Alterations and Additions to an Existing Dwelling

138 Prince Alfred Parade, Newport

Statement of Environmental Effects

28 April 2025

Ref: 24151/2

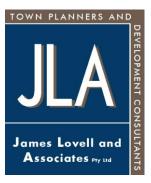


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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Preamble

This Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) has been prepared to accompany a Development Application (DA) to Northern Beaches Council for alterations and additions to an existing dwelling house located at No. 138 Prince Alfred Parade, Newport.

The subject site is located on the western side of Prince Alfred Parade between Loombah Street to the north and De Lauret Avenue to the south.



Figure 1: Location

The site encompasses an area of approximately 638.6m² and is a slightly irregular rectangle in shape with a frontage of 11.28 metres to Prince Alfred Parade. The western boundary of the site is defined by the Mean High Water Mark to Pittwater.

The site is currently occupied by a 1-2 storey dwelling house. The ground floor level accommodates the main living rooms and two (2) bedrooms. The topographical conditions of the site create a partial lower ground floor level accommodating two (2) bedrooms, an ensuite and laundry.

A garage is located between the dwelling house and street frontage with the topographical conditions of the site accommodating a studio and storeroom below. Finally, a timber jetty on concrete piers extends from the western boundary into Pittwater accessed via a set of timber stairs extending along the northern side of the dwelling and across the rear (western) yard.

The topography of the site has been partially modified to accommodate the existing structures and generally falls relatively steeply downhill from the street frontage towards Pittwater, with a maximum level change from boundary to boundary of approximately 17 metres.

The existing vegetation on the site is typical of a modified urban environment and comprises a mix of trees, shrubs and groundcovers. The existing trees are located within the setbacks to Prince Alfred Parade (to the east) and Pittwater (to the west).

The proposed development comprises alterations and additions to the existing dwelling house including:

- demolition of the existing garage and construction of a new garage and workshop with a new metal grate driveway;
- construction of a new pedestrian pathway from the street frontage to the main entrance;
- minor adjustments to the existing studio below the garage including construction of new timber decking with metal handrails;
- installation of a passenger lift between the studio level and the ground floor level;
- minor adjustments to the ground floor level including a realignment of the eastern wall of the existing bathroom and study extension of the roof above the main entrance;
- infill of an existing skylight and addition of a new skylight and roof level solar panels; and
- installation of two (2) rainwater tanks.

The proposed development includes the retention of five (5) existing trees, the removal of five (5) existing trees, and replacement with seven (7) trees of more appropriate species. Further, the existing and proposed trees are being supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers.

The primary purpose of the proposed development is to improve the amenity and environmental sustainability of the existing dwelling,

address the existing shortfall of off-street carparking, improve the architectural appearance and composition of the existing building and enhance the landscaped setting of the site and surrounds.

The proposed development complies with the substantial majority of the applicable planning controls, and where variations are proposed in response to the specific site characteristics, the objectives (or outcomes) of the controls are achieved.

1.2 Purpose

This SEE has been prepared pursuant to the provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and accompanying *Regulation*. To that end, it:

- identifies the site and provides details of its locational context;
- describes the physical characteristics and features of the proposed development;
- identifies the environmental planning instruments and policies that apply to the site and considers the proposed development against those that are relevant; and
- provides an assessment of the proposed development against the provisions of Section 4.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

2. SITE DESCRIPTION

2.1 Site Details

The subject site formally comprises Lot 43 in Deposited Plan 13457 and is commonly known as No. 138 Prince Alfred Parade, Newport. The subject site is located on the western side of Prince Alfred Parade between Loombah Street to the north and De Lauret Avenue to the south.

The site encompasses an area of approximately 638.6m² and is a slightly irregular rectangle in shape with a frontage of 11.28 metres to Prince Alfred Parade. The western boundary of the site is defined by the Mean High Water Mark to Pittwater.

The site is currently occupied by a 1-2 storey dwelling house. The ground floor level accommodates the main living rooms and two (2) bedrooms. The topographical conditions of the site create a partial lower ground floor level accommodating two (2) bedrooms, an ensuite and laundry.

A garage is located between the dwelling house and street frontage with the topographical conditions of the site accommodating a studio and storeroom below. Finally, a timber jetty on concrete piers extends from the western boundary into Pittwater accessed via a set of timber stairs extending along the northern side of the dwelling and across the rear (western) yard.



Photograph 1: Subject Site Viewed from Prince Alfred Parade

The topography of the site has been partially modified to accommodate the existing structures and generally falls relatively steeply downhill from the street frontage towards Pittwater, with a maximum level change from boundary to boundary of approximately 17 metres.

The existing vegetation on the site is typical of a modified urban environment and comprises a mix of trees, shrubs and groundcovers. The existing trees are located within the setbacks to Prince Alfred Parade (to the east) and Pittwater (to the west).

2.2 Site Context

The site is located within an established residential environment characterised by a predominance of detached dwelling houses displaying a variety of building forms and architectural styles.

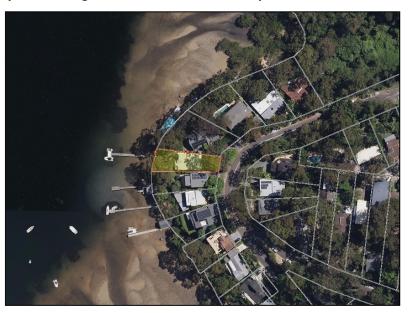


Figure 2: Site

The site is located within the *Newport Locality* pursuant to the Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan (DCP) in which the desired character statement anticipates the locality remaining primarily a low density residential locality consisting of predominately two (2) storey dwelling houses in a natural landscaped setting, integrated with the landform and landscape.

The site is adjoined to the north by a two (2) storey dwelling house (No. 140 Prince Alfred Parade). A carport is attached to the dwelling and a

concrete hard-stand area is located at the street frontage. Further, a swimming pool with perimeter decking and an adjacent boat house are located at the frontage to Pittwater.



Photograph 2: Adjoining Site to the North Viewed from Prince Alfred Parade

The site is adjoined to the south by a 2-3 storey dwelling house (No. 136 Prince Alfred Parade). A garage is located between the dwelling house and the street frontage. Further, a jetty and boat shed extend into Pittwater.



Photograph 3: Adjoining Site to the South Viewed from Prince Alfred Parade

The existing development on the opposite side of Prince Alfred Parade (to the west) comprises a series of 2 - 3 storey dwelling houses

topographically elevated above the level of the road carriageway. The dwellings include garages occupying portions of the lower levels.



Photograph 4: Existing Development on the Opposite Side of Prince Afred Parade

3. PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

3.1 General Description

The proposed development is illustrated in the Architectural Plans prepared by *CPlusC Architects* + *Builders*, dated 28 April 2025.

The proposed development comprises alterations and additions to the existing dwelling house including:

- demolition of the existing garage and construction of a new garage and workshop with a new metal grate driveway;
- construction of a new pedestrian pathway from the street frontage to the main entrance;
- minor adjustments to the existing studio below the garage including construction of new timber decking with metal handrails;
- installation of a passenger lift between the studio level and the ground floor level;
- minor adjustments to the ground floor level including a realignment of the eastern wall of the existing bathroom and study extension of the roof above the main entrance;
- infill of an existing skylight and addition of a new skylight and roof level solar panels; and
- installation of two (2) rainwater tanks.

The proposed development includes the retention of five (5) existing trees, the removal of five (5) existing trees, and replacement with seven (7) trees of more appropriate species. Further, the existing and proposed trees are being supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers.

The primary purpose of the proposed development is to improve the amenity and environmental sustainability of the existing dwelling, address the existing shortfall of off-street carparking, improve the architectural appearance and composition of the existing building and enhance the landscaped setting of the site and surrounds.

4. SECTION 4.15 ASSESSMENT

The heads of consideration incorporated in Section 4.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* comprise:

- any environmental planning instrument;
- any proposed instrument that is or has been the subject of public consultation and that has been notified to the consent authority;
- any development control plan;
- any planning agreement or draft planning agreement;
- > any matters prescribed by the Regulation;
- the likely impacts of the development, including environmental impacts on both the natural and built environments, and the social and economic impacts in the locality;
- > the suitability of the site for the development;
- any submissions made in accordance with the Act or the Regulations; and
- > the public interest.

4.1 Environmental Planning Instruments

The proposed development is subject to the following environmental planning instruments:

- 1. State Environmental Planning Policy (SEPP) (Sustainable Buildings) 2022:
- 2. State Environmental Planning Policy (SEPP) (Resilience and Hazards) 2021; and
- 3. Pittwater Local Environmental Plan (LEP) 2014.

SEPP (Sustainable Buildings) 2022

SEPP (Sustainable Buildings) 2022 aims to encourage sustainable residential development. The DA is accompanied by a compliant BASIX Certificate which demonstrates the proposed development will meet the relevant requirements for sustainability.

(SEPP) (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

Clause 2.10 requires the consent authority to consider whether the proposal is likely to cause an adverse effect within the coastal environment area as follows:

- (1) Development consent must not be granted to development on land that is within the coastal environment area unless the consent authority has considered whether the proposed development is likely to cause an adverse impact on the following—
 - (a) the integrity and resilience of the biophysical, hydrological (surface and groundwater) and ecological environment,
 - (b) coastal environmental values and natural coastal processes,
 - (c) the water quality of the marine estate (within the meaning of the Marine Estate Management Act 2014), in particular, the cumulative impacts of the proposed development on any of the sensitive coastal lakes identified in Schedule 1,
 - (d) marine vegetation, native vegetation and fauna and their habitats, undeveloped headlands and rock platforms,
 - (e) existing public open space and safe access to and along the foreshore, beach, headland or rock platform for members of the public, including persons with a disability,
 - (f) Aboriginal cultural heritage, practices and places,
 - (q) the use of the surf zone.
- (2) Development consent must not be granted to development on land to which this section applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that—
 - (a) the development is designed, sited and will be managed to avoid an adverse impact referred to in subsection (1), or
 - (b) if that impact cannot be reasonably avoided—the development is designed, sited and will be managed to minimise that impact, or
 - (c) if that impact cannot be minimised—the development will be managed to mitigate that impact.

The physical works associated with the proposed development are relatively minor in nature and do not include any significant changes to existing ground levels. The proposed works are located towards the frontage to Prince Alfred Parade and away from the frontage to Pittwater.

The proposed works are located within the boundaries of the site and will have no impact on coastal environmental values or natural processes, or the existing access to Pittwater.

Further, the proposed development will have no adverse impacts on any heritage items or conservation areas.

Finally, a search of the AHIMS provided by the New South Wales (NSW) Department of Environment and Heritage reveals that no "Aboriginal sites" or "Aboriginal Places" have been recorded within a 200 metre radius of the site.

Clause 2.11 requires the consent authority to consider whether the proposal is likely to cause an adverse effect within the coastal use area as follows:

- (1) Development consent must not be granted to development on land that is within the coastal use area unless the consent authority:
 - (a) has considered whether the proposed development is likely to cause an adverse impact on the following:
 - existing, safe access to and along the foreshore, beach, headland or rock platform for members of the public, including persons with a disability,
 - (ii) overshadowing, wind funnelling and the loss of views from public places to foreshores,
 - (iii) the visual amenity and scenic qualities of the coast, including coastal headlands,
 - (iv) Aboriginal cultural heritage, practices and places,
 - (v) cultural and built environment heritage, and
 - (b) is satisfied that:
 - (i) the development is designed, sited and will be managed to avoid an adverse impact referred to in paragraph (a), or
 - (ii) if that impact cannot be reasonably avoided—the development is designed, sited and will be managed to minimise that impact, or

- (iii) if that impact cannot be minimised—the development will be managed to mitigate that impact, and
- (c) has taken into account the surrounding coastal and built environment, and the bulk, scale and size of the proposed development.

The proposed works are located within the boundaries of the site and will have no impact on the existing access to Pittwater.

Further, the proposed development will have no impact on solar access, wind funnelling or views from public places or the foreshore.

The proposed works will be visible from Pittwater. In that regard, the site is located within an established residential environment characterised by a predominance of detached dwelling houses displaying a variety of building forms and architectural styles.

The proposed development will appear as part of the established backdrop of buildings and landscaping when viewed from the public domain. The proposed building negotiates the topographical conditions of the site and features vertical and horizontal articulation and a refined palette of external materials and finishes.

The proposed development includes the retention of five (5) existing trees, the removal of five (5) existing trees and replacement with seven (7) trees of more appropriate species. Further, the existing and proposed trees are being supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers.

Further, the proposed development will have no adverse impacts on any heritage items or conservation areas.

Finally, a search of the AHIMS provided by the New South Wales (NSW) Department of Environment and Heritage reveals that no "Aboriginal sites" or "Aboriginal Places" have been recorded within a 200 metre radius of the site.

Clause 4.6 specifies that a consent authority must not consent to the carrying out of development on land unless it has considered whether the land is, or is likely to be contaminated, and if the land is, or is likely to

be contaminated, whether the land requires remediation before the land is developed for the proposed use.

The site is currently used for residential purposes and evidently has not been zoned or used for industrial, agricultural or defense purposes at any time in the lands recent history.

In the circumstances, there is no evidence to suggest that the land is likely to be contaminated to the extent that would render it unsuitable for continued residential use.

Pittwater LEP 2014

The site is zoned C4 – Environmental Living pursuant to the Pittwater LEP 2014, and "dwelling houses" are permissible in the zone with the consent of Council.

Clause 2.3 requires the consent authority to have regard to the objectives for development in a zone when determining a DA. The objectives of the zone are expressed as follows:

- To provide for low-impact residential development in areas with special ecological, scientific or aesthetic value.
- To ensure that residential development does not have an adverse effect on those values.
- To provide for residential development in a low density and scale integrated with the landform and topography.
- To encourage development that retains and enhances riparian and foreshore vegetation and wildlife corridors.

The proposed development is generally consistent with (or not antipathetic to) the objectives of the zone on the basis that:

- the proposed development will maintain the low density residential character of the neighbourhood, with no adverse impacts on the ecological, or the scientific or aesthetic values;
- the building form responds to the landform and topography of the site; and
- the proposed development will have no adverse impacts on any riparian or foreshore vegetation or wildlife corridors.

Clause 4.3 specifies a maximum building height of 8.5 metres and the proposed development extends to a maximum height of approximately 8.4 metres.

Clause 5.10 requires the consent authority to consider the effect of the proposed development on any heritage items or conservation areas in the vicinity of the site.

The site is not identified as a heritage item and is not located within a heritage conservation area. Further, there are no heritage items or conservation areas in the vicinity of the site.

Clause 7.1 specifies that development consent is required (on Class 5 land) for works, *inter alia*, within 500 metres of adjacent Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 land, and by which the water table is likely to be lowered below 1 metre Australian Height Datum on adjacent Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 land.

The earthworks associated with the proposed development are extremely minor in nature and will not lower the water table on any Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 land to below 1 metre Australian Height Datum.

Clause 7.2 relates to earthworks and requires the consent authority to consider any detrimental impacts on existing drainage patterns or soil stability, the likely future use of the land, the quality of the fill or excavated material, the amenity of neighbouring properties, the likelihood of disturbing relics, any adverse impacts on any waterway, drinking catchment or environmentally sensitive area, the potential impacts on any heritage items, and any measures to mitigate the impacts of the development.

The earthworks associated with the proposed development are extremely minor in nature and will be carefully managed to ensure there are no adverse impacts on the environment, the amenity of neighbouring properties, or water quality.

Clause 7.6 requires the consent authority to consider whether the development is likely to have any adverse impact on the condition, ecological value and significance of the fauna and flora on the land, any adverse impact on the importance of the vegetation on the land to the habitat and survival of native fauna, and any potential to fragment, disturb or diminish the biodiversity structure, function and composition

of the land, and any adverse impact on the habitat elements providing connectivity on the land.

The DA is accompanied by an *Arboricultural Impact Assessment* (*Arborlogix*, 19 December 2024) which recommends the removal and replacement of two (2) trees (Trees 6 and 8) and the retention of the remaining trees.

The proposed development includes the removal of Trees 6 and 8, and the removal of three (3) further trees identified as Trees 1, 2 and 3. The trees are identified as having low/medium retention value.

The proposed development includes the planting of seven (7) new trees, with the retained and proposed trees supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers.

Clause 7.7 requires the consent authority to consider whether the proposed development takes into account all geotechnical risks.

The earthworks associated with the proposed development are extremely minor in nature and will be carefully managed to ensure there are no adverse impacts in terms of geotechnical risks.

Clause 7.8 requires the consent authority to consider the impact of the proposed development on the foreshore area, including in relation to the appearance of any structures, environmental impacts, access to the waterway, and sea level rise, coastal erosion and recession and changes to flooding patterns as a result of climate change.

The proposed development does not include any works within the foreshore area. In the circumstances, the proposed development will have no impact on the natural foreshore processes or the significance and amenity of the foreshore area.

Clause 7.10 specifies that development consent must not be granted to development unless the consent authority is satisfied that utility services essential for the development are available or that adequate arrangements have been made to make them available when required.

The site is serviced by all necessary infrastructure, and the Applicant will liaise with the relevant authorities to ensure its continued service to the existing dwelling.

The LEP does not incorporate any further controls of specific relevance to the proposed development.

4.2 Proposed Environmental Planning Instruments

The Council has prepared a Draft Planning Proposal which generally seeks to consolidate the existing LEP's within the Northern Beaches Local Government Area (LGA).

Irrespective, the Draft Planning Proposal has not proceeded to public exhibition on the basis of a Gateway Determination.

4.3 Development Control Plans

The proposed development is subject to the following development control plan:

1. Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan (DCP).

Pittwater 21 DCP

The Pittwater 21 DCP is intended to supplement the provisions of the Pittwater LEP 2014 and provide more detailed controls relating to specific types of development and localities.

Section A of the DCP describes the desired character of the *Newport Locality*, Section B provides general controls, Section C provides design criteria for residential development, and Section D provides specific controls for the *Palm Beach Locality*.

Section 3.42 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* specifies that the provisions of a DCP "are not statutory requirements".

Further, Section 4.15(3A)(b) specifies that the consent authority "is to be flexible in applying" the provisions of a DCP, and "allow reasonable alternative solutions that achieve the objectives of those standards for dealing with that aspect of the development".

Part A – Introduction

The relevant elements of the desired character of the *Newport Locality* are summarised as follows:

The Newport locality will remain primarily a low-density residential area with dwelling houses a maximum of two storeys in any one place in a natural landscaped setting, integrated with the landform and landscape.

Future development will maintain a building height limit below the tree canopy and minimise bulk and scale. Existing and new native vegetation, including canopy trees, will be integrated with the development. Contemporary buildings will utilise facade modulation and/or incorporate shade elements, such as pergolas, verandahs and the like. Building colours and materials will harmonise with the natural environment. Development on slopes will be stepped down or along the slope to integrate with the landform and landscape, and minimise site disturbance. Development will be designed to be safe from hazards.

A balance will be achieved between maintaining the landforms, landscapes and other features of the natural environment, and the development of land. As far as possible, the locally native tree canopy and vegetation will be retained and enhanced to assist development blending into the natural environment, to provide feed trees and undergrowth for koalas and other animals, and to enhance wildlife corridors.

The proposed development is consistent with the desired character of the *Newport Locality* on the basis that the low density (single dwelling) residential character of the locality will be maintained.

Further, the proposed development incorporates vertical and horizontal articulation, and a refined palette of external materials and finishes.

Finally, the proposed development includes the retention of five (5) existing trees, the removal of five (5) existing trees, and replacement with seven (7) trees of more appropriate species. Further, the existing and proposed trees are being supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers.

The relevant provisions¹ of the DCP are considered in Table 4.3.1 as follows:

Table 4.3.1 – Pittwater 21 DCP			
Sectio	n B – General Controls		
Control	Proposed	Satisfactory	
B1 – Heritage Controls			
Consideration is to be given to	The site is not identified as a	Yes	
the effect of the proposed	heritage item and is not located		
development on any heritage	within a heritage conservation		
items or conservation areas in the	area. Further, there are no		
vicinity of the site.	heritage items or conservation		
	areas in the vicinity of the site.		
B3.1 – Landslip Hazard			
All development must comply	The earthworks associated with	Yes	
with the provisions of the	the proposed development are		
"Geotechnical Risk Management	extremely minor in nature and		
Policy for Pittwater".	will be carefully managed to		
	ensure there are no adverse		
	impacts in terms of geotechnical		
	risks.		
B3.6 – Contaminated and Potenti	ally Contaminated Land		
Consideration is to be given to	The site is currently used for	Yes	
SEPP No. 55 – Remediation of	residential purposes and		
Land (now SEPP (Resilience and	evidently has not been zoned or		
Hazards) 2021).	used for industrial, agricultural or		
	defense purposes at any time in		
	the lands recent history. In the		
	circumstances, there is no		
	evidence to suggest that the land		
	is likely to be contaminated to		
	the extent that would render it		
	unsuitable for continued		
	residential use.		
B3.7 – Estuarine Hazard – Low Density Residential			
The development must not	The proposed development	Yes	
adversely affect or be adversely	maintains the existing floor levels		

¹ The relevant provisions of the DCP comprise those which relate specifically to the proposed development and/or those which would not normally be required and/or provided as Conditions of Consent and/or as part of a Construction Certificate.

		ı	
affected by coastal processes nor	and the earthworks associated		
must it increase the level of risk	with the proposed development		
for any people, assets and	are extremely minor. In the		
infrastructure in the vicinity due	circumstances, the proposed		
to coastal processes.	development will have no impact		
	on coastal processes.		
B5.13 – Development on Waterfr	ont Land		
Development adjoining	The proposed landscaped	Yes	
waterfront land is to be	treatment of the site includes a		
landscaped with local native	predominance of native species.		
species.			
B5.15 – Stormwater			
Stormwater runoff must not	The existing stormwater	Yes	
cause downstream flooding and	management measures are being	1	
must have minimal	maintained and will have no		
environmental impact on any	impact on water quality.		
receiving stormwater	and the second s		
infrastructure, watercourse,			
stream, lagoon, lake and			
waterway or the like, and that all			
stormwater drainage systems are			
to be designed, installed and			
maintained in accordance with			
Council's Water Management for			
Development Policy.			
B6.1 – Access Driveways and Wo	ks on the Public Road Reserve		
The design of all access driveways	The access driveway is in	Yes	
shall be in accordance with the	accordance with the current		
current edition of Australian	edition of Australian		
Standard AS/NZS 2890.1-2004:	Standard AS/NZS 2890.1-2004:		
Parking Facilities - Part 1: Off-	Parking Facilities - Part 1: Off-		
Street Car Parking.	Street Car Parking.		
Access Driveways shall be	The location of the existing	Yes	
designed and located to provide	access riverway is being		
adequate sight distance to	maintained.		
maximise pedestrian and			
vehicular safety			
B6.3 – Off-Street Vehicle Parking Requirements			
Provide a minimum of two (2)	The existing dwelling has a	Yes	
off-street parking spaces for a	shortfall of car parking and the		
- In the parting spaces for a	I - 3	<u> </u>	

	T	T	
dwelling with two (2) bedrooms	dwelling provides four (4)		
or more.	bedrooms and the proposed		
	garage has been designed to		
	accommodate two (2) vehicles.		
B8 – Site Works Management			
Minimise site disturbance, and	The construction phase of the	Yes	
impacts associated with	proposed development will be		
excavation, landfill and	carefully managed to minimise		
construction.	site disturbance.		
Section C – Design C	Criteria for Residential Developmen	t	
Control	Proposed	Satisfactory	
C1.1 – Landscaping			
All canopy trees and the majority	The proposed development	Yes	
of vegetation should be locally	includes the retention of five (5)		
native species, and at least two	existing trees, the removal of five		
(2) canopy trees should be	(5) existing trees, and		
provided in the front yard and	replacement with seven (7) trees		
one (1) in the rear yard. Further,	of more appropriate species.		
60% of the front portion of the	Further, the existing and		
site shall be landscaped.	proposed trees are being		
	supplemented by an extensive		
	hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and		
	palms, grasses, groundcovers and		
	climbers. Further, the proposed		
	development provides		
	approximately 60% of the front		
	portion of the site as landscaping.		
C1.2 – Safety and Security			
Consideration should be given to	The proposed development will	Yes	
the four (4) principles of Crime	maintain and/or improve the		
Prevention Through	casual surveillance of the public		
Environmental Design (CPTED).	domain, with a safer and more		
	defined point of pedestrian entry.		
C1.3 – View Sharing			
All new development is to be	The proposed development	Yes	
designed to achieve a reasonable	marginally reduces the height of		
sharing of views available from	the existing garage (RL24.0 to		
surrounding and nearby	RL23.97) and will have no adverse		
properties.	impact on any existing views.		
C1.4 – Solar Access			

	-	
The main private open space of	The proposed development	Yes
each dwelling and adjoining	maintains the existing solar	
dwellings should receive a	access to the dwelling and	
minimum of 3 hours of sunlight	associated private open space.	
between 9am and 3pm on 21st	Further, the windows to the	
June. Further, the windows to the	principal living area of the	
principal living area of the	adjoining dwellings will maintain	
proposed dwelling and adjoining	a minimum of 3 hours sunlight	
dwellings are to receive a	between 9am and 3pm on 21st	
minimum of 3 hours of sunlight	June.	
between 9am and 3pm on 21st		
June.		
C1.5 – Visual Privacy		
Private open space areas	The proposed development will	Yes
including swimming pools and	have no impact on the existing	
living rooms of proposed and any	privacy to the living rooms and	
existing adjoining dwellings are	private open space of the	
to be protected from direct	adjoining dwellings.	
overlooking within 9 metres by	adjoining dwellings.	
1		
building layout, landscaping,		
screening devices or greater		
spatial separation. Further,		
elevated decks and pools,		
verandahs and balconies should		
incorporate privacy screens		
where necessary and should be		
located at the front or rear of the		
building.		
C1.6 – Acoustic Privacy	I	T
Noise should be substantially	The proposed development will	Yes
contained within each dwelling	have no impact on the acoustic	
and noise from any communal or	privacy of the adjoining	
private open space areas are	dwellings. Further, the normal	
limited.	domestic use of the property is	
	unlikely to generate any	
	significant or sustained noise	
	impacts beyond that which is	
	typical in a residential context.	
C1.7 – Private Open Space		
Provide a minimum of 80m ² of	The proposed development	Yes

	T	T			
private open space at ground	maintains the existing private				
level, a principal area of 16m²,	open space at the lower ground				
with a minimum dimension of 4	and ground floor levels. The				
metres, and a grade no steeper	private open space at the lower				
than 1 in 20 (5%).	ground and ground floor levels				
	have an area of more than 80m²,				
	a principal area of more than 16				
	metres, a minimum dimension of				
	more than 4 metres, and include				
	level areas with a grade no				
	steeper than 1 in 20 (5%).				
C1.10 – Building Facades					
Building facades to any public	The building facades do not	Yes			
place including balconies and	contain any stormwater, sewer,				
carpark entry points must not	gas, electrical or communication				
contain any stormwater, sewer,	service pipe or conduit that is				
gas, electrical or communication	visible from the public place.				
service pipe or conduit that is					
visible from the public place.					
C1.12 – Waste and Recycling Faci	C1.12 – Waste and Recycling Facilities				
All development that is, or	The DA is accompanied by a	Yes			
includes, demolition and/or	Waste Management Plan. Further,				
construction, must comply with	the garage bins will be stored				
the appropriate sections of the	internally within the garage and				
Waste Management Guidelines	workshop, providing convenient				
and must be accompanied by a	and direct access to the street				
Waste Management Plan.	frontage for collection purposes.				
C1.13 – Pollution Control					
Residential development must be	The construction phase of the	Yes			
designed, constructed,	proposed development will be				
maintained and used in a proper	carefully managed to ensure				
and efficient manner to prevent	there are no adverse				
air, water, noise and/or land	environmental impacts, including				
pollution.	the installation of erosion and				
	sediment controls, and the				
	provision of waste receptors and				
	temporary construction exits that				
	will be maintained in a condition				
	that prevents tracking or flowing				
	of sediment onto public or				

private property. Further, the normal domestic use of the property will not generate any significant air, water, noise and/or land pollution. Plant and equipment boxes, air conditioning units and lift overruns are to be integrated internally into the design fabric of the built form of the building. Section D - Newport Locality		Г		
### Control Proposed Satisfactory Data and pollution		private property. Further, the		
Significant air, water, noise and/or land pollution.		normal domestic use of the		
C1.25 - Plant, Equipment Boxes and Lift Over-Run Plant and equipment boxes, air conditioning units and lift over-runs are to be integrated internally into the design fabric of the built form of the building. Section D - Newport Locality Control Proposed Satisfactory D10.1 - Character as Viewed from a Public Place Building facades must incorporate at least two (2) design features, the bulk and scale of buildings must be minimised, garages must not be a dominant site feature and should be located behind the front building line, and should be no greater in width than 50% of the lot frontage or 7.5 metres, whichever is the lesser, and buildings should be secondary to landscaping and vegetation. And the proposed development have integrated internally into the built form of the building. The proposed garage adopts timber wall cladding, metal roofing and a metal handrail to reflect the desired character of the locality. Further, the garage incorporates an overhanging eave to the north and downpipes as an architectural element. The landscaping within the front setback is being materially improved and the new pedestrian pathway features timber boards and a stone finish. The garage has a total width of 5.8 metres, representing less than 50% of the lot frontage. Finally, the proposed development will materially improve the landscaping setting of the site, with additional tree plantings supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers. Development shall minimise any The proposed works will be Yes		property will not generate any		
Plant and equipment boxes, air conditioning units and lift overruns are to be integrated internally into the design fabric of the built form of the building. Section D - Newport Locality		significant air, water, noise and/or		
Plant and equipment boxes, air conditioning units and lift overruns are to be integrated internally into the design fabric of the built form of the building. Section D - Newport Locality		land pollution.		
conditioning units and lift over- runs are to be integrated internally into the design fabric of the built form of the building. Section D - Newport Locality Control Proposed Satisfactory D10.1 - Character as Viewed from a Public Place Building facades must incorporate at least two (2) design features, the bulk and scale of buildings must be minimised, garages must not be a dominant site feature and should be located behind the front building line, and should be lot frontage or 7.5 metres, whichever is the lesser, and buildings should be secondary to landscaping and vegetation. And a stone finish. The garage has a total width of 5.8 metres, representing less than 50% of the lot frontage. Finally, the proposed development will materially improve the landscaping setting of the site, with additional tree plantings supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers. Development shall minimise any The proposed development will be Yes	C1.25 – Plant, Equipment Boxes a	nd Lift Over-Run		
integrated internally into the built form of the built form of the building. Section D - Newport Locality	Plant and equipment boxes, air	The services associated with the	Yes	
internally into the design fabric of the building. Section D - Newport Locality Control Proposed Satisfactory D10.1 - Character as Viewed from a Public Place Building facades must Incorporate at least two (2) timber wall cladding, metal roofing and a metal handrail to reflect the desired character of the locality. Further, the garage incorporates an overhanging eave to the north and downpipes as an architectural element. The landscaping within the front setback is being materially improved and the new pedestrian buildings should be secondary to landscaping and vegetation. In did not set the lost of the site, with additional tree plantings supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers. Development shall minimise any The proposed works will be Yes	conditioning units and lift over-	proposed development have		
Section D - Newport Locality	runs are to be integrated	integrated internally into the built		
Section D - Newport Locality	internally into the design fabric of	form of the building.		
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buildings should be secondary to landscaping and vegetation. pathway features timber boards and a stone finish. The garage has a total width of 5.8 metres, representing less than 50% of the lot frontage. Finally, the proposed development will materially improve the landscaping setting of the site, with additional tree plantings supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers. Development shall minimise any The proposed works will be Yes	lot frontage or 7.5 metres,	setback is being materially		
landscaping and vegetation. and a stone finish. The garage has a total width of 5.8 metres, representing less than 50% of the lot frontage. Finally, the proposed development will materially improve the landscaping setting of the site, with additional tree plantings supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers. D10.3 – Scenic Protection – General Development shall minimise any The proposed works will be Yes	whichever is the lesser, and	improved and the new pedestrian		
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extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers. Development shall minimise any The proposed works will be Yes		plantings supplemented by an		
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groundcovers and climbers. D10.3 – Scenic Protection – General Development shall minimise any The proposed works will be Yes		•		
Development shall minimise any The proposed works will be Yes		_		
	D10.3 – Scenic Protection – General			
	Development shall minimise any	The proposed works will be	Yes	
	-			

environment when viewed from	regard, the site is located within	
any waterway, road or public	an established residential	
reserve.	environment characterised by a	
	predominance of detached	
	dwelling houses displaying a	
	variety of building forms and	
	architectural styles. The proposed	
	development will appear as part	
	of the established backdrop of	
	buildings and landscaping when	
	viewed from the public domain.	
	The proposed building negotiates	
	the topographical conditions of	
	the site and features vertical and	
	horizontal articulation and a	
	refined palette of external	
	materials and finishes.	
D10.4 – Building Colours and Ma	terials	
External colours and materials	The proposed development	Yes
should have dark and earthy	incorporates a refined palette of	
tones, and finishes are to be of a	external colours and materials	
low reflectivity.	that reflect the coastal character	
	of the locality. The colours and	
	materials have predominantly	
	dark and earthy tones, and the	
	finishes are of a low reflectivity.	
D10.7 – Front Building Line		
Provide a minimum front building	The proposed development	Appropriate
line of 6.5 metres or the	effectively maintains the setback	Design
established building line,	of the existing garage and the	Solution
whichever is the greater.	topographical conditions of the	
-	site are such that it is not possible	
	to provide off-street car parking	
	and maintain a 6.5 metre setback	
	to the front boundary. Further,	
	the proposed garage matches the	
	alignment of the existing garage	
	on the adjoining site to the south.	
D10.8 – Side and Rear Building Li		
Provide a minimum side setback	The proposed development	Yes
	<u> </u>	

effectively maintains the existing side boundary, and 1.0 metres along the other boundary, and a rear boundary setback of 6.5 metres unless a Foreshore Building Line applies. ### Building Envelope Provides a building Envelope					
dwelling and the proposed garage provides side boundary setback of 6.5 metres unless a Foreshore Building Line applies. Dinit	of 2.5 metres along one	effectively maintains the existing			
boundary setback of 6.5 metres unless a Foreshore Building Line applies. By a Foreshore Building Line applies to the south and 3.618 – 4.210 metres to the port of the site area boundary. By a Foreshore Building Line approximately 15.5 – 17.5 metres to the rear boundary. By a Foreshor Building Envelope and the north. The proposed development and the topographical conditions of the site necessarily and unavoidably introduce a partial variation to the building envelope control towards the rear of the garage and workshop. By a Foreshor Line Building Envelope Control, being a plane project at within the building envelope control towards the rear of the garage and workshop. By a Foreshor Line Building envelope control towards the rear of the garage and workshop. By a Foreshor Line Building envelope control towards the rear of the garage and workshop. By a Foreshor Line Building envelope control towards the rear of the garage and workshop. By a Foreshor Line Building envelope control towards the rear of the garage and workshop. By a Foreshor Line Building envelope control towards the rear of the garage and workshop. By a Foreshor Line Building envelope control towards the rear of the garage and workshop. By a Foreshor Line Building envelope control towards the rear of the garage and solution and the topographical conditi	boundary, and 1.0 metres along	side boundary setbacks to the			
unless a Foreshore Building Line applies. setbacks of 1.019 metres to the south and 3.618 – 4.210 metres to the north. The proposed development maintains the existing setback to the rear boundary of approximately 15.5 – 17.5 metres to the rear boundary. D10.11 – Building Envelope Provides a building envelope control, being a plane project at 45 degrees from a height of 3.5 metres above ground level along the side boundaries. D10.13 – Landscaped Area – Environmentally Sensitive Land Provide a minimum landscaped area of 60% of the site area, including up to 6% of the site area, including up to 6% of the site area provided as impervious landscape treatments. D10.18 – Scenic Protection Category One Areas Screen planting shall be located between structures and boundaries facing waterways, and canopy trees are required between dwellings and boundaries facing waterways and waterfront reserves. The impacts on existing vegetation are to be minimised. Further, the	the other boundary, and a rear	dwelling and the proposed			
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siting, building form, orientation development will appear as part	are to be minimised. Further, the	architectural styles. The proposed			
	siting, building form, orientation	development will appear as part			

and scale of the development shall not compromise the visual integrity of the site by removal of canopy trees along ridges and upper slopes. Finally, the development must incorporate the use of unobtrusive and non-reflective materials and the colours of exterior surfaces shall help blend structures into the natural environment, and the proposed colours and materials will be dark and earthy.

of the established backdrop of buildings and landscaping when viewed from the public domain. The proposed development includes the retention of five (5) existing trees, the removal of five (5) existing trees, and replacement with seven (7) trees of more appropriate species. Further, the existing and proposed trees are being supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers. The proposed building negotiates the topographical conditions of the site and features vertical and horizontal articulation and a refined palette of external colours and materials that reflect the coastal character of the locality. The colours and materials have predominantly dark and earthy tones, and the finishes are of a low reflectivity.

4.4 Planning Agreements

There are no planning agreements of relevance to the proposed development.

4.5 Impacts of the Development

The primary purpose of the proposed development is to improve the amenity and environmental sustainability of the existing dwelling, address the existing shortfall of off-street carparking, improve the architectural appearance and composition of the existing building and enhance the landscaped setting of the site and surrounds.

The proposed development includes the retention of five (5) existing trees, the removal of five (5) existing trees, and replacement with seven

(7) trees of more appropriate species. Further, the existing and proposed trees are being supplemented by an extensive hierarchy of shrubs, ferns and palms, grasses, groundcovers and climbers.

The proposed building negotiates the topographical conditions of the site and features vertical and horizontal articulation and a refined palette of external colours and materials that reflect the coastal character of the locality. The colours and materials have predominantly dark and earthy tones, and the finishes are of a low reflectivity. The building will not be perceived as offensive, jarring or unsympathetic to the existing and likely future character of the area.

Further, the proposed development will not contribute to any significant or unreasonable impacts on the amenity of surrounding properties in terms of the key considerations of visual bulk and scale, solar access, views and privacy.

Finally, to ensure that sediment laden waters are not released from the site during construction works, erosion and sediment control measures are to be established on the site and maintained during the demolition and construction phases of the proposed development.

4.6 Suitability of the Site

The site is located within an established residential environment characterised by a predominance of detached dwelling houses displaying a variety of building forms and architectural styles.

In general terms, the proposed development will facilitate the use of the site for residential purposes in accordance with its zoning and intended purpose, without imposing any significant or adverse impacts on the amenity of surrounding land, or the scenic quality of the locality.

4.7 Public Interest

The proposed development serves the public interest by improving the amenity and environmental sustainability of the existing dwelling, addressing the existing shortfall of off-street carparking, improving the architectural appearance and composition of the existing building and enhancing the landscaped setting of the site and surrounds.

Further, the proposed development will not impose any significant or adverse impacts on the amenity of any surrounding land or the visual character and quality of the locality when viewed from the public domain.

5. CONCLUSION

The site is located on the western side of Prince Alfred Parade between Loombah Street to the north and De Lauret Avenue to the south.

The site encompasses an area of approximately 638.6m² and is a slightly irregular rectangle in shape with a frontage of 11.28 metres to Prince Alfred Parade. The western boundary of the site is defined by the Mean High Water Mark to Pittwater.

The site is currently occupied by a 1-2 storey dwelling house. A garage is located between the dwelling house and street frontage with the topographical conditions of the site accommodating a studio and storeroom below.

The proposed development comprises alterations and additions to the existing dwelling house. The primary purpose of the proposed development is to improve the amenity and environmental sustainability of the existing dwelling, address the existing shortfall of off-street carparking, improve the architectural appearance and composition of the existing building and enhance the landscaped setting of the site and surrounds.

The proposed development complies with the substantial majority of the applicable planning controls, and where variations are proposed in response to the specific site characteristics, the objectives (or outcomes) of the controls are achieved.

Finally, the proposed development will not impose any significant or adverse impacts on the amenity of any surrounding land or the visual character and quality of the locality when viewed from the public domain.