

Level 8, 65 York Street SYDNEY NSW 2000 T: 8215 1558

F: 8215 1600

E: michael@planninglawyer.com.au

Our Ref: MM:09739

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Statement of Environmental Effects

Alterations and Additions to Two Storey Dwelling at 23 Reynolds Crescent, Beacon Hill Lot 20 DP 218395

Prepared by Planning Law Solutions For Natali Calci

1. Introduction

Planning Law Solutions has been engaged by the owner of 23 Reynolds Crescent, Beacon Hill ("subject site") to prepare this statement of environmental effects to accompany a development application to Northern Beaches Council seeking consent for alterations and additions to the existing two storey dwelling and use of unauthorised work.

The proposed works and use are shown on architectural plans prepared by **STUDIO ML, issue B, drawings DA00-DA15.**

It is important to explain the recent history of works on the site in order that Council understands the context of the proposed works. The subject site has the benefit of a complying development certificate authorising alterations and additions to the existing dwelling and swimming pool ("CDC 2019/193/01") issued by Vladan Blagojevic, a registered certifier. CDC 2019/193/01 was originally issued on 26 May 2020 and amended on **14 December 2020**. The works the subject of this certificate have commenced.

Works have occurred on the site without approval. The owner has taken steps to regularise those works by lodging a building information certificate (ref BC2020/0229). The application was lodged on **10 December 2020** (fee paid) and is undetermined at the date of publication of this statement. The owner also lodged two development applications, DA2020/1077 and DA2020/1315, applying to separate areas of the site and building. Those applications have since been withdrawn at the request of Council.

The works and use the subject of the current proposal are a combination of the previous two separate development applications. The purpose of combining both applications in the current proposal is to show all of the proposed work on a single set of plans and enable a complete assessment of all works in a single application.

This statement of environmental effects aims to address all statutory provisions pursuant to Part 4 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* ("EP&A Act") and has been prepared in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulations 2000*.

The assessment contained in this statement is based on the following plans and reports:

- Architectural Plans prepared by STUDiO ML, issue B, drawings DA00-DA15.
- Landscape Plans prepared by Discount Landscape Plans, drawings L01-L03.
- Stormwater Management Plan NY Civil Engineering ref E200036 dated 14 December 2020
- Geotechnical Report by White Geotechnical Group ref J2960 dated 29 September 2020
- Bushfire Report prepared by Bushfire Planning Services dated 14 December 2020.
- Waste Management Plan dated 16 December 2020.
- Survey Plan prepared by Robert Friend Surveys dated 1 December 2020.
- Amended CDC 2019/193/02 (incl approved plans).

2. Site and Locality

The subject site is located on the western side of Reynolds Crescent, Beacon Hill and slopes down from the rear (western) boundary to the front (eastern) boundary. The site is surrounded by predominately double storey residential dwellings in the immediate locality and a mixture of single and double storey dwellings on the eastern side of Reynolds Crescent. Figure 1 is an aerial of the subject site.



Figure 1: Aerial photograph of the subject site (Source: Six Maps NSW)

The subject site is rectangular in shape with a frontage to Reynolds Crescent of approximately 20 m and a depth of approximately 30 m, and total area of 561.8m2. Currently on the subject site is a partly renovated two storey brick rendered residential dwelling and timber frame roof. Figure 2 is a photograph of the subject site.



Figure 2: The existing partly renovated dwelling on the site (taken 11/12/2020).

3. Zoning

The subject site is zoned R2 Low Density Residential under *Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011* ("WLEP 2011"). Figure 5 is a zoning map extract of the subject site.



Figure 5: Zoning Map Extract (Source: Planning Portal NSW)

4. Proposal

The proposal seeks consent for alterations and additions to the two-storey dwelling and use of unauthorised works. The architectural plans submitted with the application distinguish between the building work that has been carried out without consent (and which development consent for use only is sought) and new building work for which development consent for construction is sought.

Particulars of the proposed development the subject of this development application are as follows:

1. Consent for 'use' of unauthorised works comprising:

- a. on the lower ground floor new door opening to front part of the eastern façade and new highlight window opening to the northern façade; and
- b. on the upper ground floor new door opening to front part of the eastern façade and new highlight window opening to the northern façade, new entry awning and increase wall height by 500 mm and new roof frame

2. Consent for new building work comprising:

- a. placement of doors in door openings on the lower and upper ground floors on the eastern façade, placement of window frames and glass in highlight windows on the lower and upper ground floors on the northern façade;
- b. placement of roof tiles;
- c. raised steps to rear yard level;
- d. new basement store room to rear of dwelling, including concrete slab and construction of double skin concrete block wall all below ground level (existing);
- e. filling of rear yard above basement store room and associated landscaping; and
- f. new screen planting to rear south and south western boundary.

5. Consistency with CDC 2019/193/02

The architectural plans also illustrate the relationship between the building work proposed in this application and the building work approved under CDC 2019/431/02 as amended. Notably, the finished floor levels and ridge height on the **amended CDC** and the plans lodged with this current DA are:

Lower Ground RL 112,180
Ground RL 115,420
Lower Ridge Height RL 119,650

The amended CDC plans also show an opening the rear wall of the lower ground floor garage, consistent with the plans lodged with this current DA.

The work the subject of the current application were expressly excluded from the CDC approved plans. The works are structurally independent of the CDC works. There is no practical need to complete the CDC approved works in order to carry out the building work proposed in the current application.

The owner proposes to carry out the building work the subject of this current DA **concurrently** with the work approved under amended CDC 2019/431/02, and apply for an occupation certificate for both components of the work at the same time. There is no legal or practical reasons why the owner must complete the CDC work before commencing the work that is the subject of this current DA. The decision of Commissioner Gray of the Land and Environment Court in *Pritchard v Northern Beaches*

Council [2020] NSWLEC 1310 does not prevent all approved work from proceeding concurrently where it is practical to do so.

6. Unauthorised Works

As explained in the introduction to this statement, work has been carried out on the site without approval. As a consequence, on 28/10/2020 Council issued a stop work order. No further work has been carried out since that date. Council has since issued a notice of proposed order on 23/11/2020 (ref LGA2020/0049). The owner has made representations and issue of the order is pending.

The owner has made an application for a building information certificate under section 6.23 of the EP&A Act to regularise the unauthorised work. The application is yet to be determined. The fact that part of the building work has been carried out without development consent is not a legal impediment to the Council granting development consent for the proposed works or use. However the owner would not object to a condition being imposed on any consent that might issue requiring the BIC to be issued prior to issue of the construction certificate for the proposed works.

7. Assessment

The impact of the proposed development and suitability of the site have been assessed having regard to the matters for consideration listed under Section 4.15 of the EP&A Act.

Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011 (WLEP 2011)

Zoning

The subject site is zoned R2 Low Density Residential under the provisions of WLEP 2011. Development for the purpose of 'dwelling houses' is permitted with consent in the R2 zone therefore alterations and additions of a dwelling house is also a use permitted with consent in the R2 zone.

Pursuant to WLEP 2011 the objectives of the R2 zone are:

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low-density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To ensure that low density residential environments are characterised by landscaped settings that are in harmony with the natural environment of Warringah.

The proposed additions and alterations the subject of this application are consistent with the objectives of the R2 zone as they provide for the housing needs of the owners and occupiers of the subject site by providing appropriate facilities to service their daily living needs within a low density residential environment. The proposed landscape works in the rear yard will ensure that the site contains an area of private open space and separation between neighbouring dwellings consistent with the character of the neighbourhood. The proposed landscape works also involve privacy screening to the north and south of the rear yard that will also protect the privacy of the occupants and adjoining owners.

The alterations and additions do not change the use of the subject site, ensuring the subject site maintains harmony with the natural environment of Warringah and not create any amenity impacts to the surrounds.

Height of Buildings

Clause 4.3 of WLEP 2011 provides for the height of buildings and establishes the following objectives:

- to ensure that buildings are compatible with the height and scale of surrounding and nearby development,
- to minimise visual impact, disruption of views, loss of privacy and loss of solar access,
- to minimise any adverse impact of development on the scenic quality of Warringah's coastal and bush environments,
- to manage the visual impact of development when viewed from public places such as parks and reserves, roads and community facilities.

The height of building map under WLEP 2011 provides that the subject site is not to exceed a maximum building height of 8.5m.

The proposed alterations and additions to the subject site do not exceed the 8.5m maximum height limit (See figure 6). Therefore, the application complies with clause 4.3 of WLEP 2011.

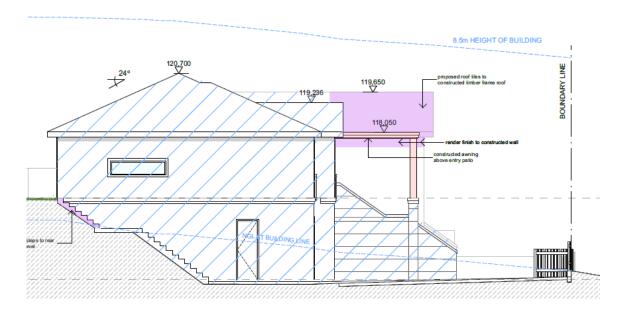


Figure 6: Building Height Plane Extract

Floor Space Ratio

The floor space ratio map under WLEP 2011 provides that **no floor space ratio** control applies to the subject site.

From the above assessments, the proposed alterations and additions are considered to be acceptable having regard to permissibility, zoning and objectives pursuant to the provisions of WLEP 2011.

Warringah Development Control Plan 2011

Chapter B1 Wall heights

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. Walls are not to exceed 7.2	The proposal does not seek to	Complies

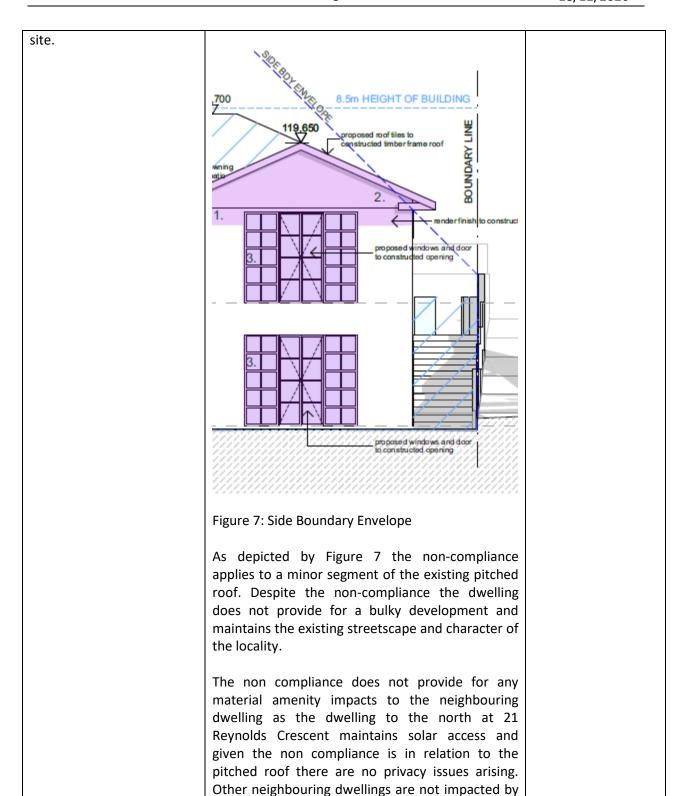
metres from ground level	alter the wall height of the	
(existing) to the underside of the	existing dwelling.	
ceiling on the uppermost floor of		
the building (excluding habitable	The new store room is located	
areas wholly located within a roof	below ground level (existing)	
space).	and therefore not caught by	
	this control.	

Chapter B2 Number of Storeys

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
	The DCP Map does not provide for a maximum number of storeys for the subject site.	•
	under this proposal.	

Chapter B3 Side Boundary Envelope

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. Buildings on land shown coloured on the DCP Map Side Boundary Envelopes must be sited within a building envelope determined by projecting planes at 45 degrees from a height above ground level	The proposal does not comply with the 4m side boundary envelope applying to the site.	Non Compliance
(existing) at the side boundaries of: • 4 metres, or • 5 metres		
as identified on the map. 2. On land within the R3 Medium Density Residential zone, above and below ground structures and		
private open space, carparking, vehicle access ramps, balconies, terraces, and the like shall not encroach the side boundary envelope.		
A side building envelope of 4m applies to the subject		



Chapter B4 Site Coverage

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. Development on land shown		Complies
coloured on the DCP Map Site	to change the existing site	

the non compliance.

Carrage alcall was arraged the	and the description	
Coverage shall not exceed the	coverage of the dwelling.	
maximum site coverage shown on		
the map. Where shown on the map		
as:		
- 33.3% - the total building		
footprint(s) must not cover		
more than 33.3% of the site		
area, and		
-20% = 3,500m ² or 30%		
<3,500m ² - the total		
building footprint(s) must		
not cover more than 20% of		
the site area except on		
allotments having an area of		
less than 3,500m ² where		
the total building		
footprint/s must not cover		
more than 30% of the site		
area.		

Chapter B5, B7 and B9 Setbacks

DCP Requirement	Proposal	Compliance
Chapter B5 WDCP 2011 - Side Boundary Setback: 900 mm	Basement store room – 900 mm – 1260 mm to the south	Non-compliance in part.
	and west, 5600 mm to the north. Alterations and additions to the front of the dwelling: (a) 1690 mm to external wall above ground (existing); and (b) 100 – 200 mm to proposed concrete block wall under side boundary stairs on northern boundary.¹	The only non-compliance is the building work under the side boundary stairs on the northern boundary. This work is below ground level (existing), has been engineer designed and will not be visible from the adjoining properties. Non-compliance considered justified.
Chapter B7 WDCP 2011- Front Boundary Setback: 6.5 m	The proposal will not alter the front boundary setback.	n/a
Chapter B9 WDCP 2011- Rear Boundary Setback: 6 m	1260 mm	Non-compliance – see comments above.

Chapter C4 Stormwater

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ This wall is the subject of a notice of proposed order issued on 23/11/2020.

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1. Stormwater runoff must not cause downstream flooding and must have minimal environmental impact on any stormwater receiving infrastructure, watercourse, stream, lake and lagoon, the waterway or like.

2. The stormwater drainage systems for all developments are to be designed, installed and maintained in accordance with Council's Water Management for Development Policy.

Please refer to stormwater plan accompanying this development application. In essence, the stormwater plan aims to address the requirements of chapter C4 of WDCP 2011. There are no additional impervious surfaces to be created as a consequence of the works proposed in this current application.

Complies

Chapter C7 Excavation and Landfill

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. All landfill must be clean and		
not contain any materials that	All soil to be deposited in the	Compliance.
are contaminated and must	rear yard will be clean fill. The	
comply with the relevant	owner would not object to a	
legislation.	condition to that effect.	
2. Excavation and landfill works		
must not result in any adverse	Excavation has already occurred	
impact on adjoining land.	as part of the unauthorised	
3. Excavated and landfill areas	work, for which the BIC has	
shall be constructed to ensure	been made. The BIC was	
the geological stability of the	accompanied by a Geotechnical	
work.	Report. The excavation will be	
4. Excavation and landfill shall	retained by a concrete block	
not create siltation or pollution	wall designed by the owners	
of waterways and drainage lines,	engineer.	
or degrade or destroy the natural		
environment.		
5. Rehabilitation and		
revegetation techniques shall be		
applied to the fill.		
6. Where landfill is necessary, it		
is to be minimal and shall have		
no adverse effect on the visual		
and natural environment or		
adjoining and surrounding		
properties.		

Chapter C8 Demolition and Construction

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
All development that is, or	A waste management plan has	Complies
includes, demolition and/or	been submitted with this	

construction, must comply with	development application and	
the appropriate sections of the	addresses chapter C8 of WDCP	
Waste Management Guidelines	2011.	
and all relevant Development		
Applications must be		
accompanied by a Waste		
Management Plan.		

Chapter C9 Waste Management

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
All development that is, or includes,	A waste management plan has	Complies
demolition and/or construction,	been submitted with this	
must comply with the appropriate	development application and	
sections of the Waste Management	addresses chapter C8 of WDCP	
Guidelines and all relevant	2011.	
Development Applications must be		
accompanied by a Waste		
Management Plan		

Chapter D1 Landscaped Open Space and Bushland Settings

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. The required	The required minimum area of landscape is 40% of the	Non-Compliance
minimum area of	subject site.	
landscaped open space		
is shown on DCP Map	The proposal proposes 211.85m2 of landscape area which	
Landscaped Open Space	equates to a landscape area of 37.7%.	
and <u>Bushland</u> Setting. To		
measure the area of	Justification:	
landscaped open space:		
	This is a non-compliance with chapter D1. However, the	
a) Driveways, paved	breach is only a 2.3% breach which is minor.	
areas, roofed areas,		
tennis courts, car	It is also relevant to consider that the original CDC proposed	
parking and stormwater	20% landscaped area and the existing site prior to	
structures, decks, etc,	construction was 29.3%. Therefore the proposed	
and any open space	development will increase the amount of landscaped area	
areas with a dimension	compared to the predevelopment site and the original	
of less than 2 metres are	approved CDC development.	
excluded from the		
calculation;	Despite the numerical non-compliance the proposal	
b) The water surface	enhances the landscape open space by increased screen	
of swimming pools and	planting on the south and south western boundaries (see	
impervious surfaces	figure 9 below). This ensures privacy to neighbouring	
which occur naturally	dwellings specifically 23 Reynolds Crescent as the planting	
such as rock outcrops	prevents any overlooking.	
are included in the		
calculation;		
c) Landscaped open		
space must be at ground		
level (finished); and		

- d) The minimum soil depth of land that can be included as landscaped open space is 1 metre.
- 2. Where land is shown on DCP Map Landscaped Open Space and **Bushland** Setting as "Bushland Setting", minimum of 50% of the site area must remain undisturbed development and is to be kept as natural bushland or landscaped with locally indigenous species.
- 3. In Cottage Point the relationship of the locality with the surrounding National Park and Cowan <u>Creek</u> waterway will be given top priority by enhancing the spread of indigenous <u>tree</u> canopy and protecting natural landscape including rock outcrops and remnant bushland.

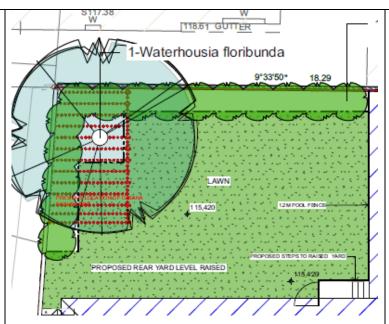


Figure 9: Landscape Plan Extract.

Overall, we consider that the proposal meets the landscape objectives in Chapter D1 of WDCP providing for additional planting, vegetation and open space existed prior to the work, while at the same time ensuring privacy to the subject dwelling and neighbouring dwellings and facilitating effective water management.

Chapter D2 Private Open Space

Requirements		Proposal	Compliance
1. Residential develo	pment is to include	The proposal does not seek	Complies
private open space	for each dwelling.	to alter the private open	
2. The minimum are	a and dimensions of	space of the existing	
private open spac	e are as follows:	dwelling.	
DWELLING Type	Area and Minimum		
	Dimensions per		
	dwelling		
Dwelling houses	A total of 35m2		
(including dual	with minimum		
occupancy) and	dimensions of 3		
attached dwellings	metres		
with 1 or 2			
bedrooms			

Dwelling houses	A total of 60m2
(including dual	with minimum
occupancy) and	dimensions of 5
attached dwellings	metres
with 3 or more	
bedrooms	
Multi dwelling	A total of 10m2
housing (not	with minimum
located at ground	dimensions of 2.5
level); residential	metres
flat buildings and	
shop top housing	

- 3. Private open space is to be directly accessible from a living area of a dwelling and be capable of serving as an extension of the dwelling for relaxation, dining, entertainment, recreation and children's play.
- 4. Private open space is to be located and designed to ensure privacy of the occupants of adjacent buildings and occupants of the proposed development.
- 5. Private open space shall not be located in the primary front building setback.
- 6. Private open space is to be located to maximise solar access.

Chapter D3 Noise

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. Noise from combined	The proposed alterations and	Complies
operation of all mechanical	additions are proposed for the	
plant and equipment must not	building and will not generate	
generate noise levels that	any noise amenity impacts,	
exceed the ambient	nor are there any noise	
background noise by more	generating uses in the	
than 5dB(A) when measured in	immediate vicinity that require	
accordance with the NSW	a design response.	
Industrial Noise Policy at the		
receiving boundary of	The dwelling will remain used	
residential and other noise	for residential purposes within	
sensitive land uses.	the R2 Low Density Zone.	
2 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
2. Development near existing		
noise generating activities,		
such as industry and roads, is		
to be designed to mitigate the		
effect of that noise.		
3. Waste collection and		
delivery vehicles are not to		
operate in the vicinity of		

unaidantial last	
residential uses between	
10pm and 6am.	
4. Where possible, locate noise	
sensitive rooms such as	
bedrooms and private open	
space away from noise	
sources. For example, locate	
kitchens or service areas closer	
to busy road frontages and	
bedrooms away from road	
frontages.	
5. Where possible, locate noise	
sources away from the	
bedroom areas of adjoining	
dwellings/properties to	
minimise impact.	

Chapter D6 Access to Sunlight

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. Development should avoid	The proposal will not alter the	Complies
unreasonable overshadowing	access to sunlight of the	
any public open space.	subject dwelling or	
2. At least 50% of the required	neighbouring dwellings.	
area of private open space of		
each dwelling and at least 50%		
of the required area of private		
open space of adjoining		
dwellings are to receive a		
minimum of 3 hours of		
sunlight between 9am and		
3pm on June 21.		

Chapter D7 Views

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
Development shall provide for	Given the proposal does not	Complies
the reasonable sharing of	propose any changes to the	
views.	setbacks and location of the	
	existing dwelling, the	
	alterations and additions will	
	not have any adverse impacts	
	on views.	

Chapter D8 Privacy

Proposal Compliance Requirements 1. Building layout should be The proposal does not alter Complies. designed to optimise privacy the privacy between the for occupants of the subject dwelling and See discussion below about development and occupants of neighbouring dwellings. impacts arising from the adjoining properties. raised rear yard. 2. Orientate living areas, The alterations and additions habitable rooms and windows to the eastern facade windows to private open space areas or relate to the street frontage. the street to limit This ensures that the view is to overlooking. street and prevents 3. The effective location of overlooking of adjoining doors, windows and balconies properties. to avoid overlooking preferred to the use of The highlight windows on the screening devices, high sills or northern façade will have a sill obscured height of 1.6m (lower ground glass. 4. The windows of one floor) and 1.8m (upper ground floor) to ensure privacy is dwelling are to be located so they do not provide direct or maintained. close views (ie from less than 9 metres away) into the windows of other dwellings. Planter boxes. louvre screens, pergolas, balcony design and the like are to be used to screen a minimum of 50% of the principal private open space of a lower apartment from overlooking from an upper apartment.

Chapter D9 Building Bulk

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. Side and rear setbacks are	The proposal does not alter	Complies except for
to be progressively increased	the bulk and scale of the	excavation.
as wall height increases.	development.	
2. Large areas of continuous		Excavation has occurred in the
wall planes are to be avoided	The proposal does not propose	rear yard to create the
by varying building setbacks	any changes to the existing	basement store room. This
and using appropriate	site setbacks. The proposal	excavation will not add to the
techniques to provide visual	complies with the 8.5m	building bulk as it will not be
relief.	maximum height limit. The	visible externally. The
3. On sloping land, the height	new windows and doors face	excavation will be properly
and bulk of development	the street and are integrated	retained.
(particularly on the downhill	in the overall design of the	
side) is to be minimised, and	dwelling.	
the need for cut and fill		
reduced by designs which		

minimise the building footprint and allow the building mass to step down the slope. In particular: 1. The amount of fill is not to exceed one metre in depth. 2. Fill is not to spread beyond the footprint of the building. 3. Excavation of the landform is to be minimised. 4. Building height and scale needs to relate to topography and site conditions. 5. Orientate development to address the street. 6. Use colour, materials and surface treatment to reduce building bulk. 7. Landscape plantings are to be provided to reduce the

Chapter D10 Building Colours and Materials

visual bulk of new building and

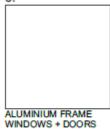
8. Articulate walls to reduce

works.

building mass.

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. In highly visible areas, the	Figure 8 below contains the	Complies
visual impact of new	finishes schedule proposed.	
development (including any		
structures required to retain	1.	
land) is to be minimized		
through the use of appropriate		
colours and materials and		
landscaping.		
2. The colours and materials of		
development on sites		
adjoining, or in close proximity	WALLS - CEMENT RENDER DULUX - 'TRANQUIL RETREAT'	
to, <u>bushland</u> areas, waterways	DOLON III WAGELELIA	
or the beach must blend in to	2.	
the natural landscape.		
3. The colours and materials		
used for <u>alterations</u> and		
<u>additions</u> to an existing		
structure shall complement		
the existing external building	WALLS - CLADDING	
façade.	ENTRY AWNING FRAME DULUX - 'TIMELESS GREY'	
4. The holiday/fisherman shack	DOLOX - TIMELESS GRET	
character of the waterfront of		
Cottage Point is to be		
enhanced by the use of		

building materials which are sympathetic to the small timber and fibro cottages currently in existence on the waterfront. All buildings visible from the water are to utilise materials such as weatherboard, fibre cement, corrugated steel and timber. The use of masonry is discouraged.



WINDOWS + DOORS WHITE COLOURSFRAME

Figure 8 Finishes Schedule

The colours and finishes proposed are designed to integrate with the streetscape and character of the locality. Moreover, the colours and finishes are sympathetic to the existing dwelling.

Chapter D11 Roofs

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. Lift overruns, plant and	The proposed roof tiles to the	Complies
other mechanical equipment	constructed roof frame	
are not to detract from the	complements the approved	
appearance of roofs.	dwelling and is consistent with	
2. Roofs should complement	CDC 2019/193/01 and CDC	
the roof pitch and forms of the	2019/193/02.	
existing buildings in the		
streetscape.		
3. Articulate the roof with		
elements such as dormers,		
gables, balconies, verandahs		
and pergolas.		
4. Roofs shall incorporate		
eaves for shading.		
5. Roofing materials should not cause excessive glare and		
reflection.		
6. Service equipment, lift		
overruns, plant and other		
mechanical equipment on the		
roof shall be minimised by		
integrating as many services,		
etc as possible into the		
building.		

Chapter D12 Glare and Reflection

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. The overspill from artificial	The proposal will not increas	e Complies
illumination or sun reflection is	glare and reflection t	0

to be minimised by utilising one or more of the following: Selecting an appropriate lighting height that is practical and responds to the building and its neighbours;

- Minimising the lit area of signage;
- Locating the light source away from adjoining properties or boundaries; and
- Directing light spill within the site.
 Any glare from artificial illumination is to be minimised by utilising one or more of the following:
 - Indirect lighting;
- Controlling the level of illumination; and
- Directing the light source away from view lines.
 3. Sunlight reflectivity that may impact on surrounding properties is to be minimised by utilising one or more of the following:
- Selecting materials for roofing, wall claddings and glazing that have less reflection eg medium to dark roof tones;
- Orienting reflective materials away from properties that may be impacted;
- Recessing glass into the façade;
 - Utilising shading devices;
- Limiting the use of glazing on walls and glazed balustrades and avoiding the use of highly reflective glass; and
- Selecting windows and openings that have a vertical emphasis and are significantly less in proportion to solid massing in walls.

neighbouring properties. The selected finishes as depicted in Figure 8 above integrate into the existing dwelling and the streetscape.

Chapter D20 Safety and Security

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. Buildings are to overlook	The proposal will improve the	Complies
streets as well as public and	safety and security of the	·
communal places to allow	dwelling as the new proposed	
casual surveillance.	windows on the eastern	
2. Service areas and access	façade will increase	
ways are to be either secured	surveillance of the street.	
or designed to allow casual	sarvemance of the street.	
surveillance.		
3. There is to be adequate		
lighting of entrances and		
pedestrian areas.		
4. After hours land use		
activities are to be given		
priority along primary		
pedestrian routes to increase		
safety.		
5. Entrances to buildings are to		
be from public streets		
wherever possible.		
6. For larger developments, a		
site management plan and		
formal risk assessment,		
including the consideration of		
the 'Crime Prevention through		
Environmental Design'		
principles may be required.		
This is relevant where, in		
Council's opinion, the		
proposed development would		
present a crime, safety or		
security <u>risk</u> . See <i>Crime</i>		
Prevention and Assessment of		
Development Applications –		
Guidelines under Section 79C		
of the Environmental Planning		
and Assessment Act		
1979 prepared by the		
Department of Urban Affairs		
and Planning (now		
Department of Planning).		
7. Buildings are to be designed		
to allow casual surveillance of		
the street, for example by:		
a) Maximising the glazed		
shop front on the ground level		
so that views in and out of the		
shop can be achieved;		
b) Providing openings of an		
adequate size in the upper		
levels to maximise		

opportunities for surveillance;		
c) Locating high use rooms		
to maximise casual		
surveillance;		
d) Clearly displaying the		
street number on the front of		
the building in pedestrian		
view; and		
e) Ensuring shop fronts are		
not obscured by planting,		
signage, awnings and roller		
shutters.		
8. Casual surveillance of		
loading areas is to be		
improved by:		
a) Providing side and rear		
openings from adjacent		
buildings that overlook service		
areas and clear sight lines; and		
b) Providing adequate day		
and night lighting which will		
reduce the <u>risk</u> of undesirable		
activity.		
9. Design entrances to		
buildings from public streets		
so that:		
a) Building entrances are		
clearly identifiable, defined, lit		
and visible;		
b) The residential		
component of a shop top		
housing development has a		
separate secure pedestrian		
entrance from the commercial		
component of the		
development;		
c) Main entrances are clearly		
identifiable;		
d) Pavement surfaces and		
signage direct pedestrian		
movements; and		
e) Potential conflict between		
pedestrians and vehicles is		
avoided.		
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Chapter D21 Provision and Location of Utility Services

Requirements	Proposal	Compliance
1. If a proposed development	Site is connected to electricity,	Complies
will involve a need for	telecommunications, sewer	
them, <u>utility services</u> must be	and water supply.	
provided, including provision		

- of the supply of water, gas, telecommunications and electricity and the satisfactory management of sewage and drainage.
- 2. Service structures, plant and equipment are to be located below ground or be designed to be an integral part of the development and suitably screened from public places or streets.
- 3. Where possible, underground <u>utility</u> <u>services</u> such as water, gas, telecommunications, electricity and gas are to be provided in a common trench. The main advantages for this are:
- a) A reduction in the number of trenches required;
- b) An accurate location of services for maintenance;
- c) Minimising the conflict between services;
- d) Minimising land required and cost;
- 4. The location of <u>utility</u> <u>services</u> should take account of and minimise any impact on natural features such as <u>bushland</u> and natural watercourses.
- 5. Where natural features are disturbed the soil profile should be restored and landscaping and tree planting should be sited and selected to minimise impact on services, including existing overhead cables.
- 6. Where utilities are located above ground, screening devices should include materials that complement the streetscape, for example fencing and landscaping. The location of service structures such as electricity substations

The alterations and additions will not alter the above arrangement.

should be within the site area. 7. Habitable buildings must be connected to Sydney Water's sewerage system where the density is one dwelling per 1050 square metres or greater. 8. On land where the density is less than one dwelling per 1050 square metres, and where connection to Sydney Water is not possible, Council may consider the on-site disposal of effluent where the applicant can demonstrate that the proposed sewerage systems or works are able to operate over the long term without causing unreasonable adverse effects.

Chapter D22 Conservation of Energy and Water

Requir	ements	Proposal	Compliance
1.	The orientation, layout	The proposed windows to the	Complies
	and landscaping of	eastern and northern façade	
	sites is to make the	will maximise solar access to	
	best use of natural	the dwelling and allow for	
	ventilation, daylight	improved ventilation.	
	and solar energy.		
2.	Site layout and		
	structures are to allow		
	for reasonable solar		
	access for the		
	purposes of water		
	heating and electricity		
	generation and		
	maintain reasonable		
	solar access to		
	adjoining properties.		
3.	•		
	designed to minimize		
	energy and water consumption.		
4	Landscape design is to		
4.	assist in the		
	conservation of energy		
	and water.		
5.			
	for on-site irrigation		
	and domestic use is to		
	be encouraged,		
	subject to		

	consideration of public health risks.
6.	All development must
	comply with Council's
	Water Management
	Policy.

Likely Impacts and Suitability of the Site for the Development

The proposed alterations and additions to the subject dwelling will enhance the liveability of the dwelling for its occupants; the windows on the eastern and northern façade will increase solar access and street surveillance while at the same time maintaining privacy of neighbouring dwellings and the store room will offer occupants improved recreational space.

The proposed colours, materials and finishes are sympathetic to the existing dwelling as well as the streetscape and character of the locality. The proposal does not alter the setbacks of the existing dwelling above ground and maintains the maximum height limit of 8.5m. Therefore, the proposal does not add to the bulk and scale of the existing dwelling.

The rear yard in the area above the basement store room is proposed to be raised to RL 115,420 from the pre-excavation level of RL 114,580. There is no proposed change to the existing level adjacent to the northern boundary in the vicinity of the proposed pool (this will remain at RL 114,580). The relationship between the new proposed finished level and existing levels to the north (21 Reynolds Cres) and south (25 Reynolds Cres) is shown on the following extract from the architectural plans (Dwg DA.07):

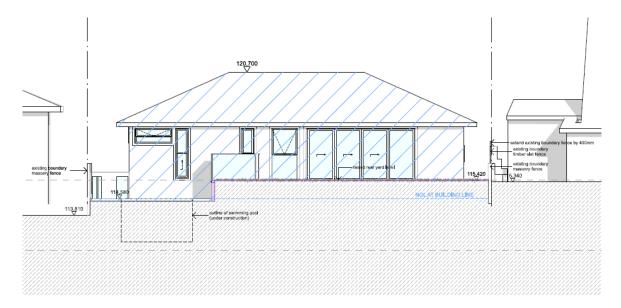


Figure 9: Extract DA.07

The proposal is to increase the height of the existing boundary fence to the south and west by 400 mm to give an overall fence height of 1800 mm standing on the development site. No increase in fence height is proposed to the north.

The relationship between the new proposed finished level on the subject site and existing level to the west (18 Boyer Rd) is shown on the following extract from the architectural plans (Dwg DA.08):

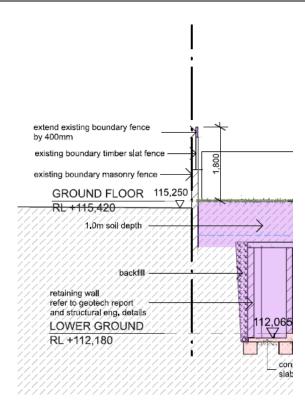


Figure 10: Extract DA.08

Given the nature of the use of the land to the south (pool) and west (side boundary setback) it is not anticipated that the raised fence height will create any material impacts on the amenity of the neighbouring properties.

The suitably of the site has further been assessed by Bushfire Planning Services Pty Ltd in their report dated 14 December 2020. The report concludes that the subject proposal can comply with the requirements of AS 3959-2018 and 'Planning for Bushfire Protection' guidelines given the recommendations in the report are implemented in their entirety.

Public Interest

The proposal will not result in any amenity impacts to the neighbouring dwellings or neighbouring surrounds. Furthermore, as indicated above the proposal will integrate to the current streetscape of the locality and does not add to the bulk or scale of the development.

It can be concluded that the proposal will be in the public interest.

8. Conclusion

This statement of environment effects supports a development application to Northern Beaches Council for alterations and additions to the existing two storey dwelling at 23 Reynolds Crescent, Beacon Hill.

All statutory provisions of relevance and potential relevance to the proposal have been considered as required by Part 4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulations 2000.

The proposal complies with the provisions Warringah LEP 2011 and generally complies with the provisions of Warringah DCP 2011, the non-compliance with the side boundary envelope, side

boundary setback, excavation and minimum landscaping area are justified in section 7 of this statement of environmental effects.

Michael Mantei Lawyer Director – Planning Law Solutions Accredited Specialist Local Government and Planning Law