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PO Box 363 Balgowlah, NSW, 2093

Bush Fire Assessment Report

In relation to a proposed development at:

54 Morella Road, Whale Beach, NSW

This assessment has been prepared and	11
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BPAD certified practitioner	
FPAA Accreditation No: BPAD31642	
Report No: 54Mor-01 Date: 23/09/2020	
Architectural plans provided by:	Blue Sky Building Designs
	Project No: 2020028
	Dated: 28/08/2020

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Executive Summary

The purpose of the report is to determine the category of bushfire attack and subsequent construction standard for the proposed new lift addition to the existing dwelling at No 54 Morella Road, Whale Beach, NSW.

The site had been identified as 'bush fire prone land' for the purpose of Section 146 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and the Legislative requirements for building on bush fire prone lands are applicable.

The proposed development is in infill development as defined within Chapter 7 of *Planning for* Bushfire *Protection 2019* and this report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Section 4.14 of the Environment Planning and Assessment Act.

This assessment includes an analysis of the hazard, threat and subsequent risk of the development proposal and provides recommendations that satisfy the Objective and Performance requirements of the Building Code of Australia, Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019 [PBP] and Australian Standard AS3959, 2018.

Following a site assessment, it was determined the distance of the development from the closest hazard would keep the Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) to BAL-29, in accordance with the methodology described in PBP. The development also meets performance criteria as set out in chapter 7 of PBP in relation to APZ's, siting and design, construction standards, access and egress requirements, water and utility services and landscaping.

1. Description of the subject property

Property address: Lot 196 DP 15376, No 54 Morella Road, Whale Beach.

Local Government Area: Northern Beaches

The development site is a residential block on the western side of Morella Road. The following sections 4-8 describe in detail the vegetation, slope, access and egress, availability of water supplies and environmental considerations for the site.

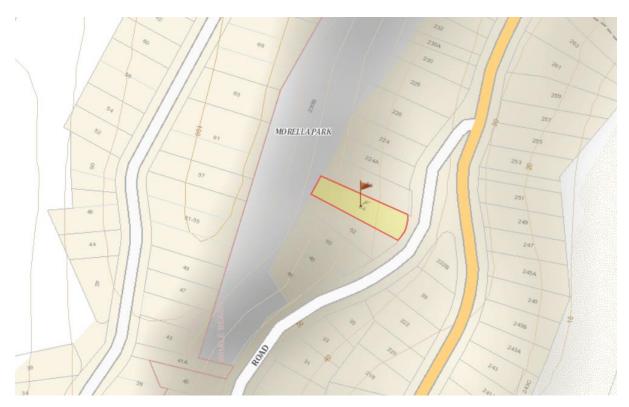


Figure 1: Location of the subject site

2. Development Proposal and Building Classification

The development proposal is for the construction of a new lift attached to the existing dwelling.

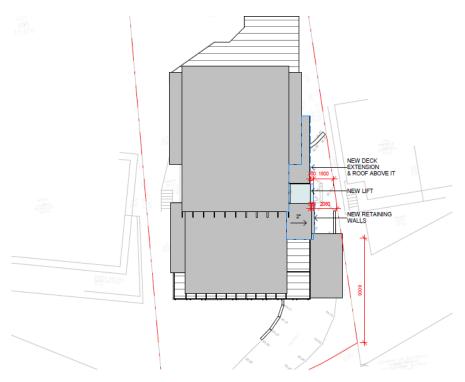


Figure 2: Site plan.



Figure 3: Bushfire prone land map showing the location of the subject site.

3. Classification of the Vegetation on and surrounding the site

The site is located within an existing subdivision. For the purpose of assessing the bushfire hazard to the new addition, there is an area of vegetation to the west, which is of significance.



Figure 4: Aerial photo showing the location of the new dwelling and distance to surrounding vegetation.

<u>North</u>: Properties to the north of the site are developed and maintained and there is no threat of bushfire attack from this direction for more than 100m.

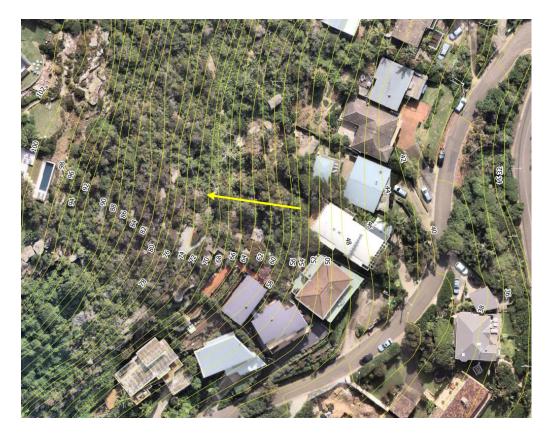
East: Properties to the east of the site are developed and maintained and there is no threat of bushfire attack from this direction for more than 100m.

<u>South</u>: Properties to the south of the site are developed and maintained and there is no threat of bushfire attack from this direction for more than 100m.

<u>West</u>: 15.10m to the west of the new addition there is an area of vegetation that is considered a threat for bushfire attack. With reference to PBP and the bushfire prone land map for the area the classification of vegetation for this hazard Category 1, Tall Heath.

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Direction	Hazard type	Effective Slope	
North	No hazard >100m	N/A	
East	No hazard >100m	N/A	
South	No hazard >100m	N/A	
West	Tall Heath	Upslope	

4. Assessment of effective slope



Legend:

Direction of effective slope

Figure 5: Contour map.

5. Access and Egress

The site has direct access to Morella Road, which is a public road, access and egress for emergency vehicles appears adequate.

6. Adequacy of water supply

The area has reticulated water supply and hydrants are spaced at a regular distance along Morella Road.

7. Features that may mitigate the impact of a high intensity bushfire

There are no significant features on or adjoining the site that may mitigate the impact of a high intensity bushfire on the proposed development.

8. Environmental impact of any proposed bushfire protection

measures.

The scope of this report has not been to provide an environmental assessment. However, the bushfire protection measures that are proposed will have no adverse environmental effects. All protection measures are either within the boundaries of the allotment or part of the constructed building.

9. Bushfire Risk Assessment

Table 1; reference Appendix B AS 3959-2018; Detailed Method 2

Determination of the category of bushfire attack for the site, and subsequent required building standards.

Direction	Distance to classified	Vegetation Classification	Assessment of effective slope	FDI	Bushfire Attack Level
	vegetation				
North	>100m	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
East	>100m	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
South	>100m	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
West	15.10m	Tall Heath	Upslope	100	BAL-29

<u>Summary</u>: Based upon the relevant provisions of PBP the anticipated maximum radiant heat attack for the new additions is <29kW/m2 and the subsequent minimum construction standard is BAL-29 AS 3959- 2018.

10. The extent to which the construction conforms or deviates from Chapter 7 of 'Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019'

Performance Criteria	How this development meets acceptable solutions
The intent may be achieved where:	
In relation to APZ's: -Defendable space is provided onsite. -An APZ is provided and maintained for the life of the building.	Defendable space is provided on all sides of the building. Asset protection zones are provided for on site and by adjoining development and public roads.
In relation to construction standards: It is demonstrated that the proposed building can withstand bushfire attack in the form of wind, smoke, embers, radiant heat and flame contact.	Construction standards have been recommended in accordance with the requirements of <i>Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019</i> and <i>AS 3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bushfire prone areas</i> .
In relation to access requirements: Safe operational access is provided [and maintained] for emergency service personnel in suppressing a bushfire while residents are seeking to relocate, in advance of a bushfire.	This site has direct access to public roads, and the access and egress for emergency vehicles and evacuation appears to be adequate.
In relation to water and utility services: -Adequate water is provided for fire fighting operations.	The area has reticulated water supply and the nearest street hydrant is within the minimum required distance from the most distant point of the subject site in accordance with the requirements of PBP and AS2419.1 2005.
In relation to landscaping: It is designed and managed to minimise flame contact and radiant heat to buildings, and the potential for wind driven embers to cause ignition.	The subject site, where not built on, is considered part of the Asset Protection Zone (APZ) for the dwelling. Appendix 4 of <i>Planning for</i> <i>Bushfire Protection 2019</i> outlines the requirements for landscaping and property maintenance.
In relation to emergency and evacuation planning	It is advised the residents should complete a <i>Bushfire Survival Plan</i> as formulated by the NSW Rural Fire Service and Fire and Rescue NSW.

11. Recommendations

The following recommendations are made for the bushfire protection measures for the proposed new lift addition to the existing dwelling at No 54 Morella Road, Whale Beach, NSW and are based upon the relevant provisions of the NSW RFS guideline entitled *Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019*.

1) <u>Construction</u> standard.	New construction shall comply with a minimum standard of section 3 [construction general] and section 7 (BAL-29), <i>AS3959-2018</i> and Chapter 7 of <i>Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019</i> .
2) <u>Asset Protection</u> <u>Zones</u>	All new landscaping should be designed in accordance with the Asset protection Zone principles of Appendix 4 of PBP 2019.
3) <u>Emergency Risk</u> <u>Management</u>	It is advised the residents should complete a <i>Bushfire Survival Plan</i> as formulated by the NSW Rural Fire Service and Fire and Rescue NSW. An emergency evacuation is not recommended as a condition of consent.
4) <u>Adjacent</u> Structures [class 10a & 10b]	Where Class 10a & 10b structures are within 6m from a dwelling in bush fire prone areas it must be built in accordance with the NCC.
5) <u>Water supplies</u>	Reticulated water supply is located on the adjoining road at regular intervals and is easily accessible. No additional water supplies have been recommended.
6) Fences and gates	All fences in bush fire prone areas should be made from either hardwood or non-combustible material. However, in circumstances where the fence connects directly to the dwelling, or in areas of BAL-29 or greater, they should be made of non-combustible material.

12. Summary

This report consists of a bushfire risk assessment for proposed new lift addition to the existing dwelling at No 54 Morella Road, Whale Beach, NSW.

The report concludes that the proposed development is on designated bushfire prone land and the legislative requirements for development of bushfire prone areas are applicable. The proposed development will be constructed to the minimum standard required in accordance with the guidelines of *Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019* and *AS 3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bushfire prone areas*.

This report has considered all of the elements of bushfire attack and provided the proposed development is constructed in accordance with the recommendations of Section 11 of this report, it is my considered opinion that the development satisfies the Objectives and Performance requirements of the *Building Code of Australia, Planning for bushfire Protection 2019 and Australian Standard AS3959, 2018.*

<u>Note:</u> Not with standing the precautions adopted, it should always be remembered that bushfires burn under a wide range of conditions and an element of risk, no matter how small always remains, and although the standard is designed to improve the performance of such buildings, there can be no guarantee, because of the variable nature of bushfires, that any one building will withstand a bushfire attack on every occasion. This report is a Bushfire Hazard Assessment that provides the required information to assist Local Councils and the Rural fire Service in determining compliance in accordance with Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019 and AS3959, 2018. The local Council is the final consenting authority and the construction of the building must comply with the recommendations included in the council's conditions of consent.

Alla.

Matthew Toghill- Bushfire Consultant

Accreditation No: BPAD31642

Grad Cert in Bushfire Protection, UWS 2012

Certificate IV Building and Construction

Certificate III in Public Safety (firefighting and emergency operations)



13. References

Australian Building Codes Board

Building Code of Australia

Volume 1 & 2

Canprint

Australian Building Codes Board [2001]

Fire Safety Engineering Guidelines

Edition 2001

ABCB Canberra

D. Drysdale D. [1998]

Introduction to Fire Dynamics 2nd Edition

John Wiley & Sons Ltd

NSW Government Environmental Planning and Assessment Act [1979]

Part 79BA-Consultation and development consent- Certain bushfire prone land

NSW Government Printer

Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019

A guide for Councils, Planners, Fire Authorities and Developers

This document provides the necessary planning considerations when developing areas for residential use in residential, rural residential, rural and urban areas when development sites are in close proximity to areas likely to be affected by bushfire events and replaces Planning for Bushfire Protection 2006.

This document is essential reading. Download a copy from the RFS website or purchase a copy through the NSW Government online shop or phone 9228 6333.

Ramsay C & Rudolph L [2003]

Landscape and building design for bushfire prone areas

CSIRO Publishing

Standards Australia [2018]

Australian Standards 3959

Australian Building Code Board

Appendix 1- Method 2 AS 3959 2018 calculations

A\$395	9 (2018) Appendix B - Detail Date: 23/09/202			23/09/2020	
Site Street Address: 54 Morella Road, What		hale Beach			
Assessor:	Matthew Toghill; Bus	shcon Australia Pty Ltd			
Local Government Area	Northern Beaches	Alpine Area:		No	
Equations Used					
Transmissivity: Fuss and Flame Length: RFS PBP, Rate of Fire Spread: Nobl Radiant Heat: Drysdale, 1 Peak Elevation of Receive Peak Flame Angle: Tan e	2001/Vesta/Catchpole e et al., 1980 1985; Sullivan et al., 200 er: Tan et al., 2005	3; Tan et al., 2005			
Run Description:	west				
Vegetation Informatio	<u>n</u>				
Vegetation Type:	Tall Heath				
Vegetation Group:	Shrub & Heath				
Vegetation Slope:	10 Degrees	Vegetation Slope Type: Upslope		9	
Surface Fuel Load(t/ha):	Load(t/ha): 36.9 Overall Fuel Load(t/ha): 36.9				
Vegetation Height(m):	3	Only Applicable to Shru	ub/Scrub a	nd Vesta	
Site Information			_		
Site Slope:	0 Degrees	Site Slope Type:	Downs	lope	
Elevation of Receiver(m)): Default	APZ/Separation(m):	15.1		
Fire Inputs					
Veg./Flame Width(m):	100	Flame Temp(K):	1090		
Calculation Parameter	_				
Flame Emissivity:	95	Relative Humidity(%):	25		
Heat of Combustion(kJ/k	(g) 18600	Ambient Temp(K):	308	308	
Moisture Factor:	5	FDI:	100		
Program Outputs					
Level of Construction: E		Peak Elevation of Rec			
Radiant Heat(kW/m2): 2		Flame Angle (degrees		70	
5 ()	10.13	Maximum View Factor		0.333	
Rate Of Spread (km/h): 2		Inner Protection Area		15	
).852	Outer Protection Area	(m):	0	
Fire Intensity(kW/m): 3	39841				