

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION ASSESSMENT REPORT

Application Number:	DA2020/0233
Responsible Officer:	Kye Miles
Land to be developed (Address):	Lot 140 DP 12749, 23 Robertson Road SCOTLAND ISLAND NSW 2105
Proposed Development:	Demolition works and construction of a new jetty, pontoon and associated works
Zoning:	E3 Environmental Management
Development Permissible:	Yes - Zone E3 Environmental Management Yes - Zone W1 Natural Waterways
Existing Use Rights:	No
Consent Authority:	Northern Beaches Council
Land and Environment Court Action:	No
Owner:	Far East Land & Housing Development Company PTE LTD
Applicant:	Far East Land & Housing Development Company PTE LTD

Application Lodged:	10/03/2020	
Integrated Development:	Yes	
Designated Development:	No	
State Reporting Category:	Residential - Alterations and additions	
Notified:	23/03/2020 to 13/04/2020	
Advertised:	Not Advertised	
Submissions Received:	0	
Clause 4.6 Variation:	4.3 Height of buildings: 3.25%	
Recommendation:	Approval	

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT IN DETAIL

This application seeks consent for the demolition and construction of a jetty and associated structures at No. 23 Robertson Road. In addition, the proposal includes raising the existing boat shed by 320mm.

\$ 202,000.00

ASSESSMENT INTRODUCTION

Estimated Cost of Works:

The application has been assessed in accordance with the requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and the associated Regulations. In this regard:

• An assessment report and recommendation has been prepared (the subject of this report) taking into account all relevant provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act



1979, and the associated regulations;

- A site inspection was conducted and consideration has been given to the impacts of the development upon the subject site and adjoining, surrounding and nearby properties;
- Notification to adjoining and surrounding properties, advertisement (where required) and referral to relevant internal and external bodies in accordance with the Act, Regulations and relevant Development Control Plan;
- A review and consideration of all submissions made by the public and community interest groups in relation to the application;
- A review and consideration of all documentation provided with the application (up to the time of determination);
- A review and consideration of all referral comments provided by the relevant Council Officers, State Government Authorities/Agencies and Federal Government Authorities/Agencies on the proposal.

SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT ISSUES

Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014 - Zone W1 Natural Waterways Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014 - 4.6 Exceptions to development standards Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan - B4.19 Estuarine Habitat Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan - D15.15 Waterfront development

SITE DESCRIPTION

Property Description:	Lot 140 DP 12749 , 23 Robertson Road SCOTLAND ISLAND NSW 2105
Detailed Site Description:	The subject site consists of one (1) allotment located on the northern side of Robertson Road, Scotland Island.
	The site is irregular in shape with a frontage of 23.62m along Robertson Road and an average depth of approximately 67m. The site has a surveyed area of 833m².
	The site is located within the E4 Environmental Living zone and is currently under construction for the works approved under Development Consent N139/17.
	The site slopes approximately 21m from south to north and includes dense vegetation to the south of the site.
	Detailed Description of Adjoining/Surrounding Development
	Adjoining and surrounding development is characterised by detached dwelling houses.

Map:





SITE HISTORY

The land has been used for residential purposes for an extended period of time. A search of Council's records has revealed the following relevant history:

- Application N0139/17 for Demolition of existing dwelling and construction of a two-storey dwelling was approved on 18 July 2017 under staff delegation.
- Application MOD2018/0427 sought to modify the above consent, through removing three trees, in order to accommodate the rainwater tanks required on site. This modification was determined on 30 October 2018.
- Application BC2019/0143 for lower level reinforced piers, footings, concrete block retaining walls, steel columns and beams plus timber framework to both levels of dwelling under construction, which was approved by Council on 30 September 2019.

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979 (EPAA)

The relevant matters for consideration under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979, are:

Section 4.15 Matters for Consideration'	Comments
Section 4.15 (1) (a)(i) – Provisions of any environmental planning instrument	See discussion on "Environmental Planning Instruments" in this report.
Section 4.15 (1) (a)(ii) – Provisions of any draft environmental planning instrument	None applicable.
Section 4.15 (1) (a)(iii) – Provisions of any development control plan	Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan applies to this proposal.
Section 4.15 (1) (a)(iiia) – Provisions of any planning agreement	None applicable.



Section 4.15 Matters for Consideration'	Comments
Section 4.15 (1) (a)(iv) – Provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (EP&A Regulation 2000)	<u>Division 8A</u> of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the consent authority to consider "Prescribed conditions" of development consent. These matters have been addressed via a condition of consent.
	<u>Clause 50(1A)</u> of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the submission of a design verification certificate from the building designer at lodgement of the development application. This clause is not relevant to this application.
	<u>Clauses 54 and 109</u> of the EP&A Regulation 2000 allow Council to request additional information. Additional information was requested in relation to a geotechnical report.
	<u>Clause 92</u> of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the consent authority to consider AS 2601 - 1991: The Demolition of Structures. This matter has been addressed via a condition of consent.
	<u>Clauses 93 and/or 94</u> of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the consent authority to consider the upgrading of a building (including fire safety upgrade of development). This clause is not relevant to this application.
	<u>Clause 98</u> of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the consent authority to consider insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989. This clause is not relevant to this application.
	<u>Clause 98</u> of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the consent authority to consider the provisions of the Building Code of Australia (BCA). This matter has been addressed via a condition of consent.
	<u>Clause 143A</u> of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the submission of a design verification certificate from the building designer prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. This clause is not relevant to this application.
Section 4.15 (1) (b) – the likely impacts of the development, including environmental impacts on the natural and built environment and social and economic impacts in the locality	(i) Environmental Impact The environmental impacts of the proposed development on the natural and built environment are addressed under the Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan section in this report.
	(ii) Social Impact The proposed development will not have a detrimental



Section 4.15 Matters for Consideration'	Comments
	social impact in the locality considering the character of the proposal.
	(iii) Economic Impact The proposed development will not have a detrimental economic impact on the locality considering the nature of the existing and proposed land use.
Section 4.15 (1) (c) – the suitability of the site for the development	The site is considered suitable for the proposed development.
Section 4.15 (1) (d) – any submissions made in accordance with the EPA Act or EPA Regs	See discussion on "Notification & Submissions Received" in this report.
Section 4.15 (1) (e) – the public interest	No matters have arisen in this assessment that would justify the refusal of the application in the public interest.

EXISTING USE RIGHTS

Existing Use Rights are not applicable to this application.

BUSHFIRE PRONE LAND

The site is classified as bush fire prone land. Section 4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 requires Council to be satisfied that the development conforms to the specifications and requirements of the version (as prescribed by the regulations) of the document entitled Planning for Bush Fire Protection.

A Bush Fire Report was submitted with the application that included a certificate (prepared by Sydney Bushfire Consultants, dated 11 November 2019) stating that the development conforms to the relevant specifications and requirements within Planning for Bush Fire Protection. The recommendations of the Bush Fire Report have been included as conditions of consent.

NOTIFICATION & SUBMISSIONS RECEIVED

The subject development application has been publicly exhibited in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 and the relevant Development Control Plan.

As a result of the public exhibition of the application Council received no submissions.

REFERRALS

Internal Referral Body	Comments
Environmental Health (unsewered lands)	General Comments
	Environmental Health has been requested to provide comment on the proposed development of refurbishment and raising the existing waterfront structures at 23 Robertson Road. As part of this



Internal Referral Body	Comments
	referral Environmental Health has considered Wastewater and Acid sulfate soils.
	There is not mention of any connection to wastewater from the boat shed in the SEE or associated documents provided.The wastewater report by Martens consulting provided as part of DA N0139/17 showed no connection of wastes from the boatshed.
	The SEE provided with the development notes that "excavation is required for this proposal." " it is simply raising and refurbishing the existing long standing structures"
	As such Environmental Health has no objections.
	Recommendation
	APPROVAL - no conditions
NECC (Bushland and Biodiversity)	The proposed development has been assessed against the following provisions: - SEPP (Coastal Management) - Coastal Environment Area - Pittwater LEP Clause 7.6 (Biodiversity Protection) - Pittwater DCP Clause B4.7 (Pittwater Spotted Gum Forest EEC) - NSW Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016
	The property is mapped as containing Pittwater Spotted Gum Forest Endangered Ecological Community (EEC). While the proposal will result in the removal of two trees diagnostic to this community, replacement planting will enable the objective of no net native tree loss to be achieved. Accordingly, the proposal can be supported, subject to measures to safely retain other significant trees.
NECC (Coast and Catchments)	The application has been assessed in consideration of the Coastal Management Act 2016, State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018 and has also been assessed against requirements of the Pittwater LEP 2014 and Pittwater 21 DCP.
	Coastal Management Act 2016 The subject site has been identified as being within the coastal zone and therefore <i>Coastal Management Act 2016</i> is applicable to the proposed development.
	The proposed development is in line with the objects, as set out under Clause 3 of the <i>Coastal Management Act 2016</i> .
	State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018
	As the subject site has been identified as being within the coastal zone and therefore SEPP (Coastal Management) 2018 is also



Internal Referral Body	Comments
	applicable to the proposed development.
	The subject land has been included on the 'Coastal Environment Area' and 'Coastal Use Area' maps but not been included on the Coastal Vulnerability Area Map under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018 (CM SEPP). Hence, Clauses 13, 14 and 15 of the CM SEPP apply for this DA.
	Comment:
	As assessed in the submitted Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) report prepared by SDG Land Development Solutions dated 23 April 2018 and Council accepts the assessment , the DA satisfies requirements under clauses 13, 14 and 15 of the CM SEPP.
	As such, it is considered that the application does comply with the requirements of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018.
	Pittwater LEP 2014 and Pittwater 21 DCP
	The subject property has also been identified as affected by estuarine wave action and tidal inundation on Council's Estuarine Hazard Mapping. As such, the Estuarine Risk Management Policy for Development in Pittwater (Appendix 7, Pittwater 21 DCP) and the relevant B3.7 Estuarine Hazard Controls will apply to any proposed development of the site.
	Estuarine Risk Management
	In accordance with the Pittwater Estuary Mapping of Sea Level Rise Impacts Study (2015), a base estuarine planning level (EPL) of RL 2.73m AHD would apply at the subject site. A reduction factor (RF) based upon the distance from the foreshore of proposed development may also apply at a rate of 0.07m reduction to the EPL for every 5.00m distance from the foreshore edge up to a maximum distance of 40.00m.
	However, the applicant submitted an Estuarine Risk Management Report prepared by Salients Pty. Ltd. dated 26 February 2020



Internal Referral Body	Comments
	proposed an Estuary Planning Level of 2.52m AHD considering design life of the boatshed as 25 years and proposed to raise the floor level of the existing boatshed from 1.45m AHD to 1.77m AHD. This has been incorporated in the design and supported in Geotechnical Assessment prepared by Ascent Geotechnical Consulting dated 13 November 2019.
	Estuarine Planning Level does not apply to Jetties, Bridging Ramps or Pontoons (seaward of the foreshore). The analysis is therefore limited to the boat sheds, adjacent timber boardwalks and skids, and the seawall and beach.
	Proposed development below the derived EPL
	As assessed in the submitted Estuarine Risk Management Report prepared bySalients Pty. Ltd dated 26 February 2020 and Council accepts/does not accept the assessment, the ground floor level for the proposed boatshed is below the derived EPL of 2.52mAHD for the site.
	The proposed development is therefore subject to conditions to satisfy the relevant estuarine risk management requirements of P21 DCP.
NECC (Riparian Lands and	This application has been assessed against:
Creeks)	State Environment Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018: Part 2, Division 1, Clause 13
	Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan B8.2 Erosion and Sediment Management B4.19 Estuarine Habitat B4.20 Protection of Estuarine Water Quality B4.16 Seagrass Conservation
	This application proposes the construction of a jetty using the same footprint as the existing jetty. The application does not include dredging works and should these be required an application must be made to Council with an accompanying integrated development referral to Department of Primary Industries (fisheries). To prevent damage to seagrass environmental safeguards such as silt curtains, are to be used and maintained during the construction and no items are to be placed on the seagrass beds. All precautions must be taken to avoid the spread of the invasive algae <i>Caulerpa taxifolia</i> which is already present at the site.
	With these conditions it is unlikely the application will have an adverse



Internal Referral Body	Comments
	impact on the integrity and resilience of the biophysical, ecological and hydrological environment and is therefore recommended for approval subject to these conditions.

External Referral Body	Comments
Ausgrid: (SEPP Infra.)	The proposal was referred to Ausgrid. No response has been received within the 21 day statutory period and therefore, it is assumed that no objections are raised and no conditions are recommended.
Integrated Development – NSW Fisheries	The application constitutes Integrated Development under s201 (dredging or reclamation work) of the Fisheries Management Act 1994, DPI Fisheries has reviewed the proposal (20 March 2020). No objections were raised, subject to the proponent meeting the General Terms of Approval which have been included as conditions of consent.

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING INSTRUMENTS (EPIs)*

All, Environmental Planning Instruments (SEPPs, REPs and LEPs), Development Controls Plans and Council Policies have been considered in the merit assessment of this application.

In this regard, whilst all provisions of each Environmental Planning Instruments (SEPPs, REPs and LEPs), Development Controls Plans and Council Policies have been considered in the assessment, many provisions contained within the document are not relevant or are enacting, definitions and operational provisions which the proposal is considered to be acceptable against.

As such, an assessment is provided against the controls relevant to the merit consideration of the application hereunder.

State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) and State Regional Environmental Plans (SREPs)

SEPP 55 - Remediation of Land

Clause 7 (1) (a) of SEPP 55 requires the Consent Authority to consider whether land is contaminated. Council records indicate that the subject site has been used for residential purposes for a significant period of time with no prior land uses. In this regard it is considered that the site poses no risk of contamination and therefore, no further consideration is required under Clause 7 (1) (b) and (c) of SEPP 55 and the land is considered to be suitable for the residential land use.

SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007

<u>Ausgrid</u>

Clause 45 of the SEPP requires the Consent Authority to consider any development application (or an application for modification of consent) for any development carried out:

 within or immediately adjacent to an easement for electricity purposes (whether or not the electricity infrastructure exists).

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- immediately adjacent to an electricity substation.
- within 5.0m of an overhead power line.
- includes installation of a swimming pool any part of which is: within 30m of a structure supporting an overhead electricity transmission line and/or within 5.0m of an overhead electricity power line.

Comment:

The proposal was referred to Ausgrid. No response has been received within the 21 day statutory period and therefore, it is assumed that no objections are raised and no conditions are recommended.

SEPP (Coastal Management) 2018

The site is subject to SEPP Coastal Management (2018). Accordingly, an assessment under the SEPP has been carried out as follows:

13 Development on land within the coastal environment area

- (1) Development consent must not be granted to development on land that is within the coastal environment area unless the consent authority has considered whether the proposed development is likely to cause an adverse impact on the following:
 - (a) the integrity and resilience of the biophysical, hydrological (surface and groundwater) and ecological environment,
 - (b) coastal environmental values and natural coastal processes,
 - (c) the water quality of the marine estate (within the meaning of the Marine Estate Management Act 2014), in particular, the cumulative impacts of the proposed development on any of the sensitive coastal lakes identified in Schedule 1,
 - (d) marine vegetation, native vegetation and fauna and their habitats, undeveloped headlands and rock platforms,
 - (e) existing public open space and safe access to and along the foreshore, beach, headland or rock platform for members of the public, including persons with a disability,
 - (f) Aboriginal cultural heritage, practices and places,
 - (g) the use of the surf zone.

Comment:

The proposed development is not considered likely to negatively impact upon the matters raised above in subclause (1).

- (2) Development consent must not be granted to development on land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that:
 - (a) the development is designed, sited and will be managed to avoid an adverse impact referred to in subclause (1), or
 - (b) if that impact cannot be reasonably avoided—the development is designed, sited and will be managed to minimise that impact, or
 - (c) if that impact cannot be minimised—the development will be managed to mitigate that impact.



Comment:

The proposed development has been designed, sited and will be managed to avoid an adverse impact referred to in subclause (1).

14 Development on land within the coastal use area

(1)

(a) has considered whether the proposed development is likely to cause an adverse impact on the following:

(i) existing, safe access to and along the foreshore, beach, headland or rock platform for members of the public, including persons with a disability,

(ii) overshadowing, wind funnelling and the loss of views from public places to foreshores,

(iii) the visual amenity and scenic qualities of the coast, including coastal headlands,

- (iv) Aboriginal cultural heritage, practices and places,
- (v) cultural and built environment heritage, and
- (b) is satisfied that:

(i) the development is designed, sited and will be managed to avoid an adverse impact referred to in paragraph (a), or

(ii) if that impact cannot be reasonably avoided—the development is designed, sited and will be managed to minimise that impact, or

(iii) if that impact cannot be minimised—the development will be managed to mitigate that impact, and

(c) has taken into account the surrounding coastal and built environment, and the bulk, scale and size of the proposed development.

Comment:

The proposed development is not likely to cause an adverse impact on the matters referred to above.

As such, it is considered that the application does comply with the requirements of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018.

15 Development in coastal zone generally—development not to increase risk of coastal hazards

Development consent must not be granted to development on land within the coastal zone unless the consent authority is satisfied that the proposed development is not likely to cause increased risk of coastal hazards on that land or other land.

Comment:

The proposed development is not likely to cause increased risk of coastal hazards on that land or other land.

Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014

Is the development permissible?	Zone E3 : Yes Zone W1 : Yes	
After consideration of the merits of the proposal, is the development consistent with:		



aims of the LEP?	Yes
zone objectives of the LEP?	Zone E3 : Yes Zone W1 : Yes

Principal Development Standards

Standard	Requirement	Proposed	% Variation	Complies
Height of Buildings:	4.0m W1 Zone 8.5m E3 Zone	4.13m	3.25% (0.13m)	Νο

Compliance Assessment

Clause	Compliance with Requirements
1.9A Suspension of covenants, agreements and instruments	Yes
3.1 Exempt development	Yes
3.3 Environmentally sensitive areas excluded	Yes
4.3 Height of buildings	No
4.6 Exceptions to development standards	Yes
5.7 Development below mean high water mark	Yes
7.1 Acid sulfate soils	Yes
7.2 Earthworks	Yes
7.6 Biodiversity protection	Yes
7.7 Geotechnical hazards	Yes
7.8 Limited development on foreshore area	Yes
7.10 Essential services	Yes

Detailed Assessment

Zone W1 Natural Waterways

Development for the purposes of Jetties and skid ramps is not identified within the W1 Natural Waterways zone as being permissible development. However, Clause 2.5 of PLEP 2014 allows for additional permitted uses on particular land, as prescribed within Schedule 1, Section 23 of PLEP 2014. This schedule stipulates jetties and water recreation structures are permitted with development consent in zone W1 Natural Waterways for land identified as 'Area 23' on the Additional Permitted Uses Map.

Given the subject land is sited within Area 23, the proposed development is therefore permitted with consent.

4.6 Exceptions to development standards

Description of non-compliance:

Development standard:	Height of buildings



Requirement:	4.0m
Proposed:	4.13m (above 1.16 AHD)*
Percentage variation to requirement:	3.25%

***Note** 1.16 AHD refers to the Highest Astronomical Tide which is assessed as being the most relevant reference point for measuring the height of development within the waterway.

Assessment of request to vary a development standard:

The following assessment of the variation to Clause 4.3 - Height of Buildings development standard, has taken into consideration the recent judgement contained within *Initial Action Pty Ltd v Woollahra Municipal Council* [2018] NSWLEC 118, Baron Corporation Pty Limited v Council of the City of Sydney [2019] NSWLEC 61, and Rebel/MH Neutral Bay Pty Limited v North Sydney Council [2019] NSWCA 130.

Clause 4.6 Exceptions to development standards:

(1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:

(a) to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying certain development standards to particular development,

(b) to achieve better outcomes for and from development by allowing flexibility in particular circumstances.

(2) Development consent may, subject to this clause, be granted for development even though the development would contravene a development standard imposed by this or any other environmental planning instrument. However, this clause does not apply to a development standard that is expressly excluded from the operation of this clause.

Comment:

Clause 4.3 - Height of Buildings development standard is not expressly excluded from the operation of this clause.

(3) Development consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless the consent authority has considered a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention of the development standard by demonstrating:

(a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and

(b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.

(4) Development consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless:

(a) the consent authority is satisfied that:

(i) the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by subclause (3), and

(ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out, and

(b) the concurrence of the Secretary has been obtained.

Clause 4.6 (4)(a)(i) (Justification) assessment:

Clause 4.6 (4)(a)(i) requires the consent authority to be satisfied that the applicant's written request,



seeking to justify the contravention of the development standard, has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by cl 4.6(3). There are two separate matters for consideration contained within cl 4.6(3) and these are addressed as follows:

(a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and

Comment:

The Applicant's written request (attached to this report as an Appendix) has demonstrated that the objectives of the development standard are achieved, notwithstanding the non-compliance with the development standard.

In doing so, the Applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of this case as required by cl 4.6(3)(a).

(b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.

Comment:

In the matter of Initial Action Pty Ltd v Woollahra Municipal Council [2018] NSWLEC 118, Preston CJ provides the following guidance (para 23) to inform the consent authority's finding that the applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard:

'As to the second matter required by cl 4.6(3)(b), the grounds relied on by the applicant in the written request under cl 4.6 must be "environmental planning grounds" by their nature: see Four2Five Pty Ltd v Ashfield Council [2015] NSWLEC 90 at [26]. The adjectival phrase "environmental planning" is not defined, but would refer to grounds that relate to the subject matter, scope and purpose of the EPA Act, including the objects in s 1.3 of the EPA Act.'

s 1.3 of the EPA Act reads as follows:

1.3 Objects of Act(cf previous s 5)

The objects of this Act are as follows:

(a) to promote the social and economic welfare of the community and a better environment by the proper management, development and conservation of the State's natural and other resources,
(b) to facilitate ecologically sustainable development by integrating relevant economic, environmental and social considerations in decision-making about environmental planning and assessment,
(c) to promote the orderly and economic use and development of land,

(d) to promote the delivery and economic use and development of land (d) to promote the delivery and maintenance of affordable housing,

(e) to protect the environment, including the conservation of threatened and other species of native animals and plants, ecological communities and their habitats,

(f) to promote the sustainable management of built and cultural heritage (including Aboriginal cultural heritage),

(g) to promote good design and amenity of the built environment,

(*h*) to promote the proper construction and maintenance of buildings, including the protection of the health and safety of their occupants,

(i) to promote the sharing of the responsibility for environmental planning and assessment between the different levels of government in the State,

(j) to provide increased opportunity for community participation in environmental planning and



assessment.

The applicants written request argues, in part:

"There are sufficient grounds to permit the variation of the development standard. In particular:

- The existing boatshed has unique qualities which are worthy of retention and accordingly the development has used this existing structure and is constrained by its historic levels.
- The design has retained the footprint of the existing structure to avoid impacting upon the surrounding natural environment.
- The variation is very minor in nature and will not be easily discernible, particularly when considered in the context of surrounding development..
- The area of variation will be of negligible impact to neighbours being a great distance for the site, with no views, privacy or solar access implications.
- The minor variation is required to ensure safety and security as a result of water inundation currently experienced for the existing jetty. "

It is agreed that the development will remain visually consistent in terms of height, bulk and scale of surrounding waterfront development, and that the breach of the height limit will not result in any unreasonable impacts to neighbouring properties.

In this regard, the applicant's written request has demonstrated that the proposed development is an orderly and economic use and development of the land, and that the structure is of a good design that will reasonably protect and improve the amenity of the surrounding built environment, therefore satisfying cls 1.3 (c) and (g) of the EPA Act.

Therefore, the applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard as required by cl 4.6 (3)(b).

Therefore, Council is satisfied that the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by cl 4.6(3).

Clause 4.6 (4)(a)(ii) (Public Interest) assessment:

cl 4.6 (4)(a)(ii) requires the consent authority to be satisfied that:

(ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out

Comment:

In considering whether or not the proposed development will be in the public interest, consideration must be given to the underlying objectives of the Height of Buildings development standard and the objectives of the W1 Natural Waterways zone. An assessment against these objectives is provided below.

Objectives of development standard

The underlying objectives of the standard, pursuant to Clause 4.3 – 'Height of buildings' of the PLEP 2014 are:



(1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:

a) to ensure that any building, by virtue of its height and scale, is consistent with the desired character of the locality,

Comment:

The proposal seeks a maximum building height of 4.13m (RL 5.73), thereby contravening the numeric control by 3.25% (0.13m). The minor height departure is caused from raising the existing boat shed, which will not contribute to an adverse building bulk and scale. The proposal is retaining consistency with nearby waterfront development, while ensuring that water ingress during high tides is prevented. Boat sheds are common development within the Lower Western Foreshores and Scotland Island precinct. In turn, the proposed development is considered to be consistent with the desired character of the locality.

b) to ensure that buildings are compatible with the height and scale of surrounding and nearby development,

Comment:

The encroachment of the height of buildings development standard will not be discernible when viewed from the Pittwater Waterway. The height departure is substantially attributed to the existing ground levels within the rear portion of the site in conjunction with the matter of water inundation. The development comprises a finished floor level of 1.77 AHD as so to ensure the boat shed is not likely to be subject to inundation. Further, the development comprises a height and scale that is in keeping with that of surrounding development within the Scotland Island precinct and those within the wider Pittwater locale.

c) to minimise any overshadowing of neighbouring properties,

Comment:

The proposal will not unreasonably impact neighbouring properties in terms of solar access, given the siting of the boat shed being largely beyond the MHWM in conjunction with the cross fall of the topography of the adjoining sites. It is also noted the boat shed will be offset from adjoining built structures, which furthermore assists in the maximisation of solar accessibility and amenity.

d) to allow for the reasonable sharing of views,

Comment:

The minor height variation will not be discernible to the casual observer from the waterway perspective. Further, the structure is remaining within the existing footprint, therefore, the minor encroachment will have a minimal disruption of views between public and private spaces occur as a result of the development. The boat shed is offset from other structures within the adjoining properties, and at a significantly lower elevation than that of the adjoining dwellings. In turn the development is considered to allow for the reasonable sharing of views.

e) to encourage buildings that are designed to respond sensitively to the natural topography,

Comment:



The works involve raising the finished floor level of the boat shed and will remain within the existing footprint. It is considered, that the development has been designed appropriately to respond sensitively to the natural topography.

f) to minimise the adverse visual impact of development on the natural environment, heritage conservation areas and heritage items,

Comment:

The subject site is not located within proximity to a heritage conservation area or item. Further, the development as stated above, has been sited and designed appropriately within the context of the site to ensure the visual impact of the development is reasonable and minimised as viewed from the Pittwater Waterway and adjoining and surrounding properties.

Zone objectives

The underlying objectives of the W1 Natural Waterways zone

• To protect the ecological and scenic values of natural waterways.

Comment:

The development is appropriately sited and designed so as to protect the ecological and scenic values of natural waterways.

• To prevent development that would have an adverse effect on the natural values of waterways in this zone.

Comment:

The proposal has been reviewed by Council's Biodiversity, Riparian and Coastal Officers, having regard to the management of the natural environment and have raised no objection to the development subject to conditions. Further, the proposal has also been reviewed by DPI Fisheries who are also satisfied with the proposal. It is considered no unreasonable effects will be inflicted on the natural values of the waterway.

• To provide for sustainable fishing industries and recreational fishing.

Comment:

The proposal will not impact on fish passages or recreational fishing areas.

• To ensure development does not adversely impact on the natural environment or obstruct the navigation of the waterway.

Comment:

The proposal has been reviewed by DPI Fisheries who have raised no objection to the proposal. Further, the RMS have confirmed via their letter of correspondence dated 16 February 2018, that there are no navigational concerns regarding the designed proposal.

• To provide opportunities for private access to the waterway where these do not cause

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unnecessary impact on the public access to the foreshore.

Comment:

The proposal ensures public access to and along the foreshore will be maintained as a result of the application.

Conclusion:

For the reasons detailed above, the proposal is considered to be consistent with the objectives of the W1 Natural Waterways zone.

Clause 4.6 (4)(b) (Concurrence of the Secretary) assessment:

cl. 4.6(4)(b) requires the concurrence of the Secretary to be obtained in order for development consent to be granted.

Planning Circular PS 18-003 dated 21 February 2018, as issued by the NSW Department of Planning, advises that the concurrence of the Secretary may be assumed for exceptions to development standards under environmental planning instruments that adopt Clause 4.6 of the Standard Instrument. In this regard, given the consistency of the variation to the objectives of the zone, the concurrence of the Secretary for the variation to the Height of buildings Development Standard is assumed by the Local Planning Panel.

Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan

Built Form Control	Requirement	Proposed	% Variation*	Complies
Front building line	6.5m	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rear building line	Foreshore Building Line applies	Wholly below FBL	N/A	N/A
Side building line	2.5m (East)	6.8m	N/A	Yes
	1.0m (West)	1.2m	N/A	Yes
Building envelope	3.5m	Within	N/A	Yes
	3.5m	Within	N/A	Yes
Landscaped area	73% (608.09sqm)	No change	N/A	N/A

Built Form Controls

Compliance Assessment

Clause		Consistency Aims/Objectives
A1.7 Considerations before consent is granted	Yes	Yes
A4.8 Lower Western Foreshores and Scotland Island Locality	Yes	Yes
B1.3 Heritage Conservation - General	Yes	Yes
B1.4 Aboriginal Heritage Significance	Yes	Yes
B3.1 Landslip Hazard	Yes	Yes
B3.2 Bushfire Hazard	Yes	Yes



Clause	Compliance with Requirements	Consistency Aims/Objectives
B3.6 Contaminated Land and Potentially Contaminated Land	Yes	Yes
B4.7 Pittwater Spotted Gum Forest - Endangered Ecological Community	Yes	Yes
B4.15 Saltmarsh Endangered Ecological Community	Yes	Yes
B4.16 Seagrass Conservation	Yes	Yes
B4.19 Estuarine Habitat	Yes	Yes
B4.20 Protection of Estuarine Water Quality	Yes	Yes
B5.13 Development on Waterfront Land	Yes	Yes
B8.1 Construction and Demolition - Excavation and Landfill	Yes	Yes
B8.2 Construction and Demolition - Erosion and Sediment Management	Yes	Yes
B8.3 Construction and Demolition - Waste Minimisation	Yes	Yes
B8.5 Construction and Demolition - Works in the Public Domain	Yes	Yes
C1.2 Safety and Security	Yes	Yes
C1.3 View Sharing	Yes	Yes
C1.4 Solar Access	Yes	Yes
C1.5 Visual Privacy	Yes	Yes
C1.6 Acoustic Privacy	Yes	Yes
D8.1 Character as viewed from a public place	Yes	Yes
D8.3 Building colours and materials	Yes	Yes
D8.16 Scenic Protection Category One Areas	Yes	Yes
D15.11 Waterfront lighting	Yes	Yes
D15.12 Development seaward of mean high water mark	Yes	Yes
D15.13 Lateral limits to development seaward of mean high water mark	Yes	Yes
D15.14 Minimum frontage for waterfront development	Yes	Yes
D15.15 Waterfront development	No	Yes

Detailed Assessment

B4.19 Estuarine Habitat

The application is supported with a Marine Habitat Survey (prepared by H20 Consulting, dated 07 February 2020). Further, as the application constitutes Integrated Development under s201 (dredging or reclamation work) of the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*, DPI Fisheries has reviewed the proposal. No objections were raised, subject to the proponent meeting the General Terms of Approval which have been included as conditions of consent. Council's Biodiversity Officer has also reviewed the proposal and raised no objection.

D15.15 Waterfront development

Description of non-compliance



a) Jetties, Ramps and Pontoons

The Control stipulates that the finished jetty deck shall have a maximum height of 1 metre above mean high water mark (MHWM) or 1.5 metres AHD.

The proposed jetty comprises a deck height of 1.05m above MHWM and 1.55m AHD.

c) Boatsheds

The control stipulates that boatsheds shall be one storey and no greater than 4.5 metres in building height above the platform on which it is built, 4.0 metres in width and 6.0 metres in length.

The existing boatshed is 4.2m wide.

Merit consideration

With regard to the consideration for a variation, the development is considered against the underlying objectives of the Control as follows:

• Waterfront development does not have an adverse impact on the water quality and estuarine habitat of Pittwater.

Comment:

The application is supported with a Marine Habitat Survey (prepared by H20 Consulting, dated 07 February 2020) which denotes the proposed works would be of a low risk of impact on seagrass beds or plants. Further, given the application constitutes integrated development under s201 of (dredging or reclamation work) of the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*, DPI Fisheries have reviewed the proposal and have raised no objections subject to conditions. Council's Bushland and Biodiversity, Riparian Lands and Creeks and Coastal Officers have also reviewed the proposal having regard to water quality and habitat and have raised no objections subject to conditions included in the recommendation of the report.

In turn, it is considered the proposal will not have an adverse impact on the water quality or estuarine habitat of Pittwater.

• Public access along the foreshore is not restricted.

Comment:

The proposed development comprises of developing new jetty within the same location of existing. Access along the foreshore will therefore not be hindered as a result of the development.

• Waterfront development does not encroach on navigation channels or adversely affect the use of ferries and service vessels or use of the waterway by adjoining landowners.

Comment:

Correspondence submitted with application from Roads and Maritime Services advises that an inspection/ assessment has been conducted by the local Boasting Safety Officer and that there are no



navigational concerns regarding the designated proposal. The proposed works have been sited such that they comply with the required two (2) metre setback from the lateral limit lines of the subject site so as to ensure safe access is maintained for adjoining landowners and to maximise equitable access to and of the waterway.

• Structures blend with the natural environment.

Comment:

The proposed waterfront facilities will blend with the surrounding natural environment as a result of the site specific design and the use of dark and earthy external finishes.

• Structures are not detrimental to the visual quality, water quality or estuarine habitat of the Pittwater Waterway.

Comment:

The proposed development will be visually consistent and comparable with existing adjoining and surrounding waterfront development. The height of the finished jetty deck will not cause a detrimental visual contrast, given the existing deck measures 1.23 RL. The proposal does not comprise a permanent berth thereby minimising development and associated impacts upon the estuarine environment. It is considered the proposed development will not be detrimental to the visual quality, water quality or estuarine habitat of the Pittwater Waterway, subject to conditions included in the recommendation of this report.

• To promote a mix of commercial waterfront development for the accommodation of boats, their repair and maintenance, and for organised waterfront development.

Comment:

Not applicable, given the subject proposal is for residential waterfront development only.

• Waterfront development which does not comply with the outcomes of this clause are removed.

Comment:

As detailed above, the proposed development satisfies the underlying objectives of the Control and therefore the slight height breach of the jetty deck is supported in this particular circumstance.

Having regard to the above assessment, it is concluded that the proposed development is consistent with the relevant objectives of PLEP 2014 / P21DCP and the objectives specified in s1.3 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979. Accordingly, this assessment finds that the proposal is supported, subject to conditions, in this particular circumstance.

THREATENED SPECIES, POPULATIONS OR ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

The proposal will not significantly effect threatened species, populations or ecological communities, or their habitats.



CRIME PREVENTION THROUGH ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN

The proposal is consistent with the principles of Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design.

POLICY CONTROLS

Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2019

The proposal is subject to the application of Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2019.

A monetary contribution of \$2,020 is required for the provision of new and augmented public infrastructure. The contribution is calculated as 1% of the total development cost of \$202,000.

CONCLUSION

The site has been inspected and the application assessed having regard to all documentation submitted by the applicant and the provisions of:

- Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979;
- Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000;
- All relevant and draft Environmental Planning Instruments;
- Pittwater Local Environment Plan;
- Pittwater Development Control Plan; and
- Codes and Policies of Council.

This assessment has taken into consideration the submitted plans, Statement of Environmental Effects, all other documentation supporting the application and public submissions, and does not result in any unreasonable impacts on surrounding, adjoining, adjacent and nearby properties subject to the conditions contained within the recommendation.

In consideration of the proposal and the merit consideration of the development, the proposal is considered to be:

- Consistent with the objectives of the DCP
- Consistent with the zone objectives of the LEP
- Consistent with the aims of the LEP
- Consistent with the objectives of the relevant EPIs
- Consistent with the objects of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Council is satisfied that:

1) The Applicant's written request under Clause 4.6 of the Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014 seeking to justify a contravention of Clause 4.3 Height of Buildings has adequately addressed and demonstrated that:

a) Compliance with the standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case; and

b) There are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify the contravention.

2) The proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed



to be carried out.

It is considered that the proposed development satisfies the appropriate controls and that all processes and assessments have been satisfactorily addressed.

RECOMMENDATION

That Northern Beaches Council as the consent authority vary clause 4.3 Height of Building development standard pursuant to clause 4.6 of the PLEP 2014 as the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the merits required to be demonstrated by subclause (3) and the proposed development will be in the public interest and is consistent with the objectives of the standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out.

Accordingly Council as the consent authority grant Development Consent to DA2020/0233 for Demolition works and construction of a new jetty, pontoon and associated works on land at Lot 140 DP 12749, 23 Robertson Road, SCOTLAND ISLAND, subject to the conditions printed below:

DEVELOPMENT CONSENT OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS

1. Approved Plans and Supporting Documentation

The development must be carried out in compliance (except as amended by any other condition of consent) with the following:

Architectural Plans - Endorsed with Council's stamp			
Drawing No.	Dated	Prepared By	
B101 - Rev 1: Site plan	06 March 2020	Sam Crawford Architects	
B111 - Rev 1: Demolition plan	06 March 2020	Sam Crawford Architects	
B112 - Rev 1: Proposed plan	06 March 2020	Sam Crawford Architects	
B201 - Rev 1: East elevation	06 March 2020	Sam Crawford Architects	
B900 - Rev 1: External materials & finishes	06 March 2020	Sam Crawford Architects	

a) Approved Plans

Reports / Documentation – All recommendations and requirements contained within:

Report No. / Page No. / Section No.	Dated	Prepared By
Geotechnical assessment report	13 October 2019	Ascent Geotechnical Consulting
Estuarine risk management report	26 February 2020	Salients
Bushfire risk assessment	11 November 2019	Sydney Bushfire Consultants
Arborists impact assessment report	16 February	H20 Consulting Group



	2018	
5	07 February 2018	H20 Consulting Group

b) Any plans and / or documentation submitted to satisfy the Conditions of this consent.

In the event of any inconsistency between conditions of this consent and the drawings/documents referred to above, the conditions of this consent will prevail.

Reason: To ensure the work is carried out in accordance with the determination of Council and approved plans.

2. Compliance with Other Department, Authority or Service Requirements

The development must be carried out in compliance with all recommendations and requirements, excluding general advice, within the following:

Other Department, Authority or Service	EDMS Reference	Dated
DPI Fisheries	Response Fisheries Referral	20 March 2020

(NOTE: For a copy of the above referenced document/s, please see Application Tracking on Council's website <u>www.northernbeaches.nsw.gov.au</u>)

Reason: To ensure the work is carried out in accordance with the determination and the statutory requirements of other departments, authorities or bodies.

3. **Prescribed conditions (Demolition):**

(a) A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out:

(i) showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and (ii) stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.

Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.

(b) Residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989 must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifying Authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the Council) has given the Council written notice of the following information:

 (i) in the case of work for which a principal contractor is required to be appointed:

- A. the name and licence number of the principal contractor, and
- B. the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that Act,
- (ii) in the case of work to be done by an owner-builder:

A. the name of the owner-builder, and

B. if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that Act, the number of the owner-builder permit.

If arrangements for doing the residential building work are changed while the work is in progress so that the information notified under becomes out of date, further work must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifying Authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the Council) has given the Council written notice of the updated information.



(c) Development that involves an excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building on adjoining land, the person having the benefit of the development consent must, at the person's own expense:

(i) protect and support the adjoining premises from possible damage from the excavation, and

(ii) where necessary, underpin the adjoining premises to prevent any such damage. (iii) must, at least 7 days before excavating below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, give notice of intention to do so to the owner of the adjoining allotment of land and furnish particulars of the excavation to the owner of the building being erected or demolished.

(iv) the owner of the adjoining allotment of land is not liable for any part of the cost of work carried out for the purposes of this clause, whether carried out on the allotment of land being excavated or on the adjoining allotment of land.

Reason: Legislative Requirement.

4. **Prescribed Conditions**

- (a) All building works must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia (BCA).
- (b) BASIX affected development must comply with the schedule of BASIX commitments specified within the submitted BASIX Certificate (demonstrated compliance upon plans/specifications is required prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate);
- (c) A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out:
 - (i) showing the name, address and telephone number of the Principal Certifying Authority for the work, and
 - (ii) showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
 - (iii) stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.

Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.

- (d) Residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989 must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifying Authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the Council) has given the Council written notice of the following information:
 - (i) in the case of work for which a principal contractor is required to be appointed:
 - A. the name and licence number of the principal contractor, and
 - B. the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that Act,
 - (ii) in the case of work to be done by an owner-builder:
 - A. the name of the owner-builder, and
 - B. if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that Act, the number of the owner-builder permit.

If arrangements for doing the residential building work are changed while the work is in progress so that the information notified under becomes out of date, further work must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifying Authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the Council) has given the Council written notice of the



updated information.

- (e) Development that involves an excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building on adjoining land, the person having the benefit of the development consent must, at the person's own expense:
 - (i) protect and support the adjoining premises from possible damage from the excavation, and
 - (ii) where necessary, underpin the adjoining premises to prevent any such damage.
 - (iii) must, at least 7 days before excavating below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, give notice of intention to do so to the owner of the adjoining allotment of land and furnish particulars of the excavation to the owner of the building being erected or demolished.
 - (iv) the owner of the adjoining allotment of land is not liable for any part of the cost of work carried out for the purposes of this clause, whether carried out on the allotment of land being excavated or on the adjoining allotment of land.

In this clause, allotment of land includes a public road and any other public place.

Reason: Legislative requirement.

5. General requirements (Demolition):

(a) Unless authorised by Council:

Demolition and excavation works are restricted to:

• 8.00 am to 5.00 pm Monday to Friday only.

(Excavation work includes the use of any excavation machinery and the use of jackhammers, rock breakers, excavators, loaders and the like, regardless of whether the activities disturb or alter the natural state of the existing ground stratum or are breaking up/removing materials from the site).

(b) At all times after the submission a Notice of Commencement to Council, a copy of the Development Consent is to remain onsite at all times until completion of demolition works. The consent shall be available for perusal of any Authorised Officer.

(c) Where demolition works have been completed and new construction works have not commenced within 4 weeks of the completion of the demolition works that area affected by the demolition works shall be fully stabilised and the site must be maintained in a safe and clean state until such time as new construction works commence.

(d) Onsite toilet facilities (being either connected to the sewer or an accredited sewer management facility) for workers are to be provided for construction sites at a rate of 1 per 20 persons.

(e) The applicant shall bear the cost of all works that occur on Council's property.

(f) No building, demolition, excavation or material of any nature shall be placed on Council's footpaths, roadways, parks or grass verges without Council Approval.

(g) Demolition materials and builders' wastes are to be removed to approved waste/recycling centres.

(h) All sound producing plant, equipment, machinery or fittings will not exceed more than 5dB(A)



above the background level when measured from any property boundary and will comply with the Environment Protection Authority's NSW Industrial Noise Policy.)

(i) No trees or native shrubs or understorey vegetation on public property (footpaths, roads, reserves, etc.) or on the land to be developed shall be removed or damaged during construction unless specifically approved in this consent including for the erection of any fences, hoardings or other temporary works.

Reason: To ensure that works do not interfere with reasonable amenity expectations of residents and the community.

6. General Requirements

- (a) Unless authorised by Council:Building construction and delivery of material hours are restricted to:
 - 7.00 am to 5.00 pm inclusive Monday to Friday,
 - 8.00 am to 1.00 pm inclusive on Saturday,
 - No work on Sundays and Public Holidays.

Demolition and excavation works are restricted to:

• 8.00 am to 5.00 pm Monday to Friday only.

(Excavation work includes the use of any excavation machinery and the use of jackhammers, rock breakers, excavators, loaders and the like, regardless of whether the activities disturb or alter the natural state of the existing ground stratum or are breaking up/removing materials from the site).

- (b) Should any asbestos be uncovered on site, its demolition and removal must be carried out in accordance with WorkCover requirements and the relevant Australian Standards.
- (c) At all times after the submission the Notice of Commencement to Council, a copy of the Development Consent and Construction Certificate is to remain onsite at all times until the issue of a final Occupation Certificate. The consent shall be available for perusal of any Authorised Officer.
- (d) Where demolition works have been completed and new construction works have not commenced within 4 weeks of the completion of the demolition works that area affected by the demolition works shall be fully stabilised and the site must be maintained in a safe and clean state until such time as new construction works commence.
- (e) Onsite toilet facilities (being either connected to the sewer or an accredited sewer management facility) for workers are to be provided for construction sites at a rate of 1 per 20 persons.
- (f) Prior to the release of the Construction Certificate, payment of the Long Service Levy is required. This payment can be made at Council or to the Long Services Payments Corporation. Payment is not required where the value of the works is less than \$25,000. The Long Service Levy is calculated on 0.35% of the building and construction work. The levy rate and level in which it applies is subject to legislative change. The applicable fee at the time of payment of the Long Service Levy will apply.
- (g) The applicant shall bear the cost of all works associated with the development that occurs on Council's property.



- (h) No skip bins, building materials, demolition or excavation waste of any nature, and no hoist, plant or machinery (crane, concrete pump or lift) shall be placed on Council's footpaths, roadways, parks or grass verges without Council Approval.
- (i) Demolition materials and builders' wastes are to be removed to approved waste/recycling centres.
- (j) No trees or native shrubs or understorey vegetation on public property (footpaths, roads, reserves, etc.) or on the land to be developed shall be removed or damaged during construction unless specifically approved in this consent including for the erection of any fences, hoardings or other temporary works.
- (k) Prior to the commencement of any development onsite for:
 - i) Building/s that are to be erected
 - ii) Building/s that are situated in the immediate vicinity of a public place and is dangerous to persons or property on or in the public place
 - iii) Building/s that are to be demolished
 - iv) For any work/s that is to be carried out
 - v) For any work/s that is to be demolished

The person responsible for the development site is to erect or install on or around the development area such temporary structures or appliances (wholly within the development site) as are necessary to protect persons or property and to prevent unauthorised access to the site in order for the land or premises to be maintained in a safe or healthy condition. Upon completion of the development, such temporary structures or appliances are to be removed within 7 days.

- (I) A "Road Opening Permit" must be obtained from Council, and all appropriate charges paid, prior to commencement of any work on Council property. The owner/applicant shall be responsible for all public utilities and services in the area of the work, shall notify all relevant Authorities, and bear all costs associated with any repairs and/or adjustments as those Authorities may deem necessary.
- (m) Requirements for new swimming pools/spas or existing swimming pools/spas affected by building works.
 - (1) Child resistant fencing is to be provided to any swimming pool or lockable cover to any spa containing water and is to be consistent with the following;

Relevant legislative requirements and relevant Australian Standards (including but not limited) to:

- (i) Swimming Pools Act 1992
- (ii) Swimming Pools Amendment Act 2009
- (iii) Swimming Pools Regulation 2008
- (iv) Australian Standard AS1926 Swimming Pool Safety
- (v) Australian Standard AS1926.1 Part 1: Safety barriers for swimming pools
- (vi) Australian Standard AS1926.2 Part 2: Location of safety barriers for swimming pools.
- (2) A 'KEEP WATCH' pool safety and aquatic based emergency sign, issued by Royal Life Saving is to be displayed in a prominent position within the pool/spa area.
- (3) Filter backwash waters shall be conveyed to the Sydney Water sewerage system in sewered areas or managed on-site in unsewered areas in a manner that does not cause pollution, erosion or run off, is separate from the irrigation



area for any wastewater system and is separate from any onsite stormwater management system.

(4) Swimming pools and spas must be registered with the Division of Local Government.

Reason: To ensure that works do not interfere with reasonable amenity expectations of residents and the community.

FEES / CHARGES / CONTRIBUTIONS

7. Policy Controls

Northern Beaches 7.12 Contributions Plan 2019

A monetary contribution of \$2,020.00 is payable to Northern Beaches Council for the provision of local infrastructure and services pursuant to section 7.12 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and the Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2019. The monetary contribution is based on a development cost of \$202,000.00.

The monetary contribution is to be paid prior to the issue of the first Construction Certificate or Subdivision Certificate whichever occurs first, or prior to the issue of the Subdivision Certificate where no Construction Certificate is required. If the monetary contribution (total or in part) remains unpaid after the financial quarter that the development consent is issued, the amount unpaid (whether it be the full cash contribution or part thereof) will be adjusted on a quarterly basis in accordance with the applicable Consumer Price Index. If this situation applies, the cash contribution payable for this development will be the total unpaid monetary contribution as adjusted.

The proponent shall provide to the Certifying Authority written evidence (receipt/s) from Council that the total monetary contribution has been paid.

The Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2019 may be inspected at 725 Pittwater Rd, Dee Why and at Council's Customer Service Centres or alternatively, on Council's website at www.northernbeaches.nsw.gov.au

This fee must be paid prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate. Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority.

Reason: To provide for contributions in accordance with the Contribution Plan to fund the provision of new or augmented local infrastructure and services.

8. Security Bond

A bond (determined from cost of works) of \$1,500 and an inspection fee in accordance with Council's Fees and Charges paid as security to ensure the rectification of any damage that may occur to the Council infrastructure contained within the road reserve adjoining the site as a result of construction or the transportation of materials and equipment to and from the development site.

An inspection fee in accordance with Council adopted fees and charges (at the time of payment) is payable for each kerb inspection as determined by Council (minimum (1) one inspection).

All bonds and fees shall be deposited with Council prior to Construction Certificate or demolition



work commencing, details demonstrating payment are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

To process the inspection fee and bond payment a Bond Lodgement Form must be completed with the payments (a copy of the form is attached to this consent and alternatively a copy is located on Council's website at www.northernbeaches.nsw.gov.au).

Reason: To ensure adequate protection of Council's infrastructure.

CONDITIONS TO BE SATISFIED PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

9. Erosion and Sediment Control Plan

An Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) shall be prepared by an appropriately qualified person and implemented onsite prior to commencement. The ESCP must meet the requirements outlined in the Landcom publication Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction - Volume 1, 4th Edition (2004). The ESCP must include the following as a minimum:

- Site Boundaries and contours
- Approximate location of trees and other vegetation, showing items for removal or retention (consistent with any other plans attached to the application)
- Location of site access, proposed roads and other impervious areas (e.g. parking areas and site facilities);
- o Existing and proposed drainage patterns with stormwater discharge points
- Locations and methods of all erosion and sediment controls;
- North point and scale.

Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority for approval prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To protect the environment from the effects of sedimentation and erosion from development sites.

10. Estuarine Hazard Design Requirements

The following applies to all development:

All development or activities must be designed and constructed such that they will not increase the level of risk from estuarine processes for any people, assets or infrastructure in surrounding properties; they will not adversely affect estuarine processes; they will not be adversely affected by estuarine processes.

To ensure Council's recommended flood evacuation strategy of 'shelter-in-place', it will need to be demonstrated that there is safe pedestrian access to a 'safe haven' above the Estuarine Planning Level.

Reason: To minimise potential hazards associated with development in an estuarine habitat.

11. Estuarine Planning Level Requirements

An Estuarine Planning Level (EPL) of 2.52m AHD has been justified by the client through an Estuary Risk Management Report prepared by Salients Pty. Ltd dated 26 February 2020 for the subject site and shall be applied to all development proposed below this level as follows:

- All structural elements below 2.52m AHD shall be of flood compatible materials;
- All electrical equipment, wiring, fuel lines or any other service pipes and connections



must be located either above 2.52m AHD or waterproofed to this level; and

- The storage of toxic or potentially polluting goods, chemicals or materials, which may be hazardous or pollute the waterway, is not permitted below 2.52m AHD.
- All interior power supplies (including electrical fittings, outlets and switches) must be located at or above 2.52m AHD. All exterior power supplies (including electrical fittings, outlets and switches) shall be located at or above 2.52m AHD to avoid the likelihood of contact with splashing waves and spray.

Reason: To ensure aspect of the development are built at the appropriate level

12. Compliance with Estuarine Risk Management Report

The development is to comply with all recommendations of the approved Estuarine Risk Management Report prepared by Salients Pty. Ltd. dated 26 February 2020 and these recommendations are to be incorporated into construction plans.

Reason: To minimise potential hazards associated with development in an estuarine habitat.

13. Structural Engineering for Estuarine Risk

Structural engineering design for the development shall be prepared, with input as necessary from a chartered professional engineer with coastal engineering as a core competency, to ensure that for its design life taken to be 25 years justified and accepted by Council, the development is able to withstand the wave impact forces and loadings identified in the approved Estuarine Risk Management Report prepared by Salients Pty. Ltd. dated 26 February 2020.. Note: The potential for component fatigue (wear and tear) should be recognised for the less severe, but more frequent, wave impact loadings.

Reason: To ensure structural engineering is prepared by an appropriately qualified professional

14. Engineers Certification of Plans

The structural design shall be prepared by and each plan/sheet signed by, a registered professional civil or structural engineer with chartered professional status (CP Eng) who has an appropriate level of professional indemnity insurance and shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the release of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To ensure structural engineering is prepared by an appropriately qualified professional

15. Compliance with standards (Demolition):

The development is required to be carried out in accordance with all relevant Australian Standards.

Details demonstrating compliance with the relevant Australian Standard are to be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of demolition works.

Reason: To ensure the development is constructed in accordance with appropriate standards.

16. **Compliance with Standards**

The development is required to be carried out in accordance with all relevant Australian Standards.

Details demonstrating compliance with the relevant Australian Standard are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To ensure the development is constructed in accordance with appropriate standards.



17. Sydney Water "Tap In"

The approved plans must be submitted to the Sydney Water Tap in service, prior to works commencing, to determine whether the development will affect any Sydney Water assets and/or easements. The appropriately stamped plans must then be submitted to the Certifying Authority demonstrating the works are in compliance with Sydney Water requirements.

Please refer to the website www.sydneywater.com.au for:

- "Tap in" details see http://www.sydneywater.com.au/tapin
- o Guidelines for Building Over/Adjacent to Sydney Water Assets.

Or telephone 13 000 TAP IN (1300 082 746).

Reason: To ensure compliance with the statutory requirements of Sydney Water.

CONDITIONS THAT MUST BE ADDRESSED PRIOR TO ANY COMMENCEMENT

18. Environmental Safeguards

Environmental safeguards (e.g. silt curtains) are to be used during construction to ensure that there is no escape of turbid plumes into the aquatic environment. Turbid plumes have the potential to smother aquatic vegetation and have a deleterious effect on benthic organisms. The silt curtains must be carefully placed and secured properly to ensure they do not drag over the nearby seagrass beds and damage the seagrass The safeguards must be regularly maintained and removed once the works are completed.

Reason: Protection of seagrass

19. Installation and Maintenance of Sediment and Erosion Control

Sediment and erosion controls must be installed in accordance with Landcom's 'Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction' (2004). Techniques used for erosion and sediment control on site are to be adequately maintained and monitored at all times, particularly after periods of rain, and shall remain in proper operation until all development activities have been completed and the site is sufficiently stabilised with vegetation.

Reason: To protect the surrounding environment from the effects of sedimentation and erosion from the site

20. Dredging works

Dredging is not included in this application and as such an application is to be made to council and an integrated development referral to Department of Primary Industries (fisheries) if dredging is required.

Reason: Protection of the environment.

CONDITIONS TO BE COMPLIED WITH DURING DEMOLITION AND BUILDING WORK

21. Environmentally sensitive construction

To prevent damage to the seagrass no anchoring or placement of objects is to occur on the seagrass. Furthermore boats and barges must ensure the impact from the movement of the barges and boats, particularly from the propeller, does not damage the seagrass meadows (especially during low tide).



Reason: Protection of seagrass

22. Preventing the spread of invasive alga

The invasive marine alga, Caulerpa taxifolia, is present at the work site. This alga must not be removed from the work site. All tools, machinery and environmental control devices must be inspected and cleaned thoroughly prior to leaving the site. Any Caulerpa removed from the waterway should be tightly

sealed in a plastic bag and disposed in general waste. Caulerpa is listed under the Biosecurity Act 2015 for all NSW waters. It is illegal to possess or sell the alga and heavy fines apply.

Reason: Protection of the environment

CONDITIONS WHICH MUST BE COMPLIED WITH PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

23. Arborist's recommendations to be implemented

All recommendations outlined in Section 5 of the submitted arboricultural impact assessment (H2O Consulting Group, February 2018) are to be implemented at the appropriate stage of development. Compliance with this condition is to be certified by the consultant arborist and written evidence provided to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Occupation Certificate.

Reason: To safely retain significant trees of the Pittwater Spotted Gum Forest endangered ecological community.

24. Post Construction Coastal certificate

Prior to the issue of the Occupation Certificate, a Post Construction Coastal Certificate shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority (Form No. 3 of the Coastline Risk Management Policy for Development in Pittwater - Appendix 6 of P21 DCP) that has been prepared and signed by a specialist coastal engineer who is a registered professional engineer with chartered professional status (CP Eng) and coastal engineering as a core competency and who has an appropriate level of professional indemnity insurance.

Reason: To ensure the development has been constructed to the engineers requirements

ON-GOING CONDITIONS THAT MUST BE COMPLIED WITH AT ALL TIMES

25. General Foreshore Matters

Unless in accordance with the approved works the Consent holder must ensure that: a) No materials or cleared vegetation that may obstruct flow or cause damage to the foreshore are left within the coastal foreshore area.

b) All drainage works must not obstruct flow of water within the coastal waters. Drain discharge points are stabilised to prevent erosion. Any excavation must not result in diversion of any foreshore bank instability or damage to native vegetation.

c) The foreshore is graded to enable the unimpeded flow of water and retaining structures result in a stable foreshore banks.

d) Any vegetation or other material removed from the area of operations shall be disposed of lawfully. Burning of the material is not permitted.

e) The foreshore is to function as an ecological system and as such, all works, access, roads, recreational areas, service easements and any other non-ecologically functioning work or



activity are to be located beyond the foreshore other than provided by the consent.

Reason: Environmental protection, monitoring and enhancement of the foreshore.

26. No Planting Environmental Weeds

No environmental weeds are to be planted on the site. Information on weeds of the Northern Beaches can be found at the NSW WeedWise website (http://weeds.dpi.nsw.gov.au/).

Reason: Weed management.

27. Dead or Injured Wildlife

If construction activity associated with this development results in injury or death of a native mammal, bird, reptile or amphibian, a registered wildlife rescue and rehabilitation organisation must be contacted for advice.

Reason: To mitigate potential impacts to native wildlife resulting from construction activity.

28. Compliance with Estuarine Risk Management Report

The development is to comply with all recommendations of the approved Estuarine Risk Management Report prepared by Salients Pty. Ltd. dated 26 February 2020 and these recommendations are to be maintained over the life of the development.

Reason: To ensure preservation of the development and the estuarine environment

In signing this report, I declare that I do not have a Conflict of Interest.

Signed

Kye Miles, Planner

The application is determined on 13/05/2020, under the delegated authority of:

Matthew Edmonds, Manager Development Assessments