

STATEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Alterations and additions to dwelling

55 Robertson Road, Scotland Island

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October 2020	
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1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

This report accompanies and supports a Development Application (DA) for alterations and additions to the existing dwelling house at 55 Robertson Road, Scotland Island.

HAO Design has responded to the client's brief with an appropriate design that is responsive to the prevailing planning objectives for the site.

The proposed alterations and additions will make effective use of the existing residence by (principally) infilling and existing void undercroft space and create much needed additional accommodation to meet family needs. The proposal will not give rise to any significant or unreasonable adverse environmental consequences.

Overall, the proposal represents appropriate improvements to the land that will benefit the occupants. have a satisfactory impact on the surrounding amenity and is worthy of Council's approval.

1.2 Statement of Environmental Effects

This report is a Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE), pursuant to Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. The proposal has been considered under the relevant provisions of Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

In preparation of this document, consideration has been given to the following:

- Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979
- Local Environmental Plan
- Relevant State Environmental Planning Policies
- Development Control Plan

The proposal is permissible and generally in conformity with the relevant provisions of the above planning considerations.

Overall, it is assessed that the proposed development is satisfactory, and the development application is worthy of Council's approval.



2 Site Analysis

2.1 Site Description

The site is located 55 Robertson Road, Scotland Island. It is legally described as Lot 122 in Deposited Plan 12749. The site has an area of 720.8m². The site is irregularly shaped with slightly angled boundaries and a water frontage.

2.2 Features of the site and its development

The key features of the site and its development include:

- The land is developed with a split-level weatherboard residence with metal roof, within a treed, hillside, waterfront, setting, with access arrangements via the waterway and a private jetty.
- The site and the adjoining properties have a northern orientation to the Pittwater waterway which is the principle access point to the property.
- The property is sloping with a level difference of approximately 20m between the rear boundary (Robertson Road) and site's water frontage (RL 21 to RL 0.93).
- The existing development is serviced by an onsite wastewater disposal system which will be maintained by the proposal.
- Some advanced growth canopy trees are located at the front (north) of the property and will not be affected by the proposal.
- Aside from a low height deck, no works are proposed to the north (Pittwater frontage) of the existing dwelling.

Figures below depict the character of the property and its existing development.

2.3 Zoning and key environmental considerations

The property is zoned E3 Environmental Management under the Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014 (LEP) as is most of the surrounding urban land.

The site is not affected by key environmental considerations like, for example, coastal hazard, heritage, and flood. The property is affected by bushfire, waterways, acid sulfate soils, geotechnical risk, and biodiversity. These matters are addressed within Section 5 of this report.

There are no zoning or environmental characteristics that present impediments to the improvements proposed to the land.





Figure 1 – Location of the site within its wider context (courtesy Northern Beaches Council)



Figure 2 - Location and zoning of the site courtesy Northern Beaches Council



Figure 3 –alignment, orientation and spatial layout of the subject site and adjoining dwellings (courtesy Six Maps)

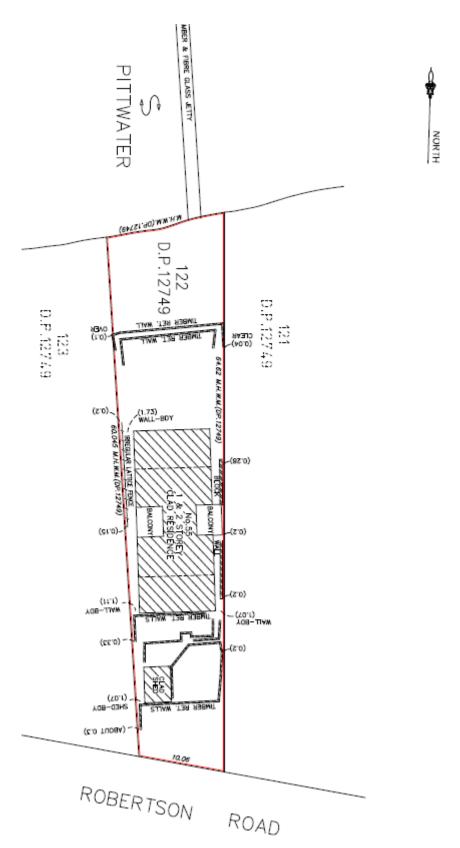


Figure 4 – subject site (excerpt from land survey)

3 Description of Proposed Development

The application seeks development consent for alterations and additions to the property at 55 Robertson Road, Scotland Island.

The proposed alterations and additions are depicted in the accompanying architectural plans by HAO Design. A breakdown of the key aspects of the proposal are noted as follows:

Ground Floor Level -

- Privacy wall to western side of existing front (north) balcony and BBQ space
- Deck and entry stair to the front (north) of the property
- Extend existing rumpus room to infill existing undercroft / void and provide internal stair to connect to upper levels

Upper Ground Floor Level -

- Enclose existing western side balcony to accommodate new internal stairway
- Alterations to existing internal walls as marked within the architectural plans
- Alterations to window and door openings as marked within the architectural plans
- Enclose existing eastern side balcony and entry porch and convert to walk-in-pantry
- Glazed roof over stairwell

Waste water disposal

 No additional wastewater demand will be generated by the proposal and the existing wastewater system will be maintained on the property.

Expert inputs

The application is accompanied and supported by the following expert inputs:

- Architectural Plans by HAO Design Pty Ltd
- Town Planning report by BBF Town Planners
- Survey (detailed and identification) by Waterview
- Bushfire assessment report by Planning for Bushfire Protection- Ronald Coffey
- Geotechnical Engineers Assessment by White Geotechnical Group

4 Environmental Assessment

4.1 Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act, 1979

The following section of the report assesses the proposed development having regard to the statutory planning framework and matters for consideration pursuant to Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act, 1979 as amended.

Under the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (the Act), the key applicable planning considerations, relevant to the assessment of the application are:

- Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014
- State Environmental Planning Policies as relevant
- Pittwater Development Control Plan

The application of the above plans and policies is discussed in the following section of this report.

The application has been assessed against the relevant heads of consideration under Section 4.15 of the Act; a summary of these matters are addressed within Section 5 of this report, and the town planning justifications are discussed below.



5 Section 4.15 (1)(i) the provisions of any environmental planning instrument

5.1 Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014

As previously noted, the site is zoned E3 Environmental Management pursuant to the provisions of the Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014 (LEP).

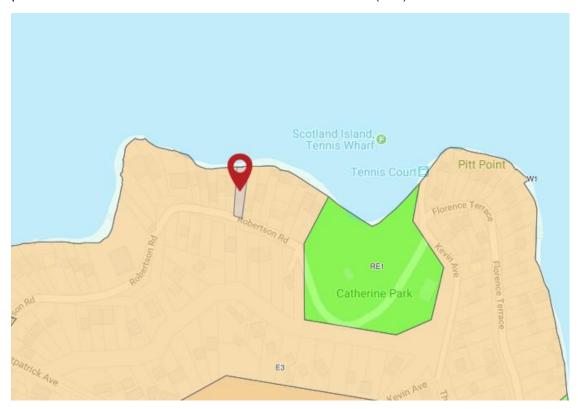


Figure X- zone excerpt - NSW Planning Portal

The proposal constitutes alterations and additions to the existing dwelling. The proposal is permitted within the zone with Development Consent.

Clause 2.3(2) of the LEP requires the consent authority to 'have regard to the objectives for development in a zone' in relation to the proposal. The objectives of the zone are stated as follows:

- To protect, manage and restore areas with special ecological, scientific, cultural or aesthetic values.
- To provide for a limited range of development that does not have an adverse effect on those values
- To provide for residential development of a low density and scale, integrated with the landform and landscape and not visually prominent.
- To encourage development that retains and enhances riparian and foreshore vegetation and wildlife corridors.



To ensure the continued viability of ecological communities and threatened species

We have formed the considered opinion that the proposed development is consistent with the zone objectives as it retains a residential development on the site which is *low density* and scale, integrated with the landform and landscape and not visually prominent. The proposal will not give rise to any unacceptable impacts. Furthermore, the proposal will provide for the housing needs of the community within an established low-density residential setting. Accordingly, the proposal has had sufficient regard to the zone objectives and there is no statutory impediment to the granting of consent.

5.2 Part 4 of LEP – Developmental Standards

Other provisions of the LEP that are relevant to the assessment of the proposal are noted and responded to as follows:

LEP Provision	Response	Complies
Part 4 of LEP - Principal Development Stand	dards	
LEP Clause 4.1 Minimum subdivision lot size	5,800m ²	Yes
LEP Clause 4.3 – Height of Buildings	The proposed additions are under 8.5m in maximum building height as scaled from the architectural plans and complies with this standard.	Yes
LEP Clause 4.4 - Floor space ratio		NA
LEP Clause 4.6 - Exceptions to development standards	NA	NA
Part 5 of LEP - Miscellaneous Provisions		
LEP Clause 5.4 Controls relating to miscellaneous permissible uses	NA	NA
LEP Clause 5.10 Heritage Conservation	NA	NA
Part 6 of LEP – Additional Local Provisions		
LEP Clause 7.1 Acid sulfate soils	The land is within an area designated as being Class 5 on Council's Acid Sulfate Soils Map. However, the land is not below 5 metres Australian Height Datum; the proposed dwelling is at RL 12.6 (AHD) and involves minor excavation for foundations. Accordingly, the Circumstances do not trigger the need for a preliminary geotechnical assessment for acid sulphate soil conditions. The provisions of clause 7.1 are assessed as being satisfied by the proposal.	Yes
LEP Clause 7.2 Earthworks	The siting and design of the proposed development has considered the matters within clause 7.2(3) of the LEP and results	Yes

LEP Provision Response Complies in appropriate outcomes against these criteria. Furthermore, the proposal is accompanied by a geotechnical assessment that concludes that the proposal is appropriate for the site. Based on the above the proposed development satisfies the coastal planning considerations within clause 7.5 and the site is suitable for the development proposed. LEP Clause 7.6 Biodiversity Pursuant to Clause 7.6, the site is Yes identified on the biodiversity map. The proposal is involves infilling an existing undercroft area, within the existing dwelling house footprint and the addition of a modest sized deck over a terraced section of yard to the north of the dwelling. No trees or natural areas will be impacted by the proposed works. Therefore, it is considered that the proposed development is suitably located to avoid characteristics of biodiversity value. The proposal is unlikely to have an adverse impact on the condition and ecological value of natural characteristics of the property, and is unlikely to impact on elements that provide connectivity on the land. Based on the above the provisions of clause 7.6 are assessed as being satisfied by the proposal. LEP Clause 7.7 Geotechnical hazards Pursuant to Clause 7.7, the site is identified on the geotechnical hazards map. The DA is accompanied and supported by a geotechnical assessment report which certifies the capacity of the land to accommodate the proposed development. Therefore, the provisions of this clause are satisfied by the proposal. LEP Clause 7.8 Limited development on The site is dissected by the foreshore foreshore area building line and is subject to the provisions of clause 7.8 of the LEP. No The LEP defines foreshore area as 'the development is nominated by the proposal land between the foreshore building line within the foreshore area. Furthermore, and the mean high water mark of the the proposed room addition is significantly nearest natural waterbody shown on setback from the designated foreshore the Foreshore Building Line Map'.



LEP Provision	Response	Complies
Key provisions - (2) Development consent must not be granted for development on land in the foreshore area except for the following purposes:	Based on the above the provisions of this clause are satisfied by the proposal.	
(a) the extension, alteration or rebuilding of an existing building wholly or partly in the foreshore area, but only if the development will not result in the footprint of the building extending further into the foreshore area,		
(b) boat sheds, sea retaining walls, wharves, slipways, jetties, waterway access stairs, swimming pools, fences, cycleways, walking trails, picnic facilities or other recreation facilities (outdoors).		

5.3 State Environmental Planning Policies

5.3.1 State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018

The Coastal Management Act 2016 establishes a strategic planning framework and objectives for land use planning in relation to designated coastal areas within NSW. The Act is supported by the State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018 which came into effect on 3 April 2018. It is applicable because the site is within the designated:

- Coastal environment area Division 3 Clause 13
- Coastal use area Division 4 Clause 14

As relevant to these affectations, the aims of the SEPP within clauses 13 and 14 addressed below. In summary, the proposal is assessed as being consistent with the aims and objectives of the SEPP.

Clause 13 Development on land within the coastal environment area

The provisions of clause 13 Development on land within the coastal environment area are addressed as follows:

13 Development on land within the coastal environment area	Response		
(1) Development consent must not be granted to development on land that is within the coastal environment area unless the consent authority has considered whether the proposed development is likel to cause an adverse impact on the following:			
(a) the integrity and resilience of the biophysical, hydrological (surface and groundwater) and ecological environment,	 The land and its development for a residential dwelling is established on the site. The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration. 		



13 Development on land within the coastal environment area	Response
(b) coastal environmental values and natural coastal processes,	The land and its development are established on the site. The nature and extent of proposed alterations and additions is not likely to adversely impact on coastal values or processes.
	 The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration.
(c) the water quality of the marine estate (within the meaning of the Marine Estate Management Act 2014), in particular, the cumulative impacts	The subject site is established for residential purposes. Development is established on the site.
of the proposed development on any of the sensitive coastal lakes identified in Schedule 1,	 The proposal does not relate to sensitive coastal lakes identified in Schedule 1
	 The land and the proposed works are suitably distanced from the foreshore and is unlikely to cause additional impacts on this consideration.
	The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration.
(d) marine vegetation, native vegetation and fauna and their habitats, undeveloped headlands and rock platforms,	The subject site is established for residential purposes. Development is established on the site. Relatively modest alterations and additions are proposed by the subject DA.
	The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration.
(e) existing public open space and safe access to and along the foreshore, beach, headland or	 The proposal will not adversely impact upon existing access provisions.
rock platform for members of the public, including persons with a disability,	 The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration.
(f) Aboriginal cultural heritage, practices and places,	 The proposal is not known to be located in a place of Aboriginal cultural heritage significance.
	The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration.
(g) the use of the surf zone	Not relevant to the assessment of the proposal.
	The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration.
(2) Development consent must not be granted to the consent authority is satisfied that:	development on land to which this clause applies unless
(a) to the development is designed, sited and will be managed to avoid an adverse impact	 Responses have been made above in relation to the considerations within subclause (1).
referred to in subclause (1), or	The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to these considerations.



13 Development on land within the coastal Response environment area (b) if that impact cannot be reasonably The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to avoided—the development is designed, sited this consideration. and will be managed to minimise that impact, or (c) if that impact cannot be minimised—the Aside from compliance with relevant codes, standard development will be managed to mitigate that conditions of consent, and Australian Standards impact. there are no other mitigation measures foreseen to be needed to address coastal impacts. The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration. (2) This clause does not apply to land within the Noted; not applicable. Foreshores and Waterways Area within the meaning of Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005.

Clause 14 Development on land within the coastal use area

The provisions of clause 14 Development on land within the coastal environment area are addressed as follows:

14 Development on land within the coastal use area	Response		
(1) Development consent must not be granted to development on land that is within the coastal use area unless the consent authority:			
(a) has considered whether the proposed develo	pment is likely to cause an adverse impact on the following:		
(i) existing, safe access to and along the foreshore, beach, headland or rock platform for members of the public, including persons with a disability,	 The proposal will not adversely impact upon existing access provisions. The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration. 		
(ii) overshadowing, wind funnelling and the loss of views from public places to foreshores,	 The proposal will not result in any significant or excessive overshadowing of the coastal foreshore. Nor will result in significant loss of views from a public place to the coastal foreshore. Given the nature of development contained within the site and the local context, particularly the nature, scale, and siting of development within properties to the east and west along the foreshore, the proposal is assessed as satisfactory 		
(iii) the visual amenity and scenic qualities of the coast, including coastal headlands,	 The proposal with not result in any significant additional visual impact on the coastal foreshore. Nor will result in significant loss of views from a public place to the coastal foreshore. 		

14 Development on land within the coastal use area	Response
	 The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration.
(iv) Aboriginal cultural heritage, practices and places, cultural and built environment heritage, and is satisfied that:	 The proposal will not impact this matter for consideration. The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration.
(i) the development is designed, sited and will be managed to avoid an adverse impact referred to in paragraph (a), or	 The proposal is not known to be located in a place of Aboriginal cultural heritage significance The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration.
(ii) if that impact cannot be reasonably avoided—the development is designed, sited and will be managed to minimise that impact, or	See above response.
(iii) if that impact cannot be minimised—the development will be managed to mitigate that impact, and	See above response.
(c) has taken into account the surrounding coastal and built environment, and the bulk, scale and size of the proposed development.	 The subject site is established for residential purposes. Development is established on the site. Relatively modest alterations and additions are the subject of this DA.
	The proposal with not result in any significant additional visual impact on the coastal foreshore. Nor will result in significant loss of views from a public place to the coastal foreshore.
	The proposal is assessed as satisfactory in relation to this consideration.
(2) This clause does not apply to land within the Foreshores and Waterways Area within the meaning of Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005.	Noted; not applicable.

5.3.2 State Environmental Planning Policy - BASIX

The proposed alterations and additions are less than \$50,000 in value and therefore are not BASIX affected development as prescribed. A BASIX assessment report does not need to accompany the application.

5.3.3 State Environmental Planning Policy No 55 - Remediation of Land

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 - Remediation of Land applies to all land and aims to provide for a State-wide planning approach to the remediation of contaminated land. Clause 7 of SEPP 55 requires Council to consider whether land is contaminated prior to granting consent to carrying out of any development on that land. In this regard, the



likelihood of encountering contaminated soils on the subject site is extremely low given the following:

- Council's records indicate that site has only been used for residential uses.
- The subject site and surrounding land are not currently zoned to allow for any uses or activities listed in Table 1 of the contaminated land planning guidelines of SEPP 55.
- The subject site does not constitute land declared to be an investigation area by a declaration of force under Division 2 of Part 3 of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.

Given the above factors no further investigation of land contamination is warranted. The site is suitable in its present state for the proposed residential development. Therefore, pursuant to the provisions of SEPP 55, Council can consent to the carrying out of development on the land.

5.3.4 SEPP (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017

Vegetation is prescribed under Pittwater DCP for the purposes of SEPP (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017. The proposal does not involve the removal of any designated trees. A canopy tree is located to the east of the proposed northern deck and entry stair. Give the 'light weight' and permeable character of this proposed structure and the pad footings associated, a condition may reasonably be imposed to ensure that associated ground works be undertaken to not adversely impact upon the tree. Based on the above, the provisions of this policy are satisfied by the proposal.

5.4 Bushfire prone land - Rural Fires Act 1997

The site is within a bushfire prone area and subject to the provisions of the Rural Fires Act 1997. As a result, the proposal is accompanied and supported by a bushfire protection assessment report by Planning for Bushfire Protection.

Subject to compliance with the report's recommendations, the proposal satisfies planning for bushfire protection requirements.



6 Development Control Plan

In response to Section 4.15 (1)(iii) of the Act, the Pittwater Development Control Plan (DCP) is applicable to the property. Relevant provisions of the DCP are addressed below.

6.1 Overview

In response to D8.1 Character as viewed from a public place and D8.2 Scenic protection - General, the proposed alterations and additions:

- are compatible with the architectural form of the property and the landscape setting of the site.
- will complement the landscape quality and appearance of the site when viewed from public spaces on Robertson Road and Pittwater waterway;
- will be located within a landscaped setting and will be appropriately treated in terms of its materials and finishes to be compatible with the character of the property and the locality.

6.1.1 Lower Western Foreshores and Scotland Island Locality

The property is within the Lower Western Foreshores and Scotland Island Locality. The Desired Character of the Locality is copied below from the DCP:

Desired Character

The Lower Western Foreshores and Scotland Island locality will remain primarily a low-density residential area with dwelling houses a maximum of two storeys in any one place in al landscaped setting, integrated with the landform and landscape. Development will be limited primarily due to the locality's remoteness and lack of vehicular access, but also due to the steepness of slope, proximity to the waterway, species and habitat diversity, and visual prominence. Community and recreational facilities will serve the community. Church Point will remain an important link to the offshore communities.

Future development is to be limited by the proximity of Ku-ring-gai Chase National Park, until it can be supported by adequate infrastructure, including roads, water and sewerage facilities, and public transport. A proliferation of domestic animals should also be restricted on the Western Foreshores to ensure the survival of native animals that reside in the National Park but frequent the area from time to time.

Future development will maintain a building height limit below the tree canopy and minimise bulk and scale. Existing and new native vegetation, including canopy trees, will be integrated with the development. Contemporary buildings will utilise facade modulation and/or incorporate shade elements, such as pergolas, verandahs and the like. Building colours and materials will harmonise with the natural environment. Development on slopes will be stepped down or along the slope to integrate with the landform and landscape, and minimise site disturbance. Development will be designed to be safe from hazards.



A balance will be achieved between maintaining the landforms, landscapes and other features of the natural environment, and the development of land. As far as possible, the locally native tree canopy and vegetation will be retained and enhanced to assist development blending into the natural environment, and to enhance wildlife corridors.

Heritage items and conservation areas indicative of the Guringai Aboriginal people and of early settlement in the locality will be conserved.

Pedestrians will continue as the dominant desired land traffic within the locality. Private land based vehicles are to be discouraged on Scotland Island and not permitted on the Western Foreshores. Pedestrian access within the locality will be maintained and upgraded, especially public access along the Pittwater foreshore.

This report demonstrates that the proposed alterations and additions have been designed to meet the desired future character of the Island Locality through its design, siting and its ability to sit compatibility within a landscaped setting.

6.2 Principal built form controls

A table demonstrating compliance with the relevant provisions of the DCP is detailed as follows. Where a numerical non-compliance is identified, this is addressed separately below the table.

- DCP			
Control	Requirement	Proposed	Complies
Part D: Locality Specif	ic Development Controls		
Character as viewed from a public place	Buildings which front the street must have a street presence and incorporate design elements (such as roof forms, textures, materials, the arrangement of windows, modulation, spatial separation, landscaping etc) that are compatible with any design themes for the locality.	The proposed alterations and additions will improve the properties aesthetic qualities, noting the context and character of the surrounding development. The proposed additional room is located behind, the northern facade, of the existing dwelling. It will not be prominent, or indeed apparently visible, when viewed from the foreshore or waterway. The proposal will present appropriately to the surrounding land.	Yes
Scenic Protection	Achieve the desired future character of the Locality.	The proposed alterations and additions will be within a landscaped	Yes

	Bushland landscape is the predominant feature of Pittwater with the built form being the secondary component of the visual catchment.	setting, screened from the foreshore by the existing vegetation and development, and will present appropriately to the surrounding land. The proposed additional room is located behind, the northern facade, of the existing dwelling. It will not be prominent, or indeed apparently visible, when viewed from the foreshore or waterway. The proposal is of a character and scale that will be compatible with other dwellings within the site's context.	
Building Colours and Materials	The development enhances the visual quality and identity of the streetscape. To provide attractive building facades which establish identity and contribute to the streetscape. To ensure building colours and materials compliments and enhances the visual character its location with the natural landscapes of Pittwater. The colours and materials of the development harmonise with the natural environment. The visual prominence of the development is minimised. Damage to existing native vegetation and habitat is minimised.	The proposed alterations and additions will present appropriately to the public spaces and surrounding land. The proposed materials and finished will employ earthy tones, compatible with the location and context.	Yes
Front building line	6.5m or average of adjoining	No works proposed in this location	■ NA
Side and rear building line	Side: 1.0m one side 2.5m to other side	Side setbacks Existing side setbacks to dwelling maintained east - 1.45m to 1.6m west - 1.37m to 1.6m	■ No*

Rear setback - NA because the foreshore Rear: 6.5 m NA building line applies Side building line * The proposed site setbacks are assessed as being in accordance with the numerical exception outcomes of the control noting: The proposal involves the infilling of an existing undercroft / void space. No extension of the existing building envelope is proposed. The 'infilling' addition follows the setbacks established by the existing dwelling. It would be impractical and without any significant planning benefits to inset the walls to the space to achieve numerical compliance. No additional shadowing will result from the infilling of the existing undercroft space. Privacy has been appropriately addressed by the design (see comments below). Based on the above, there are appropriate circumstances to approve an exception to the numerical side building line control. **Building Envelope** 3.5m at 45 degrees measured Existing dwelling setbacks Yes at the side boundary maintained. The proposal involves the infilling of an existing undercroft void space. No extension of the existing building envelope is proposed. Landscaped Area -The maximum area not Existing: Yes General provided as landscaped area 430.4 / 60% shall be 29% (for a site with an The site is within Area 1 area between 700/749m² Proposed: on the Landscaped area Map The maximum area not 430.4 / 60% provided as landscaped area shall be in accordance with the No change following table: 720m2 - 29% The outcomes of the is the maximum area not control are assessed as provided as landscaped area, being satisfied by the or in other words 71% proposal. landscaped area is required The proposed deck and Provided the outcomes of this stair (19.7m²) to the north control are achieved, the of the dwelling is pervious following may be permitted on and is less than 6% the landscaped proportion of (43m²) of the total site the site: area involving an unroofed landscape impervious areas less than 1 treatment that is part of metre in width (e.g. pathways the dwelling's principle and the like); private open space and positioned less than one for single dwellings on land metre above the existing zoned E3 Environmental ground level. It is Management, up to 6% of the therefore appropriate to total site area may be provided



include its area within the as impervious landscape condition of landscaped treatments providing these area. areas are for outdoor recreational purposes only (e.g. roofed or unroofed pergolas, paved private open space, patios, pathways and uncovered decks no higher than 1 metre above ground level (existing)). Water tanks that provide reserve capacity and an approved adaptor for fire fighting purposes or waste water treatment systems that are not visible from Pittwater waterway can be included as landscaped area for the purpose of this control. **Fences** NA NA NA Construction, Retaining NA NA NA walls, terracing and undercroft areas Companion animals NA NA NA No additional roof or Yes Stormwater overflow Reuse encouraged impervious area proposed. Yes Parking management There is no privately owned Zero parking on site motor vehicle access to the existing; zero proposed. Western Foreshores. Only fire trucks and community vehicles are to be housed within community facilities. Privately owned motor vehicle access to Scotland Island is discouraged. Minimise site disturbance Minimal site disturbance Site disturbance Yes and no additional impervious areas are proposed. Screen planting, maintain Yes Scenic Protection As evident on the site Category One Areas vegetation, provide canopy survey, canopy trees are trees etc present to the north of the dwelling house. The proposal maintains existing canopy tree



vegetation on the property. Part C: Development Type Controls 80 m² at ground floor Private Open Space Additional deck proposed Yes (PoS) (C1.7 DCP) to the north off the main 16 m² (out of the 80m²) must living area and ground be provided off a principal living floor level. This will area of the dwelling. 4m x 4m improve the connection min dimension and grade no between the main living steeper than 1 in 20 (5%) and north facing private open space on the property. Solar Access (C1.4 DCP) Min 3 hours to each proposed The proposal involves the Yes dwelling within the site infilling of an existing undercroft void space. No Min 3 hours to neighbouring extension of the existing dwellings PoS areas building envelope is proposed. In accordance with Clause C1.4 the main private open space of It is concluded that the each dwelling and the main proposal will not private open space of any significantly or adjoining dwellings are to unreasonably reduce the receive a minimum of 3 hours available sunlight to the of sunlight between 9am and adjoining properties and 3pm on June 21st. the provisions of the control have been Windows to the principal living satisfied. areas of the proposal and the adjoining dwellings are to receive a minimum of 3 hours of sunlight between 9am and 3pm on June 21st to at least 50% of the glazed area. Views Yes New development is to be The proposal involves the designed to achieve a infilling of an existing undercroft void space. No reasonable sharing of views available from surrounding and extension of the existing nearby properties. building envelope is proposed. Noting these characteristics, the proposal will achieve an appropriate view sharing outcome between the properties. The provisions of this control are satisfied by the proposal. Yes Privacy DCP's objectives. Privacy has been considered in the proposed design and



7 Section 4.15 the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

The proposal has been assessed having regard to the matters for consideration pursuant to S.4.15 of the Act and to that extent Council can be satisfied of the following:

- There will be no significant or unreasonable adverse built environment impacts arising from the proposed physical works on the site.
- The site is appropriate for accommodating the proposed development. The proposal
 has sufficiently addressed environmental considerations. There will be no
 significant or unreasonable adverse environmental Impacts arising from the
 proposal.
- The proposal will result in positive social and economic impacts, noting:
 - Employment during the construction phase of the works;
 - Economic benefits, arising from the investment in improvements to the land;
 - Social (and environmental) benefits arising from the retention and the improvement of existing housing stock.
- The proposal is permissible and consistent with the objectives of the zone, pursuant to the LEP. The proposal satisfies the provisions of the relevant provisions of the council's DCP.
- It is compatible with the current and likely future character of development within the local context.
- It will not result in any significant unacceptable offsite impacts that limit the use or enjoyment of nearby or adjoining land.
- The proposal will have an acceptable impact when considering key amenity issues such as visual impact, views, overshadowing, noise and privacy.
- Given the site's location and established function, the site is assessed as being entirely suitable for the proposed development.
- The public interest is best served through the approval of the application.



8 Conclusion

The application seeks development consent for alterations and additions to the existing property at 55 Robertson Road, Scotland Island.

HAO Design Pty Ltd has responded to the client's brief with an appropriate design that is responsive to the prevailing planning objectives for the site.

The proposed alterations and additions will make effective use of the existing residence and provide much needed additional accommodation to meet the family's needs. The proposal represents appropriate improvements to the land that will benefit the occupants and have a satisfactory impact on the surrounding amenity.

This report demonstrates that the proposal is appropriately located and configured to complement the property's established character within its context. The proposal will not give rise to any significant or unreasonable adverse environmental consequences.

The proposal succeeds when assessed against the Heads of Consideration pursuant to section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 and should be granted development consent.

BBF Town Planners

Michael Haynes Director