CREDWELL

Project	16 Wyatt Avenue, Belrose	
Report	NCC Assessment Report	
Reference	C21070-NCC-r2	
Date	11 May 2021	
Client	Northern Beaches Essential Services Accommodation	

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Document Control

Reference/Revision	Date	Description	Prepared by
C21070-NCC-r1	20/04/2021	NCC Assessment Report	Wesley Vos Senior Building Surveyor AIBS Level 1
C21070-NCC-r2	11/05/2021	NCC Assessment Report	Wesley Vos Senior Building Surveyor AIBS Level 1
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1 Introduction

1.1 Building Location

The development being the subject of this Report is proposed to be located at 16 Wyatt Avenue, Belrose. The proposed development consists of construction of two (2) separate boarding house buildings, each containing a level of associated basement carparking. To maintain consistency with the nomenclature specified on the architectural drawings, the buildings are referred to as "Upper Building" and "Lower Building" in this Report. The development also incorporates construction of a freestanding Bin Storage Room.

1.2 Objectives

The purpose of this Report is to outline an assessment of the proposed development against the National Construction Code, Volume 1, Building Code of Australia, 2019, Amendment 1 (the "NCC"). The assessment addresses all relevant Deemed-to-Satisfy (DtS) clauses of the NCC and provides comment on the compliance status of the proposed development. If the development does not comply with a DtS clause, where appropriate, a recommendation to prepare/obtain a Performance Solution is specified. Where a clause is not relevant to the proposed development it is not discussed.

It is presumed the assumptions, content, and limitations of this Report are reviewed and understood by the reader. Credwell Consulting should be contacted to clarify any queries or assumptions made in relation to the contents of this Report. Furthermore, Credwell Consulting take no responsibility for misinterpretation of any of the content herein.

1.3 Limitations

This Report does not include or imply any audit, assessment, or upgrading of the proposed development regarding:

- 1. The structural design; and
- 2. The capacity or design of any electrical, fire, hydraulic or mechanical services.

This Report does not include or imply, any assessment of, or compliance with:

- 1. any development consent conditions;
- 2. the Liquor Licencing Act 1997;
- 3. the Work Health and Safety Act 2011;
- 4. the Swimming Pools Act 1992; and
- 5. requirements of authorities including, but not limited to, WorkCover, Roads and Maritime Services, Council, telecommunications supply authority, electricity supply authority, water supply authority, gas supply authority, and the like.

Interpretations

Numerous clauses within the NCC require interpretation. Where interpretation of a clause is required, Credwell Consulting apply what is believed to be the current standard industry practice (at the time the Report is written).

Dimensions and Tolerances

The NCC regularly specifies minimum dimensions for construction. The assessment outlined in this Report includes a review of such minimum dimensions that are relevant to the proposed development. However, Credwell Consulting does not guarantee that all relevant minimum dimensions have been assessed where they are not clearly and explicitly denoted/marked on the architectural drawings reviewed. Also, it remains the



responsibility of the designer(s) and builder(s) to confirm that all minimum dimensions are achievable on site prior to work commencing.

1.4 Reviewed Documentation

The assessment outlined in this Report is based on review of the documentation referenced in Annexure A.

2 Building Description

For the purposes of the NCC, the building is described as follows:

2.1 Classification

Upper Building

Class	Use	Area
Class 7a	Carpark	Basement
Class 3	Boarding house	Lower Ground Floor Ground Floor (x2)

Lower Building

Class	Use	Area
Class 7a	Carpark	Basement
Class 3	Boarding house	Ground Floor First Floor

Bin Storage Room

Class	Use	Area
Class 7b	Storage	Ground Floor

2.2 Rise in Storeys

The Upper Building has a rise in storeys of two (2).

The Lower Building has a rise in storeys of two (2).

The Bin Storage Room has a rise in storeys of one (1).

2.3 Type of Construction

Upper Building

Given the classification of the top floor (Class 3) and the rise in storeys (two (2)), the building is required to be of Type B Construction.

Lower Building

Given the classification of the top floor (Class 3) and the rise in storeys (two (2)), the building is required to be of Type B Construction.

Bin Storage Room

Given the classification of the top floor (Class 7b) and the rise in storeys (one (1)), the building is required to be of Type C Construction.

2.4 Effective height

Upper Building

The effective height is calculated to be 8.9m (185 – 176.1), being less than 12m.

Lower Building

The effective height is calculated to be 3.82m (173.49 – 169.67), being less than 12m.

Bin Storage Room

The effective height is calculated to be 0m (single storey), being less than 12m.



2.5 Fire Compartments

Upper Building

For the purposes of the assessment outlined in this Report, the Basement and Ground Floor (upper) are individual fire compartments, and the Lower Ground and Ground floors form an individual fire compartment (connected by non-fire-isolated communication stairway).

Lower Building

For the purposes of the assessment outlined in this Report, the Basement is an individual fire compartment, and the Ground and First floors form an individual fire compartment (connected by non-fire-isolated stairways).

Bin Storage Room

For the purposes of the assessment outlined in this Report, the Bin Storage Room is considered to be a single fire compartment.

2.6 Required Exits

For the purposes of the assessment outlined in this Report, the following are considered as the exits from the building:

Upper Building

- 1. The doorways providing access to open space on the Basement and Ground Floor (lower) storeys.
- 2. The stairway serving the Basement, Lower Ground Floor, and Ground Floor (upper) storeys.

Lower Building

- 1. The doorways providing access to open space on the Basement and Ground Floor storeys.
- 2. The stairway serving the Basement and First Floor storeys.
- 3. The stairway serving the First Floor.

Bin Storage Room

1. The doorways providing access to open space.

2.7 Climate Zone

The buildings are located within Climate Zone 5, being within the Northern Beaches Council local government area.



3 Fire Safety Measures

Given the assessment in this Report, the following fire safety measures are required to be installed in the building. This list is subject to minor change if Performance Solutions are proposed, or other options are taken during the Construction Certificate (CC) and/or construction stages.

	Fire Safety Measure	Standard of Performance
1	Access panels, doors and hoppers to fire-	NCC clause C3.13
1.	resisting shaft	Manufacturer's Specifications
2. Automatic fail-safe devices (electronic latching)		NCC clause D2.21
		Manufacturer's Specifications
_	Automatic fire detection and alarm	NCC clause E2.2 and Specification E2.2a clause 4
3.	systems	AS 1670.1-2018
_		NCC clause E2.2 and Specification E2.2a clause 7
4.	Building occupant warning system	AS 1670.1-2018
_		NCC clause E4.2 & E4.4
5.	Emergency lighting	AS/NZS 2293.1-2018
6		NCC clause E4.5, E4.6 & E4.8
6.	Exit signs	AS/NZS 2293.1-2018
		NCC clause C3.15
7.	Fire dampers	AS 1668.1-2015
		Manufacturer's Specification
		NCC clause C3.8, & C3.11 and Specification C3.4
8.	Fire doors	clause 2
		AS 1905.1-2015
_	Fire have no characterized	NCC clause E1.4
9.	Fire nose reel systems	AS 2441-2005
10	Fine budgent systems	NCC clause E1.3
10.	Fire hydrant systems	AS 2419.1-2005
		NCC clause C3.15 and Specification C3.15
11	Fire seals protecting openings in fire-	AS 1530.4-2014
11.	resisting components of the building	AS 4072.1-2005
		Manufacturer's Specification
	Fire shutters (option for providing	NCC clause C3.3 & C3.4 and Specification C3.4
12.		clause 4
	protection of openings)	Manufacturer's Specification
	Fire windows (option for providing	NCC clause C3.3 & C3.4 and Specification C3.4
13.	protection of openings)	clause 5
		Manufacturer's Specification
14	Lightweight construction (fire rated)	NCC clause C1.8 and Specification C1.8
		Manufacturer's Specification
15	Mechanical air handling systems	NCC clause E2.2 and Specification E2.2a
	(automatic shutdown)	AS 1668.1-2015
16.	Portable fire extinguishers	NCC clause E1.6
		AS 2444-2001
17.	Smoke doors	NCC clause C2.5, Specification C2.5, and
		Specification C3.4 clause 3
		NCC clause D2.23 & E3.3
18.	Warning and operational signs	Environmental Planning and Assessment
		Regulation 2000 clause 183
10		NCC Parts D1 & D2
19.	Paths of travel	Environmental Planning and Assessment
		Regulation 2000 clause 186
20.	Fire alarm monitoring	NCC clause E2.2 and Specification E2.2a clause 8
20.	, S	AS 1670.3-2018



	Fire Safety Measure	Standard of Performance
21.	 Performance Solutions to: Justify public corridors having a length of greater than 40m. Justify exit stairway not being fire-isolated. Justify extended exit travel distances. Justify discharge of fire-isolated exits. Justify rising and descending stair flights in a fire-isolated stairway not being separated. Justify exit door not swinging in direction of egress. 	TBA – Performance Solutions to be prepared at CC stage of development.

4 Fire Resistance Levels

The following fire resistance levels (FRLs) are required for the various elements of the building. Where the table below refers to a fire source feature (FSF), this is as defined in the NCC as the far boundary of a road, river, lake or the like adjoining the allotment, or a side or rear boundary of the allotment, or an external wall of another building on the allotment which is not a Class 10 building.

Building Element – Type B Construction	Class 3	Class 7a*1
Loadbearing External Walls		
- Less than 1.5m from a FSF	90/90/90	120/120/120
- 1.5 - 3m from a FSF	90/60/30	120/90/60
- 3 - 9m from a FSF	90/30/30	120/30/30
- 9 - 18m from a FSF	90/30/-	120/30/-
- 18m or more from a FSF	-/-/-	-/-/-
Non-Loadbearing External Walls		
 Less than 1.5m from a FSF 	-/90/90	-/120/120
- 1.5 - 3m from a FSF	-/60/60	-/90/60
- 3m or more from a FSF	-/-/-	-/-/-
External Columns (not incorporated into an external wall)		
 Loadbearing less than 18m from a FSF 	90/-/-	120/-/-
 Loadbearing more than 18m from a FSF 	-/-/-	-/-/-
- Non-loadbearing		-/-/-
Common Walls and Fire Walls	90/90/90	120/120/120
Internal Walls - Fire resisting lift and stair shafts –		
- Loadbearing	90/90/90	120/120/120
- Non-loadbearing	-/90/90	-/120/120
Internal Walls – Bounding public corridors, public lobbies and the like –		
- Loadbearing	60/60/60	120/-/-
- Non-loadbearing	-/60/60	-/-/-
Internal Walls – Between or bounding sole-occupancy units –		
- Loadbearing		120/-/-
- Non-loadbearing		-/-/-
Other loadbearing internal walls and columns	60/-/-	120/-/-
* ² Floors	*2-/-/-	-/-/-
Roofs	-/-/-	-/-/-

Notes:

Clause 2.5(c) of Specification C1.1 grants a concession to structures located on roofs to house plant and equipment to not have a Fire-Resistance Level (FRL) provided their construction is non-combustible.

*¹Clause 2.8(b) of Specification C1.1 grants a concession to a carpark in a Class 3 building, or building containing Class 2 and 3 parts, having not more than three (3) storeys, where one (1) of the storeys is used solely as a carpark or some other purpose ancillary to a Class 2 and/or 3 and the remaining storeys are of Class 2 and 3 only, to be regarded as a Class 2 or 3 for the purpose of determining the relevant FRLs.

*²Clause 4.1(i) requires a floor in a Class 3 building, except where within a sole occupancy unit, to –

- be constructed so that it is at least of the standard achieved by a floor/ceiling system incorporating a ceiling which has a resistance to the incipient spread of fire to the space above itself of not less than 60 minutes; or
- (ii) have an FRL of at least 30/30/30; or
- (iii) have a fire-protective covering on the underside of the floor, including beams incorporated in it, if the floor is combustible or of metal; and



Building Element – Type C Construction	Class 7b
External Walls	
- Less than 1.5m from a FSF	90/90/90
- 1.5 - 3m from a FSF	60/60/60
- 3m or more from a FSF	-/-/-
External Columns (not incorporated into an external wall)	
 Less than 1.5m from a FSF 	90/-/-
- 1.5 - 3m from a FSF	
- 3m or more from a FSF	-/-/-
Common Walls and Fire Walls	90/90/90
Internal Walls - Fire resisting stair shafts –	60/60/60
Internal Walls – Bounding public corridors, public lobbies and the like -	
Internal Walls – Between or bounding sole-occupancy units	
Roofs	-/-/-

5 Disability (Access to Premises – Buildings) Standards 2010

The Disability (Access to Premises – Buildings) Standards 2010 (the "Premises Standards") is Commonwealth legislation (applies nationally) that was created under the Disability Discrimination Act. The Premises Standards identifies buildings to which it applies before specifying construction standards that those buildings are required to comply with. In summary, the Premises Standards are applicable to a new building, a new part of a building, and an affected part of a building, and the construction standards applicable are contained within "Schedule 1 Access Code for Buildings".

The Premises Standards provides a definition for a new building, a new part of a building, and an affected part of a building. The definition of a new building and a new part of a building is currently considered to be in line with standard dictionary definitions (unless a building or part obtained construction approvals prior to 1 May 2011). However, the term "affected part" is specific to the Premises Standards and is defined by clause 2.1(5) as follows –

- (a) the principal pedestrian entrance of an existing building that contains a new part; and
- (b) any part of an existing building, that contains a new part, that is necessary to provide a continuous accessible path of travel from the entrance to the new part.

The upgrade requirements of the Premises Standards are founded on determining whether a development within an existing building results in the creation of an affected part.

As previously mentioned, the construction standards of the Premises Standards are contained within "Schedule 1 Access Code for Buildings". It should be noted that this part of the Premises Standards was prepared in consultation with the Australian Building Codes Board (ABCB – publisher of the NCC). As such, the requirements outlined in each document are the same. Therefore, assessment of the proposed development against the relevant requirements of the NCC applicable to access for people with a disability ensures that it also complies with the Premises Standards.

The subject proposed development incorporates construction of new buildings, therefore, the buildings must comply with the Premises Standards. An assessment of the buildings against the relevant requirements of the NCC applicable to access for people with a disability, as outlined in this Report, is equivalent to an assessment against "Schedule 1 Access Code for Buildings" of the Premises Standards. Therefore, confirmation of compliance with the NCC should also be taken as confirmation of compliance with the Premises Standards.



6 Matters for Further Consideration

6.1 Assessment

The reviewed documentation referenced in Annexure A of this Report has been assessed against the Deemed-to-Satisfy (DtS) provisions of the NCC. This assessment has identified the following areas where compliance with the NCC will require further consideration.

Annexure B of this Report provides a detailed assessment of the proposal against each of the relevant DtS provisions of the NCC.

6.2 Possible Performance Solutions

The following items relate to areas where a Performance Solution may be available to justify a deviation from the DtS requirements of the NCC. This Report does not form a Performance Solution.

Item	Possible Performance Solution DtS Provision	
1.	Justify public corridors having a length of greater than 40m.	C2.14
2.	Justify exit stairway not being fire-isolated.	D1.3
3.	Justify extended exit travel distances.	D1.4
4.	Justify discharge of fire-isolated exits.	D1.7
5.	Justify rising and descending stair flights in a fire-isolated stairway not being separated.	D2.4
6.	Justify exit door not swinging in direction of egress.	D2.20
7.	Justify the Lower Building not incorporating any accessible SOUs.	D3.1
8.	Justify access not being provided to the Lower Building from the main point of pedestrian entry at the allotment boundary, the Upper Building, or an accessible carparking space.	D3.2
9.	Justify the Lower Building not incorporating accessways compliant with clause D3.3 and AS 1428.1-2009.	D3.3
10.	Justify the Lower Building not incorporating any accessible carparking spaces.	D3.5

6.3 Public corridors in Class 2 and 3 buildings – clause C2.14

The public corridor serving the Lower Ground Floor and Ground Floor (lower) of the Upper Building has a length of approximately 82m and is not proposed to be divided at intervals of not more than 40m with smoke-proof walls complying with Clause 2 of Specification C2.5.

The main public corridor serving the Ground and First Floor of the Lower Building (connected by the non-fire-isolated stairway) has a length of approximately 49m and is not proposed to be divided at intervals of not more than 40m with smoke-proof walls complying with Clause 2 of Specification C2.5.

The design team have advised that these corridor lengths will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety engineer.

6.4 When fire-isolated stairways and ramps are required – clause D1.3

The exit stairway in the Upper Building serves a Class 7a part and connects three (3) storeys. As such, it is required to be fire-isolated and all notes indicating that it is "NON-ISOLATED" should be removed from the plans. Also, all doors providing entry/exit from



the stairway shaft should be indicated as fire doors (not "MAGNETIC SMOKE DOOR, GLAZED").

The exit stairway that serves the Basement and First Floor of the Lower Building (discharging on the Ground Floor) serves a Class 7a part and connects three (3) storeys. As such, it is required to be fire-isolated. The design team have advised that this will be justified with a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety engineer.

6.5 Exit travel distances – clause D1.4

The exit travel distance from U.40 on the Lower Ground Floor of the Upper Building to a single exit exceeds 6m (approximately 34m).

The exit travel distance from the Common Terrace on the Ground Floor (lower) of the Upper Building to a single exit exceeds 20m (approximately 50m).

The exit travel distance from U.50 on the Ground Floor (lower) of the Upper Building to a single exit exceeds 20m (approximately 28m).

The exit travel distance from the Common Area on the Ground Floor of the Lower Building to a single exit exceeds 20m (approximately 25m).

The exit travel distance from U.24 on the First Floor of the Lower Building to a single exit exceeds 6m (approximately 13m).

The exit travel distance from U.36 on the First Floor of the Lower Building to a single exit exceeds 6m (approximately 13m).

The design team have advised that these extended exit travel distances will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety engineer.

6.6 Travel via fire-isolated exits – clause D1.7

The discharge of the fire-isolated stairway serving the Upper Building does not comply with the requirements of this clause – does not discharge into an area that is open for at least 2/3 of its perimeter. The design team have advised that this will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety engineer.

6.7 Separation of rising and descending stair flights – clause D2.4

The fire-isolated stairway serving the Upper Building incorporates a direct connection between flights rising from a storey below the lowest level of access to a road or open space and flights descending from a storey above that level. This must be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety engineer.

6.8 Swinging doors – clause D2.20

The door discharging from the fire-isolated exit on the Ground Floor (lower) of the Upper Building does not swing in the direction of egress. The design team have advised that this will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety engineer.

6.9 General Building access requirements – clause D3.1

The Lower Building does not incorporate any accessible SOUs. The design team have advised that this will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified access consultant.



6.10 Access to buildings – clause D3.2

Access is not provided to the Lower Building from the main point of pedestrian entry at the allotment boundary, the Upper Building, or an accessible carparking space. The design team have advised that this will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified access consultant.

6.11 Parts of buildings to be accessible – clause D3.3

The Lower Building does not incorporate accessways compliant with clause D3.3 and AS 1428.1-2009. The design team have advised that this will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified access consultant.

6.12 Accessible carparking – clause D3.5

Upper Building

Based on the building having 22 rooms (including the caretakers unit), being required to have two (2) accessible rooms, and having 11 carparking spaces, one (1) accessible carparking space is required to be provided.

Lower Building

Based on the building having 39 rooms, being required to have two (2) accessible rooms, and having 20 carparking spaces, one (1) accessible carparking space is required to be provided.

The Upper Building is provided with two (2) accessible carparking spaces and the Lower Building is not provided with any accessible carparking spaces. The design team have advised that the provision of two (2) accessible carparking spaces to the Upper Building in lieu of providing one (1) accessible carparking space to each building will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified access consultant.



7 Statement of Compliance

Credwell Consulting have completed a detailed assessment of the subject proposed development, as indicated on the drawings referenced in Annexure A of this Report, against the relevant requirements of the NCC. The details of this are specified in the Assessment Table provided in Annexure B of this Report. Subject to this assessment, Credwell Consulting advise that the design of the proposed development complies, or is capable of complying, with the relevant requirements of the NCC.



Annexure A – Reviewed Documentation

This Report is based on review of the documentation listed below:

Architectural drawings prepared by Platform Architects, Project reference WAB2			
Drawing Number	Revision	Date	Title
A0.02	DA03	MAY '21	SITE PLAN
A1.01	DA02		UPPER BUILDING
	DA03	IVIAY 21	BASEMENT PLAN
A1 02	DA02		UPPER BUILDING
A1.02	DAUS	IVIAT 21	LOWER GROUND FLOOR PLAN
A1 02	DA02	NANY (24	UPPER BUILDING
A1.05	DAUS	IVIAT 21	GROUND FLOOR PLAN – SHEET 1
A1 04	0402	MAN (21	UPPER BUILDING
A1.04	DAUS	IVIAT 21	GROUND FLOOR PLAN – SHEET 2
A1 05	2040	MAV '21	UPPER BUILDING
A1.05	DAUS		GROUND FLOOR PLAN
A1 06		MAY '21	UPPER BUILDING
	DAUS		ROOF PLAN
A1 07		MAY '21	LOWER BUILDING
	DAUS		BASEMENT PLAN
A1 08		MAY '21	LOWER BUILDING
	5/105	10000 21	GROUND FLOOR PLAN – SHEET 1
A1 09	DA03	MAY '21	LOWER BUILDING
, (2105	5/100		GROUND FLOOR PLAN – SHEET 2
A1.10		MAV '21	LOWER BUILDING
, (1120	5/100		FIRST FLOOR PLAN – SHEET 1
A1.11	DA03	MAY '21	LOWER BUILDING
	27.00		FIRST FLOOR PLAN – SHEET 2
A1.12	DA03	MAY '21	LOWER BUILDING
			ROOF PLAN – SHEET 1
A1.13	DA03	MAY '21	LOWER BUILDING
			ROOF PLAN – SHEET 2
A2.01	DA03	MAY '21	NORTH EAST ELEVATIONS
A2.02	DA03	MAY '21	
A2.03	DA03	MAY '21	
A2.04	DA03	MAY '21	
A3.01	DA03	MAY '21	
A3.02	DA03	MAY '21	
A3.03	DA03	MAY '21	
A3.04	DA03	MAY '21	
			SECTIONS V & VI
A3.05	DA03	MAY '21	
<u> </u>		MAY '21	SECTION VII
A3.06	DA03		LOWER BUILDING



Annexure B – Detailed Assessment

The following Assessment Table outlines a clause by clause review of the subject proposed development against the relevant Deemed-To-Satisfy (DTS) provisions of the NCC. Where a clause is not relevant to the proposed development, no discussion of that clause is provided.

The following abbreviations have been used in the table below:

PS	Performance Solution The design does not comply with the clause, however, a Performance Solution is proposed to justify the design in its current format.
CRA	Compliance Readily Achievable It is considered that, whilst there is insufficient information currently provided to determine strict compliance with the relevant DTS clause, the proposed design can comply in its current format.
Complies	The proposed design complies with the relevant DTS clause
DNC	Does Not Comply The proposed design does not comply with the relevant DTS clause and requires amendment.
FI	Further Information Further information is required to determine whether the proposed design satisfies the requirements of the relevant DTS clause.

Noted The relevant DTS clause specifies information only, no assessment is required.



SECTION	B - STRUCTURE		
Clause		Comments	Assessment
Part B1	- Structural provision	S	
B1.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted
B1.1	Resistance to actions	Resistance to actions must be in accordance with this clause. Structural Engineer to certify.	CRA
B1.2	Determination of individual actions	The magnitude of individual actions must be determined in accordance with this clause.	CRA
B1.4	Determination of structural resistance of materials and forms of construction	The structural resistance of materials and forms of construction must be determined in accordance with this clause. Structural Engineer to certify.	CRA
B1.5	Structural software	Structural software used in computer aided design of a building or structure must comply with the ABCB Protocol for Structural Software in accordance with this clause. Structural Engineer to certify.	CRA
B1.6	Construction of buildings in flood hazard areas	A Class 2 or 3 building, Class 9a health-care building, Class 9c building or Class 4 part of a building in a flood hazard area must comply with this clause.	CRA
SECTION	C – FIRE <u>RESISTANCE</u>		
Clause		Comments	Assessment
Part C1	- Fire resistance and	stability	
C1.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted
		Upper Building The building, having a rise in storeys of two (2) and containing a Class 3 part on the top storey, is required to be Type B construction.	CRA
C1.1	Type of construction required	The building, having a rise in storeys of two (2) and containing a Class 3 part on the top storey, is required to be Type B construction.	CRA
		Bin Storage Room The building, having a rise in storeys of one (1) and containing a Class 7b part on the top storey, is required to be Type C construction.	CRA
		Each building element must comply with Specification C1.1 as applicable.	CRA
C1.2	Calculation of rise in storeys	Upper Building The building has a rise in storeys of two (2). Lower Building The building has a rise in storeys of two (2). Bin Storage Room The building has a rise in storeys of one (1).	Noted
C1.3	Buildings of multiple classification	The top storey of the Upper and Lower Buildings contains a Class 3 part.	Noted
C1.4	Mixed types of construction	The buildings will be a single Type of construction.	Noted
C1.8	Lightweight construction	If lightweight construction is utilised to achieve an FRL, it must comply with this clause and Specification C1.8.	CRA
C1.9	Non-combustible building elements	The buildings are required to be of Type A construction, therefore, the building elements listed in this clause must be non-combustible. Where a building element is required to be non-combustible, all materials forming that element are to be non-combustible. This clause also identifies building elements to which it does not apply.	CRA



Clause		Comments		Assessment
		Also, it should b	be noted that wall systems utilising permanent	
		polymer/PVC fo	prmwork (e.g. Dincel, Rediwall, etc.) used where the	
		NCC requires th	le element to be non-combustible, must be justified by	
		engineer	Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety	
		The fire hazard	properties of all materials must comply with this	
C1.10	Fire hazard properties	clause and Spec	cification C1.10.	CRA
		"Ancillary elem	ents", other than those listed in this clause, must not	
C1.14	Ancillary elements	be fixed, installe	ed or attached to the internal parts or external face of	CRA
		an external wal	I that is required to be non-combustible.	
Part C2	- Compartmentation	and separation		
C2.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information on	ly.	Noted
		Clause C2.2, C2	.3 and C2.4 do not apply to a carpark provided with a	
C2.1	Application of Part	sprinkler systen	n (other than a FPAA101D or FPAA101H system)	Noted
		complying with	Specification E1.5 or an open-deck carpark.	
		Class 7a	Maximum Floor Area E 000m ²	
			Maximum Floor Area 5,000 ¹¹⁻	
		Class 3	The Class 3 parts of the buildings are not subject to	
C2.2	General floor area and		the floor area and volume limitations of C2.2.	Complies
	volume limitations		Rather, Table 3 of Specification C1.1 and clause	
			C3.11 regulate the compartmentation and	
			separation requirements applicable to Class 2	
			buildings or parts.	
	Vertical separation of			
C2.6	openings in external	None of the bui	ildings are required to be of Type A construction.	N/A
	walls			
C2.7	Separation by fire walls	Fire walls must	comply with this clause.	CRA
	Separation of	The entire Lowe	er Ground Floor of the Upper Building must be	
C2.8	classifications in the	constructed to	achieve the FRLs applicable to the Class 7b part	CRA
	same storey	(Storage room)	, or the different classifications must be separated	••••
	Sonaration of	From one anoth	ter by fire walls.	
C2.9	classifications in	having the FRI	applicable to a floor for the classification in the lower	CRA
02.5	different storeys	storey.		Clur
	Concretion of lift	The lifts in each	building must be enclosed within a shaft that has the	
C2.10	separation of int	FRLs outlined in	Specification C1.1 with reference to the classification	CRA
	5110115	in which it is loo	cated.	
C2.11	Stairways and lifts in	The stairways a	nd lifts are proposed to be located in separate shafts in	Complies
	one shaft	each building.	uding lift motor rooms, omorgonsy gonorators	-
		sustaining emer	rgency equipment operating in emergency mode	
	Separation of	central smoke o	control plan, boilers or battery areas with a voltage	
C2.12	equipment	exceeding 24 vo	olts and a capacity exceeding 10 ampere hours, and on-	CRA
		site fire pumps	must be fire separated from the remainder of the	
		building in acco	rdance with this clause.	
		If the main swit	ch room sustains emergency equipment operating in	
		emergency mod	de, the room is to be separated from the remainder of	
		120/120/120	In construction having a FRE of not less than	
	Flootrigity and the	120/ 120/ 120.		
C2.13		Where emerger	ncy equipment is required in a building, all	CRA
	System	switchboards in	the electrical installation that sustain the electricity	
		supply to the er	inergency equipment must be constructed so that	
		equipment swit	chgear by metal partitions designed to minimise the	
		spread of a faul	t from the non-emergency equipment switchgear.	



Clause		Comments	Assessment
		The public corridor serving the Lower Ground Floor and Ground Floor (lower) of the Upper Building has a length of approximately 82m and is not proposed to be divided at intervals of not more than 40m with smoke-proof walls complying with Clause 2 of Specification C2.5.	
C2.14	Public corridors in Class 2 and 3 buildings	The main public corridor serving the Ground and First Floor of the Lower Building (connected by the non-fire-isolated stairway) has a length of approximately 49m and is not proposed to be divided at intervals of not more than 40m with smoke-proof walls complying with Clause 2 of Specification C2.5.	
		The design team have advised that these corridor lengths will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety engineer.	PS
		The walls dividing the public corridors into lengths of less than 40m within the Lower Building must comply with Clause 2 of Specification C2.5. The doorways through these walls must comply with Clause 3 of	05.4
Part C3	- Protection of opening	Specification C3.4.	CRA
C3.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted
C3.1	Application of Part	Information only.	Noted
C3.2	Protection of openings in external walls	There are no openings in external walls required to be protected in accordance with clause C3.4 under this clause.	Noted
C3.4	Acceptable methods of protection	Any openings in external walls requiring protection under clause C3.3 must be protected in accordance with the requirements of this clause.	CRA
C3.5	Doorways in fire walls	Doorways through fire walls must be protected in accordance with the requirements of this clause.	CRA
C3.8	Openings in fire- isolated exits	The doorways opening into the fire-isolated exits, that are not doorways opening to a road or open space, must be protected with self-closing -/60/30 fire door sets.	CRA
C3.9	Service penetrations in fire-isolated exits	Fire-isolated exits must not be penetrated by any service other than electrical wiring for lighting and intercom systems, water supply for fire services, and other fire related services.	CRA
C3.10	Openings in fire- isolated lift shafts	The lift doors must achieve an FRL of not less than -/60/- and be in accordance with this clause. Also, the lift indicator panels must comply with this clause.	CRA
C3.11	Bounding construction: Class 2 and 3 buildings and Class 4 parts	The doorways to the units, and other rooms served by the public corridors, must be self-closing -/60/30 fire door sets.	CRA
C3.12	Openings in floors and ceilings for services	All service shafts must achieve the FRLs outlined by Table 3 of Specification C1.1.	CRA
C3.13	Openings in shafts	Openings providing access to service shafts must be protected in accordance with this clause.	CRA
C3.15	Openings for service installations	The protection of service penetrations through fire rated building elements must comply with this clause.	CRA
C3.16	Construction joints	Construction joints in fire rated building elements must be protected in accordance with this clause.	CRA
C3.17	Columns protected with lightweight construction to achieve an FRL	Any columns protected with lightweight fire rated materials to achieve the required FRL must comply with this clause.	CRA
Specific	cation C1.1 – Fire-resis	ting construction	
1	Scope	This Specification contains the requirements for fire resisting construction of building elements.	Noted
2	General Requirements	-	-



Clause		Comments	Assessment
2.1	Exposure to fire- source-features	A part of a building element is exposed to a fire-source feature if any of the horizontal straight lines between that part and the fire-source feature, or vertical projection of the feature, is not obstructed by another part of the building that - (i) has an FRL of not less than 30/-/-; and (ii) is neither transparent nor translucent.	CRA
2.2	Fire protection for support of another part	Where a part of a building required to have a FRL depends on direct vertical or lateral support from another part to maintain its FRL, that supporting part, if located within the same fire compartment, must have a FRL not less than that required for the part it is supporting.	CRA
2.3	Lintels	A lintel must have the FRL required for the part of the building in which it is situated unless it complies with the exemption requirements of this clause.	CRA
2.4	Method of attachment not to reduce the fire- resistance of building elements	The method of attaching or installing a finish, lining, ancillary element or service installation to a building element must not reduce the fire- resistance of that element to below that required.	CRA
2.7	Enclosure of shafts	 Shafts required to have an FRL must be enclosed at the top and bottom by construction having an FRL not less than that required for the walls of a non-loadbearing shaft in the same building, except that these provisions need not apply to - (a) the top of a shaft extending beyond the roof covering, other than one enclosing a fire-isolated stairway or ramp; or (b) the bottom of a shaft if it is non-combustible and laid directly on the ground. 	CRA
2.8	Carparks in Class 2 and 3 buildings	Where the building contains not more than three (3) storeys, of which one (1) storey is a Class 7 used solely for the purpose of parking motor vehicles or for some other purpose that is ancillary to the Class 3, the carpark storey may be regarded as a Class 3 for the purpose of determining the relevant fire-resisting requirements of Specification C1.1 only.	Noted
3	Type A Construction	-	-
3.1	Fire-resistance of building elements	The building elements are to have FRLs as determined by this Clause. See Part 4 of the Report.	CRA
3.2	Concessions for floors	A floor need not have an FRL in accordance with the concessions given in this clause.	Noted
3.4	Roof superimposed on concrete slab: Concession	A roof superimposed on a concrete slab need not have an FRL if it complies with this Clause.	Noted
3.5	Roof: Concession	 A roof need not comply with Table 3 if its covering is non-combustible and the building - (a) has a sprinkler system (other than a FPAA101D or FPAA101H system) complying with Specification E1.5 installed throughout; or (b) has a rise in storeys of 3 or less; or (c) is of Class 2 or 3; or (d) has an effective height of not more than 25 m and the ceiling immediately below the roof has a resistance to the incipient spread of fire to the roof space of not less than 60 minutes. 	Noted
3.7	Internal columns and walls: Concession	Where the building has a roof without an FRL in accordance with clause C3.5, the internal columns (except those referred to in clause 3.1(f) Specification C1.1) and walls (except fire walls and shaft walls) within the storey immediately below the roof are granted a concession by this clause to have an FRL of no less than 60/60/60.	Noted
3.9	Carparks	A carpark can comply with the requirements of this clause where it meets all the relevant criteria.	Noted
3.10	Class 2 and 3 buildings: Concession	The building can comply with the requirements of this clause where it meets all the relevant criteria.	Noted



Clause		Comments	Assessment
Specific	ation C1.8 – Structura	I tests for lightweight construction	
1	Scope	This Specification describes test methods to be applied to and criteria	Noted
2	Application	Information only.	Noted
3	Tests	Tests to walls and lift shafts to comply with this clause.	CRA
4	Test specimens	Testing to comply with this clause.	CRA
5	Test methods	Tests to be carried out in accordance with this clause.	CRA
6	Criteria for	The wall system or the specimen of it must comply with this clause	CPA
0	compliance	The wait system of the specimen of it must comply with this clause.	CRA
Specific	ation C1.10 – Fire haza	ard properties	
1	Scope	This Specification sets out requirements in relation to the fire hazard properties of linings, materials and assemblies in buildings.	Noted
2	Application	Linings, materials and assemblies must comply with the appropriate provisions described in Table 1 of this clause.	Noted
3	Floor linings and floor coverings	Fire hazard properties of the floor linings and floor coverings are to comply with this clause.	CRA
4	Wall and ceiling	Fire hazard properties of the wall and ceiling linings are to comply with this clause.	CRA
5	Air-handling ductwork	Fire hazard properties of the air-handling ductwork are to comply with this clause	CRA
6	Lift cars	Fire hazard properties of the lift cars are to comply with this clause.	CRA
7	Other materials	Fire hazard properties of other materials not covered in Clauses 3, 4, 5	CBA
/		or 6 above are to comply with this clause.	CNA
Specific	ation C3.4 – Fire door	s, smoke doors, fire windows and shutters	
1	Scope	This Specification sets out requirements for the construction of fire doors, smoke doors, fire windows and fire shutters.	Noted
2	Fire Doors	Fire doors must comply with AS1905.1-2005 and this clause.	CRA
3	Smoke Doors	Smoke doors must comply with this clause.	CRA
4	Fire Shutters	Fire shutters must comply with this clause and the manufacturer's specifications.	CRA
5	Fire Windows	Fire windows must comply with this clause and the manufacturer's specifications.	CRA
Specific	Specification C3.15 – Penetration of walls, floors and ceilings by services		
1	Scope	This Specification prescribes material and methods of installation for services that penetrate walls, floors and ceilings required to have an FRL.	Noted
2	Application	Information only.	Noted
3	Metal pipe systems	Metal pipe system penetration must comply with this clause.	CRA
4	Pipes penetrating sanitary compartments	Pipes penetrating sanitary compartments must comply with this clause.	CRA
5	Wires and cables	Wire and cable penetrations must comply with this clause.	CRA
6	Electrical switches and outlets	Electrical switches and outlets must comply with this clause.	CRA
7	Fire-stopping	Fire-stopping must comply with this clause.	CRA
SECTION	D – ACCESS AND EGRE	SS	
Clause		Comments	Assessment
Part D1	– Provision for escape		
	Deemed-to-Satisfy		.
D1.0	Provisions	Information only.	Noted
D1.1	Application of Part	The Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions of this Part do not apply to the internal parts of a sole-occupancy unit in a Class 2 or 3 building or a Class 4 part of a building.	Noted
D1.2	Number of exits required	The provision of exits throughout the buildings complies.	Complies
D1.3	When fire-isolated stairways and ramps are required	The exit stairway in the Upper Building serves a Class 7a part and connects three (3) storeys. As such, it is required to be fire-isolated and all notes indicating that it is "NON-ISOLATED" should be removed from the plans. Also, all doors providing entry/exit from the stairway	



Clause		Comments	Assessment
Clause		shaft should be indicated as fire doors (not "MAGNETIC SMOKE DOOR,	, as containent
		GLAZED").	CRA
		The exit stairway that serves the Basement and First Floor of the	
		Lower Building (discharging on the Ground Floor) serves a Class 7a	
		isolated. The design team have advised that this will be justified with a	
		Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety	PS
		engineer.	
		The suit station was in the Council and First Flags and a fitted for	Neted
		I ne exit stairway serving the Ground and First Floors only of the Lower Building is not required to be fire-isolated	Noted
		The exit travel distance from U.40 on the Lower Ground Floor of the	
		Upper Building to a single exit exceeds 6m (approximately 34m).	
		The exit travel distance from the Common Terrace on the Ground	
		Floor (lower) of the Upper Building to a single exit exceeds 20m	
		(approximately 50m).	
		The exit travel distance from U.50 on the Ground Floor (lower) of the	
		Upper Building to a single exit exceeds 20m (approximately 28m).	
D1 4		The exit travel distance from the Common Area on the Ground Floor	DC
D1.4	EXIL LIAVEI DISLANCES	25m)	P5
		23117.	
		The exit travel distance from U.24 on the First Floor of the Lower	
		Building to a single exit exceeds 6m (approximately 13m).	
		The exit travel dictance from U.26 on the First Floor of the Lower	
		Building to a single exit exceeds 6m (approximately 13m).	
		The design team have advised that these extended exit travel	
		distances will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a	
	Distance between	suitably qualified fire safety engineer.	
D1.5	alternative exits	The distances between alternative exits complies.	Complies
		The exits must have an unobstructed width (measured clear of	
		handrails) of no less than 1,000mm. Please note a constructed width	
D1.6	Dimensions of exits	of approximately 1,100mm is required to install a compliant handrail	CPA
D1.0	exits	and a constructed width of approximately 1.200mm is required to	CRA
		install compliant handrails to both sides of a stairway (as required for	
		a non-fire-isolated stairway).	
		The discharge of the fire-isolated stairway serving the Upper Building	
	Travel via fire-isolated	does not comply with the requirements of this clause – does not discharge into an area that is open for at least 2/3 of its perimeter	
D1.7	exits	The design team have advised that this will be justified by a	PS
		Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety	
		engineer.	
DIC	Travel by non-fire-	The transformer first set to the first	
D1.9	isolated stairways or	The travel by non-fire-isolated stairways complies.	Complies
	ramps	The discharge from and access to exits must comply with the	
D1.10	Discharge from exits	requirements of this clause.	CRA
	Non-required		
D1.12	stairways, ramps and	The non-required stairway in the Upper Building complies.	Complies
	escalators Number of persons	Determination of the occupant canacity of the building must be in	
D1.13	accommodated	accordance with this clause.	Noted



Clause		Comments	Assessment
D1.14	Measurement of distances	Information only.	Noted
D1.15	Method of measurement	Information only.	Noted
D1.17	Access to lift pits	If the building incorporates a lift pit, access to it must comply with this clause.	CRA
Part D2	- Construction of exit	is	
D2.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted
D2.1	Application of Part	Clause D2.13, D2.14(a), D2.16, D2.17(d), D2.17(e), D2.21, and D2.24 are the only clauses of this Part that apply to the internal parts of a sole-occupancy unit in a Class 3 building.	Noted
D2.2	Fire-isolated stairways and ramps	 Construction of the fire-isolated stairways must be – (a) of non-combustible materials; and (b) so that if there is local failure it will not cause structural damage to, or impair the fire-resistance of, the shaft. 	CRA
D2.3	Non-fire-isolated stairways and ramps	 The construction of the non-fire-isolated exit stairways must be – (a) of non-combustible materials; and (b) so that if there is local failure it will not cause structural damage to, or impair the fire-resistance of, the shaft. or only of – (a) reinforced or prestressed concrete; or (b) steel in no part less than 6 mm thick; or (c) timber that— (i) has a finished thickness of not less than 44 mm; and (ii) has an average density of not less than 800 kg/m3 at a moisture content of 12%; and (iii) has not been joined by means of glue unless it has been laminated and glued with resorcinol formaldehyde or resorcinol phenol formaldehyde glue. 	CRA
D2.4	Separation of rising and descending stair flights	The fire-isolated stairway serving the Upper Building incorporates a direct connection between flights rising from a storey below the lowest level of access to a road or open space and flights descending from a storey above that level. This must be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety engineer.	PS
D2.7	Installations in exits and paths of travel	 Services or equipment comprising - (i) electricity meters, distribution boards or ducts; or (ii) central telecommunications distribution boards or equipment; or (iii) electrical motors or other motors serving equipment in the building may be installed in any corridor, hallway, lobby or the like leading to a required exit if the services or equipment are enclosed by non-combustible construction or a fire-protective covering with doorways or openings suitably sealed against smoke spreading from the enclosure. 	CRA
D2.8	Enclosure of space under stairs and ramps	 The space below the stairways located within the fire-isolated exits must not be enclosed to form a cupboard or similar enclosed space. The space below the non-fire-isolated stairways must not be enclosed to form a cupboard or other enclosed space unless - (i) the enclosing walls and ceilings have an FRL of not less than 60/60/60; and (ii) any access doorway to the enclosed space is fitted with a self-closing –/60/30 fire door. 	CRA
D2.10	Pedestrian ramps	The floor surfaces of ramps must have a slip-resistance classification not less than that listed in Table D2.14 when tested in accordance with AS 4586-2013.	CRA



Clause		Comments	Assessment
		Where a roof is being used as open space (pathway between an exit discharge and a road – discharge from exit of Lower Building to roof of	
D2.12	Roof as open space	Basement) it must – (a) have an FRL of not less than 120/120/120; and	CRA
		(b) not have any root lights or other openings within 3 m of the path of travel of persons using the exit to reach a road or open space.	Complies
D2.13	Goings and risers	The geometry of the stairways and slip-resistance of the stairway treads must comply with this clause.	CRA
D2.14	Landings	The geometry and slip-resistance of landings must comply with this clause.	CRA
D2.15	Thresholds	The thresholds throughout the building comply with the requirements of this clause.	Complies
D2.16	Barriers to prevent falls	Barriers (balustrades) must be provided in accordance, and comply, with this clause.	CRA
D2.17	Handrails	The configuration of the stairways must allow for the installation of a compliant handrail. To enable installation of a compliant handrail, a stairway must be configured so that there is an offset of one (1) tread width between the bottom riser of the upper flight and the top riser of the lower flight. Also, the stairways must be configured so that the requisite handrail extensions and method of termination do not encroach on the swing of a door or an intersecting pathway at the point of handrail termination at the top and bottom of the stairways.	CRA
D2.19	Doorways and doors	The doorways and doors throughout the building comply.	
D2.20	Swinging doors	 The swinging doors serving the exits must not encroach - (a) at any part of their swing by more than 500mm on the required width (including any landings) of a required— (i) stairway; or (ii) ramp; or (iii) passageway, if they are likely to impede the path of travel of the people already using the exit; and (b) when fully open, by more than 100 mm on the required width of the required exit, and (b) when fully open, by more than 100 mm on the required width of the required exit, and The door discharging from the fire-isolated exit on the Ground Floor (lower) of the Upper Building does not swing in the direction of egress. The design team have advised that this will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified fire safety engineer. 	CRA PS
D2.21	Operation of latch	All doorways must be provided with latches compliant with the requirements of this clause.	CRA
D2.23	Signs on doors	Signage must be located on or adjacent to all fire doors in accordance with this clause. For the self-closing doors, the sign is to say - FIRE SAFETY DOOR DO NOT OBSTRUCT DO NOT KEEP OPEN. For the doors discharging from a fire-isolated exit - FIRE SAFETY DOOR – DO NOT OBSTRUCT. The text is to be a minimum of 20mm in height and of a colour contrasting to the background of the sign.	CRA
D2.24	Protection of	The windows to the bedrooms must be protected in accordance with	CRA
Part D3	openable windows	rith a disability	
D3.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted
D3.1	General building access requirements	Access must be provided to each Classification within the building in accordance with the following:	



Clause		Comments	Assessment
Clause		Class 3 From a pedestrian entrance required to be accessible to at least one (1) floor containing sole-occupancy units, and to the entrance doorway of each sole-occupancy unit located on that level. To and within not less than one (1) of each type of room or space for use in common by the residents. Where a ramp complying with AS 1428.1-2009 or a passenger lift is installed - (a) to the entrance doorway of each sole-occupancy unit; and (b) to and within rooms or spaces for use in common by the residents, located on the levels served by the lift or ramp. To and within two (2) accessible Sole-Occupancy Units (SOUs) located within the Upper Building (based on 22 SOUs – including Carataker	Assessment
		Unit). Also, to and within two (2) accessible SOUs located within the Lower Building (based on 39 SOUs).	PS
		To and within any level containing accessible carparking spaces.	CRA
		The Lower Building does not incorporate any accessible SOUs. The design team have advised that this will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified access consultant.	PS
D3.2	Access to buildings	 An accessway must be provided to a building required to be accessible - (i) from the main points of a pedestrian entry at the allotment boundary; and (ii) from another accessible building connected by a pedestrian link; and (iii) from any required accessible carparking space on the allotment. Also, access must be provided through the principal pedestrian entrances of the building. Access is not provided to the Lower Building from the main point of pedestrian entry at the allotment boundary, the Upper Building, or an accessible carparking space. The design team have advised that this 	PS
		will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified access consultant.	
D3.3	Parts of buildings to be accessible	Parts of the buildings must comply with the relevant requirements of this clause. The Lower Building does not incorporate accessways compliant with clause D3.3 and AS 1428.1-2009. The design team have advised that this will be justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified access consultant.	PS
D3.4	Exemptions	No part of the building is exempt under this clause.	Noted
D3.5	Accessible carparking	Upper Building Based on the building having 22 rooms (including the caretakers unit), being required to have two (2) accessible rooms, and having 11 carparking spaces, one (1) accessible carparking space is required to be provided. Lower Building	Noted



Clause		Comments	Assessment
		Based on the building having 39 rooms, being required to have two (2) accessible rooms, and having 20 carparking spaces, one (1) accessible carparking space is required to be provided.	Noted
		The Upper Building is provided with two (2) accessible carparking spaces and the Lower Building is not provided with any accessible carparking spaces. The design team have advised that the provision of two (2) accessible carparking spaces to the Upper Building in lieu of providing one (1) accessible carparking space to each building will be	
		justified by a Performance Solution prepared by a suitably qualified access consultant.	PS
		Braille and tactile signage must be provided in accordance with this clause and Specification D3.6.	
D3.6	Signage	Where illuminated exit signage is provided to an exit door, a braille and tactile sign complying with this clause must be provided stating "Exit" and "Level XX" (XX being the relevant floor level number, descriptor, or a combination of both).	CRA
D3.8	Tactile indicators	Tactile Ground Surface Indicators (TGSIs) must be provided to warn people that they are approaching a stairway, ramp and/or overhead obstruction in accordance with the requirements of this clause and AS 1428.4.1-2009.	CRA
D3.11	Ramps	On an accessway, a series of connected ramps must not have a combined vertical rise of 3.6m or more. Also, a landing for a step ramp may not overlap a landing for another step ramp or ramp.	CRA
D3.12	Glazing on an accessway	On an accessway, where there is no chair rail, handrail or transom, all frameless or fully glazed doors, sidelights, and any glazing capable of being mistaken for a doorway or opening must be clearly marked in accordance with AS/NZS 1428.4.1-2009.	CRA
Specific	cation D3.6 – Braille an	nd tactile signs	
1	Scope	This Specification sets out the requirements for the design and installation of braille and tactile signage as required by clause D3.6.	Noted
2	Location of braille and tactile signs	Braille and tactile signage must be located in accordance with this clause.	CRA
3	Braille and tactile sign specification	Braille and tactile signage must have characters in accordance with this clause.	CRA
4	Luminance contrast	The luminance contrast of the signage must comply with this clause.	CRA
5	Lighting	Braille and tactile signage must be illuminated to ensure the luminance contrast requirements are met at all times during which the sign is required to be read	CRA
6	Braille	The braille characters are to comply with clause	CRA
SECTION	E – SERVICES AND EQU	JIPMENT	Clux
Clause		Comments	Assessment
Part E1	– Fire fighting equipm	ent	
E1.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted
E1.3	Fire hydrants	The Upper and Lower Buildings must be served by a fire hydrant system compliant with AS 2419.1-2005.	CRA
E1.4	Fire hose reels	The basement storeys of the Upper and Lower Buildings must be protected by a fire hose reel system in accordance with this clause and AS 2441-2005.	CRA
E1.6	Portable fire extinguishers	The building must be provided with portable fire extinguishers. Within the Class 3 parts, a 2.5kg ABE powder extinguisher must be located within 10m of all unit entry doors.	CRA
E1.9	Fire precautions during construction	In a building under construction, not less than one (1) fire extinguisher to suit Class A, B and C, and electrical fires must be provided on each storey adjacent to each required exit or temporary stairway or exit.	CRA
Specific	cation E2.2a – Smoke c	letection and alarm systems	
1	Scope	This Specification describes the installation and operation of automatic smoke detection and alarm systems.	Noted



Clause		Comments	Assessment
2	Type of system	The Class 3 parts of the buildings and Class 7a part of the Upper Building must be provided with a smoke detection system complying with clause 4 of Specification E2.2a.	CRA
4	Smoke detection system	A smoke detection system must comply with this clause.	CRA
7	Building occupant warning system	The smoke alarm or detection system must activate a building occupant warning system in accordance with this clause.	CRA
8	System monitoring	The smoke detection systems serving the Class 3 parts of the buildings must be connected to a fire alarm monitoring system connected to a fire station or fire station dispatch centre in accordance with AS 1670.3-2018.	CRA
Specific	ation E2.2d – Residen	tial fire safety systems	
1	Application	Clause 3 describes requirements for connecting residential sprinkler systems in Class 2 and 3 buildings or a residential care building, to a fire station or other approved monitoring service.	Noted
3	Connection of residential sprinkler systems to a fire station or other approved monitoring service	 (a) Connection to monitoring service: (i) Connection of a residential sprinkler system to a fire station or other approved monitoring service must be via a sprinkler alarm switch, connected to alarm signalling equipment. The connection from the alarm signalling equipment must be in accordance with AS 1670.3-2018. (ii) The alarm signalling equipment must be installed— (A) in a secure, accessible position; and (B) in a weatherproof housing, if located externally; and (C) not more than 500 mm from the system flow switch. (b) Indication at the fire indicator panel — the fire signal from the alarm signalling equipment must be minicked by an audible and visible signal at the fire indicator panel. 	CRA
Part E3	– Lift installations		
E3.0	Deemed-to-Satisty Provisions	Information only.	Noted
E3.1	Lift installations	An electric passenger lift installation and an electrohydraulic passenger lift installation must comply with Specification E3.1.	CRA
E3.3	Warning against use of lifts in fire	Warning signage stating – DO NOT USE LIFTS IF THERE IS A FIRE must be provided in accordance with this clause.	CRA
E3.5	Landings	Access and egress to and from the liftwell landing must comply with Section D. Review of this requirement has been undertaken with the assessment of Part D3 in this Report.	N/A
E3.6	Passenger lifts	Upper Building The lift car has been measured to scale as having internal dimensions of 1,400mm (wide) x 1,600mm (deep), which complies with the requirements of this clause. Lower Building The lift car has been measured to scale as having internal dimensions of 1,400mm (wide) x 1,600mm (deep), which complies with the	Complies
		requirements of this clause.	Complies
		that comply with AS1735.12-1999.	CRA
Specifie	cation E3.1 – Lift Instal	ations	
1	Scope	This Specification contains requirements for electric passenger lift installations and electrohydraulic passenger lift installations	Noted
2	Lift cars exposed to solar radiation	A lift car exposed to solar radiation directly, or indirectly through re- radiation, must comply with this clause.	CRA
3	Lift car emergency lighting	A lift car must have emergency lighting complying with this clause.	CRA



Clause		Comments	Assessment
4	Cooling of lift shaft	While in service, a lift shaft must have cooling in accordance with this clause	CRA
5	Lift foyer access	Where there is a security foyer in a building, access may be via locked security doors provided measures are in place in accordance with this clause.	CRA
6	Emergency access doors in a single enclosed lift shaft	Emergency access doors in a single enclosed lift shaft must be in accordance with this clause.	CRA
Part E4	- Visibility in an emer	gency, exit signs and warning systems	
E4.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted
E4.2	Emergency lighting requirements	The building must be provided with emergency lighting in accordance with this clause.	CRA
E4.3	Measurement of distance	Information only.	Noted
E4.4	Design and operation of emergency lighting	The emergency lighting system must comply with AS 2293.1-2005.	CRA
E4.5	Exit signs	The building must be provided with exit signage in accordance with this clause.	CRA
E4.6	Direction signs	Where required, the building must be provided with exit direction signage in accordance with this clause.	CRA
E4.7	Class 2 and 3 buildings and Class 4 parts: Exemptions	The requirements of clause E4.5 do not apply to an entrance door of a sole-occupancy unit in a Class 3 building.	CRA
E4.8	Design and operation of exit signs	The exit lighting system must comply with AS 2293.1-2005.	CRA
Specific	ation E4.8 – Photolum	inescent exit signs	
1	Scope	This Specification contains the requirements for photoluminescent exit signs	Noted
2	Application	A photoluminescent exit sign must comply with Section 6 and Appendix D of AS 2293.1-2005, except as varied by this Specification.	Noted
3	Illumination	Photoluminescent exit signage must comply with this clause.	CRA
4	Pictorial elements	Photoluminescent exit signage must comply with this clause.	CRA
5	Viewing distance	Photoluminescent exit signage must comply with this clause.	CRA
6	Smoke control systems	Photoluminescent exit signage must comply with this clause.	CRA
SECTION	F – HEALTH AND AME	ΝΙΤΥ	
Clause		Comments	Assessment
Part F1	 Damp and weatherp 	proofing	
F1.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted
F1.1	Stormwater drainage	Stormwater drainage for the building must comply with AS/NZS 3500.3-2015.	CRA
F1.4	External above ground membranes	Waterproofing membranes for external above ground use, such as balconies and roofs, must comply with AS 4654.1-2012 and AS 4654.2-2012.	CRA
F1.5	Roof coverings	The roof covering must be in accordance with this clause.	CRA
F1.6	Sarking	Sarking-type materials used for weatherproofing of roofs and walls must comply with AS 4200.1-1994 and AS 4200.2-1994.	CRA
F1.7	Waterproofing of wet areas in buildings	Waterproofing of the wet areas in the building must comply with this clause and AS 3740-2010.	CRA
F1.9	Damp-proofing	Damp-proofing is to be provided in accordance with this clause. Where a damp-proof course is provided, the material must comply with AS/NZS 2904-1995 or, for impervious termite shields, AS 3660.1- 2014.	CRA
F1.10	Damp-proofing of floors on the ground	Damp-proofing of floors on the ground must be in accordance with this clause. Where required the vapour barrier is to comply with AS 2870-2011.	CRA



Clause		Comments	Assessment
F1.11	Provision of floor wastes	The bathrooms and laundries located above a sole-occupancy unit or public space mush have a floor waste, and the floor must be graded to the floor waste to permit the drainage of water.	CRA
F1.12	Subfloor ventilation	Where provided, sub-floor ventilation is to be in accordance with this clause.	CRA
F1.13	Glazed assemblies	Glazed assemblies in external walls or roofs must comply with AS 2047-2014 or AS 1288-2006 as required by this clause and NCC clause B1.4.	CRA
Part F2	- Sanitary and other f	acilities	
F2.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted
F2.1	Facilities in residential buildings	The provision of facilities throughout the buildings complies.	Complies
F2.2	Calculation of number of occupants and facilities	Determination of the occupant capacity of the building must be in accordance with clause D1.13.	Noted
F2.3	Facilities in Class 3 to 9 buildings	The Caretaker Unit on the Ground Floor of the Upper Building is provided with a sanitary compartment containing a shower, closet pan, and washbasin.	Complies
F2.4	Accessible sanitary facilities	The accessible sanitary facility compartments contained within U.55, U.56, U.57, and U.58 have been measured to scale off the plans as having dimensions of approximately 2,300mm (wide) x 2,700mm (long). These compartments are capable of being fitted out in accordance with the requirements of Section 15 of AS 1428.1-2009.	CRA
F2.5	Construction of sanitary compartments	All sanitary compartments must be provided with clearance in accordance with NCC Figure F2.5, or the door to these compartments must open outwards, slide, or be readily removable from outside the sanitary compartment (provided with lift-off hinges).	CRA
Part F3	 Room heights 		
F3.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted
F3.1	Height of rooms and other spaces	The height of all spaces and rooms must comply with the requirements of this clause.	CRA
Part F4	 Light and ventilation 	1	
F4.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted
F4.1	Provision of natural light	Natural light must be provided to all habitable rooms within the Class 3 parts.	CRA
F4.2	Methods and extent of natural light	The method and extent of natural light provided to all habitable rooms within the Class 3 parts must be in accordance with the requirements of this clause.	CRA
F4.3	Natural light borrowed from adjoining room	Natural light can be borrowed (where required) in accordance with the requirements of this clause.	CRA
F4.4	Artificial lighting	Artificial lighting must be provided throughout the building in accordance with the requirements of AS 1680.0-2009.	CRA
F4.5	Ventilation of rooms	All occupiable spaces throughout the building must be provided with natural or mechanical ventilation.	CRA
F4.6	Natural ventilation	Where natural ventilation is utilised, a ventilating area of no less than 5% of the floor area must be provided.	CRA
F4.7	Ventilation borrowed from adjoining room	Ventilation can be borrowed from an adjacent room in accordance with the requirements of this clause.	CRA
F4.8	Restriction on location of sanitary compartments	The location of sanitary compartments complies with this clause (units do not include kitchens and/or pantries).	Complies
F4.11	Carparks	The carpark must have a system of mechanical ventilation complying with AS 1668.2-2012.	CRA
Part F5	- Sound transmission	and insulation	
F5.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted



Clause		Comments	Assessment			
F5.1	Application of Part	This Part applies to Class 2, 3 and 9c buildings.	Noted			
F5.2	Determination of airborne sound insulation ratings	A form of construction required to have an airborne sound insulation rating must comply with this clause.	CRA			
F5.3	Determination of impact sound insulation ratings	Building elements required to have an impact sound insulation rating must comply with this clause.	CRA			
F5.4	Sound insulation rating of floors	A floor in a Class 2 or 3 building must have a $R_w + C_{tr}$ (airborne) of not less than 50 and a $L_{n,w} + C_l$ (impact) of not more than 62 if it separates sole-occupancy units (SOUs) or a SOU from plant, a lift shaft, a stairway, etc., or parts of a different classification in accordance with this clause.	CRA			
F5.5	Sound insulation rating of walls	Walls must be sound insulated in accordance with this clause.	CRA			
F5.6	Sound insulation rating of internal services	Ducts and waste or water supply pipes that pass through more than one SOU must be separated by construction with an $R_w + C_{tr}$ (airborne) in accordance with this clause.	CRA			
F5.7	Sound isolation of pumps	A flexible coupling must be used at the point of connection between the service pipes in a building and any circulating or other pump.	CRA			
Specific	ation F5.2 – Sound ins	ulation for building elements				
1	Scope	This Specification contains details of common forms of construction and their designated DTS weighted sound reduction index.	Noted			
2	Construction Deemed- to-Satisfy	Information only.	Noted			
Specific	ation F5.5 – Impact so	und – Test of equivalence				
1	Scope	This Specification describes a method of test to determine the comparative resistance of walls to the transmission of impact sound	Noted			
2	Construction to be tested	Information only.	Noted			
3	Method	Information only.	Noted			
SECTION	G – ANCILLARY PROVIS	SIONS				
Clause		Comments	Assessment			
Part G1	– Minor structures an	d components				
G1.0	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions	Information only.	Noted			
NSW G1.101	Provision for cleaning windows	 (a) The building must provide for a safe manner of cleaning any windows located three (3) or more storeys above ground level. (b) The building satisfies (a) where - (i) the windows can be cleaned wholly from within the building; or (ii) provision is made for the cleaning of the windows by a method complying with the Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and regulations made under that Act. provision for the cleaning of the windows by a method complying with the WH&S Act 2001 and regulations made under that Act. 	CRA			
SECTION J – ENERGY EFFICIENCY						
A separate Section J Report must be obtained to confirm compliance with this Section.						
This can	This can be undertaken at a later design stage/CC stage.					

Please contact Credwell Energy on 02 9281 8555 or at info@credwell.com.au for further information regarding obtaining a Section J Report.

