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**MONA VALE GOLF CLUB LIMITED**

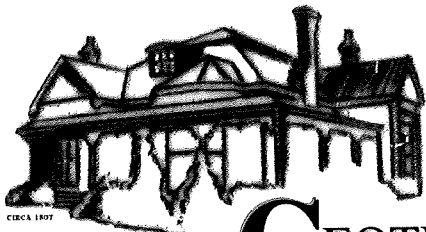
**PROPOSED ABOVE GROUND FUEL STORAGE TANK INSTALLATION  
1 GOLF AVENUE, MONA VALE**

**PRELIMINARY CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT**

**REPORT NO 12593/1-AAR1      19/01/2012**

PITTWATER COUNCIL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE	
Number:	CC0325/12
This is a copy of submitted plans, documents or Certificates associated with the issue of the Construction Certificate.	
Endorsed by:	<i>HL</i>
Date:	06 DEC 2012





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Job No: 12593/1  
Our Ref: 12593/1-AAR1

19 January 2012

Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd  
1 Golf Avenue  
MONA VALE NSW 2103

Attention: Mr A Thompson

Dear Sir

re: **Proposed Above Ground Fuel Storage Tank Installation  
Mona Vale Golf Club – 1 Golf Avenue, Mona Vale  
Preliminary Contamination Assessment**

Please find herewith our *Preliminary Contamination Assessment* report for an area that covers two (2) underground fuel storage tanks (UFST), one (1) underground waste motor oil tank (UWMOT) and 1 bowser, as shown on the attached Drawing No 12593/1-AA1, hereafter known as the site, within the Mona Vale Golf Club, located at 1 Golf Avenue, Mona Vale.

It is understood that a new above ground fuel storage tank (AFST) to be located to the east of the site is proposed.

The objective of the assessment was to address the following requirements of State Environmental Protection Policy No. 55:

- Whether the land is contaminated and
- If the land is contaminated, whether the site will be suitable for the proposed development, after remediation.

Reference should be made to Sections 14.0 and 15.0 of the report for the conclusion, recommendations and limitations of this assessment.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours faithfully  
GEOTECHNIQUE PTY LTD

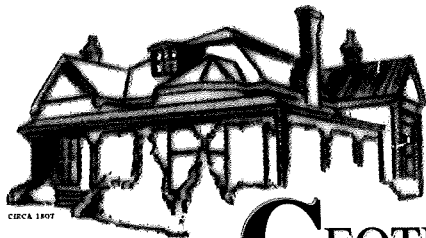
AN NGUYEN  
Environmental Scientist

Reviewed by

JOHN XU  
Associate  
BE, MEngSc, MIEAust







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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This executive summary presents a synopsis of a preliminary contamination assessment for an area that covers two (2) underground fuel storage tanks (UFST), one (1) underground waste motor oil tank (UWMOT) and 1 bowser, as shown on the attached Drawing No 12593/1-AA1, hereafter known as the site, within the Mona Vale Golf Club, located at 1 Golf Avenue, Mona Vale.

It is understood that a new above ground fuel storage tank (AFST) to be located to the east of the site is proposed.

The objective of the assessment was to address the following requirements of State Environmental Protection Policy No. 55:

- Whether the land is contaminated and
- If the land is contaminated, whether the site will be suitable for the proposed development, after remediation.

In order to achieve the objective of this assessment, the scope of work included a review of historical aerial photographs and records of NSW WorkCover and Environment Protection Authority (EPA) record of Notices for Contaminated Land, geological and hydrogeological information, soil sampling and testing, as well as installation of one groundwater monitoring well.

At the time of inspection during field work on 16 November 2011, the site was part of Mona Vale Golf Club and located in a designated area that is used by green keepers and mechanics. The site was concrete covered. There were 1 unleaded petrol UFST, 1 diesel UFST, 1 UWMOT and 1 bowser located within the site. The estimated extents of the tanks were marked on the ground by GBG Australia (GBGA) during the recent geophysical survey of the underground tanks.

The site is bound by a mechanical workshop to the north, green keeper shed to the north east, a concrete area / former gravel storage area to the east, by a bitumen driveway to the south and a roofed area, a wash bay and a cart shed to the west.

The aerial photographs reveal that the site was vacant and possibly forming part of a driveway leading to the greenkeeper's area for the golf club as early as 1951. The ground surface of the site might have been disturbed in the late 1970s and covered with concrete in the early 1980s. Since then, the site remained essentially unchanged. Major features of the surround areas include some large sheds, trees and a built-up platform.

WorkCover NSW records reveal 2 UFST (with capacity of 2000L and 5000L for unleaded petrol and diesel fuel respectively) and 1 UWMOT (with capacity of 1000L for waste lubricant oil / formerly petrol) located within the site. The UFST and UWMOT might have been in use since early 1980s.

The NSW EPA records reveal no EPA notices issued for the site. There is however, one listed contaminated land located approximately 800m to the north-east of the subject site. *Voluntary Remediation Proposal: EPA Agreement* (Notice No. 26046) issued by NSW EPA on 3 September 2003, which remains current, indicates that EPA declares the site known as Caltex Service Station located at 79 Brrenjoey Road, Mona Vale and the neighbouring sites, to be a remediation land under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997. The groundwater and the soil at the land is contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) and monoaromatic hydrocarbons including Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl Benzene and Xylenes (BTEX) in such a way as to present a significant risk of harm.

Based on the information provided by Mr A Thompson, it is understood that there is only very general history relating to the club and the course in the early days. There is no information regarding the area where the present underground fuel tanks are located. The club does not have records of when the existing tanks were installed and from enquiries made from the long time members it seems they would have been installed over 30 years ago.

The soils landscape map reveals that the site is possibly located in disturbed terrain, commonly consisting of a turfed fill area or waste materials.

Fill, underlain by natural clayey soil of relatively low permeability, was encountered at all five borehole locations during field sampling.

During the field work on 16 November 2011, diesel staining was noted and weak to distinct petroleum product odour detected in some fill layers in BH1 and MW1. Photo-Ionised Detector (PID) readings in the recovered soil samples were ranging from 0ppm to 240ppm.

No visual evidence of asbestos-cement pieces or other indicators of potential contamination, such as ash materials or other foreign matter were noted in recovered soil samples.

Water (possibly seepage) was encountered at depth of about 4.5 metres (m) in MW1 below existing ground level (EGL).

The available historical information, existing conditions and field work suggest potential contamination (refer to Table 1 on page 9) in the following areas:

- The site occupied by 2 UFST, 1 UWMOT, 1 bowser and associated pipelines.
- The fill encountered during field sampling for this PCA, possibly imported from unknown sources.
- Potential groundwater contamination resulted from soil contamination in the site.
- Potential soil and/or groundwater contamination beneath the site resulting from off-site migration of contaminants from the nearby green keeper shed and the mechanical workshop.

It was understood from discussion between Mr A Thompson of The Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd and James Ngu of our office that Caltex Service Station is located topographically lower than the subject site. As such, impact of the contaminated groundwater from the concerned Caltex Service Station on the subject site is unlikely.

12593/1-AAR1  
Executive Summary continued

As part of the contamination assessment, a sampling and testing plan was implemented to address the potential contamination concerns. Five (5) boreholes (BH1 to BH4 and MW1) were located (refer to the attached Drawing No 12593/1-AA1) as close as possible to the tanks and bowser.

One single-level monitoring well was installed at MW1 and terminated on sandstone bedrock at depth of about 6.0m below the EGL.

A number of soil samples were recovered and selected for chemical testing of a combination of analytes including metals {arsenic (As), cadmium (Cd), chromium (Cr), copper (Cu), lead (Pb), mercury (Hg), nickel (Ni) and zinc Zn}, Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH), BTEX (Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl Benzene and Xylenes), Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH), Organochlorine Pesticides (OCP), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB), Total Phenols and Total Cyanides.

The assessment criteria adopted were the available Health-based Investigation Levels (HBILs) / Health Investigation Levels (HILs) for *parks, recreational open space and playing fields* development (NEHF 'E' / HILs 'E'), the provisional phytotoxicity based investigation levels (PPBILs) / Ecological Investigation Levels (EILs) and the suggested Levels in the EPA service station guidelines.

The majority of the laboratory results satisfied the criteria for stating that the analytes selected are either not present (i.e. concentrations less than Limits of Reporting), or present in the sampled soils at concentrations that do not pose a risk of hazard to human health or the environment, under the conditions for *parks, recreational open space or playing fields* use.

However, a number of locations in the vicinity of unleaded underground fuel storage tank (UFST), underground waste motor oil tank (UWMOT) and bowser, as shown and tabulated on the attached Drawing No 12593/1-AA2 were identified to have As, Hg, Zn, TPH and Total PAH concentrations of concern. Soil contaminated with Hg, TPH and Total PAH at those locations will pose a risk of harm to human health if the soil is to be exposed in the future. The concentrations of As, Hg and Zn might present a potential hindrance to the growth of some plant species if the soil is to be exposed in the future.

It is our opinion that the site will be suitable for the proposed development, subject to implementation of the following works:

1. Assessment of the soil in the area for the proposed above ground fuel storage tank (AFST) will be required in order to ascertain the contamination status of the soil.
2. The unleaded UFST, the UWMOT and the bowser should be decommissioned, removed and disposed of at a licensed facility by a licensed contractor.  
Validation assessment will be required following the removal of the tanks and the bowser in order to ensure the complete removal of the contaminated soil.
3. No contamination was identified in the analysed soil samples recovered from two (2) borehole locations close to the diesel UFST. Additional soil sampling and testing will be required in order to ascertain the contamination status of soil in the vicinity of the diesel UFST.  
Alternatively, the diesel UFST could be decommissioned, removed and disposed of at a licensed facility, together with the unleaded UFST, the UWMOT and the bowser by a licensed contractor. Validation assessment will be required following the removal of the tank.
4. Detailed assessment to delineate the extent of contamination in the vicinity of the locations of concern, as shown on Drawing No 12593/1-AA2 will be required.

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12593/1-AAR1

*Executive Summary continued*

5. Assessment of the possible seepage water within the installed monitoring well MW1 will be required in order to determine the contamination status of the water.
6. Waste classification will be required for the contaminated soil that requires landfill disposal.
7. Preparation of a remedial action plan (RAP) will be required to provide guidance on a suitable remediation and validation methodology.
8. Groundwater assessment might be required depending on the outcomes of the above mentioned works.

It is our opinion that:

1. The proposed additional work (Point 1) must be undertaken prior to the installation of the proposed AFST.
2. The proposed additional works (Points 2 to 7) as mentioned above can be undertaken during / after removal of the tanks and the concrete slab at and in the vicinity of locations/areas of concern.

Reference should be made to Section 15.0 of the report, which sets out details of the limitations of the assessment.

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
1.0 INTRODUCTION -----	1
2.0 SCOPE OF WORK -----	1
3.0 SITE IDENTIFICATION AND PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT -----	2
4.0 SITE HISTORY -----	2
4.1 Aerial Photographs -----	2
4.2 WorkCover NSW Records -----	3
4.3 NSW EPA Records -----	4
4.4 Anecdotal Information -----	4
5.0 SITE CONDITION AND SURROUNDING ENVIRONMENT -----	5
5.1 Site Condition -----	5
5.2 Surrounding Environment -----	5
6.0 TOPOGRAPHY, GEOLOGY & HYDROGEOLOGY -----	6
7.0 POTENTIAL FOR CONTAMINATION -----	9
8.0 SAMPLING & ANALYSIS PLAN AND SAMPLING METHODOLOGY -----	10
9.0 FIELD QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL -----	12
9.1 Rinsate Sample -----	12
9.2 Trip Spike Sample -----	12
9.3 Duplicate Sample -----	12
9.4 Inter-laboratory Duplicate (Split) Samples -----	13
10.0 LABORATORY QUALITY ASSESSMENT AND QUALITY CONTROL -----	14
11.0 ASSESSMENT CRITERIA -----	16
12.0 FIELD & LABORATORY TEST RESULTS, ASSESSMENT & DISCUSSION -----	17
12.1 Field Results -----	17
12.2 Analytical Results -----	17
12.2.1 Metals (As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni & Zn).....	17
12.2.2 TPH and BTEX .....	18
12.2.3 Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH).....	18
12.2.4 Organochlorine Pesticides (OCP).....	18
12.2.5 Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB).....	18
12.2.6 Total Phenols .....	18
12.2.7 Total Cyanides .....	19
13.0 SITE CHARACTERISATION -----	19
14.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS -----	20
15.0 LIMITATIONS -----	20

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**LIST OF REFERENCES**

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**DRAWINGS**

- Drawing No 12593/1-AA1    *Borehole and Monitoring Well Locations*  
Drawing No 12593/1-AA2    *Locations of Contamination*
- 

**TABLES**

- TABLE A        *Schedule of Laboratory Testing*  
TABLE B        *Rinsate Sample*  
TABLE C        *Trip Spike Sample*  
TABLE D        *Duplicate Sample*  
TABLE E        *Split Sample*  
TABLE F        *Metals Test Results - Discrete Samples*  
TABLE G        *Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons and BTEX Results - Discrete Samples*  
TABLE H        *Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH), Organochlorine Pesticides (OCP),  
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB), Phenols and Cyanides Test Results -  
Discrete Samples*
- 

**APPENDICES**

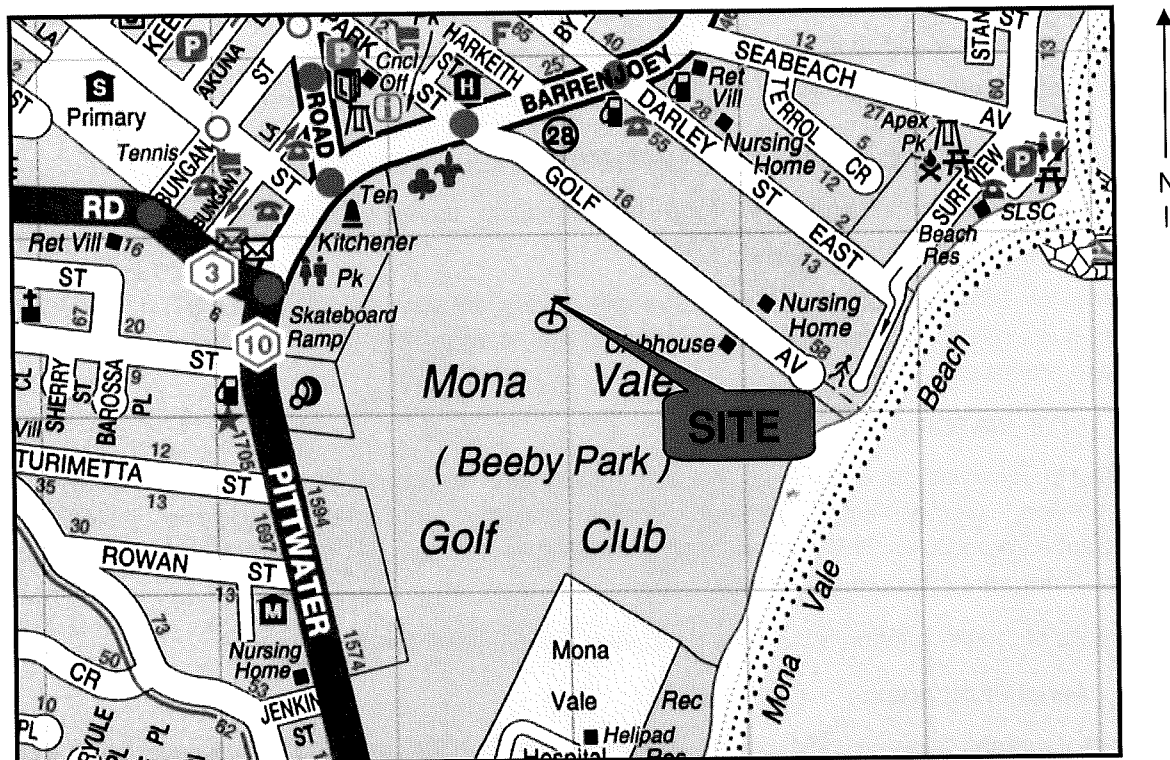
- APPENDIX A        *NSW WorkCover Records*  
APPENDIX B        *NSW EPA Records of Notices*  
APPENDIX C        *Table 1 - Sample Descriptions & Engineering Log - Monitoring Well*  
APPENDIX D        *Groundwater Information, Map and Bores Data*  
APPENDIX E        *SGS Environmental Services Analytical Report and*  
                          *Envirolab Services Certificate of Analysis*  
APPENDIX F        *Environmental Notes*
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12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of a preliminary contamination assessment (PCA) completed for an area, that covers two (2) underground fuel storage tanks (UFST), one (1) underground waste motor oil tank (UWMOT) and 1 bowser, hereafter known as the site, within the Mona Vale Golf Club, located at 1 Golf Avenue, Mona Vale, as indicated on Figure 1 below.

**FIGURE 1**



The objective of the assessment was to address the following requirements of State Environmental Protection Policy No. 55:

- Whether the land is contaminated and
- If the land is contaminated, whether the site will be suitable for the proposed development, after remediation.

## 2.0 SCOPE OF WORK

In order to achieve the objective of this assessment, the following scope of work was conducted in accordance with our proposal dated 14 November 2011 (Reference JN/Q5573R1):

- A desktop study of the following to assist in identification of potential contamination issues:
  - Historical aerial photographs
  - WorkCover NSW records pertaining to storage of dangerous goods
  - NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) record of Notices for Contaminated Land
- Review of soils and geological maps.
- Acquisition of groundwater bore information for the region.
- An inspection by the writer to identify current site activities, site features and any visible or olfactory indicators of potential contamination.

- Soil sampling by the writer from five (5) boreholes close to the UFST, UWMOT and bowser.
- Chemical analysis by National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA) accredited testing laboratories, in accordance with chains of custody (COC) prepared by Geotechnique Pty Ltd (Geotechnique).
- Implementation of industry standard quality assurance (QA) and quality control (QC) measures. QC samples were also forwarded to the testing laboratories.
- Assessment of the laboratory analytical results against current applicable guidelines.
- Assessment of field and laboratory QA and QC.
- Assessment of the contamination status of the soil.

### **3.0 SITE IDENTIFICATION AND PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT**

The subject site is located within the Mona Vale Golf Club, on the southern side of Golf Avenue, Mona Vale, in the local government area of Pittwater.

As shown on Drawing No 12593/1-AA1, the site covers an area including 2 UFST, 1 UWMOT and 1 bowser. It is understood that a new above ground fuel storage tank (AFST) to be located to the east of the site is proposed.

### **4.0 SITE HISTORY**

In order to formulate a picture of the site history and to assist in identification of any potential contamination, Geotechnique obtained and/or reviewed information including historical aerial photographs, WorkCover NSW information pertaining to storage of dangerous goods and NSW EPA records of notices for contaminated land.

The results of the information review are presented in the following sub-sections.

#### **4.1 Aerial Photographs**

Aerial photographs taken in 1951, 1961, 1970, 1978, 1986, 1994 and 2005 were examined. Copies of the aerial photographs are kept in the offices of Geotechnique and are available for examination upon request. The writer made the following observations. Due to the scale, some of the listed observations are best interpretations only.

- |                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| 1951, 1961 and 1970 | The site appears to be vacant and possibly forming part of a driveway leading to the greenkeeper's area for a golf club. The surrounding area appears to contain some large sheds and trees. |
| 1978                | Disturbance of ground surface is evident within the site and adjacent southern area.   |
| 1986                | The site appears to resemble the current surface condition, which is covered with concrete. The disturbed adjacent southern area noted in 1978 photograph appears to be a built-up platform. |
| 1994, 2005          | The site and surrounding areas remain essentially unchanged since 1986.  |

In summary, the aerial photographs reveal that the site was vacant and possibly forming part of a driveway leading to the greenkeeper's area for the golf club as early as 1951. The ground surface of the site might have been disturbed in the late 1970s and covered with concrete in the early 1980s. Since then, the site remained essentially unchanged. Major features of the surround areas include some large sheds, trees and a built-up platform.



12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

## 4.2 WorkCover NSW Records

A request was made to WorkCover NSW to search for any information on licences to store dangerous goods including underground tank(s) and/or other underground facilities at the site.

A search of the Stored Chemical Information Database (SCID) and the microfiche records by WorkCover NSW locate some records pertaining to the land owned by Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd. The club was licensed to keep a number of items of dangerous goods. The results are presented in Appendix A of this report and summarised below.

Occupier	Date of Application for renewal	Holding Facility	Storage location	Content	Maximum Storage Capacity / Quantity
Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd	04/11/1952	Roofed Store	70 feet away from exhausting equipment shed	Mineral Spirit	44 Gallons
		Roofed Store		Mineral Oil	44 Gallons
Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd	10/11/1982	Underground Storage Tank	Greens Shed Fuel Storage Facility (GSFSF) – subject site	Class3.1 Petrol	2000 Litres (L)
		Underground Storage Tank		Class3.1 Petrol	1000L
		Underground Storage Tank		Distillate Fuel	5000L
Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd	18/05/1993	Underground Storage Tank	GSFSF – subject site	Petrol	2000L
		Underground Storage Tank		Petrol	1000L
		Underground Storage Tank		Diesel	5000L
		Tank	East of Club House (ECH)	Diesel	1000L
		Roofed Store	Green Keepers Shed (GKS)	Oxygen	Unknown
		Roofed Store		Acetylene	Unknown
		Cage		Poison	Unknown
Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd	27/04/1999	Underground Storage Tank	Depot 1 (GSFSF) – subject site	Petrol	2000L
		Underground Storage Tank	Depot 2 (GSFSF) – subject site	Waste Oil	1000L
		Cylinder Store	Depot 3 (GKS)	Oxygen	3800L
		Cylinder Store	Depot 4 (GKS)	Acetylene	3200L
		Underground Storage Tank	Depot 5 (GSFSF) – subject site	Diesel	5000L
		Roofed Store	Depot 6 (GKS)	Toxic Liquid	700L
		Aboveground Storage Tank (Decommissioned)	Depot 7 (ECH)	Diesel	500L
Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd	04/09/2004	Underground Storage Tank	Depot 1 (GSFSF) – subject site	Petrol	2000L
		Underground Storage Tank	Depot 2 (GSFSF) – subject site	Waste Lubricating Oil	1000L
		Underground Storage Tank	Depot 5 (GSFSF) – subject site	Diesel	5000L
		Roofed Store	Depot 6 (GKS)	Organophosphorus Pesticide Toxic Liquid	700L
		Cylinder Store	Depot 7 (GKS)	Compressed Gas NOS, Carbon Dioxide	100 cubic metres (m <sup>3</sup> )
		150L Approve Flammable Liquids Cabinet	Depot 8 (GKS)	Petrol, Kerosene, Flammable Liquid NOS	150L
		Roofed Store	Depot 9 (GKS)	Class C2	250L

Within the site three of those items were located, as detail below:

12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

Storage location	Holding Facility	Content	Maximum Storage Capacity (L)
Depot 1 (GSFSF) – subject site	Underground tank	Unleaded petrol	2000
Depot 2 (GSFSF) – subject site	Underground tank	Waste Lubricating Oil (formerly petrol)	1000
Depot 5 (GSFSF) – subject site	Underground tank	Diesel Fuel	5000

It is understood from Application for Renewal of Licence to Keep Dangerous Goods dated 27/04/1999 that Depot 2 was used to store petrol prior to 1999 and has been used to store waste lubricating oil since 1999.

In summary, WorkCover NSW records reveal 2 UFST (with capacity of 2000L and 5000L for unleaded petrol and diesel fuel respectively) and 1 UWMOT (with capacity of 1000L for waste lubricant oil / formerly petrol) located within the site. The UFST and UWMOT might have been in use since early 1980s.

#### 4.3 NSW EPA Records

The NSW EPA publishes records of contaminated lands under Section 58 of the Contaminated Land Management (CLM) Act 1997. The notices relate to investigation and/or remediation of site contamination considered to pose a significant risk of harm under the definition in the CLM Act.

A search of the NSW EPA records on 05 December 2011 revealed that the site is not listed.

There is however, one listed contaminated land located approximately 800m to the north-east of the subject site. *Voluntary Remediation Proposal: EPA Agreement* (Notice No. 26046) issued by NSW EPA on 3 September 2003, which remains current, indicates that EPA declares the site known as Caltex Service Station located at 79 Breenjoey Road, Mona Vale and the neighbouring sites, to be a remediation land under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997. The groundwater and the soil at the land is contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) and monoaromatic hydrocarbons including Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl Benzene and Xylenes (BTEX) in such a way as to present a significant risk of harm.

It should be noted that the EPA records of notices for contaminated land do not provide records of all contaminated lands in NSW. At the time of searching the records, 327 sites in NSW were registered in the database.

Reference may be made to Appendix B for a copy of EPA records.

#### 4.4 Anecdotal Information

Based on the information provided by Mr A Thompson, it is understood that there is only very general history relating to the club and the course in the early days. There is no information regarding the area in the vicinity of where the present underground fuel tanks are located.

A plan of the course in 1927 shows it was only 9 holes and is likely to have included the area now occupied by the fuel tanks.

The 18 hole course, generally as it presently exists, was opened in February 1960. The old igloo building immediately to the north of the diesel tank became an equipment shed for the greens staff in the mid 1960's.

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12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

The golf cart storage shed located to the south of the fuel tank area would have been constructed in 1998/99.

As to the condition of the land in the early days the 1927 plan shows what is referred to as "Black Swamp" extending from the sand hills at the beach as far west as Pittwater / Barrenjoey Roads. The swamp was drained and filled in the 1930's.

As noted above there is no information available as to earlier uses of the area presently occupied by the tanks.

The club does not have records of when the existing tanks were installed and from enquiries made from the long time members it seems they would have been installed over 30 years ago.

## **5.0 SITE CONDITION AND SURROUNDING ENVIRONMENT**

### **5.1 Site Condition**

An inspection of the site was carried out by the writer during field work on 16 November 2011. During the inspection, the following observations were made:

- The site was part of Mona Vale Golf Club and located in a designated area of the golf club that is used by green keepers and mechanics.
- The site was concrete covered.
- There were 1 unleaded petrol UFST, 1 diesel UFST, 1 UWMOT and 1 bowser located within the site. The estimated extents of the tanks were marked on the ground by GBG Australia (GBGA) during the recent geophysical survey of the underground tanks.

The above noted features are indicated on Drawing No 12593/1-AA1.

### **5.2 Surrounding Environment**

At the time of inspections, observations of the neighbouring areas, also part of Mona Vale Golf Club, were as follows:

To the north	Mechanical workshop
To the north east	Green keeper's shed
To the east	A concrete area/former gravel storage area
To the south	A bitumen driveway
To the west	A roofed area, a wash bay and a cart shed.

## **6.0 TOPOGRAPHY, GEOLOGY & HYDROGEOLOGY**

The regional topography around the site is undulating, generally slopes to the south and south-east. Ground surface within the site is generally flat. The general slope of the immediate region is towards the south.

The Soil Landscape Map of Sydney (Soil Landscape Series Sheet 9130, Scale 1:100,000, 2002), prepared by the Soil Conservation Service of NSW, indicates that the site is located within the Warriewood landscape area and typically consists of localised flooding and run-on high water tables, highly permeable soil. The Landscape Map also indicates that disturbed terrain possibly exist beneath the site, commonly consisting of a turfed fill area, capped with up to 40 centimetres (cm) of sandy loam or up to 60cm of compacted clay over fill or waste materials.

The Geological Map of Sydney (Geological Series Sheet 9130, Scale 1:100,000, 1983), published by the Department of Mineral Resources, indicates the residual soils within the site to be underlain by Quarternary Age soils consisting of silty to peaty quartz sand, silt and clay ferruginous and humic cementation in places, common shell layers or Triassic Age Newport Formation and Garie Formation of the Narrabeen Group, comprising interbedded laminite, shale and quartz to lithic quartz sandstone.

Reference should be made to Table 1 in Appendix C for descriptions of the soils encountered during sampling for this assessment on 16 November 2011. Based on information from all the boreholes BH1 to BH4 and MW1, the sub-surface profile across the site is generalised as follows:

<b>Fill</b>	Sand or clayey sand (Type 1 fill), fine grained brown to dark brown and sandy clay (Type 2 fill), medium plasticity, dark brown, trace of gravel, to depths ranging from about 0.6m to 1.2m below the existing ground level (EGL).
<b>Residual Soil</b>	Clay, high plasticity, yellow brown or grey, with ironstones, encountered beneath the fill to depths ranging from about 3.2m to 4.0m below EGL.
<b>Bedrock</b>	Clayey shale/siltstone, extremely weathered, grey with ironstones to depths ranging from about 3.9m to 6.0 below EGL. Auger refusal on sandstone bedrock was encountered in MW1 at depth of about 6.0m from EGL.

Reference may be made to Drawing No 12593/1-AA2 for the borehole locations.

Diesel staining was noted and weak to distinct petroleum product odour detected in some fill layers in BH1 and MW1.

Photo-Ionised Detector (PID) was used to screen the recovered soil samples for the presence or otherwise of volatile organic compounds (VOC). The PID readings ranging from 0ppm to 240ppm are summarised in Table 1 and Engineering Log included in Appendix C.

No visual evidence of asbestos-cement pieces or other indicators of potential contamination, such as ash materials or other foreign matter were noted in recovered soil samples.

One single-level monitoring well (MW1) was installed during the field work for this assessment, using a Geoprobe to a depth of about 3.7m and a drilling rig with solid flight auger, terminated on sandstone bedrock at a depth of about 6.0m below the EGL. Water (possibly seepage) was encountered at a depth of about 4.5m in MW1 below EGL. Rockwell Drilling Services installed the well, under the supervision of Geotechnique. Reference should be made to Drawing No 12593/1-AA1 for the monitoring well location.

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12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

The monitoring wells consisted of a standpipe of 50 millimetres (mm) internal diameter, Class 18 PVC casing and a 0.45mm machine slotted screen. The slotted section was wrapped in a non-woven geotextile filter sock to prevent fines from entering the standpipe. The annulus was backfilled with clean sand, bentonite (seal material) and concrete to prevent ingress of surface run-off. A push-on cap was fitted on top of the standpipe and a gatic cover placed on top. Construction details of the monitoring well are shown in the Engineering Log in Appendix A.

Based on a report provided by Mr A Thompson of The Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd, previous groundwater investigation in the golf course area suggested that the shallowest aquifer is about 17m to 18m below the EGL at location relatively lower than the site. Reference should be made to a copy of the report included in Appendix D.

As such, it is our opinion that the water encountered in the monitoring well installed for this PCA is most likely due to seepage from storm water run-off in the areas nearby.

The closest coastline is approximately 500m to the north east of the site. A number of ponds within the golf course are within close proximity to the site. The ponds capture stormwater run-off from the site.

In order to obtain some understanding of regional groundwater conditions, a search was carried out through the website of the Department of Natural Resources for any registered groundwater bore data within a radius of 0.5 kilometre (km) of the site. The search revealed nineteen (19) bores within this radius. The bores were drilled between 1960 and 2010 and ranged in depths from 3.5m to 124.9m. Fifteen (15) bores had recorded water bearing zones at depths ranging from 2.00m to 93.8m below the EGL and standing water levels ranging from 1.5m to 21.3m.

The bores were authorised and intended for waste disposal, domestic, irrigation, recreation and test / monitoring bore purposes. The information obtained is summarised in the following table and included in Appendix D of this report.

12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

Bore	Date	Authorised/ Intended Purpose	AMG coordinates	Water Bearing Zone (m)	Standing Water Level (m)	Salinity (mg/L)
GW018770	1.08.1960	Waste Disposal	343.269 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.378 <sub>N</sub>	22.2-40.1	3.60	Unknown
GW018771	1.11.1960	Waste Disposal	343.434 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.277 <sub>N</sub>	64.0-68.5 92.0-93.8	No Details	Unknown Unknown
GW018778	1.10.1960	Waste Disposal	342.629 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.395 <sub>N</sub>	42.6-44.1 54.2-74.6	21.3 21.3	Unknown Unknown
GW018808	1.12.1960	Waste Disposal	343.691 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.615 <sub>N</sub>	No Details	No Details	No Details
GW019104	1.02.1961	Waste Disposal	343.984 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.690 <sub>N</sub>	No Details	No Details	No Details
GW026026	1.11.1966	Domestic	343.004 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.400 <sub>N</sub>	15.5-15.5 34.1-35.0	3.0 2.4	Unknown Fresh
GW026027	1.12.1966	Domestic	342.964 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.385 <sub>N</sub>	12.1-12.1 48.7-48.7 56.3-56.3	4.5 4.5 4.5	Fresh Fresh Fresh
GW026581	0.01.1967	Waste Disposal	342.984 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.520 <sub>N</sub>	13.7-13.7 28.0-28.0 56.3-56.3 71.3-71.3 86.8-86.8	2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 1.5	Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown
GW105936	19.05.2005	Domestic	343.556 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.453 <sub>N</sub>	No Details	No Details	No Details
GW108158	7.05.2006	Domestic	343.576 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.442 <sub>N</sub>	2.6-6.3	2.6	Good
GW108500	10.11.2006	Domestic	343.526 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.338 <sub>N</sub>	2.0-4.0	2.0	No Details
GW108558	5.02.2007	Domestic	343.632 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.612 <sub>N</sub>	2.3-4.3	2.8	No Details
GW108579	9.03.2007	Domestic	343.749 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.426 <sub>N</sub>	4.0-6.6	4.0	Fair
GW108682	23.03.2007	Domestic	343.618 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.714 <sub>N</sub>	2.6-3.5	2.6	600.00
GW111427	25.02.2008	Recreation	342.793 <sub>E</sub> & 6271.999 <sub>N</sub>	18.0-19.0 24.0-25.0 72.0-73.0	3.0	3.2 3.1 3.2
GW111444	25.02.2008	Test Bore	342.900 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.193 <sub>N</sub>	18.0-19.0 24.0-25.0 72.0-73.0	3.0	3.2 3.1 3.2
GW108888	2.06.2008	Irrigation Recreation	343.062 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.010 <sub>N</sub>	17.0-18.0 29.0-30.0 57.0-58.0	7.0	No Details
GW111104	15.06.2010	Monitoring Bore	343.146 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.387 <sub>N</sub>	2.0-4.0	2.0	No Details
GW111105	15.06.2010	Monitoring Bore	343.164 <sub>E</sub> & 6272.381 <sub>N</sub>	2.0-5.0	2.0	No Details

Based on the foregoing, the groundwater level in the shallowest aquifer beneath the site is anticipated to be in excess of at least 15.0m below the EGL, within the underlying sandstone bedrock.

12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

## 7.0 POTENTIAL FOR CONTAMINATION

Based on the available site historical information, existing site conditions and field work, the following Table 1 summarises the areas of potential environmental concern.

**Table 1 Areas of Potential Environmental Concern**

Rationale / Details	Potential Contamination <sup>1</sup>
➤ The presence of 2 UFST, 1 UWMOT, 1 bowser and associated pipelines	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Lead (Pb)</li> <li>➤ Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)</li> <li>➤ Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl Benzene and Xylenes (BTEX)</li> <li>➤ Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)</li> <li>➤ Phenols</li> </ul>
➤ Fill, which could have been imported from unknown sources, was encountered during field sampling for this PCA; therefore, there is potential for the fill to be contaminated.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Metals <sup>2</sup></li> <li>➤ TPH</li> <li>➤ BTEX</li> <li>➤ PAH</li> <li>➤ Organochlorine Pesticides (OCP)</li> <li>➤ Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)</li> <li>➤ Phenols</li> <li>➤ Cyanides</li> <li>➤ Asbestos</li> </ul>
➤ Groundwater beneath the site may be contaminated as a result of soil contamination due to site activities and the presence of tanks, bowser and fill	➤ The above mentioned contaminants except Asbestos
➤ Soil and groundwater beneath the site may be contaminated as a result of the potential migration of any chemical stored within the nearby green keeper shed and the mechanical workshop	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Metals <sup>2</sup></li> <li>➤ TPH</li> <li>➤ BTEX</li> <li>➤ PAH</li> <li>➤ OCP</li> <li>➤ Organophosphate Pesticides (OPP)</li> <li>➤ Phenols</li> <li>➤ Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> The suite of potential contaminants identified in Table 1 will be reviewed subject to the findings of inspection of the excavated materials during and/or after decommission and removal of the tanks, bowser and/or hardstands and added to if considered appropriate.

<sup>2</sup> Metals suite includes arsenic (As), cadmium (Cd), chromium (Cr), copper (Cu), Pb, mercury (Hg), nickel (Ni) and zinc (Zn).

It was understood from discussion between Mr A Thompson of The Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd and James Ngu of our office that Caltex Service Station is located topographically lower than the subject site. As such, impact of the contaminated groundwater from the concerned Caltex Service Station on the subject site is unlikely.

## **8.0 SAMPLING & ANALYSIS PLAN AND SAMPLING METHODOLOGY**

Sampling and analyses for the contamination assessment were carried out to obtain a reasonable assessment of the following:

1. Nature, location and likely distribution of soil contaminants beneath the site.
2. The risks that the contaminants (if present) pose to human health or the environment, both presently and under the conditions of the proposed development.

The risk of harm to human health and the environment was determined through comparison of test results with EPA produced or endorsed criteria available at the time, as discussed in Section 11.0 of this report.

Site sampling was carried out on 16 November 2011 by the writer, who was responsible for visually assessing the site, locating the boreholes as close as possible to nominated locations, supervision of the drilling and installation of a monitoring well, recovery of soil samples, carrying out insitu PID screening, preparation of samples for delivery to NATA accredited laboratories and logging the sub-surface profile encountered at each borehole location.

Ground penetrating radar survey to locate the underground tanks, bowser and associated pipelines had been carried out by GBGA prior to the sampling. Two UFSTs, one UWMOT and bowser with their associated pipelines had been located and marked on ground surface of the site.

Five (5) boreholes (BH1 to BH4 and MW1) were located (refer to Drawing No 12593/1-AA1) as close as possible to the tanks and bowser.

Prior to sampling, the borehole locations were scanned by a service locator in order to avoid any underground services.

Water (possible seepage) was encountered at a depth of about 4.5m in MW1 below EGL. It is our opinion that the water encountered is most likely due to seepage from storm water run-off in the areas nearby. It is anticipated that the groundwater would be within the underlying sandstone bedrock.

One single-level monitoring well was installed at MW1 and terminated on sandstone bedrock at depth of about 6.0m below the EGL. Groundwater assessment was not included as part of the scope of work.

The sampling procedures adopted were as follows:

- Soil samples were collected using a Geoprobe ® sampling system by operators from Rockwell Drilling Services.
- The sampling equipment / tools were decontaminated thoroughly washed with biodegradable, phosphate-free detergent (Decon 90) and then rinsed thoroughly in clean distilled water. This procedure was undertaken prior to sampling and after collection of samples.
- At each sampling depth, 2 fill samples were recovered, one for laboratory analysis, the other one for head space screening, using a calibrated PID, to screen for the presence or otherwise of VOC. The PID readings are summarised in Table 1 and monitoring well log of Appendix E. The PID readings on the recovered samples, recorded on the field logs, were ranging from 0ppm to 240ppm.
- To minimise the potential loss of VOC, the laboratory soil sample was immediately transferred, using a stainless steel trowel, to a labelled, laboratory supplied, 250ml glass jar and sealed with an airtight, Teflon screw top lid. The fully filled jar was then placed in a chilled container.



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12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

In order to ensure the analytical performance of the primary laboratory, duplicate and split samples were prepared for analyses. Samples were kept in a labelled laboratory supplied glass jar (acid-washed and solvent-rinsed) and sealed with an airtight screw Teflon top lid.

A rinsate water sample was collected and placed in a bottle supplied by the laboratory. The fully filled bottle was labelled and placed in a chilled container.

At completion of field sampling, the primary samples in chilled container with a trip spike sample were forwarded under Chain of Custody (COC) conditions to the primary testing laboratory SGS Environmental Services (SGS). Inter-laboratory duplicate (split) samples were forwarded to the secondary testing laboratory of Envirolab Services Pty Ltd (Envirolab). Both SGS and Envirolab are NATA accredited.

On receipt of the samples, the laboratories returned the Sample Receipt Advice, verifying the integrity of all the samples received.

The soil profile encountered, as described in Section 6.0 of this report, with the exception of staining and odour, did not reveal visual evidence of asbestos-cement pieces or other indicators of potential contamination, such as ash materials or other foreign matter. Diesel staining was noted and weak to distinct petroleum product odour detected in some fill layers in BH1 and MW1. In addition, PID readings ranging from 0ppm to 240ppm were recorded in the recovered soil samples. Based on this data and the potential for contamination discussed previously in this report (Section 7.0), the following laboratory analysis plan was implemented:

- At least one to two soil samples with the highest PID reading and the corresponding duplicate and split samples were selected from each borehole and analysed for TPH and BTEX.  
The selected soil samples and the corresponding duplicate and split samples were screened for metals including As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni and Zn and PAH.  
Two soil samples and the corresponding duplicate and split samples were also screened for Total Phenols.
- For screening purposes, one sample from each type of fill (sand and sandy clay) was selected for analysis of OCP, PCB and Total Cyanides.
- One trip spike sample for BTEX.
- One rinsate sample for metals, TPH, BTEX and PAH.

No asbestos pieces were noted within the boreholes and the recovered soil samples. As such, asbestos analysis was not carried out.

The laboratory testing schedule adopted is presented in Table A.

## **9.0 FIELD QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL**

In order to ensure the integrity and reliability of the chemical analysis carried out, the following QA/QC procedures were implemented for the sampling and analytical program.

### **9.1 Rinsate Sample**

A rinsate water sample (Rinsate R1) was recovered on completion of field work in order to identify possible cross contamination between the sampling locations. A sample of the same water source used for cleaning the equipment (clean distilled water) was previously analysed by the primary laboratory, thus with known concentrations of the selected analytes. The concentrations of the analytes in the rinsate sample were then compared with the results of the original distilled water.

The rinsate water sample was analysed for metals, TPH, BTEX and PAH. The test results for the rinsate water and distilled water samples are summarised in Table B. The laboratory analytical report is included in Appendix E.

As indicated in Table B, concentrations of the analytes were not significantly different to those of the distilled water sample, indicating that the cleaning and decontamination processes adopted in the field were adequate.

### **9.2 Trip Spike Sample**

Trip spike samples are obtained from the laboratory on a regular basis, prior to conducting field sampling where volatile substances are suspected. The samples are held in the Penrith office of Geotechnique, at less than 4 degrees Celsius, for a period of not more than seven days. During the field work, the trip spike samples are kept in the chilled container with soil samples recovered from the site. The trip spike sample is then forwarded to the primary laboratory together with the soil samples recovered from the site.

The laboratory prepares the trip spike by adding a known amount of pure petrol standard to a clean sand sample. The sample is mixed thoroughly to ensure a relatively homogenous distribution of the spike throughout the sample. When the sample is submitted for analysis, the same procedure is adopted for testing as for the soil samples being analysed from the site.

The purpose of the trip spike is to detect any loss, or potential loss, of volatiles from the soil samples, during field work, transportation, sample extraction or testing.

A trip spike sample (TS1) was forwarded to the primary analytical laboratory with the samples collected from the site and was tested for BTEX. The test results for the trip spike sample, reported as a percentage recovery of the applied and known spike concentrations, are shown in Table C. The laboratory analytical report is included in Appendix E.

As indicated in Table C, the results show a good recovery of the spike concentrations, ranging between 95% and 99%. Applying the losses experienced in the spike sample (worst case scenario), the actual concentrations of BTEX in the soil samples analysed might be at worst, 0.53mg/kg (Benzene), 0.71mg/kg (Toluene), 1.24mg/kg (Ethyl benzene) and 7.07mg/kg (Xylenes). The concentrations in this case would still be considerably less than the relevant EPA Level adopted (1mg/kg, 1.4mg/kg, 3.1mg/kg and 14mg/kg respectively).

Based on the above, it is considered that any loss of volatiles from the recovered samples that might have occurred would not affect the outcome / conclusions of this report.

### **9.3 Duplicate Sample**

A field duplicate sample was prepared in the field through the following process:

12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

- A larger than normal quantity of soil was recovered from the sample location selected for duplication.
- The sample was placed in a decontaminated stainless bowl and divided into two portions, using the decontaminated trowel.
- One portion of the sub-samples was immediately transferred, using the decontaminated trowel, into a labelled, laboratory supplied, 250ml glass jar and sealed with an airtight, Teflon screw top lid. The fully filled jar was labelled as the duplicate sample and immediately placed in a chilled container.
- The remaining portion was stored in the same way and labelled as the original sample.

Duplicate sample D2 was prepared from original sample MW1 (0.8-1.1m) and analysed for metals including As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni and Zn, TPH, BTEX, PAH, OCP, PCB, Total Phenols and Total Cyanides.

Duplicate samples were prepared on the basis of sample numbers recovered during the field work. The duplicate sample frequency was computed using the total number of samples analysed as part of this assessment.

The duplicate frequency adopted (14% for metals, TPH, BYEX and PAH and 25% for OCP, PCB, Total Phenols and Total Cyanides) complies with the NEPM, which recommends a duplicate frequency of at least 5%.

The duplicate samples test results are presented with the laboratory analytical report in Appendix E and summarised in Table D.

A comparison was made of the laboratory test results for the duplicate samples with the original samples and the Relative Percentage Differences (RPD) were computed, in order to assess the accuracy of the laboratory test procedures. An RPD within 30-50% is generally considered acceptable. However, this variation can be higher for organic analysis than for inorganics and for low concentrations of analytes.

As shown in Table D, the comparisons between the duplicate and corresponding original samples generally indicated acceptable RPD, with the exception of the RPD of Hg (97%), Benzene (67%) and Total Phenols (67%), mainly due to the low concentrations of analytes detected and/or expected for organic analysis.

It should be noted that the duplicate was prepared from a fill sample and therefore heterogeneity of the sample could also result in relatively higher RPD.

Based on the above, the variations are not considered to be critical and overall the duplicate sample comparisons indicate that the laboratory test data provided by SGS are of adequate accuracy and reliability for this assessment.

#### **9.4 Inter-laboratory Duplicate (Split) Samples**

The inter-laboratory duplicate (split) samples provide a check on the analytical performance of the primary laboratory. Split samples were prepared on the basis of sample numbers recovered during field work and the analyses undertaken by the primary laboratory.

The split samples were prepared in the same manner as the duplicate samples. Reference should be made to Section 9.4.

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12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

Split sample S3 was prepared from original sample BH4 (0.2-0.5m) and forwarded to a secondary laboratory Envirolab for analysis of metals including As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni and Zn, TPH, BTEX, PAH, OCP, PCB, Total Phenols and Total Cyanides.

The split sample frequency was computed using the total number of samples analysed as part of this assessment, including select individual and composite samples.

The split sample frequency adopted (14% for metals, TPH, BYEX and PAH and 25% for OCP, PCB, Total Phenols and Total Cyanides) complies with the NEPM, which recommends a frequency of 5%.

The laboratory analytical report from Envirolab is included in Appendix E of this report. The results are also summarised in Table E.

Based on Schedule B (3) of the NEPM, the difference in the results between the split samples should generally be within 30% of the mean concentration determined by both laboratories, i.e., RPD should be within 30%. However, this variation can be higher for organic analysis than for inorganics and for low concentrations of analytes.

As shown in Table E, the comparisons between the split and corresponding original samples generally indicated acceptable RPD, with the exception of the RPD of Cu (45%), which was marginally in excess of 30%.

The RPD of Cu in Table E was found to be comparatively high, mainly due to the low concentrations of Cu detected. The split was also prepared from a fill sample and therefore heterogeneity of the sample could also result in relatively higher RPD.

Based on the above, the variations are not considered critical. Based on the overall split sample numbers and comparisons, it is concluded that the test results provided by the primary laboratory can be relied upon for this assessment.

## **10.0 LABORATORY QUALITY ASSESSMENT AND QUALITY CONTROL**

Only laboratories accredited by the NATA for chemical analyses were used for analysis of samples recovered as part of this assessment. The laboratory must also incorporate quality laboratory management systems to ensure that trained analysts, using validated methods and suitably calibrated equipment, produce reliable results.

In addition to the quality control samples, the laboratory must also ensure that all analysts receive certification as to their competence in carrying out the analysis and participate in national and international proficiency studies. SGS and Envirolab, the two laboratories used for this assessment, are both accredited by NATA. The two laboratories also operate Quality Systems that are designed to comply with ISO/IEC 17025.

The following table lists the allowable holding times, detailed in Schedule B(3) of The National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999 (NEPM) prepared by the National Environment Protection Council (NEPC).

12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

ANALYTE	HOLDING TIME
Metals *	6 months
Mercury	28 days
Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl Benzene and Xylenes (BTEX)	14 days
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)	14 days
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)	14 days
Organochlorine Pesticides (OCP)	14 days
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	14 days
Phenols	14 days
Cyanides	7 days

\* Metals include arsenic (As), cadmium (Cd), chromium (Cr), copper (Cu), lead (Pb), nickel (Ni) and zinc (Zn)

The actual holding times of the two laboratories used for this assessment are indicated with the laboratory analytical report and certificate of analysis included in Appendix D of this report. All analyses were conducted within the relevant holding times.

The test methods and Limits of Reporting (LOR) / Practical Quantitation Limits (PQL) adopted by SGS / Envirolab are indicated with the laboratory analytical report and certificate of analysis in Appendix D.

The samples analysed for TPH (C<sub>6</sub>–C<sub>9</sub>) and BTEX were extracted by the purge and trap method recommended by the NSW EPA.

All reported laboratory LOR / PQL were less than the assessment criteria adopted for each analyte or analyte group.

SGS and Envirolab incorporate the QA / QC procedures in order to demonstrate:

- method proficiency within the laboratory
- conformance to the performance characteristics expected of the method
- confidence in the results produced

As part of the analytical run for the project, the laboratories included laboratory blanks, duplicate samples, laboratory control samples, matrix spikes and surrogate spikes.

We have checked the QA/QC procedures and results adopted by the laboratories against the appropriate guidelines. The quality control sample numbers adopted by SGS and Envirolab are considered to be adequate for the analyses undertaken and generally conform to the recommendations provided in the NEPM 1999 "*Guideline on Laboratory Analysis of Potentially Contaminated Soils*" and Australian and ANZECC -1996 "*Guidelines for the Laboratory Analysis of Contaminated Soils*".

Overall, the quality control elements adopted by SGS and Envirolab indicate the analytical data to fall within acceptable levels of accuracy and precision for the analysis of soils. The analytical data provided is therefore considered to be reliable and useable for this assessment.

## 11.0 ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

The guidelines used in this assessment were as follows:

- The *National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure* (NEPM, 1999) in the National Environment Protection Council (NEPC) publications provide risk-based Health Investigation Levels (HILs) for selected organic and inorganic chemicals in Table 5-A of Schedule B(1) – Guideline on the Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater. These levels are provided for a variety of exposure settings.  
The *Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme* (NSW DEC, 2006) also provide Health-Based Investigation Levels (HBILs) for a variety of exposure settings.  
With respect to human health, analytical results are assessed against HBILs / HILs guidelines appropriate for *parks, recreational open space and playing fields* development (NEHF 'E' / HILs 'E').
- With respect to the protection of the environment, the available Provisional Phytotoxicity Based Investigation Levels (PPBILs) published in the *Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme* (NSW EPA/DEC, 2006) and Ecological Investigation Levels (EILs) published in the NEPM for inorganics are used.
- The *Guidelines for Assessing Service Station Sites* (NSW EPA, 1994) provide guidance regarding petroleum hydrocarbons and BTEX compounds.

The adopted assessment criteria are presented in the following table:

Contaminant	Assessment Criteria (mg/kg)			Source
	NEHF 'E' / HILs 'E'	PPBILs / EILs	NSW EPA	
<b>Inorganics</b>				
<i>Metals</i>				
Arsenic	200	20	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Cadmium	40	3	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Chromium (+3)	240,000	400	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Chromium (+6)	200	1	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Copper	2,000	100	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Lead	600	600	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Mercury (Methyl / Inorganic)	20 / 30	1	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Nickel	600	60	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Zinc	14,000	200	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
<b>Organics</b>				
<i>TPH/BTEX</i>				
C <sub>6</sub> to C <sub>9</sub> Fraction	-	-	65	NSW EPA, 1994
C <sub>10</sub> to C <sub>40</sub> Fraction	-	-	1,000	NSW EPA, 1994
Benzene	-	-	1	NSW EPA, 1994
Toluene	-	-	1.4	NSW EPA, 1994
Ethyl Benzene	-	-	3.1	NSW EPA, 1994
Total Xylenes	-	-	14	NSW EPA, 1994
<i>PAH</i>				
Benzo(a)pyrene	2	-	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006

12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

Contaminant	Assessment Criteria (mg/kg)			Source
Total PAH	40	-	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
OCP				
Aldrin + Dieldrin	20	-	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Chlordane	100	-	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
DDT+DDD+DDE	400	-	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Heptachlor	20	-	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
PCB (Total)	20	-	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Phenols (Total)	17000	-	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Other				
Cyanides (Free)	500	-	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006
Cyanides (Complex)	1000	-	-	NEPM, 1999; NSW DEC, 2006

The subject site will be deemed contaminated or containing contamination "hot spots", if any of the above criteria are unfulfilled. Further investigation, remediation and/or management will be recommended if the site is found to be contaminated or contain contamination "hot spots".

## 12.0 FIELD & LABORATORY TEST RESULTS, ASSESSMENT & DISCUSSION

### 12.1 Field Results

Details of the sub-surface conditions encountered during field work for this assessment are presented in Table 1 and Engineering Log in Appendix C of this report. As discussed in Section 6.0, the general soil profiles revealed fill comprising sand/clayey sand and/or sandy clay, underlain by residual clay, then clayey shale/siltstone.

Diesel staining was noted and weak to distinct petroleum product odour detected in some fill layers in BH1 and MW1. The PID readings in the recovered soil samples were ranging from 0ppm to 240ppm.

No visual evidence of asbestos-cement pieces or other indicators of potential contamination, such as ash materials or other foreign matter were noted in recovered soil samples.

Water (possibly seepage) was encountered at a depth of about 4.5m in MW1 below EGL.

### 12.2 Analytical Results

Reference may be made to Appendix E for the actual laboratory analytical report from SGS. The test results are also presented in Tables F to H, together with the assessment criteria adopted. A discussion of the test results is presented in the following sub-sections.

#### 12.2.1 Metals (As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni & Zn)

The metals test results are presented in Table F. With the exception of highlighted concentrations of As, Hg and Zn, the remaining concentrations of metals (As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni and/or Zn) for the analysed samples were well below the relevant PPBILs / EILs and NEHF 'E' / HILs 'E' adopted.

The highlighted concentrations of Hg (2.9mg/kg and 2.4mg/kg), As (58mg/kg and 72mg/kg) and Zn (230mg/kg) in soil samples Duplicate D2 (= MW1, 0.8-1.1m), BH1 (0.7-0.9m) and BH2 (0.5-0.8m) exceeded the PPBILs / EILs of 20mg/kg and 200mg/kg for As and Zn respectively, but were below the relevant NEHF 'E' / HIL 'E' of 200mg/kg and 14000mg/kg. However, if the soil with elevated concentrations of As and Zn remains underneath the existing concrete slab / hardstand, the PPBILs will no longer be the appropriate threshold level.

The highlighted concentration of Hg (220mg/kg) in soil sample BH1 (0.7-0.9m) exceeded the PPBIL / EIL of 1mg/kg and the relevant NEHF 'E' / HILs 'E' of 20mg/kg and 30mg/kg for Methyl Hg and Inorganic Hg respectively.

#### **12.2.2 TPH and BTEX**

The TPH and BTEX test results for are presented in Table G.

As indicated in Table G, with the exception of the highlighted concentrations of TPH, the remaining concentrations of TPH were less than the relevant EPA Level adopted.

The concentrations of TPH (C6-C9) (250mg/kg and 220mg/kg) in soil samples MW1 (0.8-1.1m = Duplicate D2) and BH1 (0.7-0.9m), as well as TPH (C10-C40) (20050mg/kg and 21350mg/kg) in soil samples MW1 (0.8-1.1m = Duplicate D2), BH1 (0.1-0.2m), BH1 (0.7-0.9m) and BH2 (0.5-0.8m) exceeded the relevant EPA Level.

As shown in Table G, the concentrations of BTEX were below the relevant EPA Level adopted.

#### **12.2.3 Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)**

The PAH test results are presented in Table H as benzo(a)pyrene and Total PAH.

As shown in Table H, the concentrations of benzo(a)pyrene for the analysed soil samples were well below the NEHF 'E' / HIL 'E' adopted.

With the exception of the highlighted concentrations of Total PAH, the remaining concentrations of Total PAH were well below the NEHF 'E' / HIL 'E' adopted.

The concentrations of Total PAH (ranging from 74mg/kg to 175mg/kg) in soil samples MW1 (0.8-1.1m = Duplicate D2) and BH1 (0.7-0.9m) exceeded the NEHF 'E' / HIL 'E'.

#### **12.2.4 Organochlorine Pesticides (OCP)**

The OCP test results are presented in Table H and as shown, the concentrations of OCP for the analysed soil samples were well below the relevant NEHF 'E' / HILs 'E' adopted.

#### **12.2.5 Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)**

The PCB test results are presented in Table H. As indicated on Table H, the concentrations of PCB were well below the NEHF 'E' / HIL 'E' adopted.

#### **12.2.6 Total Phenols**

The Total Phenols test results are presented in Table H and as shown, the concentrations of Total Phenols for the analysed soil samples were well below the NEHF 'E' / HIL 'E' adopted.



12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

### 12.2.7 Total Cyanides

The Total Cyanides test results are presented in Table H. As indicated on Table H, the concentrations of Total Cyanides were well below the relevant NEHF 'E' / HILs 'E' adopted.

## 13.0 SITE CHARACTERISATION

As presented in the summary tables (Tables F to H) and discussed in Section 12.0, the majority of the laboratory results satisfied the criteria for stating that the analytes selected are either not present (i.e. concentrations less than LOR), or present in the sampled soils at concentrations that do not pose a risk of hazard to human health or the environment, under the conditions for parks, recreational open space or playing fields use.

However, this assessment identified soil contaminants of concern (As, Zn, Hg, TPH and Total PAH) in a number of locations as indicated and tabulated on Drawing No 12593/1-AA2:

- Soil with elevated concentrations of Hg (220mg/kg), TPH (C6-C9) (220mg/kg and 360mg/kg), TPH (C10-C40) (ranging from 1070mg/kg to 49150mg/kg) and Total PAH (ranging from 74mg/kg to 175mg/kg) will pose a risk of harm to human health if the soil is to be exposed in the future.  
Soil with elevated Hg concentration (220mg/kg) could also impact on the growth of certain plant species if the soil is to be exposed in the future.
- Soil containing elevated concentrations of As (58mg/kg and 72mg/kg), Hg (2.4mg/kg and 2.9mg/kg) and Zn (5.4mg/kg) would potentially impact on the growth of certain plant species if the soil is to be exposed in the future, however, would not present a risk of harm to human health under the proposed development.

Off-site impacts of contaminated soil are generally governed by the transport media available and likely receptor(s). The most common transport medium is water, whilst receptors include groundwater, surface waterbodies, humans, flora & fauna.

Migration of soil contaminants to the deeper soils or groundwater regime would generally be via leaching of contaminants from the surface soil or fill, facilitated by infiltration of surface water. Possible seepage water was encountered at about 4.5m below EGL. As the site is currently completely covered with concrete, the potential for water infiltration is considered low. Furthermore, the natural clayey soils beneath the site are relatively impermeable and the groundwater levels are anticipated to be at least 6.0m below the EGL, within the underlying bedrock. It is considered unlikely that the groundwater regime beneath the site has been impacted by contaminants within the soils.

A number of ponds within the golf course are within close proximity to the site. The ponds capture stormwater run-off from the site.

Any potential off-site impacts of contaminants on groundwater and waterbodies will be addressed upon completion of the proposed additional works as detailed in Section 14.0.

#### **14.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Based on this PCA, a number of locations situated in the vicinity of unleaded underground fuel storage tank (UFST), underground waste motor oil tank (UWMOT) and bowser, as shown and tabulated on the attached Drawing No 12593/1-AA2 were identified to have Arsenic (As), Mercury (Hg), Zinc (Zn), Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) and Total Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) concentrations of concern. Soil contaminated with Hg, TPH and Total PAH at those locations will pose a risk of harm to human health if the soil is to be exposed in the future. The concentrations of As, Hg and Zn might present a potential hindrance to the growth of some plant species if the soil is to be exposed in the future.

It is our opinion that the site will be suitable for the proposed development, subject to implementation of the following works:

1. Assessment of the soil in the area for the proposed above ground fuel storage tank (AFST) will be required in order to ascertain the contamination status of the soil.
2. The unleaded UFST, the UWMOT and the bowser should be decommissioned, removed and disposed of at a licensed facility by a licensed contractor.  
Validation assessment will be required following the removal of the tanks and the bowser in order to ensure the complete removal of the contaminated soil.
3. No contamination was identified in the analysed soil samples recovered from two (2) borehole locations close to the diesel UFST. Additional soil sampling and testing will be required in order to ascertain the contamination status of soil in the vicinity of the diesel UFST.  
Alternatively, the diesel UFST could be decommissioned, removed and disposed of at a licensed facility, together with the unleaded UFST, the UWMOT and the bowser by a licensed contractor. Validation assessment will be required following the removal of the tank.
4. Detailed assessment to delineate the extent of contamination in the vicinity of the locations of concern, as shown on Drawing No 12593/1-AA2 will be required.
5. Assessment of the possible seepage water within the installed monitoring well MW1 will be required in order to determine the contamination status of the water.
6. Waste classification will be required for the contaminated soil that requires landfill disposal.
7. Preparation of a remedial action plan (RAP) will be required to provide guidance on a suitable remediation and validation methodology.
8. Groundwater assessment might be required depending on the outcomes of the above mentioned works.

It is our opinion that:

- The proposed additional work (Point 1) must be undertaken prior to installation of the proposed AFST.
- The proposed additional works (Points 2 to 7) as mentioned above can be undertaken during / after removal of the tanks and the concrete slab at and in the vicinity of locations/areas of concern.

#### **15.0 LIMITATIONS**

Within the scope of works outlined in the fee proposal dated 14 November 2011, the services performed by Geotechnique were conducted in a manner consistent with the level of quality and skill generally exercised by members of the profession and consulting practice.

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12593/1-AAR1  
Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

This report has been prepared for the purpose stated within. Pittwater Council can rely upon this report for development application assessment processes. Any reliance on this report by other parties shall be at such parties' sole risk, as the report might not contain sufficient information for other purposes.

This report shall only be presented in full and may not be used to support any other objective than those set out in the report, except where written approval is provided by Geotechnique.

The information in this report is considered accurate at the date of field sampling (16 November 2011), in accordance with the current conditions of the site. Any variations to the site form or use beyond this date might nullify the conclusions stated.

No contamination assessment can eliminate all risk; even a rigorous professional assessment might not detect all contamination within a site.

Presented in Appendix F is a document entitled "Environmental Notes", which should be read in conjunction with this report.

GEOTECHNIQUE PTY LTD

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a stylized 'G' followed by a series of loops and a horizontal stroke.

**LIST OF REFERENCES**

*Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*

*Contaminated Land Management Regulation 1998*

*Contaminated Sites: Guidelines for Assessing Service Station Sites – NSW Environment Protection Authority 1994*

*Contaminated Sites: Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (2nd Edition) – Department of Environment and Conservation NSW 2006*

*Geology of Sydney 1:100,000 Sheet (9130) – Geological Survey of New South Wales, Department of Mineral Resources 1983*

*Guidelines for the Laboratory Analysis of Contaminated Soils - Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council (ANZECC) 1996*

*Managing Land Contamination: Planning Guidelines SEPP 55 – Remediation of Land – Department of Urban Affairs and Planning / NSW Environment Protection Authority 1998*

*National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure – National Environmental Protection Council 1999*

*Soil Landscape of Sydney 1:100,000 Sheet (9130) – Department of Land & Water Conservation 2002*

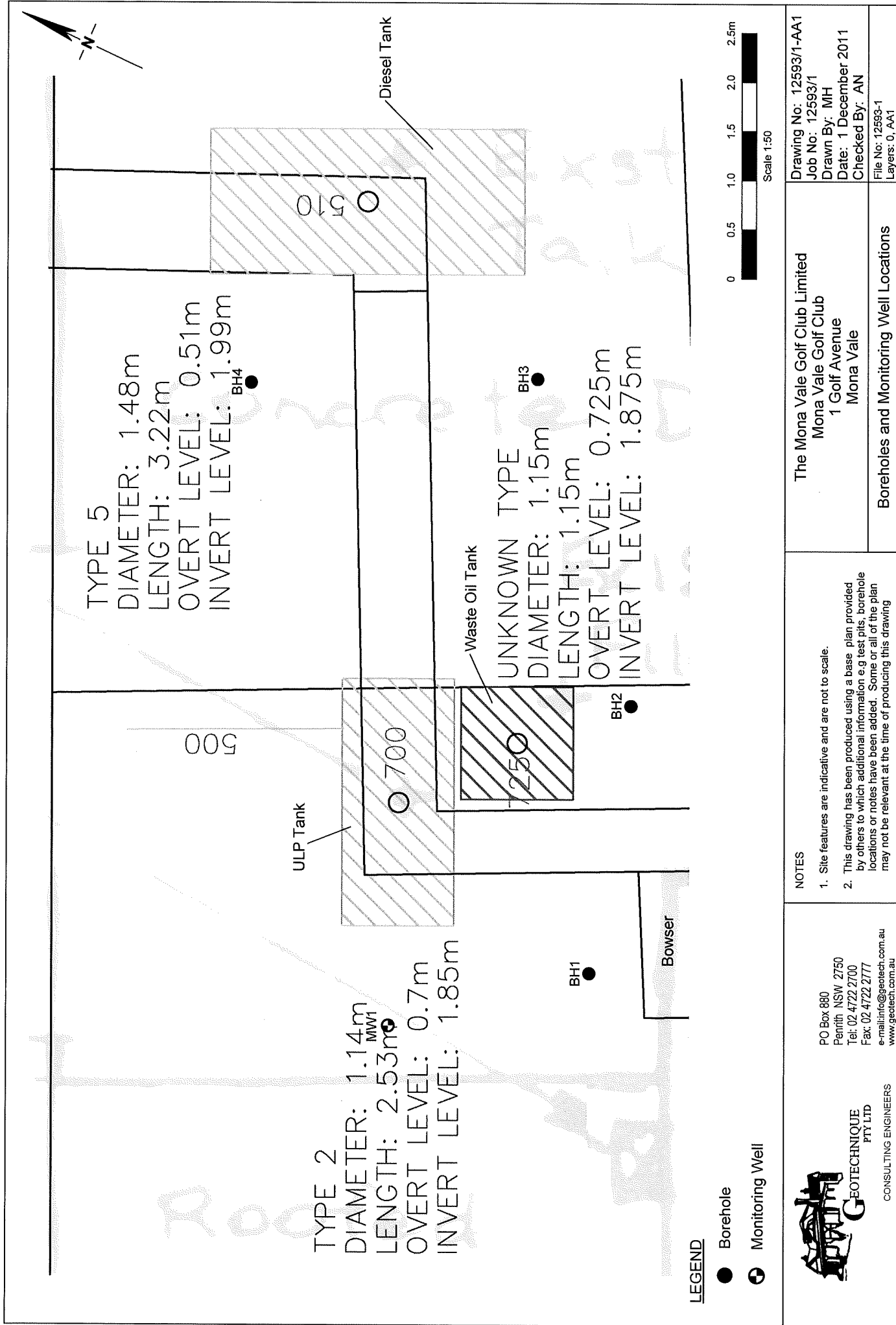
*Protection of the Environment Operations Act – 1997*

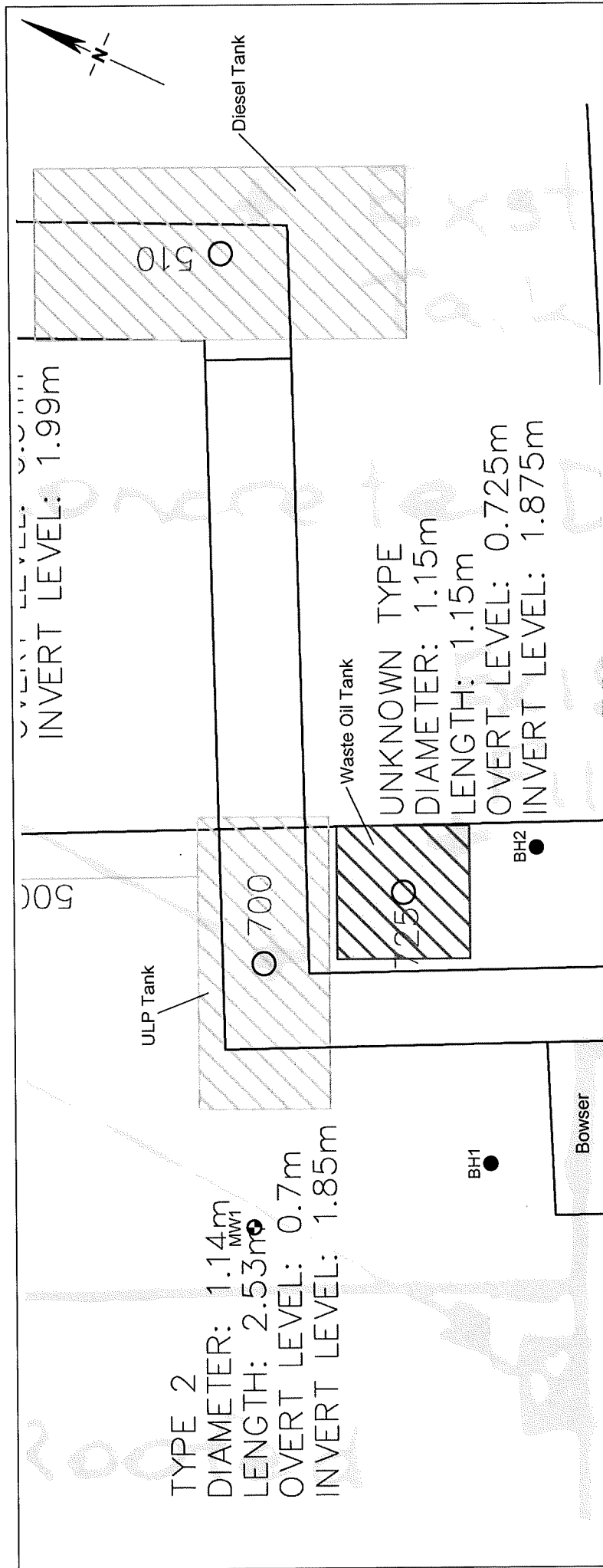
## DRAWINGS

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*Drawing No 12593/1-AA1*  
*Drawing No 12593/1-AA2*

*Borehole and Monitoring Well Locations*  
*Locations of Contamination*





Sample Location	Depth (m)	Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Assessment Criteria (mg/kg)		
				NEHF 'E' / HIL 'E'	PPBIL / EIL *	EPA Suggested Levels <sup>b</sup>
MW1 (=D2)	0.8-1.1	Hg, TPH (C6-C9, C10-C40), Total PAH	2.9, 250, 21350, 78	Hg=20 / 30 <sup>c</sup> PAH=40	As=20 Hg=1 Zn=200	TPH (C6-C9)=65 TPH (C10-C40)=1000
BH1	0.1-0.2	TPH (C10-C40)	1070			
BH1	0.7-0.9	As, Hg	58, 220			
BH2	0.5-0.8	TPH (C6-C9, C10-C40), Total PAH	360, 49150, 175	As, Hg, Zn, TPH (C10-C40)		
		As, Hg, Zn, TPH (C10-C40)	72, 2.4, 230, 4750			

Notes:

HIL 'E' = Health Investigation Level for parks, recreational space and playing fields.

PPBIL / EIL = Provisional Phytoxicity-Based Investigation Level / Ecological Investigation Levels

As = Arsenic, Hg = Mercury, Zn = Zinc

TPH : Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

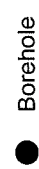
PAH = Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

a : If the soil remains in-situ and underneath the concrete slab, the threshold level is no longer applicable

b : EPA service station guidelines

c : 20mg/kg for Methyl Mercury and 30mg/kg for Inorganic Mercury.

# LEGEND




Borehole



Monitoring Well

Scale 1:50





**GEOTECHNIQUE**  
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**NOTES**

- Site features are indicative and are not to scale.
- This drawing has been produced using a base plan provided by others to which additional information e.g test pits, borehole locations or notes have been added. Some or all of the plan may not be relevant at the time of producing this drawing

**The Mona Vale Golf Club Limited**  
Mona Vale Golf Club  
1 Golf Avenue  
Mona Vale

Drawing No: 12593/1-AA2  
Job No: 12593/1  
Drawn By: MH  
Date: 15 December 2011  
Checked By: AN  
File No: 12593-1  
Layers: 0, AA2

**Locations of Contamination**

## TABLES

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TABLE A	<i>Laboratory Testing Schedule</i>
TABLE B	<i>Rinsate Sample</i>
TABLE C	<i>Trip Spike Sample</i>
TABLE D	<i>Duplicate Sample</i>
TABLE E	<i>Split Sample</i>
TABLE F	<i>Metals Test Results- Discrete Samples</i>
TABLE G	<i>Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons and BTEX Results- Discrete Samples</i>
TABLE H	<i>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH), Organochlorine Pesticides (OCP), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB), Phenols and Cyanides Test Results – Discrete Samples</i>



**TABLE A**  
**SCHEDULE OF LABORATORY TESTING**  
(Ref No: 12593/1-AA)

Analyte / Analyte Group		TYPE	SAMPLING DATE	DUPLICATE	SPLIT	METALS	TPH & BTEX	PAH	OCP	PCB	TOTAL PHENOLS	TOTAL CYANIDES	BTEX
Sample	Depth (m)												
MW1	0.8-1.1	F	16/11/2011	D2		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
BH1	0.1-0.2	F	16/11/2011			✓	✓	✓					
BH1	0.7-0.9	F	16/11/2011			✓	✓	✓					
BH2	0.5-0.8	F	16/11/2011			✓	✓	✓					
BH3	2.0-2.3	N	16/11/2011			✓	✓	✓					
BH4	0.2-0.5	F	16/11/2011		S3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
BH4	0.5-0.8	F	16/11/2011				✓	✓					
Rinsate R1	-		16/11/2011			✓	✓	✓					
Trip Spike TS1	-												✓

Notes

METALS: arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, zinc

BTEX: Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl Benzene, Xylenes

TPH: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

PAH: Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

OCP: Organochlorine Pesticides

PCB: Polychlorinated Biphenyls

F, N: Fill, Natural Soil

**TABLE B**  
**RINSATE SAMPLE**  
(Ref No: 12593/1-AA)

ANALYTE	RINSATE (mg/L)	CLEAN DISTILLED WATER (mg/L)
<b>HEAVY METALS</b>		
Arsenic	<0.05	<0.05
Cadmium	<0.005	<0.005
Chromium	<0.005	<0.005
Copper	<0.01	<0.01
Lead	<0.02	<0.02
Mercury	<0.0001	<0.0005
Nickel	<0.010	0.011
Zinc	<0.010	<0.010
<b>TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS (TPH)</b>		
C6 - C9	<0.040	<0.040
C10 - C14	<0.10	<0.1
C15 - C28	<0.20	<0.2
C29 - C40	<0.40	<0.6
<b>BTEX</b>		
Benzene	<0.0005	0.0006
Toluene	<0.0005	0.0009
Ethyl Benzene	<0.0005	<0.0005
Total Xylenes	<0.0015	<0.0015
<b>POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (PAH)</b>		
Benzo(a)Pyrene	<0.0005	<0.0005
Total PAH	<0.009	<0.009

**TABLE C**  
**TRIP SPIKE SAMPLE**  
(Ref No: 12593/1-AA)

ANALYTE	TRIP SPIKE
<b>BTEX</b>	
Benzene	95%
Toluene	99%
Ethyl Benzene	97%
Total Xylenes	99%

Note : results are reported as percentage recovery of known spike concentration

**TABLE D**  
**DUPLICATE SAMPLE**  
(Ref No: 12593/1-AA)

ANALYTE	MW1 0.8-1.1m mg/kg	DUPLICATE D2 mg/kg	RELATIVE PERCENTAGE DIFFERENCE %
<b>HEAVY METALS</b>			
Arsenic	15	14	7
Cadmium	0.4	0.5	22
Chromium	10	11	10
Copper	9.1	9.7	6
Lead	22	21	5
Mercury	1	2.9	97
Nickel	2.3	2.6	12
Zinc	41	46	11
<b>TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS (TPH)</b>			
C6 - C9	250	220	13
C10 - C14	5900	6200	5
C15 - C28	14000	15000	7
C29 - C40	<150	<150	-
<b>BTEX</b>			
Benzene	0.2	0.1	67
Toluene	0.7	0.6	15
Ethyl Benzene	1	0.9	11
Total Xylenes	6.2	5.7	8
<b>POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (PAH)</b>			
Benzo(a)Pyrene	0.1	<0.10	-
Total PAH	74	78	5
<b>ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES (OCP)</b>			
Heptachlor	<0.1	<0.1	-
Aldrin	<0.1	<0.1	-
Dieldrin	<0.05	<0.05	-
DDD	<0.2	<0.2	-
DDE	<0.2	<0.2	-
DDT	<0.2	<0.2	-
Chlordane	<0.2	<0.2	-
<b>POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCB)</b>			
Total PCB	<0.9	<0.9	-
<b>PHENOLS &amp; CYANIDES</b>			
Total Phenols	0.4	0.8	67
Total Cyanides	0.18	<0.10	-

**TABLE E**  
**SPLIT SAMPLE**  
**(Ref No: 12593/1-AA)**

ANALYTE	BH4 0.2-0.5m mg/kg (SGS)	SPLIT SAMPLE S3 mg/kg (ENVIROLAB)	RELATIVE PERCENTAGE DIFFERENCE %
<b>HEAVY METALS</b>			
Arsenic	10	12	18
Cadmium	0.93	<0.5	-
Chromium	33	31	6
Copper	19	30	45
Lead	18	14	25
Mercury	0.76	0.6	24
Nickel	25	29	15
Zinc	53	68	25
<b>TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS (TPH)</b>			
C6 - C9	<20	<25	-
C10 - C14	<20	<50	-
C15 - C28	<50	<100	-
C29 - C40 or *** C29-C36 for Envirolab***	<150	<100	-
<b>BTEX</b>			
Benzene	<0.1	<0.2	-
Toluene	<0.1	<0.5	-
Ethyl Benzene	<0.1	<1.0	-
Total Xylenes	<0.3	<3.0	-
<b>POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (PAH)</b>			
Benzo(a)Pyrene	<0.10	<0.05	-
Total PAH	<1.8	<1.6	-
<b>ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES (OCP)</b>			
Heptachlor	<0.1	<0.1	-
Aldrin	<0.1	<0.1	-
Dieldrin	<0.05	<0.2	-
DDD	<0.2	<0.2	-
DDE	<0.2	<0.2	-
DDT	<0.2	<0.2	-
Chlordane	<0.2	<0.2	-
<b>POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCB)</b>			
Total PCB	<0.9	<0.6	-
<b>PHENOLS &amp; CYANIDES</b>			
Total Phenols	0.2	<5.0	-
Total Cyanides	0.11	<0.5	-

**TABLE F**  
**METALS TEST RESULTS**  
**DISCRETE SAMPLES**  
**(Ref No: 12593/1-AA)**

Analyte		METALS (mg/kg)							
		ARSENIC	CADMIUM	CHROMIUM	COPPER	LEAD	MERCURY	NICKEL	ZINC
Sample Location	Depth (m)								
MW1	0.8-1.1	15	0.4	10	9.1	22	1	2.3	41
Duplicate D2 = MW1 (0.8-1.1m)		14	0.5	11	9.7	21	<b>2.9</b>	2.6	46
BH1	0.1-0.2	5	0.3	4.5	3.3	3	<0.05	1.4	7
BH1	0.7-0.9	<b>58</b>	1.2	14	14	50	<b>220</b>	5.2	200
BH2	0.5-0.8	<b>72</b>	0.4	12	6.8	14	<b>2.4</b>	2.6	<b>230</b>
BH3	2.0-2.3	<3	0.97	29	16	15	<0.05	3.1	50
BH4	0.2-0.5	10	0.93	33	19	18	0.76	25	53
Split sample S3 = BH4 (0.2-0.5m)		12	<0.5	31	30	14	0.6	29	68
Limits of Reporting (LOR)		3	0.3	0.3	0.5	1	0.05	0.5	0.5
GUIDELINES FOR THE NSW SITE AUDITOR SCHEME (2006)/ NEPM (1999) <sup>a</sup>									
Health-Based Investigation Levels (NEHF 'E' <sup>b</sup> ) / Health Investigation Levels (HILs 'E' <sup>b</sup> )		200	40	24%/200 <sup>c</sup>	2000	600	20/30 <sup>d</sup>	600	14000
Provisional Phytotoxicity-Based Investigation Levels / EILs <sup>e</sup>		20	3	400/1 <sup>f</sup>	100	600	1	60	200

Notes

a: National Environmental Protection Measure

b: Parks, recreational space and playing fields.

c: 24% (240000mg/kg) for Chromium (+3) and 200mg/kg for Chromium (+6). Chromium (Cr) may exist in a number of states. Cr (+6) is easily reduced to form the most stable Cr (+3) whenever exposed to the atmosphere. Therefore the Health-Based Investigation Level of 240000mg/kg for Cr (+3) is adopted for this assessment.

d: 20mg/kg for Methyl Mercury and 30mg/kg for Inorganic Mercury.

e: Ecological Investigation Levels

f: 400mg/kg for Chromium (+3) and 1mg/kg for Chromium (+6).

**TABLE G**  
**TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS (TPH) AND BTEX TEST RESULTS**  
**DISCRETE SAMPLES**  
**(Ref No: 12593/1-AA)**

Analyte		TPH (mg/kg)					BTEX (mg/kg)			
		C6-C9	C10-C14	C15-C28	C29-C40	C10-C40 <sup>a</sup>	BENZENE	TOLUENE	ETHYL BENZENE	TOTAL XYLENES
Sample Location	Depth (m)									
MW1	0.8-1.1	<b>250</b>	5900	14000	<150	<b>20050</b>	0.2	0.7	1	6.2
Duplicate D2 = MW1 (0.8-1.1m)		<b>220</b>	6200	15000	<150	<b>21350</b>	0.1	0.6	0.9	5.7
BH1	0.1-0.2	<20	180	740	<150	<b>1070</b>	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.4
BH1	0.7-0.9	<b>360</b>	14000	35000	<150	<b>49150</b>	0.5	0.1	1.2	7
BH2	0.5-0.8	30	1300	3300	<150	<b>4750</b>	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.3
BH3	2.0-2.3	<20	42	190	<150	382	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.3
BH4	0.2-0.5	<20	<20	<50	<150	220	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.3
Split sample S3 = BH4 (0.2-0.5m)		<25	<50	<100	<100	250	<0.2	<0.5	<1.0	<3.0
BH4	0.5-0.8	<20	38	150	<150	338	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.3
Limits of Reporting (LOR)		20	20	50	150	NA	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3
EPA Levels <sup>b</sup>		65	C10-C40 =1000				1	1.4	3.1	14

Notes

a: C10-C40 = (C10-C14) + (C15-C28) + (C29-C40); concentrations less than LOR are assumed equal to LOR

b: Contaminated Sites: "Guidelines for Assessing Service Station Sites", 1994, EPA

NA: Not Applicable

**TABLE H**  
**BENZO(a)PYRENE, POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (PAH), ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES (OCP),**  
**POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCB), PHENOLS AND CYANIDES TEST RESULTS**  
**DISCRETE SAMPLES**  
**(Ref No: 12593/1-AA)**

Analyte		PAH (mg/kg)		Organochlorine Pesticides (mg/kg)							TOTAL PCB (mg/kg)	TOTAL PHENOLS (mg/kg)	TOTAL CYANIDES (mg/kg)
		BENZO(a)PYRENE	TOTAL PAH	HEPTACHLOR	ALDRIN	DIELDRIN	DDD	DDE	DDT	CHLORDANE			
Sample Location	Depth (m)												
MW1	0.8-1.1	0.1	<b>74</b>	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.9	0.4	0.18
Duplicate sample D2 = MW1 (0.8-1.1)		<0.10	<b>78</b>	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.9	0.8	<0.10
BH1	0.1-0.2	<0.10	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BH1	0.7-0.9	<0.10	<b>175</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BH2	0.5-0.8	<0.10	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BH3	2.0-2.3	<0.10	<1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BH4	0.2-0.5	<0.10	<1.8	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.9	0.2	0.11
Split sample S3 = BH4 (0.2-0.5)		<0.05	<1.6	<0.1	<0.1	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.6	<5.0	<0.5
BH4	0.5-0.8	<0.10	5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Limits of Reporting (LOR)		0.1	NA	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.9	0.1	0.1
<b>GUIDELINES FOR THE NSW</b>													
<b>SITE AUDITOR SCHEME (2006)/ NEPM (1999) <sup>a</sup></b>													
Health-Based Investigation Levels (NEHF 'E' <sup>b</sup> ) /		2	40	20	20 <sup>e</sup>	20 <sup>e</sup>		400 <sup>d</sup>		100	20	17000	500 <sup>g</sup> / 1000 <sup>f</sup>
Health Investigation Levels (HILs 'E' <sup>b</sup> )													

- Notes
- a: National Environmental Protection Measure
  - b: Parks, recreational space and playing fields.
  - c: Aldrin + Dieldrin
  - d: Total of DDD + DDE + DDT
  - e: Cyanide (free)
  - f: Cyanide (complex)
  - NA: Not Applicable



## APPENDIX A

---

### NSW WORKCOVER RECORDS

Our Ref: D11/146673  
Your Ref: Frances Kuipers

23 November 2011

Attention: Frances Kuipers  
Geotechnique Pty Ltd  
PO BOX 880  
Penrith NSW 2751

RECEIVED  
24 NOV 2011

BY: .....

Dear Ms Kuipers,


**RE SITE: 1 Golf Ave Mona Vale NSW 2103**

I refer to your site search request received by WorkCover NSW on 17 November 2011 requesting information on licences to keep dangerous goods for the above site.

Enclosed are copies of the documents that WorkCover NSW holds on Dangerous Goods Licence 35/001115 relating to the storage of dangerous goods at the above-mentioned premises, as listed on the Stored Chemical Information Database (SCID).

If you have any further queries please contact the Dangerous Goods Licensing Team on (02) 4321 5500.

Yours Sincerely



Brent Jones  
Senior Licensing Officer  
Dangerous Goods Notification Team



Licence No. 35/001115

**\*\* REMINDER NOTICE \*\***  
**APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL**

**OF LICENCE TO KEEP DANGEROUS GOODS**

ISSUED UNDER AND SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE DANGEROUS GOODS ACT, 1975 AND REGULATION THEREUNDER

**DECLARATION:** Please renew licence number 35/001115 to 2004/2005. I confirm that all the licence details shown below are correct (amend if necessary). \* SEE REPORT.

(Signature)

GRAEME HEWITT  
(Please print name)

4/9/04  
(Date signed)

for: MONA VALE GOLF CLUB LTD

**THIS SIGNED DECLARATION SHOULD BE RETURNED TO:**

WorkCover New South Wales  
Dangerous Goods Licensing Section  
Locked Bag 2906  
LISAROW NSW 2252

Enquiries: ph (02) 4321 5500  
fax (02) 9287 5500

**Details of licence on 4 June 2004**

Licence Number 35/001115 Expiry Date 30/04/2004  
Licensee MONA VALE GOLF CLUB LTD ACN 000 024 224

No. of Depots 6

Postal Address: GOLF AVE MONA VALE NSW 2103

Licensee Contact SHIRLEY ROBINSON Ph 9994 266 Fax 9997 5791

Premises Licensed to Keep Dangerous Goods  
MONA VALE GOLF CLUB LTD  
GOLF AVE MONA VALE 2103

Nature of Site CREATIVE ARTS

Major Supplier of Dangerous Goods UNKNOWN OR OTHER

Emergency Contact for this Site SHIRLEY ROBINSON Ph 9994 266 9999 4266

Site staffing 8 HRS 7 DAYS GRAEME HEWITT

**Details of Depots**

Depot No.	Depot Type	Goods Stored in Depot	Qty
1 #05.5	UNDERGROUND TANK	Class 3	2000 L
	UN 1203 PETROL		2000 L
2	UNDERGROUND TANK	Class 3	1000 L
	UN 00C2 COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID 2		1000 L
3	CYLINDER STORE	Class 2.1	3800 L
	UN 1073 OXYGEN, REFRIGERATED LIQUID		3800 L
4	CYLINDER STORE	Class 2.1	3200 L
	UN 1001 ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED		3200 L
5 #05.5	UNDERGROUND TANK	Class C1	5000 L
	UN 0001 DIESEL 1202-C1		5000 L
6	ROOFED STORE	Class 6.1	700 L
	UN 2810 TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.,		500 L
	3018 6.1	50L	

SEE REPORT

# PARTC DANGEROUS GOODS STORAGE

## Mona Vale Golf Club

DEPOT NO	Type of Depot	Depot Class	Maximum Storage Capacity
1	Underground Tank	3	2000 Litres

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Class	PG (I,II,III)	Product or Common Name	Typical Quantity	Unit. Eg. L,kg,m³
1203	Unleaded Petrol	3	II	Unleaded petrol	2000	L

Exempt Storage SCID reference only

Depot No	Type of Depot	Depot Class	Maximum Storage Capacity
2	Underground Tank	C2	2000 Litres

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Class	PG (I,II,III)	Product or Common Name	Typical Quantity	Unit. Eg. L,kg,m³
	Lubricating Oil	C2		Waste Lubricating Oil	1000	L

Depot No 3 Removed from Site *delete 3*

Depot No 4 Removed from Site *delete 4*

Exempt Storage SCID reference only

Depot No	Type of Depot	Depot Class	Maximum Storage Capacity
5	Underground tank	C1	5000 Litres

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Class	PG (I,II,III)	Product or Common Name	Typical Quantity	Unit. Eg. L,kg,m³
1202	Diesel Fuel	C1		Diesel Fuel	5000	L

Exempt Storage SCID reference only - Quantity Reduced from last DG Licence application.

Depot No	Type of Depot	Depot Class	Maximum Storage Capacity
6	Roofed Store	6.1	80 Litres <i>70CL</i>

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Class	PG (I,II,III)	Product or Common Name	Typical Quantity	Unit. Eg. L,kg,m³
3018	Organophosphorus Pesticide Liquid Toxic	6.1	II	Chlorpyrifos 500EC	40	L
3018	Organophosphorus Pesticide Liquid Toxic	6.1	II	Supracide	1	L

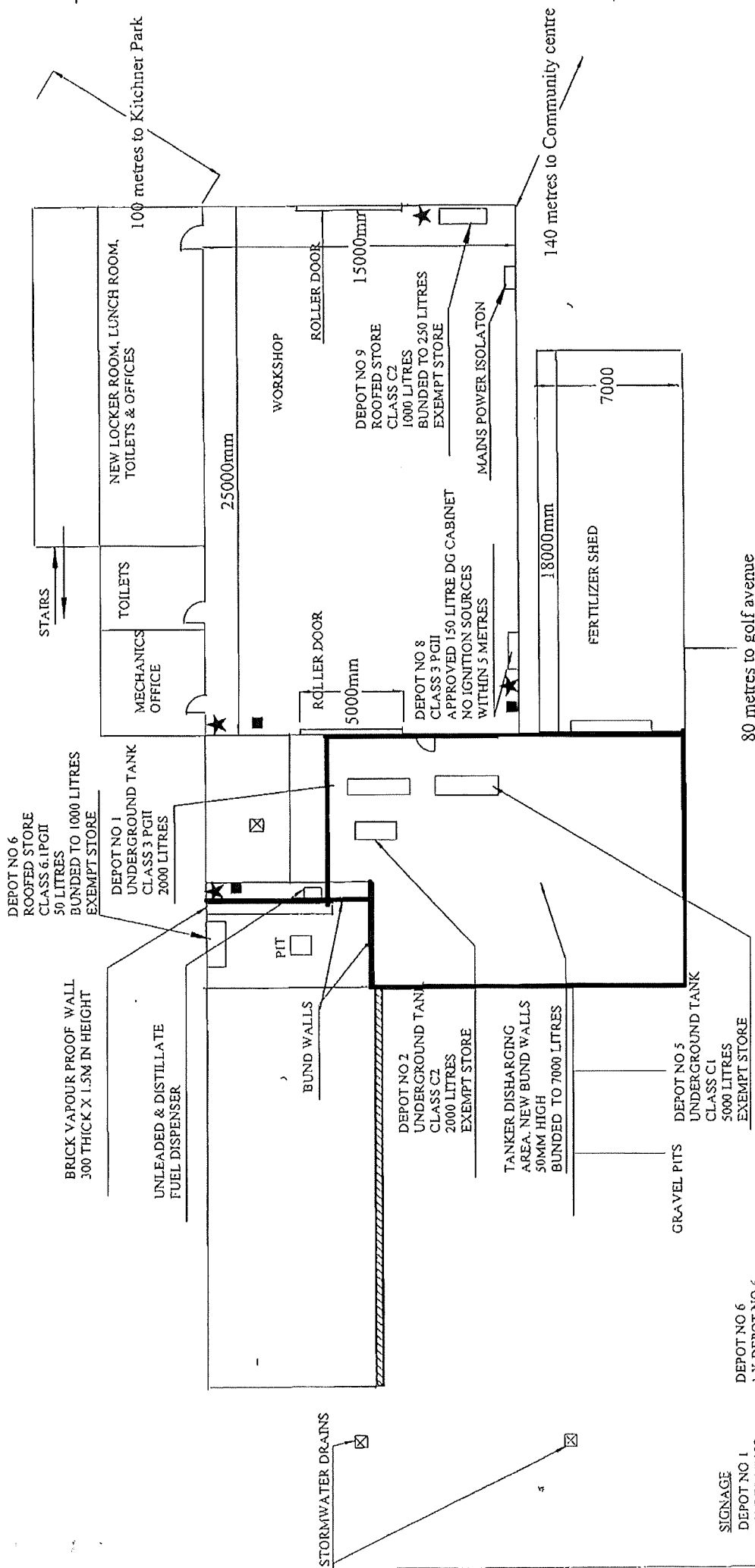
Exempt Storage SCID reference only *exempt storage area (plans not req'd)*

Depot No	Type of Depot	Depot Class	Maximum Storage Capacity
7	Cylinder Store	2.2	100m³

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Class	PG (I,II,III)	Product or Common Name	Typical Quantity	Unit. Eg. L,kg,m³
1956	Compressed Gas NOS	2.2		Cellarmix	40m³	m³
1013	Carbon Dioxide	2.2		Carbon Dioxide	40m³	m³

Depot No	Type of Depot	Depot Class	Maximum Storage Capacity
8	150 Litre Approve Flammable Liquids Cabinet	3	150 Litres

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Class	PG (I,II,III)	Product or Common Name	Typical Quantity	Unit. Eg. L,kg,m³
1203	Petrol	3	II	Unleaded Petrol 2 Stroke	50	L
1223	Kerosene	3	III	Kerosene	5	L
1993	Flammable Liquid NOS	3	III	Miti-fol-ec	10	L



- SIGNAGE**
- DEPOT NO 1
    - 1 X DEPOT NO 1
    - 1 X CLASS 3 DIAMOND
    - 1 X 2000 LITRES
    - 1 X NO SMOKING
    - 1 X KEEP FIRE AWAY
  - DEPOT NO 2
    - 1 X CLASS C2
    - 1 X NO SMOKING
    - 1 X 2000 LITRES
    - 1 X KEEP FIRE AWAY
  - DEPOT NO 3
    - 1 X NO SMOKING
    - 1 X CLASS 3 DIAMOND
    - 1 X 130 LITRES
    - 1 X KEEP FIRE AWAY
  - DEPOT NO 4
    - 1 X NO SMOKING
    - 1 X KEEP FIRE AWAY
  - DEPOT NO 5
    - 1 X DEPOT NO 5
    - 1 X CLASS C1
    - 1 X 5000 LITRES
    - 1 X NO SMOKING
    - 1 X KEEP FIRE AWAY
  - DEPOT NO 6
    - 1 X DEPOT NO 6
    - 1 X CLASS 6.1 DIAMOND
    - 1 X 60 LITRES
    - 1 X NO SMOKING
    - 1 X KEEP FIRE AWAY
  - DEPOT NO 7
    - 1 X DEPOT NO 7
    - 1 X CLASS C2
    - 1 X NO SMOKING
    - 1 X 1000 LITRES
    - 1 X KEEP FIRE AWAY
  - DEPOT NO 8
    - 1 X DEPOT NO 8
    - 1 X CLASS 3 DIAMOND
    - 1 X 130 LITRES
    - 1 X KEEP FIRE AWAY
  - DEPOT NO 9
    - 1 X NO SMOKING
    - 1 X CLASS C2
    - 1 X 1000 LITRES
    - 1 X NO SMOKING
    - 1 X KEEP FIRE AWAY

- FIRE PROTECTION**
- ★ 9KG 4BY CHEMICAL FIRE EXTINGUISHER
  - CO2 FIRE EXTINGUISHER

**DETAIL A**  
**DANGEROUS GOODS DEPOTS**  
**MONA VALE GOLF CLUB**

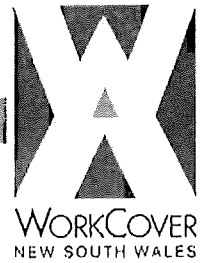
All Areas Dangerous Goods Consultants  
 50 Pleasant Avenue  
 Lindfield NSW 2070  
 PO Box 313 Lindfield NSW 2070  
 Tel. (02) 9415 8061 Fax. (02) 94158561  
 Mob. 0417 449 519  
 email: russel@bigpon.net.au

Scale NTS- 4/8/2004  
 Drg: Mona Vale 2





Licence No. 35/001115



## APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF LICENCE TO KEEP DANGEROUS GOODS

ISSUED UNDER AND SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE DANGEROUS GOODS ACT, 1975 AND REGULATION THEREUNDER

**DECLARATION:** Please renew licence number 35/001115 to 30/04/2000. I confirm that all the licence details shown below are correct (amend if necessary).

*Shirley Robinson*  
(Signature)

SHIRLEY ROBINSON  
(Please print name)

27/4/1999  
(Date signed)

for: MONA VALE GOLF CLUB LTD

### THIS SIGNED DECLARATION SHOULD BE RETURNED TO:

WorkCover New South Wales  
Dangerous Goods Licensing Section  
GPO BOX 5364  
SYDNEY 2001

Enquiries: ph (02) 9370 5187  
fax (02) 9370 6105

### Details of licence on 13 March 1999

Licence Number 35/001115 Expiry Date 1/05/1999

Licensee MONA VALE GOLF CLUB LTD ACN 000 024 224

Postal Address: GOLF AVE MONA VALE NSW 2103

Licensee Contact SHIRLEY ROBINSON Ph. 994 266 Fax. 997 5791

Premises Licensed to Keep Dangerous Goods  
MONA VALE GOLF CLUB LTD  
GOLF AVE MONA VALE 2103

Nature of Site CREATIVE ARTS

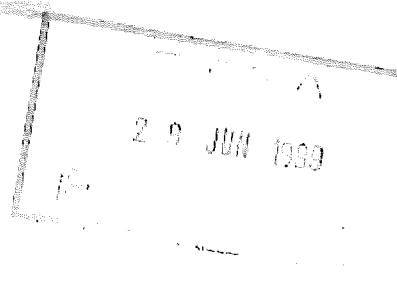
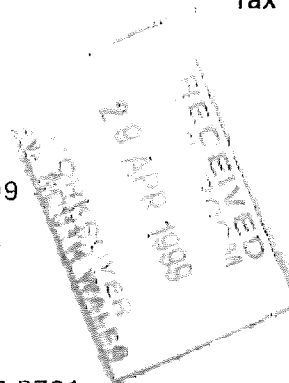
Major Supplier of Dangerous Goods UNKNOWN OR OTHER

Emergency Contact for this Site SHIRLEY ROBINSON Ph. 994 266

Site staffing 8 HRS 7 DAYS

### Details of Depots

Depot No.	Depot Type	Goods Stored in Depot	Qty
1	UNDERGROUND TANK	Class 3	2000 L
	UN 1203 PETROL		2000 L
2	UNDERGROUND TANK	Class 3	1000 L
	UN 1203 PETROL WASTE OIL		1000 L
3	CYLINDER STORE	Class 2.1	3800 L
	UN 1073 OXYGEN, REFRIGERATED LIQUID		3800 L
4	CYLINDER STORE	Class 2.1	3200 L
	UN 1001 ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED		3200 L
5	UNDERGROUND TANK	Class C1	5000 L
	UN 00C1 DIESEL		5000 L
6	ROOFED STORE	Class 6.1	700 L
	UN 2810 TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.,		500 L
	ABOVE GROUND TANK	Class C1	500 L
	UN 00C1 DIESEL DE COMMISSIONED		500 L



Form DG10

1 JUN 1993

DANGEROUS  
GOODS

# WORKCOVER AUTHORITY

EXISTING LICENCE

## LICENCE TO KEEP DANGEROUS GOODS

ISSUE SCIDS licence e.d. (Dangerous Goods Act 1975)

Application for new licence, amendment or transfer

Exp: 1/5/96

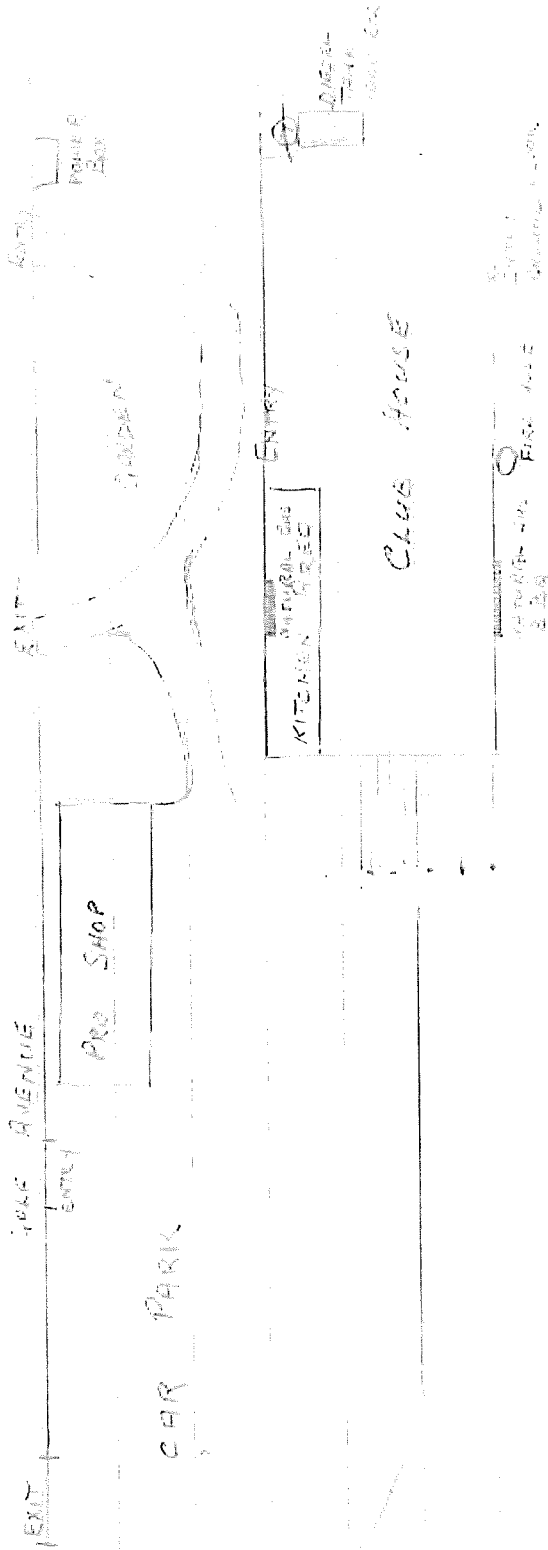
1. Name of applicant		ACN
MONA VALE GOLF CLUB LIMITED		000 024 224
2. Site to be licensed		
No	Street	
	GOLF AVENUE	
Suburb/Town		Postcode
MONA VALE		2103
3. Previous licence number (if known) 35/001115		
4. Nature of site REGISTERED GOLF CLUB		
5. Emergency contact on site:		
Phone	494 266	Name
(02) 449 1310	DON SHARP Shirley Robinson	
6. Site staffing: Hours per day 8 Days per week 7		
7. Major supplier of dangerous goods J & B PETROLEUM		
8. If new site or significant modification		
Plan stamped by:	Accredited consultant's name:	Date stamped
9. Number of dangerous goods depots at site 6		
10. Trading name or occupier's name		
MONA VALE GOLF CLUB LIMITED		
11. Postal address of applicant		
Suburb/Town		Postcode
GOLF AVENUE		MONA VALE 2103
12. Contact for licence enquiries:		
Phone	Fax	Name
(02) 994 266	(02) 997577	DON SHARP Shirley Robinson
I certify that the details contained in this application (or the accompanying computer disk) are true and correct		
13. Signature of applicant		
Date		18. 5. 93

# PART B

## Site Sketch

Please carefully read the instructions in Part B of the guide before sketching the site.

35/00115



①  
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Metro East  
 SEEN  
 C. Davis  
 Date 6/6/94

Application is hereby made for—  
described below.

\*a licence (or amendment of the licence)

\*the transfer of the licence

for the keeping of dangerous goods in or on the premises

FEE: \$10.00 per Depot for new licence.

\$10.00 for amendment or transfer.

(\*delete whichever is not required)

Name of Applicant in full (see over)	Mona Vale Golf Club Limited.		
Trading name or occupier's name (if any)			
Postal address			
Address of the premises including street number (if any)	Golf Av. Mona Vale	Postcode 2103	
Nature of premises (see over)	Golf Club	5443 24/11/82 03A	
Telephone number of applicant	STD Code 020	Number	994266-7

Particulars of type of depots and maximum quantities of dangerous goods to be kept at any one time.

Depot number	Type of depot (see over)	Storage capacity	Dangerous goods	C & C Office use only
			Product being stored	
1	Underground Tank	2000	Class 3.1. Petrol	20202
2		1000		20201
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				

Has site plan been approved?

Yes

No

If yes, no plans required.

If no, please attach site plan.

Have premises previously been licensed?

Yes

No

If yes, state name of previous occupier.

1115

Name of company supplying flammable liquid (if any)

Signature of applicant

Date 10.11.82

For external explosives magazine(s), please fill in side 2.

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION

I, Carl Marshall being an Inspector under the Dangerous Goods Act, 1975, do hereby certify that the premises described above do comply with the requirements of the Dangerous Goods Act, 1975, and the Dangerous Goods Regulation with regard to their situation and construction for the keeping of dangerous goods of the nature and in the quantity specified.

Signature of Inspector

Date 24-1-88

Licence No.

PD001115-7



6000

— 250 Tank Vents

3

50p

1200

GREEN SHED FUEL STORAGE TANKS

100

5000 lbs. 1/2 Storage Tank - Diesel Fuel - 1000



**Inflammable Liquid—**

Mineral Oil—Includes kerosene, mineral turpentine and white spirit (for cleaning), and compositions containing same.

Mineral Spirit—includes petrol, benzine, benzolene, benzol and naphtha, and compositions containing same.

**Dangerous Goods—**

Class 1.—Acetone, amyl acetate, butyl acetate, carbon bisulphide; any combination of substances of an inflammable character suitable for use as an industrial solvent and having a true flashing point of less than 73 degrees Fahrenheit.

Class 2.—Micro-cellulose (also known as "pyroxylin" and "collodion cotton") moistened with an alcohol, butyl alcohol (also known as "butanol"), methylated spirits, vegetable turpentine; and any liquid or solid containing methylated spirits, having a true flashing point of less than 150 degrees Fahrenheit.

Class 3.—Micro-cellulose product.

Class 4.—Compressed or dissolved acetylene contained in a porous substance.

**DIRECTIONS.**

1. Applications must be forwarded to the Chief Inspector of Inflammable Liquid, Explosives Department, No. 4 Albert Street, off Phillip Street, Circular Quay, Sydney (Box 48 G.P.O.), and must be accompanied by the prescribed fee, as set out hereunder:—

Registration of Premises (Fee, 15s. p.a.)—For quantities not exceeding 300 gallons of mineral oil and 100 gallons of mineral spirit, if kept together; or 800 gallons of mineral oil and 100 gallons of mineral spirit, if kept in separate depots; or 500 gallons of mineral spirit, if kept in an underground tank depot; or 800 gallons of mineral oil and 500 gallons of mineral spirit, if mineral spirit is kept in an underground tank depot.

In addition to, or in lieu of the above, similar quantities of Dangerous Goods of Classes 1 and 2 may be kept under the like conditions; reading Dangerous Goods of Class 1 for the words Mineral Spirit and Dangerous Goods of Class 2 for the words Mineral Oil.

Store License, Div. A (Fee, £1. p.a.)—For quantities in excess of those stated above, but not exceeding 4,000 gallons mineral oil and/or mineral spirit, and/or Dangerous Goods of Classes 1 and 2.

Store License, Div. B (Fee, £2. p.a.)—For quantities exceeding 4,000 gallons of mineral oil and/or mineral spirit, and/or dangerous goods of Classes 1 and 2, and/or dangerous goods of Class 3.

For the keeping of Dangerous Goods of Classes 3 and/or 4.

2. The certificate of inspection at foot hereof must be signed by an Inspector under the Inflammable Liquid Act, 1915-1946, or Police Officer, or other officer duly authorised in that behalf, and where the premises are situated outside the Metropolitan Area of Sydney, it is requested that such certificate be obtained prior to forwarding application.

1. Name in full of occupier ...

Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd

2. Occupation...

Golf course

3. Locality of the premises in which the depot or depots are situated...

No. or Name

Golf avenue

Street

Mona Vale

Town

Equipment shed

4. Nature of premises (Dwelling, Garage, Store, etc.) ...

5. Will mineral spirit be kept in a prescribed underground tank depot?

No.

6. Particulars of construction of depots and maximum quantities of inflammable liquid and/or Dangerous Goods to be kept at any one time.

Depot No.	Construction of Depots.			Inflammable Liquid.		Dangerous Goods.			
	Walls.	Roof.	Floor.	Mineral Spirit. Gallons.	Mineral Oil. Gallons.	Class 1. Gallons.	Class 2. Gallons.	Class 3. lb.	Class 4. cub. ft.
1	Gal. iron	Gal. iron	Concrete	44	44				
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									

Signature of Applicant.

D.B. Young Manager

Date of Application.

4-11-1952

Postal Address

Mona Vale Golf Club Ltd  
Golf Ave  
Mona Vale**CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION.**

being an Inspector under the Inflammable

Liquid Act, 1915-46, do hereby certify that the premises or store herein referred to and described is suitable with regard to situation and construction for the safe keeping of inflammable liquid and/or dangerous goods in quantity and nature specified.

Signature of Inspector.

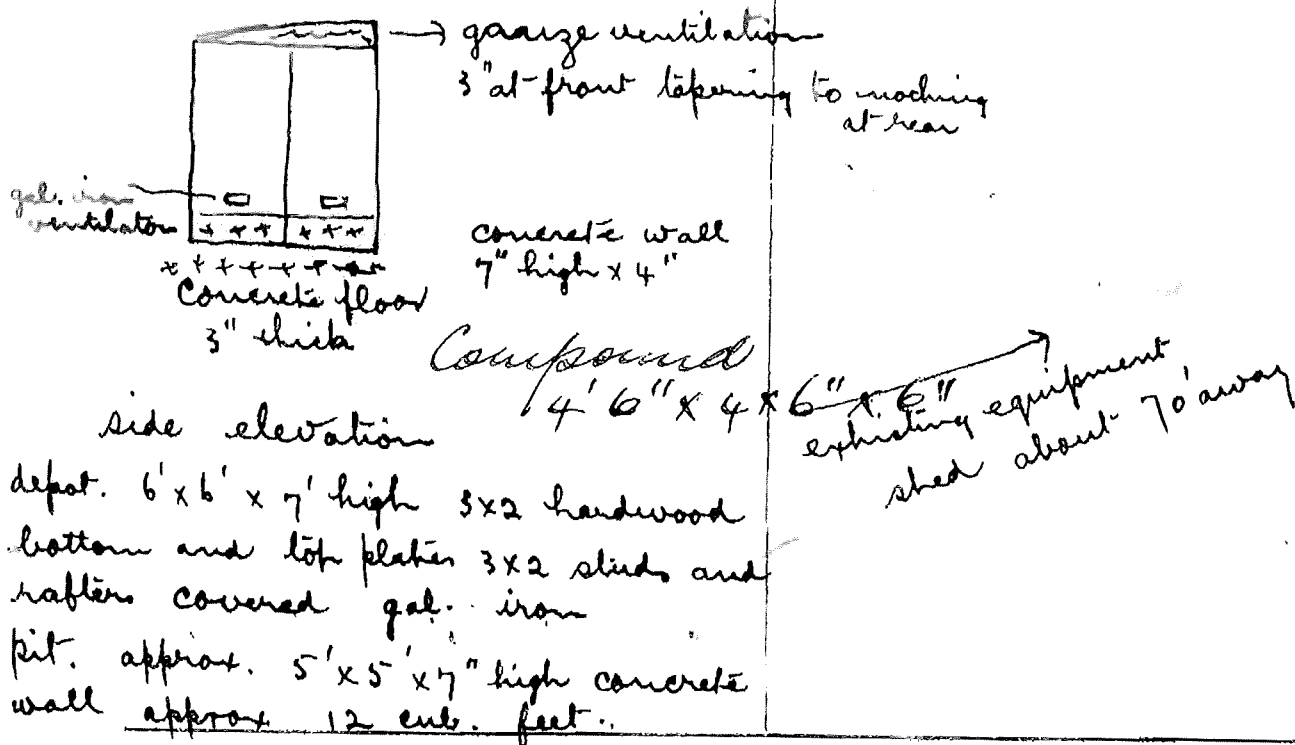
M. J. Young

[PLEASE TURN OVER]

Ground plans of premises showing position of depot or and adjacent buildings, also distances separating depots and buildings.

Ma. inches showing—

Sketch of depot or depots showing provision made for ventilation also inside dimensions (length, width, and depth) of the or lower portion, designed to prevent outflow. This sketch is not required for underground tanks.



TABLES SHOWING DISTANCES WHICH UNDER LICENSE MUST SEPARATE PROTECTED WORKS FROM DEPOTS.

Table I.—Where Mineral Spirit and/or Dangerous Goods of Class 1 (with or without Mineral Oil and/or Dangerous Goods of Class 2) are kept or to be kept :—

In an underground Tank Depot, in quantity exceeding 500 gallons, but not exceeding—	In an aboveground Tank Depot or other Depot, separated from protected works by a screen wall, in quantity exceeding 100 gallons, but not exceeding—	In an aboveground Tank Depot or other Depot not separated from protected works by a screen wall, in quantity exceeding 100 gallons, but not exceeding—	Distance not less than—
Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Feet.
2,000	1,000	250	10
2,400	1,200	300	11
2,800	1,400	350	12
3,200	1,600	400	13
3,600	1,800	450	14
4,000	2,000	500	15
7,200	3,600	900	16
10,400	5,200	1,300	17
13,600	6,800	1,700	18
16,800	8,400	2,100	19
20,000	10,000	2,500	20
22,000	11,000	2,750	21
24,000	12,000	3,000	22
26,000	13,000	3,250	23
28,000	14,000	3,500	24
30,000	15,000	3,750	25
32,000	16,000	4,000	26
40,000	20,000	5,000	30
80,000	40,000	10,000	40
100,000 and over.	80,000	20,000	50
	160,000	40,000	75
	320,000 and over.	80,000	100
		120,000	115
		240,000	130
		400,000 and over.	150

Table II.—Where Mineral Oil and/or Dangerous Goods of Class 2 only are kept or to be kept :—

Si 8130

In an underground Tank Depot, in quantity exceeding 800 gallons, but not exceeding—	In an aboveground Tank Depot or other Depot separated from protected works by a screen wall, in quantity exceeding 800 gallons, but not exceeding—	In an aboveground Tank Depot or other Depot not separated from protected works by a screen wall, in quantity exceeding 800 gallons, but not exceeding—	Distance not less than—
Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Feet.
4,000	2,000	1,000	10
8,000	4,000	2,000	15
14,400	7,200	3,600	16
20,800	10,400	5,200	17
40,000	20,000	10,000	20
80,000	40,000	20,000	30
100,000	80,000	40,000	40
320,000 and over.	160,000	80,000	50
	320,000 and over.	160,000	75
		320,000 and over.	100

## **APPENDIX B**

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### **NSW EPA RCORDS OF NOTICES**



Office of  
Environment  
& Heritage

**You are here:** [Home](#) > [Contaminated land](#) > Record of notices

## Contaminated land - record of notices

### Record under section 58 of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

This record is maintained by OEH in accordance with Part 5 of the [Contaminated Land Management Act 1997](#) (CLM Act).

The record **does** provide

- ✓ a record of written notices issued by OEH under the CLM Act, including preliminary investigation orders.
- ✓ the names of the sites, owners or occupiers **at the time of OEH action** in relation to the site
- ✓ copies of site audit statements (SAS) provided to OEH under section 52 of the CLM Act and relating to significantly contaminated land.

The record **does not** provide

- ✗ a record of all contaminated land in NSW. See [frequently asked questions](#)
- ✗ a list of [notifications of contamination](#) that OEH receives.
- ✗ the names of the sites, owners or occupiers if it changes **after OEH action** in relation to the site.
- ✗ full copies of [agreed management](#)
- ✗ some [personal information](#).

... [more about the CLM record of notices](#)

**From 1 July 2009 there were changes to the terminology of certain OEH actions under the CLM Act.** See the [list of these changes](#).

The record includes notices issued under sections 35 and 36 of the Environmentally Hazardous Chemicals Act 1985. These sections have been repealed. These notices are treated by the CLM Act as management orders.

Before using the record of notices see the [Disclaimer and terms of use](#).

As at Monday, 5 December 2011 there are 919 notices in the record relating to 327 sites.

[Show me the entire record](#) or [Search the record](#)

5 December 2011

Rate this site



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Mona Vale	4, 10-14 Polo Avenue	<a href="#">Investigation Area Adj to Caltex Service Station</a>	1 former
Mona Vale	3-9 Perak Street	<a href="#">Investigation Area Adj to Caltex Service Station</a>	1 former
Mona Vale	51 Bassett Street	<a href="#">Investigation Area Adj to Caltex Service Station</a>	1 former
Mona Vale	58 Darley Street	<a href="#">Investigation Area Adj to Caltex Service Station</a>	1 former

Mona Vale	6 Polo Avenue	<u>Remediation Area Adj to Caltex Service Station</u>	1 current and 1 former
Mona Vale	75 Barrenjoey Road	<u>Remediation Area Adj to Caltex Service Station</u>	1 current and 1 former
Mona Vale	45 Bassett Street	<u>Remediation Area Adj to Caltex Service Station</u>	1 current and 1 former



Notice No: 26046

Area No: 3169

Date: 3 September 2003

Party: Caltex Australia Petroleum Pty Limited

Site: 79 Barrenjoey Road, Mona Vale, NSW, comprising Lot A of Deposited Plan 405025;  
2 Polo Avenue (75 Barrenjoey Road), Mona Vale, NSW, comprising Lot 2 of Deposited Plan 236552;  
6 Polo Avenue, Mona Vale, NSW, comprising Lot 23 of Deposited Plan 5497; and  
45 Bassett Street, Mona Vale, NSW, comprising Strata Plan 31269.

[Download Voluntary Agreement \(Format = PDF, Size = 587 kB\)](#)

# COPY

Our Reference : Agreement No. 26046#3169  
File No. HO1823

## ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AUTHORITY (EPA)

### VOLUNTARY REMEDIATION PROPOSAL: EPA AGREEMENT

#### SECTION 26 CONTAMINATED LAND MANAGEMENT ACT 1997

To: **Caltex Australia Petroleum Pty Ltd (ACN 000 032 128)**  
**Level 12**  
**19-29 Martin Place**  
**SYDNEY NSW 2000**

(referred to in this agreement as "the proponent").

Date: **3 September 2003**

Land: The land to which this voluntary proposal relates to is described as:

- 79 Barrenjoey Road, Mona Vale, NSW, comprising Lot A of Deposited Plan 405025,

referred to in this proposal as "the site", and

- 2 Polo Avenue (75 Barrenjoey Road), Mona Vale, NSW, comprising Lot 2 of Deposited Plan 236552,
- 6 Polo Avenue, Mona Vale, NSW, comprising Lot 23 of Deposited Plan 5497,
- 45 Bassett Street, Mona Vale, NSW, comprising Strata Plan 31269

referred to in this agreement as the "neighbouring sites".

The site and the neighbouring sites are collectively referred to in this agreement as "the land" and are indicated by outline on the attached site location drawing that is marked as Attachment 1.

#### Contamination:

The groundwater and the soil at the land is contaminated with the following substances in such a way as to present a significant risk of harm:

Petroleum hydrocarbons ("TPH") and monoaromatic hydrocarbons including benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene and xylenes ("BTEX"), these substances being referred to in this agreement as "the contaminants".

## Background:

In 1996 approximately 34,000 litres of unleaded petrol were released from an underground storage tank at the site. Since 1996 the proponent has taken steps to reduce the contaminants at the site.

In July 1999 the Environment Protection Authority ("the EPA") was made aware of the contaminants at the site and in October 1999 it determined that the contaminants at the site posed a significant risk of harm. On 27 September 2000 the EPA agreed to a voluntary investigation proposal submitted to it by the proponent. That proposal aimed at investigating the off-site impacts of the contaminants.

The voluntary investigation found that a plume of dissolved contaminants in the groundwater below the site extended to the south-west and included the neighbouring sites. The plume is predominantly characterised by the presence of benzene.

A further proposal to remediate the land has been furnished to the EPA by the proponent, in accordance with the provisions of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 ("the Act").

This proposal comprises the following reports.

- *Remedial Action Plan – Off-site Activities, Caltex Service Station – 79 Barrenjoey Road, Mona Vale NSW*, prepared by PPK dated September 2002 (Attachment 2);
- *Biosparging Trial – On-site Remediation Program, Activities, Caltex Service Station – 79 Barrenjoey Road, Mona Vale NSW*, prepared by PPK dated September 2002 (Attachment 2);
- Letter to Caltex Australia Petroleum Pty Ltd from Chris Jewell, EPA accredited site auditor dated 15 October 2002 providing a review of the above two documents (Attachment 3);
- Letter from Caltex Australia Petroleum Pty Ltd to EPA dated 17 October 2002 providing a copy of the above three documents and a timetable for the remediation (Attachment 4). The timetable for the remediation will be modified as per this agreement;
- Letter from Caltex Australia Petroleum Pty Ltd to EPA dated 21 July 2003 advising that Caltex is prepared to enter into a Voluntary Remediation Agreement with the EPA in accordance with proposed Agreement No. 26046#3163;

## Objectives:

The objectives of the proposal are to achieve the following:

- O1 Removal of all free-phase hydrocarbon contamination at the land together with a reduction of the concentration of dissolved-phase contaminants in the groundwater at the land through enhanced natural attenuation.
- O2 The completion of a program of monitoring at the land and an assessment of the monitoring results to determine the effectiveness of the remediation in reducing the contaminant concentrations at the land.
- O3 If the remediation is effective, use of the monitoring data obtained during the remediation to calculate acceptable and achievable long-term remediation goals for the dissolved-phase contamination together with a timeframe to achieve other long-term remediation goals for residual contamination at the land.
- O4 Remediation of the land through enhanced natural attenuation until the long term remediation goals are met.

## **Principal Features of the Proposal:**

The principal features of the proposal include the following (within the timeframes as specified):

- P1 Installation of a horizontal biosparging system at the site.
- P2 Operation and, if necessary, adjustment of the biosparging system so that sufficient oxygenation of the groundwater will occur without excess volatilisation of the contaminants occurring.
- P3 Quarterly monitoring of groundwater at 14 locations at the site and a further 18 locations at the neighbouring sites (including the surface water drain location S1 as marked on the map marked as Attachment 1) and various other properties that are in the vicinity of the contamination plume that were included in the voluntary investigation agreement dated 27 September 2000, to determine the effectiveness of the remediation.
- P4 Quarterly monitoring of soil vapour at 6 locations at the neighbouring sites and various other neighbouring properties.
- P5 The monitoring referred to above is to take place at quarterly intervals for one year from the date of this agreement, after which the monitoring results will be assessed and submitted to the EPA. Depending on the results obtained from the monitoring, the proponent may recommend that the frequency of the monitoring be adjusted to six-monthly for a further year, however no reduction in the frequency of monitoring is permitted other than with the written approval of the EPA.
- P6 After the completion of two years of monitoring, all the available data will be assessed and a quantitative trend analysis will be undertaken by the proponent to determine the effectiveness of the remediation and recommend whether the remediation using the biosparging system should continue. If the recommendation is that remediation continue, the proponent will calculate long term remediation goals for the ongoing remediation for the written approval of the EPA.
- P7 If, in the opinion of the auditor and with the written concurrence of the EPA, the remediation is considered to be effective the operation of the biosparging system will continue until contamination levels have been reduced to the remediation goals agreed to by the EPA in writing or until the EPA agrees that the system is no longer required to be used. The EPA may issue a notice under section 28 of the Act for maintenance of the remediation system following the completion of this agreement.
- P8 If, in the opinion of the EPA, the biosparging system is found to be ineffective in reducing contaminant levels, this agreement will be completed and other remedial methods set out in the proposal will need to be employed and a separate voluntary proposal should be submitted within 12 weeks of the last monitoring event.
- P9 All works and sampling undertaken and reports prepared, must be consistent with Guidelines made or approved by the EPA under section 105 of the CLM Act (Attachment 6).

## **Reporting**

- R1 The proponent must prepare and provide to the Contaminated Sites Section of the EPA the following separate reports:
  - R1.1 A written report on the installation and commissioning of the biosparging system within 12 weeks of the commissioning.
  - R1.2 A copy of the results of monitoring undertaken and a concise written report on the results of the monitoring for each monitoring period as specified above, within 6 weeks of the end of each monitoring period.
  - R1.3 A written report which reviews the two years of monitoring results, discusses whether the remediation has been effective, and if it is considered to be effective, provides long

term remediation goals within 6 weeks after the completion of the last monitoring event in that 2 year period.

R2 The proponent must engage a site auditor, accredited under the CLM Act, to review all the above reports, together with any relevant material from previous environmental reports which have been commissioned in relation to the land, and provide the following reports to the EPA within 12 weeks of the completion of the last monitoring event in that 2 year period:

R2.1 A summary site audit report ("SSAR") which reviews the reports provided by the proponent in relation to the agreement and comments on the adequacy of the remediation undertaken, whether the bio-sparging system should remain operating, the appropriateness of any long term remediation goals proposed (if applicable) and provides any other relevant recommendations about the ongoing remediation; and

R2.2 A site audit statement that states whether or not the land is suitable for commercial / industrial land use.

### **EPA Agreement**

The EPA is satisfied that the terms of the proposal are appropriate and notes, for the purposes of section 26(3) of the Act, that the proponent has undertaken in writing to the EPA not to recover contributions under Part 3, Division 6 of the Act in respect of the remediation carried out under the proposal.

The EPA agrees with the terms of the proposal, and will not issue a remediation order against the proponent in accordance with the provisions of Part 3 of the Act if the remediation is carried out in accordance with the proposal.

### **Duration of this Agreement**

This agreement commences on the date upon which it is signed on behalf of the EPA, (which is the date set out on the first page of the agreement). All of the principal features of the proposal as listed above are to be completed within the specified time periods as set out in this Agreement. This agreement will end if the EPA advises in writing that, in its opinion, the monitoring results show that the remediation has been ineffective. In any event, this agreement will end when the EPA receives the SSAR or on **30 September 2005**, whichever is sooner.

**CAROLYN STRANGE**  
**A/Director Contaminated Sites**  
**ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AUTHORITY**  
(by Delegation)

Attachment 1	location map
Attachment 2	copy of front page and index from on-site and off-site RAPs
Attachment 3	letter from Site Auditor
Attachment 4	letter from Caltex, including timetable for works
Attachment 5	letter from Caltex indicating agreement with the draft VRA
Attachment 6	list of Guidelines made or approved under s.105 of the CLM Act

**NOTE:**

1. The EPA is not prevented by this agreement from making a remediation order against persons (including public authorities) with whom it has made no such agreement (whether or not they were originally parties to the proposal).
2. The EPA is not prevented by this agreement from making a remediation order against the proponent as an appropriate person (as defined in the Act) if, in the opinion of the EPA, the terms of the proposal are not carried out.
3. Section 58 of the Act requires the EPA to maintain a public record of certain matters. Notification of the making of this agreement will be included in the public record.
4. Section 59 of the Act requires the EPA to notify the relevant local council of the making of this agreement and when the terms of the agreement have been fulfilled. The council is required to note on any certificate issued pursuant to section 149(2) Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 with respect to the land that the land is subject to a voluntary agreement until the council receives EPA notification that the terms of the agreement have been fulfilled.

## **Guidelines made or approved by the EPA under section 105 of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997**

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### **Guidelines made by the EPA**

- *Contaminated Sites: Guidelines for Assessing Service Station Sites*, December 1994.
- *Contaminated Sites: Guidelines for the Vertical Mixing of Soil on Former Broad-Acre Agricultural Land*, January 1995.
- *Contaminated Sites: Sampling Design Guidelines*, September 1995.
- *Contaminated Sites: Guidelines for Assessing Banana Plantation Sites*, October 1997.
- *Contaminated Sites: Guidelines for Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Sites*, November 1997.
- *Contaminated Sites: Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme*, June 1998.
- *Contaminated Sites: Guidelines on Significant Risk of Harm from Contaminated Land and the Duty to Report*, April 1999.

### **Guidelines approved by the EPA**

- *Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for the Assessment and Management of Contaminated Sites*, published by Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council and the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC), January 1992.
- *Australian Water Quality Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Waters*, Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council, November 1992, which are only approved for the purposes of contaminated site assessment, investigation, remediation and site auditing under the Contaminated Land Management Act (or other relevant legislation) commenced before September 2001.
- *Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality*. Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council and Agriculture and Resource Management Council of Australia and New Zealand, Paper No 4, October 2000.

### **National Environmental Health Forum monographs**

- *Composite Sampling*, by Lock, W. H., National Environmental Health Forum Monographs, Soil Series No.3, 1996, SA Health Commission, Adelaide.

## **National Environment Protection Council publications**

### ***National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999***

- The Measure Includes a policy framework for the assessment of site contamination, Schedule A and Schedule B.

#### **(I) Schedule A**

- *Recommended General Process for the Assessment of Site Contamination.*

#### **(II) Schedule B -Guidelines**

- (1)** *Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater*
- (2)** *Guideline on Data Collection, Sample Design and Reporting*
- (3)** *Guideline on Laboratory Analysis of Potentially Contaminated Soils*
- (4)** *Guideline on Health Risk Assessment Methodology*
- (5)** *Guideline on Ecological Risk Assessment*
- (6)** *Guideline on Risk Based Assessment of Groundwater Contamination*
- (7a)** *Guideline on Health-Based Investigation Levels*
- (7b)** *Guideline on Exposure Scenarios and Exposure Settings*
- (8)** *Guideline on Community Consultation and Risk Communication*
- (9)** *Guideline on Protection of Health and the Environment During the Assessment of Site Contamination*
- (10)** *Guideline on Competencies & Acceptance of Environmental Auditors and Related Professionals*

#### **Other documents**

- *Guidelines for the Assessment and Clean Up of Cattle Tick Dip Sites for Residential Purposes*, NSW Agriculture and CMPS&F Environmental, February 1996.
- *Australian Drinking Water Guidelines*, NHMRC & Agriculture and Resource Management Council of Australia and New Zealand, 1996.



**Voluntary Remediation Proposal:  
Amendment of Environment Protection Authority Agreement No. 26046**

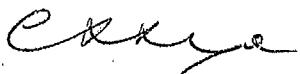
Voluntary remediation agreement no. 26046 dated 3 September 2003 is amended as follows to include a revised completion date for the remediation works to which the agreement applies.

The clause of the agreement which is headed "Lifetime of the Agreement" is omitted and replaced by the following clause:

**LIFETIME OF THE AGREEMENT:**

The agreement commenced on the date upon which it was signed on behalf of the EPA\* (which is the date set out on the first page of the agreement). Implementation of the proposal must be completed by 30 September 2006 in relation to:

- 79 Barrenjoey Road, Mona Vale, NSW;
- 2 Polo Avenue (75 Barrenjoey Road), Mona Vale, NSW;
- 6 Polo Avenue, Mona Vale, NSW; and
- 45 Bassett Street, Mona Vale, NSW.



**CAROLYN STRANGE**  
**Director Contaminated Sites**  
**Department of Environment and Conservation**  
Date:

**1 FEB 2006**

\* The Environment Protection Authority is part of the Department of Environment and Conservation

**Voluntary Remediation Proposal:  
Amendment of Environment Protection Authority Agreement No. 26046**

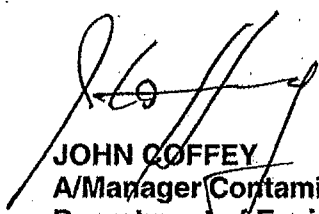
Voluntary remediation agreement no. 26046, dated 3 September 2003, is amended as follows to include a revised completion date for the remediation works to which the agreement applies.

The clause of the agreement which is headed "Lifetime of the Agreement" is omitted and replaced by the following clause:

**LIFETIME OF THE AGREEMENT:**

The agreement commenced on the date upon which it was signed on behalf of the EPA\* (which is the date set out on the first page of the agreement). Implementation of the proposal must be completed by 30 September 2007 in relation to:

- 79 Barrenjoey Road, Mona Vale, NSW;
- 2 Polo Avenue (75 Barrenjoey Road), Mona Vale, NSW;
- 6 Polo Avenue, Mona Vale, NSW; and
- 45 Bassett Street, Mona Vale, NSW.

  
**JOHN COFFEY**  
**A/Manager Contaminated Sites**  
**Department of Environment and Conservation**  
Date: 10/11/06

\* The Environment Protection Authority is part of the Department of Environment and Conservation

Location Map of land affected by  
Voluntary Remediation Agreement no. 26046  
at Mona Vale NSW

Bassett Stre

SP 31269  
45 Bassett St

Lot A DP 405025  
79 Barrenjoy Rd

**Caltex Service  
Station**

Lot 23 DP 5497  
6 Polo Ave

Lot 2 DP 236552  
2 Polo Ave  
(75 Barrenjoy Rd)

Barrenjoy Road

Polo Avenue



**APPENDIX C**

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**TABLE 1 - SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS  
AND  
ENGINEERING LOG – MONITORING WELL**

<b>Project</b>	<b>Proposed Above Ground Fuel Storage Tank</b>	<b>Job No</b>	<b>12593/1</b>
<b>Location</b>	<b>Mona Vale Golf Course</b>	<b>Refer to Drawing No</b>	<b>12593/1-AA1</b>
	<b>1 Golf Avenue, Mona Vale</b>	<b>Logged &amp; Sampled by</b>	<b>AN</b>

**TABLE 1**

Page 1 of 2

Borehole	Depth (m)	Sample Depth (m)	Date	Time	Material Description	Remarks*
BH1	0.0-0.1	No Sample (NS)	16/11/2011	-	CONCRETE SLAB	
	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	"	-	FILL; Sand, fine grained, brown	PID=140ppm
	0.2-0.7	0.2-0.5	"	-	FILL; Sandy Clay, medium plasticity, dark brown, trace of gravel	PID=140ppm Diesel staining and weak to distinct petroleum products odour from 0.2-0.4m
	0.7-0.9	0.7-0.9	"	-	FILL; Clayey Sand, fine grained, dark brown	PID=240ppm Diesel staining and weak to distinct petroleum products odour
	0.9-1.3	1.0-1.3	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, yellow-brown, trace of ironstone	PID=140ppm
	1.3-3.9	1.5-1.8	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, grey, with ironstones	PID=50ppm
		2.5-2.8	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, grey, with ironstones	PID=30ppm
		3.5-3.8	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, grey, with ironstones	PID=0.0ppm
	3.9-5.0	4.5-4.8	"	-	Clayey SHALE, extremely weathered, grey, with ironstones.	PID=0.0ppm
BH2	0.0-0.1	NS	"	-	CONCRETE SLAB	
	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	"	-	FILL; Sand, fine grained, brown	PID=30ppm
	0.2-0.5	0.2-0.5	"	-	FILL; Sandy Clay, medium plasticity, dark brown, trace of gravel	PID=50ppm
	0.5-0.8	0.5-0.8	"	-	FILL; Clayey Sand, fine grained, dark brown	PID=130ppm
	0.8-1.3	0.85-1.15	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, yellow-brown, trace of ironstone	PID=30ppm
	1.3-4.0	1.3-1.6	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, grey, with ironstones	PID=30ppm
		2.0-2.3	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, grey, with ironstones	PID=30ppm
		3.0-3.3	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, grey, with ironstones	PID=50ppm
	4.0-5.0	4.0-4.3	"	-	Clayey SHALE, extremely weathered, grey, with ironstones.	PID=5ppm

\*Odour (O), Discolouration (D), Petroleum Hydrocarbon Staining (PHS), Asbestos Pileces (ASBP), Ash Material (ASHM), Demolition Waste (DW), Groundwater (GW), Perched Water (PW) PID reading etc.  
Form No 0009-Rev5 Aug 10

<b>Project</b>	<b>Proposed Above Ground Fuel Storage Tank</b>	<b>Job No</b>	<b>12593/1</b>
<b>Location</b>	<b>Mona Vale Golf Course</b>	<b>Refer to Drawing No</b>	<b>12593/1-AA1</b>
	<b>1 Golf Avenue, Mona Vale</b>	<b>Logged &amp; Sampled by</b>	<b>AN</b>

**TABLE 1**

Page 2 of 2

Borehole	Depth (m)	Sample Depth (m)	Date	Time	Material Description	Remarks*
BH3	0.0-0.15	NS	16/11/2011	-	CONCRETE SLAB	
	0.15-0.6	0.15-0.45	"	-	FILL; Sandy Clay, medium plasticity, dark brown, trace of gravel	PID=5ppm
	0.6-0.9	0.65-0.9	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, yellow-brown, trace of ironstone	PID=10ppm
	0.9-4.0	1.0-1.3	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, grey, with ironstones	PID=20ppm
		2.0-2.3	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, grey, with ironstones	PID=40ppm
		3.0-3.3	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, grey, with ironstones	PID=10ppm
	4.0-5.0	4.0-4.3	"	-	Clayey SHALE, extremely weathered, grey, with ironstones.	PID=0ppm
BH4	0.0-0.1	NS	"	-	CONCRETE SLAB	
	0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2	"	-	FILL; Sand, fine grained, brown, with gravels	PID=5ppm
	0.2-0.8	0.2-0.5	"	-	FILL; Sandy Clay, medium plasticity, dark brown, trace of gravel	PID=5ppm
		0.5-0.8	"	-	FILL; Sandy Clay, medium plasticity, dark brown, trace of gravel	PID=100ppm
	0.8-1.2	0.85-1.15	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, yellow-brown, trace of ironstone	PID=40ppm
	1.2-3.2	2.0-2.3	"	-	(CH) CLAY, high plasticity, grey, with ironstones	PID=0.0ppm

# engineering log - monitoring well

**Client :** The Mona Vale Golf Club Limited  
**Project :** Proposed Above Ground Fuel Storage Tank  
**Location :** Mona Vale Golf Course,  
1 Golf Avenue, Mona Vale

**Job No. :** 12593/1  
**Borehole No. :** MW1  
**Date :** 16/11/2011  
**Logged/Checked by:** AN/JX

**drill rig :** Geoprobe 6610DT  
groundwater 16/11/2011 : 4.5m (m)

**R.L. surface :** AHD

groundwater	samples	PID Reading (ppm)	depth or R.L. in meters	graphic log	classification symbol	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION  soil type, plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components.	MONITORING WELL	
							Graphic Log	Description
	G	0	0			CONCRETE		Gatic cover and cap
	G	10				FILL; Sand, fine grained, yellow-brown		Concrete
						FILL; Sandy Clay, low to medium plasticity, dark brown, trace of gravel, diesel staining and weak to distinct petroleum products odour from 0.15 to 0.45m		
	G	190	1			FILL; Clayey Sand, fine grained, dark brown, with diesel staining and strong petroleum odour		Sand
	G	30			CH	CLAY, high plasticity, yellow-brown, grey, with ironstones		Bentonite
	G	80	2					Screen with filter sock
	G	30						Sand
	G	40	3					
	G	10						
			4			Clayey SHALE/SILTSTONE, grey, extremely weathered, with ironstones		
	G	10	5					
			6			Monitoring Well No 1 terminated at 6.0m on sandstone bedrock		End cap
			7					
			8					
			9					



## **APPENDIX D**

---

### **GROUNDWATER INFORMATION, MAP AND BORE DATA**

Alan Thompson  
Mona Vale Golf Club

James Ngu  
Fax 4722 2777

Hi James,

**Re: Preliminary Contamination Investigation.**

Attached FYI are pages 3 to 7 inclusive of the report ( 2006 )on the Bore Construction and Testing Operation for the bore drilling exploration for groundwater potential at the club. You will recall I showed you in the clubhouse the glass case containing soil samples taken when the bore was drilled.

The bore is in operation and is located in the order of 50m to the west of where the existing underground fuel tanks are located and the ground level in the location of the bore would be around 6 to 7 m below the level of the concrete paved area under which the tanks are located.

Is there any other info that we could provide to assist?

Regards,  
Alan

RECEIVED  
22 NOV 2011

BY: \_\_\_\_\_

P1 of 6

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report summarises the results of the drilling and evaluation of a bore (Bore 1), located to explore the groundwater potential at Mona Vale Golf Club (MVGC). The bore was located to evaluate the groundwater potential of the Newport Formation and Bald Hill Claystone. The successful completion of the bore has followed the success within a similar geological sequence at Long Reef Golf Club. The bore is located approximately 200m south-west of the club house, as shown in Figure 1. The hydrogeological potential of the site was defined in a report to MVGC dated January 2006 (*Hydroilex* Report HG06.1.1SY). Groundwater at the site is required for the irrigation of fairways. The proposal is to pump the groundwater into existing dams.

Bore 1 was drilled to a depth of 73m on 4 – 5<sup>th</sup> April 2006. Aquifers were encountered in the upper part of the borehole at 18m and 30m, associated with brackish waters, together with a significant aquifer at a depth of 57m associated with significantly fresher water.

Following the drilling of the test hole, a suite of geophysical records were acquired to determine the stratigraphic sequence penetrated, the aquifer distribution and water quality trends. A '48' hour drawdown and recovery test was conducted to determine the sustainable yield and recommendations for pumping and equipping.

The following documentation and analysis is included in this report in support of an application to the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) for an irrigation license:

- Drilling Report on bore construction
- Borehole Geophysical Records
- Drawdown and Recovery Testing
- Water analyses and interpretation

The drilling and testing results have been successful in defining a significant groundwater resource, in support of a 200 ML groundwater application.

## 2.0 DRILLING RESULTS AND BORE CONSTRUCTION

The following summarises the bore construction and drilling results;

Location:	AMG 56342948E 6271858N		
Depth Drilled:	73m		
Casing depth:	48m (Pressure-cemented)		
Hole size:	0 – 12m	300mm	Cased with 273mm steel
	12 – 48m	254mm	Cased with 219mm steel (0 – 48m)
Aquifers:	17 – 18m	1.25L/sec	3.18 dS/m (sealed behind casing)
	29 – 30m	0.41L/sec	3.06 dS/m (sealed behind casing)
	57 – 58m	12.4L/sec	1.69 dS/m

The above aquifer yields and water salinity data were collected during the drilling operation and prior to the setting and cementing of casing to a depth of 48m. After casing installation, the electrical conductivity (EC) reduced to 1.57dS/m.

#### Stratigraphy:

The tentative stratigraphy of the bore is provided in Plate 1:

Quaternary	0 - 11
Bald Hill Claystone	11 - 32
Bulgo Sandstone	32 - 57
Stanwell Park Claystone	57 - 73

A Form 'A' report for the bore is provided in Appendix 1.

### 3.0 BOREHOLE GEOPHYSICS

A borehole geophysical survey of the bore was conducted on 4<sup>th</sup> April 2006, during the drilling operation, to determine aquifer distribution and water quality trends, to assist in the final bore construction and design. The geophysical records are provided in Plate 1. A summary of the relevant borehole geophysical responses are provided in Appendix 2.

The following provides a summary of the geophysical records:

1. The gamma ray response records the distribution of relatively 'clean' silicious sediments in 'yellow', and more clayey sediments dominated by shales and siltstones in 'green'. The sediments are dominated by red siltstones to a depth of 50m, and grey siltstones and shales to the base of the bore. The main aquifer at 57 - 58m is clearly within a fractured shale.
2. The caliper curve shows several wash-outs in the upper part of the hole, subsequently cased to a depth of 48m to eliminate saline water and unstable rock. Stable hole conditions are evident below that depth.
3. The electrical resistance resistivity and self potential records identify the main aquifer zones.
4. The temperature records and particularly the differential temperature log clearly identifies the aquifer distribution (refer to major anomaly at 57m).
5. The gamma log signature has enabled the likely correlation with the recent bore at Long Reef Golf Club, used as the control bore for this project.

### 4.0 DRAWDOWN AND RECOVERY TESTING

A 51hr drawdown and recovery test was conducted over the period 21 – 25<sup>th</sup> April 2006. Testing was conducted using a submersible pump, electronic manual and down-hole data loggers and a flow meter. Samples were collected during and at the end of the test, and submitted for water quality testing. Pump test data analysis and associated plots are provided in Appendix 3.

Drawdown data and the associated drawdown curve are provided in Table 1 and Figure 1. The drawdown curve exhibits a gradual decline, having a drawdown gradient of 4.7m per log cycle. The projected 7 day drawdown is approximately 35m at the test rate, which averaged 11.97L/sec. The test data demonstrates that there are no significant boundaries, and that the test rate is well within the 'safe limit of pumping'. For shorter pumping cycles, the bore could be pumped at up to 15L/sec.

Recovery data and the associated curve is provided in Table 2 and Figure 1. The similarity of the drawdown and recovery gradients provides a high level of data confidence. It is noted in the recovery data that the bore recovers to approximately 10m in 16hrs.

During the test a total 2,2164ML of water was pumped. Water samples were collected during the test, as recorded in section 5 of this report.

The proposal is to equip the bore to a capacity of up to 12L/sec, and pump on a cyclic basis (12hrs pumping, followed by 12hrs recovery), to produce 0.5ML per day. The test data however, demonstrates that the bore can be pumped continuously for up to 7 days. A conservative pumping scenario is recommended to preserve water quality.

**TABLE 1 – SUMMARY OF DRAWDOWN AND RECOVERY TEST RESULTS**

AQUIFER PARAMETERS	DATA
SWL (briginal records)	4.21m ✓
Aquifers (driller)	17-18m 1.25L/sec-sealed off 29-30m 0.41 L/sec-sealed off 57-58m 12.4 L/sec; Aggregate: 12.4Lsec
'Available drawdown'	53m (main aquifer)
Test date	21-25.4.06
Test rate (average)	12.63 L/sec
Pumping period	51.5 hrs
Recovery period	>51.5 hrs
Recorded Final Drawdown level in pumping bore	34.28
Drawdown Character	Steady, linear drawdown
Recovery Character	Rapid recovery, consistent with drawdown.
Transmissivity, cu.m/day/m	42.5

## 5.0 WATER QUALITY

The bore was constructed in such a fashion which precluded saline waters entering the bore, by the pressure cementing of the upper 48m of the borehole.

Field samples collected, have recorded an initial EC reading of 1.55dS/m at the start of pumping, and 1.69dS/m at the conclusion of pumping. Water samples submitted for analysis by *MVGC* recorded a 24hr EC of 1.5 dS/m and a final (48hr) EC of 1.57dS/m.

The water is characterised by the following chemistry:

- pH of the water is 7.8 (weakly alkaline).
- The calculated total salinity (TDS) of the water is in the range of 860-1000mg/L, based on a qualitative determination from the electrical conductivity (EC). It should be noted that the TDS levels have been calculated (not determined analytically).
- Moderate concentrations of sodium and chloride.
- Relatively low concentrations of potassium, calcium and sulphate.
- Very low concentration of bicarbonate.
- Moderate concentration of iron (0.7mg/L), but not evident as a precipitate in storage samples.
- The calculated sodium absorption ratio (SAR) is moderate, and continued watering without rainwater flushing may determine the need for gypsum.
- The calculated hardness is approximately 186mg/L (moderately hard).
- The calculated saturation index (SI) is -1.54, which suggests that the water will be weakly corrosive.
- The water is classified as a *chloride-sodium* water.

## 6.0 SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A highly successful groundwater production bore has been constructed. The following summarises the main results:

- The bore was drilled to a depth of 73m, and constructed as a 200mm completion, which will enable the installation of a 6" submersible pump, having adequate pump clearance and space for the installation of monitoring data.
- The groundwater chemistry in the bore has been enhanced by the isolation of brackish waters in the upper part of the borehole. The approximate total salinity of the groundwater is in the range of 860 – 1000mg/L, characterised by dominant concentrations of sodium and chloride. The proposal is to pump the groundwater to the existing dams, for subsequent irrigation after dilution. It is noted that the water quality of the dam water is approximately 250mg/L TDS.
- A 50hr drawdown and recovery test was conducted at an average discharge rate of 11.97L/sec. The available drawdown in the bore is approximately 53m, based on the depth to the main aquifer at 57m. The drawdown character is linear, without evidence of any boundary conditions. The recovery data confirms this interpretation. The test

confirms that the bore could be pumped continuously, well in excess of 7 days at the test rate. In order however, to preserve the water quality and reduce drawdown, the following is recommended:

- Set discharge rate to a maximum of 12L/sec.
  - Install pump with the suction at 55m.
  - Install a cut-out probe at 45m depth, and a cut-in probe at 12m.
  - Install a 1.25" tube to the top of the pump to allow manual water depth readings to be determined.
- The groundwater requirements for the project have been estimated in the range of 150 – 200ML per year. An allocation request of 200ML has been prepared for lodgement with DNR. The bore is located in satisfaction of distance conditions, and based on the proposed pumping scenario, no impacts on other users, or the environment is foreseen.

## 7.0 REFERENCES

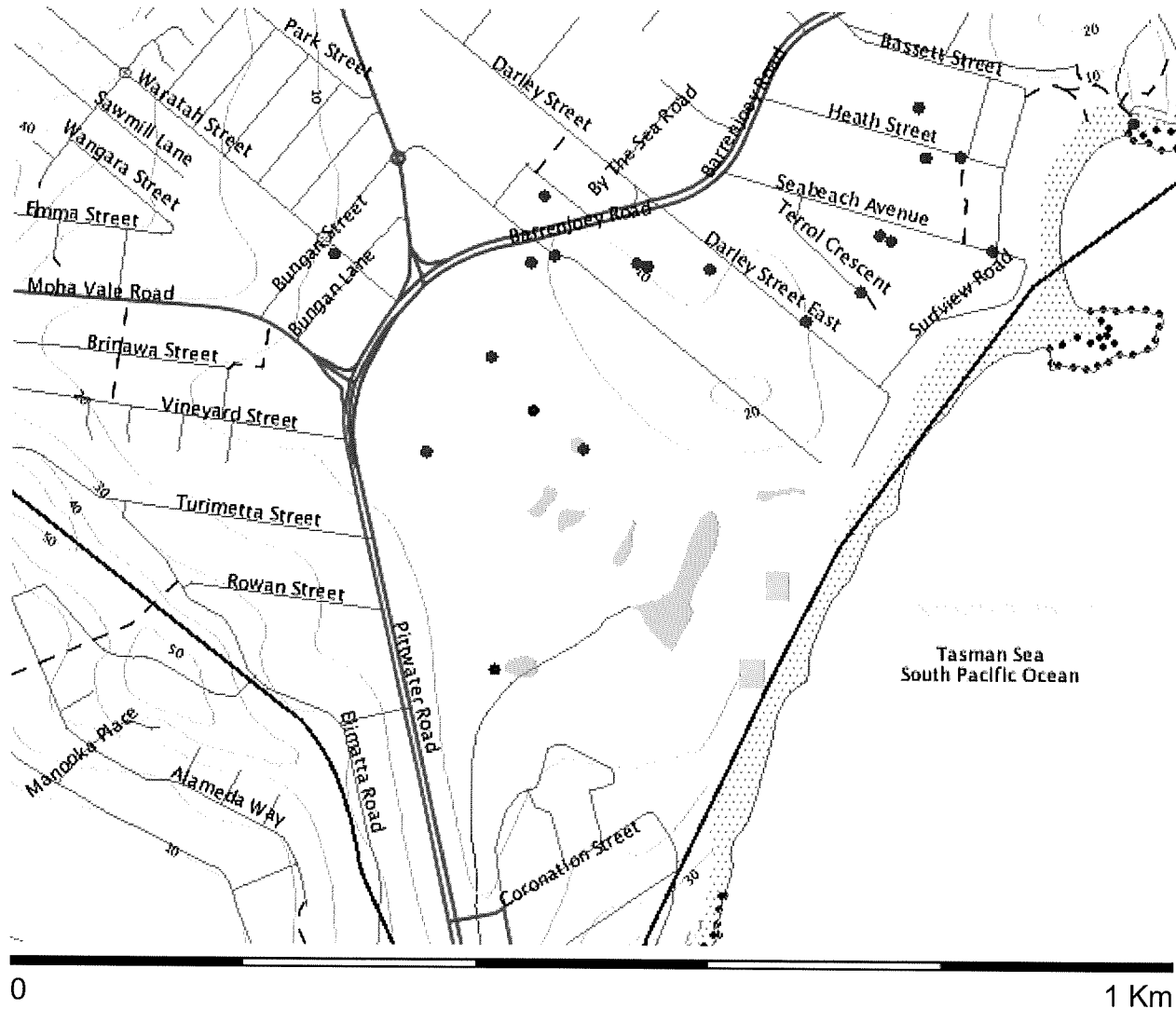
Report HG06.1.1 – Hydrogeological Investigation for Potential Irrigation Supplies –  
Mona Vale Golf Club

-----000-----

# 12593/1 Groundwater Map

Map created with NSW Natural Resource Atlas - <http://www.nratlas.nsw.gov.au>

Wednesday, November 16, 2011



## Legend

Symbol	Layer	Custodian
	Cities and large towns	renderImage: Cannot build image from features
	Populated places	renderImage: Cannot build image from features
	Towns	
	Groundwater Bores	
	Catchment Management Authority boundaries	
	Major rivers	
	Primary/arterial road	
	Motorway/freeway	
	Railway	
	Runway	
	Contour	
	Background	

Topographic base map

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# Groundwater Works Summary

For information on the meaning of fields please see [Glossary](#)  
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[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW018770

### Works Details (top)

**GROUNDWATER NUMBER** GW018770  
**LIC-NUM** 10WA107451  
**AUTHORISED-PURPOSES** WASTE DISPOSAL  
**INTENDED-PURPOSES** WASTE DISPOSAL  
**WORK-TYPE** Bore open thru rock  
**WORK-STATUS** (Unknown)  
**CONSTRUCTION-METHOD** Cable Tool  
**OWNER-TYPE** Private  
**COMMENCE-DATE**  
**COMPLETION-DATE** 1960-08-01  
**FINAL-DEPTH (metres)** 40.20  
**DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)** 40.20  
**CONTRACTOR-NAME**  
**DRILLER-NAME**  
**PROPERTY** N/A  
**GWMA** 603 - SYDNEY BASIN  
**GW-ZONE** -  
**STANDING-WATER-LEVEL**  
**SALINITY**  
**YIELD**

### Site Details (top)

**REGION** 10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST  
**RIVER-BASIN** 212 - HAWKESBURY RIVER  
**AREA-DISTRICT**  
**CMA-MAP** 9130-1S  
**GRID-ZONE** 56/1  
**SCALE** 1:25,000  
**ELEVATION**  
**ELEVATION-SOURCE** (Unknown)  
**NORTHING** 6272378.00  
**EASTING** 343269.00  
**LATITUDE** 33 40' 37"  
**LONGITUDE** 151 18' 33"  
**GS-MAP** 0055B3  
**AMG-ZONE** 56  
**COORD-SOURCE** GD.,PR. MAP  
**REMARK**

### Form-A (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 17

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 1 29305

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL DETAIL
1	1	Casing	Threaded Steel	0.00	12.10	152		(Unknown)

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK-CAT- DESC	S- W-L	D- D- L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
22.20	40.10	17.90	(Unknown)	3.60		0.34			(Unknown)

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL COMMENT
0.00	2.74	2.74	Clay Red	
2.74	9.75	7.01	Clay White	
9.75	21.94	12.19	Shale Black	
21.94	40.23	18.29	Shale Red Sandy Water Supply	

Warning To Clients: This raw data has been supplied to the Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Natural Resources (DIPNR) by driller licensees and other sources. The DIPNR does not verify the accuracy of this data. The data is presented for use by you at your own risk. You should consider verifying this data before relying on it. Professional hydrogeological advice should be sought in interpreting and using this data.

# Groundwater Works Summary

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## Work Requested -- GW018771

### Works Details (top)

**GROUNDWATER NUMBER** GW018771  
**LIC-NUM** 10WA107452  
**AUTHORISED-PURPOSES** WASTE DISPOSAL  
**INTENDED-PURPOSES** WASTE DISPOSAL  
**WORK-TYPE** Bore open thru rock  
**WORK-STATUS** Supply Obtained  
**CONSTRUCTION-METHOD** Cable Tool  
**OWNER-TYPE** Private  
**COMMENCE-DATE**  
**COMPLETION-DATE** 1960-11-01  
**FINAL-DEPTH (metres)** 100.50  
**DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)** 100.60  
**CONTRACTOR-NAME**  
**DRILLER-NAME**  
**PROPERTY** N/A  
**GWMA** 603 - SYDNEY BASIN  
**GW-ZONE** -  
**STANDING-WATER-LEVEL**  
**SALINITY**  
**YIELD**

### Site Details (top)

**REGION** 10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST  
**RIVER-BASIN** 212 - HAWKESBURY RIVER  
**AREA-DISTRICT**  
**CMA-MAP** 9130-1S  
**GRID-ZONE** 56/1  
**SCALE** 1:25,000  
**ELEVATION**  
**ELEVATION-SOURCE** (Unknown)  
**NORTHING** 6272277.00  
**EASTING** 343434.00  
**LATITUDE** 33 40' 40"  
**LONGITUDE** 151 18' 40"  
**GS-MAP** 0055B3  
**AMG-ZONE** 56  
**COORD-SOURCE** GD.,PR. MAP  
**REMARK**

### Form-A (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 17

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 7 752046

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1	1	Casing	(Unknown)	0.00	15.80	152			(Unknown)

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK-CAT- DESC	S- W- L	D- D-L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
64.00	68.50	4.50	Fractured						(Unknown)
92.00	93.80	1.80	Fractured						(Unknown)

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	1.52	1.52	Subsoil		
1.52	17.06	15.54	Clay		
17.06	36.57	19.51	Shale		
36.57	39.62	3.05	Shale Clay Seams		
39.62	64.00	24.38	Shale		
64.00	68.58	4.58	Shale Sandy Water Supply		
68.58	76.50	7.92	Shale Hard		
76.50	78.33	1.83	Slate		
78.33	92.04	13.71	Shale		
92.04	93.87	1.83	Shale Sandy Water Supply		
93.87	98.75	4.88	Shale		
98.75	99.97	1.22	Shale Gravel		
99.97	100.58	0.61	Shale		

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## Work Requested -- GW018778

### Works Details (top)

GROUNDWATER NUMBER	GW018778
LIC-NUM	10WA108105
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES	WASTE DISPOSAL
INTENDED-PURPOSES	WASTE DISPOSAL
WORK-TYPE	Bore open thru rock
WORK-STATUS	(Unknown)
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD	Cable Tool
OWNER-TYPE	Private
COMMENCE-DATE	
COMPLETION-DATE	1960-10-01
FINAL-DEPTH (metres)	124.90
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)	125.00
CONTRACTOR-NAME	
DRILLER-NAME	
PROPERTY	N/A
GWMA	603 - SYDNEY BASIN
GW-ZONE	-
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL	
SALINITY	
YIELD	

### Site Details (top)

REGION	10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST
RIVER-BASIN	212 - HAWKESBURY RIVER
AREA-DISTRICT	
CMA-MAP	9130-1S
GRID-ZONE	56/1
SCALE	1:25,000
ELEVATION	
ELEVATION-SOURCE	(Unknown)
NORTHING	6272395.00
EASTING	342629.00
LATITUDE	33 40' 36"
LONGITUDE	151 18' 9"
GS-MAP	0055B3
AMG-ZONE	56
COORD-SOURCE	GD.,PR. MAP
REMARK	

### Form-A (top)

<http://is2.dnr.nsw.gov.au/proxy/diapp/gwwworks?GW/WID=GW018778>

16/11/2011

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP SEC 3

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 2 752046

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1	1	Casing	Threaded Steel	-0.30	48.40	152			Driven into Hole

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK-CAT- DESC	S-W- L	D- D- L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINIT
42.60	44.10	1.50	Unconsolidated	21.30		0.15			(Unknow
54.20	74.60	20.40	Fractured	21.30		0.19			(Unknow

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	19.81	19.81	Clay Red		
19.81	44.19	24.38	Clay Yellow Sandy Water Supply		
44.19	47.24	3.05	Sandstone Yellow		
47.24	48.76	1.52	Clay Grey		
48.76	54.25	5.49	Shale Grey		
54.25	74.67	20.42	Shale Red Water Supply		
74.67	124.96	50.29	Shale Black		

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# Groundwater Works Summary

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Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

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[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW018808

### Works Details (top)

GROUNDWATER NUMBER	GW018808
LIC-NUM	10WA108102
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES	WASTE DISPOSAL
INTENDED-PURPOSES	WASTE DISPOSAL
WORK-TYPE	Bore open thru rock
WORK-STATUS	(Unknown)
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD	Cable Tool
OWNER-TYPE	Private
COMMENCE-DATE	
COMPLETION-DATE	1960-12-01
FINAL-DEPTH (metres)	91.40
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)	91.40
CONTRACTOR-NAME	
DRILLER-NAME	
PROPERTY	N/A
GWMA	603 - SYDNEY BASIN
GW-ZONE	-
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL	
SALINITY	
YIELD	

### Site Details (top)

REGION	10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST
RIVER-BASIN	212 - HAWKESBURY RIVER
AREA-DISTRICT	
CMA-MAP	9130-1S
GRID-ZONE	56/1
SCALE	1:25,000
ELEVATION	
ELEVATION-SOURCE	(Unknown)
NORTHING	6272615.00
EASTING	343691.00
LATITUDE	33 40' 30"
LONGITUDE	151 18' 50"
GS-MAP	0055B3
AMG-ZONE	56
COORD-SOURCE	GD.,PR. MAP
REMARK	

### Form-A (top)

<http://ie2.dnr.nsw.gov.au/proxy/dinnr/gwworks?GWWID=GW018808>

16/11/2011

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
PARISH NARRABEEN  
PORTION-LOT-DP 17

**Licensed (top)**

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
PARISH NARRABEEN  
PORTION-LOT-DP PT 17

**Construction (top)**

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL DETAIL
1	1	Casing	Threaded Steel	-0.30	24.90	152		Driven into Hole

**Water Bearing Zones (top)**

no details

**Drillers Log (top)**

FROM TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00 11.88	11.88	Sand		
11.88 24.07	12.19	Clay		
24.07 91.44	67.37	Shale Grey		

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# Groundwater Works Summary

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Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

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## Work Requested -- GW019104

### Works Details (top)

**GROUNDWATER NUMBER** GW019104  
**LIC-NUM** 10WA108108  
**AUTHORISED-PURPOSES** WASTE DISPOSAL  
**INTENDED-PURPOSES** WASTE DISPOSAL  
**WORK-TYPE** Bore open thru rock  
**WORK-STATUS** (Unknown)  
**CONSTRUCTION-METHOD** Cable Tool  
**OWNER-TYPE** Private  
**COMMENCE-DATE**  
**COMPLETION-DATE** 1961-02-01  
**FINAL-DEPTH (metres)** 47.20  
**DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)** 47.20  
**CONTRACTOR-NAME**  
**DRILLER-NAME**  
**PROPERTY** N/A  
**GWMA** 603 - SYDNEY BASIN  
**GW-ZONE** -  
**STANDING-WATER-LEVEL**  
**SALINITY**  
**YIELD**

### Site Details (top)

**REGION** 10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST  
**RIVER-BASIN** 212 - HAWKESBURY RIVER  
**AREA-DISTRICT**  
**CMA-MAP** 9130-1S  
**GRID-ZONE** 56/1  
**SCALE** 1:25,000  
**ELEVATION**  
**ELEVATION-SOURCE** (Unknown)  
**NORTHING** 6272690.00  
**EASTING** 343984.00  
**LATITUDE** 33 40' 27"  
**LONGITUDE** 151 19' 1"  
**GS-MAP** 0055B3  
**AMG-ZONE** 56  
**COORD-SOURCE** GD.,PR. MAP  
**REMARK**

### Form-A (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 17

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 28 752046

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1	1	Casing	Threaded Steel	-0.30	5.70	203			Suspended Clamps

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

no details

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	6.70	6.70	Clay Red		
6.70	17.67	10.97	Clay		
17.67	23.77	6.10	Shale		
23.77	24.68	0.91	Rock Hard		
24.68	25.29	0.61	Shale Grey		
25.29	30.48	5.19	Quartzite		
30.48	35.05	4.57	Shale Soft		
35.05	38.70	3.65	Conglomerate		
38.70	41.75	3.05	Shale		
41.75	47.24	5.49	Quartzite		

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# Groundwater Works Summary

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## Work Requested -- GW026026

### Works Details ([top](#))

GROUNDWATER NUMBER	GW026026
LIC-NUM	10WA107458
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES	DOMESTIC
INTENDED-PURPOSES	GENERAL USE
WORK-TYPE	Bore open thru rock
WORK-STATUS	(Unknown)
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD	Cable Tool
OWNER-TYPE	Private
COMMENCE-DATE	
COMPLETION-DATE	1966-11-01
FINAL-DEPTH (metres)	51.80
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)	51.80
CONTRACTOR-NAME	
DRILLER-NAME	
PROPERTY	N/A
GWMA	603 - SYDNEY BASIN
GW-ZONE	-
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL	
SALINITY	
YIELD	

### Site Details ([top](#))

REGION	10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST
RIVER-BASIN	212 - HAWKESBURY RIVER
AREA-DISTRICT	
CMA-MAP	9130-1S
GRID-ZONE	56/1
SCALE	1:25,000
ELEVATION	
ELEVATION-SOURCE	(Unknown)
NORTHING	6272400.00
EASTING	343004.00
LATITUDE	33 40' 36"
LONGITUDE	151 18' 23"
GS-MAP	0055B3
AMG-ZONE	56
COORD-SOURCE	GD.,PR. MAP
REMARK	

### Form-A ([top](#))

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 17

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP N/A

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1	1	Casing	(Unknown)	0.00	18.80	152			(Unknown)
1	1	Opening	Slots	0.00	0.00	152		1	SL: 0mm; / 0mm

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK-CAT- DESC	S- W-L	D- D- L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
15.50	15.50	0.00	Fractured	3.00					(Unknown)
34.10	35.00	0.90	Consolidated	2.40		0.57			Fresh

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	6.09	6.09	Clay		
6.09	7.62	1.53	Sandstone Hard		
7.62	9.14	1.52	Sandstone Weathered		
9.14	17.67	8.53	Shale Water Supply		
17.67	33.52	15.85	Shale Black		
33.52	35.05	1.53	Sandstone Hard Water Supply		
35.05	37.18	2.13	Shale		
37.18	37.49	0.31	Sandstone		
37.49	51.81	14.32	Shale Black Red		

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# Groundwater Works Summary

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Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

[Print Report](#)

[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW026027

### Works Details (top)

**GROUNDWATER NUMBER** GW026027  
**LIC-NUM** 10WA107459  
**AUTHORISED-PURPOSES** DOMESTIC  
**INTENDED-PURPOSES** GENERAL USE  
**WORK-TYPE** Bore open thru rock  
**WORK-STATUS** (Unknown)  
**CONSTRUCTION-METHOD** Cable Tool  
**OWNER-TYPE** Private  
**COMMENCE-DATE**  
**COMPLETION-DATE** 1966-12-01  
**FINAL-DEPTH (metres)** 61.50  
**DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)** 61.70  
**CONTRACTOR-NAME**  
**DRILLER-NAME**  
**PROPERTY** N/A  
**GWMA** 603 - SYDNEY BASIN  
**GW-ZONE** -  
**STANDING-WATER-LEVEL**  
**SALINITY**  
**YIELD**

### Site Details (top)

**REGION** 10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST  
**RIVER-BASIN** 212 - HAWKESBURY RIVER  
**AREA-DISTRICT**  
**CMA-MAP** 9130-1S  
**GRID-ZONE** 56/1  
**SCALE** 1:25,000  
**ELEVATION**  
**ELEVATION-SOURCE** (Unknown)  
**NORTHING** 6272385.00  
**EASTING** 342964.00  
**LATITUDE** 33 40' 37"  
**LONGITUDE** 151 18' 22"  
**GS-MAP** 0055B3  
**AMG-ZONE** 56  
**COORD-SOURCE** GD.,PR. MAP  
**REMARK**

### Form-A (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 17

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP N/A

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1	1	Casing	(Unknown)	0.00	44.80	152			(Unknown)

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK-CAT- DESC	S- W-L	D- D- L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
12.10	12.10	0.00	Consolidated	4.50					Fresh
48.70	48.70	0.00	(Unknown)	4.50					Fresh
56.30	56.30	0.00	Fractured	4.50		0.44			Fresh

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	9.14	9.14	Clay		
9.14	10.36	1.22	Sandstone		
10.36	48.76	38.40	Sandstone Grey Water Supply		
48.76	56.38	7.62	Shale Water Supply		
56.38	59.58	3.20	Rock Hard		
59.58	61.72	2.14	Shale Grey		

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For information on the meaning of fields please see [Glossary](#)  
Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

[Print Report](#)

[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW026581

### Works Details ([top](#))

GROUNDWATER NUMBER	GW026581
LIC-NUM	10WA107460
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES	WASTE DISPOSAL
INTENDED-PURPOSES	WASTE DISPOSAL
WORK-TYPE	Bore open thru rock
WORK-STATUS	(Unknown)
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD	Cable Tool
OWNER-TYPE	Private
COMMENCE-DATE	
COMPLETION-DATE	1967-01-01
FINAL-DEPTH (metres)	92.90
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)	93.00
CONTRACTOR-NAME	
DRILLER-NAME	
PROPERTY	N/A
GWMA	603 - SYDNEY BASIN
GW-ZONE	-
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL	
SALINITY	
YIELD	

### Site Details ([top](#))

REGION	10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST
RIVER-BASIN	212 - HAWKESBURY RIVER
AREA-DISTRICT	
CMA-MAP	9130-1S
GRID-ZONE	56/1
SCALE	1:25,000
ELEVATION	
ELEVATION-SOURCE	(Unknown)
NORTHING	6272520.00
EASTING	342984.00
LATITUDE	33 40' 32"
LONGITUDE	151 18' 22"
GS-MAP	0055B3
AMG-ZONE	56
COORD-SOURCE	GD.,PR. MAP
REMARK	

### Form-A ([top](#))

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 17

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP N/A

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1	1	Casing	(Unknown)	0.00	31.60	203			Driven into Hole

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK-CAT- DESC	S- W-L	D- D- L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
13.70	13.70	0.00	Fractured	2.40					(Unknown)
28.00	28.00	0.00	Fractured	2.40		0.38			(Unknown)
56.30	56.30	0.00	Consolidated	2.40		0.38			(Unknown)
71.30	71.30	0.00	Fractured	2.40		0.51			(Unknown)
86.80	86.80	0.00	Fractured	1.50		1.52			(Unknown)

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL COMMENT
0.00	12.19	12.19	Clay Sandy	
12.19	27.12	14.93	Shale Red Water Supply	
27.12	28.04	0.92	Rock Grey Hard	
28.04	51.81	23.77	Shale Black Water Supply	
51.81	56.38	4.57	Rock Grey Hard	
56.38	60.96	4.58	Sandstone Water Supply	
60.96	71.32	10.36	Rock	
71.32	76.80	5.48	Shale Hard Water Supply	
76.80	92.96	16.16	Rock Black Hard Water Supply	

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# Groundwater Works Summary

For information on the meaning of fields please see Glossary  
Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

[Print Report](#)

[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW105936

### Works Details (top)

GROUNDWATER NUMBER GW105936  
LIC-NUM 10WA107516  
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES DOMESTIC  
INTENDED-PURPOSES  
WORK-TYPE Bore  
WORK-STATUS  
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD  
OWNER-TYPE  
COMMENCE-DATE  
COMPLETION-DATE 2005-05-19  
FINAL-DEPTH (metres)  
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)  
CONTRACTOR-NAME  
DRILLER-NAME  
PROPERTY COPELAND  
GWMA -  
GW-ZONE -  
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL  
SALINITY  
YIELD

### Site Details (top)

REGION 10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST  
RIVER-BASIN 212 - HAWKESBURY RIVER  
AREA-DISTRICT  
CMA-MAP 9130-1S  
GRID-ZONE 56/1  
SCALE 1:25,000  
ELEVATION  
ELEVATION-SOURCE (Unknown)  
NORTHING 6272453.00  
EASTING 343556.00  
LATITUDE 33 40' 35"  
LONGITUDE 151 18' 45"  
GS-MAP  
AMG-ZONE 56  
COORD-SOURCE  
REMARK

### Form-A (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
PARISH NARRABEEN  
PORTION-LOT-DP A 339661

### Licensed [\(top\)](#)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
PARISH NARRABEEN  
PORTION-LOT-DP A 339661

### Water Bearing Zones [\(top\)](#)

no details

### Drillers Log [\(top\)](#)

no details

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Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

[Print Report](#)

[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW108158

### Works Details ([top](#))

GROUNDWATER NUMBER	GW108158
LIC-NUM	10WA107561
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES	DOMESTIC
INTENDED-PURPOSES	DOMESTIC
WORK-TYPE	Spear
WORK-STATUS	Supply Obtained
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD	
OWNER-TYPE	Private
COMMENCE-DATE	
COMPLETION-DATE	2006-05-07
FINAL-DEPTH (metres)	6.30
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)	6.30
CONTRACTOR-NAME	
DRILLER-NAME	
PROPERTY	FRANCIS
GWMA	-
GW-ZONE	-
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL	2.60
SALINITY	
YIELD	1.00

### Site Details ([top](#))

REGION	10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST
RIVER-BASIN	
AREA-DISTRICT	
CMA-MAP	
GRID-ZONE	
SCALE	
ELEVATION	
ELEVATION-SOURCE	
NORTHING	6272442.00
EASTING	343576.00
LATITUDE	33 40' 35"
LONGITUDE	151 18' 45"
GS-MAP	
AMG-ZONE	56
COORD-SOURCE	GIS - Geographic Information System
REMARK	

### Form-A ([top](#))

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP B 339661

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP B 339661

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL DATA
1		Hole	Hole	0.00	6.30	100		
1	1	Casing	PVC Class 9	0.00	6.00	100		Glued

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK- CAT-DESC	S-W- L	D- D-L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
2.60	6.30	3.70		2.60		1.00			Good

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	6.30	6.30		sand	

---

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For information on the meaning of fields please see [Glossary](#)  
Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

[Print Report](#)

[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW108500

### Works Details [\(top\)](#)

GROUNDWATER NUMBER	GW108500
LIC-NUM	10WA107522
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES	DOMESTIC
INTENDED-PURPOSES	DOMESTIC
WORK-TYPE	Spear
WORK-STATUS	Supply Obtained
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD	Jetted
OWNER-TYPE	Private
COMMENCE-DATE	
COMPLETION-DATE	2006-11-10
FINAL-DEPTH (metres)	4.00
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)	4.00
CONTRACTOR-NAME	
DRILLER-NAME	
PROPERTY	STRATA PLAN 16473
GWMA	-
GW-ZONE	-
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL	2.00
SALINITY	
YIELD	1.00

### Site Details [\(top\)](#)

REGION	10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST
RIVER-BASIN	213 - SYDNEY COAST - GEORGES RIVER
AREA-DISTRICT	
CMA-MAP	9130-1S
GRID-ZONE	56/1
SCALE	1:25,000
ELEVATION	
ELEVATION-SOURCE	
NORTHING	6272338.00
EASTING	343526.00
LATITUDE	33 40' 39"
LONGITUDE	151 18' 43"
GS-MAP	
AMG-ZONE	56
COORD-SOURCE	GIS - Geographic Information System
REMARK	

### Form-A [\(top\)](#)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP SP 16473

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 16473

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1		Hole	Hole	0.00	4.00	110			Jetted
1	1	Casing	P.V.C.	0.00	4.00	100			Glued
1	1	Opening	Screen	3.40	4.00	50			Stainless Steel; A: .01mm; Screwed

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK- CAT-DESC	S-W- L	D- D-L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
2.00	4.00	2.00		2.00		2.10			

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	0.10	0.10	Topsoil		
0.10	4.00	3.90	Sand, yellow		

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# Groundwater Works Summary

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Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

[Print Report](#)

[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW108558

### Works Details (top)

GROUNDWATER NUMBER	GW108558
LIC-NUM	10WA109167
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES	DOMESTIC
INTENDED-PURPOSES	DOMESTIC
WORK-TYPE	Spear
WORK-STATUS	Supply Obtained
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD	
OWNER-TYPE	Private
COMMENCE-DATE	
COMPLETION-DATE	2007-02-05
FINAL-DEPTH (metres)	4.30
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)	4.30
CONTRACTOR-NAME	
DRILLER-NAME	
PROPERTY	HARRIS
GWMA	-
GW-ZONE	-
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL	2.80
SALINITY	
YIELD	1.00

### Site Details (top)

REGION	10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST
RIVER-BASIN	212 - HAWKESBURY RIVER
AREA-DISTRICT	
CMA-MAP	9130-1S
GRID-ZONE	56/1
SCALE	1:25,000
ELEVATION	
ELEVATION-SOURCE	
NORTHING	6272612.00
EASTING	343632.00
LATITUDE	33 40' 30"
LONGITUDE	151 18' 48"
GS-MAP	
AMG-ZONE	56
COORD-SOURCE	GIS - Geographic Information System
REMARK	

### Form-A (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 33/F/7236

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 33 7236

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1		Hole	Hole	0.00	4.30	110			
1	1	Casing	PVC Class 9	0.00	4.30	110	110		Glued; Driven into Hole; (Unknown)
1	1	Opening	Screen - Gauze/Mesh	3.70	4.30	50			Stainless Steel; SL: 60mm; Screw

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK- CAT-DESC	S-W- L	D- D-L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
2.30	4.30	2.00		2.80		1.00		4.00	

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	2.30	2.30	Sandstone, compacted		
2.30	4.30	2.00	Sand, fine		
4.30	4.30	0.00	Mud, grey		

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Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

[Print Report](#)

[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW108579

### Works Details (top)

GROUNDWATER NUMBER	GW108579
LIC-NUM	10WA109184
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES	DOMESTIC
INTENDED-PURPOSES	DOMESTIC
WORK-TYPE	Spear
WORK-STATUS	Supply Obtained
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD	Auger
OWNER-TYPE	Private
COMMENCE-DATE	
COMPLETION-DATE	2007-03-09
FINAL-DEPTH (metres)	6.60
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)	6.60
CONTRACTOR-NAME	
DRILLER-NAME	
PROPERTY	MC HUGH
GWMA	-
GW-ZONE	-
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL	4.00
SALINITY	
YIELD	0.50

### Site Details (top)

REGION	10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST
RIVER-BASIN	213 - SYDNEY COAST - GEORGES RIVER
AREA-DISTRICT	
CMA-MAP	9130-1S
GRID-ZONE	56/1
SCALE	1:25,000
ELEVATION	
ELEVATION-SOURCE	
NORTHING	6272426.00
EASTING	343749.00
LATITUDE	33 40' 36"
LONGITUDE	151 18' 52"
GS-MAP	
AMG-ZONE	56
COORD-SOURCE	GIS - Geographic Information System
REMARK	

### Form-A (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 13/A/6195

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 13 6195

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1		Hole	Hole	0.00	6.60	110			Auger
1	1	Casing	PVC Class 9	0.00	6.60	110			Glued; Driven into Hole
1	1	Opening	Screen	6.00	6.60	50			Stainless Steel SL: 60mm; Screwed

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK- CAT-DESC	S-W- L	D- D-L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
4.00	6.60	2.60		4.00	0.50				Fair

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	0.10	0.10	Tosspoil		
0.10	3.50	3.40	Sand, yellow		
3.50	4.00	0.50	Soil & Sand		
4.00	6.60	2.60	Soil, dark & grey Sand		

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# Groundwater Works Summary

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Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

[Print Report](#)

[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW108682

### Works Details (top)

GROUNDWATER NUMBER	GW108682
LIC-NUM	10WA109190
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES	DOMESTIC
INTENDED-PURPOSES	DOMESTIC
WORK-TYPE	Spear
WORK-STATUS	Supply Obtained
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD	Auger
OWNER-TYPE	Private
COMMENCE-DATE	
COMPLETION-DATE	2007-03-23
FINAL-DEPTH (metres)	3.50
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)	3.50
CONTRACTOR-NAME	
DRILLER-NAME	
PROPERTY	CAVE
GWMA	-
GW-ZONE	-
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL	2.60
SALINITY	600.00
YIELD	1.00

### Site Details (top)

REGION	10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST
RIVER-BASIN	
AREA-DISTRICT	
CMA-MAP	
GRID-ZONE	
SCALE	
ELEVATION	
ELEVATION-SOURCE	
NORTHING	6272714.00
EASTING	343618.00
LATITUDE	33 40' 26"
LONGITUDE	151 18' 47"
GS-MAP	
AMG-ZONE	56
COORD-SOURCE	GIS - Geographic Information System
REMARK	

### Form-A (top)

<http://is2.dnr.nsw.gov.au/proxy/diapp/gwworks?GWWID=GW108682>

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 26/E/6195

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 26 6195

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1		Hole	Hole	0.00	3.50	110			Auger
1	1	Casing	PVC Class 9	0.00	3.50	110			Glued; Driven into Hole
1	1	Opening	Screen	3.00	3.50	50			Stainless Steel SL: 60mm; Screwed

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK- CAT-DESC	S-W- L	D- D-L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
2.60	3.50	0.90		2.60		1.00			600.00

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	0.20	0.20	dust, fine		
0.20	1.00	0.80	topsoil, black		
1.00	2.00	1.00	sand, grey		
2.60	3.50	0.90	sand, clay		

Warning To Clients: This raw data has been supplied to the Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Natural Resources (DIPNR) by drillers licensees and other sources. The DIPNR does not verify the accuracy of this data. The data is presented for use by you at your own risk. You should consider verifying this data before relying on it. Professional hydrogeological advice should be sought in interpreting and using this data.

# Groundwater Works Summary

For information on the meaning of fields please see Glossary  
Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

[Print Report](#)

[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW111427

### Works Details (top)

**GROUNDWATER NUMBER** GW111427  
**LIC-NUM** 10BL604448  
**AUTHORISED-PURPOSES** RECREATION (GROUNDWATER)  
**INTENDED-PURPOSES** RECREATION (GROUNDWATER)  
**WORK-TYPE** Bore  
**WORK-STATUS**  
**CONSTRUCTION-METHOD** Down Hole Hammer  
**OWNER-TYPE** Local Govt  
**COMMENCE-DATE**  
**COMPLETION-DATE** 2008-02-25  
**FINAL-DEPTH (metres)** 103.00  
**DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)** 102.00  
**CONTRACTOR-NAME**  
**DRILLER-NAME**  
**PROPERTY** NORTH NARRABEEN RESERVE  
**GWMA** -  
**GW-ZONE** -  
**STANDING-WATER-LEVEL** 3.00  
**SALINITY** 3.20  
**YIELD** 0.87

### Site Details (top)

**REGION** 10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST  
**RIVER-BASIN**  
**AREA-DISTRICT**  
**CMA-MAP**  
**GRID-ZONE**  
**SCALE**  
**ELEVATION**  
**ELEVATION-SOURCE**  
**NORTHING** 6271999.00  
**EASTING** 342793.00  
**LATITUDE** 33 40' 49"  
**LONGITUDE** 151 18' 15"  
**GS-MAP**  
**AMG-ZONE** 56  
**COORD-SOURCE**  
**REMARK**

### Form-A (top)

<http://is2.dnr.nsw.gov.au/proxy/diopr/gwworks?GWWDID=GW111427>

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 7092//1051073

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 1 1064208

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH- TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1		Hole	Hole	0.00	7.00	254			Down Hole Hammer
1		Hole	Hole	7.00	103.00	200			Down Hole Hammer
1	1	Casing	Steel	0.00	7.00	219			Welded; Drive into Hole; Cap
1	1	Casing	PVC Class 9	0.00	103.00	160			Screwed and Glued; Seated on Bottom
1	1	Opening	Slots - Diagonal	30.00	36.00	160			PVC Class 9; Oxy-Acetylene Slotted; SL: 6mm; A: 2mm
1	1	Opening	Slots - Diagonal	48.00	54.00				Oxy-Acetylene Slotted; SL: 6mm; A: 2mm
1	1	Opening	Slots - Diagonal	66.00	78.00				Oxy-Acetylene Slotted; SL: 12mm; A: 2mm
1	1	Opening	Slots - Diagonal	90.00	96.00				Oxy-Acetylene Slotted; SL: 6mm; A: 2mm
1		Annulus	Waterworn/Rounded	0.00	0.00				Graded; GS: 5 7mm
1		Annulus	Concrete	7.00	8.00	200			

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK- CAT-DESC	S-W- L	D- D-L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
18.00	19.00	1.00				0.30		0.50	3.20
24.00	25.00	1.00				0.36		0.50	3.10
72.00	73.00	1.00		3.00		0.87		0.50	3.20

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	1.00	1.00	SANDY SOIL		
1.00	5.00	4.00	CLAY GREY		

5.00	8.00	3.00	CLAY RED
8.00	24.00	16.00	SHALE GREY
24.00	48.00	24.00	CLAYSTONE
48.00	54.00	6.00	SHALE GREY
54.00	60.00	6.00	CLAYSTONE
60.00	102.00	42.00	SLATE

---

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# Groundwater Works Summary

For information on the meaning of fields please see [Glossary](#)  
Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

[Print Report](#)

[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW111444

### Works Details [\(top\)](#)

GROUNDWATER NUMBER GW111444  
LIC-NUM 10BL602048  
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES TEST BORE  
INTENDED-PURPOSES TEST BORE  
WORK-TYPE Bore  
WORK-STATUS  
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD Down Hole Hammer  
OWNER-TYPE Local Govt  
COMMENCE-DATE  
COMPLETION-DATE 2008-02-25  
FINAL-DEPTH (metres) 103.00  
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres) 103.00  
CONTRACTOR-NAME  
DRILLER-NAME  
PROPERTY KITCHENER PARK  
GWMA -  
GW-ZONE -  
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL 3.00  
SALINITY 3.20  
YIELD 0.87

### Site Details [\(top\)](#)

REGION 10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST  
RIVER-BASIN  
AREA-DISTRICT  
CMA-MAP  
GRID-ZONE  
SCALE  
ELEVATION  
ELEVATION-SOURCE  
NORTHING 6272193.00  
EASTING 342900.00  
LATITUDE 33 40' 43"  
LONGITUDE 151 18' 19"  
GS-MAP  
AMG-ZONE 56  
COORD-SOURCE  
REMARK

### Form-A [\(top\)](#)



**COUNTY** CUMBERLAND  
**PARISH** NARRABEEN  
**PORTION-LOT-DP** 7090//1073460

**Licensed (top)**

**COUNTY** CUMBERLAND  
**PARISH** NARRABEEN  
**PORTION-LOT-DP** 7090 1073460

**Construction (top)**

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH- TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1		Hole	Hole	0.00	7.00	254			Down Hole Hammer
1		Hole	Hole	7.00	103.00	200			Down Hole Hammer
1	1	Casing	Steel	0.00	7.00	219			Welded; Driven into Hole; Cap
1	1	Casing	PVC Class 9	0.00	103.00	160			Screwed and Glued; Seated on Bottom
1	1	Opening	Slots - Diagonal	30.00	36.00	160			PVC Class 9; Casing - Oxy-cut Slot; SL: 6mm; A: 2mm
1	1	Opening	Slots - Diagonal	48.00	54.00				Casing - Oxy-cut Slot; SL: 6mm; A: 2mm
1	1	Opening	Slots - Diagonal	66.00	78.00				SL: 12mm; A: 2mm
1	1	Opening	Slots	90.00	96.00				SL: 6mm
1		Annulus	Waterworn/Rounded	0.00	0.00				Graded; GS: 5-7mm
1		Annulus	Concrete	7.00	8.00	200			

**Water Bearing Zones (top)**

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK- CAT-DESC	S-W- L	D- D-L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
18.00	19.00	1.00				0.30		0.50	3.20
24.00	25.00	1.00				0.36		0.50	3.10
72.00	73.00	1.00		3.00		0.87		0.50	3.20

**Drillers Log (top)**

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL COMMENT
0.00	1.00	1.00	SOIL SANDY	
1.00	5.00	4.00	CLAY GREY	
5.00	8.00	3.00	CLAY RED	
8.00	24.00	16.00	SHALE GREY	

24.00	48.00	24.00	BAULDHILL CLAYSTONE
48.00	54.00	6.00	SHALE GREY
54.00	60.00	6.00	BAULDHILL CLAYSTONE
60.00	103.00	43.00	SLATE

---

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# Groundwater Works Summary

For information on the meaning of fields please see [Glossary](#)  
Document Generated on Wednesday, November 16, 2011

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[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW108888

### Works Details ([top](#))

GROUNDWATER NUMBER	GW108888
LIC-NUM	10CA107769
AUTHORISED-PURPOSES	IRRIGATION RECREATION (GROUNDWATER)
INTENDED-PURPOSES	IRRIGATION RECREATION (GROUNDWATER)
WORK-TYPE	Bore
WORK-STATUS	Supply Obtained
CONSTRUCTION-METHOD	Down Hole Hammer
OWNER-TYPE	Private
COMMENCE-DATE	
COMPLETION-DATE	2008-06-02
FINAL-DEPTH (metres)	73.00
DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)	73.00
CONTRACTOR-NAME	
DRILLER-NAME	
PROPERTY	MONA VALE GOLF COURSE
GWMA	-
GW-ZONE	-
STANDING-WATER-LEVEL	7.00
SALINITY	1.58
YIELD	14.06

### Site Details ([top](#))

REGION	10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST
RIVER-BASIN	
AREA-DISTRICT	
CMA-MAP	
GRID-ZONE	
SCALE	
ELEVATION	
ELEVATION-SOURCE	
NORTHING	6272010.00
EASTING	343062.00
LATITUDE	33 40' 49"
LONGITUDE	151 18' 25"
GS-MAP	
AMG-ZONE	56
COORD-SOURCE	
REMARK	

### Form-A ([top](#))

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 7092 1051073

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 7092 1051073

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH-TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1		Hole	Hole	0.00	12.00	300			Down Hole Hammer
1		Hole	Hole	12.00	48.00	254			Down Hole Hammer
1		Hole	Hole	48.00	73.00	203			Down Hole Hammer
1	1	Casing	Steel	0.00	12.00	273			Welded; Driven into Hole
1	1	Casing	Steel	0.00	48.00	219			Welded; Driven into Hole

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK- CAT-DESC	S-W- L	D- D-L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
17.00	18.00	1.00		7.00		1.25			
29.00	30.00	1.00				0.41			
57.00	58.00	1.00				12.40			

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	1.00	1.00	TOPSOIL		
1.00	10.50	9.50	CLAY		
10.50	60.00	49.50	SANDSTONE		
60.00	73.00	13.00	SANDSTONE		

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# Groundwater Works Summary

For information on the meaning of fields please see Glossary  
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[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW111104

### Works Details (top)

**GROUNDWATER NUMBER** GW111104  
**LIC-NUM** 10BL603983  
**AUTHORISED-PURPOSES** MONITORING BORE  
**INTENDED-PURPOSES** MONITORING BORE  
**WORK-TYPE** Bore  
**WORK-STATUS**  
**CONSTRUCTION-METHOD** Auger - Solid Flight  
**OWNER-TYPE** Private  
**COMMENCE-DATE**  
**COMPLETION-DATE** 2010-06-15  
**FINAL-DEPTH (metres)** 4.00  
**DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)** 4.20  
**CONTRACTOR-NAME**  
**DRILLER-NAME**  
**PROPERTY** MOBIL MONA VALE  
**GWMA** -  
**GW-ZONE** -  
**STANDING-WATER-LEVEL** 2.00  
**SALINITY**  
**YIELD**

### Site Details (top)

**REGION** 10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST  
**RIVER-BASIN**  
**AREA-DISTRICT**  
**CMA-MAP**  
**GRID-ZONE**  
**SCALE**  
**ELEVATION**  
**ELEVATION-SOURCE**  
**NORTHING** 6272387.00  
**EASTING** 343146.00  
**LATITUDE** 33 40' 37"  
**LONGITUDE** 151 18' 29"  
**GS-MAP**  
**AMG-ZONE** 56  
**COORD-SOURCE**  
**REMARK**

### Form-A (top)

<http://is2.dnr.nsw.gov.au/proxy/diwr/gwworks?GWWID=GW111104>

16/11/2011

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 11//619503

**Licensed (top)**

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 11 619503

**Construction (top)**

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH- TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1		Hole	Hole	0.00	4.20	150			Auger - Solid Flight
1	1	Casing	PVC Class 18	0.00	1.00	60	50		Other; Seated on Bottom; Encap
1	1	Opening	Slots - Horizontal	1.00	4.00	60			PVC Class 18; Casing - Machine Slotted; SL: 40mm; A: 3.8mm; Other
1		Annulus	Waterworn/Rounded	0.70	4.00				Graded; GS: 2 4mm

**Water Bearing Zones (top)**

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK- CAT-DESC	S-W- L	D- D-L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
2.00	4.00	2.00		2.00					

**Drillers Log (top)**

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	1.20	1.20	FILL		
1.20	2.00	0.80	CLAY YELLOW FIRM		
2.00	4.00	2.00	SAND L/BROWN CLAYEY		

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# Groundwater Works Summary

For information on the meaning of fields please see [Glossary](#)  
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[Works Details](#) [Site Details](#) [Form A](#) [Licensed](#) [Construction](#) [Water Bearing Zones](#) [Drillers Log](#)

## Work Requested -- GW111105

### Works Details (top)

**GROUNDWATER NUMBER** GW111105  
**LIC-NUM** 10BL603983  
**AUTHORISED-PURPOSES** MONITORING BORE  
**INTENDED-PURPOSES** MONITORING BORE  
**WORK-TYPE** Bore  
**WORK-STATUS**  
**CONSTRUCTION-METHOD** Auger - Solid Flight  
**OWNER-TYPE** Private  
**COMMENCE-DATE**  
**COMPLETION-DATE** 2010-06-15  
**FINAL-DEPTH (metres)** 5.00  
**DRILLED-DEPTH (metres)** 5.00  
**CONTRACTOR-NAME**  
**DRILLER-NAME**  
**PROPERTY** MOBIL MONA VALE  
**GWMA** -  
**GW-ZONE** -  
**STANDING-WATER-LEVEL** 2.00  
**SALINITY**  
**YIELD**

### Site Details (top)

**REGION** 10 - SYDNEY SOUTH COAST  
**RIVER-BASIN**  
**AREA-DISTRICT**  
**CMA-MAP**  
**GRID-ZONE**  
**SCALE**  
**ELEVATION**  
**ELEVATION-SOURCE**  
**NORTHING** 6272381.00  
**EASTING** 343164.00  
**LATITUDE** 33 40' 37"  
**LONGITUDE** 151 18' 29"  
**GS-MAP**  
**AMG-ZONE** 56  
**COORD-SOURCE**  
**REMARK**

### Form-A (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 11/619503

### Licensed (top)

COUNTY CUMBERLAND  
 PARISH NARRABEEN  
 PORTION-LOT-DP 11 619503

### Construction (top)

Negative depths indicate Above Ground Level;H-Hole;P-Pipe;OD-Outside Diameter;  
 ID-Inside Diameter;C-Cemented;SL-Slot Length;A-Aperture;GS-Grain Size;Q-Quantity

HOLE- NO	PIPE- NO	COMPONENT- CODE	COMPONENT- TYPE	DEPTH- FROM (metres)	DEPTH- TO (metres)	OD (mm)	ID (mm)	INTERVAL	DETAIL
1		Hole	Hole	0.00	5.00	150			Auger - Solid Flight
1	1	Casing	PVC Class 18	1.00	2.00	60	50		Other; Seated; End cap
1	1	Opening	Slots - Horizontal	2.00	5.00	60			PVC Class 18; Casing - Machine Slotted; SL: 40mm; A: 3.8mm; Other
1		Annulus	Waterworn/Rounded	0.70	5.00				Graded; GS: 2-4mm

### Water Bearing Zones (top)

FROM- DEPTH (metres)	TO-DEPTH (metres)	THICKNESS (metres)	ROCK- CAT-DESC	S-W- L	D- D-L	YIELD	TEST-HOLE- DEPTH (metres)	DURATION	SALINITY
2.00	5.00	3.00		2.00					

### Drillers Log (top)

FROM	TO	THICKNESS	DESC	GEO-MATERIAL	COMMENT
0.00	1.20	1.20	FILL		
1.20	2.00	0.80	CLAY FIRM/YELLOW		
2.00	5.00	3.00	SAND LIGHT BROWN CLAYEY		

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## **APPENDIX E**

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### **SGS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES ANALYTICAL REPORT AND ENVIROLAB SERVICES CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

## ANALYTICAL REPORT

25 November 2011

### GEOTECHNIQUE PTY LTD

P O Box 880

PENRITH

NSW 2751

**Attention:** Alan Thompson

Your Reference: 12593-1 - Mona Vale - Geotechnique

Our Reference: SE90013

Samples: 42 Soils, 1 Water

Received: 16/11/11

Preliminary Report Sent: Not Issued

These samples were analysed in accordance with your written instructions.

For and on Behalf of:

SGS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

Sample Receipt: Angela Mamalicos

AU.SampleReceipt.Sydney@sgs.com

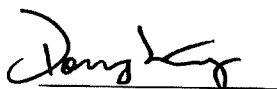
Production Manager: Huong Crawford

Huong.Crawford@sgs.com

*Results Approved and/or Authorised by:*



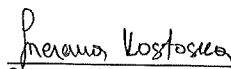
**Edward Ibrahim**  
Laboratory Manager



**Dong Liang**  
Inorganic/Metal Supervisor



**Ly Kim Ha**  
Organics Signatory



**Snezana Kostoka**  
Chemist



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Page 1 of 29

MBTEX in Soil Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-1 0	SE90013-1 2	SE90013-2 0	SE90013-2 9
Your Reference	-----	MW1	BH1	BH1	BH2	BH3
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.8-1.1	0.1-0.2	0.7-0.9	0.5-0.8	2.0-2.3
Date Extracted (MBTEX)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Date Analysed (MBTEX)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MtBE)	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Benzene	mg/kg	0.2	<0.1	0.5	<0.1	<0.1
Toluene	mg/kg	0.7	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	1.0	<0.1	1.2	<0.1	<0.1
Total Xylenes	mg/kg	6.2	0.4	7.0	<0.3	<0.3
BTEX Surrogate (%)	%	95	92	93	94	98

MBTEX in Soil Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3 3	SE90013-3 4	SE90013-3 8	SE90013-4 3
Your Reference	-----	BH4	BH4	Duplicate D2	Tripspike TS1
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.2-0.5	0.5-0.8	-	-
Date Extracted (MBTEX)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Date Analysed (MBTEX)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MtBE)	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	95%
Benzene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	95%
Toluene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.6	99%
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.9	97%
Total Xylenes	mg/kg	<0.3	<0.3	5.7	99%
BTEX Surrogate (%)	%	102	79	105	100

Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons in Soil						
Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-1	SE90013-1	SE90013-2	SE90013-2
Your Reference	-----	MW1	0	2	0	9
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	BH1	BH1	BH2	BH3
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.8-1.1	0.1-0.2	0.7-0.9	0.5-0.8	2.0-2.3
Date Extracted (TRH C6-C9 PT)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Date Analysed (TRH C6-C9 PT)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
TRH C6 - C9 P&T	mg/kg	250	<20	360	30	<20
Date Extracted (TRH C10-C40)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Date Analysed (TRH C10-C40)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
TRH C10 - C14	mg/kg	5,900	180	14,000	1,300	42
TRH C15 - C28	mg/kg	14,000	740	35,000	3,300	190
TRH C29 - C40	mg/kg	<150	<150	<150	<150	<150

Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons in Soil				
Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-3	SE90013-3
Your Reference	-----	3	4	8
Sample Matrix	-----	BH4	BH4	Duplicate
Date Sampled		Soil	Soil	D2
Depth		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	Soil
		0.2-0.5	0.5-0.8	16/11/2011
		-		-
Date Extracted (TRH C6-C9 PT)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Date Analysed (TRH C6-C9 PT)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
TRH C6 - C9 P&T	mg/kg	<20	<20	220
Date Extracted (TRH C10-C40)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Date Analysed (TRH C10-C40)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
TRH C10 - C14	mg/kg	<20	38	6,200
TRH C15 - C28	mg/kg	<50	150	15,000
TRH C29 - C40	mg/kg	<150	<150	<150



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Page 3 of 29

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PAHs in Soil Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-1 0	SE90013-1 2	SE90013-2 0	SE90013-2 9
Your Reference	-----	MW1	BH1	BH1	BH2	BH3
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.8-1.1	0.1-0.2	0.7-0.9	0.5-0.8	2.0-2.3
Date Extracted		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Date Analysed		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Naphthalene	mg/kg	5.9	<0.10	14	1.5	<0.10
2-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg	30	0.41	78	7.3	<0.10
1-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg	17	0.31	41	4.7	<0.10
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.41	<0.10	1.0	0.17	<0.10
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	1.8	<0.10	3.9	0.71	<0.10
Fluorene	mg/kg	5.3	0.20	14	2.3	<0.10
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	8.5	0.21	13	2.6	<0.10
Anthracene	mg/kg	1.5	<0.10	2.8	0.42	<0.10
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.42	<0.10	1.1	0.20	<0.10
Pyrene	mg/kg	2.3	0.10	5.8	0.70	<0.10
Benzo[a]anthracene	mg/kg	0.12	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Chrysene	mg/kg	0.11	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Benzo[b,k]fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20
Benzo[a]pyrene	mg/kg	0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Indeno[123-cd]pyrene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Dibenzo[ah]anthracene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Benzo[ghi]perylene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Total PAHs (sum)	mg/kg	<73.71	<2.53	<175.72	<21.42	<1.8
Nitrobenzene-d5	%	84	87	88	99	77
2-Fluorobiphenyl	%	96	87	101	91	82
p -Terphenyl-d14	%	103	94	99	97	96

PAHs in Soil Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3 3	SE90013-3 4	SE90013-3 8
Your Reference	-----	BH4	BH4	Duplicate D2
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.2-0.5	0.5-0.8	-
Date Extracted		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Date Analysed		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<0.10	0.40	6.8
2-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg	<0.10	1.7	31
1-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg	<0.10	1.1	17
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	0.43
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	1.5
Fluorene	mg/kg	<0.10	0.27	6.7
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	<0.10	0.45	9.9
Anthracene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	1.3
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	0.43
Pyrene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	2.5
Benzo[a]anthracene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	0.11
Chrysene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Benzo[b,k]fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20
Benzo[a]pyrene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Indeno[123-cd]pyrene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Dibenzo[ah]anthracene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Benzo[ghi]perylene	mg/kg	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Total PAHs (sum)	mg/kg	<1.8	<5.23	<79.30
Nitrobenzene-d5	%	84	79	111
2-Fluorobiphenyl	%	83	87	94
p -Terphenyl-d14	%	92	98	100



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Page 5 of 29

OC Pesticides in Soil Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-3 3	SE90013-3 8
Your Reference	-----	MW1	BH4	Duplicate D2
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.8-1.1	0.2-0.5	-
Date Extracted		18/11/11	18/11/11	18/11/11
Date Analysed		18/11/11	18/11/11	18/11/11
HCB	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Total , , - BHC	mg/kg	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3
<i>gamma</i> -BHC(Lindane)	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Heptachlor Epoxide	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Heptachlor	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Methoxychlor	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Aldrin	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Dieldrin	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endrin	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Total & - Endosulfan	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Endosulfan Sulphate	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Total DDD	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Total DDE	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Total DDT	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Total cis, trans- Chlordane	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene (Surrogate)	%	79	102	77

PCBs in Soil Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-3	SE90013-3
Your Reference	-----	MW1	3 BH4	8 Duplicate D2
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.8-1.1	0.2-0.5	-
Date Extracted		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Date Analysed		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Polychlorobiphenyls Total	mg/kg	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9
PCB_Surrogate 1	%	79	102	77



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Total Phenolics in Soil Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-3	SE90013-3
Your Reference	-----	MW1	BH4	Duplicate D2
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.8-1.1	0.2-0.5	-
Date Extracted (Phenols)		23/11/2011	23/11/2011	23/11/2011
Date Analysed (Phenols)		23/11/2011	23/11/2011	23/11/2011
Total Phenolics (as Phenol)	mg/kg	0.4	0.2	0.8

Cyanide				
Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-3	SE90013-3
Your Reference	-----	MW1	3 BH4	8 Duplicate D2
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.8-1.1	0.2-0.5	-
Date Extracted (Total Cyanide)		23/11/2011	23/11/2011	23/11/2011
Date Analysed (Total Cyanide)		23/11/2011	23/11/2011	23/11/2011
Total Cyanide	mg/kg	0.18	0.11	<0.10



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Metals in Soil by ICP-OES Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-1 0	SE90013-1 2	SE90013-2 0	SE90013-2 9
Your Reference	-----	MW1	BH1	BH1	BH2	BH3
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.8-1.1	0.1-0.2	0.7-0.9	0.5-0.8	2.0-2.3
Date Extracted (Metals)		22/11/2011	22/11/2011	22/11/2011	22/11/2011	22/11/2011
Date Analysed (Metals)		22/11/2011	22/11/2011	22/11/2011	22/11/2011	22/11/2011
Arsenic	mg/kg	15	5	58	72	<3
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.4	0.3	1.2	0.4	0.97
Chromium	mg/kg	10	4.5	14	12	29
Copper	mg/kg	9.1	3.3	14	6.8	16
Lead	mg/kg	22	3	50	14	15
Nickel	mg/kg	2.3	1.4	5.2	2.6	3.1
Zinc	mg/kg	41	7.0	200	230	50

Metals in Soil by ICP-OES Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3 3	SE90013-3 8
Your Reference	-----	BH4	Duplicate D2
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.2-0.5	-
Date Extracted (Metals)		22/11/2011	22/11/2011
Date Analysed (Metals)		22/11/2011	22/11/2011
Arsenic	mg/kg	10	14
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.93	0.5
Chromium	mg/kg	33	11
Copper	mg/kg	19	9.7
Lead	mg/kg	18	21
Nickel	mg/kg	25	2.6
Zinc	mg/kg	53	46

Mercury Cold Vapor/Hg Analyser						
Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-1	SE90013-1	SE90013-2	SE90013-2
			0	2	0	9
Your Reference	-----	MW1	BH1	BH1	BH2	BH3
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.8-1.1	0.1-0.2	0.7-0.9	0.5-0.8	2.0-2.3
Date Extracted (Mercury)		23/11/2011	23/11/2011	23/11/2011	23/11/2011	23/11/2011
Date Analysed (Mercury)		23/11/2011	23/11/2011	23/11/2011	23/11/2011	23/11/2011
Mercury	mg/kg	1.0	<0.05	220	2.4	<0.05

Mercury Cold Vapor/Hg Analyser			
Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-3
		3	8
Your Reference	-----	BH4	Duplicate
			D2
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.2-0.5	-
Date Extracted (Mercury)		23/11/2011	23/11/2011
Date Analysed (Mercury)		23/11/2011	23/11/2011
Mercury	mg/kg	0.76	2.9



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MBTEX in Water (µg/L) Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-4 2
Your Reference	-----	Rinsate R1
Sample Matrix	-----	Water
Date Sampled		16/11/2011
Depth		-
Date Extracted (MBTEX)		22/11/2011
Date Analysed (MBTEX)		22/11/2011
Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MtBE)	µg/L	<1
Benzene	µg/L	<0.5
Toluene	µg/L	<0.5
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	<0.5
Total Xylenes	µg/L	<1.5
Surrogate	%	95



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Page 12 of 29

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TRH in water with C6-C9 by P/T Our Reference:  Your Reference Sample Matrix Date Sampled Depth	UNITS  ----- -----	SE90013-4 2 Rinsate R1 Water 16/11/2011 -
Date Extracted (TRH C6-C9 PT)		22/11/2011
Date Analysed (TRH C6-C9 PT)		22/11/2011
TRH C6 - C9 P&T in µg/L	µg/L	<40
Date Extracted (TRH C10-C36)		22/11/2011
Date Analysed (TRH C10-C36)		22/11/2011
TRH C10 - C14	µg/L	<100
TRH C15 - C28	µg/L	<200
TRH C29 - C40	µg/L	<400



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PAHs in Water Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-4 2
Your Reference	-----	Rinsate R1
Sample Matrix	-----	Water
Date Sampled		16/11/2011
Depth		-
Date Extracted		23/11/2011
Date Analysed		23/11/2011
Naphthalene	µg/L	<0.50
2-Methylnaphthalene	µg/L	<0.5
1-Methylnaphthalene	µg/L	<0.5
Acenaphthylene	µg/L	<0.50
Acenaphthene	µg/L	<0.50
Fluorene	µg/L	<0.50
Phenanthrene	µg/L	<0.50
Anthracene	µg/L	<0.50
Fluoranthene	µg/L	<0.50
Pyrene	µg/L	<0.50
Benzo[a]anthracene	µg/L	<0.50
Chrysene	µg/L	<0.50
Benzo[b,k]fluoranthene	µg/L	<1.0
Benzo[a]pyrene	µg/L	<0.50
Indeno[123-cd]pyrene	µg/L	<0.50
Dibenzo[ah]anthracene	µg/L	<0.50
Benzo[ghi]perylene	µg/L	<0.50
Total PAHs	µg/L	<9
Nitrobenzene-d5	%	99
2-Fluorobiphenyl	%	96
p -Terphenyl-d14	%	114

Metals in water by ICP-OES Our Reference:  Your Reference Sample Matrix Date Sampled Depth	UNITS  ----- -----	SE90013-4 2 Rinsate R1 Water 16/11/2011 -
Date Extracted (Metals)		21/11/2011
Date Analysed (Metals)		21/11/2011
Arsenic (Dissolved)	mg/L	<0.05
Cadmium (Dissolved)	mg/L	<0.005
Chromium (Dissolved)	mg/L	<0.005
Copper (Dissolved)	mg/L	<0.01
Lead (Dissolved)	mg/L	<0.02
Nickel (Dissolved)	mg/L	<0.010
Zinc (Dissolved)	mg/L	<0.010



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Mercury Cold Vapor/Hg Analyser Our Reference:  Your Reference Sample Matrix Date Sampled Depth	UNITS  ----- -----	SE90013-4 2 Rinsate R1 Water 16/11/2011 -
Date Extracted (Mercury)		23/11/2011
Date Analysed (Mercury)		23/11/2011
Mercury (Dissolved)	mg/L	<0.0001

Moisture						
Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-1	SE90013-1	SE90013-2	SE90013-2
			0	2	0	9
Your Reference	-----	MW1	BH1	BH1	BH2	BH3
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.8-1.1	0.1-0.2	0.7-0.9	0.5-0.8	2.0-2.3
Date Analysed (moisture)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Moisture	%	16	12	23	16	15

Moisture				
Our Reference:	UNITS	SE90013-3	SE90013-3	SE90013-3
		3	4	8
Your Reference	-----	BH4	BH4	Duplicate
				D2
Sample Matrix	-----	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date Sampled		16/11/2011	16/11/2011	16/11/2011
Depth		0.2-0.5	0.5-0.8	-
Date Analysed (moisture)		18/11/2011	18/11/2011	18/11/2011
Moisture	%	21	30	17



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Method ID	Methodology Summary
AN410	BTEX / C6-C9 Hydrocarbons - Soil samples are extracted with methanol, purged and concentrated by a purge and trap apparatus, and then analysed using GC/MS technique. Water samples undergo the same analysis without the extraction step. Based on USEPA 5030B and 8260B.
AN403	Determination of Hydrocarbons by gas chromatography after a solvent extraction. Detection is by flame ionisation detector (FID) that produces an electronic signal in proportion to the combustible matter passing through it. Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons (TRH) are routinely reported as four alkane groupings based on the carbon chain length of the compounds: C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>9</sub> , C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>14</sub> , C <sub>15</sub> -C <sub>28</sub> and C <sub>29</sub> -C <sub>36</sub> , in accordance with the Australian Institute of Petroleum (AIP). Additionally, the volatile C6-C9 fraction may be determined by a purge and trap technique and GC/MS because of the potential for volatiles loss. Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) follows the same method of analysis after silica gel cleanup of the solvent extract. Aliphatic/Aromatic Speciation follows the same method of analysis after fractionation of the solvent extract over silica with differential polarity of the eluent solvents. The GC/FID method is not well suited to the analysis of refined high boiling point materials (i.e. lubricating oils or greases) but is particularly suited for measuring diesel, kerosene and petrol (if care to control volatility is taken). This method will detect naturally occurring hydrocarbons, lipids, organic acids, phenols and PAHs if they are present at sufficient levels, dependant on the use of specific cleanup/fractionation techniques. Reference USEPA 3510B, 8015B.
AN422	Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons - determined by solvent extraction with dichloromethane / acetone for soils and dichloromethane for waters, followed by instrumentation analysis using GC/MS SIM mode. Based on USEPA 8270 and 8310.
AN400	The determination of organochlorine (OC) and organophosphorus (OP) pesticides and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in soils, sludges and groundwater. (Based on USEPA methods 3510, 3550, 8140 and 8080.)
AN289	Total Phenols - Determined by colourimetric method using Discrete Analyser, following distillation of the sample. Based on APHA 21st Edition 5530B and 5530D.
AN287	Cyanide (Total or Free) - Total Cyanide is determined by colourimetric method using Discrete Analyser, following distillation of the acidified sample. Free Cyanide is determined by colourimetric method using Discrete Analyser on filtered sample. Complex Cyanide is the difference of Total and Free Cyanide. Based on APHA 21st Edition, 4500-CN C and E.
AN320	Determination of elements by ICP-OES following appropriate sample preparation / digestion process. Based on USEPA 6010C / APHA 21st Edition, 3120B.
AN312	After digestion with nitric acid, hydrogen peroxide and hydrochloric acid, mercury ions are reduced by stannous chloride reagent in acidic solution to elemental mercury. This mercury vapour is purged by nitrogen into a cold cell in an atomic absorption spectrometer or mercury analyser. Quantification is made by comparing absorbances to those of the calibration standards. Reference APHA 3112B/3500
AN002	Preparation of soils, sediments and sludges undergo analysis by either air drying, compositing, subsampling and 1:5 soil water extraction where required. Moisture content is determined by drying the sample at 105 ± 5°C.

Method ID	Methodology Summary
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QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
MBTEX in Soil								
Date Extracted (MBTEX)				18/11/11	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	18/11/11
Date Analysed (MBTEX)				18/11/11	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	18/11/11
Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	mg/kg	0.1	AN410	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	113%
Benzene	mg/kg	0.1	AN410	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	116%
Toluene	mg/kg	0.1	AN410	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	117%
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	0.1	AN410	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	114%
Total Xylenes	mg/kg	0.3	AN410	<0.3	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	118%
BTEX Surrogate (%)	%	0	AN410	109	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	116%

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons in Soil								
Date Extracted (TRH C6-C9 PT)				18/11/11	SE90013-3	18/11/2011    18/11/2011	LCS	18/11/11
Date Analysed (TRH C6-C9 PT)				18/11/11	SE90013-3	18/11/2011    18/11/2011	LCS	18/11/11
TRH C6 - C9 P&T	mg/kg	20	AN410	<20	SE90013-3	250    [N/T]	LCS	118%
Date Extracted (TRH C10-C40)				18/11/2011	SE90013-3	18/11/2011    18/11/2011	LCS	18/11/11
Date Analysed (TRH C10-C40)				18/11/2011	SE90013-3	18/11/2011    18/11/2011	LCS	18/11/11
TRH C10 - C14	mg/kg	20	AN403	<20	SE90013-3	5900    6100    RPD: 3	LCS	103%
TRH C15 - C28	mg/kg	50	AN403	<50	SE90013-3	14000    14000    RPD: 0	LCS	108%
TRH C29 - C40	mg/kg	150	AN403	<150	SE90013-3	<150    <150	LCS	93%



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Page 20 of 29

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QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
PAHs in Soil								
Date Extracted				18/11/2011	SE90013-3	18/11/2011    18/11/2011	LCS	18/11/2011
Date Analysed				18/11/2011	SE90013-3	18/11/2011    18/11/2011	LCS	18/11/2011
Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	5.9    6.7    RPD: 13	LCS	101%
2-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	30    32    RPD: 6	[NR]	[NR]
1-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	17    18    RPD: 6	[NR]	[NR]
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	0.41    0.50    RPD: 20	LCS	100%
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	1.8    1.8    RPD: 0	LCS	100%
Fluorene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	5.3    6.1    RPD: 14	[NR]	[NR]
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	8.5    8.7    RPD: 2	LCS	99%
Anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	1.5    2.2    RPD: 38	LCS	104%
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	0.42    0.44    RPD: 5	LCS	98%
Pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	2.3    2.3    RPD: 0	LCS	103%
Benzo[a]anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	0.12    0.12    RPD: 0	[NR]	[NR]
Chrysene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	0.11    0.13    RPD: 17	[NR]	[NR]
Benzo[b,k]fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.2	AN422	<0.20	SE90013-3	<0.20    <0.20	[NR]	[NR]
Benzo[a]pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	0.10    <0.10	LCS	103%
Indeno[123-cd]pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	<0.10    <0.10	[NR]	[NR]
Dibenzo[ah]anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	<0.10    <0.10	[NR]	[NR]
Benzo[ghi]perylene	mg/kg	0.1	AN422	<0.10	SE90013-3	<0.10    <0.10	[NR]	[NR]
Total PAHs (sum)	mg/kg	1.8	AN422	<1.8	SE90013-3	<73.71    <78.67	[NR]	[NR]
Nitrobenzene-d5	%	0	AN422	86	SE90013-3	84    122    RPD: 37	LCS	82%
2-Fluorobiphenyl	%	0	AN422	83	SE90013-3	96    95    RPD: 1	LCS	81%
p-Terphenyl-d14	%	0	AN422	90	SE90013-3	103    102    RPD: 1	LCS	84%



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QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
OC Pesticides in Soil								
Date Extracted				18/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	18/11/2011
Date Analysed				18/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	18/11/2011
HCB	mg/kg	0.1	AN400	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Total , , - BHC	mg/kg	0.3	AN400	<0.3	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	88%
gamma-BHC(Lindane)	mg/kg	0.1	AN400	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Heptachlor Epoxide	mg/kg	0.1	AN400	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Heptachlor	mg/kg	0.1	AN400	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	107%
Methoxychlor	mg/kg	0.1	AN400	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Aldrin	mg/kg	0.1	AN400	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	96%
Dieldrin	mg/kg	0.05	AN400	<0.05	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	92%
Endrin	mg/kg	0.1	AN400	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	100%
Total & - Endosulfan	mg/kg	0.2	AN400	<0.2	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Endosulfan Sulphate	mg/kg	0.1	AN400	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Total DDD	mg/kg	0.2	AN400	<0.2	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Total DDE	mg/kg	0.2	AN400	<0.2	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Total DDT	mg/kg	0.2	AN400	<0.2	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	96%
Total cis, trans- Chlordane	mg/kg	0.2	AN400	<0.2	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xy lene (Surrogate	%	0	AN400	79	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	83%



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QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
PCBs in Soil								
Date Extracted				18/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	18/11/2011
Date Analysed				18/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	18/11/2011
Polychlorobiphenyls Total	mg/kg	0.9	AN400	<0.9	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	113%
PCB_Surrogate 1	%	0	AN400	79	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	99%

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
Total Phenolics in Soil								
Date Extracted (Phenols)				23/11/2011	SE90013-3	23/11/2011    23/11/2011	LCS	23/11/2011
Date Analysed (Phenols)				23/11/2011	SE90013-3	23/11/2011    23/11/2011	LCS	23/11/2011
Total Phenolics (as Phenol)	mg/kg	0.1	AN289	<0.1	SE90013-3	0.4    0.4    RPD: 0	LCS	107%

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
Cyanide								
Date Extracted (Total Cyanide)				23/11/2011	SE90013-3	23/11/2011    23/11/2011	LCS	23/11/2011
Date Analysed (Total Cyanide)				23/11/2011	SE90013-3	23/11/2011    23/11/2011	LCS	23/11/2011
Total Cyanide	mg/kg	0.1	AN287	<0.10	SE90013-3	0.18    0.17    RPD: 6	LCS	93%

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
Metals in Soil by ICP-OES								
Date Extracted (Metals)				22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	22/11/2011
Date Analysed (Metals)				22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	22/11/2011
Arsenic	mg/kg	3	AN320	<3	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	99%
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.3	AN320	<0.3	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	100%
Chromium	mg/kg	0.3	AN320	<0.3	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	101%
Copper	mg/kg	0.5	AN320	<0.5	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	101%
Lead	mg/kg	1	AN320	<1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	100%



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QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
Metals in Soil by ICP-OES								
Nickel	mg/kg	0.5	AN320	<0.5	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	102%
Zinc	mg/kg	0.5	AN320	<0.5	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	101%

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
Mercury Cold Vapor/Hg Analyser								
Date Extracted (Mercury)				23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	23/11/2011
Date Analysed (Mercury)				23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	23/11/2011
Mercury	mg/kg	0.05	AN312	<0.05	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	118%

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
MBTEX in Water (µg/L)								
Date Extracted (MBTEX)				22/11/11	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	22/11/11
Date Analysed (MBTEX)				22/11/11	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	22/11/11
Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MtBE)	µg/L	1	AN410	<1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	99%
Benzene	µg/L	0.5	AN410	<0.5	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	89%
Toluene	µg/L	0.5	AN410	<0.5	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	85%
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	0.5	AN410	<0.5	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	83%
Total Xylenes	µg/L	1.5	AN410	<1.5	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	82%
Surrogate	%	0	AN410	95	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	99%



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QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
TRH in water with C6-C9 by P/T								
Date Extracted (TRH C6-C9 PT)				22/11/11	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Date Analysed (TRH C6-C9 PT)				22/11/11	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
TRH C6 - C9 P&T in µg/L	µg/L	40	AN410	<40	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Date Extracted (TRH C10-C36)				22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	SE90013-10	18/11/2011
Date Analysed (TRH C10-C36)				22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	SE90013-10	18/11/2011
TRH C10 - C14	µg/L	100	AN403	<100	[NT]	[NT]	SE90013-10	#
TRH C15 - C28	µg/L	200	AN403	<200	[NT]	[NT]	SE90013-10	#
TRH C29 - C40	µg/L	400	AN403	<400	[NT]	[NT]	SE90013-10	95%

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
PAHs in Water								
Date Extracted				23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	23/11/2011
Date Analysed				23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	23/11/2011
Naphthalene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	103%
2-Methylnaphthalene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.5	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
1-Methylnaphthalene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.5	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Acenaphthylene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	106%
Acenaphthene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	105%
Fluorene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Phenanthrene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	110%
Anthracene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	103%
Fluoranthene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	110%
Pyrene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	110%
Benzo[a]anthracene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Chrysene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Benzo[b,k]fluoranthene	µg/L	1	AN422	<1.0	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Benzo[a]pyrene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	101%
Indeno[123-cd]pyrene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Dibenzo[ah]anthracene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]



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QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
PAHs in Water								
Benzo[ghi]perylene	µg/L	0.5	AN422	<0.50	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Total PAHs	µg/L	9	AN422	<9	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Nitrobenzene-d5	%	0	AN422	111	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	107%
2-Fluorobiphenyl	%	0	AN422	108	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	108%
p -Terphenyl-d 14	%	0	AN422	118	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	119%

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
Metals in water by ICP-OES								
Date Extracted (Metals)				21/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	21/11/2011
Date Analysed (Metals)				21/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	21/11/2011
Arsenic (Dissolved)	mg/L	0.05	AN320	<0.05	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	96%
Cadmium (Dissolved)	mg/L	0.005	AN320	<0.005	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	98%
Chromium (Dissolved)	mg/L	0.005	AN320	<0.005	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	98%
Copper (Dissolved)	mg/L	0.01	AN320	<0.01	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	97%
Lead (Dissolved)	mg/L	0.02	AN320	<0.02	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	98%
Nickel (Dissolved)	mg/L	0.01	AN320	<0.010	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	99%
Zinc (Dissolved)	mg/L	0.01	AN320	<0.010	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	98%

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
Mercury Cold Vapor/Hg Analyser								
Date Extracted (Mercury)				23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	23/11/2011
Date Analysed (Mercury)				23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	23/11/2011
Mercury (Dissolved)	mg/L	0.0001	AN312	<0.0001	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	100%

QUALITY CONTROL Hold sample-NO test required	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank
Sample on HOLD		[NT]		[NT]

QUALITY CONTROL Moisture	UNITS	LOR	METHOD	Blank
Date Analysed (moisture)				[NT]
Moisture	%	1	AN002	<1

QUALITY CONTROL MBTEX in Soil	UNITS	Dup. Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD
Date Extracted (MBTEX)		SE90013-2 0	18/11/2011    18/11/2011
Date Analysed (MBTEX)		SE90013-2 0	18/11/2011    18/11/2011
Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MtBE)	mg/kg	SE90013-2 0	<0.1    <0.1
Benzene	mg/kg	SE90013-2 0	<0.1    <0.1
Toluene	mg/kg	SE90013-2 0	<0.1    <0.1
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	SE90013-2 0	<0.1    <0.1
Total Xylenes	mg/kg	SE90013-2 0	<0.3    <0.3
BTEX Surrogate (%)	%	SE90013-2 0	94    93    RPD: 1



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Page 27 of 29

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QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	Dup. Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons in Soil			
Date Extracted (TRH C6-C9 PT)		SE90013-2 0	18/11/2011    18/11/2011
Date Analysed (TRH C6-C9 PT)		SE90013-2 0	18/11/2011    18/11/2011
TRH C6 - C9 P&T	mg/kg	SE90013-2 0	30    40    RPD: 29
Date Extracted (TRH C10-C40)		SE90013-2 0	18/11/2011    18/11/2011
Date Analysed (TRH C10-C40)		SE90013-2 0	18/11/2011    18/11/2011

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	Dup. Sm#	Duplicate Base + Duplicate + %RPD	Spike Sm#	Matrix Spike % Recovery Duplicate + %RPD
TRH in water with C6-C9 by P/T					
Date Extracted (TRH C6-C9 PT)		[NT]	[NT]	LCS	22/11/11
Date Analysed (TRH C6-C9 PT)		[NT]	[NT]	LCS	22/11/11
TRH C6 - C9 P&T in µg/L	µg/L	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	114%
Date Extracted (TRH C10-C36)		[NT]	[NT]	LCS	22/11/2011
Date Analysed (TRH C10-C36)		[NT]	[NT]	LCS	22/11/2011
TRH C10 - C14	µg/L	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	92%
TRH C15 - C28	µg/L	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	111%
TRH C29 - C40	µg/L	[NT]	[NT]	LCS	115%



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NATA accredited laboratory 2562 (4354).  
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Page 28 of 29

WORLD RECOGNISED  
ACCREDITATION

SGS Australia Pty Ltd  
ABN 44 000 964 278

Environmental Services Unit 16/33 Maddox Street Alexandria NSW 2015 Australia  
t +61 (0)2 8594 0400 f + 61 (0)2 8594 0499 www.au.sgs.com

**Result Codes**

[INS] : Insufficient Sample for this test  
[NR] : Not Requested  
[NT] : Not tested  
[LOR] : Limit of reporting

[RPD] : Relative Percentage Difference  
\* : Not part of NATA Accreditation  
[N/A] : Not Applicable

**Report Comments**

Samples analysed as received. Solid samples expressed on a dry weight basis.

Date Organics extraction commenced:

NATA Corporate Accreditation No. 2562, Site No 4354

Note: Test results are not corrected for recovery (excluding Air-toxics and Dioxins/Furans\*)

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([www.sgs.com/terms\\_and\\_conditions.htm](http://www.sgs.com/terms_and_conditions.htm)). Attention is drawn to the limitations of liability, indemnification and jurisdictional issues established therein.

This document is to be treated as an original within the meaning of UCP 600. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.

**Quality Control Protocol**

**Method Blank:** An analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volume or proportions as used in sample processing. The method blank should be carried through the complete sample preparation and analytical procedure. A method blank is prepared every 20 samples.

**Duplicate:** A separate portion of a sample being analysed that is treated the same as the other samples in the batch. One duplicate is processed at least every 10 samples.

**Surrogate Spike:** An organic compound which is similar to the target analyte(s) in chemical composition and behavior in the analytical process, but which is not normally found in environmental samples. Surrogates are added to samples before extraction to monitor extraction efficiency and percent recovery in each sample.

**Internal Standard:** Added to all samples requiring analysis for organics (where relevant) or metals by ICP after the extraction/digestion process; the compounds/elements serve to give a standard of retention time and/or response, which is invariant from run-to-run with the instruments.

**Laboratory Control Sample:** A known matrix spiked with compound(s) representative of the target analytes. It is used to document laboratory performance. When the results of the matrix spike analysis indicates a potential problem due to the sample matrix itself, the LCS results are used to verify that the laboratory can perform the analysis in a clean matrix.

**Matrix Spike:** An aliquot of sample spiked with a known concentration of target analyte(s). The spiking occurs prior to sample preparation and analysis. A matrix spike is used to document the bias of a method in a given sample matrix.

**Quality Acceptance Criteria**

The QC criteria are subject to internal review according to the SGS QAQC plan and may be provided on request or alternatively can be found here: <http://www.au.sgs.com/sgs-mp-au-env-qu-022-qa-qc-plan-en-11.pdf>



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# GEOTECHNIQUE PTY LTD

## Laboratory Test Request / Chain of Custody Record

Lemko Place

PENRITH NSW 2750

P O Box 880

PENRITH NSW 2751

Tel: (02) 4722 2700

Fax: (02) 4722 6161

email: info@geotech.com.au

Page 1 of 4

TO: SGS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

UNIT 16

33 MADDOX STREET

ALEXANDRIA NSW 2015

PH: 02 8594 0400

FAX: 02 8594 0499

ATTN: MS ANGELA MAMALICOS

Sampling By: AN

Job No: 12593/1

Project:

Project Manager: JX

Location: Mona Vale

### Results required by: Wednesday 23 November 2011 (Normal TAT)

Location	Sampling details			Sample type		Heavy Metals As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni and Zn	TPH* & BTEX	PAH	OCP	PCB	TOTAL PHENOLS	TOTAL CYANIDES	BTEX	KEEP SAMPLE
	Depth (m)	Date	Time	Soil	Water									
1 MW1	0.07-0.15	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
2 MW1	0.2-0.5	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
3 MW1	0.8-1.1	16/11/2011	-	SG			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		YES
4 MW1	1.3-1.6	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
5 MW1	1.8-2.1	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
6 MW1	2.3-2.6	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
7 MW1	2.8-3.1	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
8 MW1	3.3-3.6	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
9 MW1	5.0-5.3	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
10 BH1	0.1-0.2	16/11/2011	-	SG		✓	✓	✓						YES
11 BH1	0.2-0.5	16/11/2011	-	SG			✓	✓						YES
12 BH1	0.7-0.9	16/11/2011	-	SG		✓	✓	✓						YES

Received by

Signature

Date

Name

Date

Signature

JX

JOHN XU

17/11/2011

Suba

Signature

Date

Name

Date

Signature

JX

JOHN XU

17/11/2011

Suba

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JX

Lemko Place  
PENRITH NSW 2750  
P O Box 880  
PENRITH NSW 2751  
Tel: (02) 4722 2700  
Fax: (02) 4722 6161  
email: info@geotech.com.au

Page 2 of 4

TO: SGS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

UNIT 16  
33 MADDOX STREET  
ALEXANDRIA NSW 2015

Sampling By: AN

Job No: 12593/1

Project:

PH: 02 8594 0400

FAX: 02 8594 0499

JX

Location: Mona Vale

Project Manager:

ATTN: MS ANGELA MAMALICOS

Sampling details				Results required by: Wednesday 23 November 2011 (Normal TAT)											
Location	Depth (m)	Date	Time	Sample type		Heavy Metals As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni and Zn	TPH* & BTEX	PAH	OCP	PCB	TOTAL PHENOLS	TOTAL CYANIDES	BTEX	KEEP SAMPLE	
				Soil	Water										
13 BH1	1.0-1.3	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
14 BH1	1.5-1.8	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
15 BH1	2.5-2.8	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
16 BH1	3.5-3.8	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
17 BH1	4.5-4.8	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
18 BH2	0.1-0.2	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
19 BH2	0.2-0.5	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
20 BH2	0.5-0.8	16/11/2011	-		SG		✓	✓						YES	
21 BH2	0.85-1.15	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
22 BH2	1.3-1.6	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
23 BH2	2.0-2.3	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
24 BH2	3.0-3.0	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
Relinquished by				Received by											
Name JOHN XU				Signature jx		Date 17/11/2011		Name Suba		Signature [Signature]		Date 16/11/15			
Legend:															
WG	Water sample, glass bottle			SG		Soil sample (glass jar)			SP		Soil sample (plastic bag)			* Purge & Trap	
WP	Water sample, plastic bottle								✓		Test required				



Lemko Place  
PENRITH NSW 2750  
Tel: (02) 4722 2700  
Fax: (02) 4722 6161  
email: info@geotech.com.au

P O Box 880  
PENRITH NSW 2751

Page 3 of 4

TO: SGS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

UNIT 16  
33 MADDOX STREET  
ALEXANDRIA NSW 2015

PH: 02 8594 0400

FAX: 02 8594 0499

Sampling By:

AN

Job No: 12593/1

Project:

Project Manager:

JX

Location: Mona Vale

ATTN: MS ANGELA MAMALICOS

### Results required by: Wednesday 23 November 2011 (Normal TAT)

Location	Sampling details			Sample type		Heavy Metals As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni and Zn	TPH* & BTEX	PAH	OCP	PCB	TOTAL PHENOLS	TOTAL CYANIDES	BTEX	KEEP SAMPLE
	Depth (m)	Date	Time	Soil	Water									
25 BH2	4.0-4.3	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
26 BH3	0.15-0.45	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
27 BH3	0.65-0.9	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
28 BH3	1.0-1.3	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
29 BH3	2.0-2.3	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
30 BH3	3.0-3.3	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
31 BH3	4.0-4.3	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
32 BH4	0.1-0.2	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
33 BH4	0.2-0.5	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
34 BH4	0.5-0.8	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
35 BH4	0.85-1.15	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES
36 BH4	2.0-2.3	16/11/2011	-	SG										YES

Received by

Signature

Date

Name

Date

Signature

17/11/2011

Name

Signature

Date

Legend:

WG Water sample, glass bottle

WP Water sample, plastic bottle

SG Soil sample (glass jar)

SG Soil sample (plastic bag)

SP

✓

Test required

Soil sample (plastic bag)

\* Purge & Trap

Lemko Place  
PENRITH NSW 2750

email: [info@geotech.com.au](mailto:info@geotech.com.au)

**UNIT 16  
33 MADDOX STREET  
ALEXANDRIA NSW 2015**

**PH: 02 8594 0400**

**Location:** **Mona Vale**

**Results required by: Wednesday 23 November 2011 (Normal TAT)**

Sampling details					Results required by: Wednesday 23 November 2011 (Normal TAT)										
Location	Depth (m)	Date	Time	Sample type		Heavy Metals As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni and Zn	TPH* & BTEX	PAH	OCP	PCB	TOTAL PHENOLS	TOTAL CYANIDES	BTEX	KEEP SAMPLE	
				Soil	Water										
	-	16/11/2011	-		SG	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		YES	
	-	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
	-	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
	-	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
	-	16/11/2011	-		SG									YES	
	-	16/11/2011	-	WG		✓	✓	✓					✓	YES	
	-		-	-										YES	
Relinquished by					Received by										
Name		Signature		Date		Name		Signature		Date					
JOHN XU		JX		17/11/2011		SUSA		S. S. S. S.		16/11/11					
Legend:															
WG	Water sample, glass bottle				SG	Soil sample (glass jar)				SP	Soil sample (plastic bag)				* Purge & Trap
WP	Water sample, plastic bottle									✓	Test required				



## SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE (SRA)

18 November 2011

### Client Details

Requested By : Alan Thompson  
Client : GEOTECHNIQUE PTY LTD  
Contact : Alan Thompson (C/O Mona Vale Golf)  
Address : P O Box 880  
PENRITH NSW 2751

Email : valan4@optusnet.com.au  
Telephone : 02 4722 2700  
Facsimile : 02 4722 6161

Project : 12593-1 - Mona Vale - Geotechnique  
Order Number :  
Samples : 42 Soils, 1 Water

### Laboratory Details

Laboratory : SGS Environmental Services  
Manager : Edward Ibrahim  
Address : Unit 16, 33 Maddox Street  
Alexandria NSW 2015

Email : au.samlerecept.sydney@sgs.com  
Telephone : 61 2 8594 0400  
Facsimile : 61 2 8594 0499

Report No : SE90013  
No. of Samples : 43  
Due Date : 23/11/2011

Date Instructions Received : 17/11/2011  
Sample Receipt Date : 16/11/11

Samples received in good order : YES  
Samples received without headspace : YES  
Upon receipt sample temperature : Cool  
Sample containers provided by : SGS  
Turnaround time requested : Standard

Samples received in correct container : YES  
Sufficient quantity supplied : YES  
Cooling Method : Ice Pack  
Samples clearly Labelled : YES  
Completed documentation received : YES

Samples will be held for 1 month for water samples and 3 months for soil samples from date of receipt of samples, unless otherwise instructed.

### Comments

To the extent not inconsistent with the other provisions of this document and unless specifically agreed otherwise in writing by SGS, all SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS General Conditions of Service accessible at [http://www.sgs.com/terms\\_and\\_conditions.htm](http://www.sgs.com/terms_and_conditions.htm) as at the date of this document. Attention is drawn to the limitations of liability and to the clauses of indemnification.

The signed chain of custody will be returned to you with the original report.



**SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE (SRA) - continued**

Client : GEOTECHNIQUE PTY LTD  
Project : 12593-1 - Mona Vale - Geotechnique

Report No : SE90013

**Summary of Samples and Requested Analysis**

The table below represents SGS Environmental Service's understanding and interpretation of the customer supplied sample request.

Please indicate ASAP if your request differs from these details.

Testing shall commence immediately as per this table, unless the customer intervenes with a correction prior to testing.

Note that a small X in the table below indicates some testing has not been requested in the package.

Sample No.	Description	Metals Prep. soil, water, TCLP	MBTEX in Soil	TRH in soil C6-C9 by P/T	PAHs in Soil	OC Pesticides in Soil (GEOT)	total PCBs in Soil (GEOT)	Phenols in Soil	Cyanide	Metals in Soil by ICP-OES	Mercury Cold Vapor/Hg Analyser	MBTEX in Water (µg/L)	TRH in water with C6-C9 by P/T	PAHs in Water	Metals in water by ICP-OES	Mercury Cold Vapor/Hg Analyser
1	MW1															
2	MW1															
3	MW1	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					
4	MW1															
5	MW1															
6	MW1															
7	MW1															
8	MW1															
9	MW1															
10	BH1	x	X	X	X					X	X					
11	BH1															
12	BH1	x	X	X	X					X	X					
13	BH1															
14	BH1															
15	BH1															
16	BH1															
17	BH1															
18	BH2															

## SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE (SRA) - continued

Client : GEOTECHNIQUE PTY LTD  
Project : 12593-1 - Mona Vale - Geotechnique

Report No : SE90013

Sample No.	Description	Metals Prep, soil, water, TCLP	MBTEX in Soil	TRH in soil C6-C9 by P/T	PAHs in Soil	OC Pesticides in Soil (GEOT)	total PCBs in Soil (GEOT)	Phenols in Soil	Cyanide	Metals in Soil by ICP-OES	Mercury Cold Vapor/Hg Analyser	MBTEX in Water (µg/L)	TRH in water with C6-C9 by P/T	PAHs in Water	Metals in water by ICP-OES	Mercury Cold Vapor/Hg Analyser
19	BH2															
20	BH2	x	X	X	X					X	X					
21	BH2															
22	BH2															
23	BH2															
24	BH2															
25	BH2															
26	BH3															
27	BH3															
28	BH3															
29	BH3	x	X	X	X					X	X					
30	BH3															
31	BH3															
32	BH4															
33	BH4	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					
34	BH4		X	X	X											
35	BH4															
36	BH4															
37	Duplicate D1															
38	Duplicate D2	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					
39	Duplicate D3															
40	Duplicate D4															
41	Duplicate D5															
42	Rinsate R1	x										X	X	X	X	X

## SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE (SRA) - continued

Client : GEOTECHNIQUE PTY LTD  
Project : 12593-1 - Mona Vale - Geotechnique

Report No : SE90013

Sample No.	Description	Metals Prep, soil, water, TCLP	MBTEX in Soil	TRH in soil C6-C9 by P/T	PAHs in Soil	OC Pesticides in Soil (GEOT)	total PCBs in Soil (GEOT)	Phenols in Soil	Cyanide	Metals in Soil by ICP-OES	Mercury Cold Vapor/Hg Analyser	MBTEX in Water (µg/L)	TRH in water with C6-C9 by P/T	PAHs in Water	Metals in water by ICP-OES	Mercury Cold Vapor/Hg Analyser
43	Trip Spike TS1		X													

Sample No.	Description	Hold sample-NO test required	Moisture
1	MW1	X	
2	MW1	X	
3	MW1		X
4	MW1	X	
5	MW1	X	
6	MW1	X	
7	MW1	X	
8	MW1	X	
9	MW1	X	
10	BH1		X
11	BH1	X	
12	BH1		X
13	BH1	X	
14	BH1	X	



**SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE (SRA) - continued**

Client : GEOTECHNIQUE PTY LTD  
Project : 12593-1 - Mona Vale - Geotechnique

Report No : SE90013

Sample No.	Description	Hold sample-NO test required	Moisture
15	BH1	X	
16	BH1	X	
17	BH1	X	
18	BH2	X	
19	BH2	X	
20	BH2		X
21	BH2	X	
22	BH2	X	
23	BH2	X	
24	BH2	X	
25	BH2	X	
26	BH3	X	
27	BH3	X	
28	BH3	X	
29	BH3		X
30	BH3	X	
31	BH3	X	
32	BH4	X	
33	BH4		X
34	BH4		X
35	BH4	X	
36	BH4	X	
37	Duplicate D1	X	
38	Duplicate D2		X
39	Duplicate D3	X	



**SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE (SRA) - continued**

Client : GEOTECHNIQUE PTY LTD  
Project : 12593-1 - Mona Vale - Geotechnique

Report No : SE90013

Sample No.	Description	Hold sample-NO test required	Moisture
40	Duplicate D4	X	
41	Duplicate D5	X	
42	Rinsate R1		
43	Trip_spike TS1		





**Envirolab Services Pty Ltd**  
ABN 37 112 535 645  
12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067  
ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201  
enquiries@envirolabservices.com.au  
www.envirolabservices.com.au

**CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

**65234**

**Client:**

**Geotechnique Pty Ltd**  
PO Box 880  
Penrith  
NSW 2751

**Attention:** John Xu

**Sample log in details:**

Your Reference:	<b><u>12593/1, Mona Vale</u></b>
No. of samples:	4 Soils
Date samples received / completed instructions received	16/11/11 / 17/11/11

**Analysis Details:**

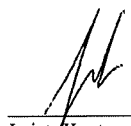
Please refer to the following pages for results, methodology summary and quality control data.  
Samples were analysed as received from the client. Results relate specifically to the samples as received.  
Results are reported on a dry weight basis for solids and on an as received basis for other matrices.  
***Please refer to the last page of this report for any comments relating to the results.***

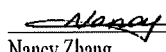
**Report Details:**

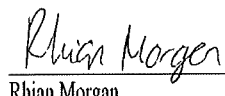
Date results requested by: / Issue Date:	23/11/11 / 15/12/11
Date of Preliminary Report:	Not Issued


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Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025. **Tests not covered by NATA are denoted with \*.**

**Results Approved By:**

  
Jacinta Hurst  
Laboratory Manager

  
Nancy Zhang  
Chemist

  
Rhian Morgan  
Reporting Supervisor

  
Nick Sarlamis  
Inorganics Supervisor

vTRH & BTEX in Soil		
Our Reference:	UNITS	65234-3
Your Reference	-----	S3
Date Sampled	-----	16/11/11
Type of sample		Soil
Date extracted	-	22/11/2011
Date analysed	-	23/11/2011
vTRH C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>9</sub>	mg/kg	<25
Benzene	mg/kg	<0.2
Toluene	mg/kg	<0.5
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	<1
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	<2
o-Xylene	mg/kg	<1
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%	88

sTRH in Soil (C10-C36)		
Our Reference:	UNITS	65234-3
Your Reference	-----	S3
Date Sampled	-----	16/11/11
Type of sample		Soil
Date extracted	-	22/11/2011
Date analysed	-	22/11/2011
TRHC <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>14</sub>	mg/kg	<50
TRHC <sub>15</sub> - C <sub>28</sub>	mg/kg	<100
TRHC <sub>29</sub> - C <sub>36</sub>	mg/kg	<100
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%	105

PAHs in Soil		
Our Reference:	UNITS	65234-3
Your Reference	-----	S3
Date Sampled	-----	16/11/11
Type of sample	.	Soil
Date extracted	-	22/11/2011
Date analysed	-	23/11/2011
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<0.1
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	<0.1
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	<0.1
Fluorene	mg/kg	<0.1
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	<0.1
Anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.1
Pyrene	mg/kg	<0.1
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1
Chrysene	mg/kg	<0.1
Benzo(b+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.2
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.05
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.1
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	<0.1
Surrogate <i>p</i> -Terphenyl-d <sub>14</sub>	%	88

Organochlorine Pesticides	UNITS	65234-3
Our Reference:	-----	S3
Your Reference	-----	16/11/11
Date Sampled		Soil
Type of sample		
Date extracted	-	22/11/2011
Date analysed	-	23/11/2011
HCB	mg/kg	<0.1
alpha-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1
gamma-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1
beta-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1
Heptachlor	mg/kg	<0.1
delta-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1
Aldrin	mg/kg	<0.1
Heptachlor Epoxide	mg/kg	<0.1
gamma-Chlordane	mg/kg	<0.1
alpha-chlordane	mg/kg	<0.1
Endosulfan I	mg/kg	<0.1
DDE	mg/kg	<0.2
Dieldrin	mg/kg	0.2
Endrin	mg/kg	<0.1
DDD	mg/kg	<0.2
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	<0.1
DDT	mg/kg	<0.2
Endrin Aldehyde	mg/kg	<0.1
Endosulfan Sulphate	mg/kg	<0.1
Methoxychlor	mg/kg	<0.1
Surrogate TCLMX	%	133

PCBs in Soil		
Our Reference:	UNITS	65234-3
Your Reference	-----	S3
Date Sampled	-----	16/11/11
Type of sample		Soil
Date extracted	-	22/11/2011
Date analysed	-	23/11/2011
Arochlor 1016	mg/kg	<0.1
Arochlor 1221	mg/kg	<0.1
Arochlor 1232	mg/kg	<0.1
Arochlor 1242	mg/kg	<0.1
Arochlor 1248	mg/kg	<0.1
Arochlor 1254	mg/kg	<0.1
Arochlor 1260	mg/kg	<0.1
Surrogate TCLMX	%	133

Total Phenolics in Soil	UNITS	65234-3
Our Reference:	-----	S3
Your Reference	-----	16/11/11
Date Sampled		Soil
Type of sample		
Date extracted	-	22/11/2011
Date analysed	-	22/11/2011
Total Phenolics (as Phenol)	mg/kg	<5

Acid Extractable metals in soil		
Our Reference:	UNITS	65234-3
Your Reference	-----	S3
Date Sampled	-----	16/11/11
Type of sample		Soil
Arsenic	mg/kg	12
Cadmium	mg/kg	<0.5
Chromium	mg/kg	31
Copper	mg/kg	30
Lead	mg/kg	14
Mercury	mg/kg	0.6
Nickel	mg/kg	29
Zinc	mg/kg	68



Miscellaneous Inorg - soil	UNITS	65234-3
Our Reference:	-----	S3
Your Reference	-----	16/11/11
Date Sampled		Soil
Type of sample		
Date prepared	-	23/11/2011
Date analysed	-	23/11/2011
Total Cyanide	mg/kg	<0.5

Moisture		
Our Reference:	UNITS	65234-3
Your Reference	-----	S3
Date Sampled	-----	16/11/11
Type of sample		Soil
Date prepared	-	22/11/2011
Date analysed	-	23/11/2011
Moisture	%	19

Method ID	Methodology Summary
Org-016	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS. Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS.
Org-003	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-FID.
Org-012 subset	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-MS.
Org-005	Soil samples are extracted with dichloromethane/acetone and waters with dichloromethane and analysed by GC with dual ECD's.
Org-006	Soil samples are extracted with dichloromethane/acetone and waters with dichloromethane and analysed by GC-ECD.
Inorg-030	Total Phenolics - determined colorimetrically following disitillation, based upon APHA 21st ED 5530 D.
Metals-020 ICP-AES	Determination of various metals by ICP-AES.
Metals-021 CV-AAS	Determination of Mercury by Cold Vapour AAS.
Inorg-013	Cyanide - total determined colourimetrically after distillation, based on APHA 21st ED, 4500-CN_C,E. Free cyanide determined colourimetrically after filtration.
Inorg-008	Moisture content determined by heating at 105 deg C for a minimum of 4 hours.

QUALITYCONTROL	UNITS	PQL	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate results	Spike Sm#	Spike Reco
vTRH & BTEX in Soil						Base II Duplicate II %RPD		
Date extracted	-			22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-3	22/11
Date analysed	-			23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-3	23/11
vTRHC <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>9</sub>	mg/kg	25	Org-016	<25	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-3	1
Benzene	mg/kg	0.2	Org-016	<0.2	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-3	1
Toluene	mg/kg	0.5	Org-016	<0.5	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-3	1
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	1	Org-016	<1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-3	1
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	2	Org-016	<2	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-3	1
o-Xylene	mg/kg	1	Org-016	<1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-3	1
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%		Org-016	81	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-3	1
QUALITYCONTROL	UNITS	PQL	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate results	Spike Sm#	Spike Reco
sTRH in Soil (C10-C36)						Base II Duplicate II %RPD		
Date extracted	-			22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	22/11
Date analysed	-			22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	22/11
TRHC <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>14</sub>	mg/kg	50	Org-003	<50	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	1
TRHC <sub>15</sub> - C <sub>28</sub>	mg/kg	100	Org-003	<100	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	1
TRHC <sub>28</sub> - C <sub>36</sub>	mg/kg	100	Org-003	<100	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	1
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%		Org-003	104	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	1
QUALITYCONTROL	UNITS	PQL	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate results	Spike Sm#	Spike Reco
PAHs in Soil						Base II Duplicate II %RPD		
Date extracted	-			22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	22/11
Date analysed	-			23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	23/11
Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	1
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[ ]
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[ ]
Fluorene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	1
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	1
Anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[ ]
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	1
Pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	1
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[ ]
Chrysene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	1

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	PQL	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate results	Spike Sm#	Spike % Recovery
PAHs in Soil						Base II Duplicate II %RPD		
Benzo(b+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.2	Org-012 subset	<0.2	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	0.05	Org-012 subset	<0.05	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	108%
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012 subset	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%		Org-012 subset	93	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	90%
QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	PQL	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate results	Spike Sm#	Spike % Recovery
Organochlorine Pesticides						Base II Duplicate II %RPD		
Date extracted	-			22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	22/11/2011
Date analysed	-			23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	23/11/2011
HCB	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
alpha-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	109%
gamma-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
beta-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	110%
Heptachlor	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	95%
delta-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Aldrin	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	107%
Heptachlor Epoxide	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	107%
gamma-Chlordane	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
alpha-chlordane	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Endosulfan I	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
DDE	mg/kg	0.2	Org-005	<0.2	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	105%
Dieldrin	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	117%
Endrin	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	99%
DDD	mg/kg	0.2	Org-005	<0.2	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	112%
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
DDT	mg/kg	0.2	Org-005	<0.2	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Endrin Aldehyde	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Endosulfan Sulphate	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	106%
Methoxychlor	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[NR]
Surrogate TCLMX	%		Org-005	103	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	101%

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	PQL	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate results	Spike Sm#	Spike Reco
PCBs in Soil						Base II Duplicate II %RPD		
Date extracted	-			22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	22/1
Date analysed	-			23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	23/1
Arochlor 1016	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[
Arochlor 1221	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[
Arochlor 1232	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[
Arochlor 1242	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[
Arochlor 1248	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[
Arochlor 1254	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	9
Arochlor 1260	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NR]	[
Surrogate TCLMX	%		Org-006	103	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	11
QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	PQL	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate results	Spike Sm#	Spike Reco
Total Phenolics in Soil						Base II Duplicate II %RPD		
Date extracted	-			22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	22/1
Date analysed	-			22/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	22/1
Total Phenolics (as Phenol)	mg/kg	5	Inorg-030	<5	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	9
QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	PQL	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate results	Spike Sm#	Spike Reco
Acid Extractable metals in soil						Base II Duplicate II %RPD		
Arsenic	mg/kg	4	Metals-020 ICP-AES	<4	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	11
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.5	Metals-020 ICP-AES	<0.5	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	11
Chromium	mg/kg	1	Metals-020 ICP-AES	<1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	11
Copper	mg/kg	1	Metals-020 ICP-AES	<1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	11
Lead	mg/kg	1	Metals-020 ICP-AES	<1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	11
Mercury	mg/kg	0.1	Metals-021 CV-AAS	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	11
Nickel	mg/kg	1	Metals-020 ICP-AES	<1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	11
Zinc	mg/kg	1	Metals-020 ICP-AES	<1	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	11

QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	PQL	METHOD	Blank	Duplicate Sm#	Duplicate results	Spike Sm#	Spike % Recovery
Miscellaneous Inorg - soil						Base II Duplicate II %RPD		
Date prepared	-			23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	23/11/2011
Date analysed	-			23/11/2011	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	23/11/2011
Total Cyanide	mg/kg	0.5	Inorg-013	<0.5	[NT]	[NT]	LCS-1	88%
QUALITY CONTROL	UNITS	PQL	METHOD	Blank				
Moisture								
Date prepared	-			[NT]				
Date analysed	-			[NT]				
Moisture	%	0.1	Inorg-008	[NT]				

**Report Comments:**

This report supersedes the previous report due to a correction of date samples received.

Asbestos ID was analysed by Approved Identifier:	Not applicable for this job
Asbestos ID was authorised by Approved Signatory:	Not applicable for this job

INS: Insufficient sample for this test	PQL: Practical Quantitation Limit	NT: Not tested
NA: Test not required	RPD: Relative Percent Difference	NA: Test not required
<: Less than	>: Greater than	LCS: Laboratory Control Sample

**Quality Control Definitions**

**Blank:** This is the component of the analytical signal which is not derived from the sample but from reagents, glassware etc, can be determined by processing solvents and reagents in exactly the same manner as for samples.

**Duplicate:** This is the complete duplicate analysis of a sample from the process batch. If possible, the sample selected should be one where the analyte concentration is easily measurable.

**Matrix Spike :** A portion of the sample is spiked with a known concentration of target analyte. The purpose of the matrix spike is to monitor the performance of the analytical method used and to determine whether matrix interferences exist.

**LCS (Laboratory Control Sample) :** This comprises either a standard reference material or a control matrix (such as a blank sand or water) fortified with analytes representative of the analyte class. It is simply a check sample.

**Surrogate Spike:** Surrogates are known additions to each sample, blank, matrix spike and LCS in a batch, of compounds which are similar to the analyte of interest, however are not expected to be found in real samples.

**Laboratory Acceptance Criteria**

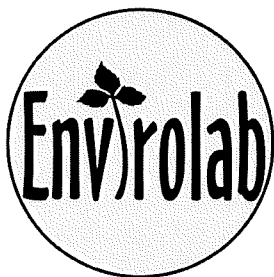
Duplicate sample and matrix spike recoveries may not be reported on smaller jobs, however, were analysed at a frequency to meet or exceed NEPM requirements. All samples are tested in batches of 20. The duplicate sample RPD and matrix spike recoveries for the batch were within the laboratory acceptance criteria.

Duplicates: <5xPQL - any RPD is acceptable; >5xPQL - 0-50% RPD is acceptable.

Matrix Spikes and LCS: Generally 70-130% for inorganics/metals; 60-140% for organics and 10-140% for SVOC and speciated phenols is acceptable.







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## **SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE**

### **Client:**

Geotechnique Pty Ltd  
PO Box 880  
Penrith NSW 2751

ph: 02 4722 2700

Fax: 02 4722 6161

Attention: John Xu

### **Sample log in details:**

Your reference:

**12593/1, Mona Vale**

EnviroLab Reference:

**65234**

Date received:

**16/11/11**

Date results expected to be reported:

**23/11/11**

Samples received in appropriate condition for analysis:

**YES**

No. of samples provided

**4 Soils**

Turnaround time requested:

**Standard**

Temperature on receipt

**Cool**

Cooling Method:

**Ice**

### **Comments:**

Samples will be held for 1 month for water samples and 2 months for soil samples from date of receipt of samples.

### **Contact details:**

Please direct any queries to Aileen Hie or Jacinta Hurst

ph: 02 9910 6200 fax: 02 9910 6201

email: ahie@envirolabservices.com.au or jhurst@envirolabservices.com.au

**APPENDIX F**

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**ENVIRONMENTAL NOTES**

## **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING YOUR ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT**

These notes have been prepared by Geotechnique Pty Ltd, using guidelines prepared by the ASFE (Associated Soil and Foundation Engineers). The notes are offered to assist in the interpretation of your environmental site assessment report.

### **REASONS FOR AN ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT**

Environmental site assessments are typically, though not exclusively, performed in the following circumstances:

- As a pre-acquisition assessment on behalf of either a purchaser or a vendor, when a property is to be sold
- As a pre-development assessment, when a property or area of land is to be redeveloped, or the land use has changed e.g. from a factory to a residential subdivision
- As a pre-development assessment of greenfield sites, to establish baseline conditions and assess environmental, geological and hydrological constraints to the development of e.g. a landfill
- As an audit of the environmental effects of previous and present site usage

Each circumstance requires a specific approach to the assessment of soil and groundwater contamination. In all cases the objective is to identify and if possible quantify the risks that unrecognised contamination poses to the ongoing proposed activity. Such risks may be both financial (clean-up costs or limitations in site use) and physical (health risks to site users or the public).

### **ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT LIMITATIONS**

Although information provided by an environmental site assessment can reduce exposure to the risk of the presence of contamination, no environmental site assessment can eliminate the risk. Even a rigorous professional assessment may not detect all contamination within a site. Contaminants may be present in areas that were not surveyed or sampled, or may migrate to areas which did not show signs of contamination when sampled. Contaminant analysis cannot possibly cover every type of contaminant that may occur; only the most likely contaminants are screened.

### **AN ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT IS BASED ON A UNIQUE SET OF PROJECT SPECIFIC FACTORS**

In the following events and in order to avoid cost problems, you should ask your consultant to assess any changes in the conclusion and recommendations made in the assessment:

- When the nature of the proposed development is changed e.g. if a residential development is proposed, rather than a commercial development
- When the size or configuration of the proposed development is altered e.g. if a basement is added
- When the location or orientation of the proposed structure is modified
- When there is a change of land ownership, or
- For application to an adjacent site

### **ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT FINDINGS ARE PROFESSIONAL ESTIMATES**

Site assessment identifies actual sub-surface conditions only at those points where samples are taken, when they are taken. Data obtained from the sampling and subsequent laboratory analyses are interpreted by geologists, engineers or scientists and opinions are drawn about the overall sub-surface conditions, the nature and extent of contamination, the likely impact on any proposed development and appropriate remediation measures. Actual conditions may differ from those inferred, because no professional, no matter how qualified and no sub-surface exploration program, no matter how comprehensive, can reveal what is hidden by earth, rock and time. The actual interface between materials may be far more gradual or abrupt than an assessment indicates. Actual conditions in areas not sampled may differ from predictions. Nothing can be done to prevent the unanticipated, however, steps can be taken to help minimise the impact. For this reason site owners should retain the services of their consultants throughout the development stages of the project in order to identify variances, conduct additional tests that may be necessary and to recommend solutions to problems encountered on site.

Soil and groundwater contamination is a field in which legislation and interpretation of legislation by government departments is changing rapidly. Whilst every attempt is made by Geotechnique Pty Ltd to be familiar with current policy, our interpretation of the investigation findings should not be taken to be that of the relevant authority. When approval from a statutory authority is required for a project, approval should be directly sought.

### **STABILITY OF SUB-SURFACE CONDITIONS**

Sub-surface conditions can change by natural processes and site activities. As an environmental site assessment is based on conditions existing at the time of the investigation, project decisions should not be based on environmental site assessment data that may have been affected by time. The consultant should be requested to advise if additional tests are required.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENTS ARE PERFORMED FOR SPECIFIC PURPOSES AND CLIENTS**

Environmental site assessments are prepared in response to a specific scope of work required to meet the specific needs of specific individuals e.g. an assessment prepared for a consulting civil engineer may not be adequate to a construction contractor or another consulting civil engineer.

An assessment should not be used by other persons for any purpose or by the client for a different purpose. No individual, other than the client, should apply an assessment, even for its intended purpose, without first conferring with the consultant. No person should apply an assessment for any purpose other than that originally contemplated, without first conferring with the consultant.

### **MISINTERPRETATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENTS**

Costly problems can occur when design professionals develop plans based on misinterpretation of an environmental site assessment. In order to minimise problems, the environmental consultant should be retained to work with appropriate design professionals, to explain relevant findings and to review the adequacy of plans and specifications relative to contamination issues.

### **LOGS SHOULD NOT BE SEPARATED FROM THE REPORT**

Borehole and test pit logs are prepared by environmental scientists, engineers or geologists, based upon interpretation of field conditions and laboratory evaluation of field samples. Logs are normally provided in our reports and these would not be redrawn for inclusion in site remediation or other design drawings, as subtle but significant drafting errors or omissions may occur in the transfer process. Photographic reproduction can eliminate this problem, however, contractors can still misinterpret the logs during bid preparation if separated from the text of the assessment. Should this occur, delays and disputes, or unanticipated costs may result.

To reduce the likelihood of borehole and test pit log misinterpretation, the complete assessment should be available to persons or organisations involved in the project, such as contractors, for their use. Denial of such access and disclaiming responsibility for the accuracy of sub-surface information does not insulate an owner from the attendant liability. It is critical that the site owner provides all available site information to persons and organisations, such as contractors.

### **READ RESPONSIBILITY CLAUSES CLOSELY**

An environmental site assessment is based extensively on judgement and opinion; therefore, it is necessarily less exact than other disciplines. This situation has resulted in wholly unwarranted claims being lodged against consultants. In order to aid in prevention of this problem, model clauses have been developed for use in written transmittals. These are definitive clauses, designed to indicate consultant responsibility. Their use helps all parties involved recognise individual responsibilities and formulate appropriate action. Some of these definitive clauses are likely to appear in the environmental site assessment and you are encouraged to read them closely. Your consultant will be happy to give full and frank answers to any questions you may have.

