

GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL

- G1. The drawings are to be read together with all Architects drawings and specifications.
- G2. Dimensions shall not be obtained by scaling from the drawings. All setting out dimensions shall be verified and discrepancies shall be referred to the Engineer prior to commencement of work.
- G3. Care is required during construction so that structural elements are not over stressed and that the works and excavations required therefore are kept stable at all times.
- G4. Design, materials and workmanship are to be in accordance with current S.A.A standards and statutory authority regulations except where varied by these documents.
- G5. Design live loads are in accordance with AS 1170.1
- G6. Builder to ensure stability of existing structures in the vicinity of excavation works.

FOOTINGS

F1. FOUNDATION STRATA IS ASSUMED FOR DESIGN PURPOSES IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 2870-2011 "RESIDENTIAL SLAB AND FOOTINGS-CONSTRUCTION". SEE FOOTNOTE. CLASSIFICATION TO BE VERIFIED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER COMMISSIONED BY THE CLIENT FOR CERTIFICATION OF FOUNDATIONS.

- F2. Footings to be constructed and back filled as soon as possible following excavation to avoid softening by rain or drying out by exposure.
- F3. Footings must bear into undisturbed natural ground clear of organic material. Refer to details.
- F4. If rock or variable bearing strata is encountered during excavation of the footings all footings/piers are to be excavated to similar material of greater bearing capacity. The Engineer is to be contacted at that time for approval or review.
- F5. Footings to be cast in approved material having an allowable capacity as follows:

Sand Foundations:

- SA1. Required bearing capacity 100 kPa.
- SA2. Trenches must be cleaned of all debris and hand compacted prior to placement of reinforcement.

Clay Foundations:

- CL1. Required bearing capacity 200 kPa.
- CL2. Trenches must be cleaned of all debris. Soft spots must be cut out and filled as per compacted fill notes, prior to placement of reinforcement.

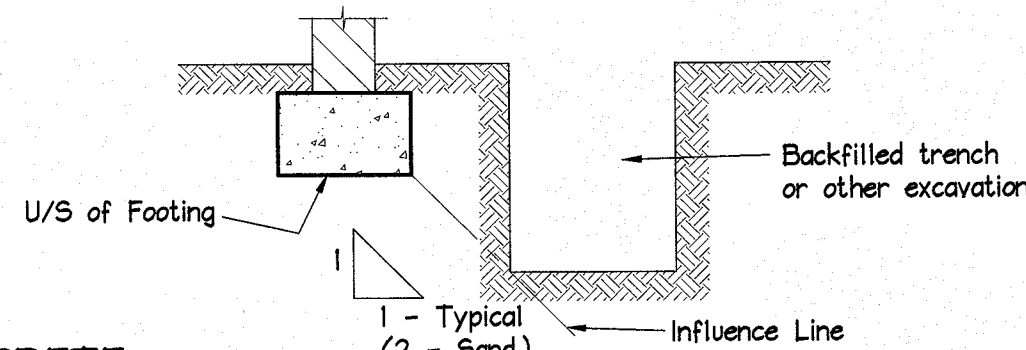
Shale Foundations:

- SH1. Required bearing capacity 600 kPa.
- SH2. Excavation for footings into shale must be cast or capped with plain concrete on the same day as excavation.

Sandstone Foundations:

- SS1. Required bearing capacity 1000 kPa.
- SS2. Scrape weathered surface to remove cleaved sandstone under footings. Refer adjacent for assumed Design bearing strata.

- F6. Future development of neighbouring properties may affect ground water conditions on this site. Consequently, reactivity in subgrade beneath footings may be locally altered therefore putting footing at risk of differential settlement. We recommend that, particularly in clay subgrades, agricultural drainage is installed to the upstream perimeter of the building at a distance from the building which is outside the zone of influence of the footings. The agricultural drain must be installed below the fluctuating seasonal zone which should be identified by geotechnical investigation.
- F7. UNLESS OTHER WISE APPROVED. Excavations near new or existing footings shall not be within the footing influence line.



CONCRETE

- C1. All workmanship and materials shall be in accordance with AS 3600.
- C2. Concrete quality shall be as follows and shall be verified by tests.
- C3. All concrete unless otherwise noted shall have a slump of 80mm at point of placement, a max. aggregate size of 20 mm. No water shall be added to the mix prior to or during placement of concrete. Strength as specified on plans.
- C4. Clear concrete cover to reinforcement shall be as follows unless otherwise shown-

ELEMENT	INTERIOR	EXTERIOR	EXTERIOR CAST AGAINST GROUND
FOOTINGS	-	-	50
COLUMNS/PEDESTALS	30 UNO	REFER TO PLAN	-
SLABS/WALLS	25	REFER TO PLAN	40 ON MEMBRANE
BEAMS	25 UNO	REFER TO PLAN	50
BLOCKWORK	55 FROM APPROPRIATE FACE		

- C5. Sizes of concrete elements do not include thickness of applied finishes.
- C6. All Construction Joints locations shall be approved by the Structural Engineer.
- C7. Beam depths are written first and include slab thickness, if any.
- C8. No holes or chases other than those shown on the structural drawings shall be made in concrete elements without the prior approval of the engineer.
- C9. Shrinkage reducing admixtures such as 'Eclipse' or approved equivalent, if specified, must be added to mix prior to pour.
- C10. Water reducing agents, if specified, must be added to mix prior to pour. No extra water is to be added to increase slump.
- C11. Where vertical slab/beam surfaces are formed against a masonry (or other) wall, provide 10 mm styrene separation material.
- C12. Water must not be added to concrete mix prior to placement of concrete.
- C13. Above covers may have to be adjusted if fire rating is a requirement.
- C14. Any structural concrete slab that is designed in accordance with Australian Standards is susceptible to shrinkage cracking due to the nature of the hydration and curing process involved in setting. A certain level of cracking is therefore considered acceptable in the Standards and consequently if a crack free surface is necessary then a proprietary topping system should be considered.

REINFORCEMENT

- R1. All reinforcement specified is Grade D500 unless noted otherwise.
- R2. Reinforcement is represented diagrammatically it is not necessarily shown in true projection.
- R3. Top reinforcement is to be continuous over supports. Bottom reinforcement to be lapped at supports.
- R4. Welding of reinforcement shall not be permitted unless shown on the structural drawings.
- R5. Pipes or conduits shall not be placed within the zone of concrete cover to the reinforcement without the approval of the engineer.
- R6. All reinforcing bars and fabric shall comply with AS 4671-2001.
- R7. Reinforcement symbols:
N - Grade 500N deformed bar (D500) Normal Ductility
R - Grade 250N plain round bar (R250) Normal Ductility.
SL - Grade 500L welded deformed ribbed mesh (D500) Square Low Ductility.
RL - Grade 500L welded deformed ribbed mesh (D500) Rectangular Low Ductility.
The number immediately following these symbols is the number of millimeters in the bar diameter.
Example :
8 N12-250, denotes 8, Grade 500N deformed bars, 12 mm diameter at 250 cts.
- R8. Fabric reinforcement to be lapped 1 complete square + 25 mm unless noted otherwise.
- R9 All reinforcement shall be firmly supported on bar chairs spaced at a maximum of 750 centres both ways under rod and fabric reinforcement. Reinforcement shall be tied at alternate intersections.

FORMWORK

- FW1. Formwork must be cleaned of all debris prior to casting of concrete.
- FW2. Minimum stripping times for form work shall be as recommended in AS 3610 - 1990 or as directed by the engineer.
- FW3. The finished concrete shall be a dense homogeneous mass, completely filling the form work, thoroughly embedding the reinforcement and free of stone pockets. All concrete elements including slabs on ground and footings shall be compacted with mechanical vibrators.
- FW4. Curing of all concrete is to be achieved by keeping surfaces continuously wet for a period of 3 days, followed by prevention of loss of moisture for seven days followed by a gradual drying out. Approved sprayed on curing compounds may be used where no floor finishes are proposed. Polythene sheeting or wet hessian may be used if protected from wind and traffic.

BRICKWORK

- BR1. Brickwork is to be constructed to AS 3700.
- BR2. Two layers of approved greased metal based slip material shall be used over all load bearing walls that support concrete slabs and placed on smooth brickwork or trowelled mortar finish. Non load-bearing walls shall have 10 mm compressible material and ties to the slab soffit.
- BR3. No brickwork shall be constructed on suspended slabs until all propping has been removed from the underside of the slab and the concrete has the specified 28 day cylinder strength verified by tests.
- BR4. Control joints to be placed at a maximum of 8m centres or in accordance with AS 3700.
- BR5. Exposure grade bricks to be used below damp proof course.
- BR6. Vertical control joint material where specified on plan between slabs and brick walls shall be: 10 mm Spandex External UNO. Bitumastic fibreboard internal UNO.
- BR7. Provide stainless steel wall ties below DPC to AS 3700. Provide galvanized wall ties above DPC to AS 3700 & Local Council Specifications.
- BR8. Dry Pressed Bricks should always be use for brick retaining walls. In addition we recommend that dry pressed bricks be used for all types of construction where possible. Dry pressed bricks grow only half as much as extruded bricks. Extruded bricks are difficult to fix to and excessive brick growth leads to cracking in walls and render.

BLOCKWORK

- BL1. Concrete blocks shall have a minimum compressive strength of 15 MPa and conform to AS 1500. Masonry to be constructed to AS 3700.
- BL2. Where cores of hollow blocks are to be filled, properly compacted 20MPa concrete with 10 mm aggregate and 230 mm slump shall be used. Clean out openings must be utilized for all cores.
- BL3. Location of actual starters is critical to suit block cores, allow 55 mm cover from the outside face of blockwork. All reinforcement lap lengths to conform to AS 3600.
- BL4. Control joints to be placed at a maximum of 8 m centres or in accordance with AS 3700.
- BL5. Vertical control joint material where specified on plan between slabs and brick walls shall be: 10 mm Spandex External UNO. Bitumastic fibreboard internal UNO.
- BL6. Retaining walls or any reinforced and concrete core filled block walls to be of Double 'U' Block Construction.
- BL7. No blockwork shall be constructed on suspended slabs until all propping has been removed from the underside of the slab and the concrete has the specified 28 day cylinder strength verified by tests, unless approved by the Structural Engineer.
- BL8. Max. pour height for unrestrained blockwork is 2000.
- BL9. Contractor to ensure all cores are filled with concrete where additional loads are to be applied to existing core filled blockwork walls.

STEEL

- S1. All Structural steelwork to be Grade 300 or greater. Design, fabrication and erection to be in accordance with AS 4100.
- S2. Materials and workmanship shall comply with AS 1250 - 1981, SAA Steel Structures Code and the specification for Structural Steel.
- S3. Rolled steel sections including steel plates shall comply with AS 3678 - 1990.
- S4. Cold formed steel sections shall be Grade 450 Zinc coated in accordance with AS 1538-1988.
- S5. Welded and seamless steel hollow sections shall comply with AS 1163. Grade 350.
- S6. Bolt Designation:
4.6S - Commercial bolts Grade 4.6, snug tightened.
8.8S - High Strength structural bolts Grade 8.8, snug tightened.
8.8TB - High Strength structural bolts Grade 8.8, fully tightened to AS 1511 and acting as a Bearing Joint.
8.8TF - High Strength structural bolts Grade 8.8, fully tensioned to AS 1511 and acting as a Bearing Joint.
Unless noted otherwise, all bolts will be 8.8S.
- S7. Unless shown otherwise, minimum connection shall be 2M16 bolts, 10 thick gusset plates, 6mm continuous fillet welds.
- S8. Load indicating washers shall be used in all fully tensioned joints. (8.8TF & 8.8TB).
- S9. All welding shall be carried out in accordance with AS 1554 SAA Structural Steel Welding Code.
- S10. Unless noted otherwise all welds shall be category SP using E41xx Electrodes. All butt welds shall be complete penetration butt welds category SP.
- S11. Grouting of anchor bolt sleeves and base plates shall be completed by the contractor using High Strength, Non-Shrink grout.
- S12. Fabrication and erection tolerances for Structural Steelwork shall be in accordance with AS 4100.
- S13. Purlin bolts shall be M12 - 4.6S galvanised.
- S14. All specification, inspection and maintenance of steel coating systems to be the responsibility of the project manager and in accordance with the NCC BCA Table 3.4.4.2 and AS/NZS 2312:2014 PART 1 and 2 NB Consulting Engineers does not warrant certify or take responsibility for any specification, inspection and maintenance of steel coating systems. At a minimum NB Consulting recommends the following:
INTERNAL "LOW" GREATER THAN 1km FOR THE COAST AND ENCLOSED
Epoxy primer (two pack) to AS/NZ 3750.13
INTERNAL "MEDIUM" 0 TO 1km FROM THE COAST AND ENCLOSED
Galvanised(HDG500) to AS/NZS 4680 (after fabrication)
CAVITY "R3" GREATER THAN 500m FROM COAST
Galvanised in accordance with AS/NZS 2699.3 (after fabrication)
CAVITY "R4" 0 TO 500m FROM COAST
Galvanised in accordance with AS/NZS2699.3 and Epoxy primer (two pack) to AS/NZ 3750.13 plus Epoxy micaceous iron oxide (two pack) to AS/NZ 3750.14 (after fabrication)
EXTERNAL "MEDIUM" GREATER THAN 1km FROM COAST
Galvanised(HDG500) to AS/NZS 4680 (after fabrication)
EXTERNAL "HIGH" 500m TO 1km FROM COAST
Galvanised(HDG900) to AS/NZS 4680 (after fabrication)
EXTERNAL "VERY HIGH" 0 TO 500m FROM COAST
Galvanised(HDG900) to AS/NZS 4680 (after fabrication) and Epoxy primer (two pack) to AS/NZ 3750.13 plus Epoxy micaceous iron oxide (two pack) to AS/NZ 3750.14
All protective coatings to be maintained in accordance with the required Durability - Years to first maintenance specification from AS/NZS 2312:2014 PART 1 and 2
S15. Workshop drawings shall be prepared and two copies submitted to the engineer for review prior to fabrication commencement.

TIMBER

- T1. All workmanship and materials to be in accordance with AS 1684, AS 1720 and as 3959. All soft wood to be Grade F7 unless noted otherwise. All hardwood to be minimum Grade F14 unless otherwise noted. Exposed timber to be CCA treated (to AS 1604) redried after full impregnation, or durability class 1, 2 or 3. ALL SOFTWOOD TIMBER FRAMING TO HAVE A MINIMUM TREATMENT PROTECTION OF H2 or T2 TREATED FOR TERMITE PROTECTION UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- T2. All joists deeper than 150 to have blocking over support bearers and at a maximum 3000 centres.
- T3. Roof trusses to be designed by the manufacturer to the relevant standards. Pre camber to be an amount equal to dead load deflection u.n.o.
- T4. All holes for bolts to be exact size. Washers to be used under all heads and nuts and to be at least 2.5 times the bolt diameter. Bolts to be M16 grade 4.6 unless noted otherwise.
- T5. Treat all exposed cut ends with Reseal by Protim to manufacturers specification to achieve required Hazard Level Exposure Classification.
- T6. Battens for T # G to be Kiln Dried to 12 %. 38mm minimum deep treated pine or as recommended by supplier. Flooring to be installed no sooner than 28 days after slab pour.
- T7. Hot dip galvanized nails/clou/screws to be used with all timber connections.
- T8. Continuous nailing must not be used for any timber connections.
- T9. All exposed CCA treated pine to have an application of penetrating sealer to reduce warping and twist of the timber due to varying moisture content in service.
- T10. All Stud walls to be 90x45 F7 Kiln Dried
T2 Treated at 450 Cts and noggings to AS 1684. U.N.O.

COMPACTED FILL

- CF1. Only to be used with approval by Engineer & to be certified by a Geotechnical Engineer.
- CF2. Clear organic material, topsoil and any uncontrolled existing fill under proposed slabs/footings.
- CF3. Filling shall be granular material compacted in not more than 200 mm layers to a minimum dry density ratio (AS 1289/E4.2 1982) of 98 percent standard maximum dry density subject to Geotechnical Engineer's Approval.
- CF4. During clearing and excavation for slabs and footings cut out soft spots and fill as above.

INSPECTIONS BY ENGINEER

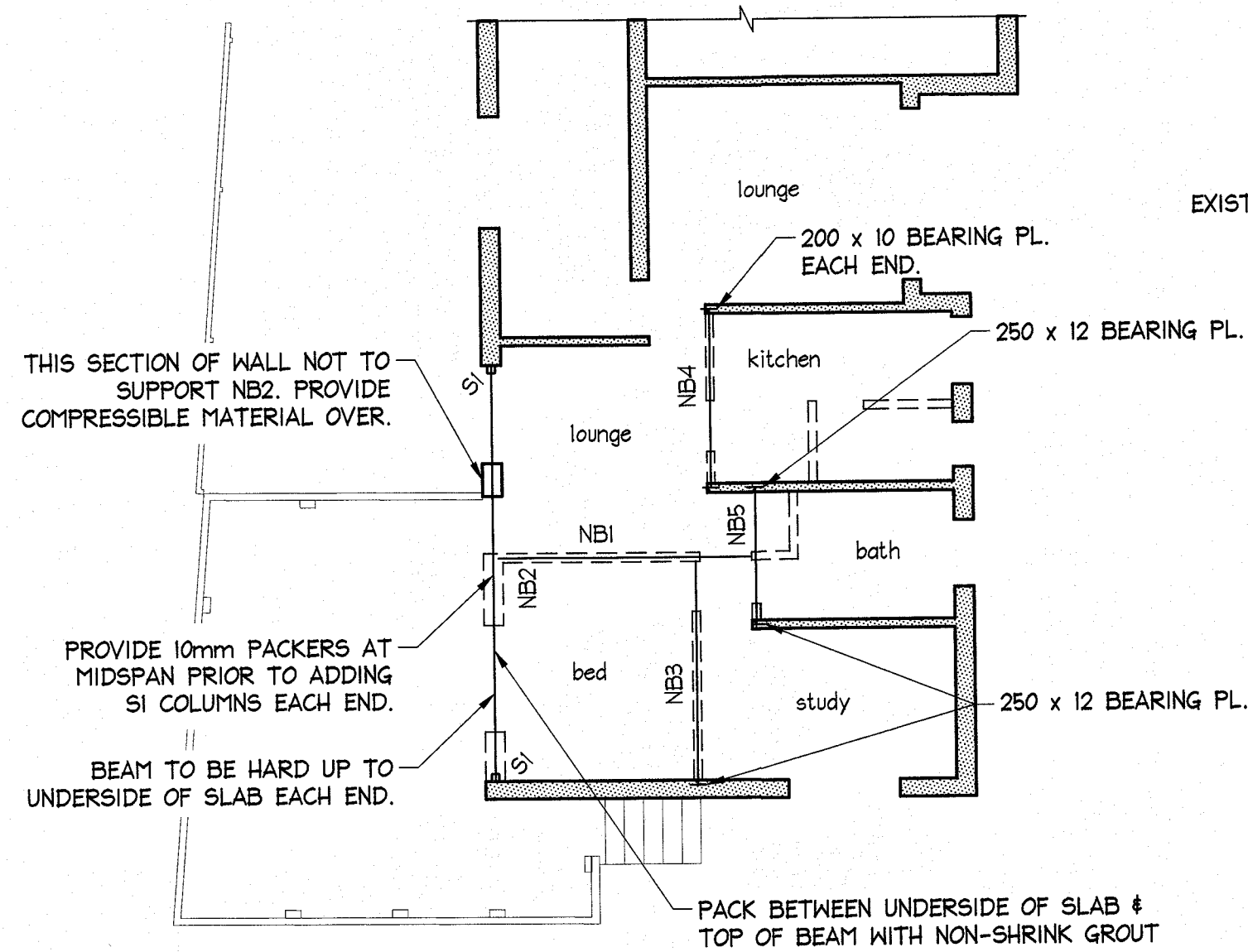
- 48 HOURS NOTICE IS REQUIRED BEFORE ANY SITE INSPECTION ANY STRUCTURAL ELEMENT NOT INSPECTED BY NBC WILL NOT BE CERTIFIED BY NBC
1. Bearing strata of all footings prior to concrete pour by Geotechnical Engineer.
 2. Any reinforcement prior to concrete pour.
 3. Timber and Steel framing prior to cladding or lining.
 4. Steel lintels after installation.
 5. CONTACT YOUR PCA (Principal Certifying Authority) AS TO REQUIREMENTS FOR MANDATORY CRITICAL STAGE inspections IN ACCORDANCE WITH REVISED EP4A ACT REGULATIONS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004.
 6. Inspection by Geotechnical Engineer over 1.5m of vertical cut through Sandstone bed rock to permit identification of defects and remedial measures initiated.

IF IN DOUBT ASK

ASSUMED FOUNDATION CLASSIFICATION FOR DESIGN PURPOSES - NA
ASSUMED BEARING STRATA FOR DESIGN PURPOSES - NA
CONTRACTOR TO ENGAGE GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANT TO VERIFY FOUNDATION CLASSIFICATION.
FOUNDATION CLASSIFICATION AND BEARING CAPACITY VERIFICATION TO BE OBTAINED IF CERTIFICATION OF THESE ITEMS IS REQUIRED.

<p>AI</p>			<p>DOCUMENT CERTIFICATION</p> <p>Date: 14/09/19</p> <p>Rick G Wray</p> <p>BE(CIVIL), CP(Eng), MIEAust., NER., RPEQ: 28293 (Director NB Consulting Engineers)</p>			<p>NB Consulting Engineers</p> <p>STRUCTURAL - CIVIL - STORMWATER - REMEDIAL A.C.N. 076 121 616 A.B.N. 24 076 121 616</p> <p>Sydney: Ph: (02) 9984 7000 Suite 207, 30 Fisher Road Dee Why N.S.W. 2099 Gold Coast: Ph: (07) 5631 4744 Unit 8, 1726 Gold Coast Highway Burleigh Heads QLD 4220 E: nb@nbconsulting.com.au W: www.nbconsulting.com.au</p>			<p>Architect:</p>			<p>Project: PROPOSED ALTERATIONS 2/87 BIRKLEY RD. MANLY</p>			<p>Date: JULY '19</p>			<p>Design: N.C.</p>			<p>Drawing: KENYON</p>		
<p>Date: -</p>			<p>By: -</p>			<p>Client: SAM COADY</p>			<p>Drawing Title: GENERAL NOTES</p>			<p>Job No: 171177</p>			<p>Drawing No: S01</p>			<p>Issue: -</p>					

NB Consulting Engineers

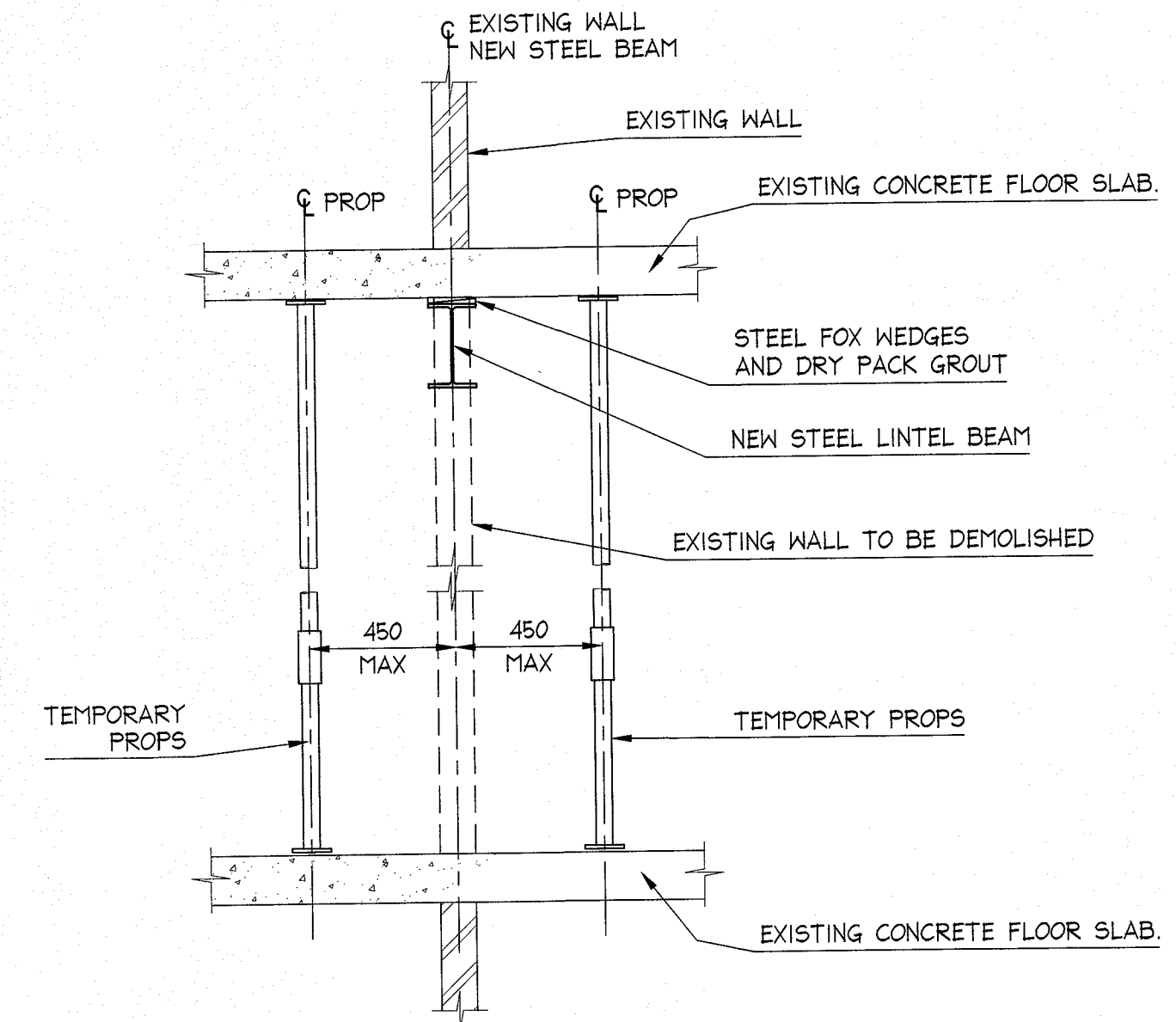
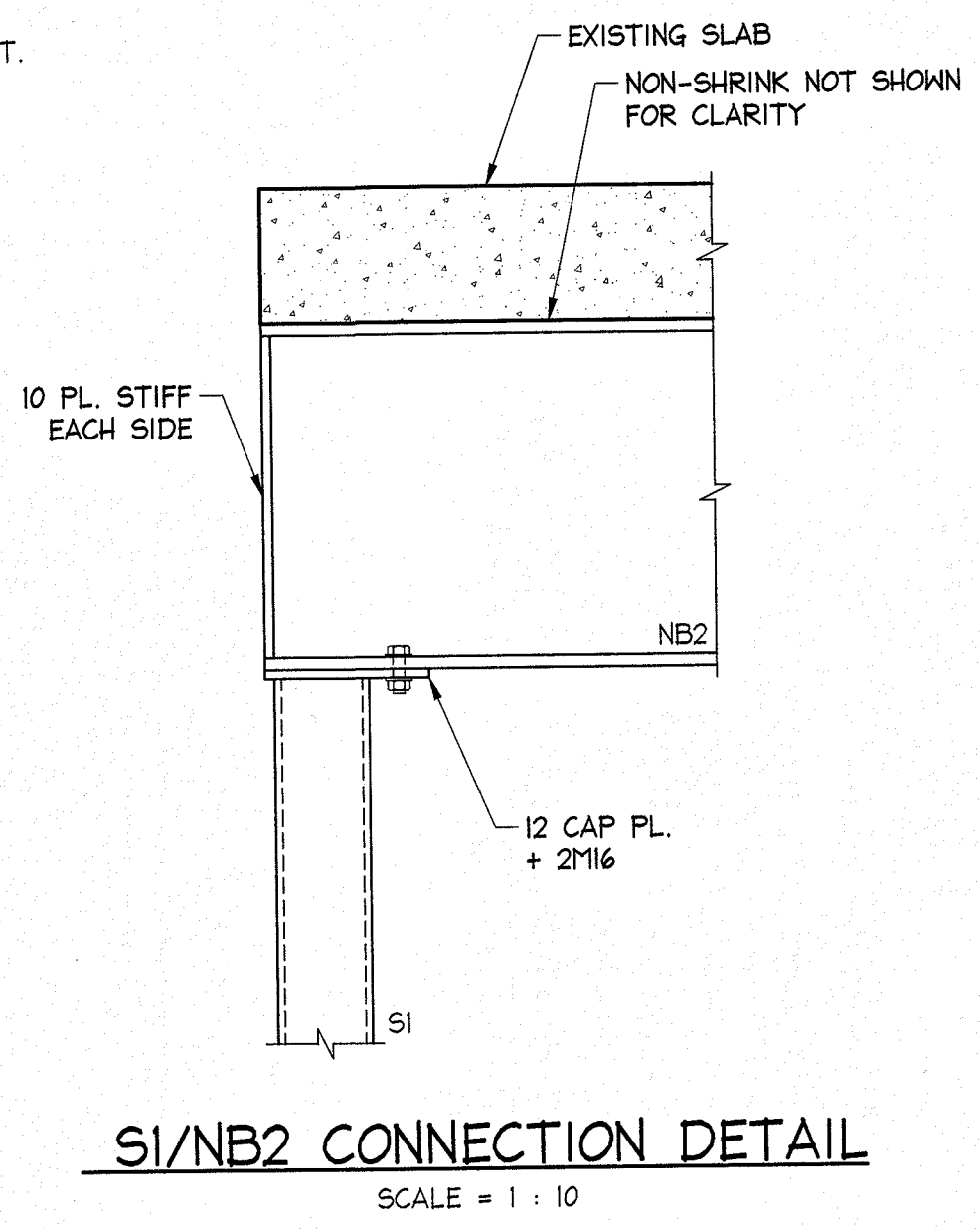
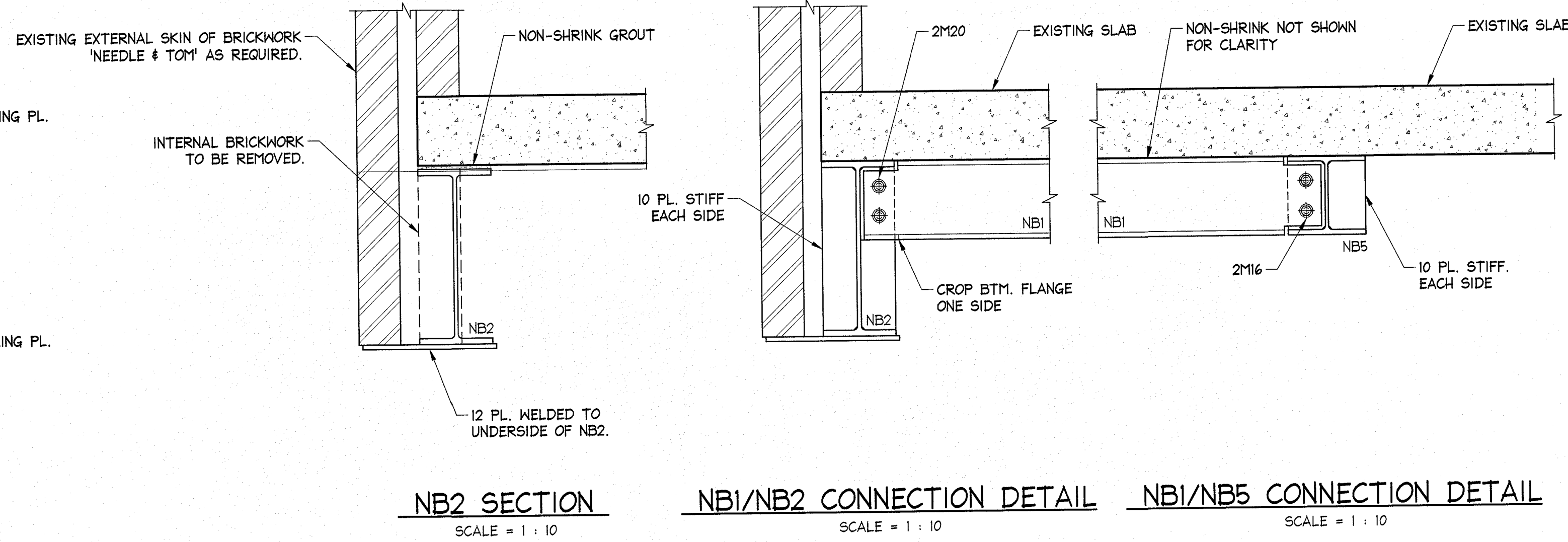


PLAN ON NEW LINTEL BEAMS

SCALE = 1 : 100 (APPROX.)
 NB1 - 200UCB9 - PRE LOAD 8mm AT MIDSPAN
 NB2 - 460UB82 + 350 x 12 PL. WELDED TO BTM. FLANGE. ALL HOT DIPPED GALVANISED.
 WELD 100 MISS 200 EACH SIDE. STAGGER WELDS. FILL BETWEEN WELDS AFTER GALVANISING WITH COMPATIBLE SEALANT.
 NB3 - 200UC46 - PRE LOAD 5mm AT MIDSPAN
 NB4 - 200UB25 - PRE LOAD 2mm AT MIDSPAN
 NB5 - 200UC46 - PRE LOAD 10mm AT MIDSPAN
 SI - 125 x 125 x 9.0 SHS STEEL COLUMN HOT DIP GALVANISE.

* BEAM SUPPORT LOCATIONS DIRECT ONTO BRICK WALLS
 BRICK WALL BEARING - 100mm MINIMUM END BEARING

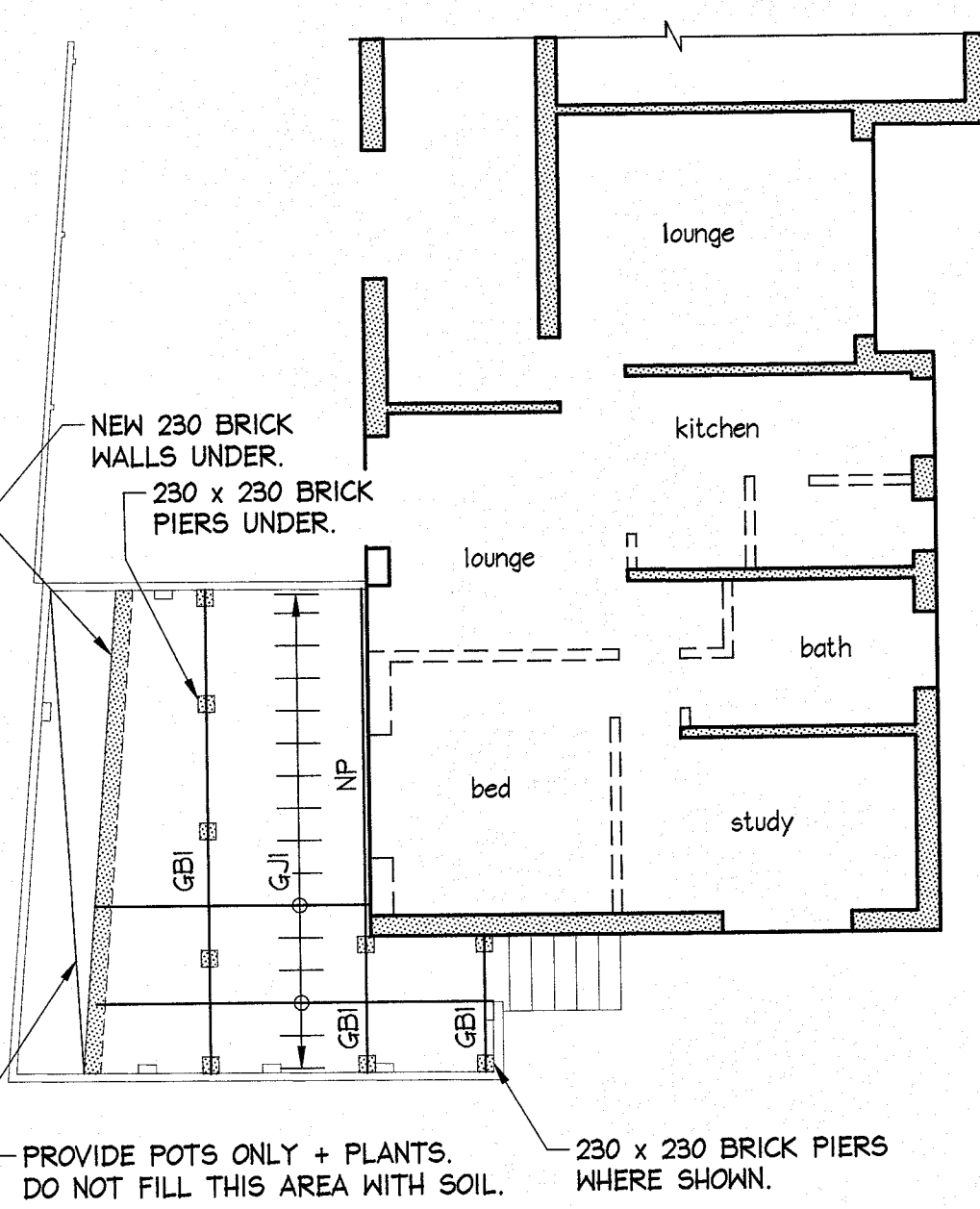
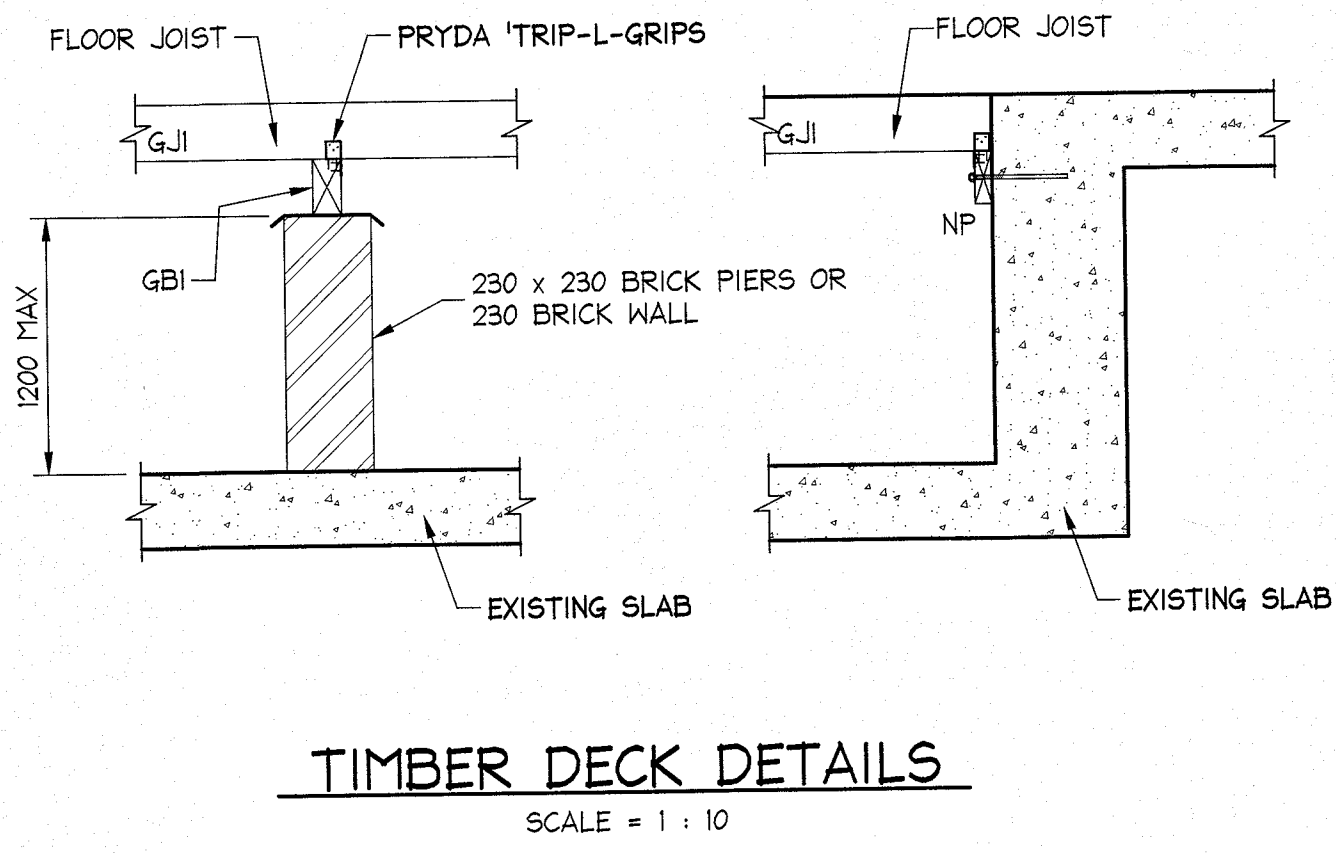
BUILDER TO ADEQUATELY PROP EXISTING FLOOR PRIOR TO REMOVAL OF EXISTING WALLS.



RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION PROCEDURE:

1. SCREW UP PROPS TO SUPPORT FULL LOAD OF SLAB ABOVE.
2. BREAK OUT BRICK WALL TAKING CARE TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE TO SIDES OF OPENING.
3. INSERT LINTEL BEAM WITH 100 MINIMUM BEARING LENGTH. (OR AS CALLED UP ON PLAN)
4. PROP BEAM AT EACH SUPPORT END, WEDGE BEAM DOWN OFF SLAB AT 1/3rd POINTS WITH 1 IN 12 TAPERED STEEL WEDGES TO TAKE UP FULL LOAD OF SLAB ABOVE.
5. RAM DRY PACK FAST SETTING PROPRIETARY GROUT BETWEEN LINTEL BEAM AND EXISTING CONCRETE SLAB AND AT SUPPORTS BETWEEN LINTEL BEAM AND WALL. ALLOW TO SET BEFORE REMOVING PROPS.

NOTE: THE ABOVE SUGGESTED PROCEDURE IN NO WAY RELIEVES THE BUILDER OF HIS USUAL CONSTRUCTION RESPONSIBILITIES.



PLAN ON NEW TIMBER DECK

SCALE = 1 : 100 (APPROX.)
 GB1 - 140 x 70 MGPI0 H3 TREATED TIMBER BEARER
 NP - 140 x 45 MGPI0 H3 TREATED TIMBER BEARER FIXED TO SLAB WITH IM12 EPOXY SET ANCHOR AT MAX. 600 CTS. (EMBED MIN. 200).
 GJ1 - 140 x 45 MGPI0 H3 TREATED TIMBER FLOOR JOISTS AT MAX. 450 CTS.

- NOTES:**
1. STRAIGHT JOINT TO NEW AND EXISTING WALL JUNCTIONS WITH TECHPRO TIES.
 2. REPOINT EXISTING WALLS EACH SIDE OF NEW AND EXISTING OPENINGS WHERE SUPPORTING NEW BEAMS WITH CEMENT MORTAR. COVERING MINIMUM 4 B/C BELOW BEAM. ENGINEER TO CONFIRM EXTENT DURING DEMOLITION WORKS ONCE INSPECTED.
 3. ORGANIC TERMITE TREATMENT TO BE CARRIED OUT TO PERIMETER OF ENTIRE BUILDING AND SUB-FLOOR AREAS. ANNUAL INSPECTIONS AND TREATMENT AS REQUIRED SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PROPRIETOR.
 4. T & G FLOOR ON BATTENS, USE 40 MPa CONCRETE FOR SLAB. ALLOW TO CURE FOR 28 DAYS PRIOR TO LAYING FLOORING. LEAVE FLOOR BOARDS OVERTURNED AND IN POSITION FOR 6 WEEKS PRIOR TO TURNING AND FIXING INTO POSITION.
 5. WALL FRAMING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 1684 TIMBER FRAMING CODE AND NSW TIMBER FRAMING MANUAL. 90x45 MGPI0 H2 or T2 TREATED STUDS AT 450 CTS.
 6. BRACE WALLS AND ROOF IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 1684 TIMBER FRAMING CODE AND NSW TIMBER FRAMING MANUAL.
 7. EXISTING GROUND FLOOR WALL BRACING FOR FIRST FLOOR ADDITION MUST BE UPGRADED TO COMPLY WITH AS 1684 TIMBER FRAMING CODE AND NSW TIMBER FRAMING MANUAL.
 8. PROVIDE DOUBLE JOISTS BELOW ALL LOAD BEARING WALLS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
 9. TIE DOWNS TO ROOF TRUSSES, RAFTERS, PURLINS, BEAMS AND LINTELS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 1684 TIMBER FRAMING CODE AND AS 1170.2 WIND LOADING CODE.
 10. TRIM FLOOR/ROOF OPENINGS WITH EQUIVALENT JOIST/RAFTER/PURLINS SIZES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
 11. DOUBLE UP ALL BEARERS TO EXISTING GROUND FLOOR BELOW ALL LOAD BEARING WALLS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
 12. PROVIDE BRICK PIERS WITH PAD FOOTINGS BELOW GROUND FLOOR AT ALL LOAD CONCENTRATION POINTS, COLUMNS AND POSTS IF NOT DIRECT TO DOUBLE BEARERS WHERE REQUIRED UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
 13. BUILDER TO IDENTIFY LOAD CONCENTRATION POINT LOCATIONS BENEATH FLOOR DURING PRELIMINARY WORKS FOR INSPECTION AND RECOMMENDATIONS BY ENGINEER.
 14. TIMBER FRAMED DECK HAS BEEN DESIGNED FOR DECKING BOARDS OVER ONLY.
 15. U.N.O. USE 10mm PLATE WITH 2 M16 BOLTS FOR ANY CLEAT CONNECTIONS.
 16. ALL EXTERNAL/EXPOSED STEELWORK INCLUDING THOSE WITHIN CAVITY WALLS TO BE HOT DIP GALVANIZED. REFER DRAWING No. S01 STEEL SECTION FOR DETAILS. INTERNAL BEAMS WHICH BEAR ON CAVITY WALLS MUST BE PAINTED WITH ZINCANODE 304 WHERE EXPOSED TO CAVITY AND BRICKWORK.
 17. EXTERNAL/EXPOSED SOFTWOOD MEMBERS TO BE SUITABLY PRESERVATIVE TREATED TO H3 LEVEL (AS 1604) THEN STAINED OR PAINTED.
 18. EXTERNAL/EXPOSED HARDWOOD MEMBERS TO BE DURABILITY CLASS 2 OR BETTER (AS 1604) THEN STAINED OR PAINTED.
 19. ENGINEER TO INSPECT AND CERTIFY ALL FRAMING, TIE DOWNS AND BRACING PRIOR TO SHEETING.

- NOTES:**
1. ALL DIMENSIONS TO BE VERIFIED ON SITE BY BUILDER BEFORE COMMENCING WITH WORK.
 2. FOR GENERAL NOTES AND DRAWING SCHEDULE REFER TO DRAWING NUMBER: S01.

NOTES:

FLOOR FINISH, FLASHING AND WATERPROOF MEMBRANES AS PER ARCHITECTS DETAILS

FINISHED FLOOR LEVELS (FFL) AND THICKNESS OF FLOOR FINISH TO BE CONFIRMED WITH ARCHITECT.

ANY STRUCTURAL CONCRETE SLAB THAT IS DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS IS SUSCEPTIBLE TO SHRINKAGE CRACKING DUE TO THE NATURE OF THE HYDRATION AND CURING PROCESS INVOLVED IN SETTING. A CERTAIN LEVEL OF CRACKING IS THEREFORE CONSIDERED ACCEPTABLE IN THE STANDARDS AND CONSEQUENTLY IF A CRACK FREE SURFACE IS NECESSARY THEN A PROPRIETARY TOPPING SYSTEM SHOULD BE CONSIDERED.

NOTES:

ALL STEELWORK CORROSION PROTECTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE TO REQUIREMENTS OF THE CURRENT NCC BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA IN PARTICULAR SECTION 3.4.4.2 AND TABLE 3.4.4.2 AND AS 4100. A FINAL SPECIFICATION OF A PROPRIETARY TYPE COATING SYSTEM SHALL BE PREPARED TO EITHER:

AS/NZS 2312-1 - PART 1 - PAINT COATINGS
 AS/NZS 2312-2 - PART 2 - HOT-DIP GALVANIZING.

NOTE: NORTHERN BEACHES CONSULTING ENGINEERS CAN LEND ASSISTANCE TO THE PROJECT SPECIFIER ON STEELWORK PROTECTION BUT DO NOT WARRANT OR CERTIFY THE DURABILITY OF ANY STEELWORK OR PROPRIETARY PAINT COATING SYSTEMS OR HOT-DIPPED GALVANIZING.

ALL EXPOSED TIMBER TO BE H3 TREATED, OR NATURAL DURABILITY CLASS 2 UNO.

ALL EXISTING LINTELS SHOULD BE CHECKED FOR CORROSION & SEPARATION & REPLACED IF NECESSARY.

ALL EXPOSED STEELWORK TO BE HOT DIPPED GALVANISED, INCLUDING POSTS IN INTERNAL LEAF OF CAVITY WALL.

IF IN DOUBT ASK

DOCUMENT CERTIFICATION		NB Consulting Engineers STRUCTURAL - CIVIL - STORMWATER - REMEDIAL A.C.N. 078 121 616 A.B.N. 24 078 121 616 Sydney: Ph: (02) 9984 7000 Suite 207, 30 Fisher Road Dee Why N.S.W. 2099 Gold Coast: Ph: (07) 5631 4744 Unit 8, 1726 Gold Coast Highway Burleigh Heads QLD 4220 E: nb@nbconsulting.com.au W: www.nbconsulting.com.au		Architect: Client:	Project: PROPOSED ALTERATIONS 2/87 BIRKLEY RD. MANLY	Date: JULY '19	Design: N.C.	Drawn: KENYON
Date: AUG 19 By: Rick G Wray Review: BE (Civil), CPEng, MIEAust., NER, RPEQ, 2023 (Director NB Consulting Engineers)		Drawing Title: STRUCTURAL PLANS & DETAILS		Job No: 171177	Drawing No: S02	Issue: -		
Date:	Issue:	Description:	By:	Review:				