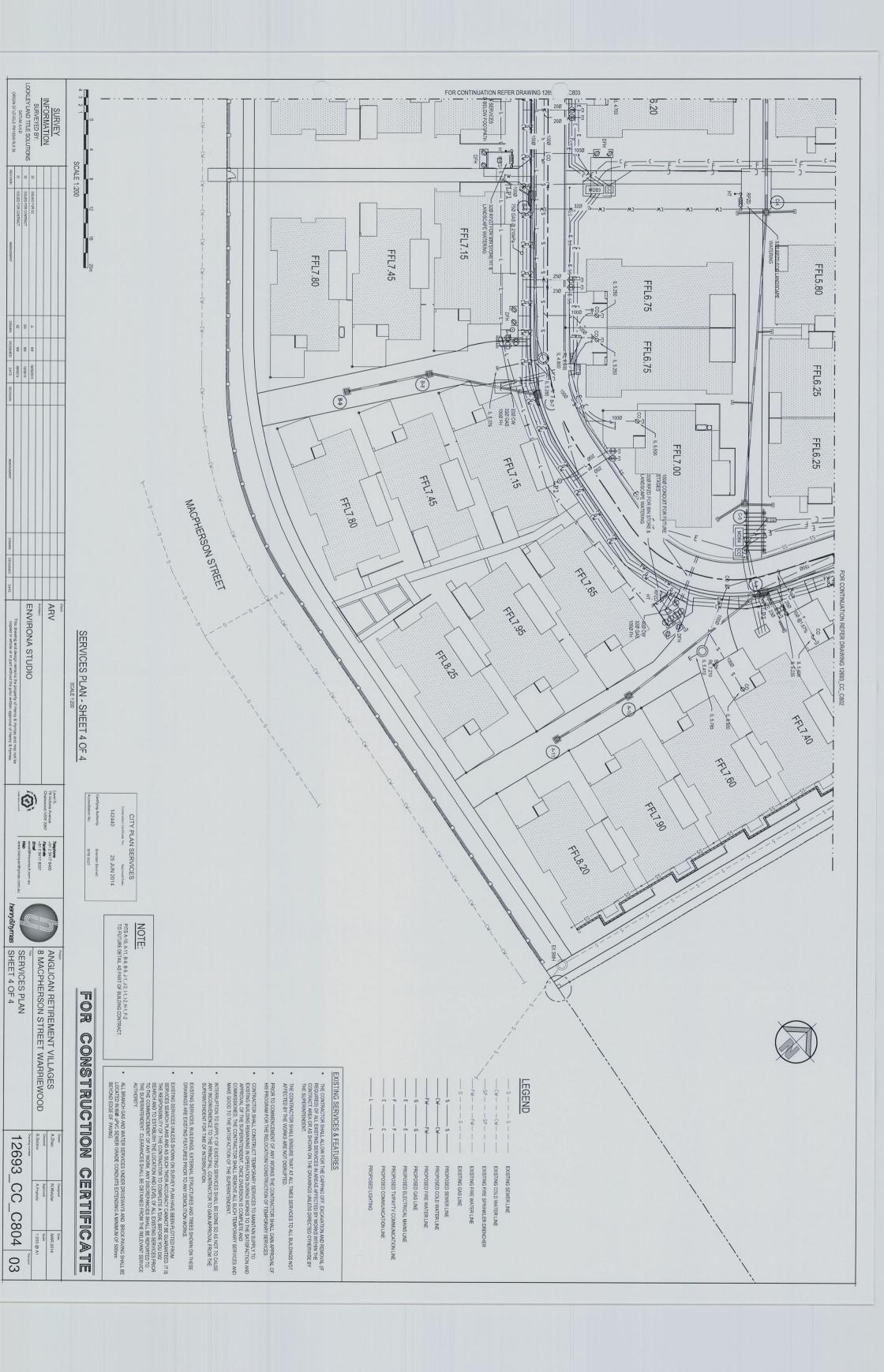












SAND PIT EXTERNAL LIGHTING LED POST TOP LUMINUIRE ON 4 METER POLE INTERNATIONAL LIGHTING KIM EPACS 120 LED WITH **WARRIEWOOD BROOK STAGE 4,5 & 6** INFRASTRUCTURE DB-P CROIT DESOUNTOR P CROITE POWER P CROITE VOWER COGNIT THRI IP Storm AGOVE COMMUNICATIONS FOXTEL/MATV **ELECTRICAL SERVICES** COMMUNICATION PIT THE 5 TO NEW SPECIFICATION CLASS IS CONCRETED. COMMUNICATION PIT THE 8 TO NEW SPECIFICATION CLASS IS CONCRETED. MAIN ELECTRICAL UNDERGROUND CONDUIT RETIDUAL PAIR - DENOTES a.r Wome HOPIC MARTE CONDUITS CONDUIT TURN UP Scient ABOVE GROUND AND CARRY SINGLE LINE DIAGRAM SNO. THER MAD. CHOLES MAD. CHOLES METO. SOLITOR SMITO. INTERPRETATION CONTRACTOR CONTRAC GENERAL NOTES: DRAWING SCHEDULE



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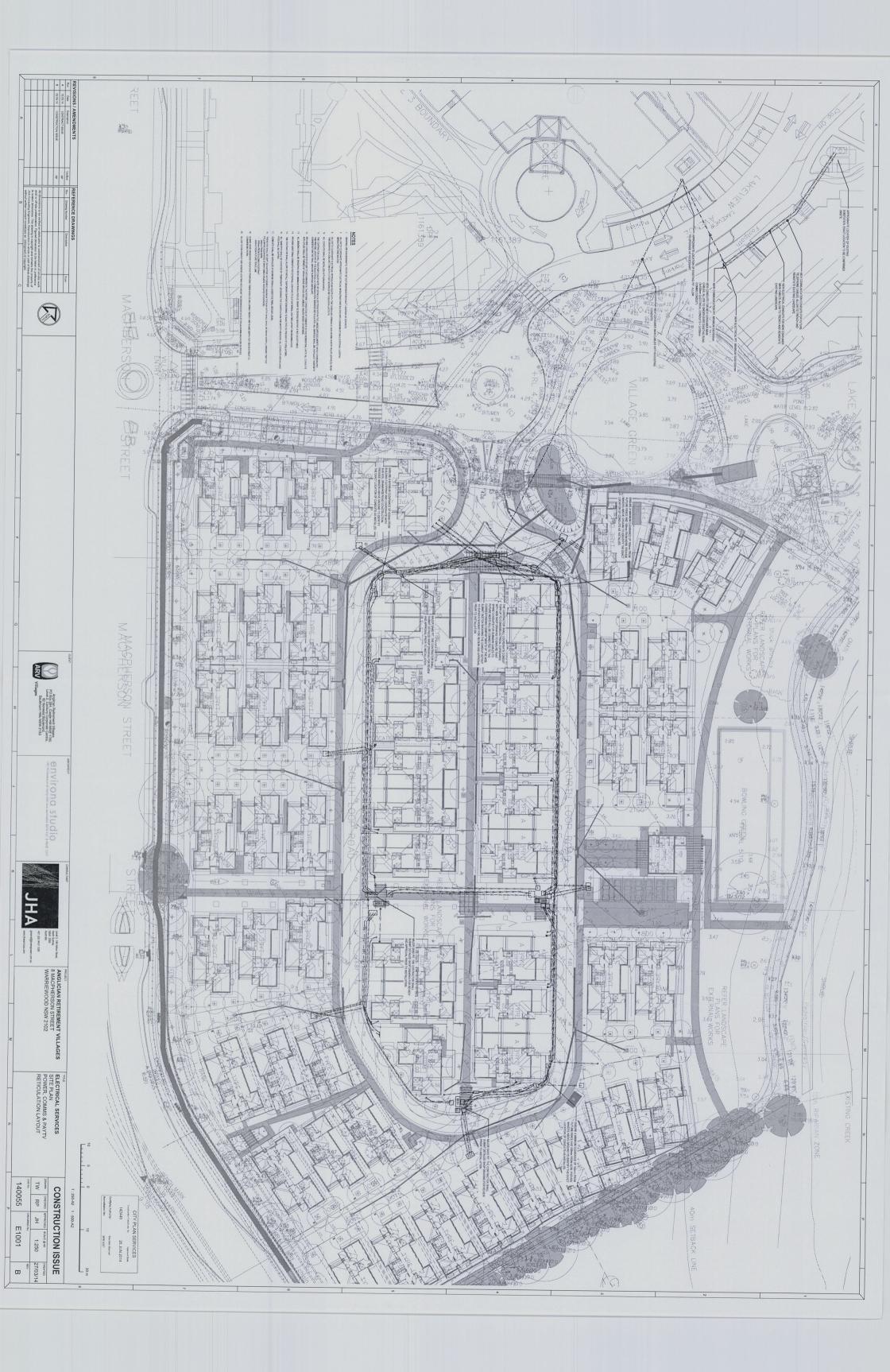


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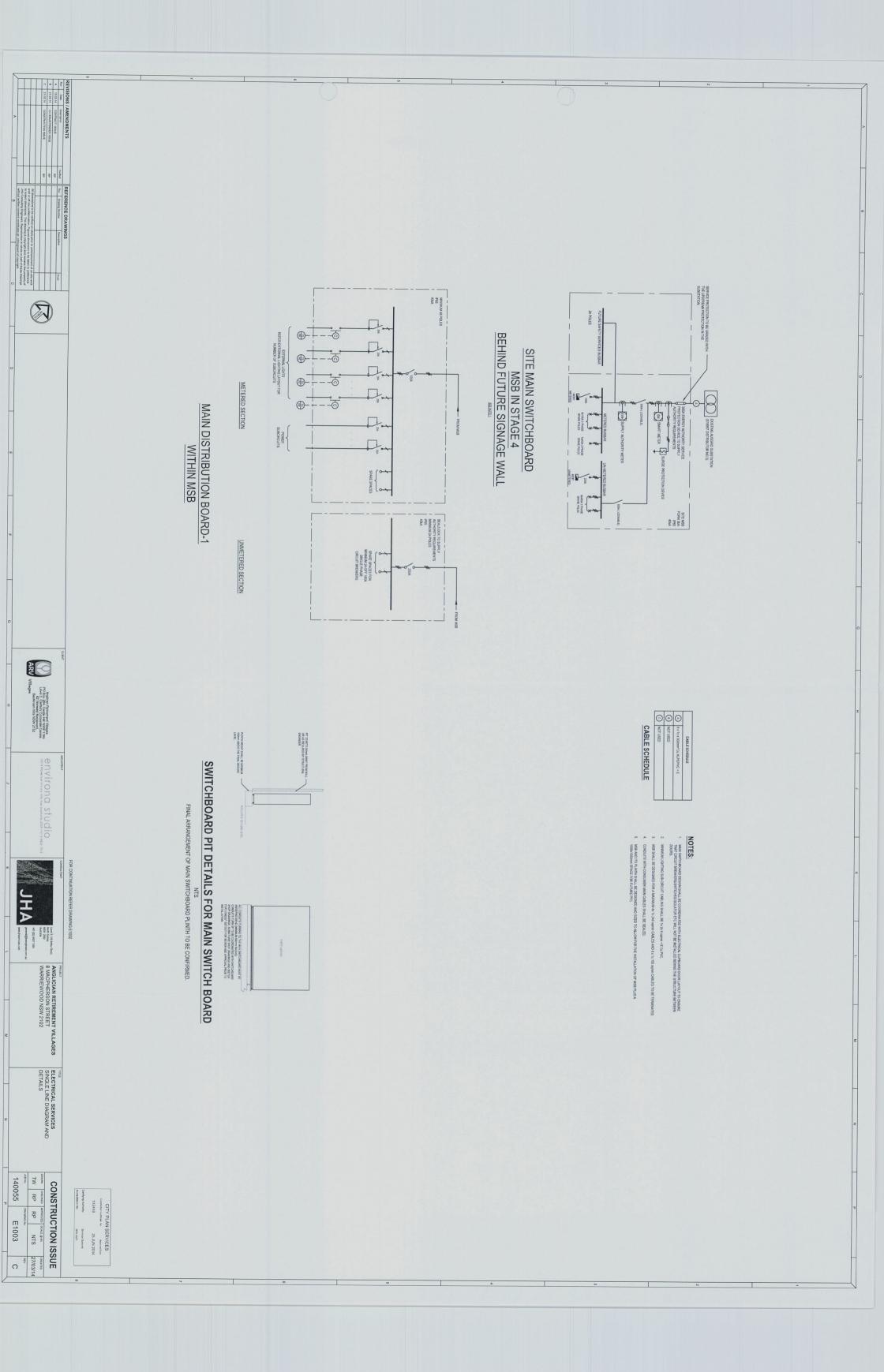
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LOCKLEY ENVIRONA ENVIRONA In-site work reference property of e drawings DESIGN ZONES NITHE STRAIG HYDRAULIC LEGEND 1 LOCALITY PLAN HYDRAULIC SERVICES - INFRASTRUCTURE 1 **₽** Anglican Flettrement Villages PO Box 284, Castle Hill NSW 1785 Level 2, Century Corporate Centre, 62 Norwest Boulevard, Baulikham Hills NSW 2153 FLUID FLOW AND MATERIAL ABBREVIATIONS AND ANALYSIS AND MATERIAL ABBREVIATIONS AND ANALYSIS ANAL VALVE ABBREVIATIONS 7 - GOZOVAK 8 - KIN - KORNINANA 80 - CONTROL | REPORT | RECORD RESIDE DID CONTROL 10 - CONTROL | REPORT | REPORT | 11 - CONTROL | REPORT | REPORT | 12 - CEPTRALE 13 - CEPTRALE 14 - CEPTRALE 15 - CEPTRALE 16 - CEPTRALE 17 - CEPTRALE 17 - CEPTRALE 18 - CEPTRALE 18 - CEPTRALE 19 - CEPTRALE 19 - CEPTRALE 10 - CEPTRALE 11 - CEPTRAL environa studio REFERENCES NA VERSEN SHIED THE MAY REPORT CHERT HAN REFERENCES THE ALL MONITORING OF REPORT SHE HAS THE MENT HE MENTION OF THE PROPERTY SHE HAS THE MENTION HE MAY BE READ THE PROPERTY SHE COMMENT HE THE THE MENTION HE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE METERS AND THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE MENTION OF THE THE MENTION OF TH G. ALL MORS TO MALLER TERMS A MORECTOS, OCHS REQUIRED PROPERTY OF TRANSPORT DATES. TO MACHINETISMAL SECTION, AND TEST RESTRUCTOS MORES FRANCOS ¥. NCEPT ONLY. IT IS THE SUB-CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO DEVELOP ED WITH ALL SERVICE DISCIPLINES, NEW AND EXISTING STRUCTURE AND THE PAYMENT OF ALL FEES AND CHARGES LEVED BY THE VARIOUS ONS AS REQUIRED TO FACULTATE THE CONSTRUCTION OF ALL HE COMPLETE DETAILED DESIGN, CALCULATIONS AND SUBMISSIONS, ES, CERTIFICATION AND APPROVALS, COMMISSIONING, TESTING & ANGLICIAN RETIREMENT VILLAGES 8 MACPHERSON STREET WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102 EA MINIMUM GRADE OF 1.80 DUTY WHERE SUBJECT TO VEHI HYDRAULIC SERVICES COVER SHEET, LEGEND OF SYMBOLS, DRAWING LIST, GENERAL NOTES & LOCALITY PLAN CONSTRUCTION ISSUE CITY PLAN SERVICES COMMUNICATION OF THE WAY OF THE WAY

WARRIEWOOD BROOK STAGE 4, ANGLICIAN RETIREMENT VILLAGE 5 & 6



