



Accessibility Review Report – DA

Project Title: Ground Floor Tenancy
70 The Corso, Manly

Job Number: 22065

Date: 11 April 2022

Prepared For: Urbaine Architecture

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ACCESSIBILITY • ESSENTIAL FIRE SAFETY SERVICES

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Report	Revision	Date	Details
Final	1.0	11 April 2022	For Submission

ACCESSIBILITY DESIGN REVIEW

PROJECT: Ground Floor Tenancy

ADDRESS: 70 The Corso, Manly

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report provides an Accessibility Design Review of the proposed Ground Floor Tenancy fitout located at 70 The Corso, Manly.

1.1 Project Information & Classification

The proposed development consists of a First use tenancy fitout of a spa/ health tenancy which is positioned on the Ground Floor of the building located at 70 The Corso, Manly.

It is understood the following Building Code of Australia 2019 Am. 1 building classification(s) apply to the subject building / building part (to be confirmed by the BCA Consultant / PCA) –

Level/Building Part	Building Classification	Use
Ground Floor Tenancy	Class 6	Spa/ Health Tenancy

1.2 Purpose of the Report

Urbaine Architecture engaged the services of ABE Consulting as Accessibility Consultants for this project to undertake an assessment of the proposed design documentation in relation to the accessibility related requirements as identified in Part 1.3 of this report for submission to the Local Council as part of the Development Application documentation.

1.3 Report Scope

This report provides an Accessibility Design Review of the relevant project architectural documentation in the context of the following –

- Part D3, Clause F2.4 and Clause E3.6 ‘deemed-to-satisfy’ (DtS) requirements of the Building Code of Australia 2019 Amendment 1 (BCA);
- The Disability (Access to Premises - Buildings) Standards 2010.
- Architectural design documentation prepared by Urbaine Architecture, Project No. xxx as follow –

Dwg#	Title	Date – Issue
A004	Proposed Floor Plan and Section	

- The Building Code of Australia 2019 Amendment 1 (BCA) prepared by the Australian Building Codes Board.
- The Guide to the BCA 2019 Amendment 1, prepared by the Australian Building Codes Board.
- The Disability (Access to Premises – Building) Standards 2010.
- Australian Standards AS 1428.1-2009 - Design for Access and Mobility - Part 1: General requirements for access - New building work.

1.4 Limitations of the Report

The Disability Discrimination Act (DDA - 1992) is Federal Government legislation enacted in 1993 that seeks to ensure all new building infrastructure, refurbishments, services and transport projects provide functional, equitable and independent accessibility. The DDA is complaints based legislation, which is administered by the Australian Human Rights Commission (AHRC). For any built environment the key requirement of the DDA is to ensure functionality, equity and independence of movement by people with disabilities, their companions, family and carer givers.

A key component of compliance to the DDA is the use of the Disability (Access to Premises - Buildings) Standards 2010, Part D3, Clause F2.4 and Clause E3.6 of the Building Code of Australia 2011 (BCA) and the relevant referenced standards primarily being Australian Standards Suite AS1428 and Australian Standards AS2890.6 – Off-street parking for people with disabilities. The AS 1428 series details technical requirements related to design for access and mobility.

The Building Code of Australia adopted key accessibility and DDA legislation into the 2011 BCA. In particular adherence to the Access to Premises Standard (2010); AS1428.1 2009; AS1428.4.1 2009 and AS2890.6 2009 has become mandatory. However, compliance with these elements does not necessarily result in compliance with the Disability Discrimination Act if the elements of equality, independence and functionality remain compromised within an environment.

This report does not include or assess the following –

- The provisions of the BCA not directly referenced in Part 1.3 of this report;
- Standards not directly referenced in this report; including AS4299-1995 (Adaptable Housing) unless otherwise explicitly specified in Part 1.3 of this report;
- Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (as explored earlier);
- Federal / State / Local planning policies and/or guidelines unless otherwise explicitly specified in Part 1.3 of this report;
- Work Health & Safety considerations or Work Cover Authority requirements;
- This report does not provide any performance based assessments (Performance Solutions) of the BCA;
- This report does not provide any exemptions from the requirements of the BCA.
- This report is not a Part 4A compliance certificate under the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 or Regulation 2000;
- Review or specification of slip-resistance classification(s) for floor surface finishes / materials. We recommend surface finish advice be sought from an independent specialist slip safety consultant.

1.5 The Disability (Access to Premises – Building) Standards 2010

The Disability (Access to Premises - Buildings) Standards 2010 provides the prescriptive requirements set out regarding the upgrade of an existing building where works are being undertaken.

The Premises Standards apply to:

- a new building
- a new part of an existing building
- the *affected part* of an existing building.

The new parts of a building and any subsequent affected part are outlined as per the below extracts of The Disability (Access to Premises - Buildings) Standards 2010 –

New Part:

A part of a building is a **New Part** of the building if it is an extension to the building or a modified part of the building about which:

- *An application for approval for the building work is submitted, on or after 1 May 2011, to the competent authority in the state or territory where the building is located; or*
- *All of the following apply:*
 - i. *The building work is carried out for or on behalf of the Crown;*
 - ii. *The building work commences on or after 1 May 2011;*
 - iii. *No application for approval for the building work is submitted, before 1 May 2011, to the competent authority in the state or Territory where the building is located.*

Affected Part:

- *the principal pedestrian entrance of an existing building that contains a new part and*
- *any part of an existing building that contains a new part, that is necessary to provide a continuous accessible path of travel from the entrance to the new part.*

Furthermore, Part 4 of the The Disability (Access to Premises - Buildings) Standards 2010 sets out applicable exceptions and concessions. In this instance the following lessee concession is provided –

Lessees:

If the lessee of a *new part* of a building submits an application for approval for the building work, the following people do not have to ensure that the *affected part* of the building complies with these Standards:

- The building Certifier;
- The building developer;
- The building manager.

It is understood that the proposed works are being undertaken by the building owner/whole building lessee and as such an ‘affected part’ upgrade is triggered. New works and the subsequent ‘affected part’ are required to comply with the current accessibility provisions of the BCA.

2.0 ACCESSIBILITY DESIGN REVIEW

The following tables provide an assessment of the architectural design documentation in relation to the DtS provisions of the BCA / Premises Standards in the context as outlined in Part 1 of this report.

The tables identify each of the relevant assessment outcomes into six (6) main categories, as follows –

<u>Capable of Complying (CoC) –</u>	Spatial allowance has been made to accommodate compliance where the specification provided has been satisfied.
<u>Compliance Departure (CD) –</u>	A compliance departure with the DtS provisions of the BCA.
<u>Design Detail (DD) –</u>	A detail commentary/specification is offered within the report.
<u>Performance Solution (PS) –</u>	A Performance Solution Report is being pursued to justify the compliance departures
<u>Not Applicable (N/A) –</u>	Not applicable or not relevant to the project. Commentary provided.
<u>Informational (Info) –</u>	Provided for informational purposes

Interpretation Note(s) –

- Readily moveable furniture has been treated as indicative only unless otherwise noted within the report as it is not considered to form part of the building as addressed by the BCA.

BCA Part D3 – ACCESS FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES

Cl. D3.1: General building access requirements

DtS Provision	Comment(s)/Recommendation(s)	Status
<p>Buildings and parts of the building must be accessible as required by Table D3.1, unless exempted by D3.4. Table D3.1 requires that access is provided –</p> <p><u>Class 6 –</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">To and within all areas normally used by the occupants.	<p>Access is generally proposed throughout the required portions of the building as prescribed by Cl. D3.1 of the BCA.</p> <p>Doorways</p> <p>All doorways along an accessway are required to have a clear door opening width no less than 850mm clear and be provided with door circulation spaces as prescribed by AS1428.1-2009.</p> <p>An accessway has been prepared to provide access into the accessible sauna at the end of the corridor.</p> <p>Access into the sauna within this room will be provided with wheelchair access as per AS1428.1-2009.</p> <p>i. <u>Performance Solution:</u></p> <p>Wheelchair access into numerous rooms (sauna rooms, staff kitchen and bathroom) has not been provided due to lack of door circulation spaces and wheelchair circulation spaces within the room.</p> <p>A Performance Solution report will be prepared to address this compliance departure.</p> <p>Accessways</p> <p>An accessway is required to be provided as per AS1428.1-2009.</p> <p>Further review of the design features will occur at detail design stage.</p>	CoC, DD & PS

Cl. D3.2: Access to Buildings

DtS Provision	Comment(s)/Recommendation(s)	Status
<p>An accessway must be provided to a building required to be accessible –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• from the main points of pedestrian entry at the allotment boundary; and• from another accessible building connected by a pedestrian link; and• from any required accessible carparking space on the allotment. <p>In a building required to be accessible, an accessway must be provided through the principal pedestrian entrance, and –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• through not less than 50% of all pedestrian entrances including the principal pedestrian entrance; and• in a building with a floor area more than 500m², a pedestrian entrance which is not accessible must not be located more than 50m from an accessible pedestrian entrance. <p>except for pedestrian entrances serving only areas exempted by D3.4.</p>	<p>Retail entrance is provided with a wheelchair accessway into the tenancy via a double leaf sliding doorway.</p> <p>Further review of these features will be completed at detail design stage.</p>	<p>CoC & DD</p>

Cl. D3.3: Parts of buildings to be accessible

DtS Provision	Comment(s)/Recommendation(s)	Status
In a building required to be accessible every ramp and stairway, except for ramps and stairways in areas exempted by D3.4, must comply with –		
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• for a ramp, except a fire-isolated ramp, clause 10 of AS 1428.1; and	N/A – No works to common ramps are proposed	N/A
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• for a stairway, except a fire-isolated stairway, clause 11 of AS 1428.1; and	N/A – No works to common stairways are proposed	N/A
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• for a fire-isolated stairway, clause 11.1(f) and (g) of AS 1428.1; and	N/A – No works fire-isolated stairways are proposed	N/A
A Cl. 10 & Cl. 11 summary of AS1428.1-2009 is provided below to assist the project team during specification / construction stages.		Info
Accessways must have— <ul style="list-style-type: none">• passing spaces complying with AS 1428.1 at maximum 20 m intervals where a direct line of sight is not available• turning spaces complying with AS 1428.1 at 20m intervals or within 2m of the termination of an accessway.	A 180° turning spaces (1,540mm X 2,070mm) are required within 2m of the end of the accessway.	CoC

Cl. D3.4: Exemptions

DtS Provision	Comment(s)/Recommendation(s)	Status
The following areas are not required to be accessible – <ul style="list-style-type: none">• An area where access would be inappropriate because of the particular purpose for which the area is used.• An area that would pose a health or safety risk for people with a disability.• Any path of travel providing access only to an area exempted by (a) or (b).	Exemptions are to be reviewed on a case by case basis. We highlight that the following parts of the building have been offered an access exemption (not exhaustive) – <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Storage rooms• Commercial kitchen areas• Cool room	Info

Cl. D3.5: Accessible carparking

N/A – No works to existing carparking are proposed as part of the new works.

Cl. D3.6: Signage

DtS Provision	Status
In a building required to be accessible signage complying with Spec. D3.6, AS1428.1-2009 and incorporating the appropriate recognised symbol (as appropriate) for persons with disability must be provided as follows –	DD

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • braille and tactile signage must identify each sanitary facility and space with hearing augmentation; • braille and tactile signage must identify each door required by E4.5 to be provided with an exit sign and state “Exit” and “Level” followed by the floor level number; • signage must be provided within a room containing a hearing augmentation system identifying; the type of system, the area covered within the room and if receivers are being used and where the receivers can be obtained; • signage must be provided for accessible unisex sanitary facilities to identify if the facility is suitable for left or right handed use; • signage to identify an ambulant accessible sanitary facility must be located on the door of the facility; • directional signage where a pedestrian entrance is not accessible. • directional signage where a bank of sanitary facilities are not provided with an accessible sanitary facility. <p>A design compliance certificate should be obtained from the signage designer/contractor to confirm compliance with the relevant provisions of the BCA and Australian Standards.</p>	
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Cl. D3.7: Hearing augmentation

DtS Provision	Comment(s)/Recommendation(s)	Status
<p>A hearing augmentation system must be provided where an inbuilt amplification system, other than one used only for emergency warning, is installed –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • in a room in a Class 9b building; • in an auditorium, conference room, meeting room or room for judicatory purposes; • at any ticket office, teller's booth, reception area or the like, where the public is screened from the service provider. <p>Any screen or scoreboard associated with a Class 9b building and capable of displaying public announcements must be capable of supplementing any public address system, other than a public address system used for emergency warning purposes only.</p>	<p>If an inbuilt amplification systems (other than one used solely for emergency warning) is provided within the building. Suitable hearing augmentation systems are to be provided in these areas and a design and installation certificate are to be obtained from the relevant consultant to Cl. D3.7.</p>	N/A

Cl. D3.8: Tactile indicators

DtS Provision	Comment(s)/Recommendation(s)	Status
<p>Tactile ground surface indicators complying with sections 1 and 2 of AS/NZS 1428.4.1.:2009 must be provided to warn people who are blind or have a vision impairment that they are approaching –</p>	<p>TGSIs are to be provided to –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a ramp other than a fire-isolated ramp, step ramp, kerb ramp or swimming pool ramp; 	CoC

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a stairway, other than a fire-isolated stairway; • an escalator/moving walk; • a ramp other than a fire-isolated ramp, step ramp, kerb ramp or swimming pool ramp; • in the absence of a suitable barrier an overhead obstruction less than 2 m and where an accessway meeting a vehicular way adjacent to any pedestrian entrance to a building. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • all stairway landings other than where handrails are continuous at mid landings and fire-isolated stairways; • any overhead obstruction less than 2m above floor level. • where an accessway meeting a vehicular way adjacent to any pedestrian entrance to a building. <p><u>Detail Design:</u></p> <p>TGSI's will be required at stairways and ramp landings as required by AS1428.4.1-2009.</p>	
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Cl. D3.9: Wheelchair seating spaces in Class 9b assembly buildings

N/A – Not a Class 9b building.

Cl. D3.10: Swimming pools

N/A – No swimming pool with a perimeter >40m is proposed.

Cl. D3.11: Ramps

DtS Provision	Comment(s)/Recommendation(s)	Status
On an accessway; a series of connected ramps must not have a combined vertical rise of more than 3.6 m; and a landing for a step ramp must not overlap a landing for another step ramp or ramp.	N/A – No ramps exceed a 3.6m height difference and no consecutive ramps proposed.	N/A

Cl. D3.12: Glazing on an accessway

DtS Provision	Comment(s)/Recommendation(s)	Status
Where there is no chair rail, handrail or transom, all frameless or fully glazed doors, sidelights and any glazing capable of being mistaken for a doorway or opening, must be clearly marked in accordance with AS 1428.1. Note frosted type decals do not comply with AS1428.1-2009.		DD

BCA Part E3 – LIFT INSTALLATIONS

Cl. E3.6: Passenger lifts

N/A – No lifts are proposed/required.

BCA Part F2 – SANITARY AND OTHER FACILITIES

Cl. F2.4: Accessible sanitary facilities

DtS Provision	Comment(s)/Recommendation(s)	Status
<p>In a building required to be accessible:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accessible unisex sanitary compartments must be provided as in accordance with Table F2.4(a), • Accessible unisex showers must be provided in accordance with Table F2.4(b), • At each bank of toilets where there is one or more toilets in addition to an accessible unisex sanitary compartment at that bank of toilets, a sanitary compartment suitable for a person with an ambulant disability in accordance with AS 1428.1 must be provided for use by males and females. • An accessible unisex sanitary compartment must contain a closet pan, washbasin, shelf or bench top and adequate disposal of sanitary towels. • Circulation spaces, fixtures and fittings of all accessible sanitary facilities must comply with AS1428.1. • An accessible unisex sanitary facility must be located so that it can be entered without crossing an area reserved for one sex only; and • Where two or more of each type of accessible unisex sanitary facility are provided, the number of left and right handed mirror image facilities must be provided as evenly as possible. 	<p><u>Accessible sanitary compartments –</u></p> <p>1x accessible sanitary shower is proposed as part of the works within the accessible sauna room. Size of the accessible shower is capable of complying with AS1428.1-2009.</p> <p>The staff bathroom will be included within the Performance Solution report as not being provided with accessible features due to staff use only.</p>	CoC & PS

3.0 ACCESSIBILITY COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

This report has provided a review of the relevant project design documentation to determine the compliance status of the proposed development against Part D3, Clause F2.4 and Clause E3.6 'deemed-to-satisfy' (DtS) requirements of the Building Code of Australia 2019 Amendment 1 (BCA), The Disability (Access to Premises - Buildings) Standards 2010 and the pertinent Australian Standards.

Following this review and with the adoption of the recommendations/Performance Solutions proposed, ABE Consulting are able to confirm that at the Development Application stage of design, the development can readily achieve compliance with the aforementioned BCA provisions.

4.0 REVIEW PROVIDED BY

<p>Prepared by:</p>  <p><u>John Liska</u> Senior Accessibility Consultant B. Construction Management (Hons) Member - Association of Consultants in Access Australia # 462</p>	<p>Reviewed by:</p>  <p><u>Abe Strbik</u> Director Member - Association of Consultants in Access Australia # 405</p>
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