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PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT:

13 Romford Road, Frenchs Forest

1.0	LANDSLIP RISK CLASS (Highlight indicates Landslip Risk Class of property)
	A - Geotechnical Report not normally required
	B - Geotechnical Engineer (Under Council Guidelines) to decide if Geotechnical Report is required
	C - Geotechnical Report is required
	D - Geotechnical Engineer (Under Council Guidelines) to decide if Geotechnical Report is required
	E - Geotechnical Report required

2.0 Proposed Development

- 2.1 Demolish the existing carport on the N side of the house and construct a new two-storey extension to the W side of the house by excavating to a maximum depth of ~1.0m.
- **2.2** Various other minor internal and external alterations.
- **2.3** No fills are shown on the plans.
- **2.4** Details of the proposed development are shown on 3 drawings prepared by High Design, drawings numbered 1-3 to 3-3 987 22, dated May 2022.

3.0 Site Location

- **3.1** The site was inspected on the 14th June, 2022.
- 3.2 This residential property is on the high side of the road and has a NW aspect. The block runs longways to the E so the slope is a cross-fall. The block is located on the gently graded upper reaches of a hillslope. No rock outcrops on the property. The Sydney 1:100 000 Geological sheet indicates the site is underlain by a shale band



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within the Hawkesbury Sandstone that is described as a medium to coarse grained

quartz sandstone with very minor shale and laminite lenses. The bedrock is expected

to underlie the surface at relatively shallow depths. The natural surface of the block

has been altered with an excavation for a pool on the E side of the property. The

proposed development will require an excavation to a maximum depth of ~1.0m for

the proposed house extension.

3.3 The site shows no indications of historical movement in the natural surface

that could have occurred since the property was developed. We are aware of no

history of instability on the property.

4.0 Site Description

The slope rises at an average angle of ~5° across the property. At the N end of the road

frontage, a concrete driveway runs to a stable carport attached to the N side of the house.

Similarly, at the S end of the road frontage, another concrete driveway runs to a stable carport

attached to the S side of the house. Between both driveways, the road frontage, and the

house is a gently sloping lawn. The single-storey brick house is supported on brick walls and

brick piers. The external supporting brick walls of the house display no significant signs of

movement and the supporting brick piers stand vertical. A pool has been cut into the slope in

the NE corner of the property. The water level of the pool indicates no ground movement has

occurred in the shell of the pool since its construction. The area surrounding the house is

mostly lawn-covered with some paved areas. No signs of movement associated with slope

instability were observed on the grounds. No cliffs or large rock faces were observed on the

property or in the near vicinity. The adjoining neighbouring properties were observed to be

in good order as seen from the road and the subject property.

5.0 Recommendations

The proposed development and site conditions were considered and applied to the Council

Flow Chart.



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Provided good engineering and building practice are followed, no further Geotechnical assessment is recommended for the proposed development.

White Geotechnical Group Pty Ltd.

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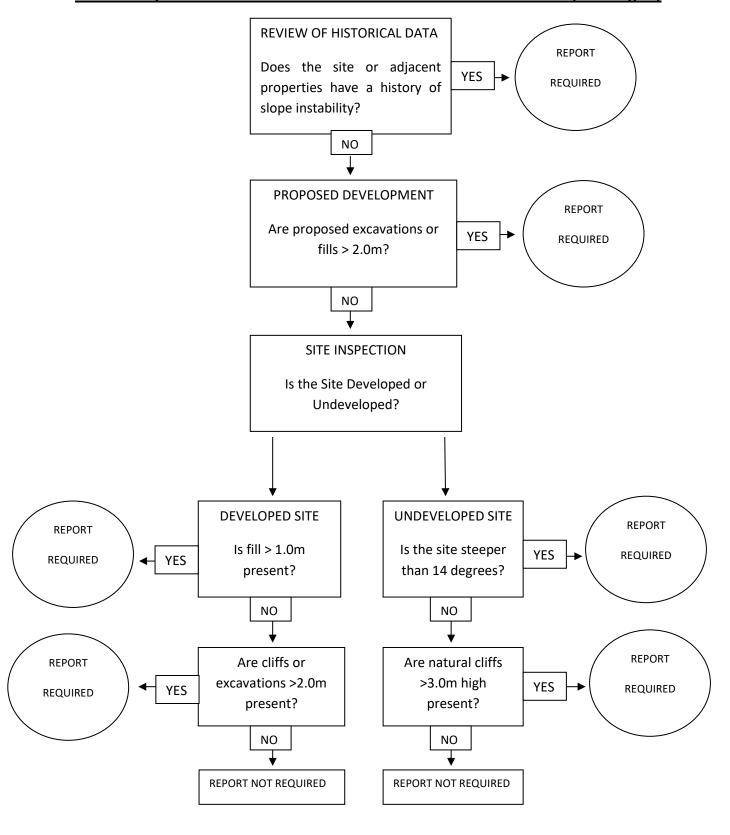
Engineering Geologist.



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Preliminary Assessment Flow Chart – Northern Beaches Council (Warringah)





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Information about your Preliminary Assessment

This Preliminary Assessment relies on visual observations of the surface features observed during the site inspection. Where reference is made to subsurface features (e.g., the depth to rock) these are interpretations based on the surface features present and previous experience in the area. No ground testing was conducted as part of this assessment and it is possible subsurface conditions will vary from those interpreted in the assessment.

In some cases, we will recommend no further geotechnical assessment is necessary despite the presence of existing fill or a rock face on the property that exceed the heights that would normally trigger a full geotechnical report, according to the Preliminary Assessment Flow Chart. Where this is the case, if it is an existing fill, it is either supported by a retaining wall that we consider stable, or is battered at a stable angle and situated in a suitable position on the slope. If it is a rock face that exceeds the flow chart limit height, the face has been deemed to be competent rock that is considered stable. These judgements are backed by the inspection of over 5000 properties on Geotechnical related matters.

The proposed excavation heights referred to in section 2.0 of this assessment are estimated by review of the plans we have been given for the job. Although we make every reasonable effort to provide accurate information excavation heights should be checked by the owner or person lodging the DA. If the excavation heights referred to in in section 2.0 of this assessment are incorrect, we are to be informed immediately and before this assessment is lodged with the DA.