

Water Management Referral Response

Application Number:	DA2020/0579
Date:	30/06/2020
To:	Tony Collier
Land to be developed (Address):	Lot 29 DP 5464 , 27 Warriewood Road WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102 Lot 28 DP 5464 , 25 Warriewood Road WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102

Reasons for referral

Council's Water Management Officers are required to consider the likely impacts.

Officer comments

The management of water quality was completed under the Stage 1 DA, as noted in the water management report.

The basement for the Resident Flat Building is not expected to intercept the main body of the groundwater aquifer for Narrabeen Creek. Dewatering conditions apply in the event groundwater seepage occurs, or the basement excavation fills with tailwater. The basement is not expected to impede groundwater flows, and there is no groundwater dependent vegetation present on the site.

The proposal is therefore supported.

Note: Should you have any concerns with the referral comments above, please discuss these with the Responsible Officer.

Recommended Water Management Conditions:

CONDITIONS TO BE COMPLIED WITH DURING DEMOLITION AND BUILDING WORK

Installation and Maintenance of Sediment and Erosion Controls

Council proactively regulates construction sites for sediment management.

Sediment and erosion controls must be installed in accordance with Landcom's 'Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction' (2004) and the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan prepared by SGC Consulting Engineers prior to commencement of any other works on site.

Erosion and sediment controls are to be adequately maintained and monitored at all times, particularly after periods of rain, and shall remain in proper operation until all development activities have been completed and vegetation cover has been re-established across 70 percent of the site, and the remaining areas have been stabilised with ongoing measures such as jute mesh or matting.

The discharge of sediment-laden waters from the site may result in clean-up orders and/or fines under Council's Compliance and Enforcement Policy and legislation including Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Contaminated Lands Act 1997.

Reason: Protection of the receiving environment

Dewatering Management

Council proactively regulates construction sites for sediment management.

Where a one-off instance of dewatering of groundwater or tailwater is required during works, Council's Catchment Team must be notified of your intention to discharge. Discharges should meet the water quality requirements below. Notification must be via the Team's email address - catchment@northernbeaches.nsw.gov.au.

If continuous dewatering or dewatering on multiple events is expected, a dewatering permit is required from Council's Catchment Team at catchment@northernbeaches.nsw.gov.au.

To obtain a permit, the following information must be contained in a dewatering management plan and provided to Council's Catchment Team. The dewatering management plan must be certified by a suitably qualified civil engineer who has membership of Engineers Australia and appears on the National Engineering Register (NER). Council will issue a permit based on the plan and general terms of approval from WaterNSW, and a dewatering permit provided by WaterNSW prior to dewatering commencing.

1. Preliminary testing of groundwater/tailwater must be conducted by a NATA accredited laboratory to establish a correlation between NTU and TSS. This will allow the use of grab sampling at short notice prior to planned discharges.
2. Grab samples from at least three locations must be collected within 1 hour of discharge that comply with the parameters in the table below.
3. The groundwater/tailwater to be discharged must be compliant with the water quality requirements below, the General Terms of Approval/Controlled Activity permit issued by WaterNSW (if applicable), Landcom's 'Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction' (2004) (Blue Book), Council's Compliance and Enforcement Policy and legislation including Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 and Contaminated Lands Act 1997.

Water Quality (<one hour of planned discharge)

Oil and grease, not visible

pH, 6.5-8.5

Total Suspended Solids (TSS), <50mg/L NTU from a meter/grab sample

4. All records of approvals, water discharges and monitoring results are to be documented and kept on site. Records must include a diagram showing testing locations, and photos of the water to be discharged at the time of testing. Copies of all records shall be provided to the appropriate regulatory authority, including Council, upon request.

5. Tailwater must be discharged to the nearest stormwater pit in accordance with Council's Auspec1 Design Manual and must not spread over any road, footpath and the like. Discharge to the kerb and gutter will not be accepted. Where there is no stormwater pit within 100 metres of the site, Council's Catchment Team must be contacted to discuss alternative arrangements.

On receipt of a satisfactory dewatering management plan, Council's Catchment Team will issue a permit that will allow dewatering for up to one year.

Reason: Protection of the receiving environment

CONDITIONS WHICH MUST BE COMPLIED WITH PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

Removal of Sediment and Erosion Controls

Before demobilising from the site and once vegetation cover has been re-established across 70 percent of the site, the applicant is to remove all temporary sediment and erosion controls.

Any area of the site that requires ongoing stabilisation must have jute mesh or matting incorporated into the revegetated area. Mulch may be used on slopes subject to sheet flow with a gradient of no more than 1 metre in height for every 3 horizontal metres. Mulch must be laid to a depth of 50-100mm. If using mulch within two metres of the top of bank of a waterway, coir logs or similar must be placed at the downslope edge of the mulched area to prevent migration of the mulch to the waterway.

Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority for approval prior to the issue of the Occupation Certificate.

Reason: Protection of the receiving environment