

Statement of Environmental Effects

176 – 180 Condamine Street, Balgowlah

Various Properties

Under instruction from

Harvey Norman (Wadins Pty Limited ACN 064 715 288)

For the purpose of

Internal Alterations to Harvey Norman Store

Knight Frank Town Planning (Sydney) Level 22, 123 Pitt Street, SYDNEY NSW 2000

30 January 2020

Knight Frank Town Planning ref: 18-082



Qualifications

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This report is current at the date of the development application only.

This report is to be read in its entirety and in association with other documentation submitted as part of the Development Application.

Job Name	HN - Balgowlah	HN - Balgowlah			
Job Number	18-082				
Client	Harvey Norman	Harvey Norman			
	Quality Manag	ement			
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1. Introduction

This Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) accompanies a Development Application (DA) to Northern Beaches Council on behalf of Harvey Norman (Wadins Pty Limited ACN 064 715 288) for internal alterations to a Harvey Norman store located at 176 – 180 Condamine Street, Balgowlah ("the site"). The site is made up of multiple parcels of land, with a legal description as follows:

- Lot 22 DP 516006;
- Lot 101 DP 564655;
- Lot 7 Sec E DP 975160;
- Lot 8 Sec E DP 975160;
- Lot 21 Sec E DP 975160;
- ◆ Lot 25 Sec E DP 975160;
- Lot 26 Sec E DP 975160; and
- ◆ Lot 23 DP 518721.

The proposed internal alterations to the Harvey Norman store comprise the following components:

- Relocation of café to ground floor;
- Removal of the first floor café and conversion to retail floor space;
- Demolition works including the partial removal of mezzanine floor and new openings for café roller doors;
- Base build construction works comprising a new ceiling, new floor and fire rated walls;
- Fit-out works for the café; and
- Relocation of office space to the first floor.

This SEE and accompanying specialist documentation describes the proposed development at the site and provides an environmental assessment against the relevantly applicable Environmental Planning Instruments and Policies, pursuant to Section 4.15 Evaluation of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act).

The assessments carried out in this SEE demonstrates that the proposed development:

- would remain consistent with the relevantly applicable Environmental Planning Instruments and Policies;
- would remain in the public interest by improving the customer experience and improve the overall functionality of the building;
- would contribute to the economic development of the Northern Beaches LGA and is consistent with the objectives of the B6 Enterprise Corridor zone; and
- is therefore worthy of Council's approval.



2. Subject Site

2.1 Site Location and Description

The site is located at 176-180 Condamine Street, Balgowlah, within a retail corridor being a B6 Enterprise Corridor zone. The site is improved by a two-storey commercial building which occupies multiple parcels of land. Car parking is provided both at the ground floor and level 1. The building is occupied by Harvey Norman being a *specialised retail premises*.

The site is bounded by Condamine Street to the west and Roseberry Street to the east with multiple access points. The café is proposed internal to the Harvey Norman store on the ground floor adjoining the lobby area. The office space is proposed within level 1 at the north eastern corner of the building.

2.2 Aerial Photograph

The site is located some 350m to the north of the Balgowlah Local Centre and 100m to the south of the Mona Vale Local Centre. Condamine Street to the west of the site provides access to Burnt Bridge Creek Deviation being a State Classified Road.

Adjoining the site to the south is a Bunnings Warehouse store and beyond are generally smaller format shops including a salon, café and bakery. Further large format retail premises are located to the east of the development site including Fantastic Furniture and Matt Blatt. To the north of the site are generally light industrial uses and a Woolworths store.

Located to the west of the site is medium density residential development comprising multi storey apartment buildings. Located some 100m to the south of the development site is generally medium density residential development.



Figure 1 - Aerial Photograph of Subject Site

Source: SixMaps



2.3 Existing Site Photos

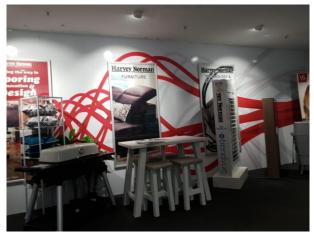






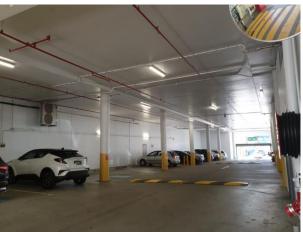


















2.4 Site Layout

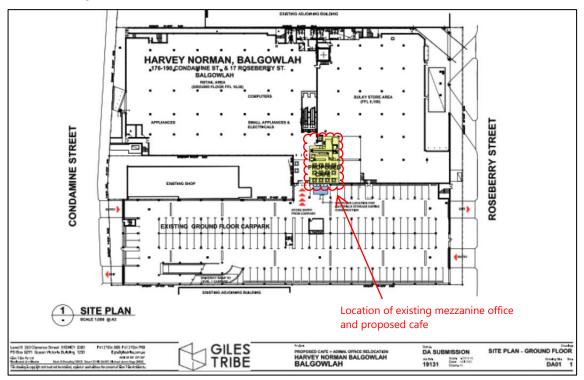


Figure 2 -Site Plan Ground Floor

Source: Giles Tribe

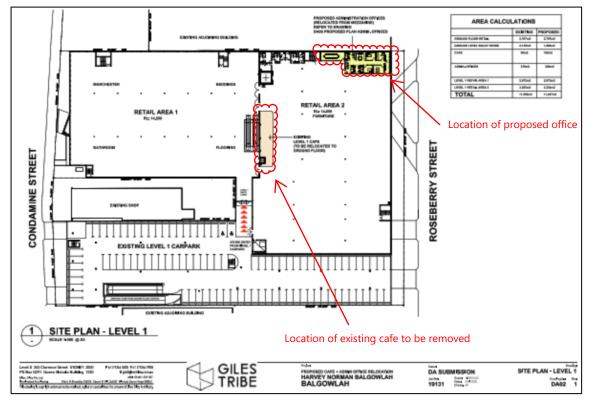


Figure 3 - Site Plan Level 1

Source: Giles Tribe



2.5 Land Use Zoning

The subject site is zoned B6 Enterprise Corridor, pursuant to Manly Local Environmental Plan 2013 (the LEP). The following are the provisions of the zone;

1 Objectives of zone

- To promote businesses along main roads and to encourage a mix of compatible uses.
- To provide a range of employment uses (including business, office, retail and light industrial uses).
- To maintain the economic strength of centres by limiting retailing activity.

2 Permitted without consent

Nil

3 Permitted with consent

Amusement centres; Business premises; Community facilities; Depots; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Flood mitigation works; Garden centres; Hardware and building supplies; Helipads; Hotel or motel accommodation; Industrial retail outlets; Kiosks; Landscaping material supplies; Light industries; Markets; Mortuaries; Office premises; Oyster aquaculture; Passenger transport facilities; Plant nurseries; Recreation facilities (indoor); Restaurants or cafes; Restricted premises; Roads; Service stations; Sex services premises; Shops; Signage; Specialised retail premises; Take away food and drink premises; Tank-based aquaculture; Timber yards; Vehicle repair stations; Vehicle sales or hire premises; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres; Water recycling facilities; Water supply systems; Wholesale supplies

4 Prohibited

Pond-based aquaculture Water treatment facilities; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

The proposed development is appropriately characterised as *restaurants or cafes* which is permitted within the zone with development consent. The relocation of the café to a more convenient location for customers will ensure it continues to complement the existing Harvey Norman store through providing greater offerings for customers. *Office premises* are permitted within the zone with development consent.

It is noted that the proposed development remains ancillary and supportive of the dominant use of the site as a *specialised retail premises*. The proposal is consistent with the objectives of the zone which complements and reinforces the dominant use of the site and will have no impact on the economic strength of centres within the LGA.



3. Proposed Development

3.1 Background

This Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) accompanies a Development Application (DA) to Northern Beaches Council on behalf of Wadins Pty Ltd t/a Harvey Norman for proposed internal alterations to the Harvey Norman store. The development comprises the following components:

- Relocation of café to ground floor;
- Removal of the first floor café and conversion to retail floor space;
- Demolition works including the partial removal of mezzanine floor and new openings for café roller doors;
- Base build construction works comprising a new ceiling, new floor and fire rated walls;
- Fit-out works for the café; and
- Relocation of office space to the first floor.

Architectural drawings prepared by Giles Tribe are appended to this report and provide details of the proposed works, see **Appendix 1**.

Relocation of Cafe

It is proposed to relocate the existing café on level 1 of the building to the ground floor. At the proposed location there is currently storage/warehouse space on the ground floor and a mezzanine office above as detailed within the Mezzanine Plan Dwg No.DA04 and the Proposed Elevation & Section – Café DWG No.DA05 prepared by Giles Tribe Architects.

To facilitate the café at this new location it is proposed to remove a portion of the mezzanine and construct a new floor that is level with the existing retail area and lobby along with a new ceiling for the proposed café. The café will measure 150m².

Relocation of Office Space

In turn, part of the office space currently located within the mezzanine floor will be relocated to level 1 in the north eastern corner and will have a proposed gross floor area of 161m². This will comprise a meeting room, managers office, admin managers office, server, general office space, tearoom and archive room.

Existing Cafe

As a result of the relocation of the café to the ground floor, the existing café currently located at Level 1 will be removed and converted back to retail floor space.

Reduction in Floor Area

As a result of the proposed development there will be a decrease in the amount of gross floor area by 153m^2 due to the reduction in storage/warehouse space and retail floor space at level 1 as detailed within the calculations at **Table 1**.



Table 1 Gross Floor Area Calculations

Use	Existing GFA	Proposed GFA	Net Change
Ground Floor Retail	2,797m ²	2,797m ²	$0m^2$
Ground Level Storage/Warehouse	2,138m ²	1988m ²	-150m ²
Café	90m ²	150m ²	+60m ²
Offices	278m ²	286m ²	+8m ²
Level 1 Retail Area 1	2,972m ²	2,972m ²	$0m^2$
Level 1 Retail Area 2	3,305m ²	3,234m ²	-71m ²
Total	11,580m ²	11,427m ²	-153m ²

The café is expected to employ between 3-4 staff members on site at any one time and will operate in conjunction with the Harvey Norman store. Hours of operation will be generally consistent with the operation of the Harvey Norman store; however, the café will open slightly earlier as follows:

- Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday 8:00am-5:30pm;
- ◆ Thursday 8:00am-9:00pm; and
- Saturday and Sunday 8:00am-5:00pm.

The hours of operation will assist staff with the preparation and setting up of the café. It will also enable the café to cater for staff arriving prior to the opening of Harvey Norman store to the general public.

This SEE and accompanying specialist documentation describes the proposed development at the site and provides an environmental assessment against the relevantly applicable Environmental Planning Instruments and Policies, pursuant to Section 4.15 Evaluation of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act).

3.2 Proponent and Project Team

Knight Frank Town Planning has prepared this SEE on behalf of the landowner. This SEE should be read in conjunction with, and has relied upon, the supporting specialist documentation. The members of the project team who produced the specialist documentation are listed in the Table below.

Table 2 Project Team

Specialist Discipline	Project Team Member
Landowner's Consent	Wadins Pty Ltd (t/a Harvey Norman)
Statement of Environmental Effects	Knight Frank Town Planning
Architecture	Giles Tribe
BCA Consultant	McCarthy Consulting



4. Environmental Assessment

Knight Frank Town Planning has undertaken an assessment of the proposal against the relevant environmental planning legislation and guidelines to identify potential environmental impacts and mitigation measures. These are discussed below.

4.1 Assessment of Planning Controls

This SEE includes an assessment of the proposal in terms of the matters for consideration as listed under Section 4.15 Evaluation of the EP&A Act and should be read in conjunction with information annexed to this report as outlined on the contents page of this report.

4.2.1 State Environmental Planning Policies

4.2.1.2 State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

The subject site benefits from a dual frontage to Condamine Street and Roseberry Street. Condamine Street is a regional classified road and as such clause 101 Development with frontage to a classified road of the SEPP applies. The proposed development is minor in nature and has no impact on the operation and function of the access and car parking arrangement, noting that the relocation of the café and office space will result in a reduction in retail floor space and overall reduction in gross floor area. The proposal is consistent with the objectives of the SEPP and satisfies those matters under sub-clause 2.

4.2.1.3 State Environmental Planning Policy No.55 Remediation of Land

State Environmental Planning Policy 55 (the SEPP) was introduced as part of a package of reforms addressing the issue of land contamination and remediation throughout NSW. Under clause 7 of the SEPP Council must consider the potential for contamination within a site, if the land is contaminated whether it is suitable in its current state for the proposed use and if the land requires remediation to be made suitable for the proposed use, that the remediation will occur prior to the proposed use.

All works proposed are internal to an existing building as such no earthworks are required to facilitate the development. It is considered that the site is suitable in its current state for the proposed development noting that all land uses currently operate within the site, what is proposed is essentially an internal reshuffling of those components.

4.2.2 Manly Local Environmental Plan 2013

The Manly Local Environmental Plan 2013 (LEP) is the relevant Environmental Planning Instrument that applies to development within the Northern Beaches Council Local Government Area. The proposed development is assessed in detail against the relevant provisions of the LEP within the table below.

Table 2: Manly LEP 2013

LEP Clause	Provision	Response
2.7	Demolition requires development consent The demolition of a building or work may be carried out only with development consent.]



Note. If the demolition of a building or work is identified in an applicable environmental planning instrument, such as this Plan or State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, as exempt development. The Act enables it to be carried out without development consent. 4.4 (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows: (a) to ensure the bulk and scale of development is consistent with the existing and desired streetscape character, (b) to control building density and bulk in relation to a site area to ensure that development does not obscure important landscape and townscape features, (c) to maintain an appropriate visual relationship between new development and the existing character and landscape of the area, (d) to minimise adverse environmental impacts on the use or enjoyment of adjoining land and the public domain, (e) to provide for the viability of business zones and encourage the development, expansion and diversity of business activities that will contribute to economic growth, the retention of local services and employment opportunities in local centres. (2) The maximum floor space ratio for a building on any land is not to exceed the floor space ratio shown for the land on the Floor Space Ratio Map. (2A) Despite subclause (2), the floor space ratio for a building on land in Zone B2	LED	B	Posnonse		
Note. If the demolition of a building or work is identified in an applicable environmental planning instrument, such as this Plan or State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, as exempt development to the carried out without development consent. 4.4 (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows: (a) to ensure the bulk and scale of development is consistent with the existing and desired streetscape character, (b) to control building density and bulk in relation to a site area to ensure that development does not obscure important landscape and townscape features, (c) to maintain an appropriate visual relationship between new development and the existing character and landscape of the area. (d) to minimise adverse environmental impacts on the use or enjoyment of adjoining land and the public domain, (e) to provide for the viability of business zones and encourage the development, expansion and diversity of business activities that will contribute to economic growth, the retention of local services and employment opportunities in local centres. (2) The maximum floor space ratio for a building on any land is not to exceed the floor space ratio shown for the land on the Floor Space Ratio Map. (2A) Despite subclause (2), the floor space ratio for a building on land in Zone B2		Provision	Response		
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floor space ratio allowed under that subclause by up to 0.5:1 if the consent authority is satisfied that at least 50% of the gross floor area of the building will be		impacts on the use or enjoyment of adjoining land and the public domain, (e) to provide for the viability of business zones and encourage the development, expansion and diversity of business activities that will contribute to economic growth, the retention of local services and employment opportunities in local centres. (2) The maximum floor space ratio for a building on any land is not to exceed the floor space ratio shown for the land on the Floor Space Ratio Map. (2A) Despite subclause (2), the floor space ratio for a building on land in Zone B2 Local Centre may exceed the maximum floor space ratio allowed under that subclause by up to 0.5:1 if the consent authority is satisfied that at least 50% of			
		premises.			



LEP	Provision	Response
Clause		•
6.1 Acid Sulfate Soils	(1) The objective of this clause is to ensure that development does not disturb, expose or drain acid sulfate soils and cause environmental damage. (2) Development consent is required for the carrying out of works described in the Table to this subclause on land shown on the Acid Sulfate Soils Map as being of the class specified for those works.	The site is mapped as containing both Class 4 and Class 5 acid sulfate soils (ASS). The development will not involve the excavation of land with the floor of the café to be suspended consistent with the existing level of the lobby. There is no potential to encounter ASS.
	(3) Development consent must not be granted under this clause for the carrying out of works unless an acid sulfate soils management plan has been prepared for the proposed works in accordance with the Acid Sulfate Soils Manual and has been provided to the consent authority. (4) Despite subclause (2), development consent is not required under this clause for the carrying out of works if: (a) a preliminary assessment of the proposed works prepared in accordance with the Acid Sulfate Soils Manual indicates that an acid sulfate soils management plan is not required for the works, and (b) the preliminary assessment has been provided to the consent authority and the consent authority has confirmed the assessment by notice in writing to the person proposing to carry out the works. (5) Despite subclause (2), development consent is not required under this clause for the carrying out of any of the following works by a public authority (including ancillary work such as excavation, construction of access ways or the supply of power): (a) emergency work, being the repair or replacement of the works of the public authority, required to be carried out urgently because the works have been damaged, have ceased to function or pose	
	a risk to the environment or to public health and safety,	



LED	Duovision	IOWN PLANNING
LEP Clause	Provision	Response
Clause	(b) routing maintenance work being the	
	(b) routine maintenance work, being the periodic inspection, cleaning, repair or	
	replacement of the works of the public	
	authority (other than work that involves	
	the disturbance of more than 1 tonne of	
	soil),	
	(c) minor work, being work that costs less	
	than \$20,000 (other than drainage work).	
	(6) Despite subclause (2), development	
	consent is not required under this clause to	
	carry out any works if:	
	(a) the works involve the disturbance of	
	less than 1 tonne of soil, and	
	(b) the works are not likely to lower the	
6351	watertable.	The site is proposed as being within the FU 1
6.3 Flood	(1) The objectives of this clause are as	The site is mapped as being within the Flood Planning Level. Council's mapping indicates
Planning	follows:	that the site is flood affected under the Manly
	(a) to minimise the flood risk to life and	Lagoon Floodplain Risk Management Study &
	property associated with the use of land,	Plan, dated October 2018.
	(b) to allow development on land that is	Tian, dated Sciober 2010.
	compatible with the land's flood hazard,	It is proposed to relocate the café to the
	taking into account projected changes as	ground floor adjoining the existing lobby
	a result of climate change, (c) to avoid significant adverse impacts on	entrance. The café is located entirely within the
	flood behaviour and the environment.	existing floor plan of the development and
	(2) This clause applies to land at or below	there is no increase in the gross floor area.
	the flood planning level.	_
	(3) Development consent must not be	The existing storage/warehouse area has a
	granted to development on land to which	Finished Floor Level (FFL) of 8.15. It is proposed
	this clause applies unless the consent	to raise the floor area to be level with the
	authority is satisfied that the development:	existing commercial development at FFL 10.30.
	(a) is compatible with the flood hazard of	This results in a consistent FFL between the
	the land, and	café and the adjoining lobby area.
	(b) is not likely to significantly adversely	
	affect flood behaviour resulting in	With regard to the matters listed at sub-clause
	detrimental increases in the potential	3, the following is noted:
	flood affectation of other development or	
	properties, and	a) Council's mapping indicates that the site
	(c) incorporates appropriate measures to	is within a low to medium risk flood
	manage risk to life from flood, and	precinct. The café is to be relocated within
	(d) is not likely to significantly adversely	existing floor area as part of the Harvey
	affect the environment or cause avoidable	Norman Store. The development will
	erosion, siltation, destruction of riparian	result in a café measuring 150m² with a
	vegetation or a reduction in the stability of	greater FFL than the existing
	river banks or watercourses, and	storage/warehouse. The proposal is
	Tive banks of watercoarses, and	_ · ·



LEP	Provision	Response
Clause	(e) is not likely to result in unsustainable social and economic costs to the community as a consequence of flooding. (4) A word or expression used in this clause has the same meaning as it has in the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005, unless it is otherwise defined in this clause. (5) In this clause: flood planning level means the level of a 1:100 ARI (average recurrent interval) flood event plus 0.5 metre freeboard.	compatible with the flood hazard of the land. b) The development is wholly contained within an existing building and will not significantly adversely affect flood behaviour. c) Results in an increase in the FFL from 8.15 to 10.30 consistent with existing commercial floor space. The proposal is minor in nature and will not alter the existing risks. d) There will be no significant impact upon the environment noting the development is wholly contained within an existing building a substantial distance from the nearest watercourse. e) The development is for the relocation of an existing café to the ground floor of the building, level with existing commercial floor space. The proposal will not burden the community in any form.

5.2.3 Development Control Plan

The Parts of the Manly Development Control Plan 2013 that are relevant to the proposed development and have been addressed within Table 3 below, include:

- Part 3 General Principles of Development;
- Part 4 Development Controls and Development Types; and
- Part 5 Special Character Precincts, Areas and Sites.

Table 3 Manly DCP 2013

Performance Criteria	Development	Controls	Resp	oonse
Part 3 General Pr	inciples of Deve	elopment (relevant provisio	ns of)	
3.1.2 Streetscape	Improvement	in LEP Zone B6 Enterprise Co	orrido	r
3.1.2.1 Streetscape		Development is to be of a visual quality, particularly corner locations.		There will be no impact on the streetscape. All works are internal.
3.1.2.2 Car parking	1	Car parking in the LEP Zon Enterprise Corridor is not t located between the s frontage and the bui alignment.	o be street	N / A – no change proposed to the car parking arrangement.
3.1.2.3 Landscaping	g	Landscaped areas are to maintained to the Cou		N / A – no change proposed to the landscaping.



				TOWN PLANNING
Performance	Development	: Controls	Resp	onse
Criteria				
		satisfaction throughout the l	life of	
		the development.		
3.1.2.4 Security Fer	ncing	Security fencing should be	e set	N/A
		back from any road frontage	e and	
		integrated with landscaped o	areas.	
3.1.2.5 Frontages	to Condamine	Frontages to Condamine S	Street	The location of the café adjoining
Street		form important 'entrances		the lobby will improve and
		Manly. A higher standard of finish		reinforce the presence of the
		to development is promoted of		entrance.
		these frontages, in term	_	
		building and landscaping.	•	
3.1.2.6 Design for	Townscape	Development is to have rega	ard to	The development is consistent
, , ,		the principles in the Towns		with Map I in Schedule 2.
		Principles Map at Schedule	•	
		this plan	_	
3.6 Accessibility		1 F		
	T		1	
Objectives	_	To ensure equitable access	The	proposed development will
		v developments and ensure		ove accessibility through the new
	_	efurbishments to existing		which is at grade with the existing
		ide improved levels of access	l l	y. The location of the office within
	and facilities fo	or people with disabilities.		1 will improve the accessibility of
	Objective 2)	To provide a reasonable		space noting it is currently located
	_	residential units that should	on a	mezzanine level of the building,
		to be adaptable and easily		
	_	romote 'ageing in place' and		
	for people with	5 5 ,		
		o highlight consideration of		
	access issues	early in the development		
	design process			
	Objective 4)	To continue improving		
	1	and awareness of access		
		ole with disabilities though a		
		to implementation of best		
	practice.	to amplementation of best		
	,			
	Objective 5)	To ensure that the public		
		ding public domain in new		
	developments	provides connectivity,		
		pility and consistency to allow		
	for equitable a	nd safe access for all people.		
3.6.2.2 General	All developme	nt that is subject to this plan	Supr	porting the application is a BCA
DA Requirements		access checklist and/or access		ment prepared by McCarthy
for Access		d as detailed at Council's		sulting which details that the
,	Administrative			osal is capable of achieving
		Tata tation (Long entirent	۲.0۲	11 10 Capable of deflicitling



D (Posnovas	
Performance	Development Controls	Response	
Criteria 3.8 Waste Manag	Requirements). The checklist is to confirm that the proposed development complies with relevant access requirements and an Access Statement is lodged to deal with any variation to provisions.	compliance with the performance requirements of the BCA 2019.	
		[
Objectives	Objectives Objective 1) Minimise overall environmental impacts of waste in accordance with regional waste plans and Federal and State Government waste minimisation targets.	Supporting the application is a Waste Management Plan that has been prepared in accordance with the DCP requirements, addressing waste management during demolition and construction and for the ongoing use.	
	Objective 2) Encourage environmentally protective waste management practices on construction and demolition sites which include: • sorting of waste into appropriate receptors (source separation, reuse and recycling) and ensure appropriate storage and collection of waste and to promote quality design of waste facilities; • provision of design standards that complement waste collection and management services offered by Council and private service providers; • building designs and demolition and construction management techniques which maximises avoidance, reuse and recycling of building materials and which will minimise disposal of waste to landfill; and • appropriately designed waste and recycling receptors are located so as to avoid impact upon surrounding and adjoining neighbours and enclosed in a screened off area. Objective 3) Encourage the ongoing minimisation and management of waste handling in the future use of premises.		
	Objective 4) Provide advice to intending applicants on:		



		TOWN PLANNING
Performance	Development Controls	Response
Criteria		
	 matters to be considered when assessing the waste implications of DAs; sound waste management practices and requirements for the preparation of waste management plans; and the reduction and handling of waste during the demolition and construction phase. 	
3.8.1 Waste and Recycling Storage Areas	a) Garbage storage areas must be of sufficient size to store the number of bins required by Council, being: iv) For commercial developments: Council does not provide a waste collection service for commercial developments. It is recommended that private waste contractors are consulted early in the development process to ensure that garbage storage areas are adequately designed. b) Any waste storage facility must be architecturally designed to reflect the design style of the proposed /existing building and not detract from the visual amenity and streetscape character in the immediate vicinity. And should also be wholly contained within the property and note placed on any leased or Council land. In this respect, the storage facility must be screened from the street frontage in a manner that improves the streetscape appearance of the facility.	Ample room is provided within the kitchen and washing area of the café to cater for the daily waste management requirements. The development is expected to generate the following waste: - 100l of general waste per day; and - 100l of recyclable materials per day. Collections per week are unlikely to change from the existing waste/recycling collection arrangement for the site, noting that the café is being relocated from level 1 and the size is only increasing slightly from 90m² to 150m².
3.8.2 Demolition and Construction Waste Management	Requirements for the management of wastes, particularly in relation to the demolition of buildings are as follows: a) Footpaths, public reserves, street gutters are not used as places to store demolition waste or materials of any kind without Council approval; b) Any material moved off-site is to be transported in accordance with the requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1998; c) Demolition and construction waste dockets demonstrating lawful disposal of	Waste is to be appropriately managed during demolition and construction consistent with DCP requirements.



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Criteria		
	waste must be retained onsite and kept	
	readily accessible for inspection by	
	regulatory authorities such as Council, the	
	Environmental Planning Authority or Work	
	Cover NSW;	
	d) Waste is only to be disposed of at an appropriately licensed facility;	
	e) Production, storage and disposal of	
	hazardous waste are only conducted in	
	accordance with any applicable Planning	
	Authority quidelines.	
	riativority gatactures.	
3.8.4	Council may impose conditions on a DA to	There will be no change to the waste
Management of		management arrangement for the site
Commercial	following:	noting that the proposed café is minor
Waste		in nature and will have no material
	a) Businesses operating from the premises	impact upon the existing arrangement.
	must engage a contractor to collect their	
	waste and recycling separately.	
	b) Consider providing alternatives to plastic	
	bags for the purposes of carrying items	
	purchased from the premises.	
4.2 Development	in Business Centres	
4.2.4 Car parking,	Relevant DCP objectives in this plan to be	It is proposed to relocate an existing
Vehicular Access	met in addition to LEP clause 1.2(2)(d) and	café and existing office space within an
and Loading	relevant LEP Zone Objectives in the Land	existing commercial building. As per
Controls for all	Use Table include the following:	the area calculations prepared by Giles
LEP Business		Tribe Architects, the following points
Zones including	Objective 1) To ensure there is adequate	are noted regarding the changes to the
B6 Enterprise	provisions for car parking access and	gross floor area for the development:
Corridor	loading in future development and	
	redevelopment in all business zones.	- Retail floor space will reduce by 71m ² ;
	Objective 2) To minimise conflicts between	- The café will increase by 60m²;
	pedestrian and vehicular movement	- Office space will increase by
	systems within the business areas.	8m²; and
	4.2.4.1 Car Parking	- There will be an overall
	\ T, C ', ', '	decrease in GFA by 153m ² .
	a) The Council may be prepared to allow	The development accept: U
	exceptions to the parking rate/requirements	The development essentially represents
	required in this DCP in the following	the reshuffling of existing components of the development that will have no
	circumstances:	material impact on car parking or traffic
	(i) where it can be demonstrated that	generation for the site. The café is
	particular activities in mixed use	proposed to be located in a more
	particular activities in mixea ase	proposed to be located in a more



	TOWN PLANNING	
Performance	Development Controls	Response
Criteria		
	developments have car parking demands	convenient location adjoining the
	which peak at different times;	lobby at the ground floor, as a
		consequence the office space will be
	(ii) where visitors are likely to use more than	relocated to level 1 which will result in
	one facility per trip;	an overall reduction in retail floor
		space.
	(iii) considering available car parking in the	·
	surrounding area, except in relation to	It is considered that the proposed
	Manly Town Centre where more particular	development has no material impact
	exceptions are provided at paragraph	on traffic generation for the site or car
	4.2.5.4 of this plan; or	parking requirements and that the
	n.e.s.r of this plan, or	existing car parking arrangement is
	(iv) where it is satisfied that reduced number	adequate.
	of parking spaces will facilitate conservation	daequate.
	of an item of the environmental heritage in	
	accordance with LEP clause 5(10). See also	
	paragraph 4.2.5.4.b. regarding section 94 Contributions for onsite parking	
	, , ,	
	requirements in Manly Town Centre. 4.2.4.2	
D (4D)	Vehicular Access	
Part 4 Developme	ent Controls and Development Types	
4.3 Development	in LEP Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor	
Objectives	Relevant DCP objectives in this plan to be	Complies
	met in relation to these paragraphs include:	·
	Objective 1) To minimise negative visual	
	impact of development by limiting the size	
	and scale of buildings and having regard to	
	suitable landscaping.	
4.3.2 FSR and	a) Variation in relation to the FSR and	The site has a maximum FSR of 1:1. All
Height	Building Height standards in the LEP may be	proposed works are wholly contained
l reigni	considered having regard to:	within the footprint of the existing
	i) whether Council is satisfied in relation to	building and, as detailed within the
	compliance with other controls in this DCP	architectural drawings prepared by
	and the need to provide usable industrial	Giles Tribe Architects, there will actually
	floor space with good access to loading dock	be a reduction in the overall gross floor
	facilities and provision of the required on-	area by 153m ² .
	site car parking;	area by 195111.
	ii) the design and integration of roof top	
	plant equipment including lift overruns; or	
	iii) reduced bulk and scale in the vicinity of	
	1	
122 Allatmont	lower density residential streetscapes.	No change is proposed to the
4.3.3 Allotment	Note: No LEP development standards exist	No change is proposed to the
Sizes	in terms of allotment size in LEP Zone B6.	allotment size or layout.
	Assessment of land subdivision applications	



Daufausassa	Davidanment Controls	IOWN PLANNING		
Performance Criteria	Development Controls	Response		
Criteria	will include consideration of whether the size or shape of the resultant land parcels are appropriate for future industrial development in terms of required floor plan areas and access arrangements. Preferred depth to frontage ratio is between 2:1 and 3:1.			
4.3.4 Access, Loading and Parking	a) A minimum of 1 loading bay is required for each industrial unit. Industrial loading bays may require greater head-height in consultation with NSW Roads Services guidelines should this seem warranted by the nature of the development. Similarly, Council will also have regard to NSW Roads Services Guidelines applying the minimum number and dimensions of loading bays.	There will be no modification to the loading bay arrangement or access.		
	b) Parking is not permitted in the area between the street frontage and the building alignment.			
	See also paragraph 3.1 Streetscape and Townscape.			
	c) The minimum driveway width should be 5m and any driveway ramps to roof-top parking are to be of sufficient width to promote easy use.			
4.4.2 Alterations and Additions	Manly Council promotes the retention and adaptation of existing buildings rather than their demolition and replacement with new structures. See also paragraph 3.2.2 Alterations and Additions to Heritage Items and Conservation Areas. See also paragraph 4.1.7 First Floor and	The proposed development seeks to improve the layout of the building and experience for customers through the relocation of the café to the ground floor and the relocation of office space to level 1. This is consistent with Council's controls regarding the retention of existing building.		
	Roof Additions (for Residential Development). See also paragraph 4.4.1 Demolition.			
Part 5 Special Cha	aracter Precincts, Areas and Sites			
5.4.3 Flood Prone Land				
Requirements	a) The purpose of this paragraph is to guide development in accordance with the objectives and processes set out in the NSW Government's Flood Prone Land Policy as	The site is mapped as being within the Flood Planning Level. It is proposed to convert an existing storage/warehouse		



Performance	Development Controls	Response
Criteria		
	outlined in the NSW Government, Floodplain Development Manual, 2005.	and office area into a café being a commercial use.
	b) Development to which this paragraph applies must comply with the performance criteria set out in paragraph 5.4.3.1 Performance Criteria.	The existing storage/warehouse area has a Finished Floor Level (FFL) of 8.15, it is proposed to raise the floor area to be level with the existing commercial floor space at FFL 10.30. This results in
	c) Forms A and A1 (see Attachment A of Northern Beaches Council's Guidelines for preparing a Flood Management Report) are	a consistent FFL between the café and the adjoining lobby area.
	to be completed and submitted to Council.	Council's mapping indicates that the site is within a medium risk flood
	d) Development that satisfies the prescriptive controls in paragraph 5.4.3.2 Prescriptive Controls is deemed to have satisfied paragraph 5.4.3.1 Performance Criteria.	precinct. The proposed café is located within existing floor area as part of the Harvey Norman Store. The development will result in a café measuring approximately 150m² with a FFL that is greater than the existing. The proposal is compatible with the flood hazard of the land.
		The development is wholly contained within an existing building and will not significantly adversely affect flood behaviour.

5. Section 4.15 Considerations

The following *Matters for Consideration* are to be taken into consideration by a consent authority when determining a development application, pursuant to Section 4.15 *Evaluation* of the *Environmental Planning* and Assessment Act 1979.

5.1 Section 4.15 (1)(a)(i) The Provisions of any Environmental Planning Instrument

The relevantly applicable provisions of Council's LEP have been examined above in this SEE and the proposal is considered to be consistent with those provisions. The proposal will result in the relocation of the café and office space within an existing commercial building that is compatible with its dominant use as a *specialised retail premises* and remains consistent with the objectives of the zone.

5.2 Section 4.15 (1)(a)(ii) The provisions of any Draft Environmental Planning Instrument

There are no draft Environmental Planning Instruments of relevance to the proposed development.



5.3 Section 4.15 (1)(a)(iii) Any Development Control Plan

The relevantly applicable provisions of the Manly Development Control Plan 2013 have been examined above in this SEE and the proposal is consistent with those provisions.

5.4 Section 4.15 (1)(a)(iiia) Any Planning Agreement that has been entered into or any Draft Agreement

There is no relevant Planning Agreement that has been entered into nor any Draft Agreement.

5.5 Section 4.15 (1)(a)(iv) The Regulations

Those relevant matters under clause 92 of the Regulations have been considered and there are no matters that warrant further consideration.

5.6 Section 4.15 (1)(b) The likely impacts of that development

Context and Setting

The café is to be relocated to the ground floor of the Harvey Norman store adjacent the lobby area. This revised location will provide greater convenience for customers of the premises. The café will not be viewable from a public place.

Traffic and Parking

The proposed development essentially involves the reshuffling of existing uses within the Harvey Norman store and is not considered to materially affect the access and car parking arrangements for the site. There will be a reduction in the gross floor area dedicated to retail sales and an overall reduction in the gross floor area for the building. For these reasons the car parking and access arrangement are adequate for the development in its current form.

Building Code of Australia (BCA)

Supporting the Development Application is a BCA statement prepared by McCarthy Consulting. It outlines that the proposal is capable of achieving compliance with the performance requirements of the BCA 2019.

Waste Management

The café is minor in nature and will not substantially alter the existing waste management arrangements. There is ample space within the layout for the café for the temporary storage of waste, which would then be transferred to the main waste storage area within the Harvey Norman site.

Economic impact

By relocating the café to a more convenient location within the building and expanding its size, the cafe will continue to support the commercial viability of the Harvey Norman store through an improved customer experience. Additional staff will be employed to manage the expanded café.

6.8 Section 4.15 (1)(c) The Suitability of the Site for the Development

The proposed café will provide greater convenience and offerings to the customers of the Harvey Norman store consistent with the objectives of the zone. For these reasons the site is considered to be suitable for the proposed development.



6.9 Section 4.15 (1)(d) Any submissions made

Any submissions made to Council during the notification and advertising period would be evaluated during the DA assessment phase. Knight Frank Town Planning would welcome the opportunity to be able to respond to any issues that may be raised.

6.10 Section 4.15 (1)(e) The Public Interest

The proposal will not give rise to any adverse environmental, amenity or streetscape impacts and is considered to be in the public interest.



6. Conclusion

The relevant matters for consideration under Section 4.15 Evaluation of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 have been addressed in this Statement of Environmental Effects and the proposed development has been found to be consistent with the objectives and requirements of the relevant planning provisions.

The proposal is permitted within the B6 Enterprise Corridor zone and is consistent with the zone objectives. The relocation of the café and office space within the building will improve its functionality for staff and the experience for customers, ultimately supporting the commercial viability of the Harvey Norman store.

The site is therefore suitable for the proposed development which will positively contribute to the area. For reasons outlined in this Statement of Environmental Effects the proposed development is considered worthy of being granted development consent.



APPENDICES



APPENDIX 1

Architectural Drawings



APPENDIX 2

BCA Statement



APPENDIX 3

Waste Management Plan