Sent:	4/05/2021 2:10:13 PM
Subject:	NSW RFS Determination - Your Reference - DA2021/0378 (CNR-20908)
Attachments:	DA20210421001565-Original-1 - 04-05-2021 12_53_51 - Determination Letter.pdf;



Attention: Northern Beaches Council

Your Reference: DA2021/0378 (CNR-20908)
Application Details: s4.14 – Infill – Original

Site Address:

1058 Barrenjoey Road Palm Beach NSW 2108

Please find attached correspondence relating to the above development.

Should you wish to discuss this matter please contact Marc Ellwood on 1300 NSW RFS and quote DA20210421001565-Original-1.



Planning and Environment Services

NSW RURAL FIRE SERVICE

Locked Bag 17 Granville NSW 2142

P 1300 NSW RFS E records@rfs.nsw.gov.au

www.rfs.nsw.gov.au | www.facebook.com/nswrfs | www.twitter.com/nswrfs

PREPARE. ACT. SURVIVE.



Northern Beaches Council PO Box 882 MONA VALE NSW 1660

Your reference: DA2021/0378 (CNR-20908) Our reference: DA20210421001565-Original-1

ATTENTION: Northern Beaches Council Date: Tuesday 4 May 2021

Dear Sir/Madam,

Development Application s4.14 - Infill - Single Dwelling - Alterations & Additions 1058 Barrenjoey Road Palm Beach NSW 2108, 4C//DP13374

I refer to your correspondence dated 21/04/2021 seeking advice regarding bush fire protection for the above Development Application in accordance with section 4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

The New South Wales Rural Fire Service (NSW RFS) has considered the information submitted and provides the following recommended conditions:

Asset Protection Zones

The intent of measures is to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting fire fighting activities. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

- 1. From the start of building works, and in perpetuity to ensure ongoing protection from the impact of bush fires, the entire property must be managed as an inner protection area (IPA) in accordance with the requirements of Appendix 4 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019. When establishing and maintaining an IPA the following requirements apply:
 - tree canopy cover should be less than 15% at maturity;
 - trees at maturity should not touch or overhang the building;
 - lower limbs should be removed up to a height of 2m above the ground;
 - tree canopies should be separated by 2 to 5m;
 - preference should be given to smooth barked and evergreen trees;
 - large discontinuities or gaps in vegetation should be provided to slow down or break the progress of fire towards buildings;
 - shrubs should not be located under trees;
 - shrubs should not form more than 10% ground cover;

- clumps of shrubs should be separated from exposed windows and doors by a distance of at least twice the height of the vegetation.
- grass should be kept mown (as a guide grass should be kept to no more than 100mm in height); and
- leaves and vegetation debris should be removed.

Construction Standards

The intent of measures is that buildings are designed and constructed to withstand the potential impacts of bush fire attack. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

2. The construction of any new Class 10b structures as defined per the National Construction Code must comply with section 3 and section 7 (BAL 29) Australian Standard AS3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bush fire-prone areas or NASH Standard (1.7.14 updated) National Standard Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas – 2014 as appropriate and Section 7.5 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019.

Water and Utility Services

The intent of measures is to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting fire fighting activities. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

- 3. The provision of water, electricity and gas must comply the following in accordance with Table 7.4a of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*:
 - reticulated water is to be provided to the development where available;
 - all above-ground water service pipes external to the building are metal, including and up to any taps;
 - all fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials to a distance of 10m and shielded on the hazard side;
 - connections to and from gas cylinders are metal;
 - polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines are not used; and
 - above-ground gas service pipes are metal, including and up to any outlets.

For any queries regarding this correspondence, please contact Marc Ellwood on 1300 NSW RFS.

Yours sincerely,

Kalpana Varghese

Team Leader, Dev. Assessment & Planning Planning and Environment Services