

Northern Beaches Council PO Box 882 MONA VALE NSW 1660

Your reference: CNR-34453 DA2021/2039 Our reference: DA20220125001633-Original-1

ATTENTION: Northern Beaches Council Date: Friday 4 March 2022

Dear Sir/Madam,

Development Application s4.14 - Infill - Single Dwelling - New Dwelling 70A Willandra Road, Narraweena (Lot 808/752038), 808//DP752038

I refer to your correspondence dated 25/01/2022 seeking advice regarding bush fire protection for the above Development Application in accordance with section 4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

The New South Wales Rural Fire Service (NSW RFS) has considered the information submitted and provides the following recommended conditions:

Asset Protection Zones

Intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting firefighting activities.

- 1. From the start of building works and in perpetuity, the Asset Protection Zone (APZ) as outlined in the submitted site plan, print date 26/2/20, must be managed as an inner protection area (IPA) in accordance with the requirements of Appendix 4 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019. When establishing and maintaining an IPA, the following requirements apply:
 - Tree canopy cover be less than 15% at maturity;
 - Trees at maturity are not touching or overhang the building;
 - Lower limbs are removed up to a height of 2m above the ground;
 - Tree canopies are separated by 2 to 5m;
 - Preference is given to smooth-barked and evergreen trees;
 - Large discontinuities or gaps in vegetation are provided to slow down or break the progress of fire towards buildings;
 - Shrubs are not located under trees;
 - Shrubs do not form more than 10% of ground cover;
 - Clumps of shrubs are separated from exposed windows and doors by a distance of at least twice the height of the vegetation.
 - Grass to be kept mown (as a guide grass should be kept to no more than 100mm in height);

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- Leaves and vegetation debris are removed; and
- NSW Rural Fire Service's document Standards for asset protection zones.
- 2. Landscaping within the inner protection area (IPA) must comply with Appendix 4 of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*. In this regard, the following principles are to be incorporated:
 - A minimum 1 metre wide area (or to the property boundary where the setbacks are less than 1 metre), suitable for pedestrian traffic, must be provided around the immediate curtilage of the building;
 - Planting is limited in the immediate vicinity of the building;
 - Planting does not provide a continuous canopy to the building (i.e. trees or shrubs are isolated or located in small clusters);
 - Landscape species are chosen to ensure tree canopy cover is less than 15% (IPA), and less than 30% (OPA) at maturity and trees do no touch or overhang buildings;
 - Avoid species with rough fibrous bark, or which retain/shed bark in long strips or retain dead material in their canopies;
 - Use smooth bark species of trees species which generally do not spread fire up the bark into the crown;
 - Avoid planting of deciduous species that may increase fuel at surface/ ground level (i.e. leaf litter);
 - Avoid climbing species to walls and pergolas;
 - Locate combustible materials such as woodchips/mulch, flammable fuel stores away from the building;
 - Locate combustible structures such as garden sheds, pergolas and materials such as timber garden furniture away from the building; and
 - Low flammability vegetation species are used.

Construction Standards

The intent of measures is that buildings are designed and constructed to withstand the potential impacts of bush fire attack. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

- 3. New construction must comply with Section 3 (excluding section 3.5) and Section 9 (BAL FZ) of the Australian Standard AS3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bushfire-prone areas or the relevant BAL-FZ requirements of the NASH Standard Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas (incorporating amendment A 2015). New construction must also comply with the construction requirements in Section 7.5 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019.
- 4. Any new Class 10b structures as defined per the National Construction Code must be non-combustible.

Water and Utility Services

The intent of measures is to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting fire fighting activities. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

5. The provision of water, electricity and gas must comply with Table 7.4a of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection* 2019.

General Advice - Consent Authority to Note

The NSW RFS has based its assessment on a proposal for a *dwelling house* only as referred by the Council. In this regard, the Council must first be satisfied that the proposed development constitutes a *dwelling house* as defined under the standard instrument before relying on the above-recommended conditions. Otherwise, the development is located in the **flame zone**, which cannot be supported under *Planning for Bush Fire Protection* 2019.

For any queries regarding this correspondence, please contact Simon Derevnin on 1300 NSW RFS.

Yours sincerely,

Alastair Patton

Supervisor Development Assessment & Plan