

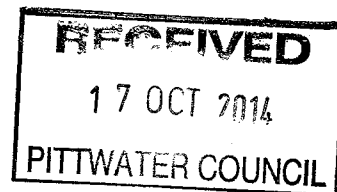


Anthony Protas Consulting Pty Ltd
BUILDING REGULATIONS CONSULTANTS

12 October 2014

Our Ref: 144065

The General Manager
Pittwater Council
PO Box 882
Mona Vale NSW1660



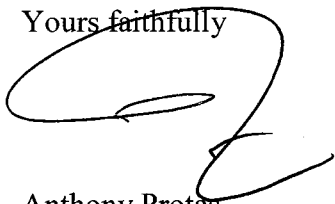
Dear Sir,

**Re: 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach
Construction Certificate**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act please find attached a copy of our Construction Certificate, plans and specifications to which the Construction Certificate has been issued and other relevant documents.

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours faithfully



Anthony Protas
Anthony Protas Consulting Pty Ltd

\$36 REC1369111 17/10/14

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATES • OCCUPATION CERTIFICATES • COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATES • BUILDING AUDITS • DESIGN ASSESSMENT • REGULATIONS ADVICE

Locked Bag 1001 Waremba NSW 2046 Suite 1 104 William Street Five Dock NSW 2046 Ph 02 9715 5333 Fax 02 9715 5666
Email mail@protas.net.au Web www.protas.net.au ABN 37 079 830 756

COPY

Anthony Protas Consulting Pty Ltd
BUILDING REGULATIONS CONSULTANTS

Construction Certificate – 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach - Demolition of the existing garage & shed and construction of a new garage, driveway, retaining walls & associated landscaping
BCA Class: 10a & 10b

1. Details of the applicant

Mr ☐ Ms ☐ Mrs ☒ Dr ☐ Other

First name

Susan

Family name

Rothwell

Flat/street no.

38

Street name

Lower Serpentine Road

Suburb or town

Greenwich

State

NSW

Postcode

2065

Daytime telephone

9439 2380

Fax

9901 3185

Mobile

Email

2. Details of the development consent

Development application no.

N0336/11

Date the consent was issued

18 June, 2012

3. Decision of the certifying authority

This certificate is issued:

- ☒ without any conditions
☐ subject to conditions of the kind referred to in clauses 187 or 188 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000

Conditions have been placed on the certificate for the following reasons:

- ☒ the issue of this certificate has been endorsed on the plans and specifications that were lodged with the application.

Plan no.s approved

Refer to Attachment 1 for a detailed list of approved plans and specifications

Date of this decision

12 October 2014

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Email mail@protas.net.au Web www.protas.net.au ABN 37 079 830 756

4. Information attached to this decision

- ☐ A fire safety schedule
☒ Schedule of approved plans & specifications

5. Certification

Anthony Protas

certifies that

if the work is completed following the plans and specifications which have been approved, it will comply with the requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 as referred to in section 81A(5) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

Construction certificate no.

4065/14

Date of this certificate

12 October 2014

6. Signature

For this certificate to be valid, it must be signed by the certifying authority.

Signature



Name

Anthony Protas

Flat/Street no.

Locked Bag 1001

Street name

Suburb or town

Wareemba

State

NSW

Postcode

2046

Telephone

9715 5333

Fax

9715 5666

If the certifier is an accredited certifier:

Accreditation body of the certifier

Building Professionals Board

Accreditation no. of the certifier

BPB0332

7. Applicant's right of appeal

If the certifying authority is a council, a Minister or a public authority and the certifying authority has issued a construction certificate subject to conditions, you can appeal against these conditions to the Land and Environment Court within 12 months from the date of the decision.



Anthony Protas Consulting Pty Ltd
BUILDING REGULATIONS CONSULTANTS

COPY

ref'd 14/8/14

Application for construction certificate

1. Details of the applicant

Mr ☐ Ms ☐ Mrs ☒ Dr ☐ Other

First name Family name

Flat/street no. Street name

Suburb or town State Postcode

Daytime telephone Fax Mobile

Email

2. Identify the land

Flat/street no. Street name

Suburb or town Postcode

Lot no. Section

DP/MPS no. Volume/folio

You can find the lot no., section, DP/MPS no. and volume/folio details on a map of the land or on the title documents for the land. If you need additional room, please attach a schedule and/or a map with these details.

3. Estimated cost of the development

\$ including GST

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Email mail@protas.net.au Web www.protas.net.au ABN 37 079 830 756

4. Describe the development

What type of work do you propose to carry out?

Building work ☒

Subdivision work ☐

Describe the work

- CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW GARAGE, DRIVEWAY, RETAINING WALLS & ASSOCIATED LANDSCAPING
- DEMOLITION OF EXISTING GARAGE AND SHED

For building work, what is the class of the building under the Building Code of Australia?

10A

This can be found on the development consent

Has development consent been granted for the development?

No ☐

Yes ☒

What is the development application no.?

N0336/11

What date was development consent granted?

18 JUNE 2012

5. Information to be attached to the application

You need to provide material with your application that is relevant to the type of work you propose to do. Please indicate the material you have attached by placing a cross in the appropriate boxes ☐.

1. If you are going to carry out building work:

- ☒ a copy of any compliance certificates on which you rely
- ☒ detailed plans of the building (4 copies)

The plans must be drawn to a suitable scale and consist of a general plan and a block plan. The general plan of the building is to:

- show a plan of each floor section
- show each elevation of the building
- show the level of the lowest floor, the level of any yard or unbuilt area on that floor and the level of the ground
- indicate the fire safety and fire resistance measures (if any), and their height, design and construction

Where you propose to alter, add to or rebuild a building that is already on the land, or modify plans that have already been approved, please mark the general plan (by colour or otherwise) to show the change you propose to make.

- ☒ detailed specifications of the building (4 copies)

The specifications are to:

- describe the construction (including the standards that will be met), the materials which will be used to construct the building and the methods of drainage, sewerage and water supply
- state whether the materials proposed to be used are new or second hand and give details of any second-hand materials to be used.

Where you propose to modify specifications that have already been approved, please mark the approved specifications (by colour or otherwise) to show the modification.

- N/A ☐ a plan of the existing building, drawn to scale, where the application involves building work to alter, enlarge or extend that building

This plan will assist the certifying authority to assess whether the work will reduce the fire protection capacity of the building.

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATES • OCCUPATION CERTIFICATES • COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATES • BUILDING AUDITS • DESIGN ASSESSMENT • REGULATIONS ADVICE

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Email mail@protas.net.au Web www.protas.net.au ABN 37 079 830 756

5. continued

N/A

- ☐ where you propose to meet the performance requirements of the Building Code of Australia (BCA) by using an alternative solution to the deemed-to-satisfy provisions of the BCA:
- a list of the performance requirements you will meet by using the alternative solution
 - the details of the assessment methods you will use to meet those performance requirements
 - a copy of any compliance certificates on which you rely

N/A

- ☐ evidence of any accredited component, process or design on which you seek to rely
Components, processes or designs that relate to the erection or demolition of a building are accredited under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

N/A

- ☐ details of the fire safety measures, unless you are building a single dwelling or a non-habitable building or structure (such as a private garage, carport, shed, fence, antenna, wall or swimming pool). These details are to include:
- a list of any fire safety measures you propose to include in the building or on the land
 - if you propose to alter, add to or rebuild a building that is already on the land, a list of the fire safety measures that are currently used in the building or on the land

The lists must describe the extent, capability and the basis of design of each measure.



- the attached schedule, completed for the development

The information in the schedule will be used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics to report each quarter on the building activity that occurs in the economy. Building statistics allow governments and businesses to accurately identify main areas of population growth and demand for products and services.

You may also need to pay a long service levy under section 34 of the *Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986* (or where such a levy is payable by instalments, the first instalment of the levy) before the certifying authority can issue a certificate to you.

N/A

2.

If you are going to carry out work to do a subdivision (eg building roads or a stormwater drainage system):

- ☐ the details of the existing and proposed subdivision pattern (including the number of lots and the location of roads)
- ☐ the details of the consultation you have carried out with the public authorities who provide or will increase the services you will need (like water, road, electricity, sewerage)
- ☐ the existing ground levels and the proposed ground levels when the subdivision is completed
- ☐ copies of any compliance certificates on which you rely
- ☐ detailed engineering plans (4 copies). The detailed plans might include the following:
- earthworks
 - roadworks
 - road pavement
 - road furnishings
 - stormwater drainage
 - water supply works
 - sewerage works
 - landscaping works
 - erosion control works

Where you propose to modify plans that have already been approved, please mark the approved plans (by colour or otherwise) to show the modification.

5. continued

N/A

3. If you are going to **change the use of a building** or the classification of a building under the Building Code of Australia and you are doing building work (unless the building will now be used as a single dwelling or a non-habitable building or structure (such as a private garage, carport, shed, fence, antenna, wall or swimming pool)):

- ☐ a list of any fire safety measures you propose to include in the building or on the land
- ☐ if you propose to alter, add to or rebuild a building that is already on the land, a list of the fire safety measures that are currently used in the building or on the land
- ☐ details as to how the building will comply with the Category One fire safety provisions of the Building Code of Australia

The lists of fire safety measures must describe the extent, capability and the basis of design of each measure.

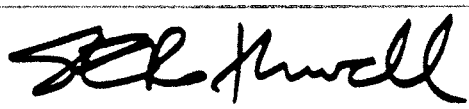
6. Signatures

The owner(s) of the land must sign this application if:

- at the time the owner signed the development application, the owner did not give consent to the applicant to lodge a construction certificate, or
- the owner of the land has changed since the owner signed the development application.

As the owner(s) of the above property, I/we consent to this application:

Signature



Name

SUSAN ROTHWELL

Date

14/8/14

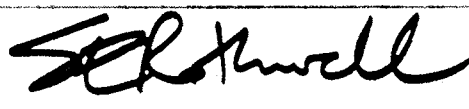
Signature

Name

Date

The applicant, or the applicant's agent, must sign the application.

Signature



Name, if you are not the applicant

SUSAN ROTHWELL

Date

14/8/14

In what capacity are you signing if you are not the applicant?

7. Privacy policy

The information you provide in this application will enable your application to be assessed by the certifying authority. If the information is not provided, your application may not be accepted. Please contact the council if the information you have provided in your application is incorrect or changes.

Schedule to application for a construction certificate

Please complete this schedule. The information will be sent to the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

All new buildings

Please complete the following:

- Number of storeys (including underground floors)
- Gross floor area of new building (m²)
- Gross site area (m²)

1
GARAGE 117 / DRIVEWAY 280
1238

Residential buildings only

Please complete the following details on residential structures.

- Number of dwellings to be constructed
- Number of pre-existing dwellings on site
- Number of dwellings to be demolished
- Will the new dwelling(s) be attached to other new buildings? Yes ☐ No ☐
- Will the new building(s) be attached to existing buildings? Yes ☐ No ☐
- Does the site contain a dual occupancy? Yes ☐ No ☐
(NB dual occupancy = two dwellings on the same site)

Materials – residential buildings

Please indicate the materials to be used in the construction of the new building(s):

Walls	Code	Roof	Code	Floor	Code	Frame	Code
Brick (double)	<input type="checkbox"/> 11	Tiles	<input type="checkbox"/> 10	Concrete or slate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 20	Timber	<input type="checkbox"/> 40
Brick (veneer)	<input type="checkbox"/> 12	Concrete or slate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 20	Timber	<input type="checkbox"/> 40	Steel	<input type="checkbox"/> 60
Concrete or stone	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 20	Fibre cement	<input type="checkbox"/> 30	Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 80	Aluminium	<input type="checkbox"/> 70
Fibre cement	<input type="checkbox"/> 30	Steel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 60	Not specified	<input type="checkbox"/> 90	Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 80
Timber	<input type="checkbox"/> 40	Aluminium	<input type="checkbox"/> 70			Not specified	<input type="checkbox"/> 90
Curtain glass	<input type="checkbox"/> 50	Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 80				
Steel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 60	Not specified	<input type="checkbox"/> 90				
Aluminium	<input type="checkbox"/> 70						
Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 80						
Not specified	<input type="checkbox"/> 90						



Our Reference: SY110101

31 August 2012

Anthony Protas
Locked Bag 1001
WAREEMBA NSW 2046

Attn: Mr Anthony Protas

Dear Anthony

Re: New Driveway and Garage
1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach

Pursuant to the provisions of clause A2.2 of the building Code of Australia, I hereby certify that the above design is in accordance with normal engineering practice and meets the requirements of the Building Code of Australia, relevant Australian standards and relevant conditions of the development consent.

I am an appropriately qualified and competent person in this area and as such can certify that the design and performance of the design systems comply with the above and which are detailed on the following drawings.

SY110101 / S1.01, S2.01, S2.05

I possess indemnity insurance to the satisfaction of the building owner or my principal

Name of Designer	Chris Rowse
Qualifications	BE, MIEAust, CPEng
Address of designer	Level 1, 24 Falcon Street, Crows Nest NSW 2065
Business telephone number	(02) 9438 5098
Name of Employer	ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd

Yours sincerely,
ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd

Chris Rowse
Director

ACOR CONSULTANTS PTY LTD

ENGINEERS

MANAGERS

INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNERS

SYDNEY - BRISBANE - NEWCASTLE
GOSFORD - ADELAIDE

ACORN 02 9438 5098

ACORN 02 9438 5098

Level 1, 24 Falcon Street

Crows Nest NSW

Crows Nest NSW 2065

TEL 02 9438 5098

FAX 02 9438 5098

WWW.ACORCONSULTANTS.COM

ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd

Created on 31/08/2012 10:55:00 AM
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GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER
FORM NO. 2 – PART A – To be submitted with detailed design for Construction Certificate

Development Application for <u>S. Rothwell</u> Name of Applicant
Address of site <u>1174 Barrinjoeey Road, Palm Beach</u>

PART A: Declaration made by Structural or Civil Engineer in relation to the incorporation of the Geotechnical Issues into the project design

I, Christopher Rowse on behalf of ACOR Consultants P/L.
(insert name) (trading or company name)

on this the 13th August 2012
(date)

certify that I am a Structural or Civil Engineer as defined by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009. I am authorised by the above organisation/company to issue this document and to certify that the organisation/company has a current professional indemnity policy of at least \$2million. I also certify that I have prepared the below listed structural documents in accordance with the recommendations given in the Geotechnical Report for the above development and that

Please mark appropriate box

☒
☐

the structural design meets the recommendations as set out in the Geotechnical Report or any revision thereto.
the structural design has considered the requirements set out in the Geotechnical Report for Excavation and Landfill both for the excavation/construction phase and the final installation in accordance with Clause 3.2 (b)(iv) of the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy.

Geotechnical Report Details:

Report Title: <u>Geotechnical Assessment</u>
Report Date: <u>10 May 2011</u>
Author: <u>Paul Roberts</u>
Author's Company/Organisation: <u>Jeffery + Katanskas P/L</u>

Structural Documents list:

<u>SY110101 / S1.01 / B</u>
<u>SY110101 / S2.01 / B</u>
<u>SY110101 / S2.05 / B</u>

I am also aware that Pittwater Council relies on the processes covered by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy, including this certification as the basis for ensuring that the geotechnical risk management aspects of the proposed development have been adequately addressed to achieve an "Acceptable Risk Management" level for the life of the structure taken as at least 100 years unless otherwise stated and justified.

Signature Chris Rowse
Name Christopher Rowse
Chartered Professional Status CPENG, NPER
Membership No. 585520
Company ACOR Consultants P/L



Our Reference: SY110101

3 September 2012

Anthony Protas
Locked Bag 1001
WAREEMBA NSW 2046

Dear Anthony

Re: New driveway and garage
Civil Design Certification
1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach

ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd was responsible for the design and documentation of the stormwater system for the development at the above property.

The design has been carried out in accordance with the following standards and in accordance with good design practice:-

- AS3500 The National Plumbing and Drainage Code of Australia
- The requirements of Pittwater Council
- Australian Rainfall and Runoff 1987

This certification is provided with respect to the following drawings:-

- C1.01 Stormwater Plan (B)
- C1.02 Stormwater Details (B)
- C1.03 Soil and Sediment Plan (B)

If you have any questions in this regard please contact the undersigned.

Yours sincerely,
ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd

Chris Rowse
BE, MIEAust, CPEng
Director

ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd

Created on 3/09/2012 12:14:00 PM
S:\SY11\SY110101\Certification\120903_Civil Design Certification.docx

ACOR CONSULTANTS PTY LTD

ENGINEERS

MANAGERS

INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNERS

SYDNEY - BRISBANE - NEWCASTLE
GOSFORD - ADELAIDE

AVON 079 406 040

ASX 26 822 454 111

Locked 11/24/2012 10:00 AM

POB 11/2012

Goswami NSW 2015

TEL 02 9450 5599

FAX 02 9450 5599

www.acor.com.au

S U S A N R O T H W E L L
A R C H I T E C T S
38 SERPENTINE ROAD, GREENWICH N S W. 2065 TEL. (02) 9439 2380 FAX: (02) 9901 3185

The General Manager
Pittwater Council
Mona Vale NSW 1660

03.09.12

RE: NEW DRIVEWAY & GARAGE AT 1174 BARRENJOEY ROAD, PALM BEACH

I hereby certify that the landscape design complies with council's requirements as outlined in Condition C11 of DA No: 336/11 dated 18 June 2012.

Landscape plan srBR-104/C indicates five (5) NSW Xmas Bush (*Ceratopetalum gummiferum*) in the space available on the side of the driveway.

Regards,



Susan Rothwell

Anthony Protas (APC)

From: Will Rothwell <willrothwell@icloud.com>
Sent: Friday, 10 October 2014 9:52 AM
To: Anthony Protas (APC)
Cc: Peter Kleijn
Subject: Fwd: 1174 Barrenjoey Road CC - Deed of Agreement

Hi Anthony,

see below from council's engineer.

We have lodged the deed with them but don't get anything back until after completion.

Regards,
Will Rothwell
Ph: 0411 745 051

Begin forwarded message:

From: Ross McWhirter <Ross_McWhirter@pittwater.nsw.gov.au>
Subject: 1174 Barrenjoey Road - Deed of Agreement
Date: 10 October 2014 9:41:58 am AEDT
To: "willrothwell@icloud.com" <willrothwell@icloud.com>

Will,

Council retains the Deed of Agreement until the driveway is completed and Council is satisfied with the finished product.

Once Council is satisfied with the driveway construction, the Deed is executed and a copy is returned to the owner. Council retains a copy for its records.

In some cases, owners change their minds on the driveway finish e.g. coloured to plain, and the Deed is either no longer required or the Deed needs to be changed. Hence the need to hold the Deed until the driveway is constructed.

Hope this clarifies the matter.

With Regards,

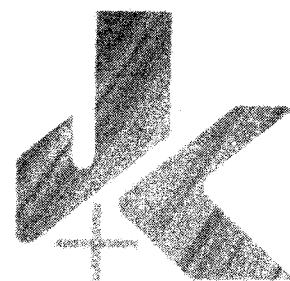
Ross McWhirter
Project Leader Road Reserve Management
P: Phone 9970 1207 M: 0419 629007



www.pittwater.nsw.gov.au

14 August 2012
Ref No 24787ZRlet

Susan Rothwell & Associates
38 Serpentine Road
GREENWICH NSW 2065



JK Geotechnics
GEOTECHNICAL & ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERS

PO Box 976, North Ryde BC NSW 1670
115 Wicks Rd, Macquarie Park NSW 2113
Tel: 02 9888 5000 Fax: 02 9888 5003
www.jkgeotechnics.com.au

ATTENTION: Mr Peter Kleijn

Dear Sir

REVIEW OF STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS
PROPOSED DRIVEWAY AND GARAGE
1174 BARRENJOEY ROAD, PALM BEACH, NSW

At your request, we have reviewed the supplied structural drawings (Project No. SY11 0101 Drawing Numbers S1.01, S2.01 and S2.05 Issue B, dated 6 August 2012) prepared by ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd. However, we have not carried out a check of any structural aspects of the structural design.

We consider that the supplied structural drawings have been completed in accordance with the recommendations presented in our report (Ref. 24787ZRpt dated 19 May 2011). Accordingly we have attached a signed copy of Council Form 2 Part B.

Should you require any further information regarding the above, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours faithfully
For and on behalf of
JK GEOTECHNICS

Paul Roberts
Senior Associate

GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER
FORM NO. 2 – PART B – To be submitted with detailed design for Construction Certificate

PART B Declaration made by Geotechnical Engineer or Engineering Geologist and/or Coastal Engineer (where applicable) in relation to the incorporation of the Geotechnical issues into the project design

I PAUL ROBERTS on behalf of JKGEOTECHNICS
(insert name) (trading or company name)

on this the 14/8/12
(date)

certify that I am a Geotechnical Engineer or Engineering Geologist and/or Coastal Engineer as defined by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009 and I am authorised by the above organisation/company to issue this document and to certify that the organisation/company has a current professional indemnity policy of at least \$2million. I also certify that I have reviewed the design plans and structural design plans for the Construction Certificate Stage and that I am satisfied that:

Please mark appropriate box

- ☒ the structural design meets the recommendations as set out in the Geotechnical Report or any revision thereto.
☐ the structural design has considered the requirements set out in the Geotechnical Report for Excavation and Landfill both for the excavation/construction phase and the final installation in accordance with Clause 3.2 (b)(iv) of the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy.

Geotechnical Report Details:

Report Title: <u>GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT FOR PROPOSED NEW DRIVEWAY & GARAGE AT 1174 BARRENJOEY ROAD, PALM BEACH, NSW</u>
Report Date: <u>19/5/11</u>
Author: <u>PAUL ROBERTS MIEAUST CPENG</u>

Documentation which relates to or is relied upon in report preparation:

<u>Architectural Plans (Drg. No 51BR-100 and 101 Issue A dated 29/3/11) prepared by Susan Rothwell Architects</u>

I am also aware that Pittwater Council relies on the processes covered by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy, including this certification as the basis for ensuring that the geotechnical risk management aspects of the proposed development have been adequately addressed to achieve an "Acceptable Risk Management" level for the life of the structure taken as at least 100 years unless otherwise stated and justified.

Signature Paul Roberts
Name PAUL ROBERTS
Chartered Professional Status CPENG NPER
Membership No. 2307698
Company JKGEOTECHNICS

SUBGRADE PREPARATION

- [illegible]

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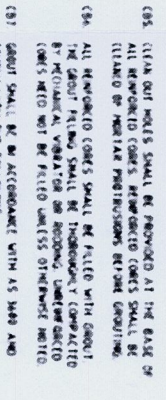
CONCRETE MOTES

- | SYMBOL | TYPE |
|--------|-----------------------|
| M | INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION |
| L | LOW QUALITY |
| E | SEMI-QUALITY |
| R | PRE-ANALYSIS |
| SL | SUBJECTIVE |
| RT | RETRACTABLE |
| TH | THICKNESS |

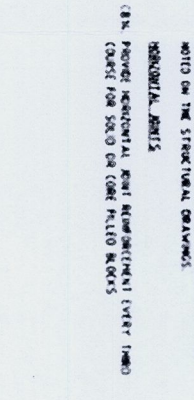
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PROB1 mod5	75	80	70	
PROB2 mod5	60	80	70	
SLABS 100	75	80	20	
SLABS 100	40	80	20	

REINFORCED CONCRETE BLOCKWORK

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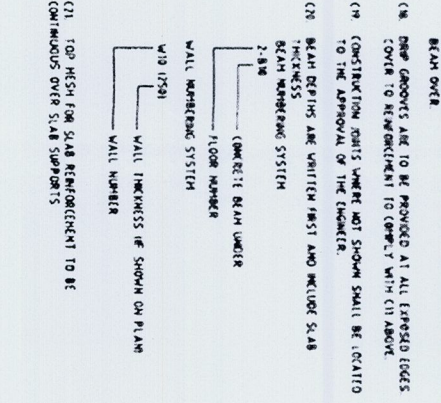


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(75) PREPARE ADEQUATE SUPPLY OF ALPHATIC ALCOHOL ON SITE BEFORE COMMENCING CONCRETE WORK.




- Q11 TOP MESH FOR SLAB REINFORCEMENT TO BE CONTINUOUS OVER SLAB SUPPORTS

WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM THE COMPANY.	
Chief	Architect
MANAGEMENT PROPERTY	CITY

ACOR CONSULTANTS

GENERAL NOTES

We have viewed this drawing and endorse that
the recommendations given in our Report
No. 24787ER rpt (date) 19/5/11 have
been adopted in principle, except for modifications
noted or underlined in red which should be adopted.
Signed: Paul Gethin Date: 14/5/12

 **JK Geotechnics**
115 Wicks Road
Macquarie Park NSW 2113
Telephone: 02 9888 5000

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



PITTWATER COUNCIL

Stone Cottage
re level

ANR51 340812871

02 9970 1111

02 9970 1200

Amy Allen, Senior Planner
8:00am to 5:30pm Monday - Thursday, 8:00am to 5:00pm Friday
Phone 9970 1158

PO Box 882

Mona Vale NSW 1660

DX 9018, Mona Vale

26 September 2012

Peter Kleijn
Level 10, 61 Lavender St
MILSONS POINT NSW 2061

Dear Peter

Condition C12 - Development Consent N0336/11 - 1174 Barrenjoey Rd, Palm Beach

In accordance with condition C12 of Development Consent N0336/11 the applicant forwarded a digital record of the existing stone cottage to Pittwater Council received on 11 September 2012.

Yours sincerely

Amy Allen
SENIOR PLANNER

Levy Online Payment Receipt

Building and Construction

SUSAN ROTHWELL
38 LOWER SERPENTINE RD
GREENWICH NSW 2065

Application Details:

Applicant Name:	SUSAN ROTHWELL
Levy Number:	5072596
Application Type:	DA
Application Number:	N0336/11
Approving Authority:	PITTWATER COUNCIL

Work Details:

Site Address:	1174 BARRENJOEY RD PALM BEACH NSW 2108
Value of work:	\$236,464
Levy Due:	\$827.00

Payment Details:

LSC Receipt Number:	174529
Payment Date:	14/08/2014 4:08:37 PM
Bank Payment Reference:	761016163
Levy Paid:	\$827.00
Credit card surcharge:	\$3.31
Total Payment Received:	\$830.31

Valuation of works - Estimate Sheet

Additions/ Modifications to Residential Dwellings

Site slope less than 10%

		Cost / m ²		
Demolition		m ²	\$93.50	
Additional Ground/ Foundation Floor Level		m ²	\$1,419.00	
Additions at other Floor Level(s)		m ²	\$2,029.50	
Internal Modifications (No additional floor area)		m ²	\$951.50	
Garage		m ²	\$676.50	
Deck		m ²	\$594.00	
Carport/ Open Car Space		m ²	\$253.00	
Hardstand Area / Driveway		m ²	\$242.00	
Landscaping & Siteworks		m ²	\$253.00	
Excavation		m ³	\$253.00	
Fencing		meter	\$44.00	
Swimming Pool Less than 40m ²		<40m ²	\$41,800.00	
Swimming Pool More than 40m ²		>40m ²	\$55,000.00	
		TOTAL		

Please note this Estimate Sheet maybe subject to change
Current as at March 2007

Additions/ Modifications to Residential Dwellings

Site slope more than 10%

		Cost / m ²		
Demolition	35	m ²	\$93.50	3,273
Additional Ground/ Foundation Floor Level		m ²	\$1,873.08	
Additions at other Floor Level(s)		m ²	\$2,678.94	
Internal Modifications (No additional floor area)		m ²	\$1,255.98	
Garage	110	m ²	\$892.98	98,228
Deck		m ²	\$784.08	
Carport/ Open Car Space		m ²	\$333.96	
Hardstand Area / Driveway	250	m ²	\$319.44	79,860
Landscaping & Siteworks		m ²	\$333.96	
Excavation	165	m ³	\$333.96	55,103
Fencing		meter	\$58.08	
Swimming Pool Less than 40m ²		<40m ²	\$55,176.00	
Swimming Pool More than 40m ²		>40m ²	\$72,600.00	
		TOTAL		

Please note this Estimate Sheet maybe subject to change
Current as at March 2007

\$ 236,464



Ross McWhirter, Project Leader – Road Reserve Management
8am to 4:30pm Mon - Fri
Phone 9970 1207 Mobile 0419 629 007

10 September 2012

Susan Rothwell Architects
PO Box 575
MILSONS POINT NSW 1565

Dear Sir / Madam,

Re: SECTION 139 CONSENT (*Roads Act 1993*) – 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach

Council grants the applicant(s), Susan Rothwell Architects, consent to construct a driveway crossing in the public road reserve at 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach.

The following drawings are referenced in relation to this Section 139 consent: -

- Structural Drawings by ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd – Project Number SY11 0101, Drawing Numbers S1.01 Issue B and S2.01 Issue B.

This Section 139 Consent is granted subject to the following conditions: -

1. The Applicant(s) shall, at all times, keep indemnified Council from and against all actions, suits, proceedings, losses, costs, damages, changes, claims and demands in any way arising out of or by reason of anything done or omitted to be done by the Applicant(s) in respect of the work in question.
2. The Applicant(s), at all times for the duration of this Consent, will not interrupt or otherwise disturb the traffic flow on the road without first obtaining the consent of Council.
3. Adequate support of the road reserve shall be provided at all times during the course of the works.
4. In the event that the driveway construction requires the use of a mobile concrete pump in the road reserve, separate approval must be obtained from Council for that activity. Form No UEA313 (*Application to Stand Construction Plant on a Public Road Reserve*) must be lodged with the applicable fees.
5. The Applicant(s) shall be responsible for the cost of all service and utility adjustments associated with the construction of the driveway. Contact Dial Before You Dig (1100) at least two working days before the works are due to start for information on the location of underground pipes and cables.
6. Compliance with conditions of Development Consent N0336/11 which relate to the road reserve.
7. Compliance with the requirements of Transport Roads & Maritime Services as set out in their letter dated 7 September 2012.

8. The Applicant(s) shall make good any damage caused to the property of any person or any property of Council by reason of the carrying out of any work by the Applicant(s) under the Conditions of this Consent.
9. Should the Applicant(s) fail to comply with any of these conditions or any requirement of Council as provided then this Consent shall permanently lapse and any part of the work remaining within the road at that time shall be deemed to be an obstruction or encroachment under *Section 107 of the Roads Act 1993*.
10. This Consent receipt must be held on the job and produced to any officer of Council when called upon.
11. The Applicant(s) shall accept all responsibility for public safety during the construction of the works.
12. The structural works shall be supervised and certified by a qualified structural engineer. The certification shall address structural adequacy and fitness for purpose. A copy of this certification shall be submitted to Council for its records.
13. COUNCIL IS TO BE ADVISED WHEN THE WORKS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED. Upon receipt of this advice, Council will inspect the works to determine if they are satisfactory. Any works deemed by Council to be unsatisfactory are to be rectified to Council's reasonable satisfaction.

Yours faithfully



Ross McWhirter

PROJECT LEADER – ROAD RESERVE MANAGEMENT

Our reference: File: 06M0885
Mr John Hudson: Telephone: 8849 2397
Fax: 8849 2750



Transport
Roads & Maritime
Services

Ms Susan E Rothwell
38 Serpentine Road
Greenwich NSW 2065

Local Government Area of Pittwater.
M.R.No. 164 - Barrenjoey Road. Lot 2, D. P. 216436.
Property No. 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach

Dear Ms Rothwell

I refer to your letter dated 22nd June, 2012 regarding the subject property and your request for a Consent to be issued in accordance with Pittwater Council Development approval.

Enclosed herewith is a copy of the duly executed Consent under Section 138 and 107 of the Roads Act 1993 in favour of Susan Elizabeth Rothwell, regarding the access driveway within the road reserve of Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach, in respect of the subject property.

The Consent is executed on behalf of the Roads & Maritime Services (RMS formerly RTA) and does not require execution by either the relevant Council or the Applicant of the Consent nor does it require to be evidenced by a Caveat on Title. Compliance with Section 138 and 107, in this instance the commencement of construction of the access driveway, constitutes agreement by the applicant to be bound by the terms of the Consent.

In this instance RMS has determined that Council should undertake all necessary inspections and manage the construction works. The works to be in accordance with the submitted plans approved by Council and the RMS model drawings attached.

Prior to the commencement of works within the road reserve, RMS must be advised by Council of the nominated Council officer and respective contact details.

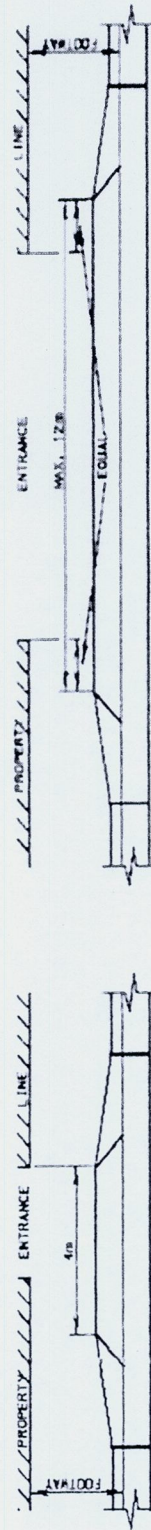
Yours sincerely

John Hudson
Land & Development Unit Manager
Infrastructure Development

Roads and Maritime Services

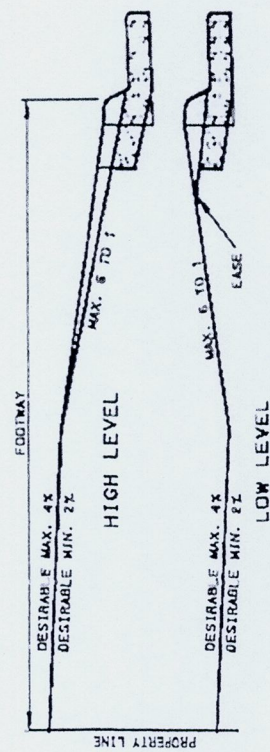
170 Macquarie Street, Sydney NSW 2000
P.O. Box 971 Parramatta NSW 2150
www.rms.nsw.gov.au 13 17 82

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BUSINESS AND COMMERCIAL PREMISES

TYPICAL LOCATIONS



TYPICAL TREATMENTS

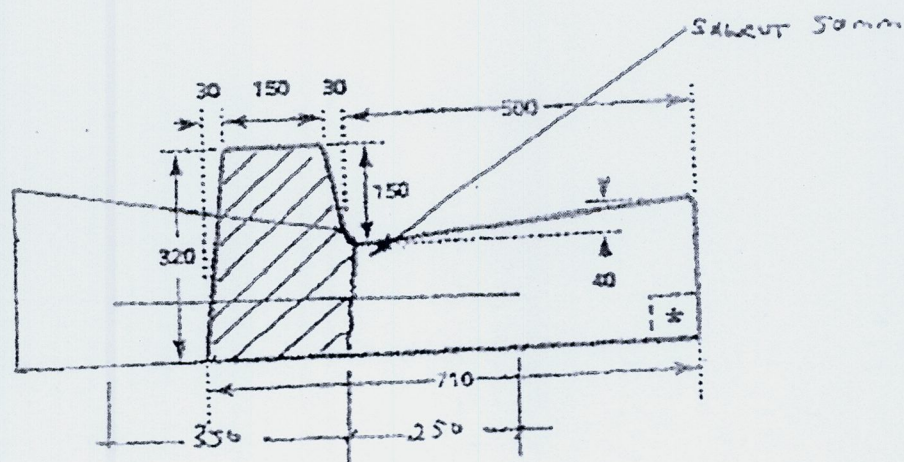
All dimensions are in millimetres unless otherwise stated

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AMENDMENT DETAILS		DATE	
Roads and Traffic Authority NSW STANDARD VEHICULAR GUTTER CROSSING FOR USE WITH TYPE SA KERB AND GUTTER			
SCALE	NO. OF SHEETS	SHEET NO.	
N.T.S.	1	1	
DRAWING NUMBER			
MD.R15.A08.A			

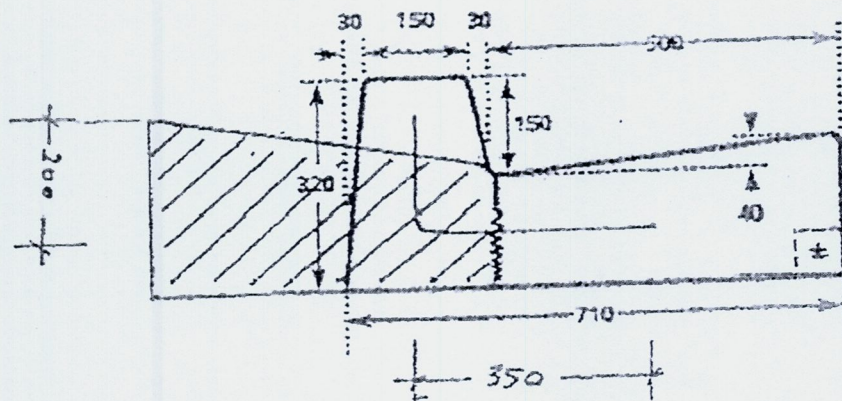
Replacing SA Kerb with Layback

1. Sawcut 50mm at gutter
2. Demolish kerb
3. Install 600mm Y12 galvanised deformed bars. Drill and epoxy at 500 centres
250mm into existing concrete
4. Form and pour layback in 32MPa.



Replacing Layback with SA Kerb

1. Sawcut 50mm at gutter
2. Demolish layback
3. Install 350 x 200 Y12 galvanised deformed bars. Drill and epoxy at 500 centres
250mm into existing concrete
4. Form and pour kerb in 32MPa.



CONSENT 2

ROADS ACT, 1993

CONSENT - SECTION 138

Subject to the conditions set out under, the Roads and Maritime Services (called "the Authority") hereby consents to the placement or erection by the person named in Schedule 1 (called "the Applicant") of the structure or work described in Schedule 2 (called "the work" which expression includes all incidental details) within or across the public road described in Schedule 3 (called "the road" which road is also a classified road pursuant to the Roads Act 1993), in accordance with the conditions of this Consent and in the position generally shown on the Plans and/or Specifications annexed and marked "A" to "H" inclusive.

CONDITIONS

1. Prior to placing or erecting any part of the work, the Applicant will obtain the permission of the Local Council pursuant to Section 611 of the Local Government Act, 1993 and comply with any condition imposed by such permission.
2. The Applicant shall carry out the work, at the cost of the Applicant, in conformity with the said Plans and Specifications as approved by the Authority, to the satisfaction of the Authority's Manager nominated in Schedule 4 (hereafter referred to as the "Manager").

3. The Applicant shall maintain and keep the work in a proper state of repair to the satisfaction of the Manager and the Council, and shall carry out maintenance, renewal and repair work as expeditiously as possible and in conformity with any reasonable requirement of the Manager and the Council and with any statute regulation or ordinance or direction by a public authority.
4. The Applicant, at all times for the duration of this Consent, will not interrupt or otherwise disturb the traffic flow on the road without first obtaining the written consent of the Manager.
5. The Applicant shall, if required by the Manager or the Council by notice in writing, at the cost of the Applicant, relocate or remove all or any part of the work or, for the safety and protection of the public, carry out additional work and make good all damage done to the road by reason of such relocation or removal or carrying out of additional work.
6. The Applicant shall, at all times, indemnify and keep indemnified the Authority and the Council from and against all actions, suits, proceedings, losses, costs, damages, charges, claims and demands in any way arising out of or by reason of anything done or omitted to be done by the Applicant, in respect of the placement, erection, renewal, relocation, repair and maintenance of the work or of the existence or use thereof or by reason of the Authority having given this Consent or by reason of any approval, direction or assent to anything done or purported to be done by the Applicant under this Consent and that, in respect of any matter covered by this indemnity, the Authority and the Council shall be at liberty to pay, satisfy, defend, compromise or settle

any claim action or other proceedings which may be made, threatened, instituted, commenced or prosecuted against the Authority or the Council and any amount paid by the Authority or the Council, in accordance with this Clause, shall be repaid by the Applicant.

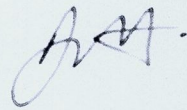
7. The Applicant shall make good any damage caused to the property of any person or any property of the Authority or the Council by reason of the carrying out of any work by the Applicant under the conditions of this Consent.
8. Nothing in this Consent shall be deemed to:
 - (i) prejudice or affect the rights of the public to free passage upon or along the road;
 - (ii) authorise any nuisance to or permanent obstruction of the road or public places;
 - (iii) confer upon the Applicant exclusive right or title to that part of the work within the boundaries of the road; or
 - (iv) in any way restrict or limit the powers of the Authority and the Council in respect of the road.
9. Any notice or request hereunder may be served in the manner mentioned in Section 254 & 255 of the Roads Act, 1993.

File No: 06M0885

(Mr J Hudson - Telephone 8849 2397)

DATED AT SYDNEY THIS 7th DAY OF September, 2012

SIGNED by PETER McGRATH, Principal)
Property Services Manager, as delegate of Roads)
and Maritime Services)
pursuant to Delegation Book 4623 No148)



SCHEDULE 1

Susan Elizabeth Rothwell

SCHEDULE 2

Access driveway, retaining walls, stairs and landscaping within the road reserve serving Lot 2 in Deposited Plan 216436 being Property No. 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach

SCHEDULE 3

Main Road No. 164 - Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach

SCHEDULE 4

The General Manager, Project Development,
Infrastructure Services

CONSENT2

INCO

LABOUR HIRE

RECRUITMENT

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

TEMPS

CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN

1174 BARRENJOEY RD, PAM BEACH

2 SEPTEMBER 2014



**RMS
Authorised
Traffic
Controller**



**Traffic Management
Association of NSW**

THIS TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN IS PREPARED BY INCO TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT ON BEHALF OF S ROTHWELL AND RJC CONSTRUCTIONS PTY LTD. IN PREPARING THIS PLAN, WE HAVE RELIED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED BY RJC CONSTRUCTIONS PTY LTD. WE CANNOT INDEPENDANTLY VERIFY THIS INFORMATION. THIS TMP COMPLIES WITH AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS 1742.3 AND RMS'S TRAFFIC CONTROL AT WORK SITES MANUAL AND INCO TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT'S OHS POLICY IF IMPLEMENTED IN ITS ENTIRETY. NO LIABILITY IS ACCEPTED IF THIS TMP IS NOT CORRECTLY AND ENTIRELY IMPLEMENTED.

INCO P/L ATF KIMIA TRUST

ABN: 94 674 843 011

Ph: (02) 8882 9150 Fax: (02) 8212 9034 Mobile: 0404 349 000

Email: kaveh@incogroup.com.au website: www.incogroup.com.au

Suite D, 409/ 5 Celebration Drive, Bella Vista NSW 2153

1. INTRODUCTION

This Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP) has been prepared on behalf of the applicant, S Rothwell and their construction partner RJC Constructions. All correspondence on this matter should be addressed to RJC Constructions at 19/28 Barcoo St, Chatswood NSW 2067. The proposed works at 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach is demolition of existing garage and shed and the construction of a new garage, partially suspended driveway, retaining walls and associated landscaping. This Construction Traffic Management Plan has been prepared to review the traffic and parking arrangements to be implemented during the works at the above mentioned development, as required by DA Consent Condition 19 of DA 336/11 issued by Pittwater Council. This CTMP applies to the movement of traffic within the site and into and immediately outside of the worksite during all stages of the project and describes the procedures to be followed and its sub contractors in order to safely manage vehicle, cyclist, pedestrian and construction traffic during all stages of the project.

S Rothwell and their construction partner, RJC Constructions, and its sub contractors acknowledge that the effective management of traffic and the safety of road users as being paramount to the successful completion of the project. This plan seeks to ensure the safety of all those involved with minimal disruption to traffic flows.

2. TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES

The key objectives and strategies of this CTMP are:

- Maximise safety for workers by isolating work areas from traffic flows
- Provide a safe environment for road users through the installation of a high standard of traffic control, which effectively informs, warns and guides road users and pedestrians, and that comply with RMS/RTA guidelines and Australian Standards AS 1742.3.
- Ensure that road user delays will be given consideration during the planning part of the project.
- Ensure road users and local communities are kept informed to changed traffic conditions in their area.

Scope of this CTMP

This CTMP has been designed to manage the movement of site vehicular traffic during the construction and modifications planned at 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach . It is not to be used for any associated road works.

3. SITE ASSESSMENT

The subject work site located at 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach is approximately 1238 m2. Access to the site is from Barrenjoey Road. The area surrounding the site is zoned 50 kmh. To the North, there is a 40kmh shared zone. The site is surrounded by low density residential premises which front onto Barrenjoey Road. Barrenjoey Road is a narrow one lane each way road and approximately 7 metres wide. Barrenjoey Road near the site has no available parking, being mostly being zoned no stopping and no parking. The site is on a bend in the road and sight distance is restricted to 50 metres towards the North and South. Vehicular and pedestrian traffic on Barrenjoey Road is in the low to medium range and consists mostly of passenger vehicles accessing residential properties.

4. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED WORKS

The proposed works at 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach is the demolition of existing garage and shed and the construction of a new garage, partially suspended driveway, retaining walls and associated landscaping. Construction work is expected to commence in September 2014 and last approximately 4 months. Hours of construction work are expected to be between 7.00am to 3.30pm Mon to Fri, with no work to be carried out on Saturdays, Sundays or public holidays.

5. IDENTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT OF TRAFFIC IMPACTS OF PROPOSED WORKS.

WORKS STAGES

Stage 1 – Demolition

Demolition is expected to last 1 week, starting September 2014. Demolition activity will entail hand demolition of existing walls and disposal onto skip bins. Structures will be demolished using manual labour and small plant. Materials handling will be conducted by hand with materials loaded on-site in the designated area. Traffic to and from the site during construction will consist of trucks for delivery of equipment, materials and placement and removal of waste bins.

Stage 2 – Excavation

Excavation is expected to take 8 weeks. Work will be carried out within the site boundaries. During this stage, the site will be excavated by hand and removal of earth and materials. Materials handling will be conducted by hand with materials loaded on-site in a designated area. Traffic to and from the site during construction will consist of trucks for delivery of equipment, materials and placement and removal of waste bins.

Stage 3 – Construction

Construction works is expected to take 6 weeks. Construction activity will entail form work, placing of concrete slabs and footing, concrete pours, steel placement, bricklaying, rendering, gyprocking, carpentry, tiling, plumbing and electrical work . Traffic to and from the site during construction will consist of trucks for delivery of equipment and materials and removal of waste bins, and on occasional days, the standing of concrete pumps and concrete trucks. Occasionally hiab trucks, concrete trucks and concrete pumps will need to use the road reserve adjacent to the site.

CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC

The works are expected to be in three stages – demolition, excavation, and construction. Traffic to and from the site during these stages will consist of trucks for delivery of equipment, and materials and removal of equipment, earth, waste bins and materials.

The works stages duration and expected heavy construction vehicle movements are detailed below:

Stage	Estimated Duration	Vehicle Movements per day		
		Small Rigid Vehicles <4.5T GVM	Heavy Rigid Vehicles >4.5T GVM	Articulated Vehicles
1. Demolition	1 week	0	1	0
2. Excavation	8 weeks	0	6	0
3. Construction	6 weeks	0	2	0

HRV will be rigid trucks up to 8T GVM. During heavy vehicle movements, two traffic controllers are to be present at all times to assist road users and pedestrians. Due to the compactness of the site and narrow width of Barrenjoey Road, articulated vehicles such as Bogie tipper & trailers/ semi trailers tippers are not to be used to access the site.

Note that the stages of construction may overlap.

Table 2 shows the longest vehicle accessing the site during the various work stages.

Table 2: Longest vehicles accessing site during works stages

Stage	Longest Vehicle
1. Demolition	8m
2. Excavation	8m
3. Construction	8m

5. TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES

Work Areas

Site must be fenced off and at entry gate to be shut and secured while not attended. All waste materials to be stored on site prior to removal with no materials or equipment on roadway, footpath or reserve. Trucks will enter and exit the site through a gate on 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach with all materials being loaded onto trucks inside the site prior to leaving the site.

Traffic Control Measures

A number of traffic control measures have been designed to attempt to ensure the safety of vehicles and pedestrians through the stages of the works to manage the impact of the works at 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach . These are:

Heavy Vehicle Routes to and from site

Trucks are to approach from the South on Barrenjoey Road, turn around on the road and depart to the South on Barrenjoey Road. This is because i. There is no space to allow trucks to turn within the site, and ii. Departing to the North would involve considerable travel by heavy vehicles though narrow residential streets.

All heavy vehicles must approach the site from Barrenjoey Road from the South (See Fig 2). Truck drivers approaching the worksite shall contact site manager to schedule arrival time, then contact site manager when on Barrenjoey Road to ensure they can approach the site. When given permission, they are to proceed along Barrenjoey Road and follow all directions given by the Traffic Controllers.

Truck drivers departing the worksite shall contact Traffic controllers that they intend to depart before turning if they need to and slowly departing site and proceeding down Barrenjoey Road. (See Fig 2).

A copy of figure 2 shall be provided to all heavy vehicle drivers along with instructions and contact numbers.

Queuing of trucks waiting to enter site

There is to be no queuing of trucks waiting to approach the site on local roads. Trucks waiting to enter the site must contact the site supervisor by phone before leaving their depots to schedule arrivals. Truck queuing will be monitored and co-ordinated by the site superintendent in order to keep queuing and traffic disruptions to a minimum.

Stand Plant

Some deliveries of large items will require standing plant on the roadway and using hiab trucks. Plant such as concrete pumps and concrete trucks will similarly need to use the roadway adjacent to the site. A "Permit to Stand Plant" will need to be obtained from council for each occasion when standing of plant is required.

Parking

The site is very compact and there no area for parking of construction vehicles within the site and limited parking in surrounding streets. Where possible, construction workers are to use public transport or car pool to travel to and from work site.

Traffic Control Plans

The safety of pedestrians and road users will be maximised through the installation of advance warning signage and traffic control devices. Two traffic control plans (Figures 3 and 4) are to be implemented to assist heavy vehicles and other traffic during the works. The plan in Figure 3 is to be used for trucks entering and exiting site and Figure 4 is to be used for standing plant such as concrete pumps and trucks adjacent to the site. One lane of at least 3.3 metres is to be kept open at all times during activities involving the standing of plant.

As mentioned, the site is too compact and there are no areas for turning of trucks within the site. Trucks will need to reverse into and out of the site. Two traffic Controllers are to be present during all heavy vehicle movements to assist road users and pedestrians.

Coordination

All truck drivers are required to be inducted into the approved operational procedure including;

- approved routes, for approaching and departing the work site,
- method for approaching and departing site,
- who to speak to in the event of a breakdown or other problem, and
- disciplinary procedure for not following the approved procedures (as determined by principal)

6. ASSESSMENT OF PUBLIC TRANSPORT SERVICES AFFECTED.

Sydney Buses (Routes 190 and L90) use Barrenjoey Road and there are bus stops to the North and South of the site. Sydney buses must be consulted during construction traffic movements.

7. ASSESSMENT OF IMPACTS ON EMERGENCY VEHICLES, HEAVY VEHICLES, CYCLISTS AND PEDESTRAINS.

Any blockages/hindrance to emergency vehicles removed instantly. Emergency services (fire, ambulance, and police) to be notified of any hindrances. Deliveries to site and any standing of plant will affect pedestrian traffic directly adjacent to the site. During these times, appropriate signage

and traffic controllers will direct pedestrians across the road (Figures 3 and 4). There is little cyclist traffic in the area but the vehicular traffic plan will accommodate cyclists. Heavy vehicles not affected other than as described above.

8. PROPOSED PUBLIC NOTIFICATION/CONSULTATION PROCESS.

Residents of surrounding streets, to be notified of works and expected traffic impacts by leaflet drop 3 weeks prior to works commencing. Notification to include proposed works, times, streets affected and contact details.

9. KEY CONTACTS

Contractor – RJC Constructions	Traffic Management – INCO Traffic Management
Contact: Rob Boreham	Contact: Kaveh Jahromi
Position: Construction Manager	Position: Director
Ph: 0411 355 000	Ph: 0404 349 000

10. REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.

Consultation

Effective consultation with the relevant authority will take place and their terms and conditions will be adhered to before the implementation of any and all traffic control measures. In accordance with the Roads Act 1993, RJC Constructions, and its contractors will obtain the necessary approvals from Pittwater Council prior to conducting any works within the road reserve. The planned works at 1174 Barrenjoey Road may impact traffic on Barrenjoey Road.; therefore RMS approval will need to be obtained during truck movements and activities involving the standing of plant.

Standards

All traffic management plans, measures, works and control devices to comply with the requirements of Australia Standards AS1742.3, RTA Specification G10 and the RMS’s Traffic Control at Work Sites manual Version 4.01.

Safe Work Method Statement

Traffic controllers to work within the framework of the safe work method statement (SWMS) for traffic control at this site supplied by INCO and /RJC Constructions. This SWMS to include a daily site specific hazard management tool.

Unplanned incidents

The occurrence of unplanned incidents within the construction site will potentially have negative impacts on the respective road where the incident may occur. In accordance with the RMS or any other relevant authority RJC Constructions will inform the relevant authority of any incident which may occur and cause delays to the traffic flow at that particular time. It is the desire of RJC Constructions to ensure the smooth and uninterrupted flow of traffic in or around the respective work sites, and minimise any inconvenience which the works may cause.

Inspections

There is to be inspections of the temporary traffic controls during all phases of the project. These inspections will be carried out in accordance with Section 6 of the RMS's TCWM and Appendix A of Australian Standard 1742.3. These will be carried out by a person with the Design and Inspect certificate issued by RMS.

Emergencies

Heavy vehicle breaking down on roadway

In the event of a heavy vehicle breakdown, traffic to be stopped in affected area and the area around the vehicle coned off. Traffic control to be established to control the flow of vehicle traffic around the affected area. Driver to contact their company and request assistance i.e. mobile mechanical unit and/or heavy haulage vehicle to remove vehicle from site

Fuel / Oil / Hydraulic Fluid spills

In the event of a spill (on the roadway) Traffic Controllers will stop all traffic that affected by the spill and establish exclusion zone with safety cones and other devices, contain the spill and contact 000 request the fire brigade to attend site also notify Pittwater Council.

Other

Inspection of TMP

This Traffic Management Plan should be inspected upon implementation and monthly thereafter, or sooner should RJC Constructions, its contractors, Pittwater Council or the Traffic Controllers request it.

11. NOTES

Traffic Management Plan designed by: Kaveh Jahromi

Contact: (02) 8882 9150 / 0404 349 000

RTA licence type: Design and Inspect Traffic Control Plans

RTA licence No.: 2243014318

Expiry Date: 17/08/2015

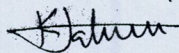
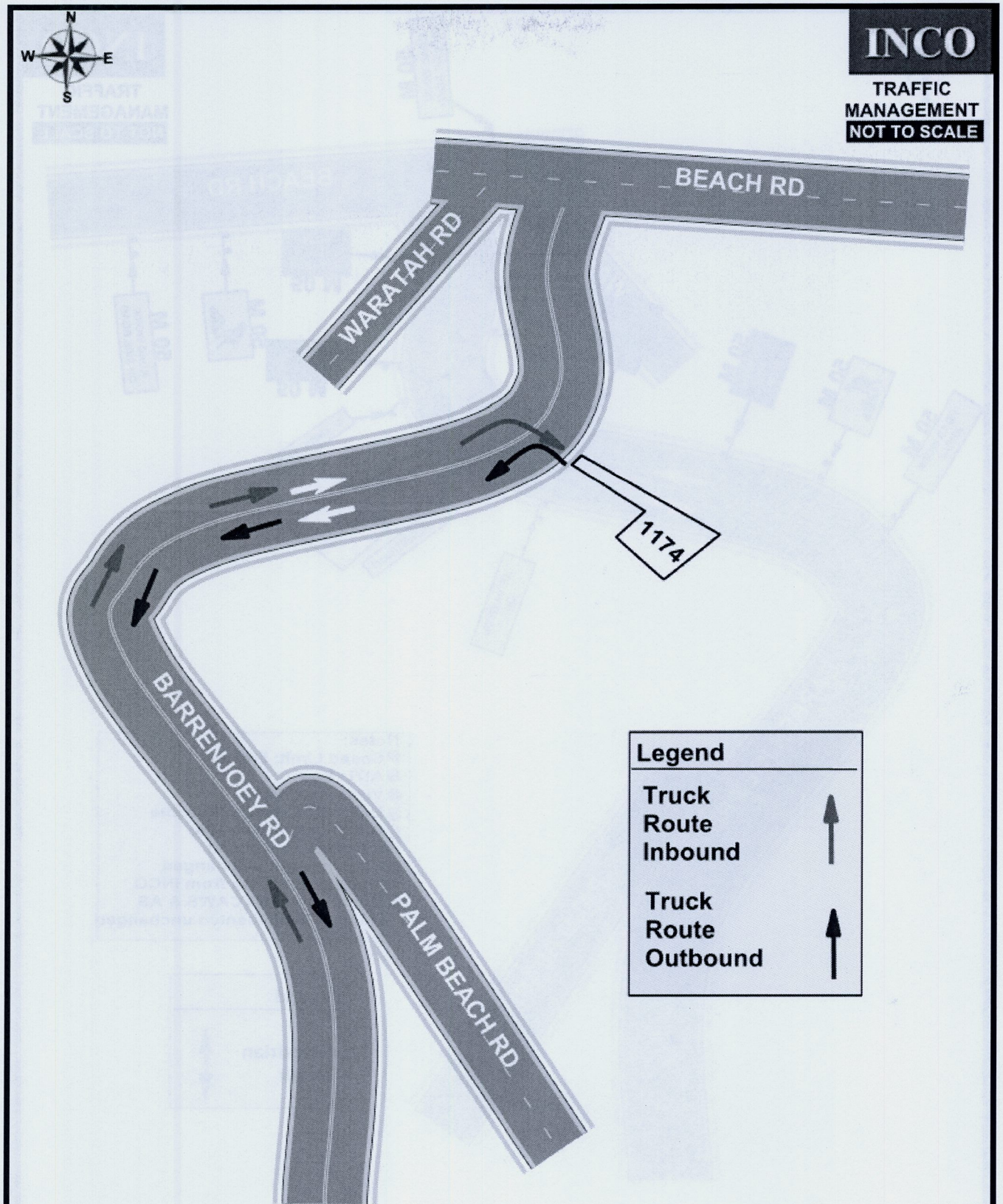



FIGURE 1: SITE PLAN




FIGURE 2: TRUCK ROUTES



Legend

Truck Route Inbound 

Truck Route Outbound 

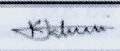
Plan by: K Jahromi INCO TRAFFIC MGT Ph: 0404 349 000 RMS #2243014318 Expiry 17/08/15 TC Plan No 2050	Client: RJC Contact: Rob Ph: 0411 355 000 Loc: Barrenjoey Rd Palm Beach Date: 13 Aug 14	Project: Construction of 1174 Barrenjoey Rd, Palm Beach Trucks entering and exiting. Truck routes as indicated. UBD Ref: 78/P15 Council Road 
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FIGURE 3: TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN - TRUCKS ENTERING AND EXITING

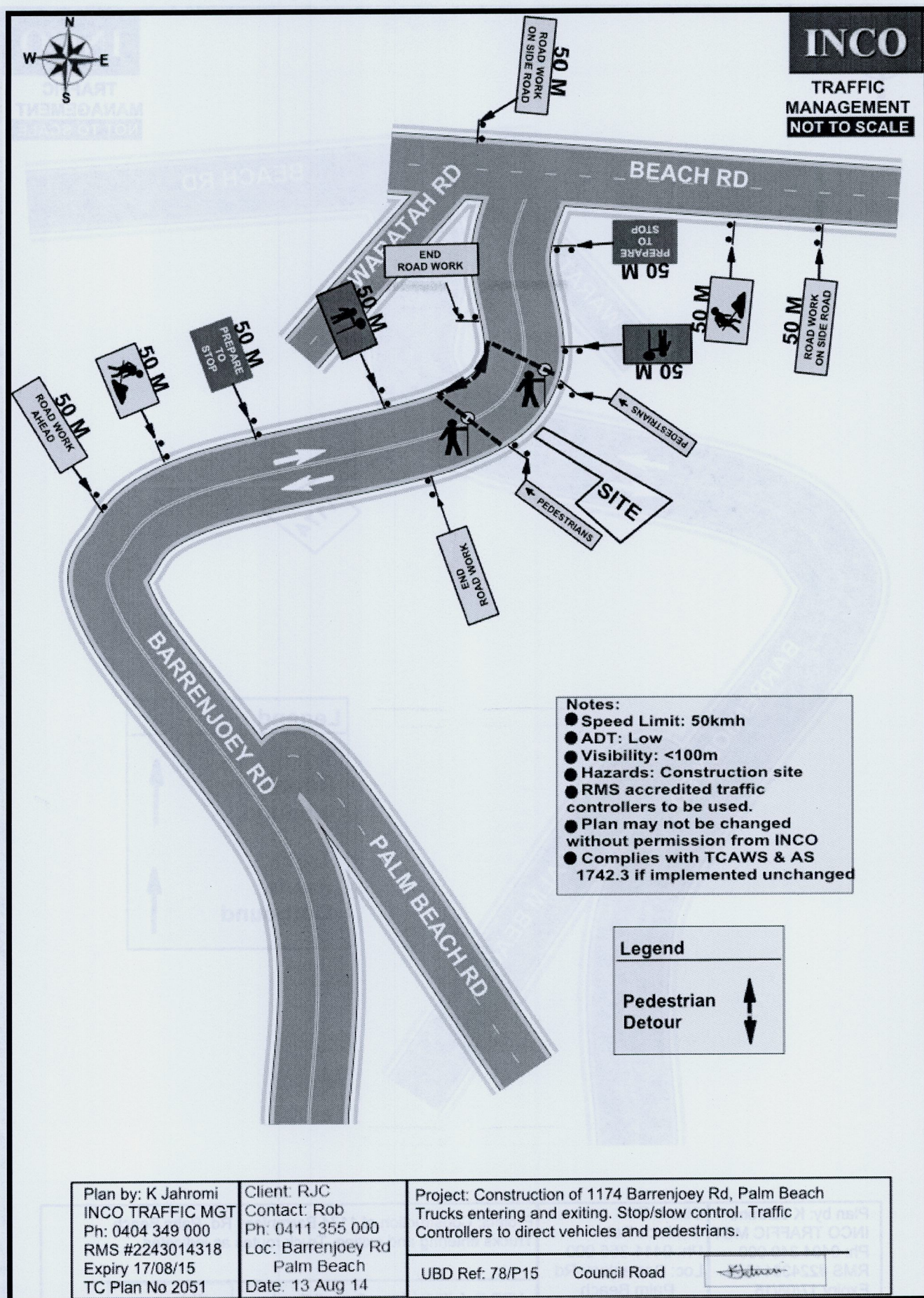
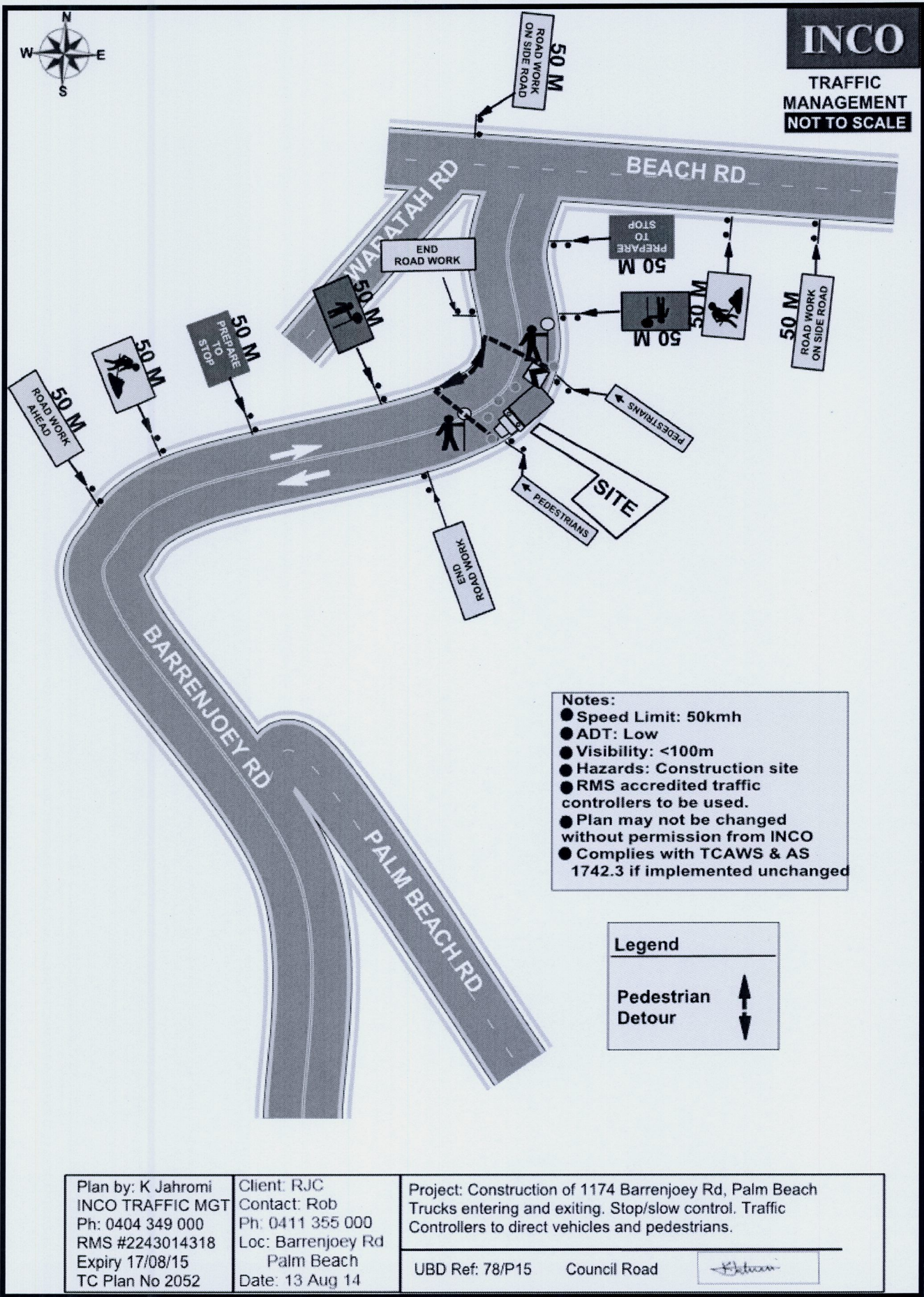


FIGURE 4: TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN - STAND PLANT





ACOR BUILDING
CONSULTANTS

DIAGNOSTICS

ENGINEERING

ASSET MANAGEMENT

Dilapidation Survey at 1176 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach September 2012

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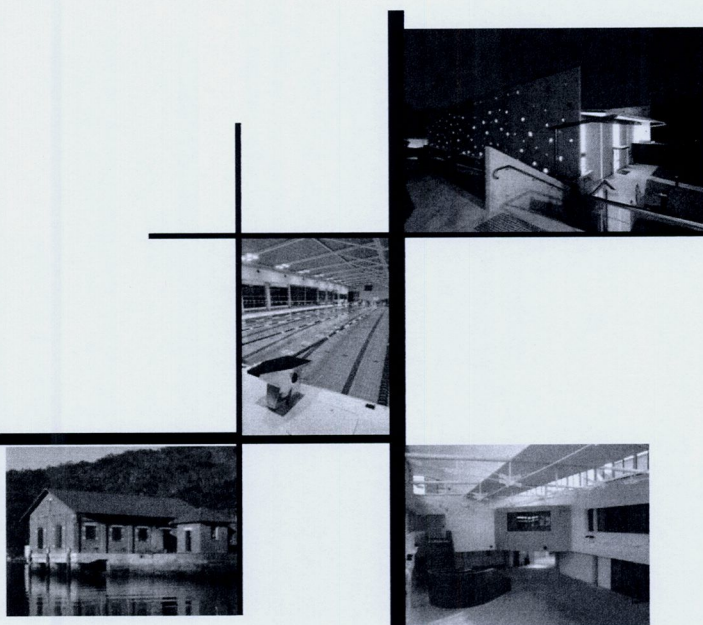
Brisbane

Central Coast

Western Sydney

Northern NSW

Adelaide



1176 Barrenjoey Road,
Palm Beach,
NSW 2108



Prepared by:
ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd
Andrew Barnett
(B.E. Civil)

Dated:

13th September 2012

Scope and Introduction

Address: 1176 Barrenjoey Road,
 Suburb: Palm Beach, NSW 2108
 Date of Survey: 13th September 2012

This report has been undertaken for and on the behalf of the client pertaining to the extensions and renovations of a residential building at 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach.

The report is representative of the condition of the structure and building at the time and date of the survey.

Dilapidation reports are prepared by qualified engineers, Building Consultants and personnel and are based on the information obtained from on-site inspections. This report has been prepared for a specific purpose:-

1. To record significant structural features which may be sensitive to the proposed development; and
2. To record the existing serviceability condition of the structure. These features are recorded as a reference to the pre-existing conditions in structural and / or non-structural elements.

This record is required to avoid possible disputes arising from damage that may or may not be caused by the works to 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach.

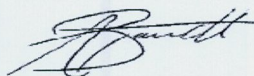
Disclaimer

This report was prepared by taking photographs of all visible defects. The author did not remove foliage, linings, covers and the like to inspect damage that may be hidden or concealed from view from a standing position. Nor did inspections take place in sub floor or roof spaces. All observations are made of the structure from the floor level only. The majority of hair line cracks are noted but not photographed due to clarity of the development process.

Authenticity

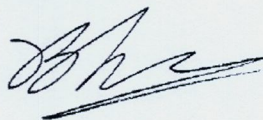
ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd hereby certifies that this report is an exact duplication of the report prepared for our client.

Signed...



Andrew Barnett
 Building Consultant / Engineer
 B.E. (Civil)

Reviewed...



Brendan Tran
 Building Consultant / Engineer
 B.E. (Civil)

The following photographs depict the current condition of the structure.

Dilapidation Survey

Report on Internal and External
aspects at
1176 Barrenjoey Road,
Palm Beach, NSW 2108
Thursday 13th September 2012.

Note:
For the purpose of this Report, the street
frontage of 1176 Barrenjoey Road,
Palm Beach is deemed to face North.





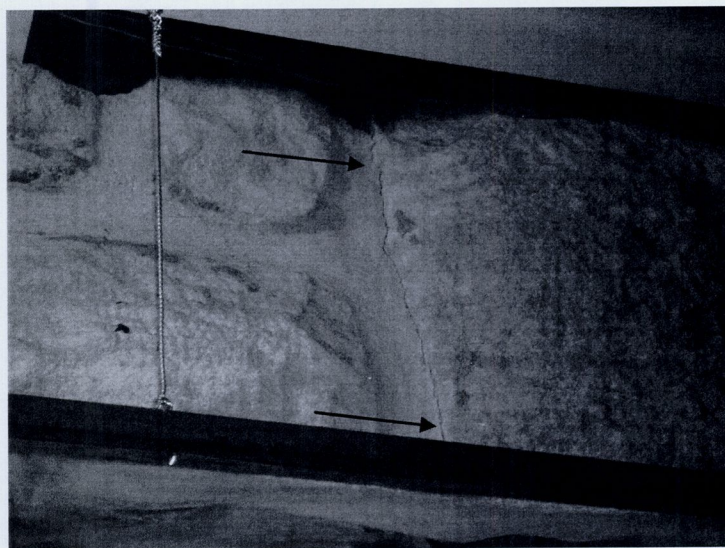
Photograph 1
Western Entrance
This photograph represents the general condition of the Western entrance of the dwelling.

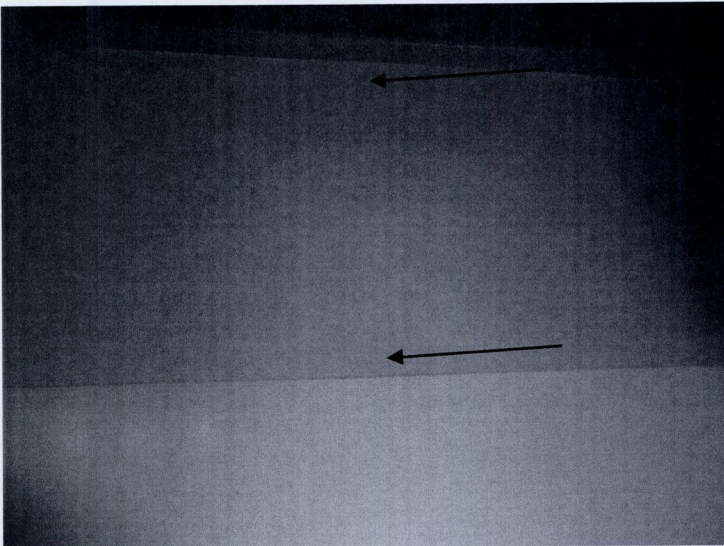
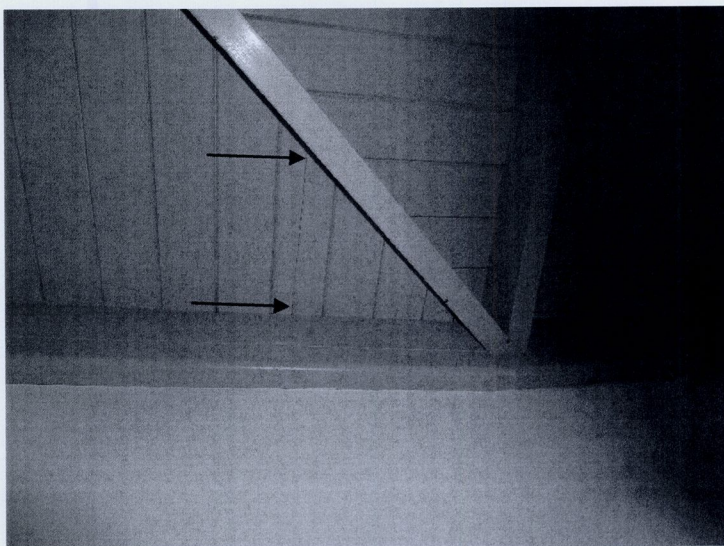
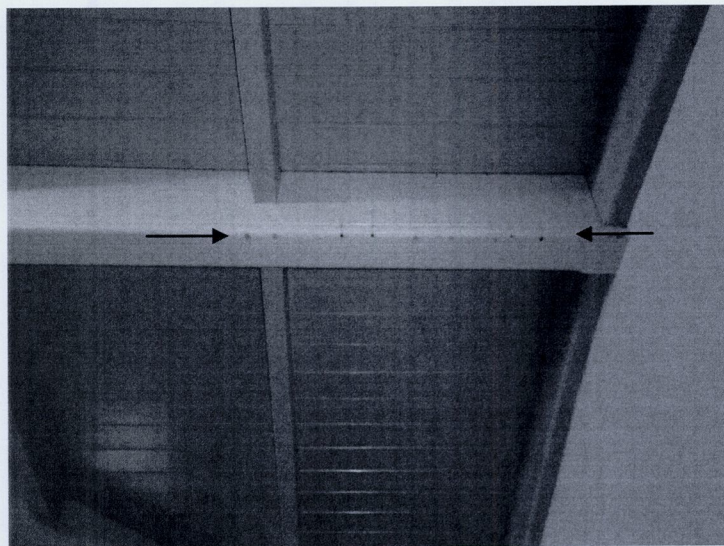


Photograph 2
Storage Area
This photograph represents the general condition of the Western storage area.



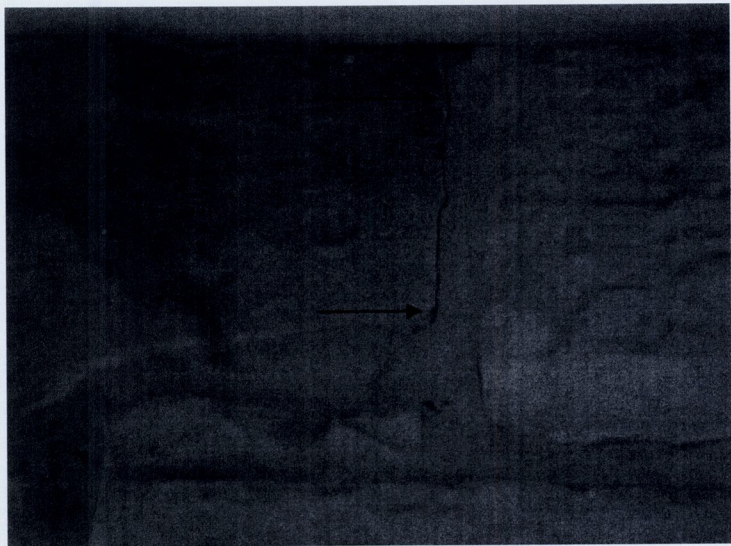
Photograph 3
Storage Area
This photograph represents the general condition of the Western storage area.

	<p>Photograph 4</p> <p><u>Entrance</u></p> <p>This photograph represents the general condition of the Western façade of the internal cottage.</p>
	<p>Photograph 5</p> <p><u>Entrance</u></p> <p>This photograph represents the general condition of the Western façade of the internal cottage.</p>
	<p>Photograph 6</p> <p><u>Entrance</u></p> <p>A hairline crack is evident to the mortar joint adjacent to the sandstone block above the RHS of the art piece.</p>

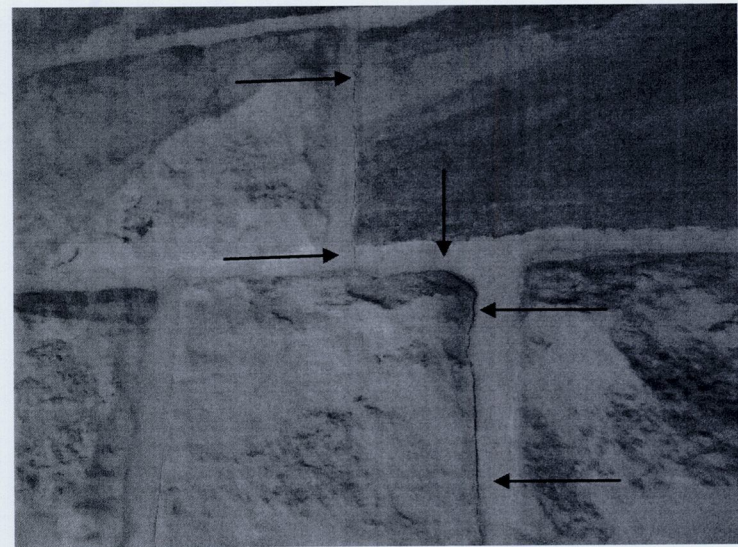
	<p>Photograph 7</p> <p><u>Entrance</u></p> <p>The vertical plasterboard joint is evident to the top RHS of the entry door.</p>
	<p>Photograph 8</p> <p><u>Entrance</u></p> <p>A crack is evident in the timber paling above the RHS of the entrance door.</p>
	<p>Photograph 9</p> <p><u>Entrance</u></p> <p>Evidence of water penetration above the entrance door.</p>



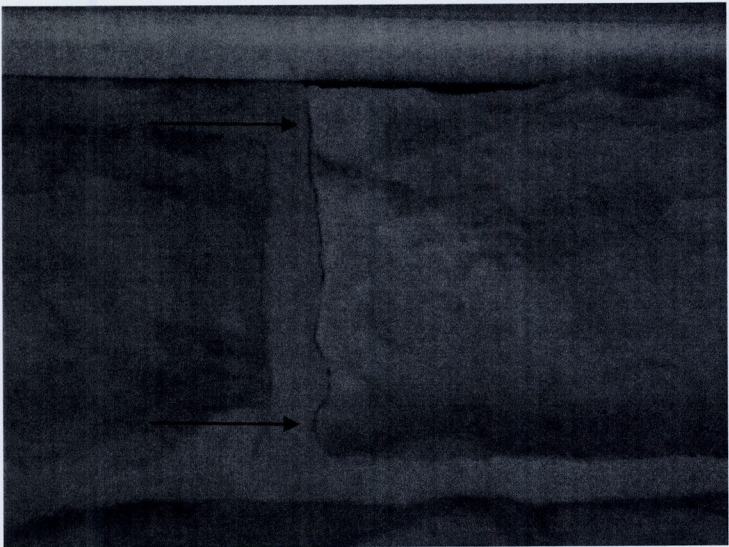
Photograph 10
Northern Passage
 This photograph represents the general condition of the Northern passage from the NW corner.



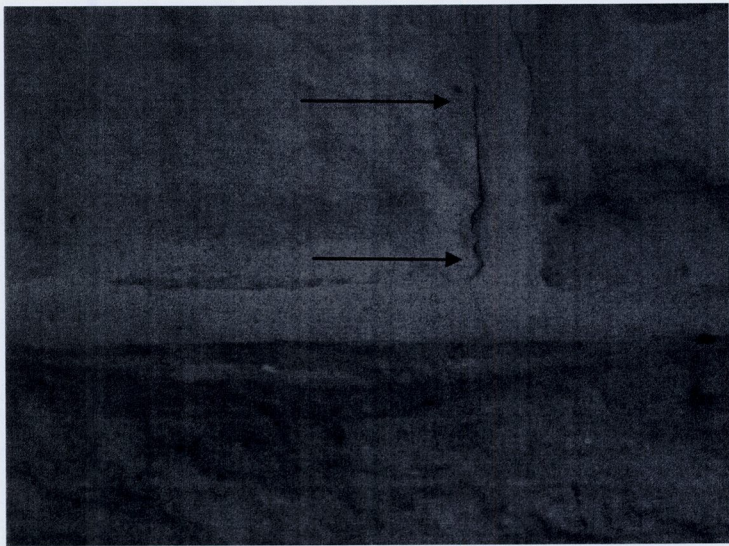
Photograph 11
Northern Passage
 A vertical crack is evident in the mortar joint to the RHS opening of the internal cottage.



Photograph 12
Northern Passage
 A vertical stepped crack is evident in mortar joint to the central part of the interior cottage.



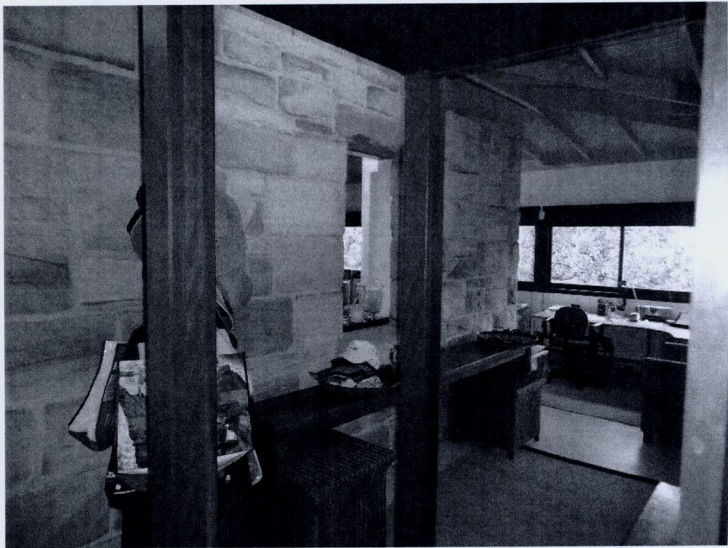
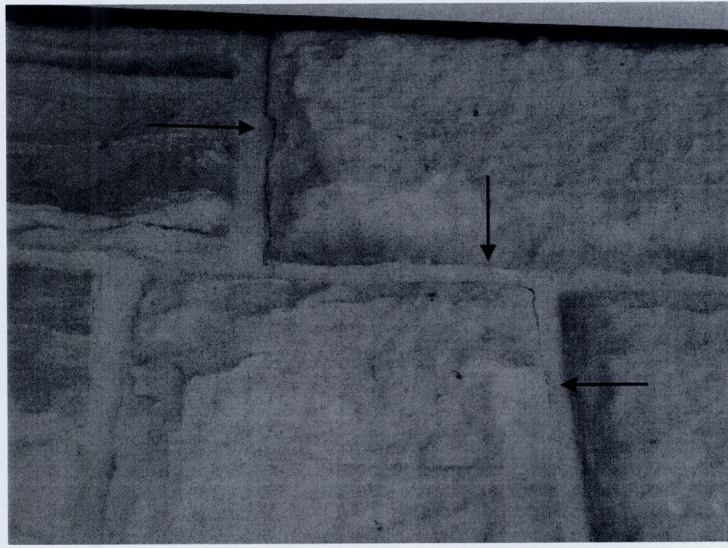
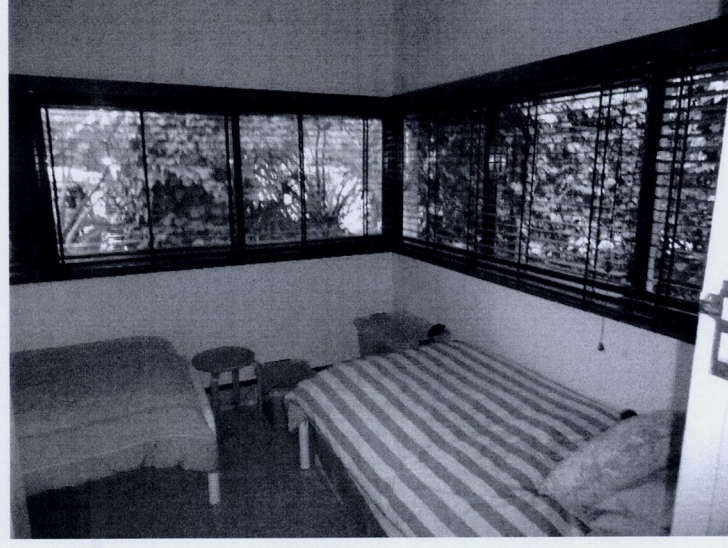
Photograph 13
Northern Passage
 A vertical crack is evident in the mortar joint to the top course sandstone block, central to the interior cottage.



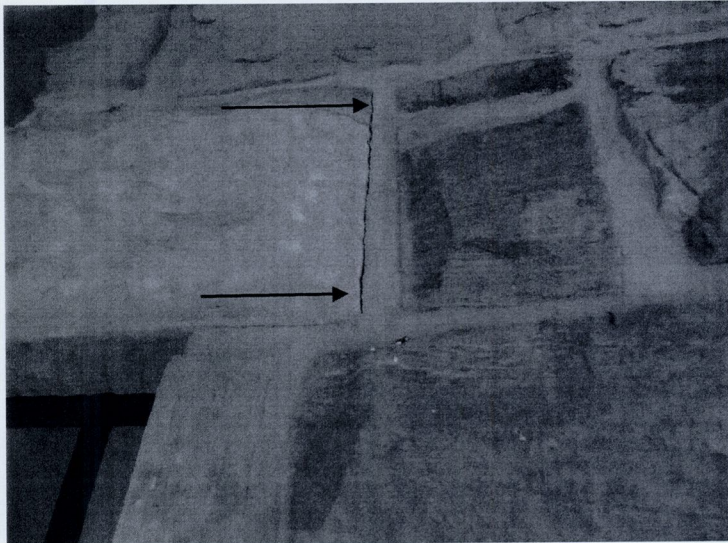


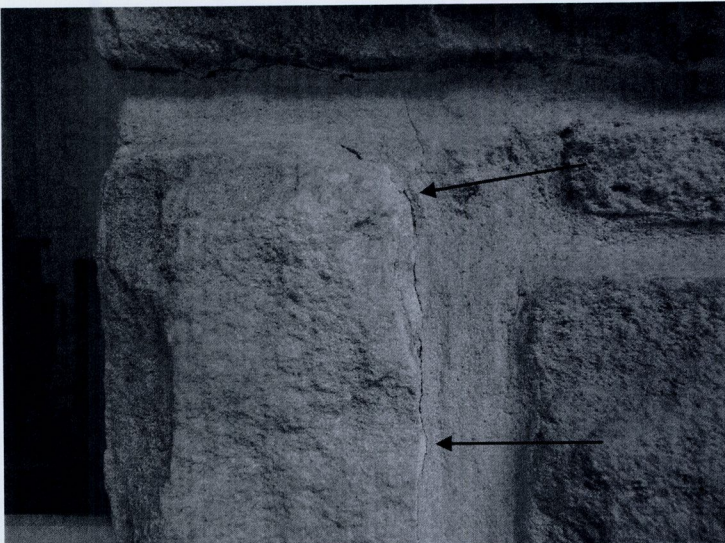


Photograph 14
Northern Passage
 A vertical crack is evident in the mortar joint to the sandstone block second from the ceiling, central to the interior cottage.

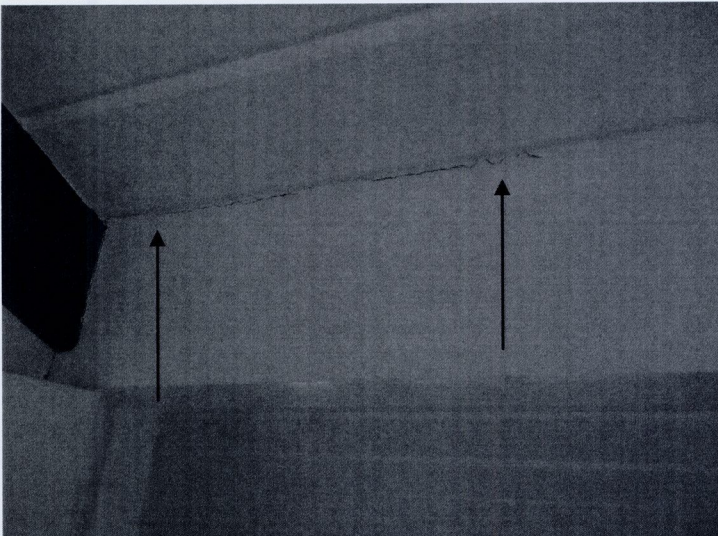
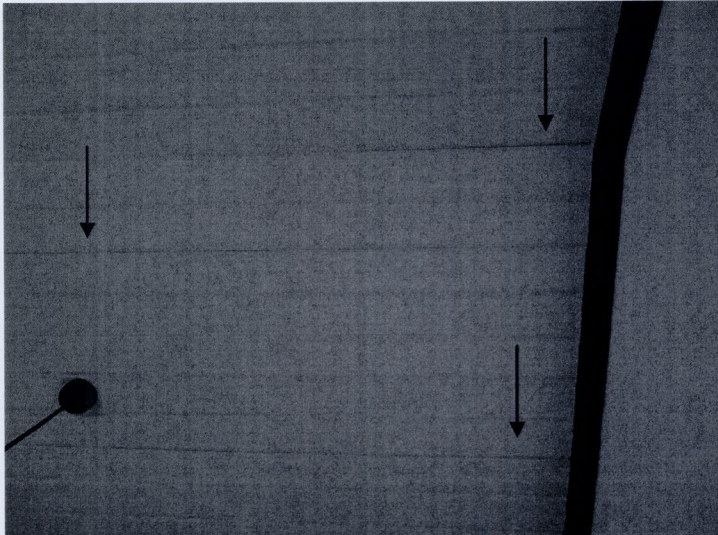
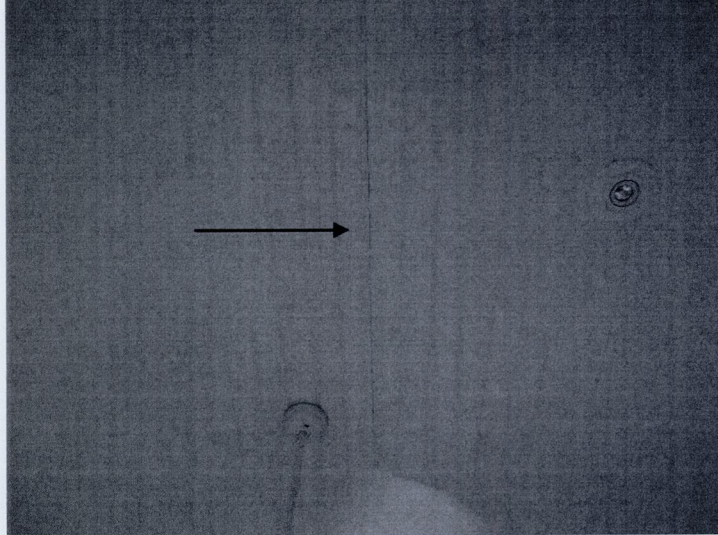


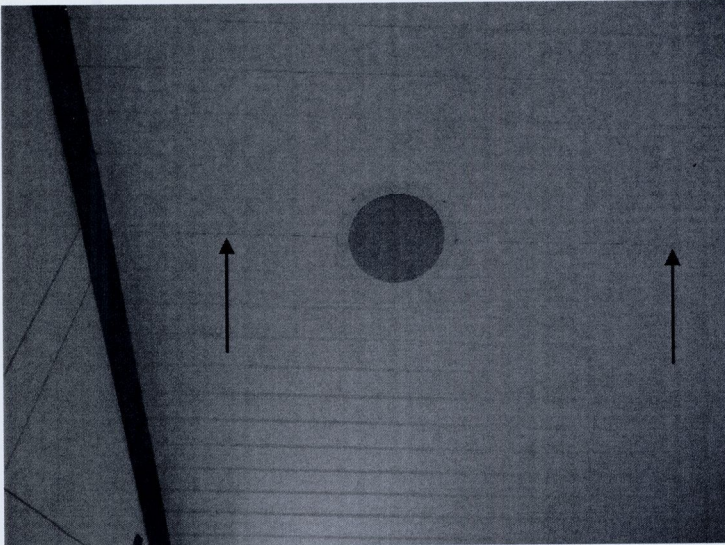
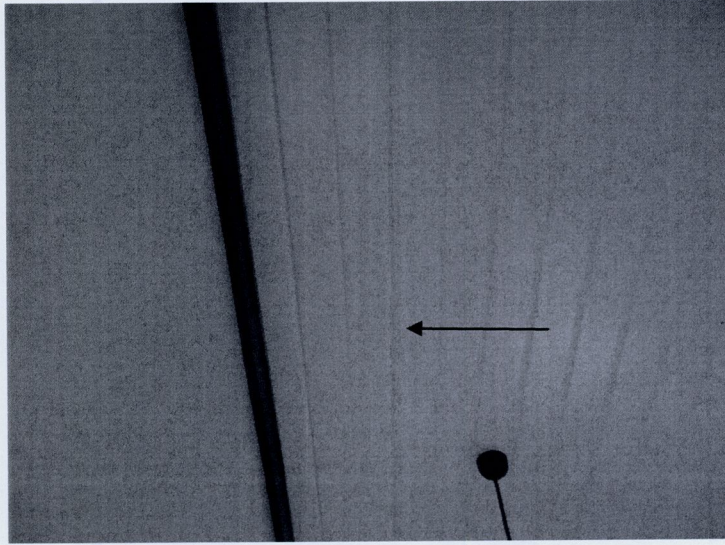
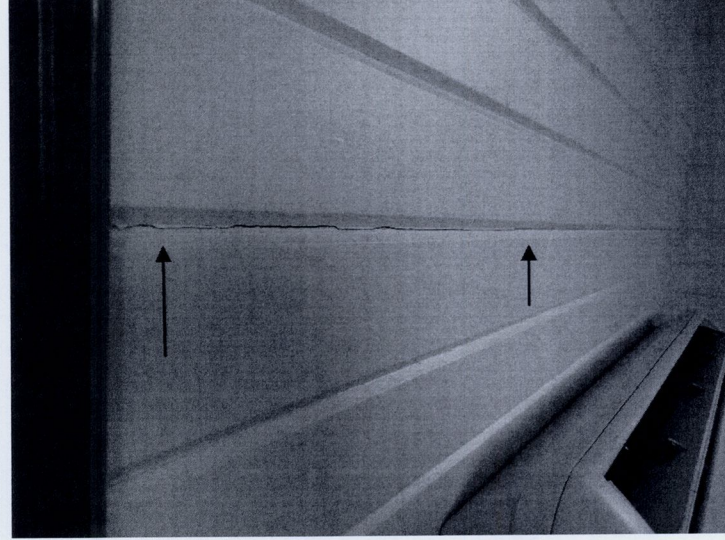
Photograph 15
Northern Passage
 This photograph represents the general condition of the Northern passage from the NE corner.

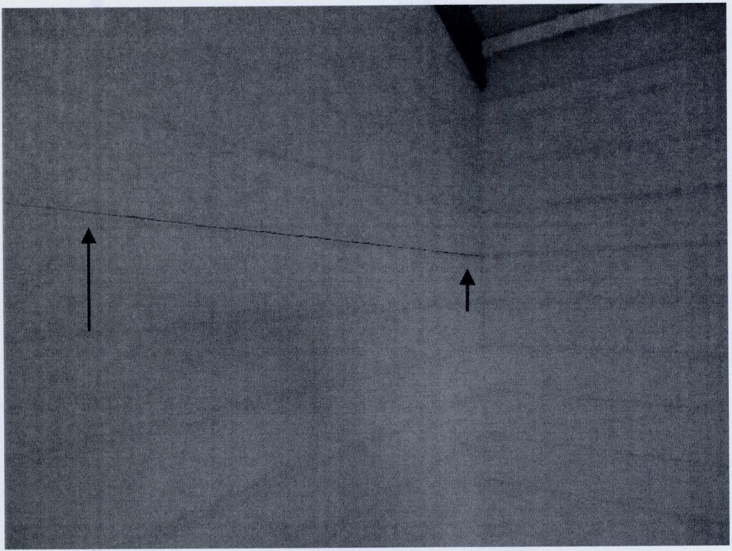
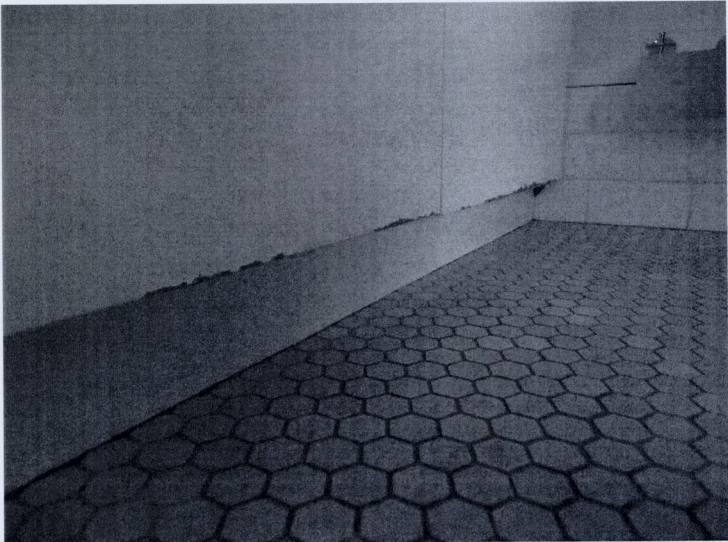

	<p>Photograph 16</p> <p><u>Eastern Passage</u></p> <p>This photograph represents the general condition of the Eastern passage from the SE corner.</p>
	<p>Photograph 17</p> <p><u>Eastern Passage</u></p> <p>A stepped crack is evident to the mortar joint to the top course of sandstone blocks to the interior cottage.</p>
	<p>Photograph 18</p> <p><u>First Guestroom</u></p> <p>This photograph represents the general condition of the SE ground floor guest bedroom.</p>

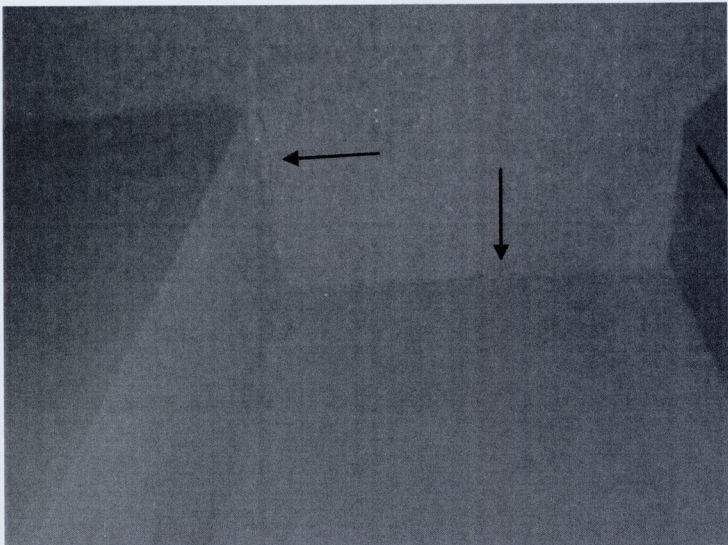
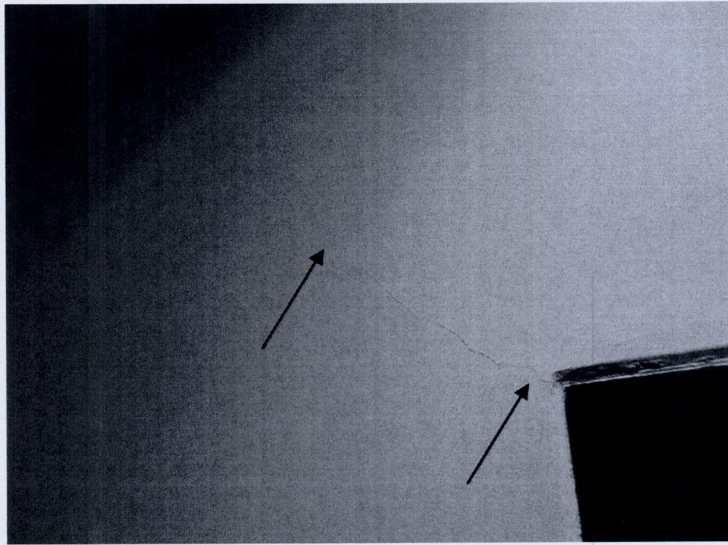

	<p>Photograph 19 <u>Second Guestroom</u> This photograph represents the general condition of the SE ground floor guest bedroom.</p>
	<p>Photograph 20 <u>Southern Passage</u> This photograph represents the general condition of the Southern passage from the SW corner.</p>
	<p>Photograph 21 <u>Southern Passage</u> A vertical crack is evident in the mortar joint above the RHS of the Westernmost opening.</p>

	<p>Photograph 22 <u>Southern Passage</u></p> <p>A hairline crack is evident in the mortar joint to the RHS of the Westernmost opening sill.</p>
	<p>Photograph 23 <u>Staircase</u></p> <p>A 1.5mm wide crack is evident on the eighth stair tread.</p>
	<p>Photograph 24 <u>Staircase</u></p> <p>A 0.75mm wide crack is evident on the eighth stair tread.</p>

	<p>Photograph 25</p> <p><u>Second Floor Common Area</u></p> <p>Flaking and delaminated paint is evident below the cornice above the stair landing of the staircase.</p>
	<p>Photograph 26</p> <p><u>Second Floor Common Area</u></p> <p>Cracks to the paintwork are evident in ceiling above the stair landing, adjacent to the master bedroom entrance.</p>
	<p>Photograph 27</p> <p><u>Master Bedroom</u></p> <p>Cracks to the paintwork are evident in ceiling.</p>

	<p>Photograph 28 <u>Master Bedroom</u> Cracks to the paintwork are evident in ceiling.</p>
	<p>Photograph 29 <u>Master Bedroom</u> Cracks to the paintwork are evident in ceiling.</p>
	<p>Photograph 30 <u>Master Bedroom</u> Cracks to the paintwork are evident to the RHS of the ensuite door.</p>

	<p>Photograph 31 <u>Master Bedroom</u> Cracks to the paintwork are evident to the RHS of the ensuite door.</p>
	<p>Photograph 32 <u>Master Bedroom Ensuite</u> Ensuite cupboards are frayed with delaminated paint along the bottom edges.</p>
	<p>Photograph 33 <u>Rooftop Landing</u> This photograph represents the general condition of the lookout.</p>

	<p>Photograph 34 <u>Internal Cottage</u> Hairline cracks are evident at the ceiling – wall junction adjacent to the fireplace.</p>
	<p>Photograph 35 <u>Internal Cottage</u> A paint defect is evident to the top LHS of the Southern door opening.</p>
	<p>Photograph 36 <u>Internal Cottage</u> Bubbling paint is evident to the lower LHS of the SW opening timber sill.</p>



Photograph 37
Northern Elevation
This photograph represents the general condition of the driveway sandstone retaining wall.



Photograph 38
Northern Elevation
This photograph represents the general condition of the garden retaining wall and entrance pathway.



Photograph 39
Northern Elevation
This photograph represents the general condition of the Northern façade of the dwelling, from the NW corner.



Photograph 40
Northern Elevation
This photograph represents the general condition of the Northern façade of the dwelling, from the NE corner.



Photograph 41
Eastern Elevation
This photograph represents the general condition of the Eastern façade of the dwelling, from the NE corner.



Photograph 42
Eastern Elevation
Loose sandstone cappings were evident to the Eastern planterbox.



Photograph 43
Eastern Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the Eastern pathway.



Photograph 44
Southern Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the Southern façade of the dwelling, from the SE corner.



Photograph 45
Southern Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the Southern façade of the dwelling, from the SE corner.



Photograph 46
Southern Elevation
This photograph represents the general condition of the Southern façade.



Photograph 47
Southern Elevation
This photograph represents the general condition of the rear courtyard.



Photograph 48
Southern Elevation
This photograph represents the general condition of the rear stone retaining wall.



Photograph 49
Southern Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the rear stone retaining wall.



Photograph 50
Southern Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the unbound stone retaining wall to the rear pathway.



Photograph 51
Western Elevation

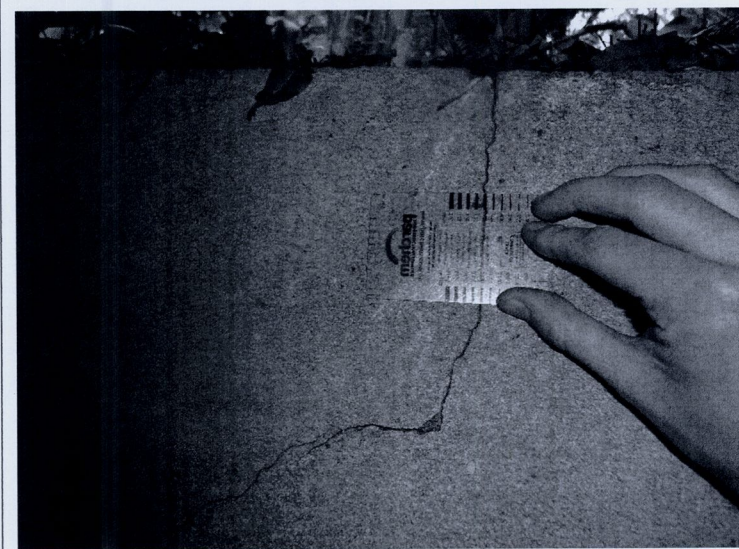
This photograph represents the general condition of the unbound stone retaining wall to the SW rear pathway.



Photograph 52

Western Elevation

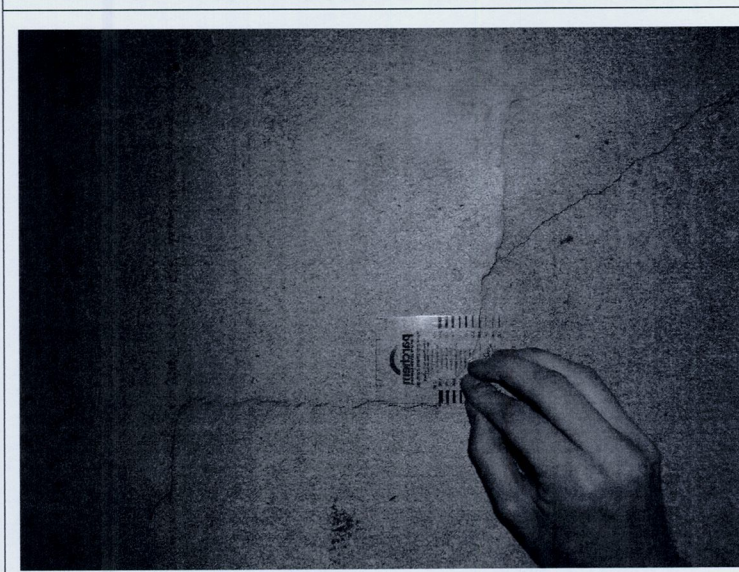
This photograph represents the general condition of the unbound stone retaining wall to the SW rear pathway.



Photograph 53

Western Elevation

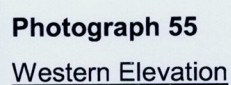
A 1.0mm wide stepped crack is evident in the SW blockwork retaining wall.



Photograph 54

Western Elevation

A 0.75mm wide stepped crack is evident in the SW blockwork retaining wall.



Photograph 56
Western Elevation

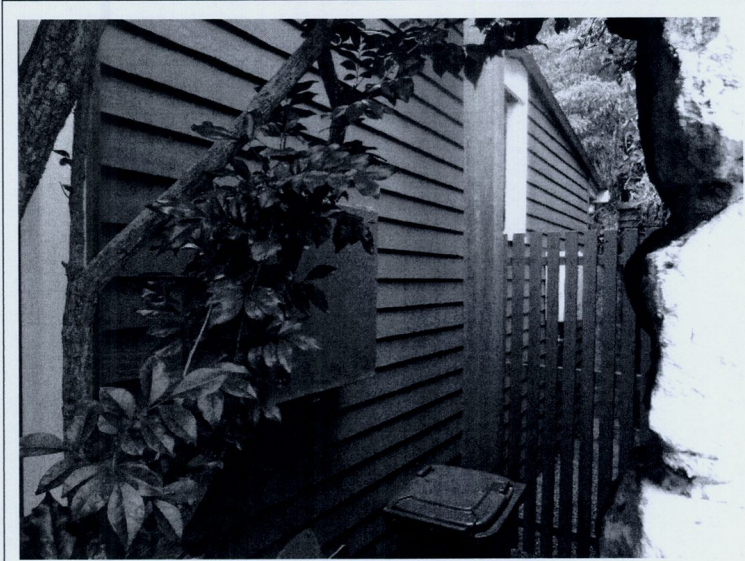
Photograph 57
Western Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the Western walkway.



Photograph 58
Western Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the Western façade.



Photograph 59
Western Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the western facade of the dwelling.



Photograph 60
Western Elevation

A diagonal crack was noted in the weatherboard adjacent to the external tap, to the NW corner of the dwelling.



Photograph 61
Western Boundary
This photograph represents the general condition of the Western garden and boundary.



Photograph 62
Western Boundary
This photograph represents the general condition of the unbound stone retaining wall and walkway.



Photograph 63
Western Boundary
This photograph represents the general condition of the garden.



Photograph 64
Western Boundary
This photograph represents the general condition of the garden.



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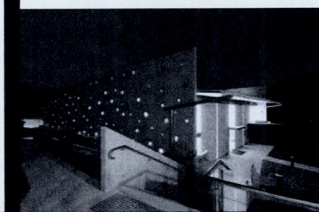
Central Coast

Western Sydney

Northern NSW

Adelaide

Dilapidation Survey at 1174a Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach September 2012



1174a Barrenjoey Road,
Palm Beach,
NSW 2108



Prepared by:
ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd
Andrew Barnett
(B.E. Civil)

Dated:

13th September 2012

Scope and Introduction

Address: 1174a Barrenjoey Road,

Suburb: Palm Beach, NSW 2108

Date of Survey: 13th September 2012

This report has been undertaken for and on the behalf of the client pertaining to the extensions and renovations of a residential building at 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach.

The report is representative of the condition of the structure and building at the time and date of the survey.

Dilapidation reports are prepared by qualified engineers, Building Consultants and personnel and are based on the information obtained from on-site inspections. This report has been prepared for a specific purpose:-

1. To record significant structural features which may be sensitive to the proposed development; and
2. To record the existing serviceability condition of the structure. These features are recorded as a reference to the pre-existing conditions in structural and / or non-structural elements.

This record is required to avoid possible disputes arising from damage that may or may not be caused by the works to 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach.

Disclaimer

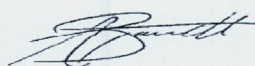
This report was prepared by taking photographs of all visible defects. The author did not remove foliage, linings, covers and the like to inspect damage that may be hidden or concealed from view from a standing position. Nor did inspections take place in sub floor or roof spaces. All observations are made of the structure from the floor level only. The majority of hair line cracks are noted but not photographed due to clarity of the development process.

Authenticity

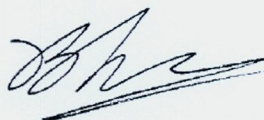
ACOR Consultants Pty Ltd hereby certifies that this report is an exact duplication of the report prepared for our client.

Signed...

Reviewed...

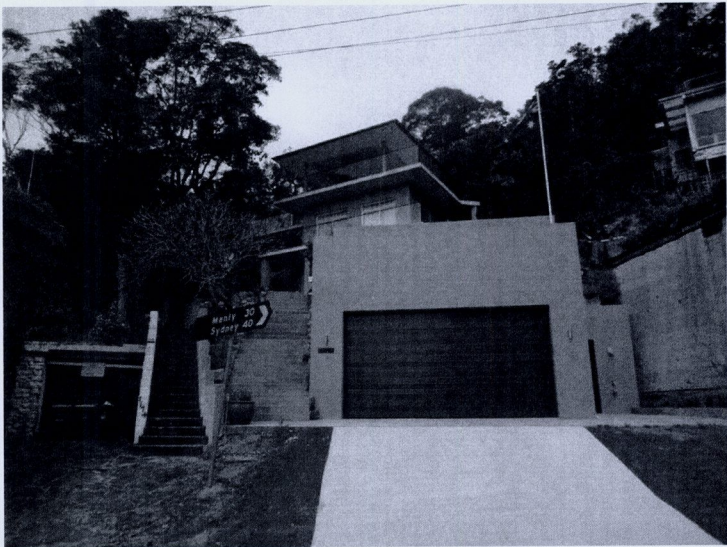


Andrew Barnett
Building Consultant / Engineer
B.E. (Civil)



Brendan Tran
Building Consultant / Engineer
B.E. (Civil)

The following photographs depict the current condition of the structure.



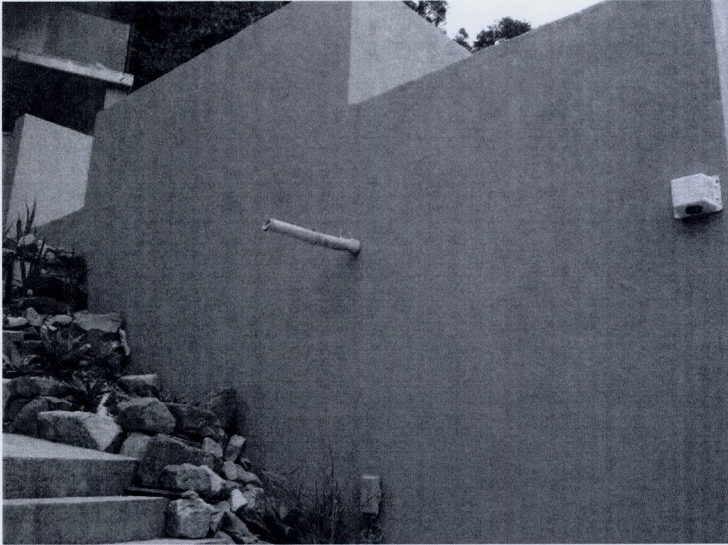
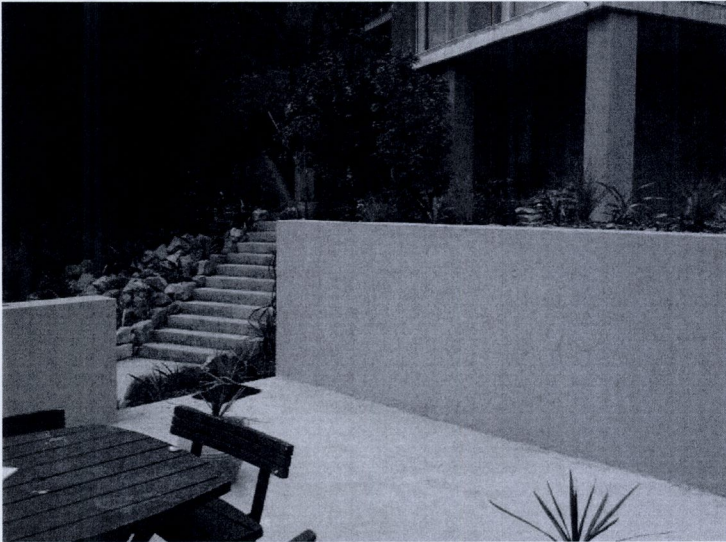
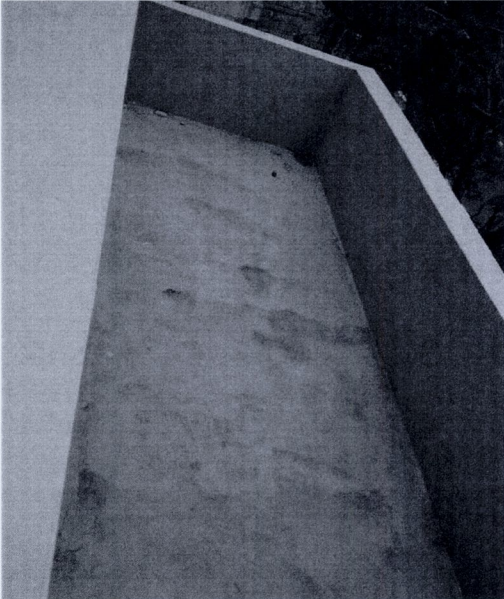
Photograph 1
Garage
 This photograph represents the general condition of the Northern façade of the garage from street level.



Photograph 2
Garage
 This photograph represents the general condition of the Western façade of the garage from ground level.

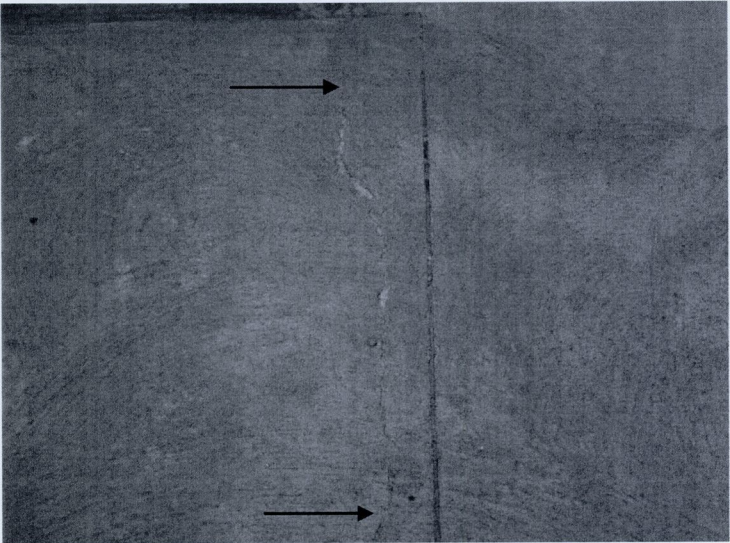


Photograph 3
Garage
 This photograph represents the general condition of the Western façade and bin storage area from ground level.

	<p>Photograph 4</p> <p><u>Garage</u></p> <p>This photograph represents the general condition of the Eastern façade of the ground level garage.</p>
	<p>Photograph 5</p> <p><u>Garage</u></p> <p>This photograph represents the general condition of the terrace above the garage.</p>
	<p>Photograph 6</p> <p><u>Garage</u></p> <p>This photograph represents the general condition of the terrace above the garage.</p>



Photograph 7
Northern Elevation
This photograph represents the general condition of the entrance staircase from street level.



Photograph 8
Northern Elevation
A concrete shrinkage crack was noted to the RHS side of the concrete pavement at the base of the entrance staircase.



Photograph 9
Northern Elevation
A hole is evident in the concrete blockwork above the second tread of the entrance staircase.



Photograph 10
Northern Elevation
 This photograph represents the general condition of the Northern façade from the entrance staircase on ground level.



Photograph 11
Northern Elevation
 This photograph represents the general condition of the Northern façade from the first level balcony deck.



Photograph 12
Northern Elevation
 This photograph represents the general condition of the Northern façade from the second level balcony deck.



Photograph 13
Eastern Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the entrance staircase and garden along the Eastern boundary.



Photograph 14
Eastern Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the concrete block retaining wall extending to street level along the Eastern boundary.



Photograph 15
Eastern Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the concrete block retaining wall extending to the rear of the property along the Eastern boundary.



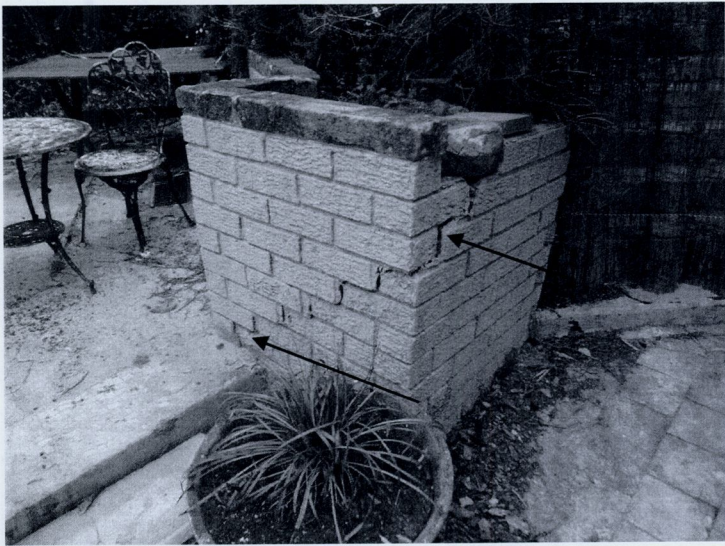
Photograph 16
Eastern Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the red brick masonry retaining wall.



Photograph 17
Eastern Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the staircase and garden along the Eastern boundary.



Photograph 18
Eastern Elevation

A stepped masonry crack is evident to the planterbox on the Eastern terrace.



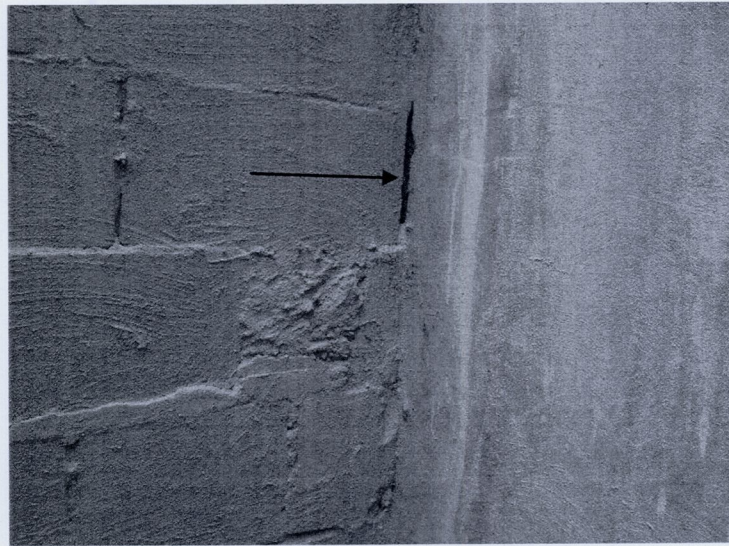
Photograph 19
Eastern Elevation

A gap approximately 70mm wide is evident between the masonry and block walls.



Photograph 20
Eastern Elevation

A gap approximately 10mm is evident to the base of the blockwall supporting the entrance landing.

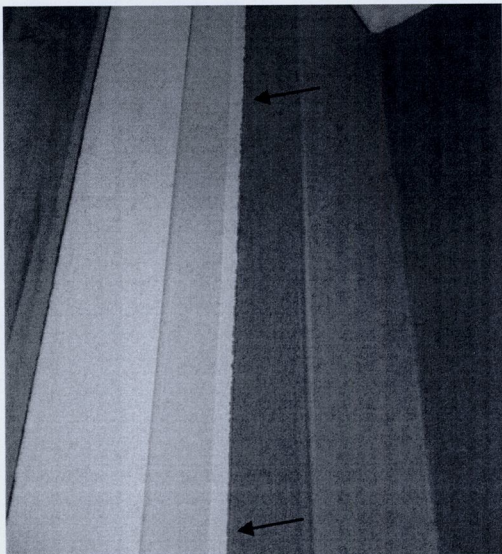


Photograph 21
Eastern Elevation

A gap approximately 10mm is evident mid height to the blockwall supporting the entrance landing.



Photograph 22
Eastern Elevation
 This photograph represents the general condition of the Eastern terrace and garden along the Eastern boundary.



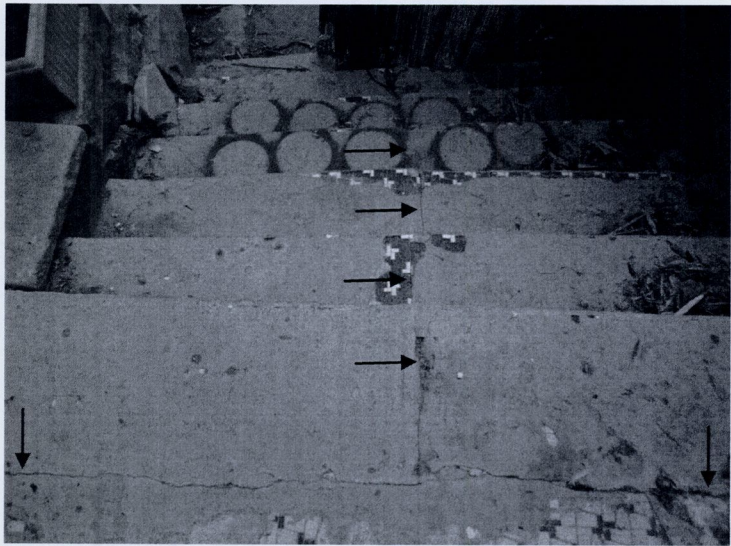
Photograph 23
Eastern Elevation
 A separation is evident between the jamb and render of the balcony access door to second level balcony deck.



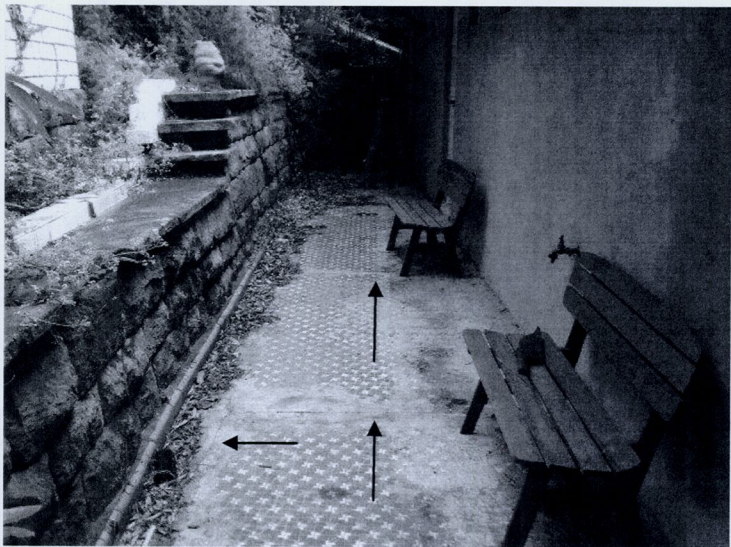
Photograph 24
Eastern Elevation
 This photograph represents the general condition of the Eastern façade from ground floor level.



Photograph 25
Eastern Elevation
 This photograph represents the general condition of the rear Eastern façade from ground floor level.



Photograph 26
Eastern Elevation
 Various cracks are evident in the rear Eastern staircase.



Photograph 27
Southern Elevation
 Various transverse and longitudinal cracks are evident to the rear pathway.



Photograph 28
Southern Elevation
 This photograph represents the general condition of the stone retaining wall to the rear of the property.



Photograph 29
Southern Elevation
 This photograph represents the general condition of the stone retaining wall in the SW corner.



Photograph 30
Western Elevation
 This photograph represents the general condition of the rear stone retaining wall and pathway along the Western boundary.



Photograph 31
Western Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the stone retaining wall and pathway along the Western boundary.



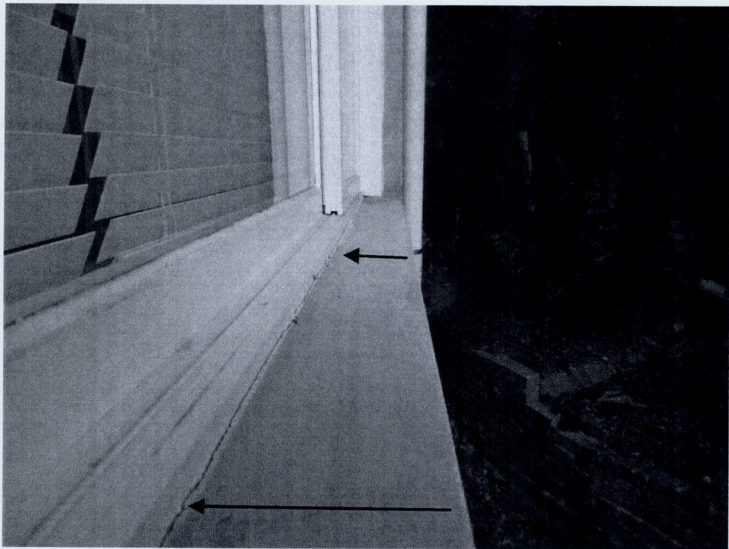
Photograph 32
Western Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the blockwork retaining walls.



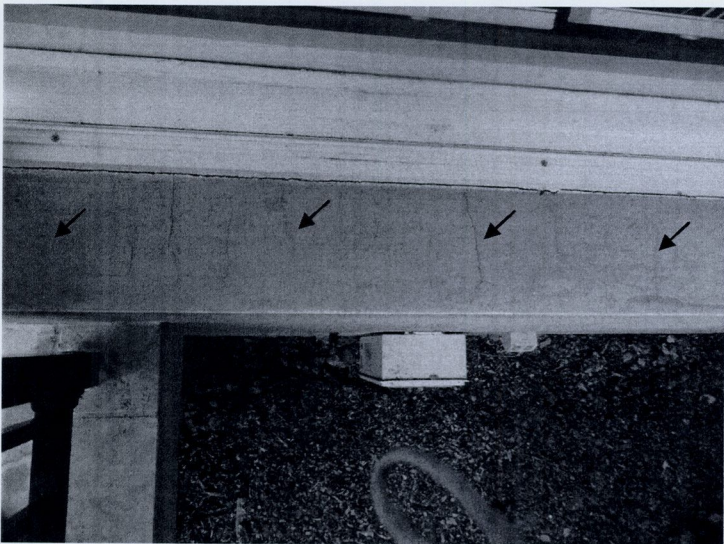
Photograph 33
Western Elevation

This photograph represents the general condition of the Western façade from the first level balcony deck.



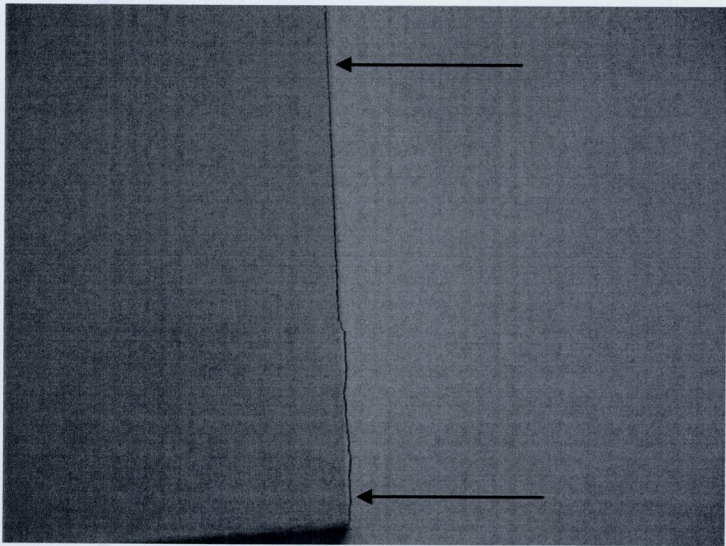
Photograph 34
Western Elevation

A render crack is evident to the window sill adjoining the second level dining area.



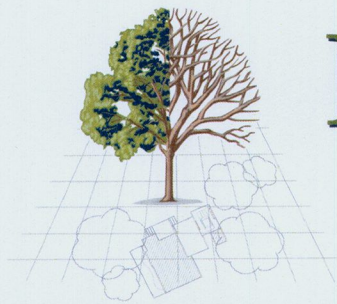
Photograph 35
Western Elevation

Various hairline render cracks are evident to the window sill adjoining the second level dining area.



Photograph 36
Staircase

A vertical crack is evident in plasterboard above the timber staircase leading up to the third level.



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ARBORICULTURAL IMPACT APPRAISAL AND METHOD STATEMENT

21 June 2011

1174 Barrenjoey Road
Palm Beach, NSW

Prepared for
Winten (No 38) Pty Ltd

Summary

The proposed development involves the construction of a new driveway access and car parking area at 1174, Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach. I have inspected all the trees that could be affected and list their details in Appendix 2. Based on this information, I provided guidance to the project architect on the constraints these trees impose on the use of the site. The current layout is a result of this detailed consultation and has evolved taking full account of these constraints.

Two high category trees and seven low category trees will be lost because of this proposal. A comprehensive landscaping scheme to mitigate these losses is proposed that will include the planting of new trees. The proposed changes may adversely affect a further three low category trees if appropriate protective measures are not taken. However, if adequate precautions to protect the retained trees are specified and implemented through the arboricultural method statement included in this report, the impact of proposed development on these trees can be minimised. None of the trees required to be removed are indigenous to this locality or are component species of threatened vegetation communities.

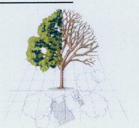


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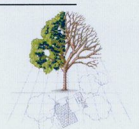
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1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 **Instruction:** I am instructed by Susan Rothwell Architects to inspect the significant trees at 1174 Barrenjoey Road, Palm Beach and to provide an arboricultural report to accompany a development application. This report investigates the impact of the proposed development on trees and provides the following guidelines for appropriate tree management and protective measures:
- a schedule of the relevant trees to include basic data and a condition assessment;
 - an appraisal of the impact of the proposal on trees and any resulting impact that has on local character and amenity;
 - a preliminary arboricultural method statement setting out appropriate protective measures and management for trees to be retained
- 1.2 **Purpose of this report:** This report provides an analysis of the impact of the development proposal on trees with additional guidance on appropriate management and protective measures. Its primary purpose is for the council to review the tree information in support of the planning submission and use as the basis for issuing a planning consent or engaging in further discussions towards that end. Within this planning process, it will be available for inspection by people other than tree experts so the information is presented to be helpful to those without a detailed knowledge of the subject.
- 1.3 **Qualifications and experience:** I have based this report on my site observations and the provided information, and I have come to conclusions in the light of my experience. I have experience and qualifications in arboriculture, and include a summary in Appendix 1.
- 1.4 **Documents and information provided:** Susan Rothwell Architects provided me with copies of the following documents:
- Plan Driveway, Dwg No. srBR-100, dated 29 March 2011;
 - Survey, Dwg No. srBR-001, by Susan Rothwell Architects dated 24 February 2011.
- 1.6 **Scope of this report:** This report is only concerned with twelve trees, all located within the subject site. It takes no account of other trees, shrubs or groundcovers within the site unless stated otherwise. It includes a detailed assessment based on the site visit and the documents provided, listed in 1.4 above.



2. THE LAYOUT DESIGN

- 2.1 **Tree AZ method of tree assessment:** The TreeAZ assessment method determines the worthiness of trees in the planning process. TreeAZ is based on a systematic method of assessing whether individual trees are important and how much weight they should be given in management considerations. Simplistically, trees assessed as potentially important are categorised as 'A' and those assessed as less important are categorised as 'Z'. Further explanation of TreeAZ can be found in Appendix 3.

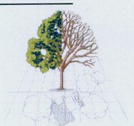
In the context of new development, all the Z trees are discounted as a material constraint in layout design. All the A trees are potentially important and they dictate the design constraints. This relatively simple constraints information is suitable for use by the architect to optimise the retention of the best trees in the context of other material considerations.

2.2 Site visit and collection of data

- 2.2.1 **Site visit:** I carried out an unaccompanied site visit on 13 June 2011. All my observations were from ground level without detailed investigations and I estimated all dimensions unless otherwise indicated. The weather at the time of inspection was windy and damp with average visibility.
- 2.2.2 **Brief site description:** 1174 Barrenjoey Road is located in the residential suburb of Palm Beach (refer figure 1). The site is on the eastern side of the road and surrounded by similar residential development. The property consists of a large house that is currently unoccupied set to the rear of a long narrow and steep garden. The garden slopes steeply downwards from the rear boundary to the front and is exposed to the west. There is a narrow watercourse running along the northern boundary.



Figure 1: The location of the subject site (www.Whereis.com.au).



2.2.3 **Collection of basic data:** I inspected each tree and have collected information on species, height, diameter, maturity and potential for contribution to amenity in a development context. I have recorded this information in the tree schedule included, with explanatory notes, in Appendix 2. Each tree was then allocated to one of four categories (**AA**, **A**, **Z** or **ZZ**), which reflected its suitability as a material constraint on development.

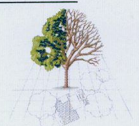
I stress that my inspection was of a preliminary nature and did not involve any climbing or detailed investigation beyond what was visible from accessible points at ground level.

2.2.4 **Identification and location of the trees:** I have illustrated the locations of the significant trees on the Tree Management Plan (Plan TMP01) included as Appendix 8. This plan is for illustrative purposes only and it should not be used for directly scaling measurements.

2.2.5 **Advanced interpretation of data:** Australian Standard *Protection of trees on development sites* (AS4970-2009), recommends that the trunk diameter measurement for each tree is used to calculate the tree protection zone (TPZ), which can then be interpreted to identify the design constraints and, once a layout has been consented, the exclusion zone is to be protected by barriers.

2.3 **The use of the tree information in layout design:** Following my inspection of the trees, the information listed in Appendix 2 was used to provide constraints guidance based on the locations of all the A trees. All the Z trees were discounted because they were not considered worthy of being a material constraint. This guidance identified two zones of constraint based on the following considerations:

- The tree protection zone (TPZ) is an area where ground disturbance must be carefully controlled. The TPZ was established according to the recommendations set out in AS4970-2009. These recommendations quantify the TPZ based on trunk diameter and crown projection. In principle, a maximum encroachment of 10% is acceptable within the TPZ and a high level of care is needed during any activities that are authorised within it if important trees are to be successfully retained.
- The structural root zone (SRZ) is a radial distance from the centre of a tree's trunk, where it is likely that structural, woody roots would be encountered. The distance is generally based on trunk diameter, although this varies with tree height, crown area, soil type and soil moisture. The SRZ may also be influenced by natural or built structures, such as rocks and footings. The SRZ only needs to be calculated when major encroachment (>10%) into a TPZ is proposed.



3. ARBORICULTURAL IMPACT APPRAISAL

3.1 **Summary of the impact on trees:** I have assessed the impact of the proposal on trees by the extent of disturbance in TPZs and the encroachment of structures into the SRZ (as set out briefly in 2.3 above and more extensively in Appendix 2). All the trees that may be affected by the development proposal are listed in Table 1

Table 1: Summary of trees that may be affected by development

Impact	Reason	Important trees		Unimportant trees	
		AA	A	Z	ZZ
Retained trees that may be affected through disturbance to TPZs	Removal of existing surfacing/structures and installation of new driveway.			3, 7, 9	
Trees to be removed	Driveway construction and level variations within TPZ		1, 2	4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12	

3.2 Detailed impact appraisal

3.2.1 **Category A trees to be lost:** Trees 1 and 2 are good trees but are located within the footprint of the proposed driveway. It is proposed to mitigate their loss with new tree plantings around the site.

3.2.2 **Category Z trees that could potentially be adversely affected through TPZ disturbance:** Trees 3, 7 and 9 can be retained and protected if desired. The proposal is to build a new driveway and retaining walls near them. These changes may cause harm if not carried out with care. I have reviewed the situation carefully and my experience is that this tree could be successfully retained without any adverse effects if appropriate protective measures are properly specified and controlled through a detailed arboricultural method statement. It should be noted that these trees are classified as undesirable species within the Pittwater Council area.

3.2.3 **Other trees to be removed:** Trees 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11 and 12 will be removed but are category Z because they are either dead, dying or are listed as undesirable species within the Pittwater local government area.

3.3 Proposals to mitigate any impact

3.3.1 **Protection of retained trees:** The successful retention of trees within the site will depend on the quality of the protection and the administrative procedures to ensure protective measures remain in place throughout the development. An



effective way of doing this is through an arboricultural method statement that can be specifically referred to in the planning condition. An arboricultural method statement for this site is set out in detail in Section 4.

- 3.3.2 **New planting:** In the context of the loss of trees, a comprehensive new landscaping scheme is proposed including new trees to be planted on the site within available areas. The suggested selection of species, size and location are provisional and would not be considered final until all relevant parties had been fully consulted. The new trees should have the potential to reach a significant height without excessive inconvenience and be sustainable into the long term, significantly improving the potential of the site to contribute to local amenity and character.
- 3.3.3 **Summary of the impact on local amenity:** Two high category trees and seven low category trees will be lost because of this proposal. A comprehensive landscaping scheme to mitigate these losses is proposed that will include the planting of new trees. The proposed changes may adversely affect a further three low category trees if appropriate protective measures are not taken. However, if adequate precautions to protect the retained trees are specified and implemented through the arboricultural method statement included in this report, the impact of proposed development on these trees can be minimised. None of the trees required to be removed are indigenous to this locality or are component species of threatened vegetation communities.



4. ARBORICULTURAL METHOD STATEMENT

4.1 Introduction

4.1.1 **Terms of reference:** The impact appraisal in Section 3 identified the potential impacts on trees caused by proposed development. Section 4 is an arboricultural method statement setting out management and protection details that must be implemented to secure successful tree retention. It has evolved from Australian Standard AS4970-2009 Protection of trees on development sites.

4.1.2 **Plan TMP01:** Plan TMP01 in Appendix 8 is illustrative and based entirely on provided information. This plan should only be used for dealing with the tree issues and all scaled measurements must be checked against the original submission documents. The precise location of all protective measures must be confirmed at the pre-commencement meeting before any demolition or construction activity starts. Its base is the existing land survey, which has the proposed layout superimposed so the two can be easily compared. It shows the existing trees numbered, with high categories (A) highlighted in green triangles and low categories (Z) highlighted in blue rectangles. It also shows the locations of the proposed protective measures.

4.2 Tree protection with fencing and ground protection

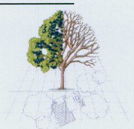
4.2.1 **Protection fencing:** Tree protection fencing must comply with AS4970 (section 4.3) recommendations. An illustrative guide is included as Appendix 4. The approximate location of the barriers and the TPZs is illustrated on plan TMP01. The precise location of the fencing must be agreed with the project Arborist before any development activity starts.

4.2.2 **Trunk, branch and ground protection:** Any TPZs outside the protective fencing must be covered in ground protection based on AS4970 (section 4.3.5) recommendations until there is no risk of damage from the demolition and construction activity. An illustrative specification for this ground protection is included as Appendix 5.

Trunk and major limb protection shall be undertaken prior to the commencement of demolition and construction works. The protection shall be installed by a qualified Arborist (AQF 2 or 3) and must include:

- Tree trunk protection is to remain in place for the duration of construction and development works.

4.3 **Precautions when working in TPZs:** Any work in TPZs must be done with care as set out in Appendix 6. On this site, special precautions must be taken near trees 3, 7 and 9 as illustrated on plan TMP01 and summarised below:



1. Removal of existing surfacing/structures and driveway construction: Trees 3, 7 and 9 may be adversely affected by the removal of existing surfaces, steps and retaining walls and the excavation required for driveway construction. Any adverse impact must be minimised by following the guidance set out in Appendix 6.

2. Installation of new soft landscaping: All landscaping activity within TPZs has the potential to cause severe damage and any adverse impact must be minimised by following the guidance set out in section 5 of Appendix 6.

3. Installation of new services or upgrading of existing services: It is often difficult to clearly establish the detail of services until the construction is in progress. Where possible, it is proposed to use the existing services into the site and keep all new services outside TPZs. However, where existing services within TPZs require upgrading or new services have to be installed in TPZs, great care must be taken to minimise any disturbance. Trenchless installation should be the preferred option but if that is not feasible, any excavation must be carried out by hand according to the guidelines in Appendix 6. If services do need to be installed within TPZs, consultation must be obtained from the project Arborist and/or council before any works are carried out.

4.4 Other tree related works

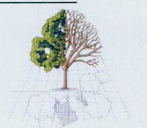
4.4.1 Site storage, cement mixing and washing points: All site storage areas, cement mixing and washing points for equipment and vehicles must be outside TPZs unless otherwise agreed with the project Arborist and/or council. Where there is a risk of polluted water run off into TPZs, heavy-duty plastic sheeting and sandbags must be used to contain spillages and prevent contamination.

4.4.2 Pruning: Any pruning that is required to accommodate hoardings, scaffolding or to accommodate the unloading/loading of vehicles and has been approved by Council shall be carried out by a qualified Arborist (AQF3) and must be in accordance with AS4373 Australian Standards 'Pruning of Amenity Trees'.

4.5 Programme of tree protection and supervision

4.5.1 Overview: Tree protection cannot be reliably implemented without arboricultural input. The nature and extent of that input varies according to the complexity of the issues and the resources available on site. For this site, a summary of the level of arboricultural input that is likely to be required is set out in Appendix 7. An project arborist must be instructed to work within this framework to oversee the implementation of the protective measures and management proposals set out in this arboricultural method statement.

4.5.2 Supervision and the discharge of planning conditions: Arboricultural planning conditions cannot be reliably or effectively discharged without supervision by the project arborist. The framework in Appendix 7 must form the



basis for the discharge of planning conditions through site visits by the project arborist. These supervisory actions must be confirmed by formal letters circulated to all relevant parties. These permanent records of each site visit will accumulate to provide the proof of compliance and allow conditions to be discharged as the development progresses. The developer must instruct the project arborist to comply with the supervision requirements set out in this document before any work begins on site.

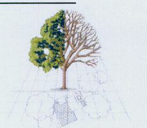
4.5.3 Phasing of arboricultural input: Trees can only be properly budgeted for and factored into the developing work programmes if the overall project management takes full account of tree issues once consent is confirmed. The project arborist must be involved in the following phases of the project management:

1. Administrative preparation before work starts on site: It is normal for a development proposal to vary considerably from the expectations before consent as the detailed planning of implementation evolves. The early instruction of the project arborist ensures that tree issues are factored into the complexities of site management and can often help ease site pressures through creative approaches to tree protection. Pre-commencement discussions between the project arborist and the developer's team is an effective means of project managing the tree issues to maximise site efficiency within often difficult constraints.

2. Pre-commencement site visit: A pre-commencement meeting must be held on site before any of the demolition and construction work begins. This must be attended by the site manager and the project arborist. Any clarifications or modifications to the consented details must be recorded and circulated to all parties in writing. This meeting is where the details of the programme of tree protection will be agreed and finalised by all parties, which will then form the basis of any supervision arrangements between the project arborist and the developer.

3. Site supervision: Once the site is active, the project arborist must visit at an interval agreed at the pre-commencement site meeting. The supervision arrangement must be sufficiently flexible to allow the supervision of all sensitive works as they occur. The project arborist's initial role is to liaise with developer to ensure that appropriate protective measures are designed and in place before any works start on site. Once the site is working, that role will switch to monitoring compliance with arboricultural conditions and advising on any tree problems that arise or modifications that become necessary.

4.6 Site management: It is the developer's responsibility to ensure that the details of this arboricultural method statement and any agreed amendments are known and understood by all site personnel. Copies of the agreed documents must be kept on site at all times and the site manager must brief all personnel who could have an impact on trees on the specific tree protection requirements. This must be a part of the site induction procedures and written into appropriate site management documents.



5. HOW TO USE THIS REPORT

5.1 **Limitations:** It is common that the detail of logistical issues such as site storage and the build programme are not finalised until after consent is issued. As this report has been prepared in advance of consent, some of its content may need to be updated as more detailed information becomes available once the post-consent project management starts. Although this document will remain the primary reference in the event of any disputes, some of its content may be superseded by authorised post-consent amendments.

5.2 **Suggestions for the effective use of this report:** Section 4 of this report, including the relevant appendices, is designed as an enforcement reference. It is constructed so the council can directly reference the detail in a planning condition. Referencing the report by name and relating conditions to specific subsections is an effective means of reducing confusion and facilitating enforcement in the event of problems during implementation. More specifically, the following issues should be directly referenced in the conditions for this site:

1. Pre-commencement meeting	4.5.3 and Appendix 7
2. Barriers	4.2.1 and Appendix 4
3. Ground protection	4.2.2 and Appendix 5
4. Removal of surfacing	4.3 and Appendix 6 (Section 2)
5. Installation of new surfacing	4.3 and Appendices 6 (Section 3)
6. Removal of structures	4.3 and Appendix 6 (Section 2)
7. Services	4.3 and Appendix 6 (Section 4)
8. Installation of new landscaping	4.3 and Appendix 6 (Section 5)
9. Programming of tree protection	4.5 and Appendix 7
10. Arboricultural supervision	4.5 and Appendix 7

Each of the above matters must be supervised by the project arborist and the relevant conditions can only be discharged once that supervision has been confirmed in writing to the relevant parties. The last column of the table in Appendix 7 is to be used so that the various supervision issues can be recorded as they are confirmed by supervision letters. It is intended to act as a summary quick-reference to help keep track of the progress of the supervision.



6. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- 6.1 **Trees subject to statutory controls:** The following trees, 1, 2 and 4, are legally protected under Pittwater Council Tree Preservation Order 2009, it will be necessary to consult the council before any tree removal works. The works specified above are necessary for reasonable management and should be acceptable to the council. However, tree owners should appreciate that the council may take an alternative point of view and have the option to refuse consent.

7. BIBLIOGRAPHY

7.1 **List of references:**

Australian Standard AS4373-2007 *Pruning of Amenity Trees*.
Standards Australia.

Australian Standard AS4970-2009 *Protection of trees on development sites*.
Standards Australia.

Barrell, J (2009) Draft for Practical Tree AZ version 9.02 A+NZ
Barrel Tree Consultancy, Bridge House, Ringwood BH24 1EX



8. DISCLAIMER

8.1 Limitations on use of this report:

This report is to be utilized in its entirety only. Any written or verbal submission, report or presentation that includes statements taken from the findings, discussions, conclusions or recommendations made in this report, may only be used where the whole of the original report (or a copy) is referenced in, and directly attached to that submission, report or presentation.

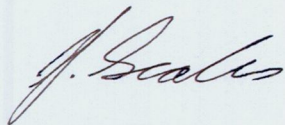
ASSUMPTIONS

Care has been taken to obtain all information from reliable sources. All data has been verified insofar as possible: however, Naturally Trees can neither guarantee nor be responsible for the accuracy of information provided by others.

Unless stated otherwise:

- *Information contained in this report covers only those trees that were examined and reflects the condition of those trees at time of inspection: and*
- *The inspection was limited to visual examination of the subject trees without dissection, excavation, probing or coring. There is no warranty or guarantee, expressed or implied, that problems or deficiencies of the subject trees may not arise in the future.*

Yours sincerely



Andrew Scales

Manager/ Consultant
Arboriculture Australia #2136
Dip. Horticulture / Arboriculture

Phone: (02) 9970 6332
Mobile: 0417 250 420



APPENDIX 1

Brief qualifications and experience of Andrew Scales

1. Qualifications:

Associate Diploma Horticulture	Northern Sydney Institute of TAFE	1995-1998
Certificate in Tree Surgery	Northern Sydney Institute of TAFE	1998
Associate Diploma Arboriculture	Northern Sydney Institute of TAFE	1999-2006

2. Practical experience:

Being involved in the arboricultural/horticultural industry for in excess of 10 years, I have developed skills and expertise recognized in the industry. Involvement in the construction industry and tertiary studies has provided me with a good knowledge of tree requirements within construction sites.

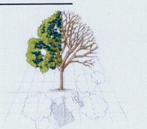
As director of Naturally Trees, in this year alone I have undertaken hundreds of arboricultural consultancy projects and have been engaged by a range of clients to undertake tree assessments. I have gained a wide range of practical tree knowledge through tree removal and pruning works.

3. Continuing professional development:

Visual Tree Assessment (Prof. Dr. Claus Mattheck)	Northern Sydney Institute of TAFE	2001
Wood Decay in Trees (F.W.M.R.Schwarze)	Northern Sydney Institute of TAFE	2004
Visual Tree Assessment (Prof. Dr. Claus Mattheck)	Carlton Hotel, Parramatta NSW	2004
Tree A-Z / Report Writing (Jeremy Barrell)	Northern Sydney Institute of TAFE	2006
Up by Roots – Healthy Soils and Trees in the Built Environment (James Urban)	The Sebel Parramatta NSW	2008
Tree Injection for Insect Control (Statement of Attainment)	Northern Sydney Institute of TAFE	2008
Quantified Tree Risk Assessment (QTRA) Registered Licensee #1655	South Western Sydney Institute TAFE	2011
Practitioners Guide to Visual Tree Assessment	South Western Sydney Institute TAFE	2011

4. Current professional memberships:

Arboriculture Australia – (Registered Consulting & Practising Arborist #2136)



APPENDIX 2
Tree schedule

NOTE: Colour annotation is AA & A trees with green background; Z & ZZ trees with blue background; trees to be removed in red text.

No.	Species	Height	Spread m	DBH mm	Foliage %	Age class	Defects	Location	Services	Significance	Tree AZ
1	Lophostemon confertus	13	10	500-600	60	M	Ni	Between path and wall		Medium	A1
2	Podocarpus elatus	13	7	400-500	80	M	Nil	Next to path	Service wire attached to trunk	Medium	A1
3	Syagrus romanzoffianum (x3)	12	5	200-300	70	M	Nil	Within watercourse		Low	Z3
4	Brachychiton acerifolius	12	4	300-400	50	M	Nil	Next to path and wall	Service wire beneath canopy	Low	Z3
5	Ravanea rivularis	2	1	200-300	0	-	Dead	Garden bed		Low	Z4
6	Phoenix canariensis	9	6	500-600	100	M	Nil	Garden bed	Service wire beneath canopy	Medium	Z3
7	Phoenix canariensis	9	6	500-600	100	M	Nil	Garden bed		Medium	Z3
8	Washingtonia robusta	14	6	400-500	90	M	Nil	Garden bed		Medium	Z3
9	Archontophoenix cunninghamiana	10	5	200-300 (x2)	100	M	Nil	Garden bed	Plumbing within 1 metre of trunk.	Medium	Z3
10	Ptychosperma caryotoides	6	3	200-300	40	OM	Almost dead	Garden bed		Low	Z3
11	Archontophoenix cunninghamiana	8	5	200-300	90	M	Nil	Garden bed		Medium	Z3
12	Phoenix canariensis	8	7	500-600	100	M	Nil	Growing out of wall		Low	Z3



Explanatory Notes

- **Measurements/estimates:** All dimensions are estimates unless otherwise indicated. Measurements taken with a tape or clinometer are indicated with a '*'. Less reliable estimated dimensions are indicated with a '?'.
- **Species:** The species identification is based on visual observations and the botanical name. In some instances, it may be difficult to quickly and accurately identify a particular tree without further detailed investigations. Where there is some doubt of the precise species of tree, it is indicated with a '?' after the name in order to avoid delay in the production of the report. The botanical name is followed by the abbreviation sp if only the genus is known. The species listed for groups and hedges represent the main component and there may be other minor species not listed.
- **Tree number:** relates to the reference number used on site diagram/report.
- **Height:** Height is estimated to the nearest metre.
- **Spread:** The average crown spread is visually estimated to the nearest metre from the outermost tips of the live lateral branches.
- **DBH:** These figures relate to 1.2m above ground level and are recorded in millimetres. If appropriate, diameter is measured with a diameter tape. 'M' indicates trees or shrubs with multiple stems.
- **Foliage Cover:** Percent of estimated live foliage cover for particular species range.
- **Age class:**

Y	Young = recently planted
S	Semi-mature (<20% of life expectancy)
M	Mature (20-80% of life expectancy)
O	Over-mature (>80% of life expectancy)
- **Tree AZ:** See reference for Tree AZ categories in Appendix 3.
- **Significance:** A tree's significance/value in the landscape takes into account its prominence from a wide range of perspectives. This includes, but is not limited to neighbour hood perspective, local perspective and site perspective. The significance of the subject trees has been categorized into three groups, such as: High, Moderate or Low significance.



APPENDIX 3

TreeAZ Categories (Version 9.02 A+NZ)

Z **Category Z: Unimportant trees not worthy of being a material constraint**

Local policy exemptions: Trees that are unsuitable for legal protection for local policy reasons including size, proximity and species

Z1	Young or insignificant small trees, i.e. below the local size threshold for legal protection, etc
Z2	Too close to a building, i.e. exempt from legal protection because of proximity, etc
Z3	Species that cannot be protected for other reasons, i.e. scheduled noxious weeds, out of character in a setting of acknowledged importance, etc

High risk of death or failure: Trees that are likely to be removed within 10 years because of acute health issues or severe structural failure

Z4	Dead, dying, diseased or declining
Z5	Severe damage and/or structural defects where a high risk of failure cannot be satisfactorily reduced by reasonable remedial care, i.e. cavities, decay, included bark, wounds, excessive imbalance, overgrown and vulnerable to adverse weather conditions, etc
Z6	Instability, i.e. poor anchorage, increased exposure, etc

Excessive nuisance: Trees that are likely to be removed within 10 years because of unacceptable impact on people

Z7	Excessive, severe and intolerable inconvenience to the extent that a locally recognised court or tribunal would be likely to authorise removal, i.e. dominance, debris, interference, etc
Z8	Excessive, severe and intolerable damage to property to the extent that a locally recognised court or tribunal would be likely to authorise removal, i.e. severe structural damage to surfacing and buildings, etc

Good management: Trees that are likely to be removed within 10 years through responsible management of the tree population

Z9	Severe damage and/or structural defects where a high risk of failure can be temporarily reduced by reasonable remedial care, i.e. cavities, decay, included bark, wounds, excessive imbalance, vulnerable to adverse weather conditions, etc
Z10	Poor condition or location with a low potential for recovery or improvement, i.e. dominated by adjacent trees or buildings, poor architectural framework, etc
Z11	Removal would benefit better adjacent trees, i.e. relieve physical interference, suppression, etc
Z12	Unacceptably expensive to retain, i.e. severe defects requiring excessive levels of maintenance, etc

NOTE: Z trees with a high risk of death/failure (Z4, Z5 & Z6) or causing severe inconvenience (Z7 & Z8) at the time of assessment and need an urgent risk assessment can be designated as ZZ. ZZ trees are likely to be unsuitable for retention and at the bottom of the categorisation hierarchy. In contrast, although Z trees are not worthy of influencing new designs, urgent removal is not essential and they could be retained in the short term, if appropriate.

A **Category A: Important trees suitable for retention for more than 10 years and worthy of being a material constraint**

A1	No significant defects and could be retained with minimal remedial care
A2	Minor defects that could be addressed by remedial care and/or work to adjacent trees
A3	Special significance for historical, cultural, commemorative or rarity reasons that would warrant extraordinary efforts to retain for more than 10 years
A4	Trees that may be worthy of legal protection for ecological reasons (Advisory requiring specialist assessment)

NOTE: Category A1 trees that are already large and exceptional, or have the potential to become so with minimal maintenance, can be designated as AA at the discretion of the assessor. Although all A and AA trees are sufficiently important to be material constraints, AA trees are at the top of the categorisation hierarchy and should be given the most weight in any selection process.

TreeAZ is designed by Barrell Tree Consultancy (www.treeaz.com/tree_az/)



APPENDIX 4

Protection fencing and signs - Illustrative specification

Protective fencing: Protective 1.8m high fencing should be installed at the location illustrated on the Tree Management Plan before any site works start. All uprights should be fixed in position for the duration of the development activity. The fixings must be able to withstand the pressures of everyday site work.

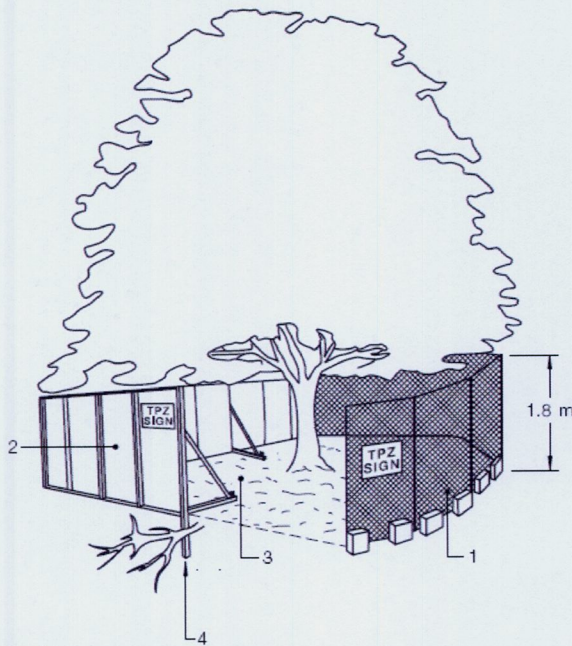
Inside the protective fencing, the following rules must be strictly observed:

- No vehicular access
- No storage of excavated debris, building materials or fuels
- No excessive cultivation for landscape planting
- No fires
- No mixing of cement
- No service installation or excavation

Once erected, protective fencing must not be removed or altered without consulting first with the project Arborist.

Shade cloth or similar should be attached to reduce the transport of dust, other particulate matter and liquids into the protected area and signage must be attached to outside of fencing.

Signage: All signs are to provide clear and readily accessible information to indicate that a TPZ has been established. Signage identifying the TPZ must be attached to outside of fencing and be visible from within the development site.



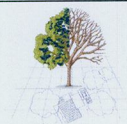
Signage example:



Legend

1. Chain wire mesh panels with shade cloth (if required) attached, held in place with concrete feet.
2. Alternative plywood or wooden paling fence panels. This fencing material also prevents building materials or soil entering the TPZ.
3. Mulch installation across surface of TPZ (at the discretion of the project arborist). No excavation, construction activity, grade changes, surface treatment or storage of materials of any kind is permitted within the TPZ.
4. Bracing is permissible within the TPZ. Installation of supports should avoid damaging roots.

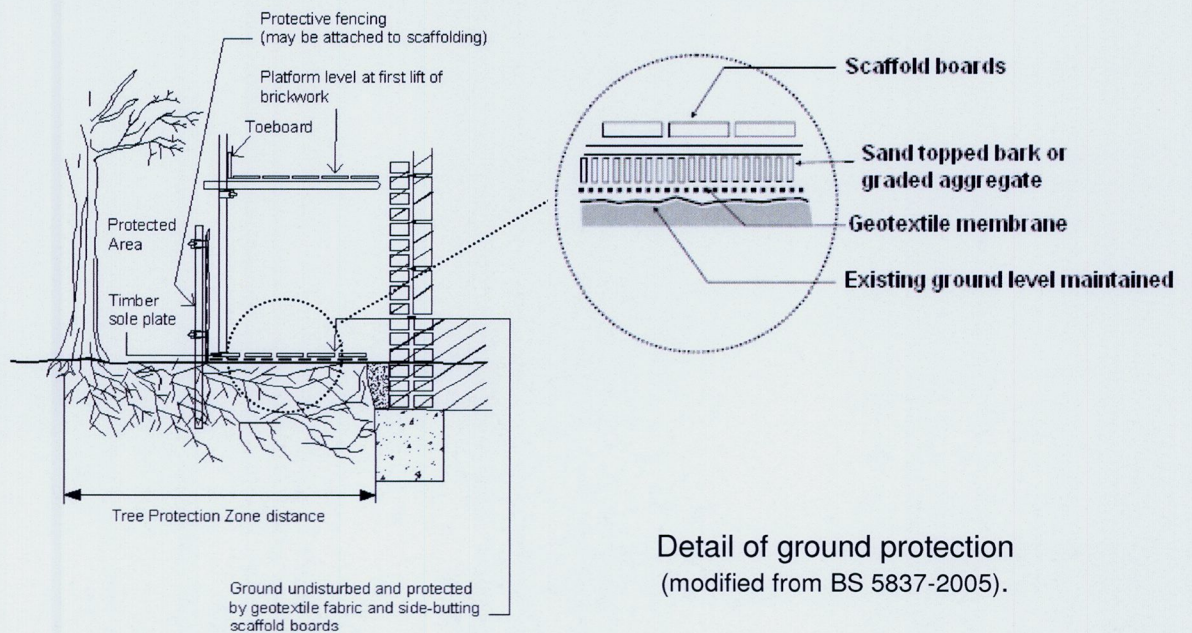
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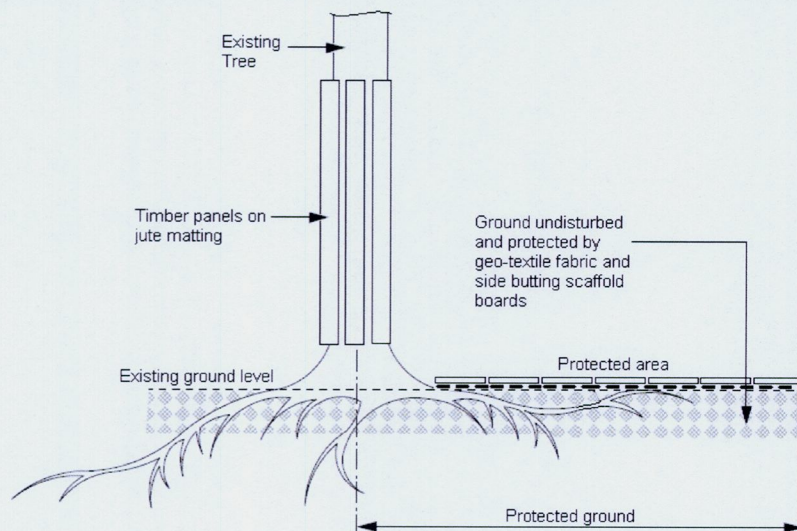
APPENDIX 5

Ground and trunk protection - Illustrative specification

Ground protection: Where necessary, access through the TPZ can be achieved by laying aggregate and timber boards (or similar) over the root zone to protect roots. The ground beneath the boarding should be left undisturbed and should be protected with a porous geo-textile fabric covered with sand or mulch.



Trunk protection: Where fencing cannot be installed, the vertical trunk of exposed trees shall be protected by the placement of 3.6m lengths of 50 x 100mm hardwood timbers, spaced vertically, at 150mm centres and secured by 2mm wire at 300mm wide spacing over suitable protective padding material e.g. Jute Matting. The trunk protection shall be maintained intact until the completion of all work on site.



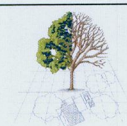
Detail of trunk protection.



APPENDIX 6

General guidance for working in TPZ

- 1.1 What is the purpose of this guidance?** This guidance sets out the general principles that must be followed when working in TPZs. Where more detail is required, it will be supplemented by illustrative specifications in other appendices in this document. Before work starts on site, the purpose of this guidance is to demonstrate to the council that tree protection issues have been properly considered and to provide a written record of how they will be implemented. Once the site works start, this guidance is specifically for the site personnel to help them understand what has been agreed and explain what is required to fully meet their obligations to protect trees. All personnel working in TPZs must be properly briefed about their responsibilities towards important trees based on this guidance.
- 1.2 What are TPZs?** TPZs are the areas surrounding important trees where disturbance must be minimised if they are to be successfully retained. All TPZs close to the construction area are illustrated on the tree protection plans accompanying this guidance. Damage to roots or degradation of the soil through compaction and/or excavation within TPZs is likely to cause serious damage. Any work operations within TPZs must be carried out with great care if trees are to be successfully retained.
- 1.3 When should this guidance be followed?** Anyone entering a TPZ must follow this guidance if important trees are to remain unharmed. Anyone working in a TPZ must take care to minimise excavation into existing soil levels and limit any fill or covering that may adversely affect soil permeability. There are two main scenarios where this guidance must be followed when entering and working within a TPZ:
1. Removal of existing surfacing/structures and replacement with new surfacing, structures and/or landscaping.
 2. Preparation and installation of new surfacing, structures and/or landscaping. Broad definitions of surfacing, structures and landscaping are set out in the following sections.
- 1.4 Where does this guidance apply?** This guidance should always be read in conjunction with the site plans illustrating the areas where specific precautions are necessary. Each area where precautions are required is annotated on the plans as identified on their keys. All plans are illustrative and intended to be interpreted in the context of the site conditions when the work is started. All protective measures should be installed according to the prevailing site conditions and agreed as satisfactory by the appropriate supervising officer before any demolition or construction work starts.
- 1.5 What references is this guidance based on?** This guidance is based on the assumption that the minimum general standards for development issues are those set out in Australian Standards (2009) AS4970: Protection of Trees on Construction Sites. It is interpreted in the context of our experience of managing trees on development sites.
- 1.6 Preventing adverse impact to the TPZ beyond the immediate work area:** Any part of the TPZ beyond the agreed work area must be isolated from the work operations by protective barriers or ground protection to at least the minimum standard described in AS4970 for the duration of the work.
- 1.7 Excavation and dealing with roots:** All excavation must be carried out carefully using spades, forks and trowels, taking care not to damage the bark and wood of any roots. Specialist tools for removing soil around roots using compressed air may be an appropriate alternative to hand digging, if available. All soil removal must be undertaken with care to minimise the disturbance of roots beyond the immediate area of excavation. Where possible, flexible clumps of smaller roots, including fibrous roots, should be retained if they can be displaced temporarily or permanently beyond the excavation without damage. If digging by hand, a fork should be used to loosen the soil and help locate any substantial roots. Once roots have been located, the trowel should be used to clear the soil away from them without damaging the bark. Exposed roots to be removed should be cut cleanly with a sharp saw or secateurs 10–20cm behind the final face of the excavation. Roots temporarily exposed must be protected from direct sunlight, drying out and extremes of temperature by appropriate covering. Roots greater than 2.5cm in diameter should be retained where possible. Roots 2.5–10cm in diameter should only be cut in exceptional circumstances. Roots greater than 10cm in diameter should only be cut after consultation with the appropriate supervisory officer.
- 1.8 Arboricultural supervision:** Any work within TPZs requires a high level of care. Qualified arboricultural supervision is essential to minimise the risk of misunderstanding and misinterpretation. Site personnel must be properly briefed before any work starts. Ongoing work must be inspected regularly and, on



completion, the work must be signed off by the arboriculturist to confirm compliance by the contractor. In the context of this guidance, an appropriate supervising officer would normally be an arboriculturist.

2 REMOVING SURFACING/STRUCTURES IN TPZs

2.1 Definitions of surfacing and structures: For the purposes of this guidance, the following broad definitions apply:

- **Surfacing:** Any hard surfacing used as a vehicular road, parking or pedestrian path including tarmac, solid stone, crushed stone, compacted aggregate, concrete and timber decking. This does not include compacted soil with no hard covering.

- **Structures:** Any man-made structure above or below ground including service pipes, walls, gate piers, buildings and foundations. Typically, this would include drainage structures, car-ports, bin stores and concrete slabs that support buildings.

2.2 Access: Roots frequently grow adjacent to and beneath existing surfacing/structures so great care is needed during access and demolition. Damage can occur through physical disturbance of roots and/or the compaction of soil around them from the weight of machinery or repeated pedestrian passage. This is not generally a problem whilst surfacing/structures are in place because they spread the load on the soil beneath and further protective measures are not normally necessary. However, once they are removed and the soil below is newly exposed, damage to roots becomes an issue and the following guidance must be observed:

1. No vehicular or repeated pedestrian access into TPZs unless on existing hard surfacing or custom designed ground protection.
2. Regular vehicular and pedestrian access routes must be protected from compaction with temporary ground protection as set out in AS4970.
3. TPZs exposed by the work must be protected as set out in AS4970 until there is no risk of damage from the development activity.

2.3 Removal: Removing existing surfacing/structures is a high-risk activity for any adjacent roots and the following guidance must be observed:

1. Appropriate tools for manually removing debris may include a pneumatic breaker, crow bar, sledgehammer, pick, mattock, shovel, spade, trowel, fork and wheelbarrow. Secateurs and a handsaw must also be available to deal with any exposed roots that have to be cut.
2. Machines with a long reach may be used if they can work from outside TPZs or from protected areas within TPZs. They must not encroach onto unprotected soil in TPZs.
3. Debris to be removed from TPZs manually must be moved across existing hard surfacing or temporary ground protection in a way that prevents compaction of soil. Alternatively, it can be lifted out by machines provided this does not disturb TPZs.
4. Great care must be taken throughout these operations not to damage roots as set out in 1.7 above.
5. If appropriate, leaving below ground structures in place should be considered if their removal may cause excessive root disturbance.

3 INSTALLATION OF NEW SURFACING IN TPZs

3.1 Basic principles: New surfacing is potentially damaging to trees because it may require changes to existing ground levels, result in localised soil structure degradation and/or disrupt the efficient exchange of water and gases in and out of the soil. Mature and overmature trees are much more prone to suffer because of these changes than young and maturing trees. Adverse impact on trees can be reduced by minimising the extent of these changes in TPZs. Generally, the most suitable surfacing will be relatively permeable to allow water and gas movement, load spreading to avoid localised compaction and require little or no excavation to limit direct damage. The actual specification of the surfacing is an engineering issue that needs to be considered in the context of the bearing capacity of the soil, the intended loading and the frequency of loading. The detail of product and specification are beyond the scope of this guidance and must be provided separately by the appropriate specialist.

3.2 Establishing the depth of excavation and surfacing gradient: The precise location and depth of roots within the soil is unpredictable and will only be known when careful digging starts on site. Ideally, all new



surfacing in TPZs should be no-dig, i.e. requiring no excavation whatsoever, but this is rarely possible on undulating surfaces. New surfacing normally requires an evenly graded sub-base layer, which can be made up to any high points with granular, permeable fills such as crushed stone or sharp sand. This sub-base must not be compacted as would happen in conventional surface installation. Some limited excavation is usually necessary to achieve this and need not be damaging to trees if carried out carefully and large roots are not cut. Tree roots and grass roots rarely occupy the same soil volume at the top of the soil profile, so the removal of a turf layer up to 5cm is unlikely to be damaging to trees. It may be possible to dig to a greater depth depending on local conditions but this would need to be assessed by an arboriculturist if excavation beyond 5cm is anticipated. On undulating surfaces, finished gradients/levels must be planned with sufficient flexibility to allow on-site adjustment if excavation of any high points reveals large unexpected roots near the surface. If the roots are less than 2.5cm in diameter, it would normally be acceptable to cut them and the gradient formed with the preferred minimal excavation of up to 5cm. However, if roots over 2.5cm in diameter are exposed, cutting them may be too damaging and further excavation may not be possible. If that is the case, the surrounding levels must be adjusted to take account of these high points by filling with suitable material. If this is not practical and large roots have to be cut, the situation should be discussed with the supervising officer before a final decision is made.

3.3 Base and finishing layers: Once the sub-base has been formed, the load spreading construction is installed on top without compaction. In principle, the load spreading formation will normally be cellular and filled with crushed stone although the detail may vary with different products. Suitable surface finishes include washed gravel, permeable tarmac or block pavements set on a sand base. However, for lightly loaded surfacing of limited widths (<3m) such as pedestrian paths, pre-formed concrete slabs may be appropriate if the sub-base preparation is as set out above. In some situations, limited width floating concrete rafts constructed directly on to the soil surface may be acceptable but the design must not include any strip-dug supports.

3.4 Edge retention: Conventional kerb edge retention set in concrete filled excavated trenches is likely to result in damage to roots and should be avoided. Effective edge retention in TPZs must be custom designed to avoid any significant excavation into existing soil levels. For most surfaces, the use of pre-formed edging secured by metal pins or wooden pegs is normally an effective way of minimising any adverse impact on trees from the retention structure.

3.5 Installing new surfacing on top of existing surfacing: In some instances, existing surfacing can be retained and used as a base for new surfacing. Normally, this will not result in significant excavation that could expose roots so special precautions are not necessary. However, if large roots already protrude above the proposed sub-base level, then the precautions and procedures set out above must be observed.

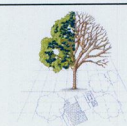
4 INSTALLATION OF NEW STRUCTURES IN TPZs

4.1 Basic principles: New structures in TPZs are potentially damaging to trees because they may disturb the soil and disrupt the existing exchange of water and gases in and out of it. Mature and over-mature trees are much more prone to suffer because of these changes than young and maturing trees. Adverse impact on trees can be reduced by minimising the extent of these changes in TPZs. This can be done by constructing the main structures above ground level on piled supports and redirecting water to where it is needed. The detailed design and specification of such structures is an engineering issue that should be informed and guided by tree expertise.

4.2 Small sheds and bin stores: These light structures do not normally require substantial foundations and can have permeable bases. Ideally, their bases should be of a no-dig, load-spreading construction set directly on to the soil surface. They require a flat base and so an undulating site will need levelling to provide a suitable surface. Excavation of any high points by up to 5cm and filling depressions with permeable fill to provide a flat base will normally be acceptable provided no roots greater than 2.5cm in diameter need to be cut. If large roots are found, the preferred course of action would be to raise the base level of the structure by filling rather than cutting roots. However, if this is not practical and large roots have to be cut, the situation should be discussed with the supervising officer before a final decision is made. Above the base, there will often be a protective covering fixed onto a frame that can rise directly from the base or be fixed to supports either banged into the ground or set in carefully dug holes. Provided the supports are well spaced, i.e. greater than 1.5m apart, and of a relatively narrow diameter, i.e. not in excess of 15cm, it is unlikely they will cause any significant disturbance to TPZs.



- 4.3 Walls, gate piers, buildings and bridges on new foundations:** Conventional strip foundations in TPZs for any significant structure may cause excessive root loss and are unlikely to be acceptable. However, disturbance can be significantly reduced by supporting the above ground part of the structures on small diameter piles and beams or cast floor slabs set above ground level. The design should be sufficiently flexible to allow the piles to be moved if significant roots are encountered in the preferred locations. Before the actual installation of the new structure starts, all TPZs that may be affected should be covered with temporary ground protection as set out in AS4970. Gaps in the ground protection should be left where it is expected to install the piles or dig the holes for gate piers. Pile locations should be initially hand dug to a depth of 75cm to establish if there are any significant roots over 2.5cm in diameter that could be damaged. If significant roots are found, then the pile location must be moved slightly and a new exploratory hole dug. Once the piles have been installed, the lowest points of the supporting beams for the structure must be above the ground level between the piles and there should not be any further excavation. The beams between the piles can be pre-cast and imported to the site ready to fix or can be cast in position using shuttering for the sides and a biodegradable void-former for the base. Gate piers generally require larger holes and have less flexibility for relocation if large roots are found. Localised loss of roots may be unavoidable so each situation should be assessed on its own merits by an appropriate supervising officer once the careful excavations have been completed. Any roots found should be dealt with as set out in 1.7 above. When installing any of these structures, the ground protection must remain in place until the construction is completed and there is no risk of damage to TPZs.
- 4.4 Walls on existing foundations:** A free-standing wall on an existing foundation is unlikely to require any additional excavation and so its construction should have no adverse impact on TPZs if the appropriate protection is in place. However, replacing walls that retain the soil of TPZs normally requires some limited excavation back into the exposed soil face to provide a working space of at least 10–20cm behind the inside wall face. This should be done carefully and limited to no more than required to construct the new wall. Any roots found should be dealt with as set out in 1.7 above. Once the wall is completed, any voids behind it should be filled with good quality top soil and firmed into place but not over compacted. Specific difficulties with large roots that emerge during the course of the construction should be referred to the supervising officer.
- 4.5 Services:** For the purposes of this guidance, services are considered as structures. Excavation to upgrade existing services or install new services in TPZs may damage retained trees and should only be chosen as a last resort. In the event that excavation emerges as the preferred option, the decision should be reviewed by the supervising officer before any work is carried out. If excavation is agreed, all digging should be done carefully and follow the guidance set out in 1.7 above.
- 5 SOFT LANDSCAPING IN TPZs**
- 5.1 Upgrading existing soft landscaping or replacing existing surfacing/structures with new soft landscaping:** For the purposes of this guidance, soft landscaping includes the reprofiling of existing soil levels and covering the soil surface with new plants or an organic covering (mulch). It does not include the installation of solid structures or compacted surfacing. Soft landscaping activity after construction can be extremely damaging to trees. No significant excavation or cultivation, especially by rotovators, should occur within TPZs. Where new designs require levels to be increased to tie in with new structures or the removal of an existing structure has left a void below the surrounding ground level, good quality and relatively permeable top soil should be used for the fill. It should be firmed into place but not over compacted in preparation for turfing or careful shrub planting. Ideally, all areas close to tree trunks should be kept at the original ground level and have a mulched finish rather than grass to reduce the risk of mowing damage.



APPENDIX 7
Programme of arboricultural input

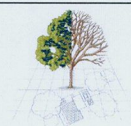
Arboricultural action	Programming of action	Extent of arboricultural input	Signed off (project Arborist)
Pre-commencement site meeting with site manager to discuss tree protection and any emerging design issues that may affect trees	Before any site activity starts or once tree protective measures have been installed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meeting with relevant members of the developer's team to explain the extent of the tree constraints, i.e. architect, site manager, engineer, landscape architect, etc • Review working space requirements to consider fencing and ground protection adjustments to improve site functionality • Review drainage proposals and identify conflicts with TPZs • Review any post-consent layout changes that may affect trees • Review all special works that may affect trees • Identify any potential conflicts and work towards resolutions • Preparation of draft working drawings if necessary • Review any updated proposals • Confirm tree protective measures are acceptable if already installed 	
Finalising tree protection proposals and installation for agreement by consent authority	Before any heavy machinery enters the site	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preparation of final plans and specifications for agreement by the council • Provide photographs showing relevant aspect of installed tree protective measures • Meeting with contractor to finalise specifications and locations before installation with a further visit on completion to verify correct installation, at the discretion of the project Arborist 	
Demolition / Construction	After protective measures are installed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meeting with contractor if necessary, at the discretion of arboricultural consultant 	
Removal of existing structures inside TPZs but outside fencing to be replaced with ground protection or to remain 'out of bounds	At the discretion of the developer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meeting with contractor for briefing before work starts with further visits as necessary, at the discretion of the project Arborist 	
Installation of new services	At the discretion of the developer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meeting with contractor for briefing before work starts with further visits as necessary, at the discretion of the project Arborist 	
Removal of barriers and ground protection	When construction activity is finished	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meeting with contractor for briefing before work starts 	

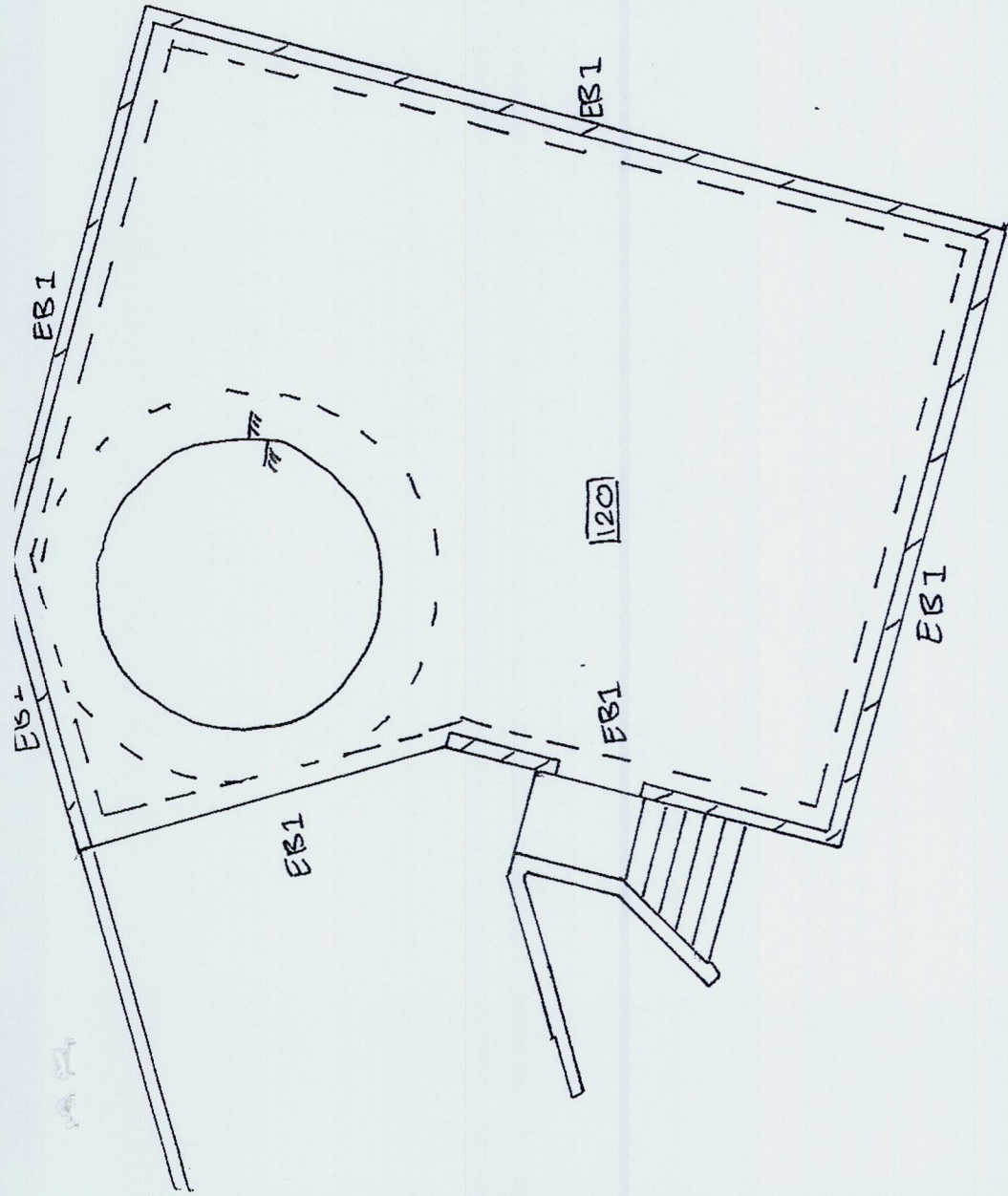


APPENDIX 8

Tree management plan

-refer attached Tree Management Plan, Dwg No. TMP01,
by Naturally Trees dated 21 June 2011

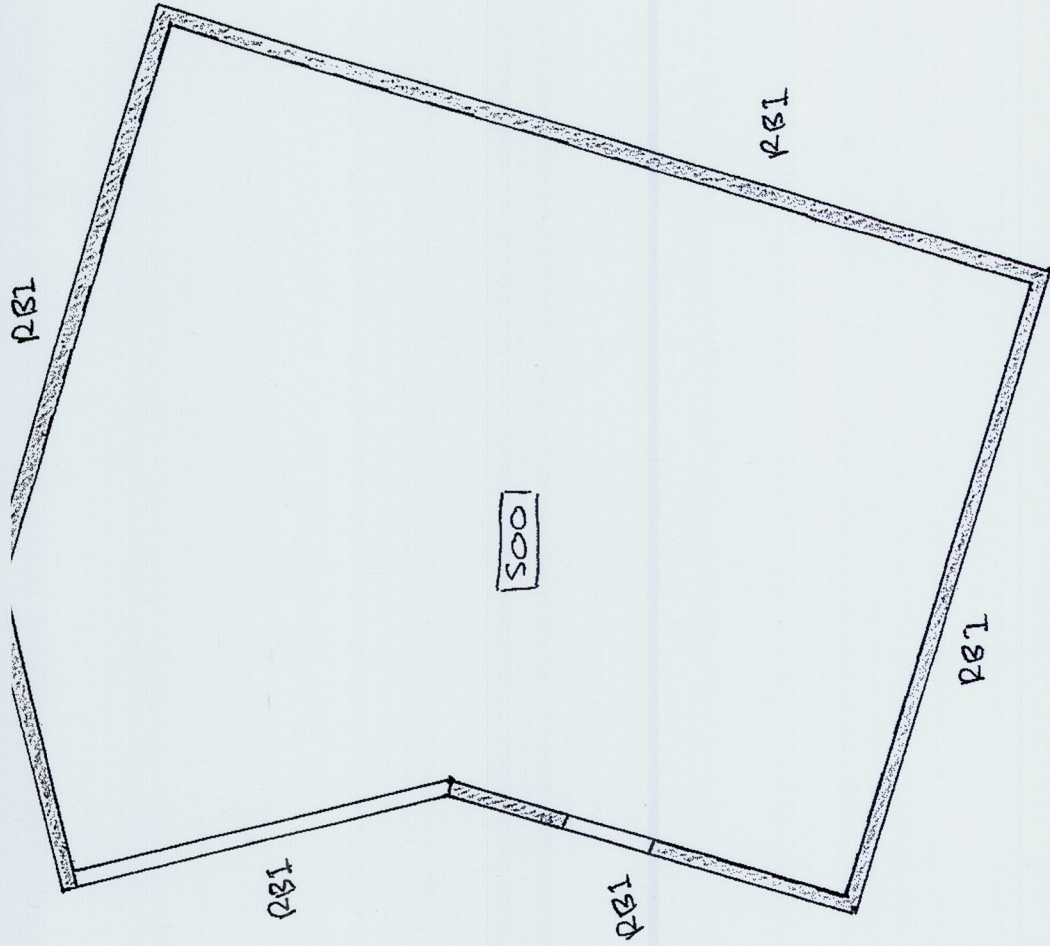




Garage Slab Plan

120 Denotes slab thickness
 All slabs on ground to be min 120mm thick
 All slabs on ground are to be poured onto a 300mm waterproof membrane overlaying an 80mm layer of 20mm single sized free draining compacted granular material

slab to be reinforced with SL92 top
 EB1: 450w x 300d 3N12 T 2B 10-600 ties
 denotes 190 core filled blockwall
 16-400 each way



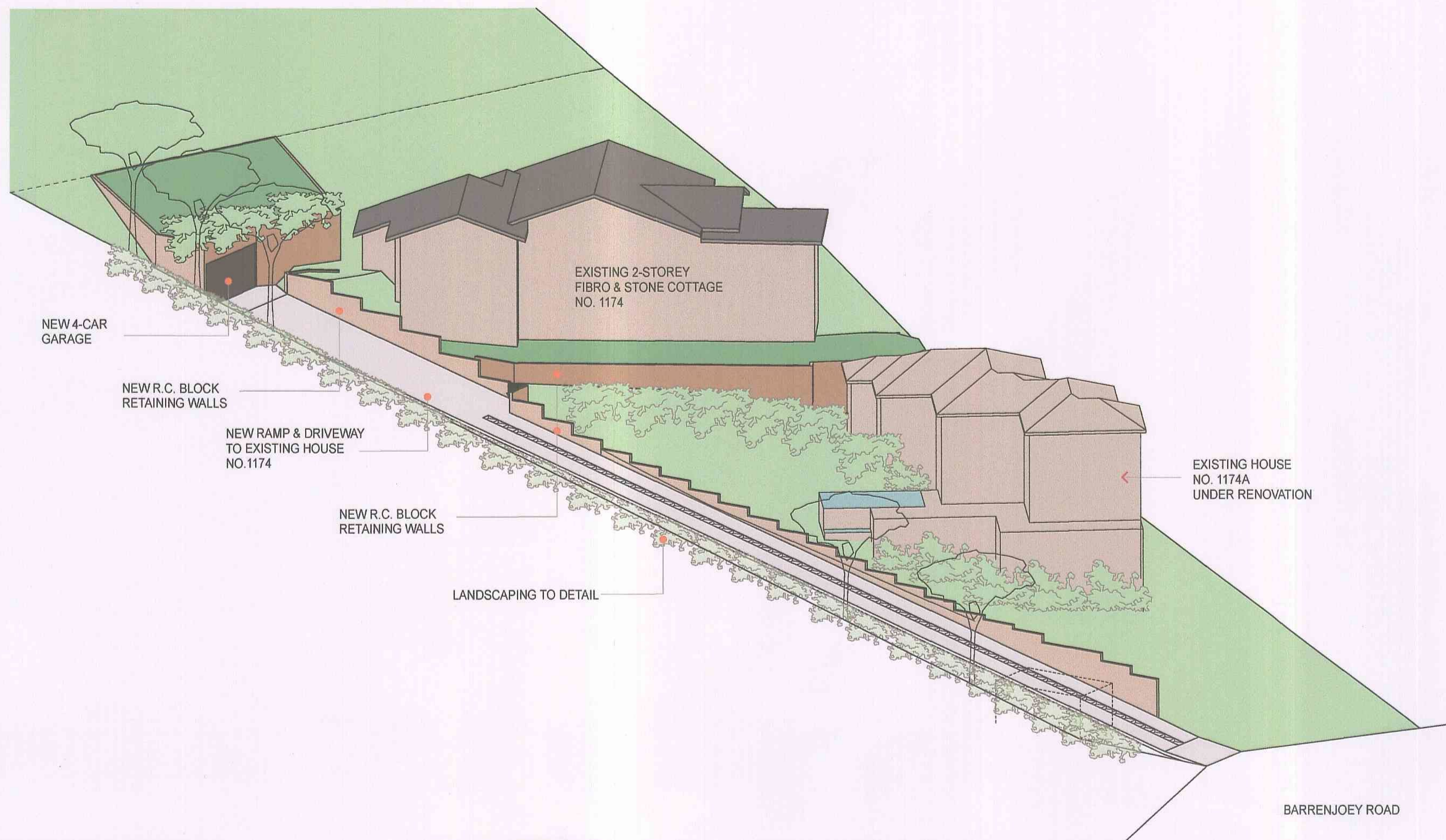
Garage Roof Plan

500 denotes suspended slab thickness
 all slabs to be reinforced with N20-175 top & bottom, each way
 void formers to be used to limit soil depth to maximum 1m depth

RB1: 1500L x 250w 3N28bot, 2N24 top
 16-400 horizontal bars
 N2-300 ties
 denotes 190 core filled blockwall under



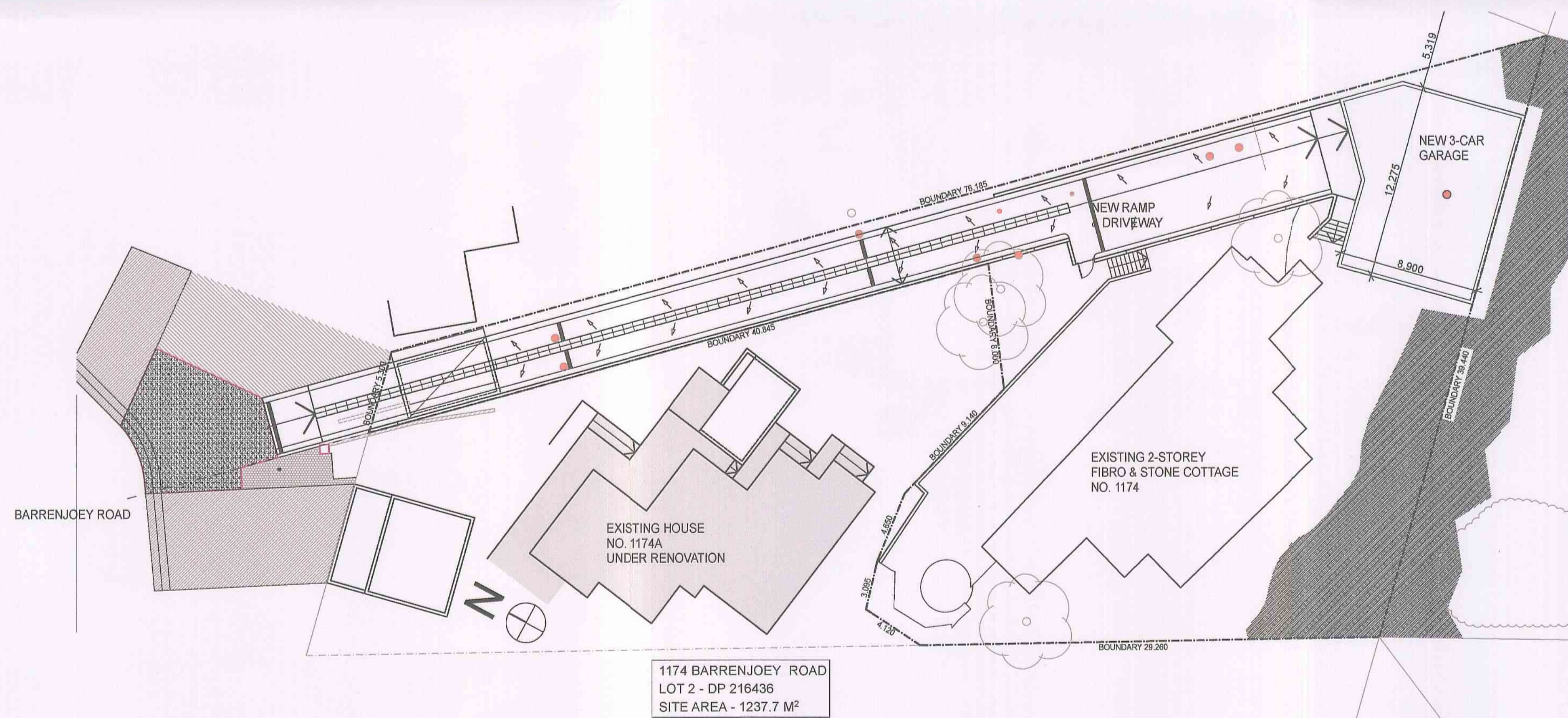
SH10101/SK1
 17/8/2012



MATERIALS	
DRIVEWAY:	REINFORCED CONCRETE
COLOUR:	EXPOSED CONCRETE
GARAGE WALLS:	R.C. BLOCK RETAINING WALLS - RENDERED & PAINTED
COLOUR:	DULUX 'BOGART'
RETAINING WALLS:	R.C. BLOCK RETAINING WALLS - RENDERED & PAINTED
COLOUR:	DULUX 'BOGART'

ISOMETRIC VIEW - DRIVEWAY & GARAGE

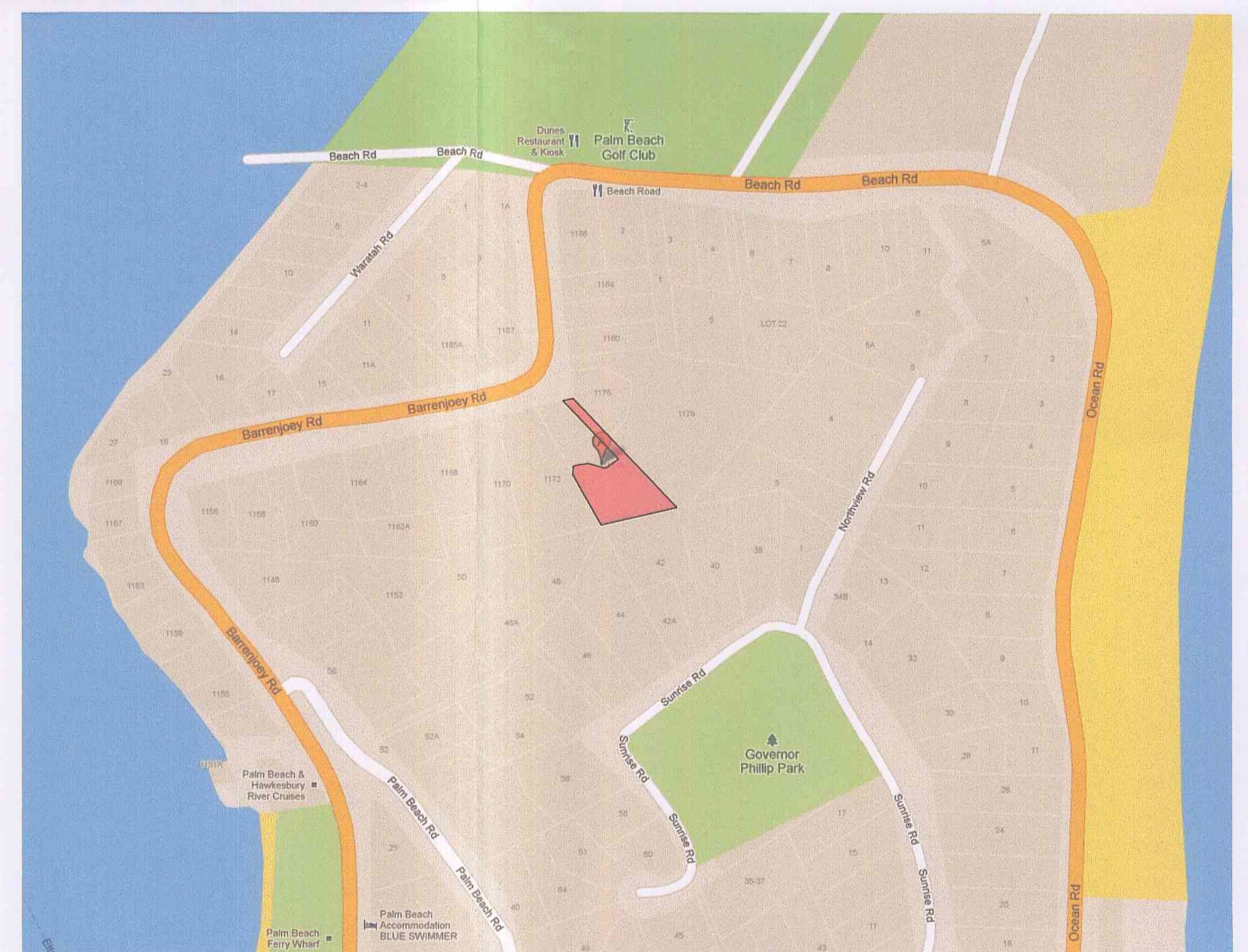
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SITE PLAN

1:200

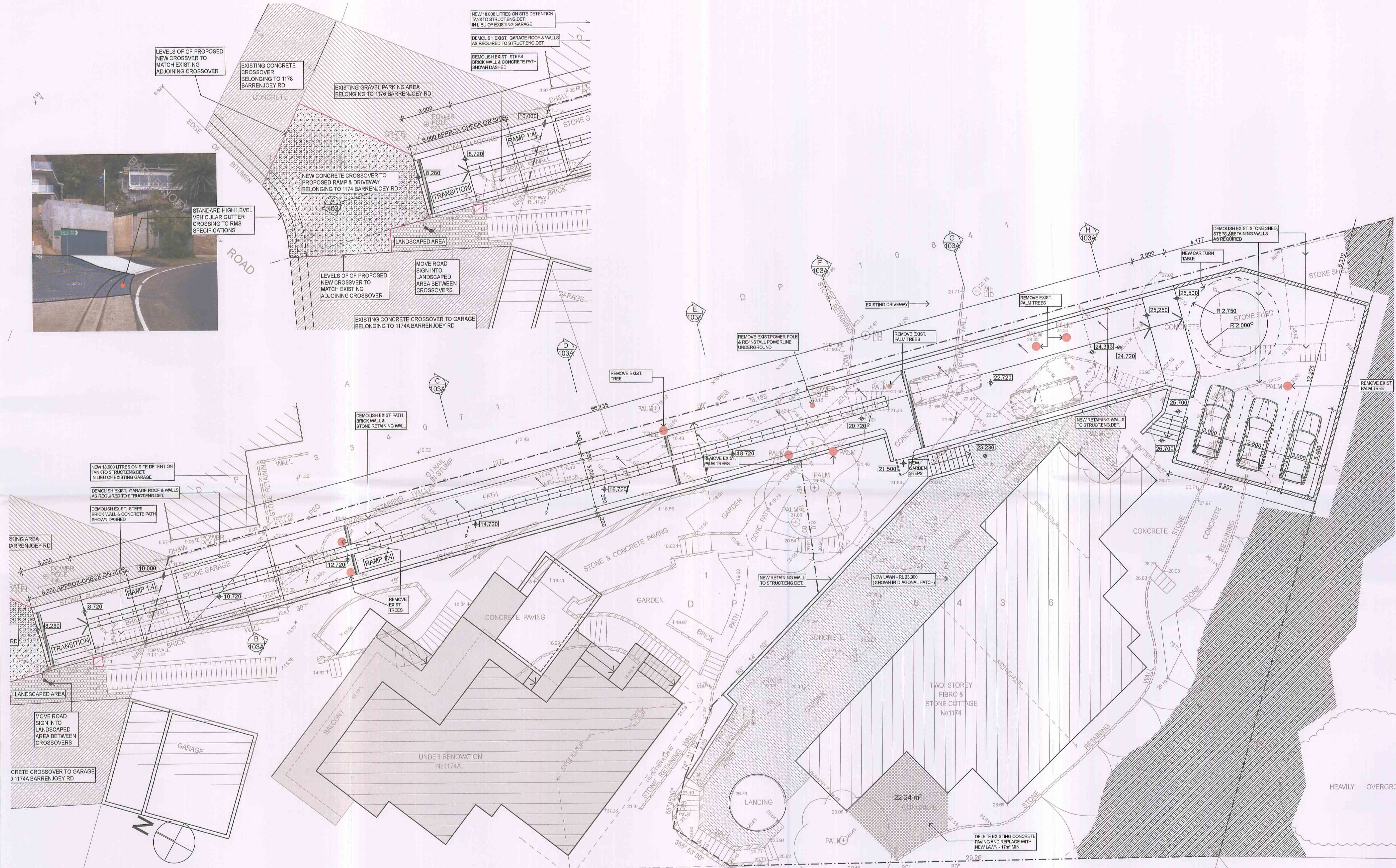
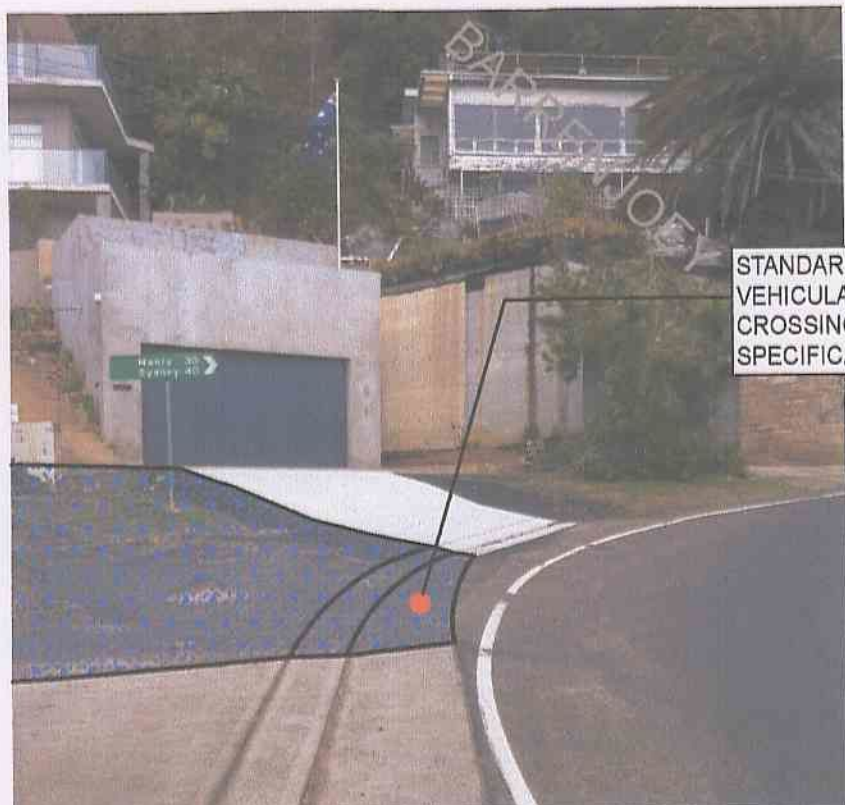
NEW DRIVEWAY
AT
1174 BARRENJOEY ROAD
PALM BEACH
FOR
SUSAN ROTHWELL



ISSUE
1 FOR CONSTRUCTION
CERTIFICATE

APPROVED
12 OCT 2014
ANTHONY PROTAS
CONSULTING PTY. LTD.

TITLE SITE PLAN & ISOMETRIC
VIEW
DATE 03/09/12
SCALE 1:100
DWG. NO. srBR-101
ISSUE D



NEW DRIVEWAY
AT
1174 BARRENJOEY ROAD
PALM BEACH
FOR
SUSAN ROTHWELL

ISSUE
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APPROVED
12 OCT 2014
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DATE	03/09/12
SCALE	1:100
DWG. NO.	srBR-102
ISSUE	1

PROPOSED
NEW DRIVEWAY
AT

1174 BARRENJOEY RD.
PALM BEACH
FOR

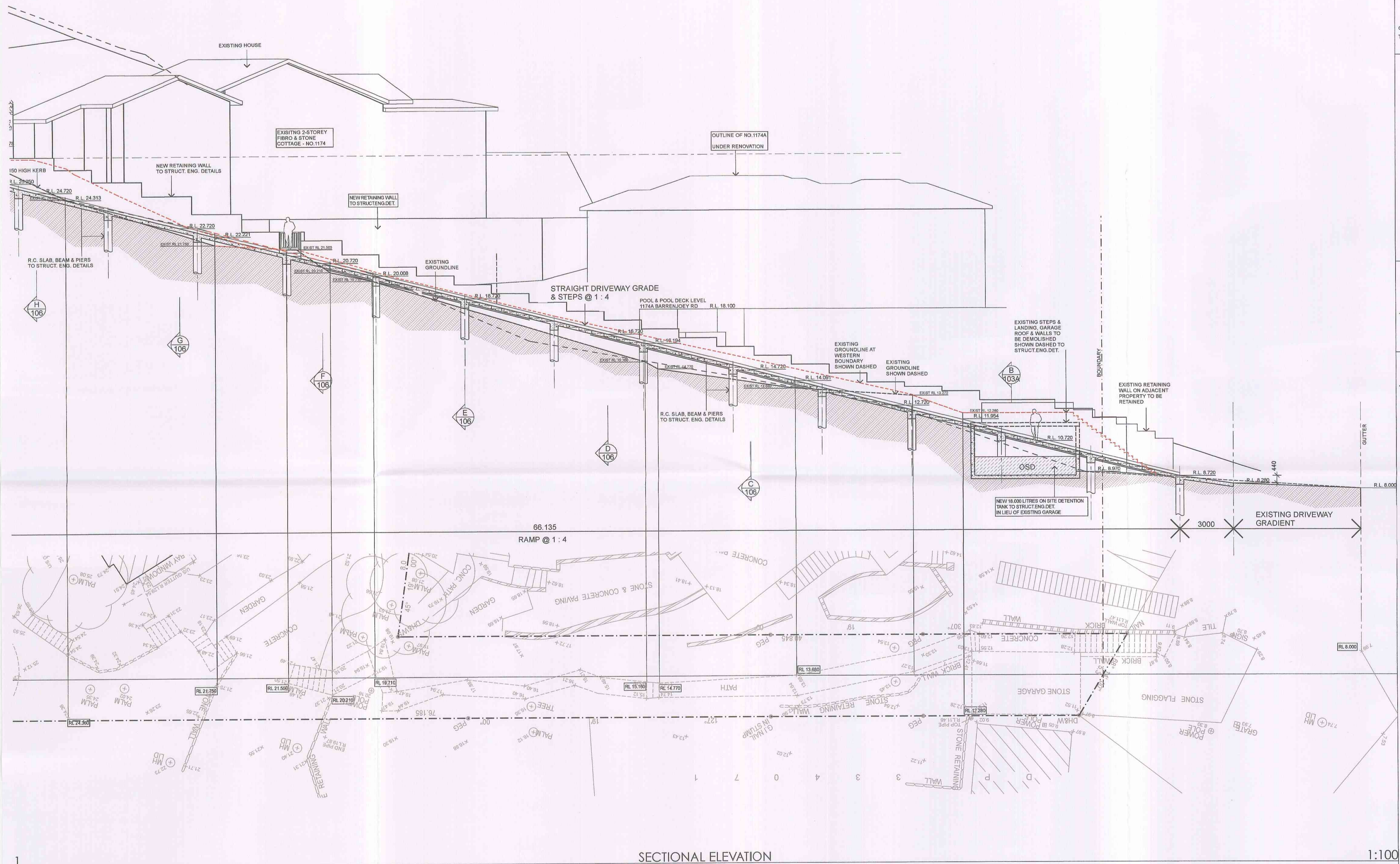
SUSAN ROTHWELL

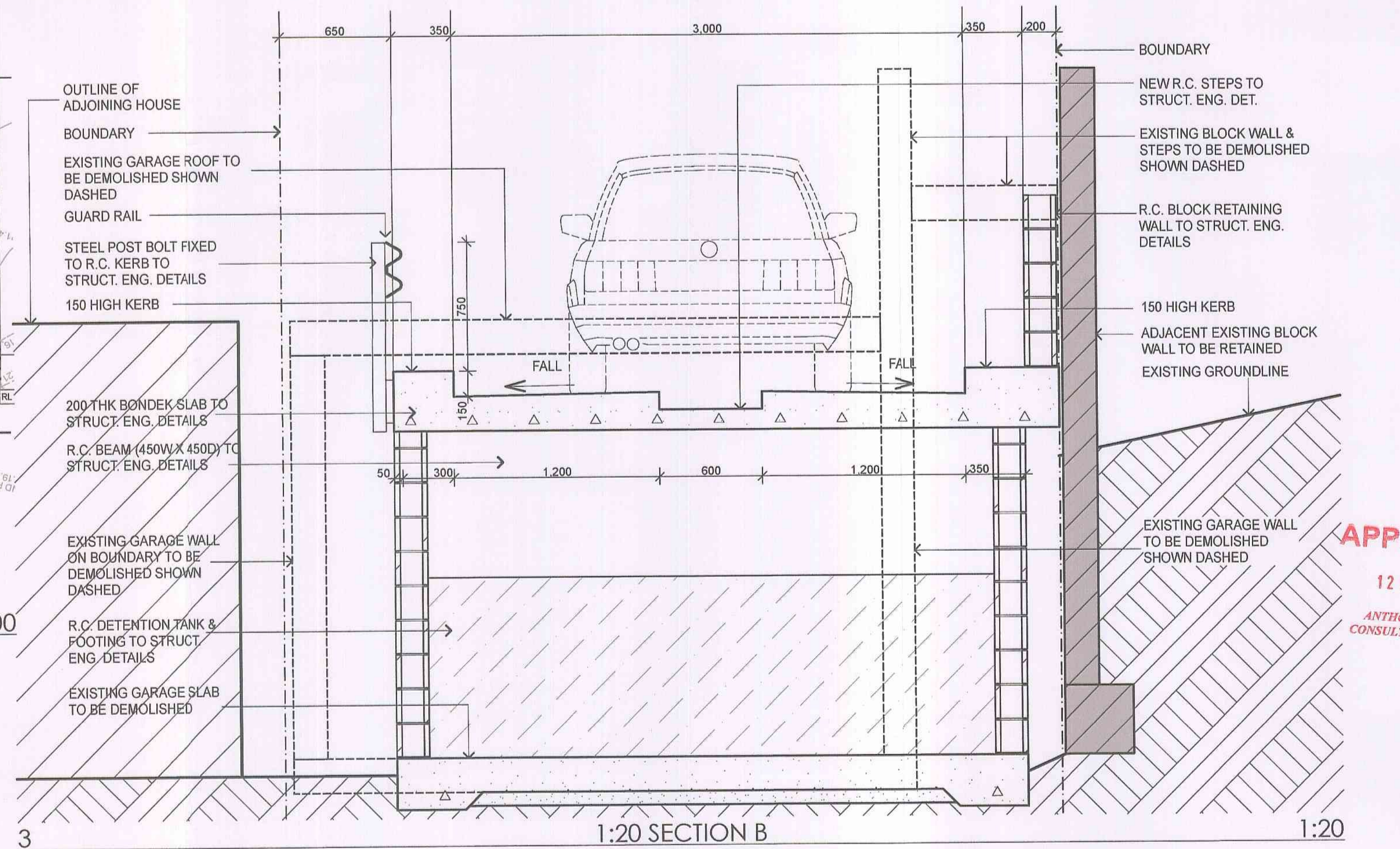
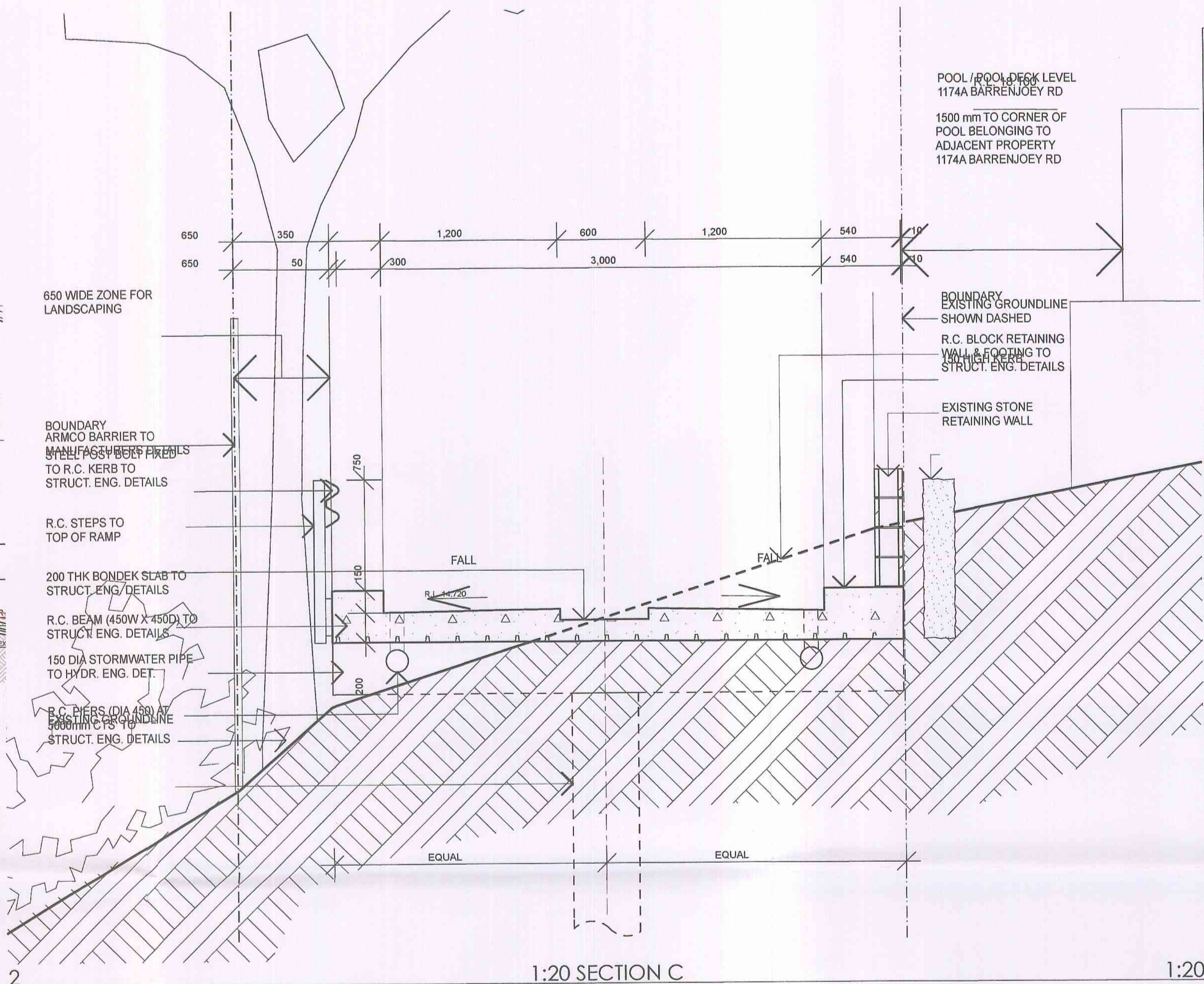
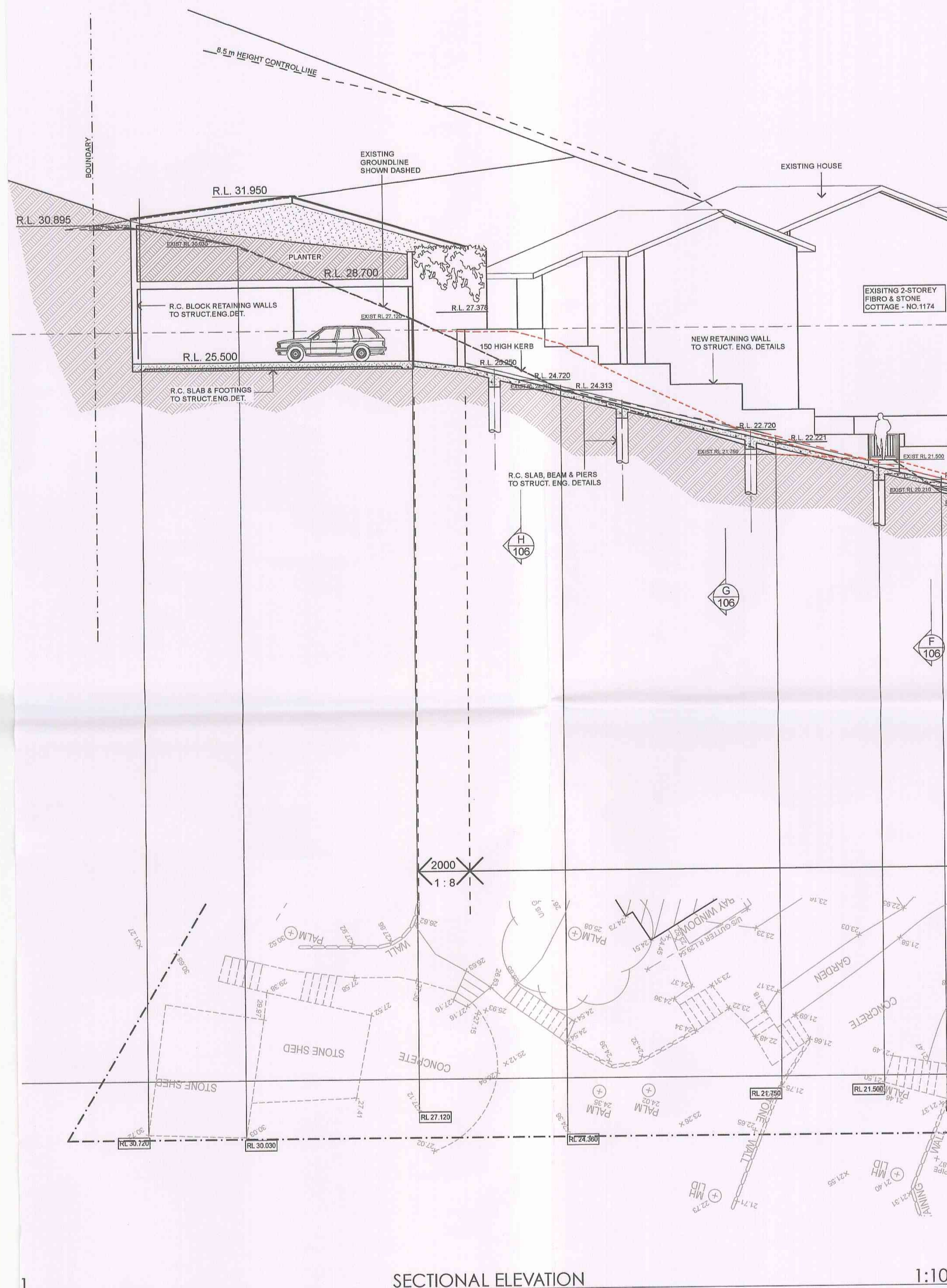
ISSUE

1 FOR CONSTRUCTION
CERTIFICATE

TITLE
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JOB NO.		srWBA
DWG. NO. srBR-103		ISSUE 1





SUSAN ROTHWELL
ARCHITECTS

38 SERPENTINE ROAD
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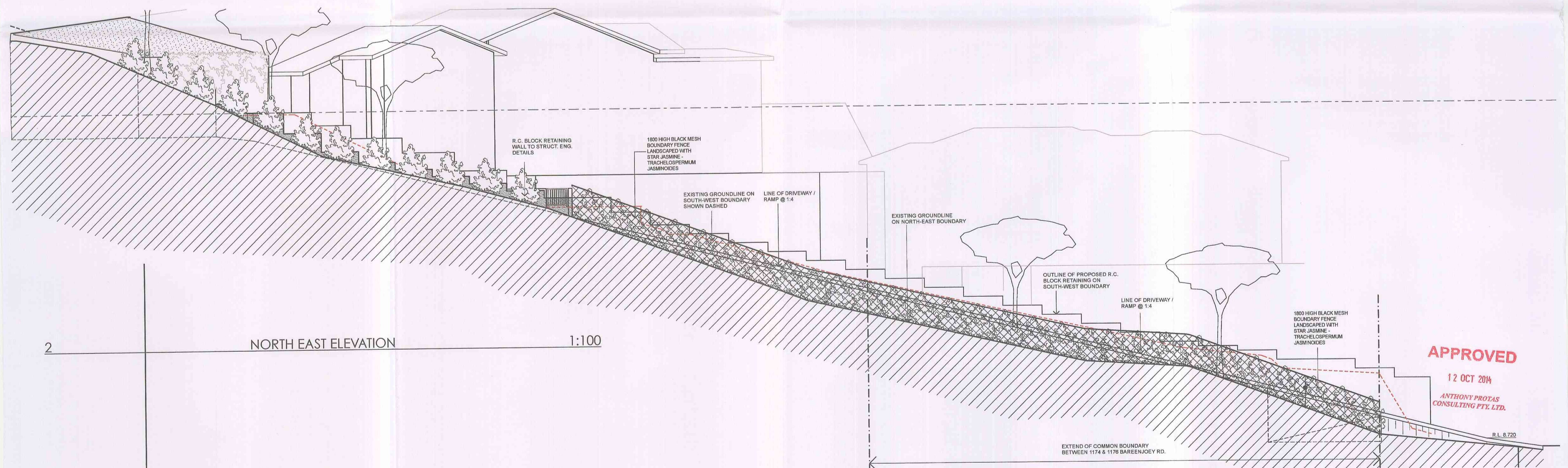
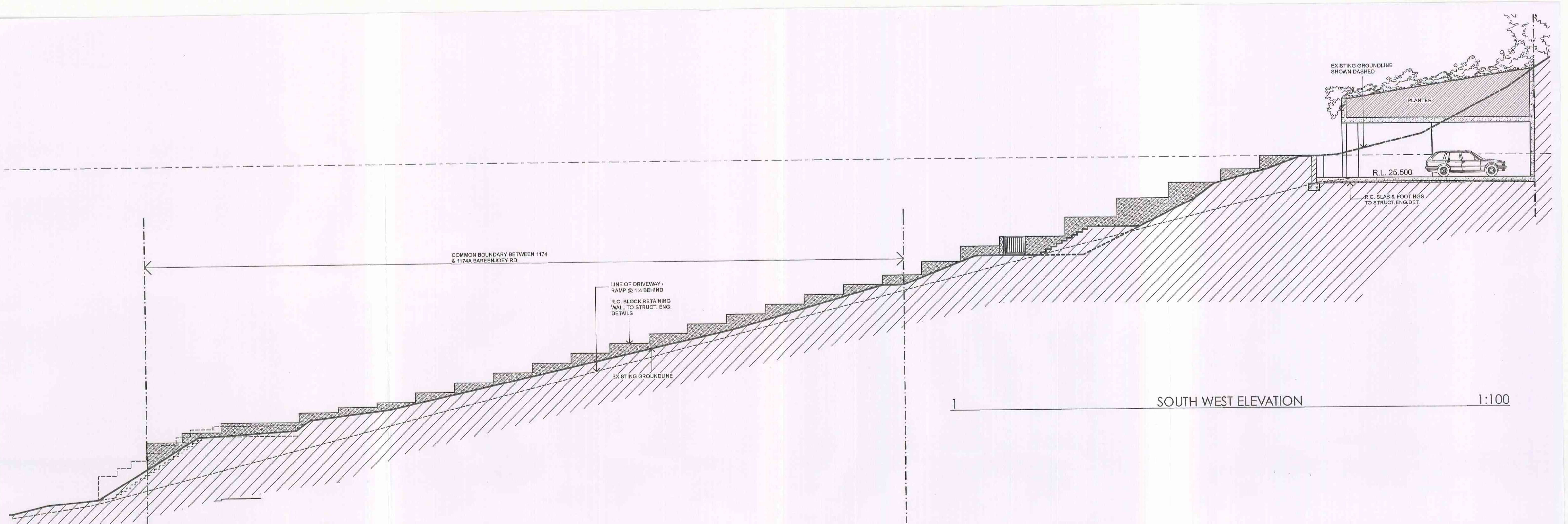
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1174 BARRENJOEY RD.
PALM BEACH
FOR
SUSAN ROTHWELL

ISSUE
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12 OCT 2014
ANTHONY PROYAS CONSULTING PTY. LTD.

TITLE
DRIVEWAY SECTION - CONT'D

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DATE 03/09/12
JOB NO. srWBA
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ISSUE 1



NEW DRIVEWAY
AT
1174 BARRENJOEY ROAD
PALM BEACH
FOR
SUSAN ROTHWELL

ISSUE
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TITLE EAST & WEST ELEVATION

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DWG. NO.	srBR-105
ISSUE	1

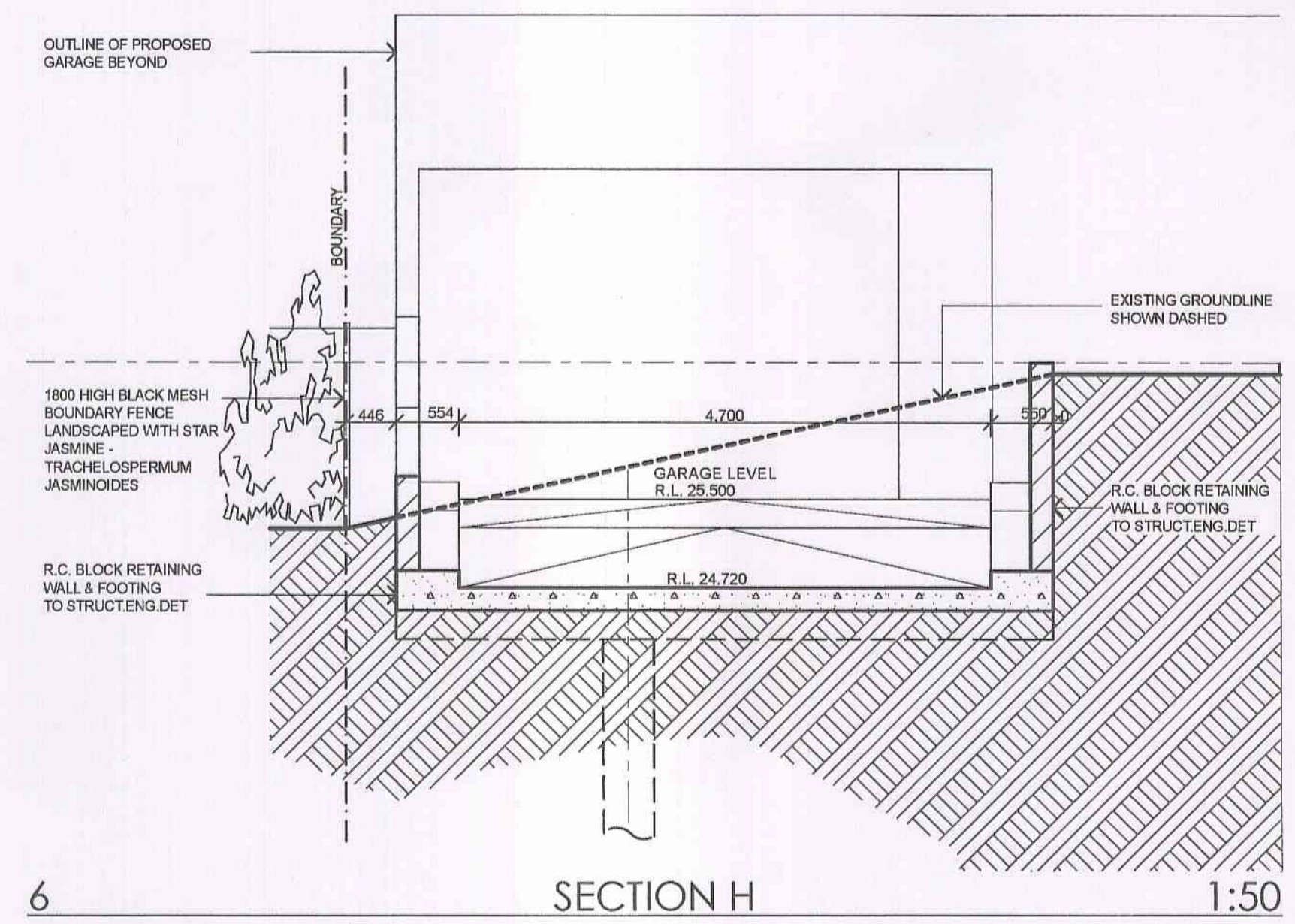
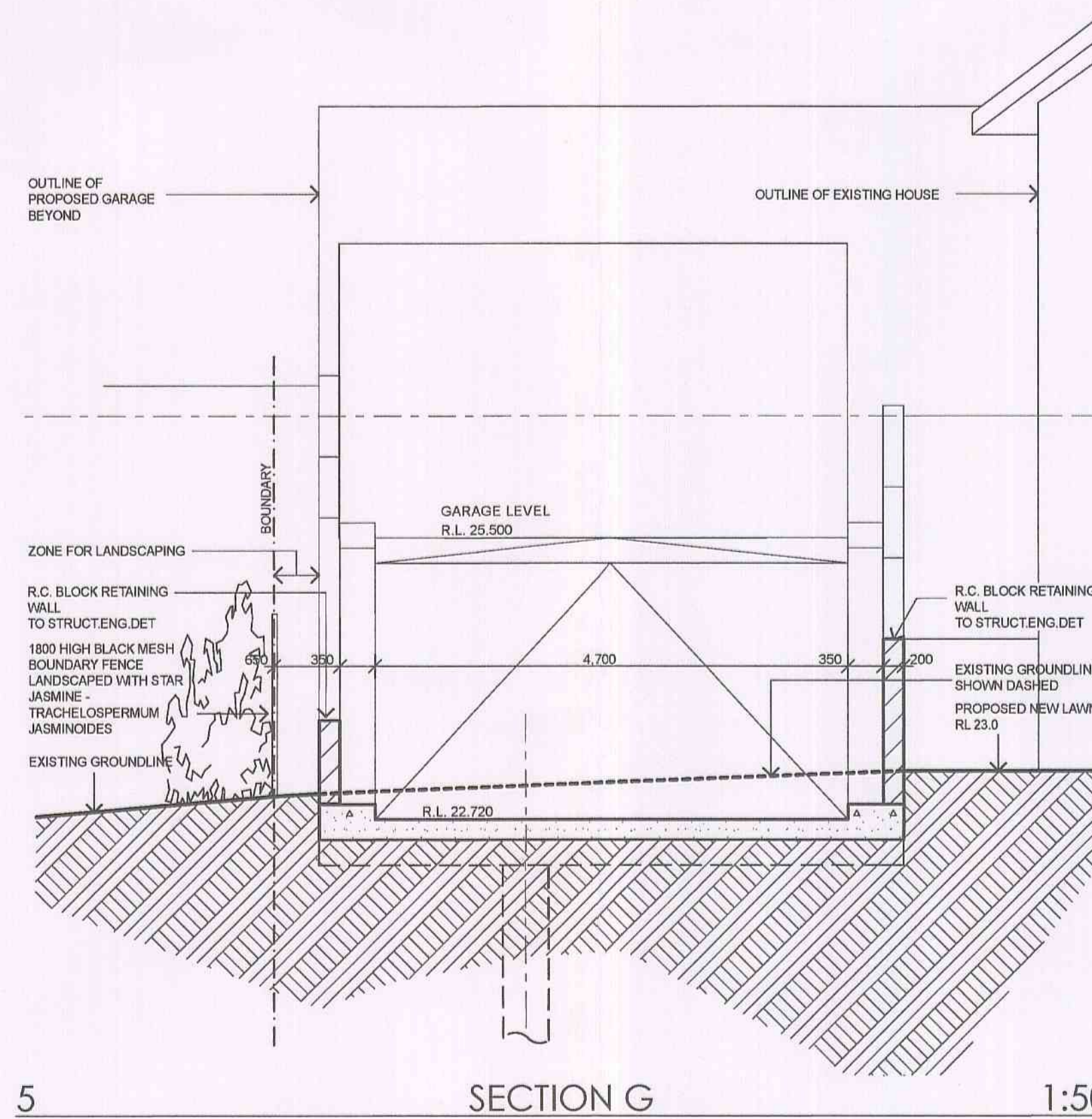
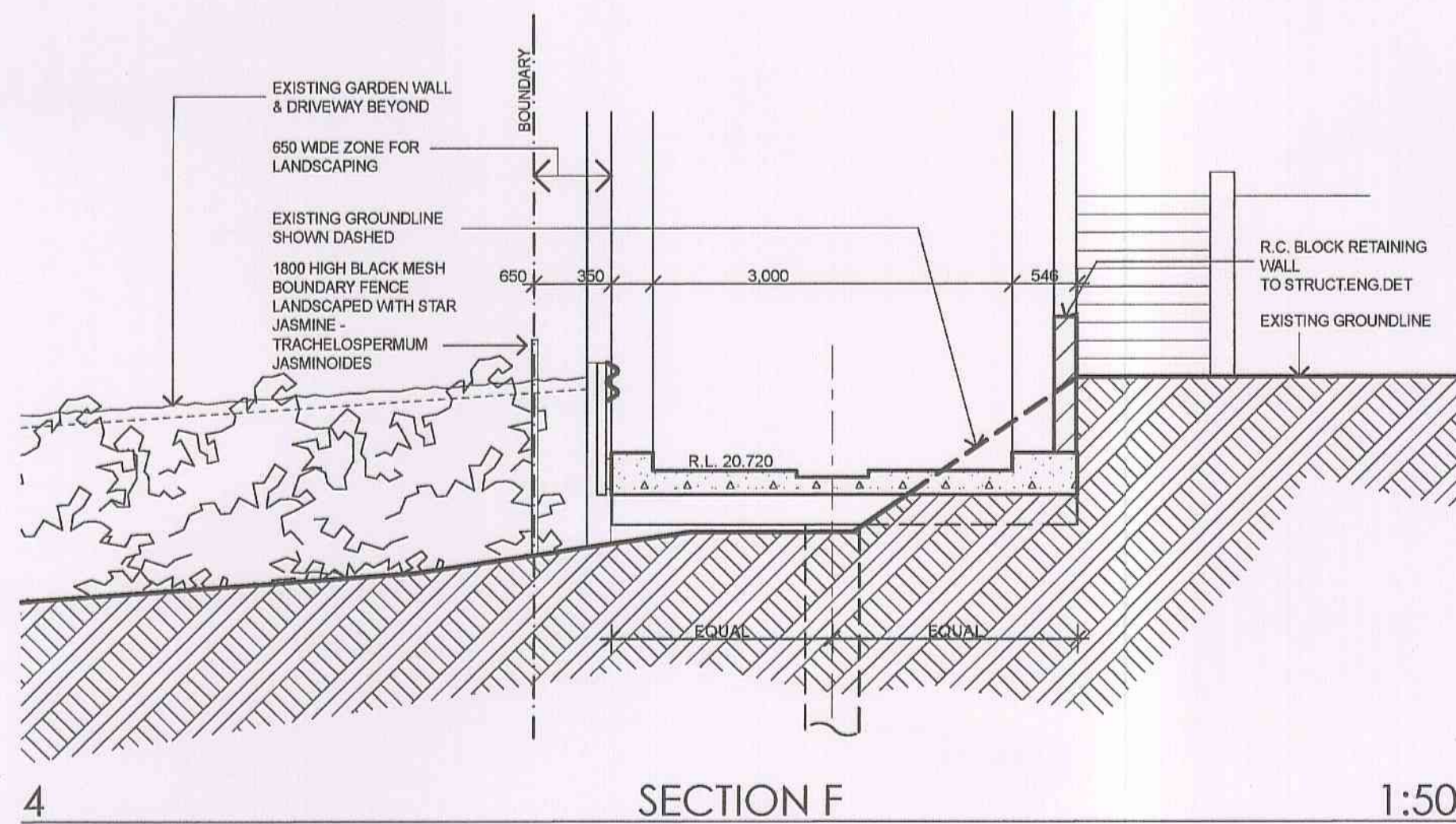
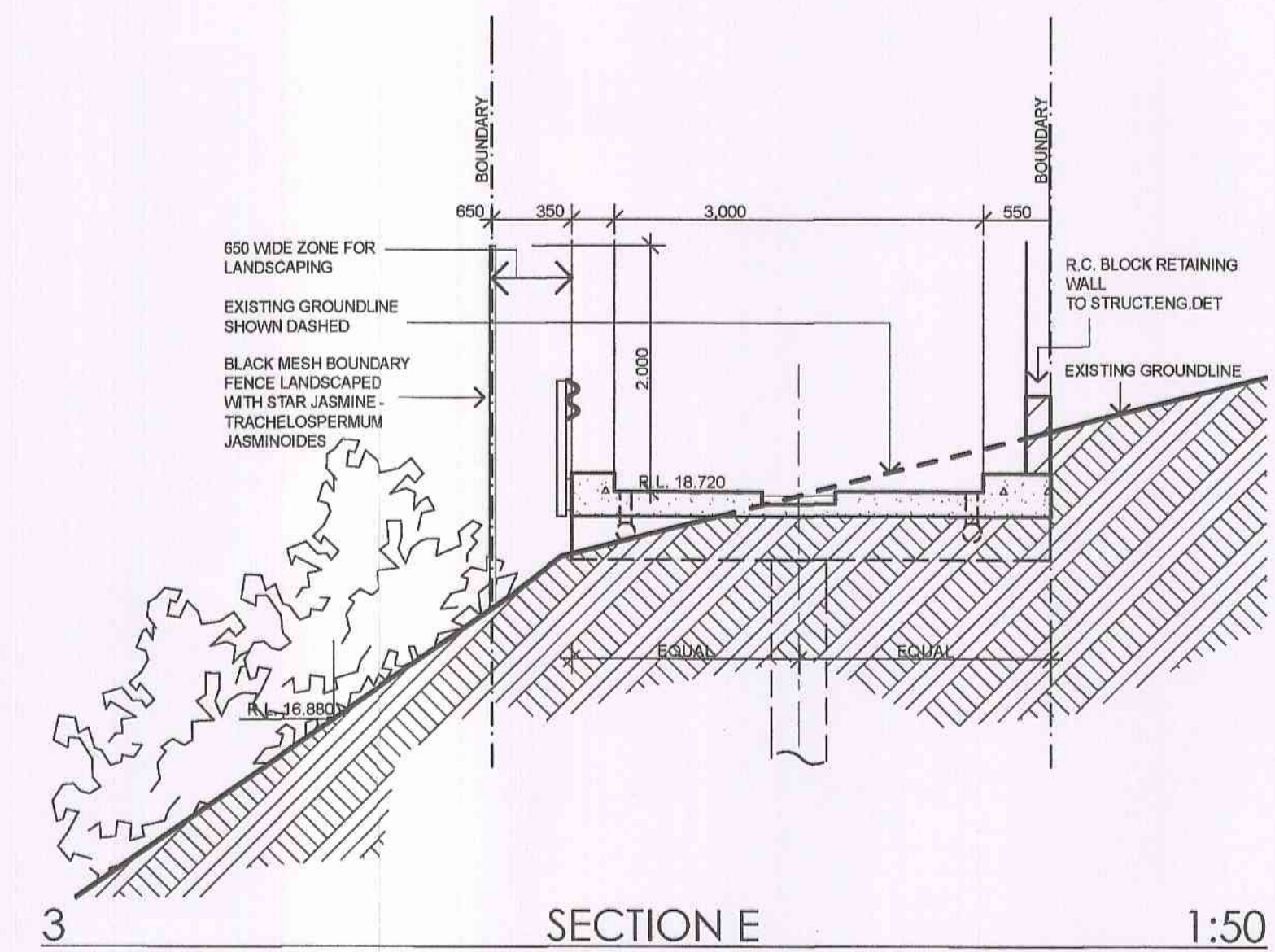
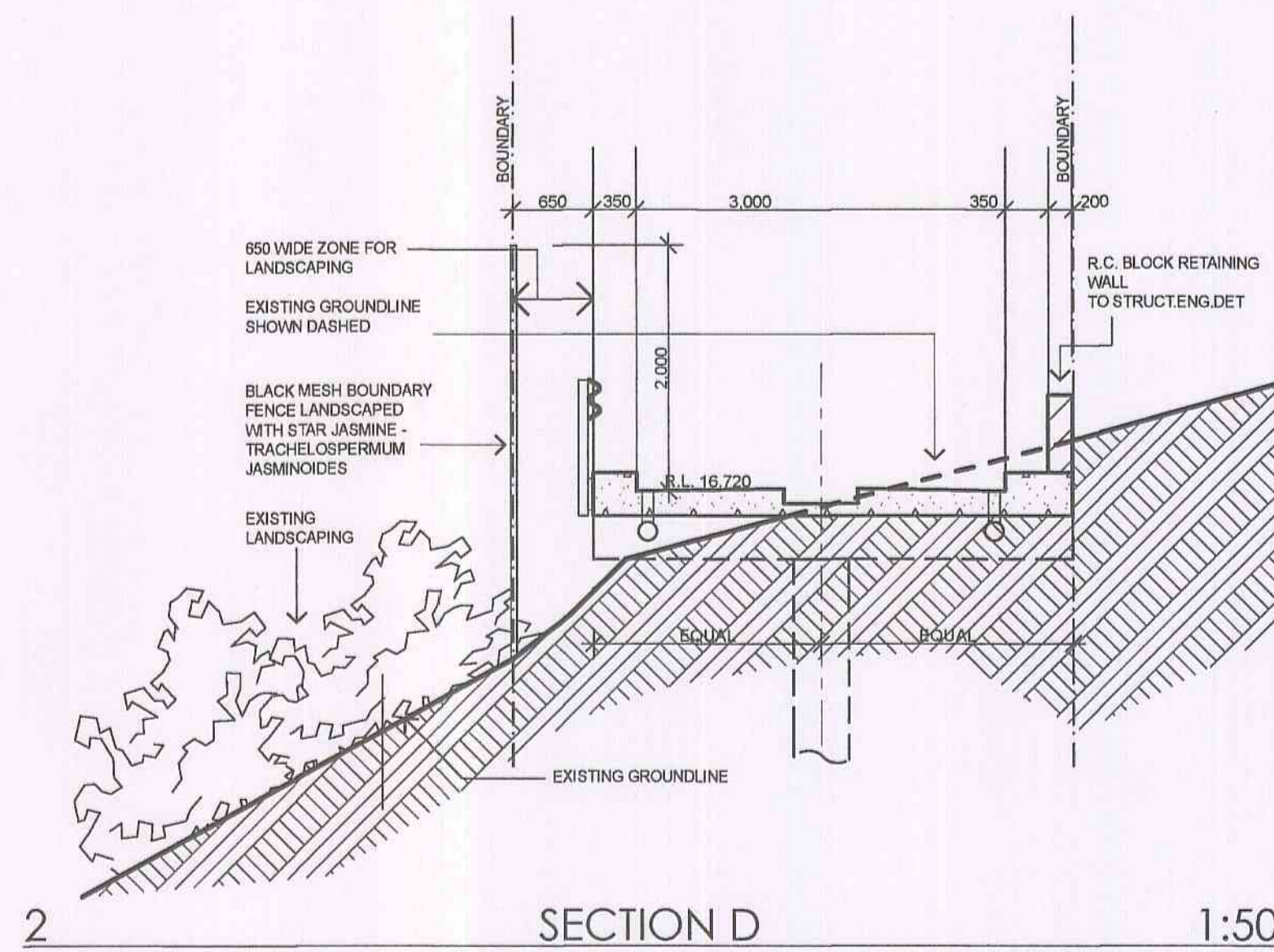
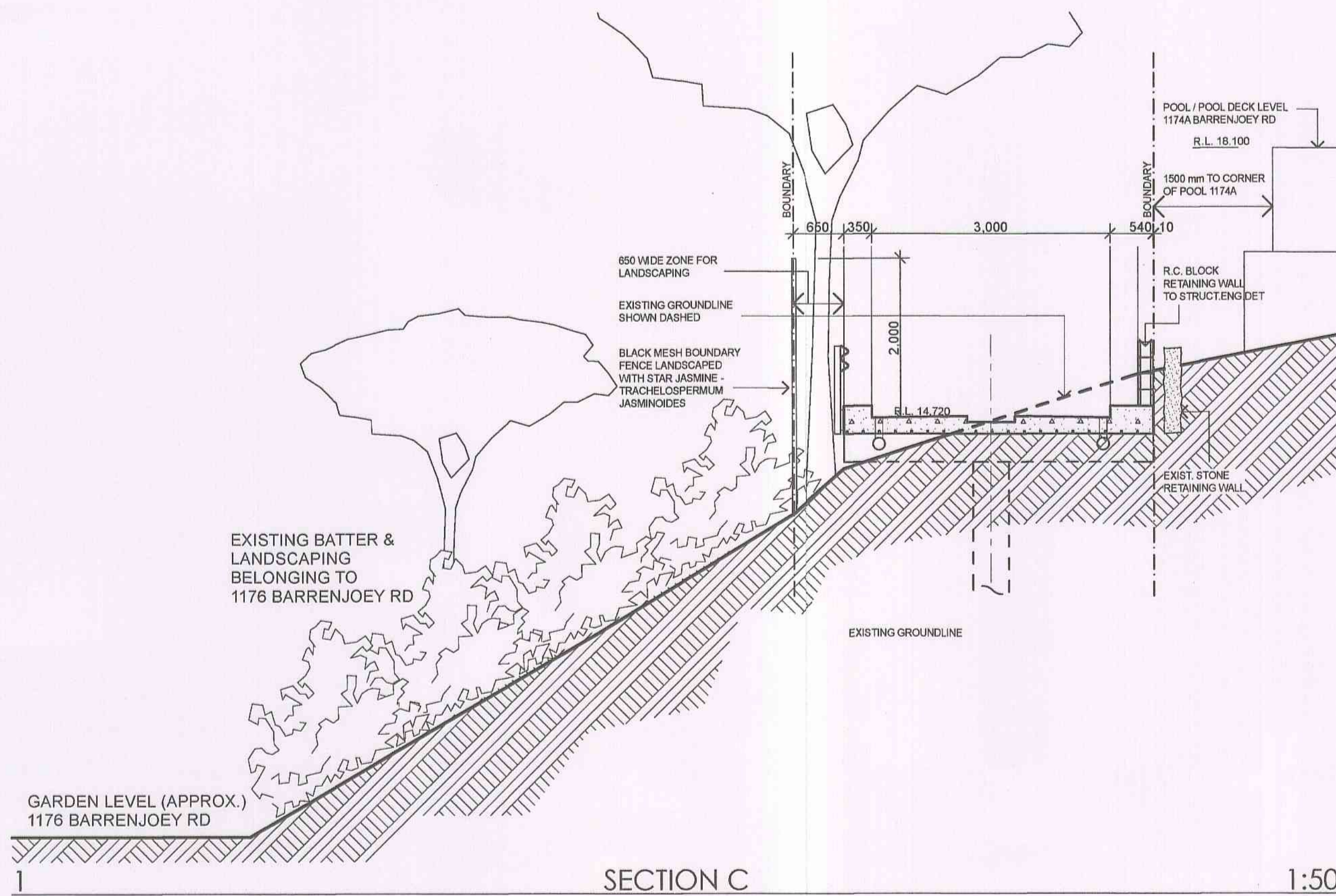
PROPOSED
NEW DRIVEWAY
AT

1174 BARRENJOEY RD.
PALM BEACH
FOR

SUSAN ROTHWELL

ISSUE

1 FOR CONSTRUCTION
CERTIFICATE



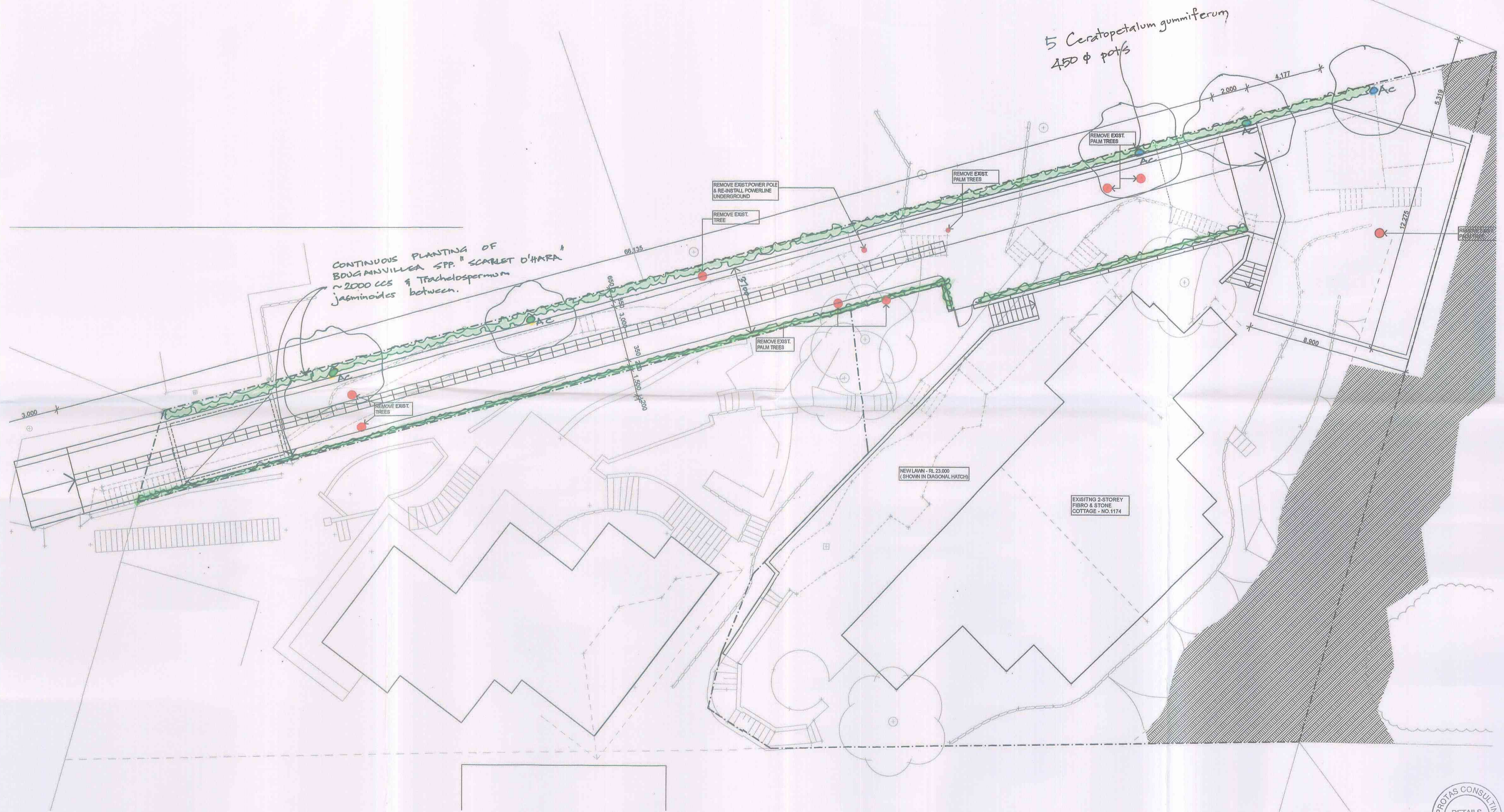
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12 OCT 2014

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TITLE
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JOB NO.	srWBA
DWG. NO.	srBR-106
ISSUE	1



NEW DRIVEWAY
AT
1174 BARRENJOEY ROAD
PALM BEACH
FOR
SUSAN ROTHWELL

ISSUE
1 FOR CONSTRUCTION
CERTIFICATE

Susan Rothwell Architects P/L
Susan Rothwell Cert. Urban Hort. (Ryde)
B. Arch (Syd)
PRAIA



TITLE LANDSCAPING PLAN
DATE 6.2.12
SCALE 1:100
DWG. NO. sRBR-104
ISSUE 2

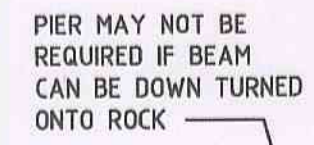
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ALL SLABS ON GROUND ARE TO BE POURED ONTO A 300um WATERPROOF MEMBRANE OVERLAYING
AN 80mm LAYER OF 20mm SINGLE SIZED FREE
DRAINING COMPACTED GRANULAR MATERIAL
SLAB TO BE REINFORCED WITH SL102 TOP AND BOTTOM (LAID 2ND AND 4TH), ANY ADDITIONAL
REINFORCEMENT IS SHOWN ON PLAN AND SECTIONS.

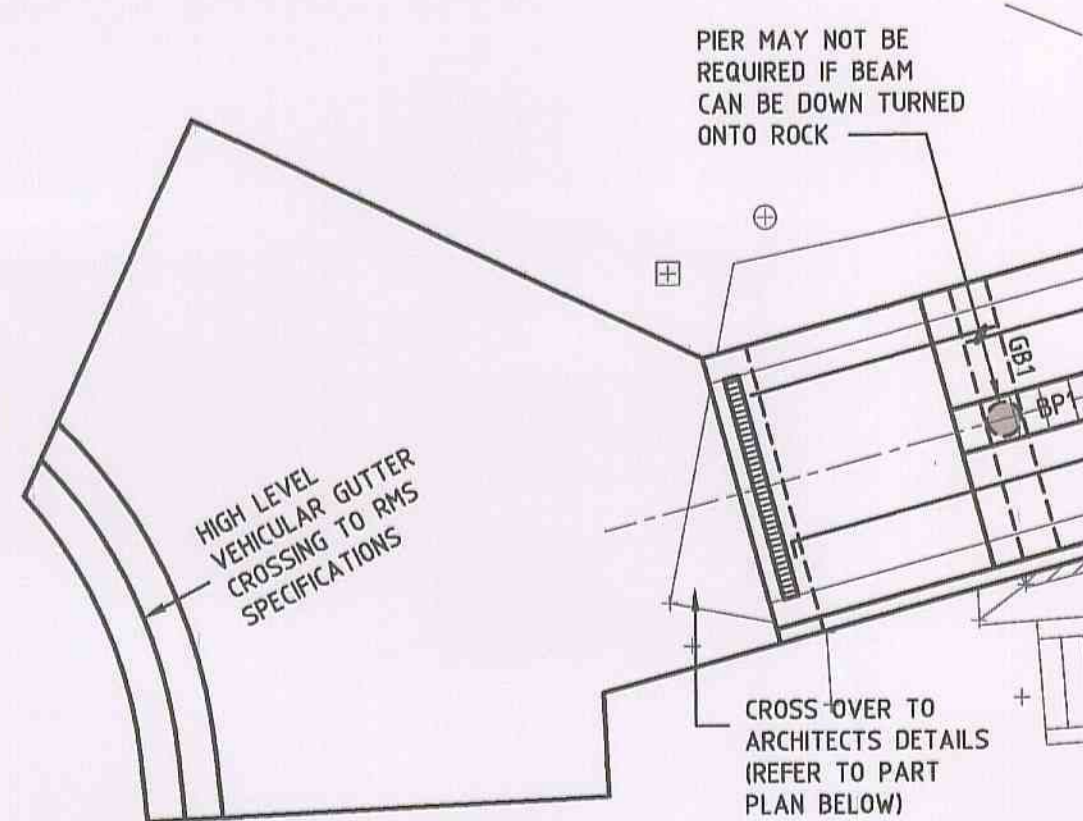
DENOTES SPAN DIRECTION OF 1.0 BMT BONDEK

DRIVEWAY HAS BEEN DESIGNED
FOR 10 TONNE TRUCK LOADING

MARK	SIZE	REMARKS
BP1	450 DIA PIER	5N20 VERTICAL - R10-300 TIES
GB1	MIN 500 DEEP x 500 WIDE	4N20 TOP AND BOTTOM - N12-300 TIES
GB2	MIN 400 DEEP x 500 WIDE	4N16 TOP AND BOTTOM - N12-300 TIES
RCW1	150 RC WALL OR 190 COREFILLED BLOCKWALL	N16-400 VERTICAL - N16-300 HORIZONTAL N16-400 VERTICAL - N16-400 HORIZONTAL



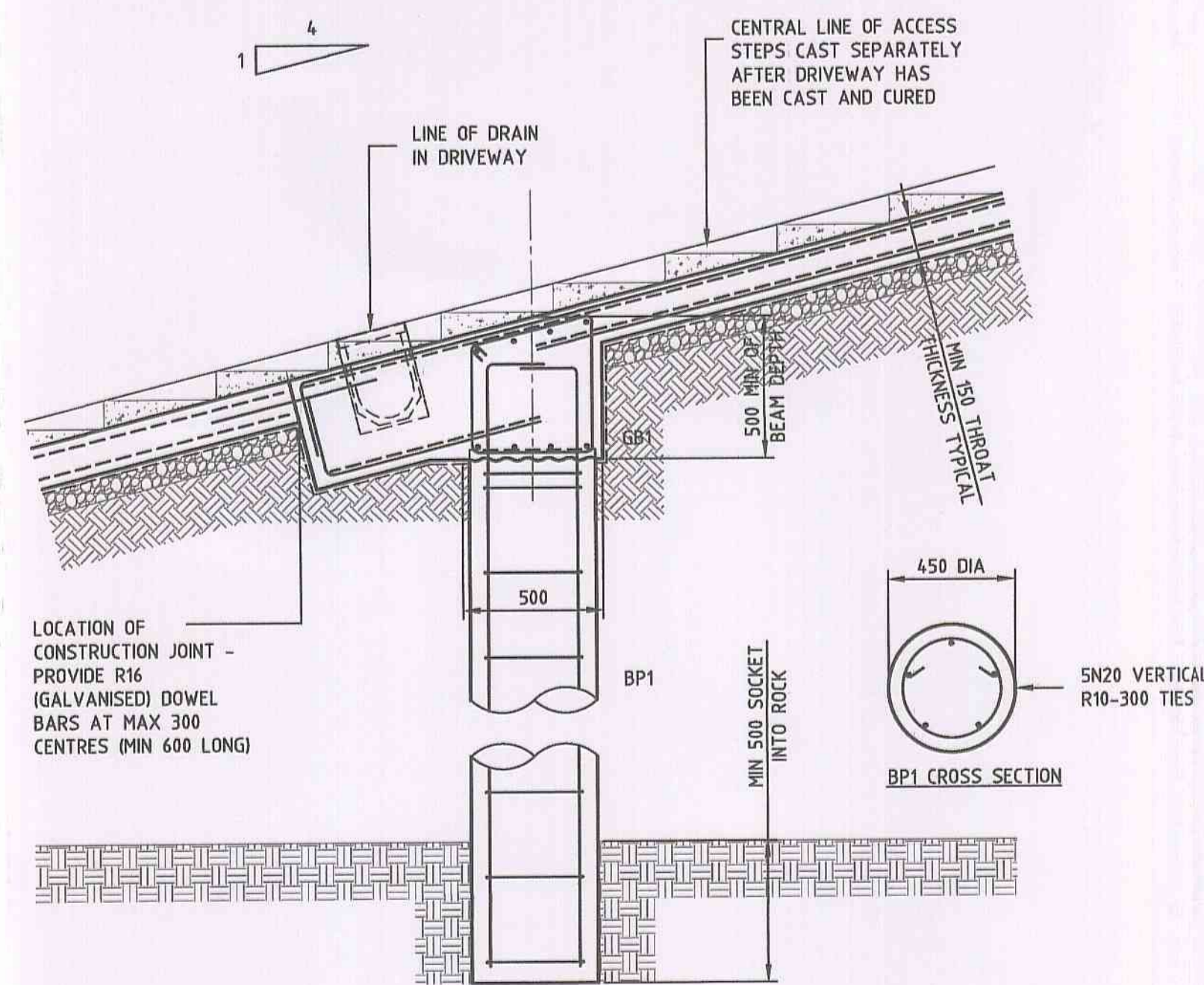
CROSS OVER TO
ARCHITECTS DETAILS
(REFER TO PART
PLAN BELOW)



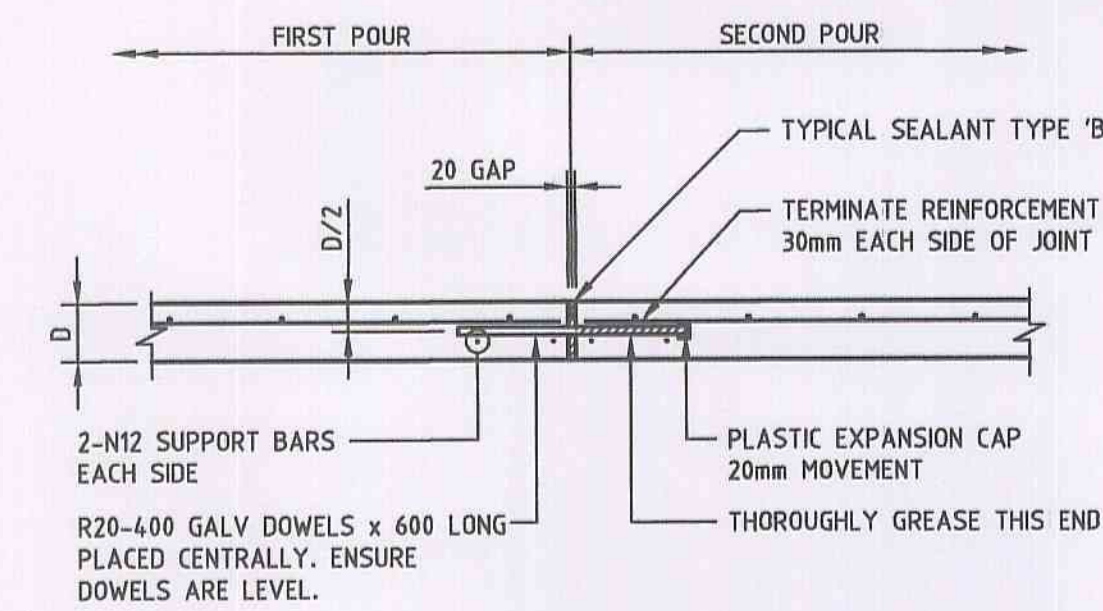
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ALL SETOUT, FALLS, GRADES AND SETDOWNS ARE
TO ARCHITECTS DETAILS U.N.O. - TYPICAL

150 ALL SLABS ON GROUND ARE TO BE MIN 150mm THICK U.N.O. ALL SLABS ON GROUND ARE TO BE POURED ONTO A 300um WATERPROOF MEMBRANE OVERLAYING AN 80mm LAYER OF 20mm SINGLE SIZED FREE DRAINING COMPACTED GRANULAR MATERIAL. SLAB TO BE REINFORCED WITH SL102 TOP AND BOTTOM ANY ADDITIONAL REINFORCEMENT IS SHOWN ON PLAN AND SECTIONS.



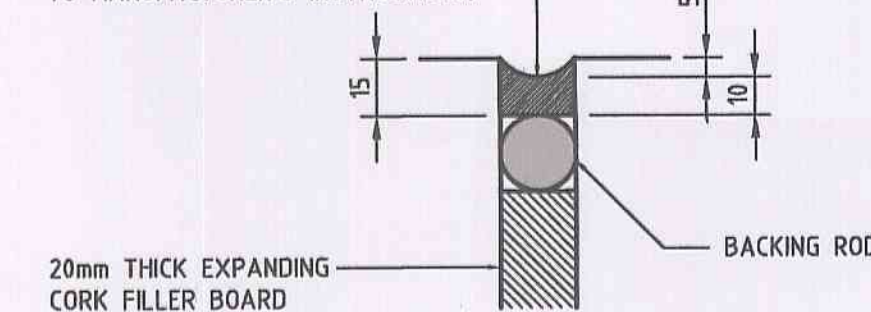
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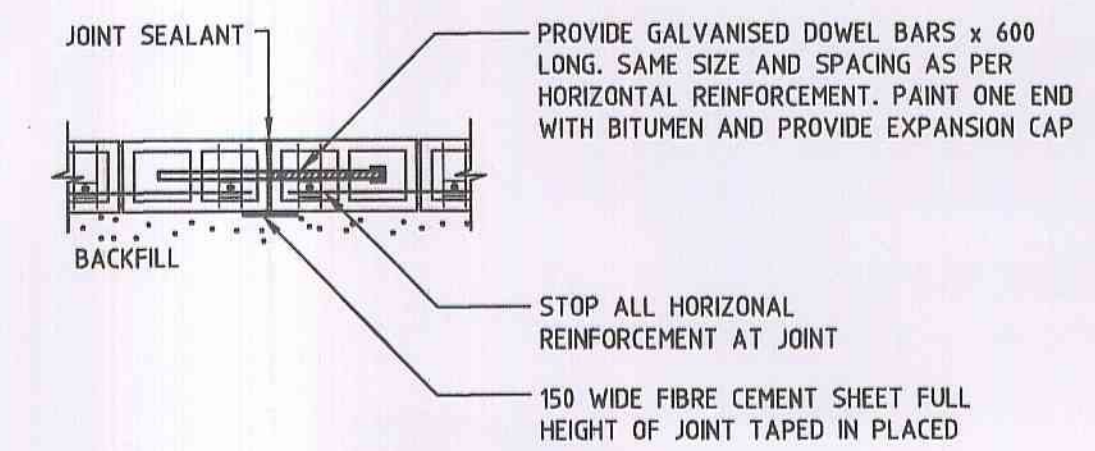
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JOINTS ARE TO BE LOCATED AT MAXIMUM 8000 CENTRES.

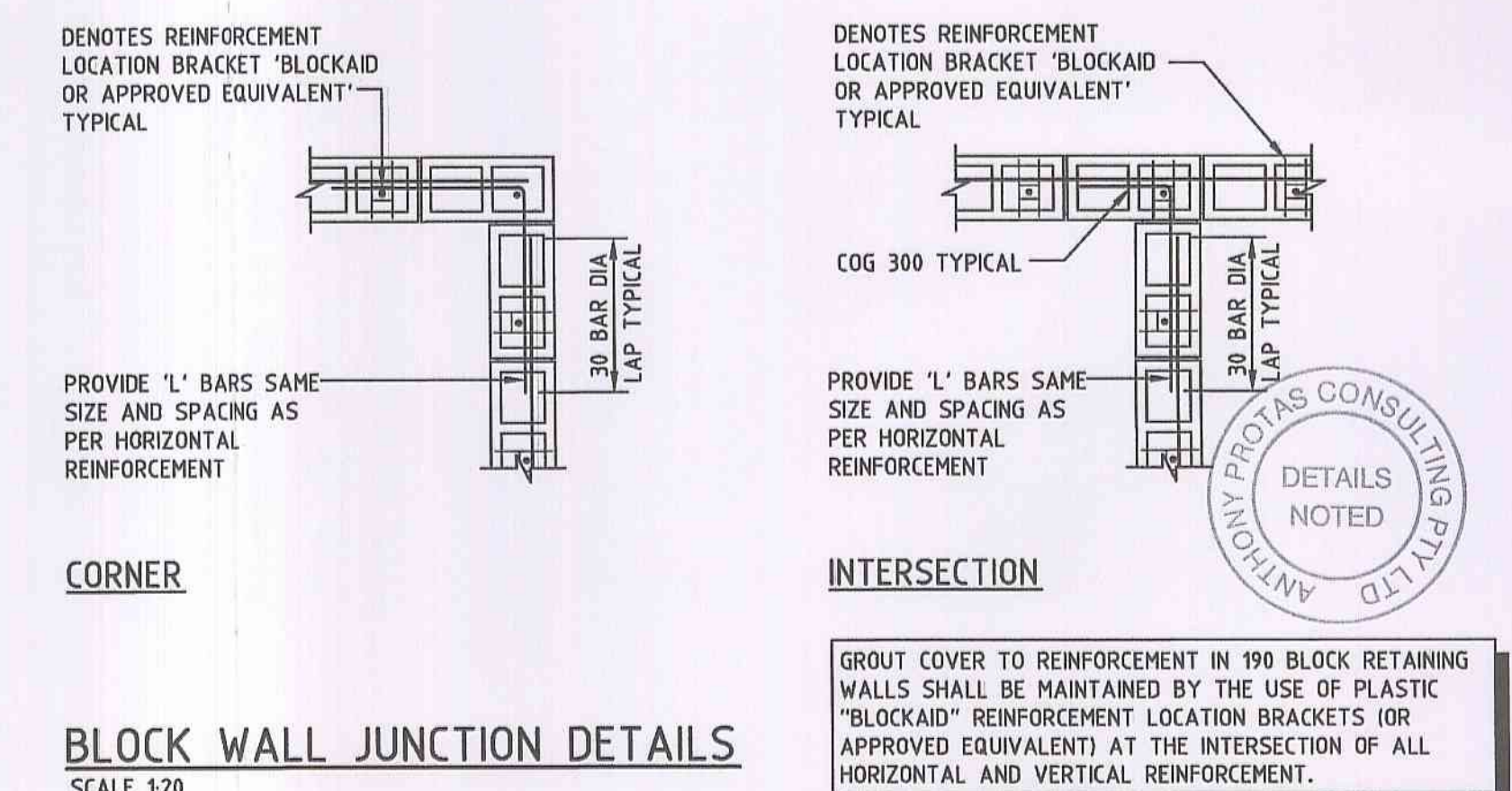
POLYURETHANE GUN GRADE SEALANT
COLOURED TO ARCHITECTS OR
CLIENTS SPECIFICATIONS.
(SIKAFLEX PRO WITH PRIMER SP2 OR
APPROVED EQUIVALENT INSTALLED
TO MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS)



SCALE 1:2



SCALE 1:20



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1	Top of full size				Pics	

Client

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**SUSAN ROTHWELL
AND ASSOCIATES**

38 SERPENTINE ROAD (LOWER)
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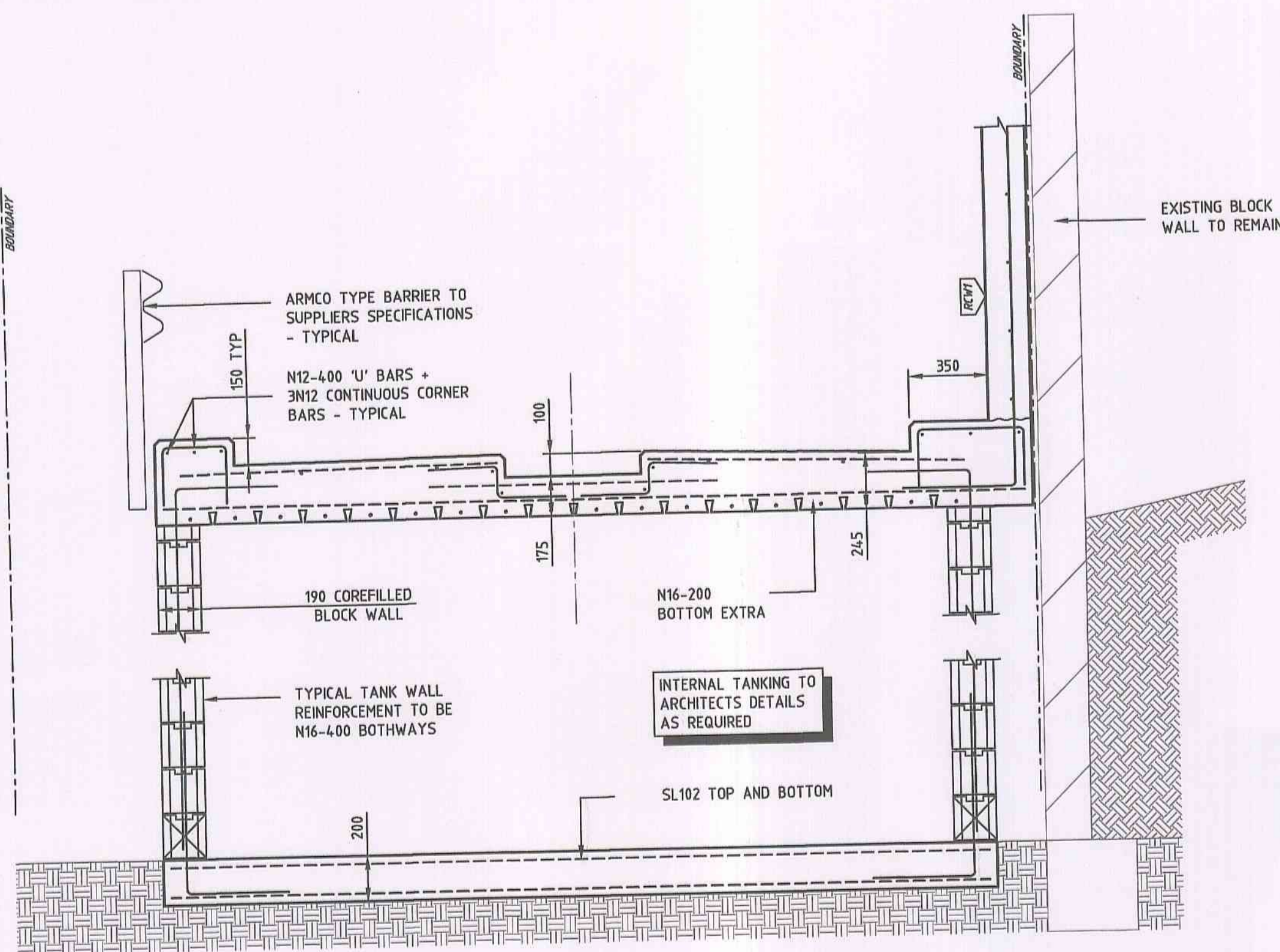
PHONE : 9439 2380 FAX : 9901 3185

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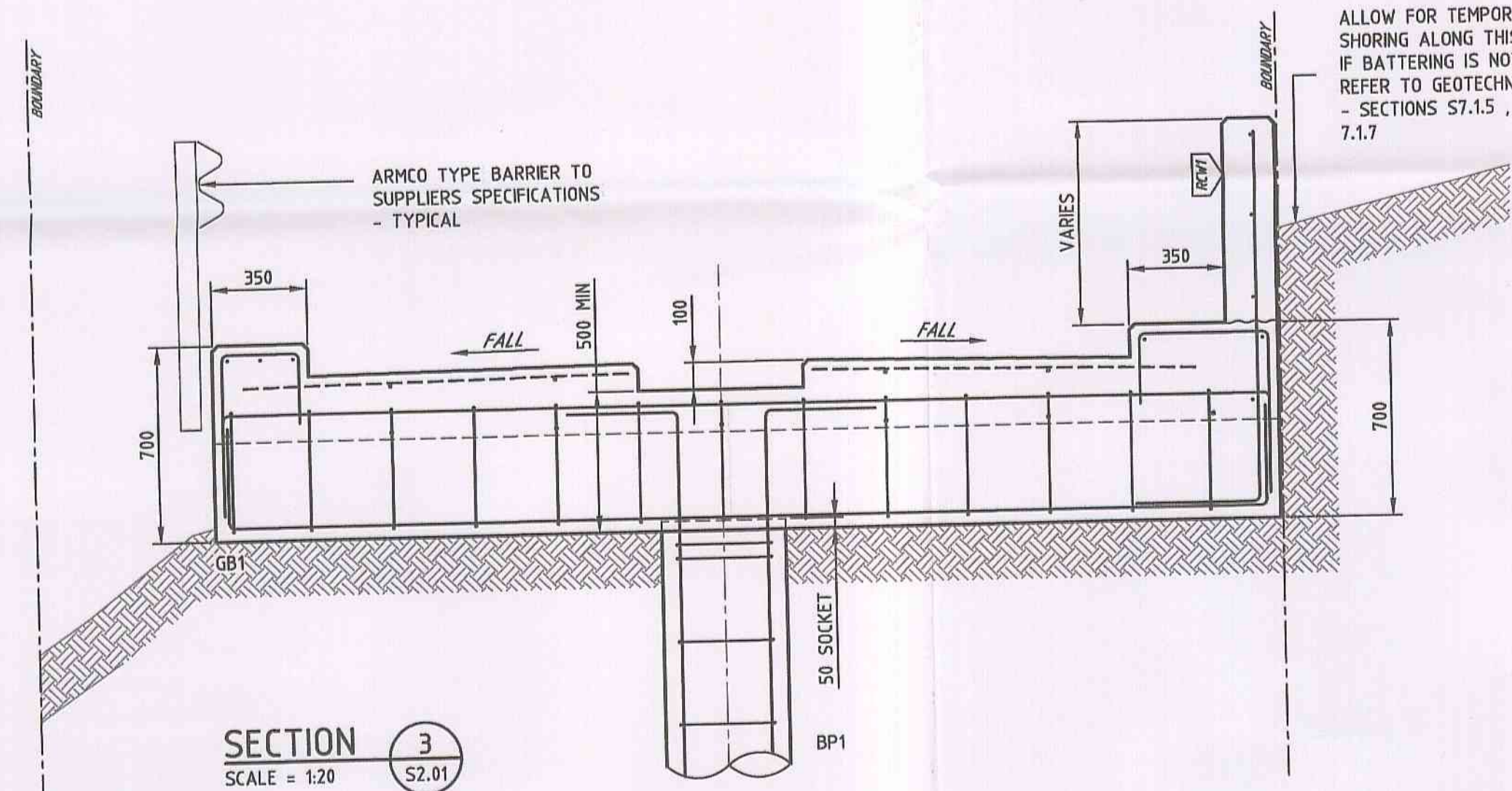
D	Project
RS	NEW DRIVEWAY AND GARAGE BARRENJOEY ROAD 1174 BARRENJOEY ROAD PALM BEACH
RS	
et	
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Drawing Title
**DRIVEWAY PLAN
AND DETAILS**

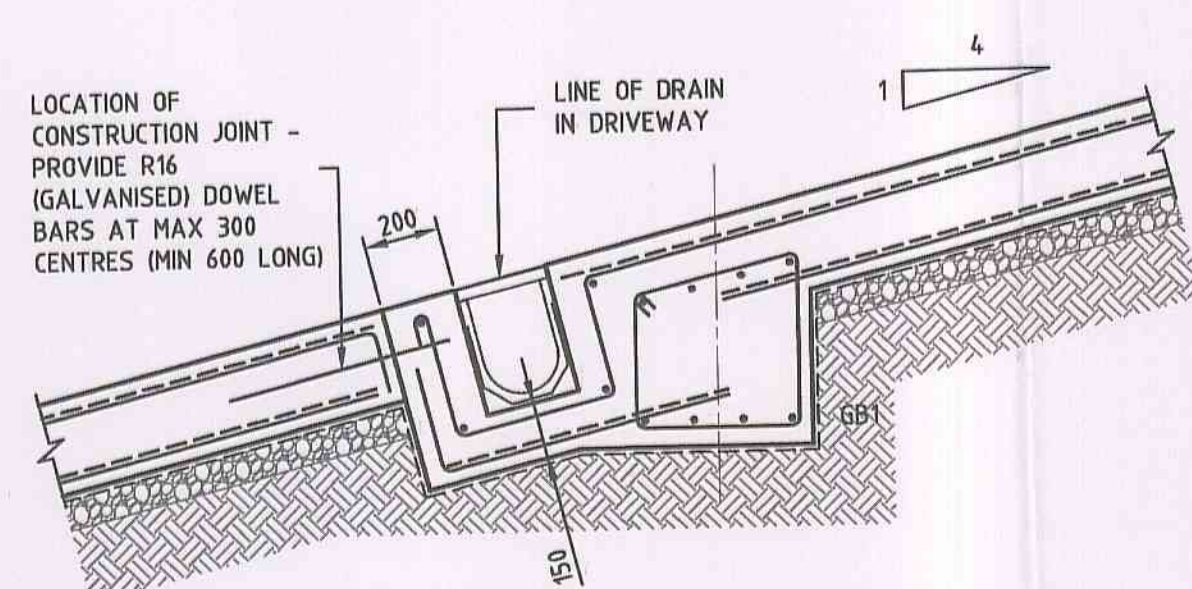
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Designed CR	Project No. SY11 0101			Dwg. No. S2.01	Issue B



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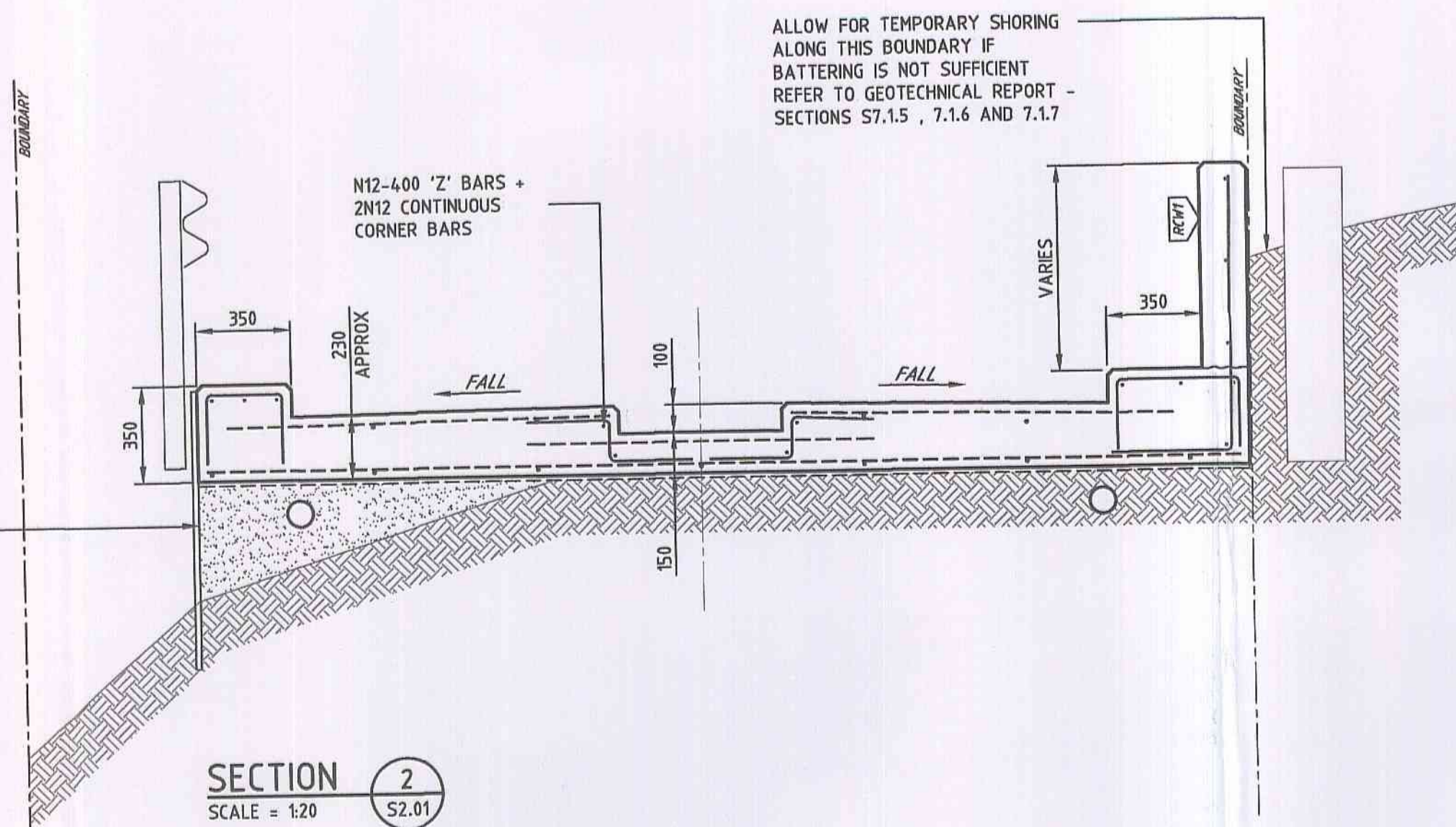


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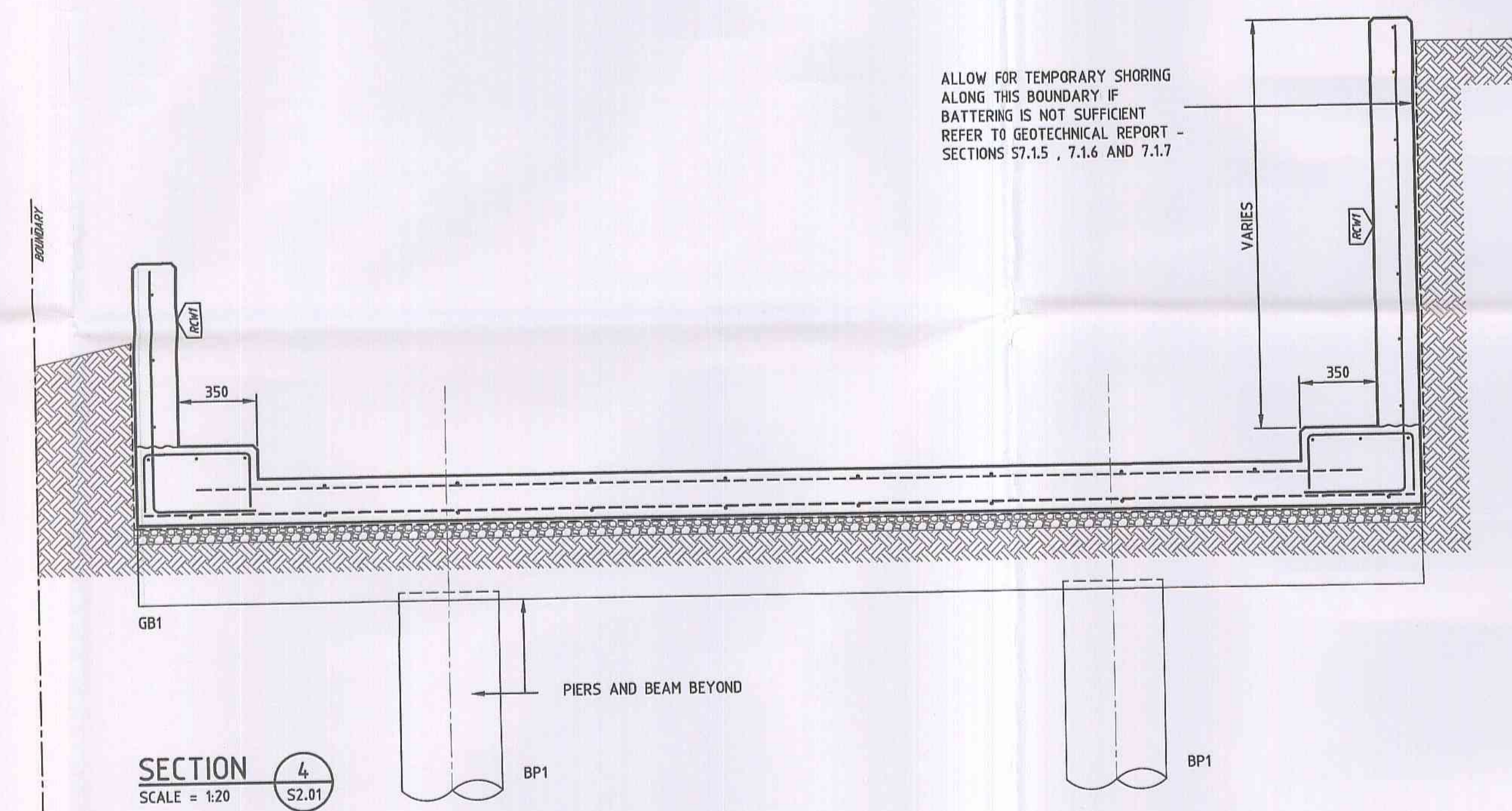


TYPICAL SECTION THROUGH GRATED DRAIN
SCALE = 1:20

TEMPORARY FORMWORK TO ALLOW FOR FILL AS FORMWORK



SECTION 2
SCALE = 1:20 S2.01



SECTION 4
SCALE = 1:20 S2.01



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A	ISSUED FOR COMMENT	19.07.2012	DRW	CR

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Project
**NEW DRIVEWAY AND GARAGE
BARRENJOEY ROAD**
1174 BARRENJOEY ROAD
PALM BEACH

Drawing Title DRIVEWAY CROSS SECTIONS				
Drawn	Date	Scale	A1	Q.A. Check
DRW	JULY 2012	NOTED		
Designed	Project No.	Dwg. No.	Issue	
CR	SY11 0101	S2.05	B	

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- E1. THIS PLAN IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE ENGINEERING PLANS, AND ANY OTHER PLANS OR WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS THAT MAY BE ISSUED AND RELATING TO DEVELOPMENT AT THE SUBJECT SITE.
- E2. THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT WILL ENSURE THAT ALL SOIL AND WATER MANAGEMENT WORKS ARE LOCATED AS INSTRUCTED IN THIS SPECIFICATION.
- E3. ALL BUILDERS AND SUB-CONTRACTORS WILL BE INFORMED OF THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES IN MINIMISING THE POTENTIAL FOR SOIL EROSION AND POLLUTION TO DOWNSLOPE LANDS AND WATERWAYS.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- E4. THE SOIL EROSION POTENTIAL ON THIS SITE SHALL BE MINIMISED. HENCE WORKS SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN IN THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE:
 - a. INSTALL SEDIMENT FENCES, TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EXIT AND SANDBAG KEBB INLET SEDIMENT TRAP.
 - b. UNDERTAKE SITE DEVELOPMENT WORKS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ENGINEERING PLANS. PHASE DEVELOPMENT SO THAT LAND DISTURBANCE IS CONFINED TO AREAS OF WORKABLE SIZE.

EROSION CONTROL

- E5. DURING WINDY CONDITIONS, LARGE, UNPROTECTED AREAS WILL BE KEPT MOIST (NOT WET) BY SPRINKLING WITH WATER TO KEEP DUST UNDER CONTROL.
- E6. FINAL SITE LANDSCAPING WILL BE UNDERTAKEN AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AND WITHIN 20 WORKING DAYS FROM COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.

FENCING

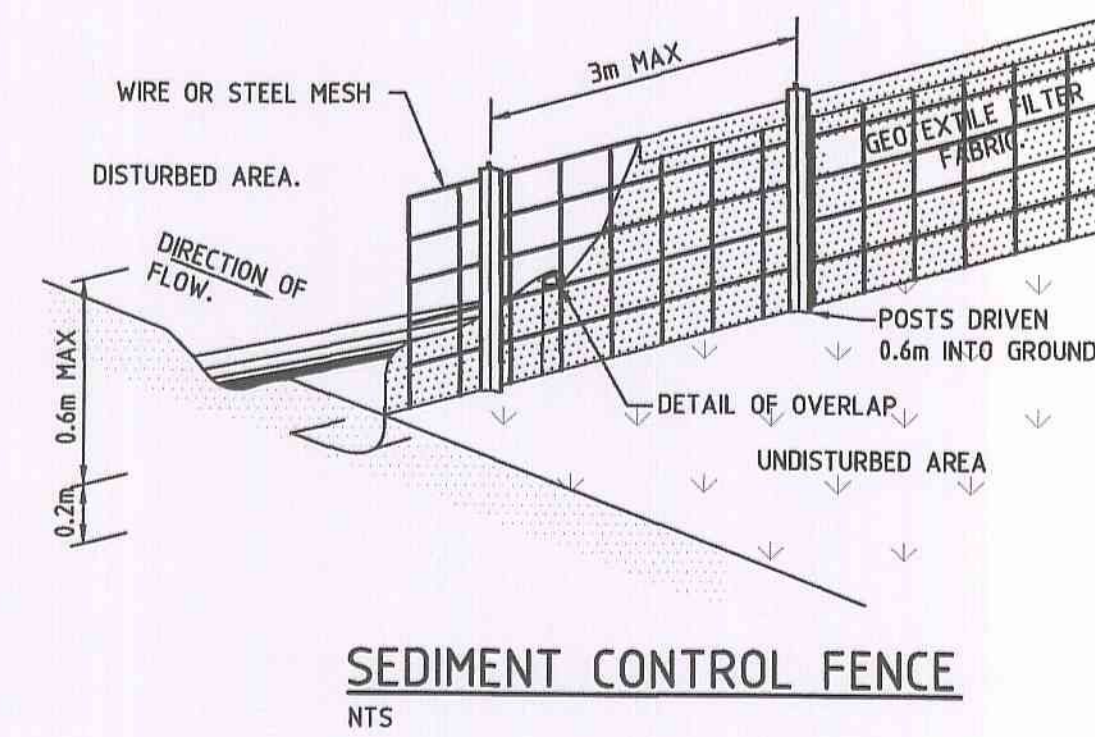
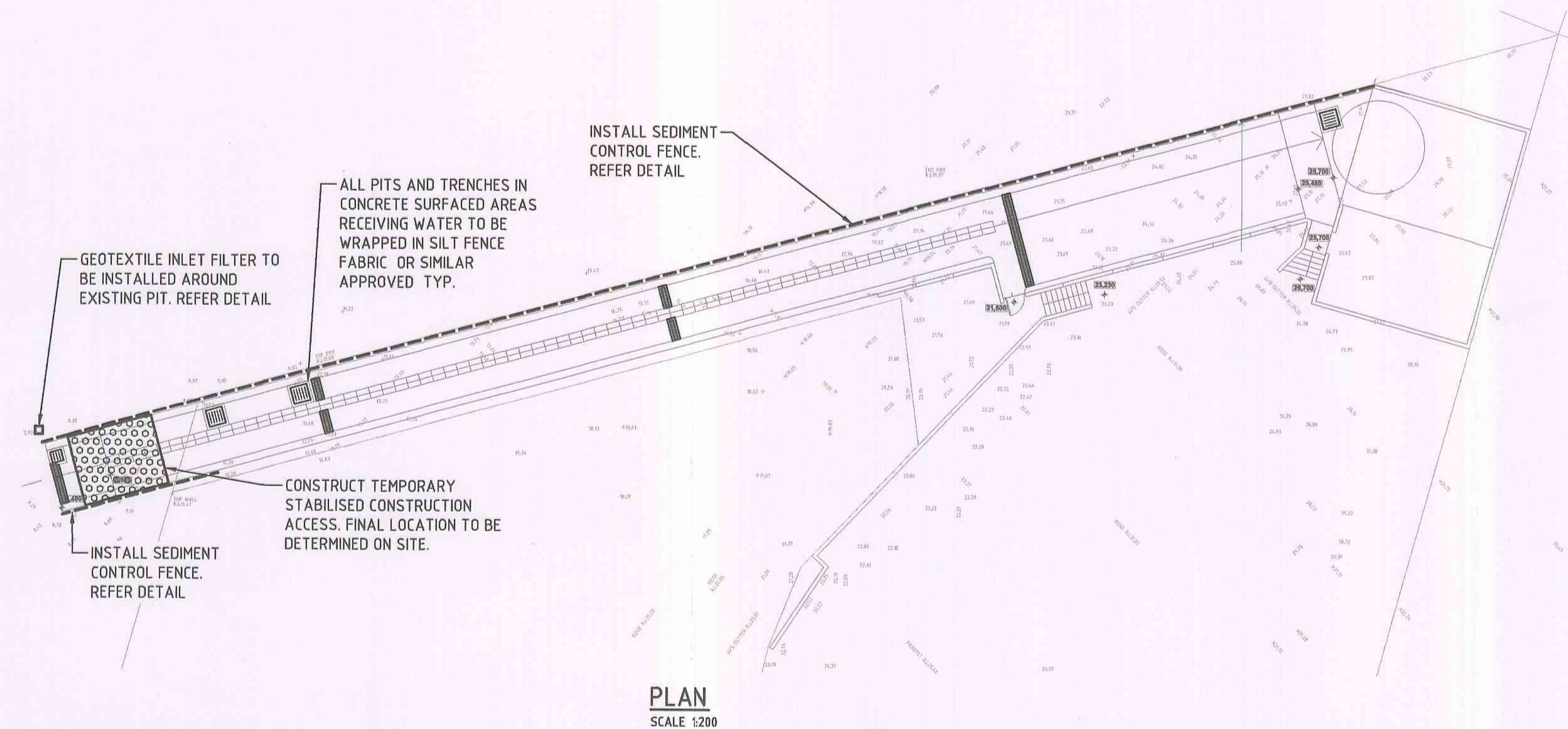
- E7. STOCKPILES WILL NOT BE LOCATED WITHIN 2 METRES OF HAZARD AREAS, INCLUDING LIKELY AREAS OF CONCENTRATED OR HIGH VELOCITY FLOWS SUCH AS WATERWAYS. WHERE THEY ARE BETWEEN 2 AND 5 METRES FROM SUCH AREAS, SPECIAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHOULD BE TAKEN TO MINIMISE POSSIBLE POLLUTION TO DOWNSLOPE WATERS, E.G. THROUGH INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT FENCING.
- E8. ANY SAND USED IN THE CONCRETE CURING PROCESS (SPREAD OVER THE SURFACE) WILL BE REMOVED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AND WITHIN 10 WORKING DAYS FROM PLACEMENT.
- E9. WATER WILL BE PREVENTED FROM ENTERING THE PERMANENT DRAINAGE SYSTEM UNLESS IT IS RELATIVELY SEDIMENT FREE, I.E. THE CATCHMENT AREA HAS BEEN PERMANENTLY LANDSCAPED AND/OR ANY LIKELY SEDIMENT HAS BEEN FILTERED THROUGH AN APPROVED STRUCTURE.
- E10. TEMPORARY SOIL AND WATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES WILL BE REMOVED ONLY AFTER THE LANDS THEY ARE PROTECTING ARE REHABILITATED.

OTHER MATTERS

- E11. ACCEPTABLE RECEPTORS WILL BE PROVIDED FOR CONCRETE AND MORTAR SLURRIES, PAINTS, ACID WASHINGS, LIGHT-WEIGHT WASTE MATERIALS AND LITTER.
- E12. RECEPTORS FOR CONCRETE AND MORTAR SLURRIES, PAINTS, ACID WASHINGS, LIGHT-WEIGHT WASTE MATERIALS AND LITTER ARE TO BE EMPTIED AS NECESSARY. DISPOSAL OF WASTE SHALL BE IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT.

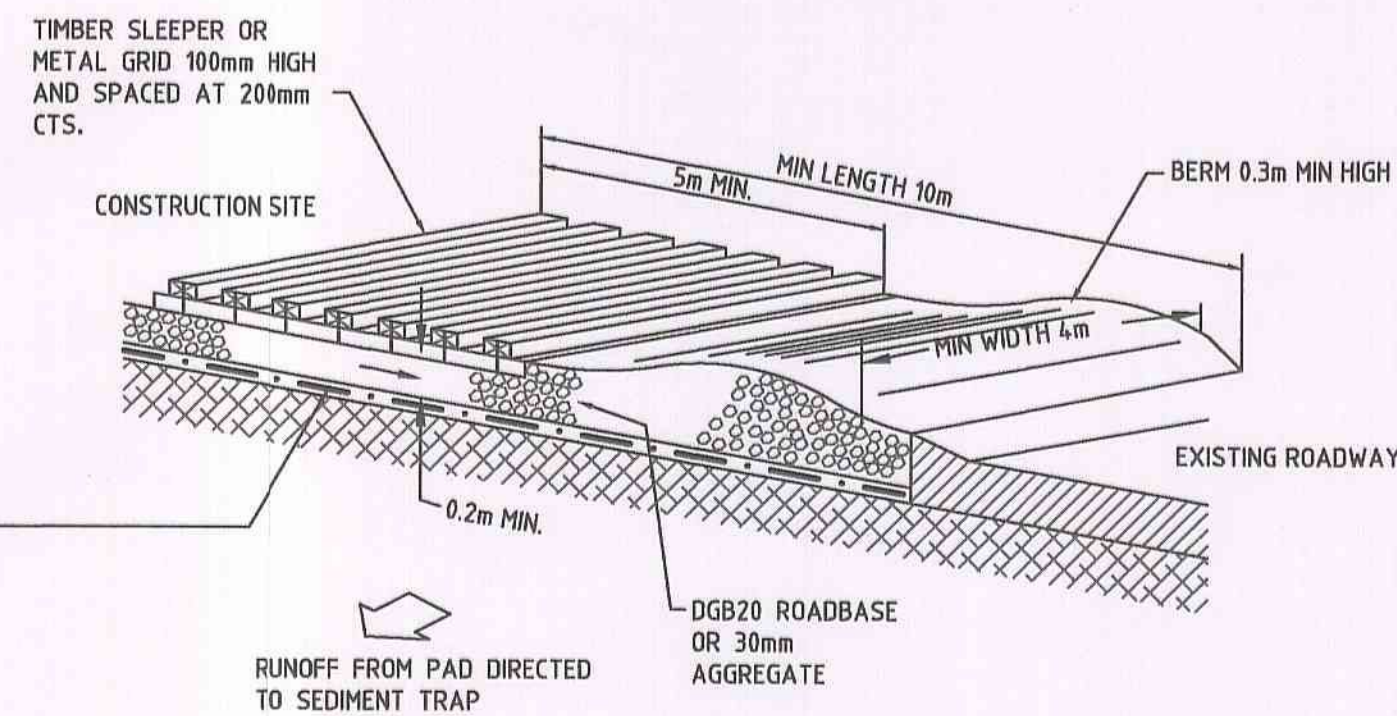
SITE INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

- E13. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED AFTER RAINFALL EVENTS TO ENSURE THAT THEY OPERATE EFFECTIVELY. REPAIR AND OR MAINTENANCE SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN AS REQUIRED.



NOTE:
ENSURE THAT ALL COUNCIL AND PUBLIC UTILITY ASSETS ARE MAINTAINED AND PROTECTED AT ALL TIMES IN THE VICINITY OF THE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EXIST

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC DESIGNED TO PREVENT INTERMIXING OF SUBGRADE AND BASE MATERIALS AND TO MAINTAIN GOOD PROPERTIES OF THE SUB-BASE LAYERS. GEOTEXTILE MAY BE WOVEN OR NEEDLE PUNCHED PRODUCT WITH A MINIMUM CBR BURST STRENGTH (A53706.4-90) OF 2500N.



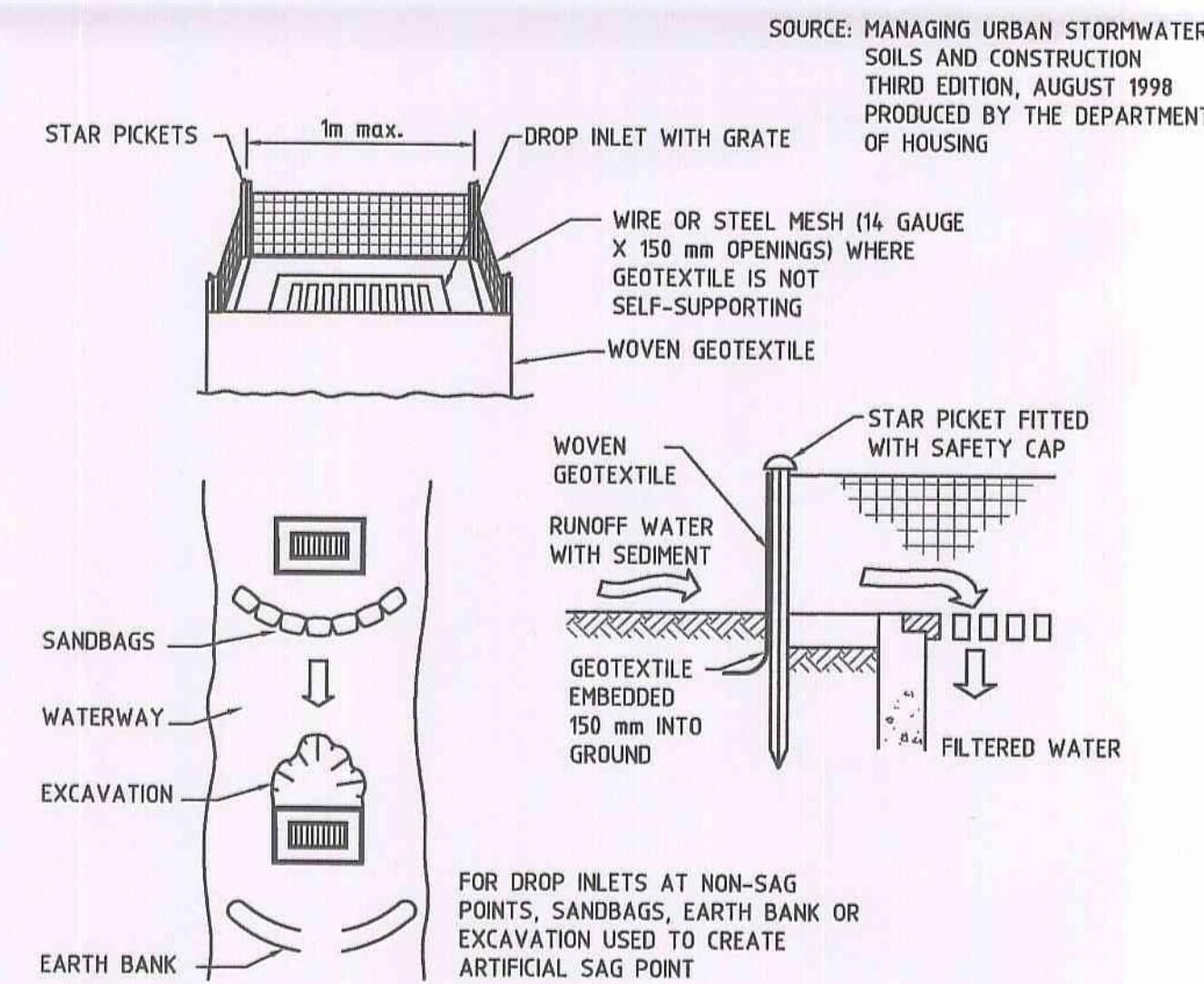
CONSTRUCTION NOTES

1. STRIP TOPSOIL AND LEVEL SITE.
2. COMPACT SUBGRADE.
3. COVER AREA WITH NEEDLE-PUNCHED GEOTEXTILE.
4. CONSTRUCT 200mm THICK PAD OVER GEOTEXTILE USING ROADBASE OR 30mm AGGREGATE.
5. CONSTRUCT HUMP IMMEDIATELY WITHIN BOUNDARY TO DIVERT WATER TO A SEDIMENT FENCE OR OTHER SEDIMENT TRAP WHERE THE SEDIMENT IS COLLECTED AND REMOVED.

MAINTENANCE NOTES

THE EXIT SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH PREVENTS TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT OFF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL GRAVEL AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND REPAIR AND/OR CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT. ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED OFF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE MUST BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY.

TEMPORARY STABILISED CONSTRUCTION EXIT NTS



CONSTRUCTION NOTES

1. FABRICATE A SEDIMENT BARRIER FROM GEOTEXTILE OR STRAW BALES.
2. SUPPORT GEOTEXTILE WITH MESH TIED TO POSTS AT 1 METRE CENTRES.
3. DO NOT COVER INLET WITH GEOTEXTILE.
4. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS ARE SIMILAR TO TYPICAL SEDIMENT FENCING DETAIL.

GEOTEXTILE INLET FILTER NTS

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Issue	Description	Date	Drawn	Approved
A	ISSUE FOR DA APPROVAL	26.08.11	RD	BHJ

North

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Project
NEW DRIVEWAY AND GARAGE
BARRENJOE ROAD
1174 BARRENJOE ROAD
PALM BEACH

Drawing Title					
BARRENJOEY ROAD SOIL AND SEDIMENT PLAN					
Drawn	Date	Scale	A1	Q.A. Check	Date
RD	AUG 2011	1:200		Q.A.	Q.A. DATE
Designed	Project No.			Dwg. No.	Issue
BHJ	SY110101			C1.03	A

ANTHONY PROTAS CONSULTING PTY LTD
DETAILS
NOTED

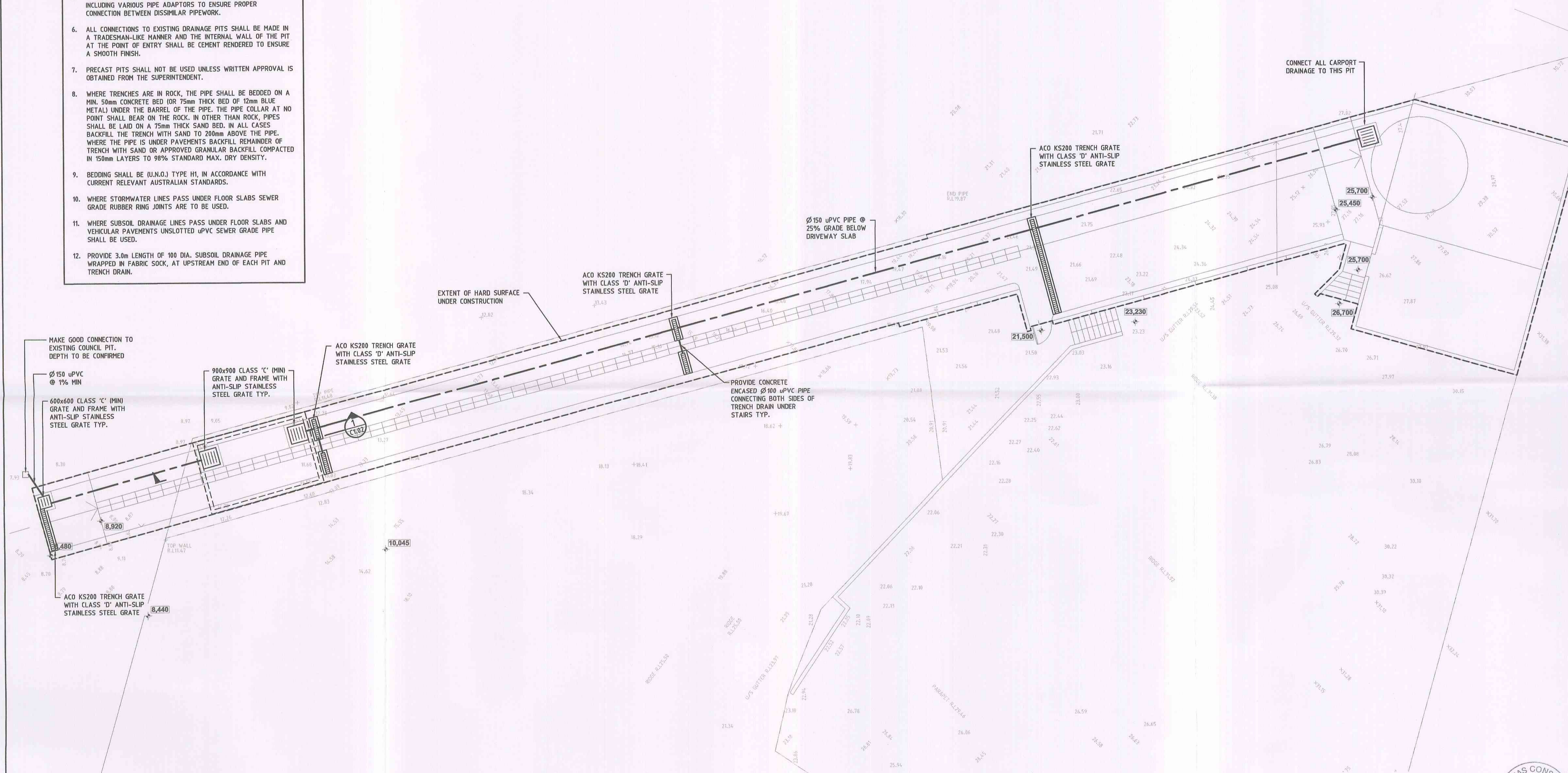
POSTED TO SITE FOR REVIEW OF CONSTRUCTION WORKS

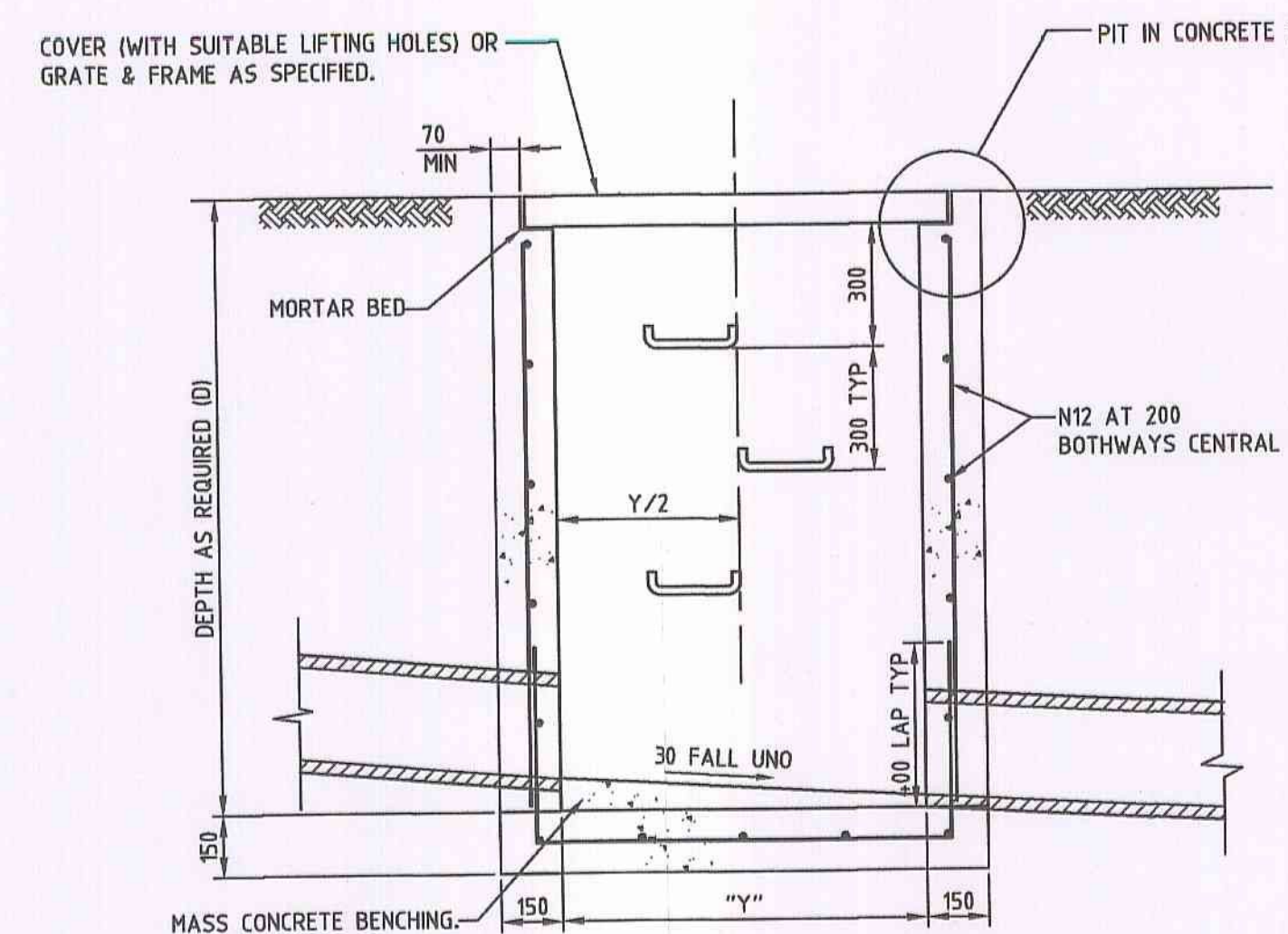
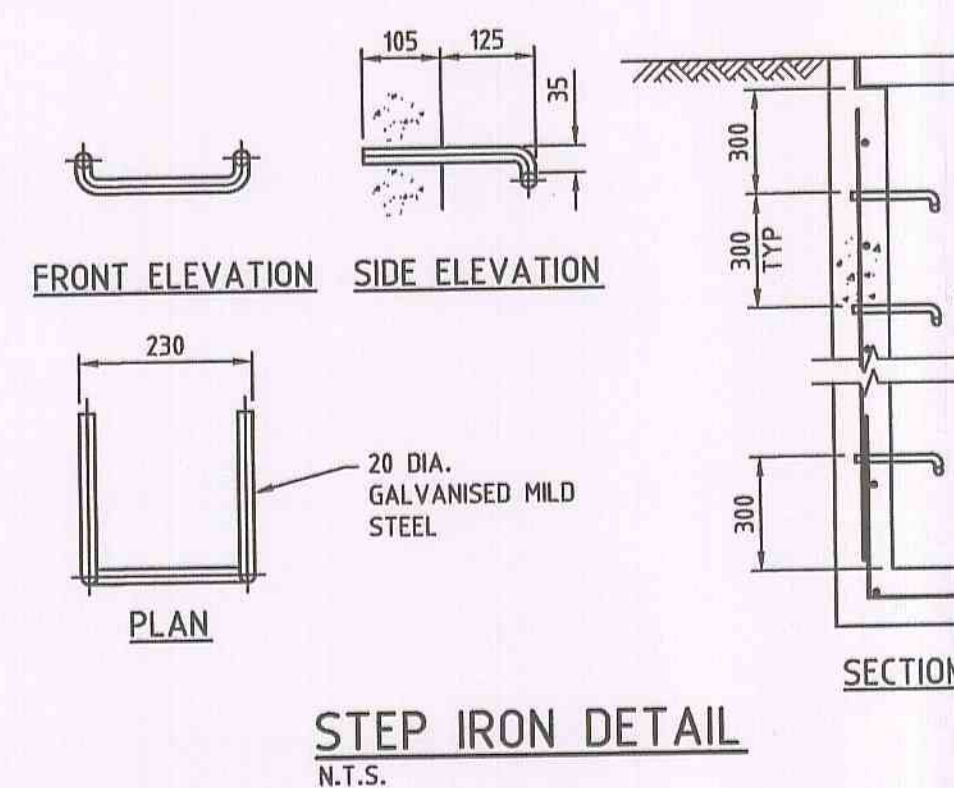
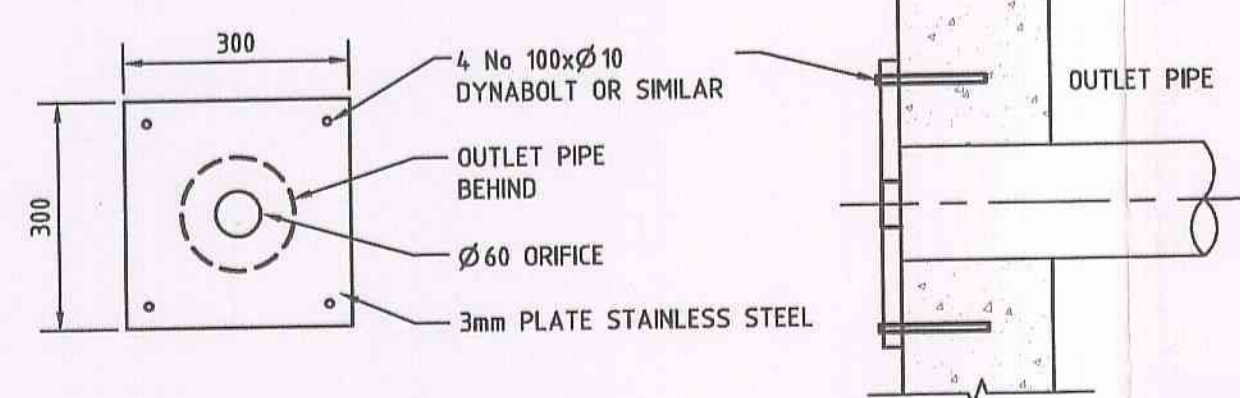
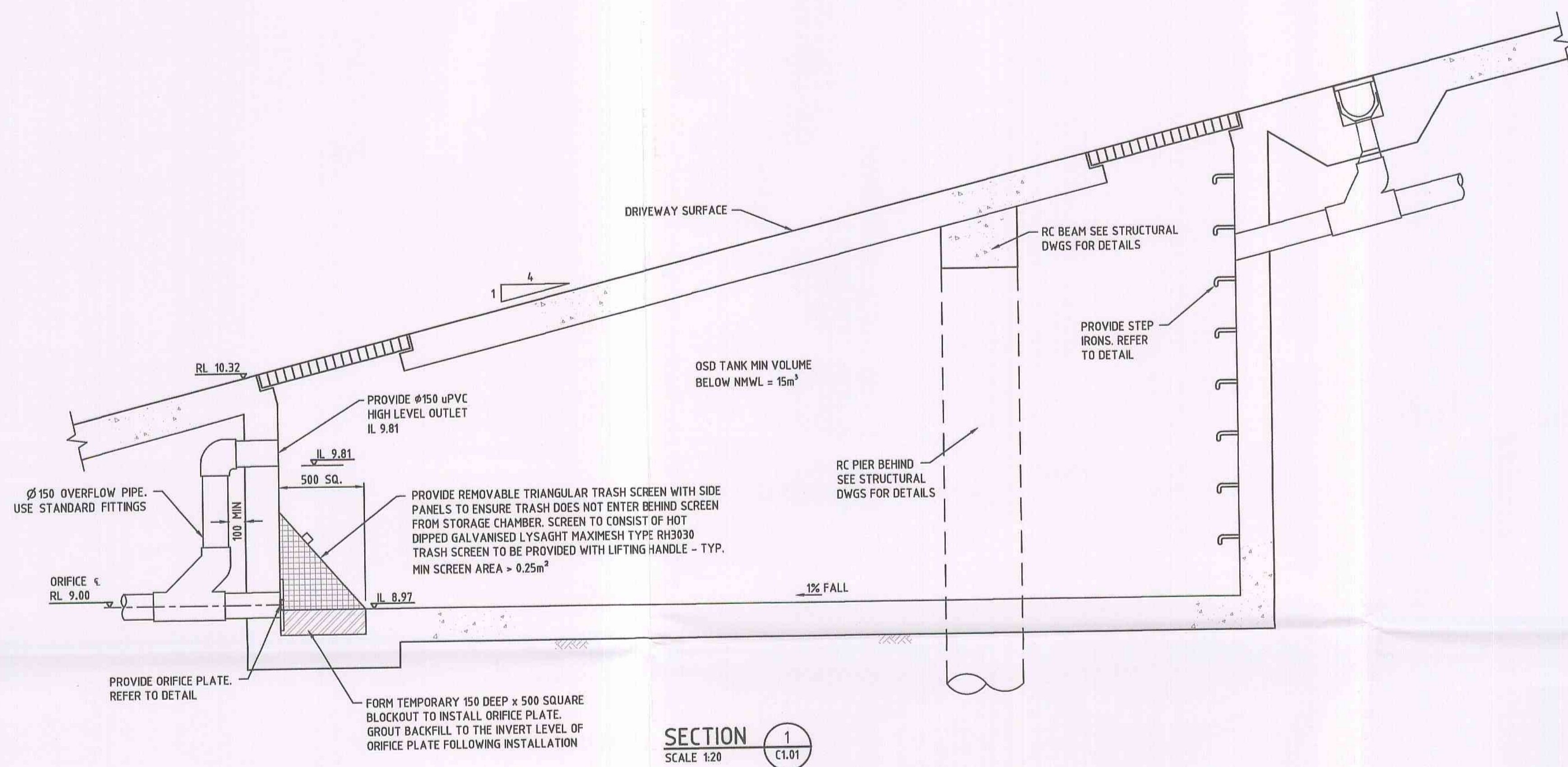
STORMWATER NOTES

- ALL 225mm DIA. AND SMALLER PIPES SHALL BE SEWER GRADE uPVC WITH WELDED JOINTS OR PE WITH WELDED JOINTS. LARGER PIPES SHALL BE REINFORCED CONCRETE.
- EQUIVALENT STRENGTH REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPES MAY BE USED.
- ALL PIPE JOINTS UP TO AND INCLUDING 450 DIA. AND TAPERS SHALL BE VIA PURPOSE MADE FITTINGS.
- MINIMUM GRADE TO STORMWATER LINES TO BE 1% (U.N.O.)
- CONTRACTOR TO SUPPLY AND INSTALL ALL FITTINGS AND SPECIALS INCLUDING VARIOUS PIPE ADAPTORS TO ENSURE PROPER CONNECTION BETWEEN DISSIMILAR PIPEWORK.
- ALL CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING DRAINAGE PITS SHALL BE MADE IN A TRADESMAN-LIKE MANNER AND THE INTERNAL WALL OF THE PIT AT THE POINT OF ENTRY SHALL BE CEMENT RENDERED TO ENSURE A SMOOTH FINISH.
- PRECAST PITS SHALL NOT BE USED UNLESS WRITTEN APPROVAL IS OBTAINED FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT.
- WHERE TRENCHES ARE IN ROCK, THE PIPE SHALL BE BEDDED ON A MIN. 50mm CONCRETE BED (OR 75mm THICK BED OF 12mm BLUE METAL) UNDER THE BARREL OF THE PIPE. THE PIPE COLLAR AT NO POINT SHALL BEAR ON THE ROCK. IN OTHER THAN ROCK, PIPES SHALL BE LAID ON A 75mm THICK SAND BED. IN ALL CASES BACKFILL THE TRENCH WITH SAND TO 200mm ABOVE THE PIPE. WHERE THE PIPE IS UNDER PAVEMENTS BACKFILL REMAINDER OF TRENCH WITH SAND OR APPROVED GRANULAR BACKFILL COMPACTED IN 150mm LAYERS TO 98% STANDARD MAX. DRY DENSITY.
- BEDDING SHALL BE (U.N.O.) TYPE H1, IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT RELEVANT AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS.
- WHERE STORMWATER LINES PASS UNDER FLOOR SLABS SEWER GRADE RUBBER RING JOINTS ARE TO BE USED.
- WHERE SUBSOIL DRAINAGE LINES PASS UNDER FLOOR SLABS AND VEHICULAR PAVEMENTS UNSLOTTED uPVC SEWER GRADE PIPE SHALL BE USED.
- PROVIDE 3.0m LENGTH OF 100 DIA. SUBSOIL DRAINAGE PIPE WRAPPED IN FABRIC SOCK, AT UPSTREAM END OF EACH PIT AND TRENCH DRAIN.

OSD INFORMATION

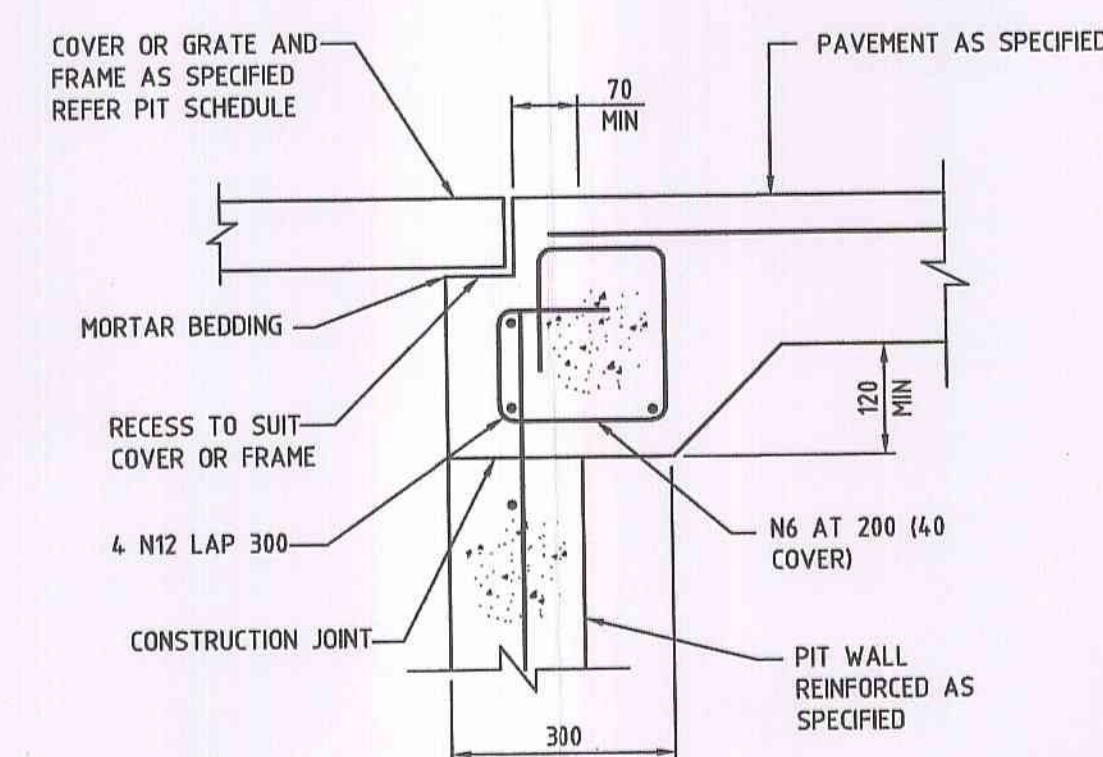
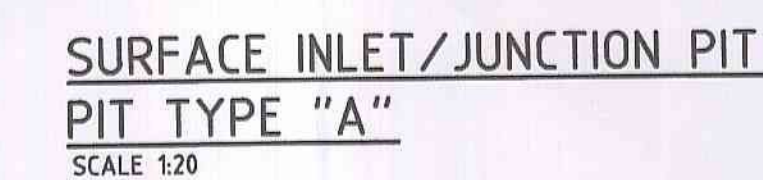
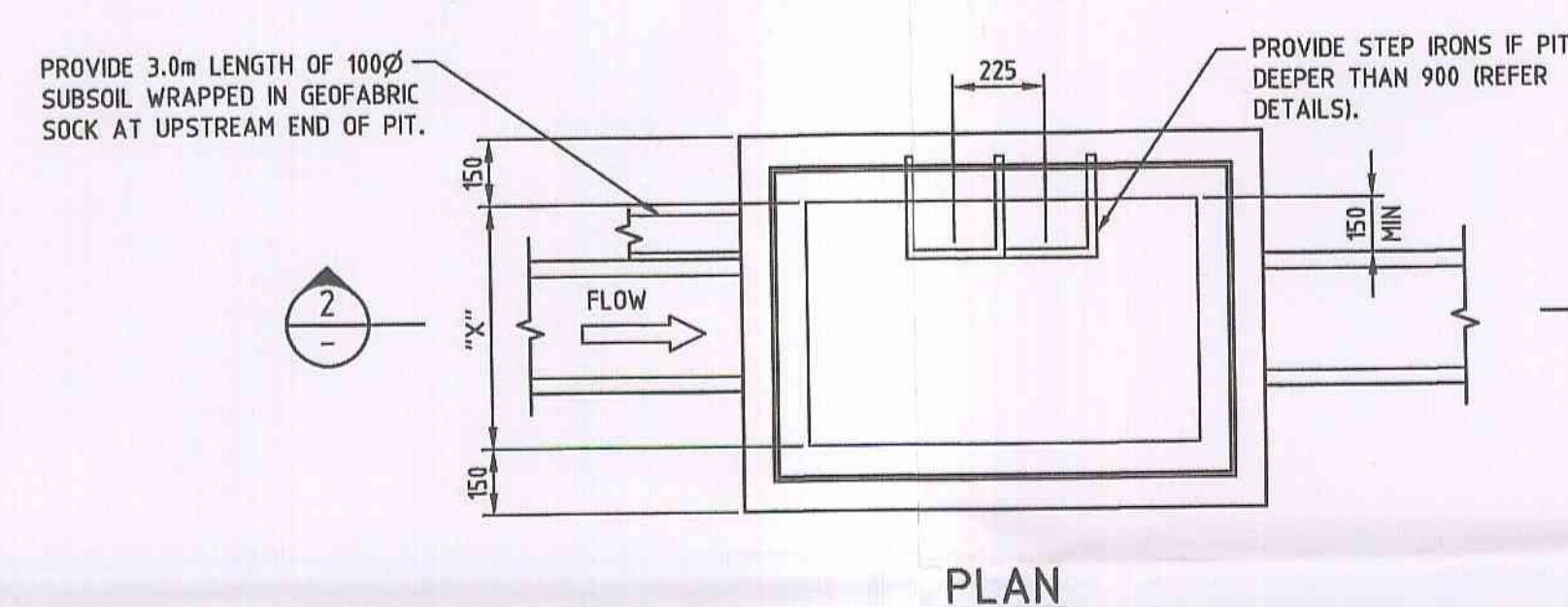
EXISTING HARD SURFACE = 222m²
 NEW HARD SURFACE = 442m²
 NET NEW HARD SURFACE = 220m²
 PSD = 7l/s
 OSD TANK DEPTH TO INVERT = 0.97m
 ORIFICE DIAMETER = 60mm





MINIMUM INTERNAL PIT DIMENSIONS		
"D"	"X"	"Y"
D ≤ 600	450	450
D ≤ 900	600	600
D ≤ 1200	600	900
D > 1200	900	900

NOTE: PITS DENOTED * SHALL BE USED ONLY WHERE SPECIFIED IN DRAINAGE SCHEDULE OR ON PLAN.



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A	ISSUE FOR DA APPROVAL					26.08.11	RD	BHJ
Issue:	Description	Date	Drawn			Approved		
	John All Post office	11/08/11	John All			John All		

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NEW DRIVEWAY AND GARAGE
BARRENJOEY ROAD
1174 BARRENJOEY ROAD
PALM BEACH

Drawing Title
**BARRENJOEY ROAD
STORMWATER DETAILS**

Drawn RD	Date AUG 2011	Scale AS SHOWN	A1 Q.A. Check Q.A.	Date Q.A. DATE
Designed BHJ	Project No. SY110101		Dwg. No. C1.02	Issue A

