## **Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme** NatHERS Certificate No. 0004975017

Generated on 02 Jul 2020 using AccuRate Sustainability V2.4.3.21

## **Property**

**Address** 10 Kimo Street, North Balgowlah, NSW

Lot/DP Lot 327 DP 12316

**NCC Class\*** 

Type **New Home** 

### **Plans**

Main Plan 2008/Jul 2020

Prepared by Brendan Kennedy

### Construction and environme

Assessed floor a	rea (m²)*	Exposure Type
Conditioned*	28.3	Suburban

NatHERS climate zone 3.8 Unconditioned\*

Total 32.1

Garage



Name Peter Cumming

**Business** name NatHERS & BASIX Solutions

**Email** basixsolutions@gmail.com

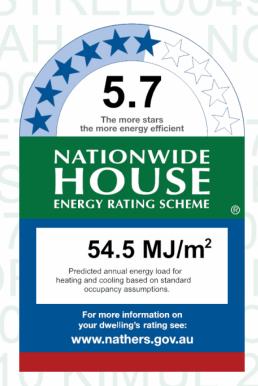
**Phone** 0299797674

Accreditation No. 20042

**Assessor Accrediting Organisation** 

**ABSA** 

**Declaration of interest** No potential conflicts of interest to declare



## Thermal performance

Heating Cooling 26.0 28.5  $MJ/m^2$  $MJ/m^2$ 

#### About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

### Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit

hstar.com.au/QR/Generate? p=VAvSiWtnx.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au



The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



### **Certificate check**

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

#### Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

#### Ceiling penetrations\*

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

#### Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate?

#### Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

#### Exposure\*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

#### Provisional\* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

#### Additional notes

## Window and glazed door type and performance

#### Default\* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
WIIIGOW ID	Description	U-value*	31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-04 A	Aluminium B SG Low Solar Gain Low-E	5.6	0.41	0.39	0.43	

#### Custom\* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
WITIGOW ID	Description	U-value*	энвс	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availal	ble					

## Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Living/kitchen	ALM-002-04 A	W01	1200	1200	Sliding	45	N	None



Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Living/kitchen	ALM-002-04 A	W02	1200	1200	Sliding	45	N	None
Living/kitchen	ALM-002-04 A	W03	2100	3000	Sliding	45	N	None
Living/kitchen	ALM-002-04 A	W06	600	3000	Louvre	90	N	None
Living/kitchen	ALM-002-04 A	W04	600	1200	Louvre	90	N	None
Living/kitchen	ALM-002-04 A	W05	600	1200	Louvre	90	N	None

# Roof window type and performance

Default\* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
WITIGOW ID	Description	U-value*	эпис	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ble					

#### Custom\* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SHGC	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
VEL-010-01 W	VELUX VS - Ventilating Skylight DG 3mm LoE 366 / 8.5mm Argon Gap / 5.36mm Clear La	2.5	0.21	0.20	0.22	

### Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade
Bath	VEL-010-01 W	SL	90	640	640	S	None	None

## Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID Skylight description

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No Data Available

## Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m²) Orientatio	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Ava	ailable						

### **External door** schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
Living/kitchen	2100	820	100	Е



## External wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Solar absorptance	Wall shade (colour)	Bulk insulation (R-value)	Reflective wall wrap*
EW-002	Fibre-cement sheet/Plasterboard	50	Medium	Polyester or polyester/wool blanket: R2.0	Yes
EW-005	Concrete block/Plasterboard	50	Medium	Rockwool batt: R1.5	No

## External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Living/kitchen	EW-005	2400	9440	N		No
Living/kitchen	EW-002	800	9440	N	750	Yes
Living/kitchen	EW-005	2400	1750	W		No
Living/kitchen	EW-002	600	1750	W		No
Living/kitchen	EW-005	2400	900	E		No
Living/kitchen	EW-002	2700	2540	E		No
Living/kitchen	EW-002	600	900	E		No
Bed	EW-005	2400	3190	S		No
Bath	EW-005	2400	2400	S		No
Bath	EW-005	2400	1600	W		No
Bath	EW-002	200	1600	W		No

# Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m²)	Bulk insulation
IW-001	Plasterboard	27.00	

# Floor type

Location	Construction		ded insulation value)	Covering
Living/kitchen/Ground	Concrete Slab 100 mm: timber flooring	21.32		
Bed/Ground	Concrete Slab 100 mm: timber flooring	6.94		
Bath/Ground	Concrete Slab 100 mm: timber flooring	3.84		

## Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
No Data Availa	able		



# **Ceiling** penetrations\*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm²)	Sealed/unsealed
Living/kitchen	1	Downlight		Sealed
Living/kitchen	1	Ceiling exhaust fan	300	Sealed
Bed	2	Downlight		Sealed
Bath	1	Downlight		Sealed
Bath	1	Ceiling exhaust fan	300	Sealed

# **Ceiling** fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
Living/kitchen	1	1200

# Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
Metal deck raked ceiling	R4.7	85	Dark



### **Explanatory notes**

#### About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

#### **Accredited assessors**

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

#### **Disclaimer**

The format of the Nathers Certificate was developed by the Nathers Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a Nathers Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use Nathers accredited software correctly and follow the Nathers Technical Notes to produce a Nathers Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NathERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHES accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the Nath—RS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

### **Glossary**

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the
Assessed 11001 area	design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chirmeys and flues. Excludes
	fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it
Conditioned	will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in Nath-BS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WBS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Estuana da an	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor
Entrance door	in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered
Exposure category – open	sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10me.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 me.g. city and industrial areas.
Harden out all a landling of a strong	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper
Horizontal shading feature	levels.
National Construction Code	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHEPS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4
(NCC) Class	buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional
Provisional value	value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the Nath-RS Technical Note and can be found at
	www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for Nath-ERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and
ROOT WINDOW	generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
0.1.1.4.1. (0.1.00)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Onconditioned	
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy