

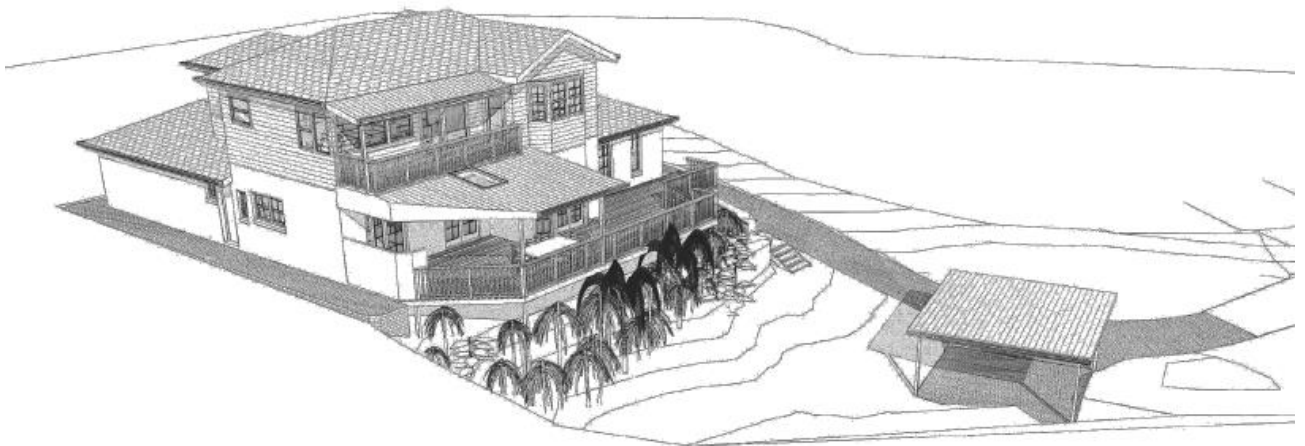
STATEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS
FOR CONSTRUCTION OF ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO AN
EXISTING DWELLING INCLUDING NEW DECK AND
DETACHED CARPORT

LOCATED AT

3 BAKERS ROAD, CHURCH POINT

FOR

SCOTT AND ISABEL McCLENNAN



Prepared
February 2020

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1.0 Introduction

This Statement of Environmental Effects accompanies details prepared by Northern Beaches Designs, Project No. 1928, Drawing No. DA1 – DA19, dated 8 November 2019 on behalf of Mr & Mrs Scott & Isabel McClennan to detail the construction of alterations and additions to an existing dwelling including new deck and detached carport at **3 Bakers Road, Church Point**.

This Statement describes the subject site and the surrounding area, together with the relevant planning controls and policies relating to the site and the type of development proposed. As a result of this assessment it is concluded that the development of the site in the manner proposed is considered to be acceptable and is worthy of the support of the Council.

In preparation of this document, consideration has been given to the following:

- *The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 as amended*
- *The Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018*
- *Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014*
- *Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan*

2.0 Property Description

The subject allotment is described as 3 Bakers Road, Church Point, being Lot 51 within Deposited Plan 1043879 and is zoned E4 Environmental Living under the Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014.

The site is not listed as a heritage item, nor is it within a conservation area.

The site is identified as being within the Class 5 Acid Sulfate Soils Area, and therefore this matter will be discussed further within this report.

The site is identified on Council's Geotechnical Hazard Map as 'W Hazard H1' and as such, a Geotechnical Investigation has been prepared by White Geotechnical Group, Report No. J2491, dated 29 November 2019.

The site is Low and Medium Risk Flood Prone Land. Accordingly, a Flood Assessment has been prepared by Taylor Consulting, dated 27 January 2020, and accompanies this submission.

The site is identified as being within the Coastal Environment Area and Coastal Use Area on the SEPP (Coastal Management) 2018. This matter will be further discussed within this statement.

No other hazards have been identified.

3.0 Site Description

The subject site is located on the southern side of Bakers Road.

The site is irregular in shape and widens towards the rear. The site has an angled frontage to Bakers Road of 14.77m, a depth of 40.86m (eastern side boundary), and an angled rear boundary. The total site area is 912m².

The site is currently developed with a one and two storey brick and clad dwelling with a tiled roof, together with an uncovered parking area. The car parking area is accessed via a paved driveway from Bakers Road.

The details of the lots which comprise the parcel are contained within the survey report prepared by Waterview Surveying Services, Reference No. 1019, dated 12 September 2019, which accompanies the DA submission.

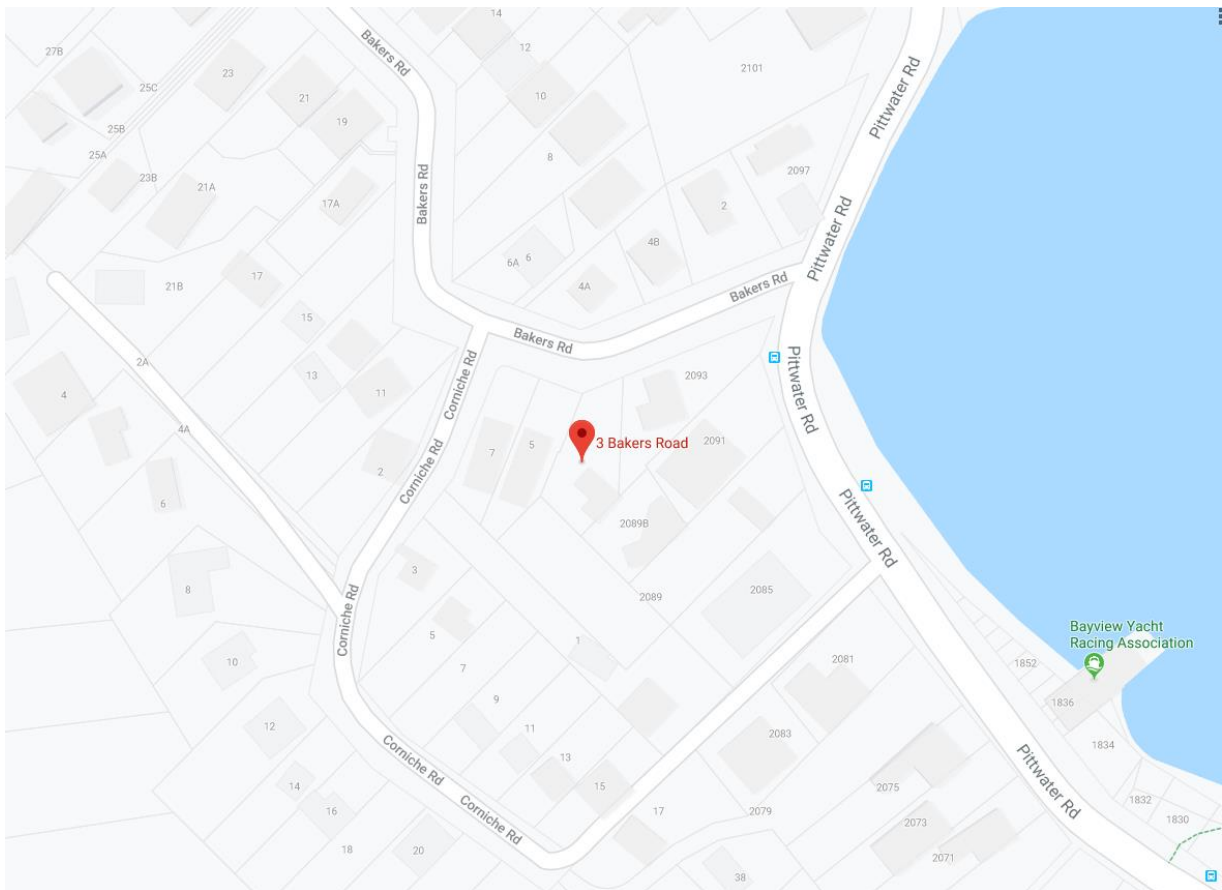


Fig 1: Location of Subject Site
(Source: Google Maps)



Fig 2: View of subject site, looking south-east from Bakers Road

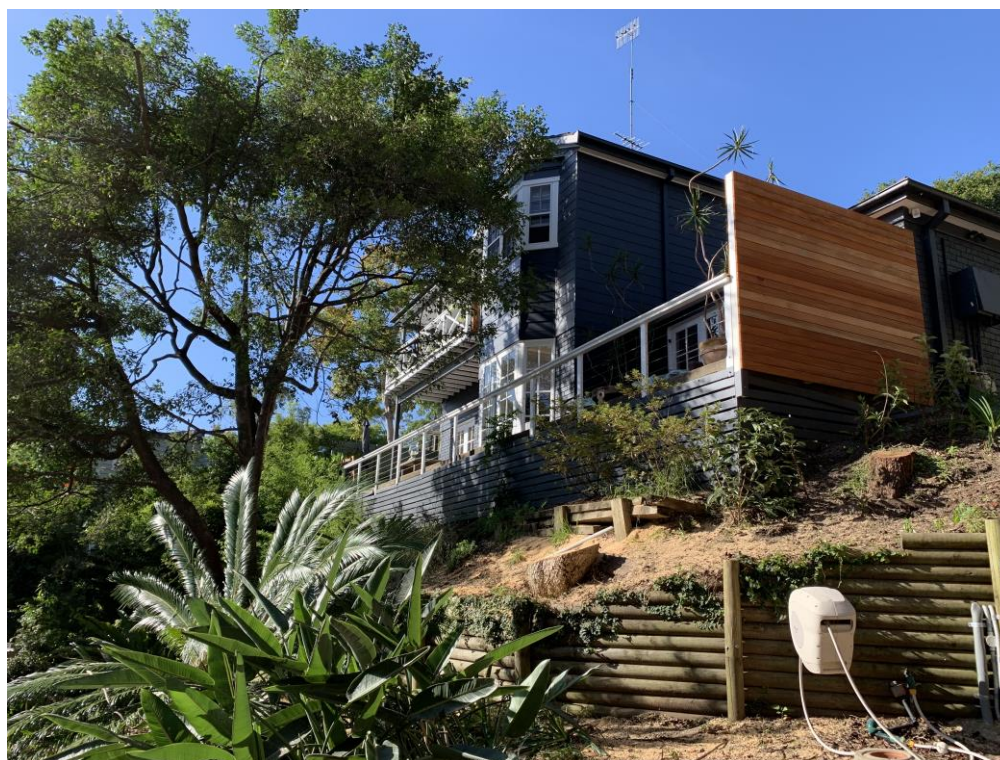


Fig 3: View of northern portion of subject site, with view towards adjoining neighbour at No 11 Bakers Road, looking west



Fig 4: View of existing dwelling and location of new decks, looking south-east



Fig 5: View of location of proposed carport – looking east

4.0 The Surrounding Environment

The general vicinity of the site is characterised by irregular shaped allotments within a natural bushland setting, with views towards Pittwater.

The sites have been improved with a range of one, two and three storey low density residential developments within bushland settings, the design of which has been largely influenced by the sloping terrain and predominance of natural features and vegetation.

Surrounding the site are single residences, with a variety of styles and scales of development.

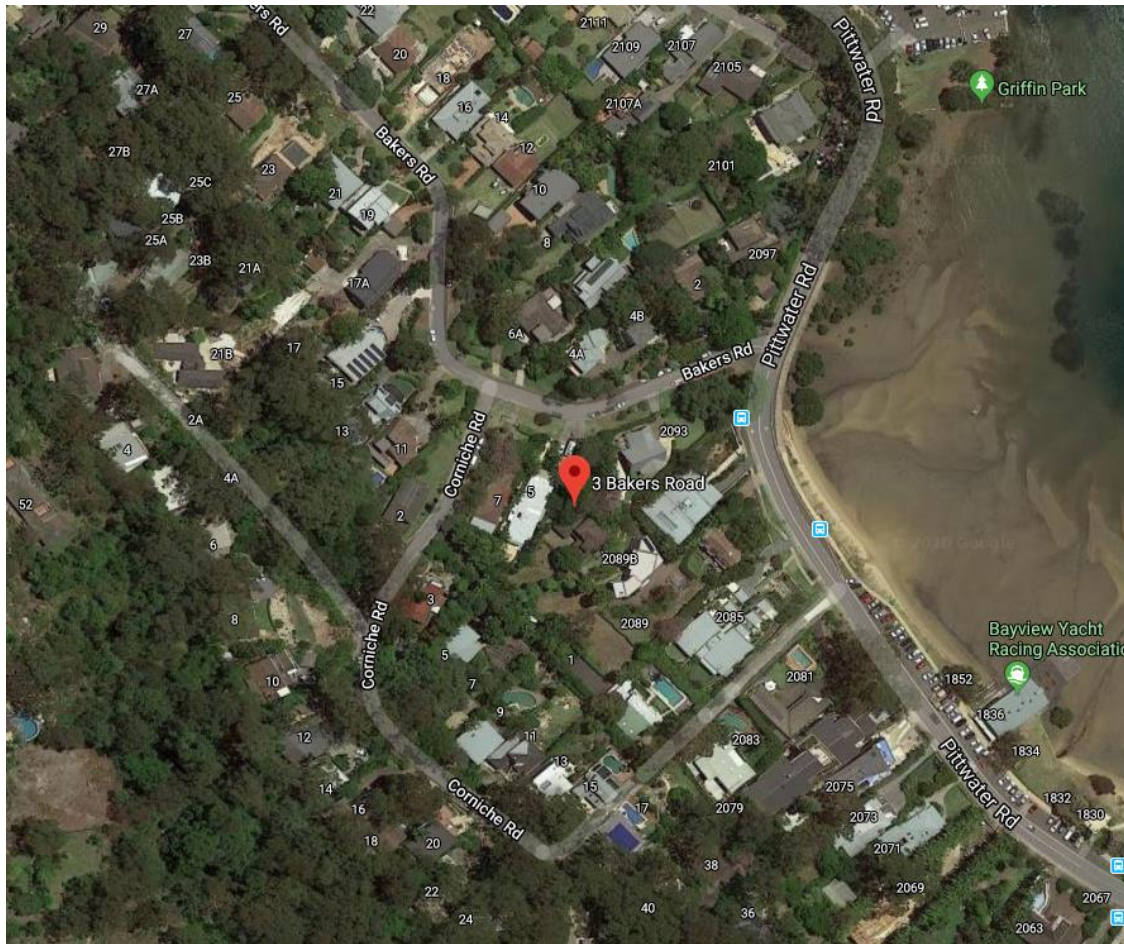


Fig 6: Aerial Photograph
(Source: Google Maps)

5.0 Proposed Development

As detailed within the accompanying plans, the proposal seeks to provide for the construction of alterations and additions to an existing dwelling.

The new works will comprise:

- Construction of a new timber deck
- External stairs and landing
- Pavers along north-western side boundary
- New detached double carport

The proposal maintains the existing overall height of the dwelling, and the new works will not see any substantial change to the bulk of the existing dwelling.

The proposal maintains the existing area of soft landscaping and will not see the removal of any significant vegetation.

The development indices for the development are summarised as:

Site Area	912m ²
Required Landscaped Area	60% or 547.2m ²
Proposed Landscaped Area	45% or 410.58m ² (remains unchanged)

6.0 Zoning and Development Controls

6.1 State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

The proposal does not include additional habitable floor area and the estimated cost of work is less than \$50,000.00, therefore a BASIX Certificate is not applicable.

6.2 State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land

SEPP 55 – Remediation of Land and in particular Clause 7(1)(a) suggests that a consent authority must not grant consent to the carrying out of any development on land unless it has considered whether the land is contaminated.

Given the history of residential use of the land, the site is not considered to be subject to contamination and further investigation is not required at this stage.

6.3 State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018

The subject site has been identified as being within the coastal zone and therefore SEPP (Coastal Management) 2018 is applicable to the proposed development.

The stated Aim of the Policy under Clause 3 is to:

The aim of this Policy is to promote an integrated and co-ordinated approach to land use planning in the coastal zone in a manner consistent with the objects of the Coastal Management Act 2016, including the management objectives for each coastal management area, by:

- (a) managing development in the coastal zone and protecting the environmental assets of the coast, and*
- (b) establishing a framework for land use planning to guide decision-making in the coastal zone, and*
- (c) mapping the 4 coastal management areas that comprise the NSW coastal zone for the purpose of the definitions in the Coastal Management Act 2016.*

The Coastal Management Act 2016 states within **Clause 3**:

The **objects** set out in **Clause 3** of the Coastal Management Act 2016 are:

- (a) to protect and enhance natural coastal processes and coastal environmental values including natural character, scenic value, biological diversity and ecosystem integrity and resilience, and*
- (b) to support the social and cultural values of the coastal zone and maintain public access, amenity, use and safety, and*
- (c) to acknowledge Aboriginal peoples' spiritual, social, customary and economic use of the coastal zone, and*
- (d) to recognise the coastal zone as a vital economic zone and to support sustainable coastal economies, and*
- (e) to facilitate ecologically sustainable development in the coastal zone and promote sustainable land use planning decision-making, and*

- (f) to mitigate current and future risks from coastal hazards, taking into account the effects of climate change, and*
- (g) to recognise that the local and regional scale effects of coastal processes, and the inherently ambulatory and dynamic nature of the shoreline, may result in the loss of coastal land to the sea (including estuaries and other arms of the sea), and to manage coastal use and development accordingly, and*
- (h) to promote integrated and co-ordinated coastal planning, management and reporting, and*
- (i) to encourage and promote plans and strategies to improve the resilience of coastal assets to the impacts of an uncertain climate future including impacts of extreme storm events, and*
- (j) to ensure co-ordination of the policies and activities of government and public authorities relating to the coastal zone and to facilitate the proper integration of their management activities, and*
- (k) to support public participation in coastal management and planning and greater public awareness, education and understanding of coastal processes and management actions, and*
- (l) to facilitate the identification of land in the coastal zone for acquisition by public or local authorities in order to promote the protection, enhancement, maintenance and restoration of the environment of the coastal zone, and*
- (m) to support the objects of the Marine Estate Management Act 2016.*

It is submitted that the assessment detailed under the Statement of Environmental Effects suggests that the proposed development is consistent with the objects of the SEPP (Coastal Management) 2018, as set out in Clause 3 of the Coastal Management Act 2016.

The matters for consideration under Division 3 of SEPP (Coastal Management) 2018 are:

13 Development on land within the coastal environment area

- (1) Development consent must not be granted to development on land that is within the coastal environment area unless the consent authority has considered whether the proposed development is likely to cause an adverse impact on the following—*
 - (a) the integrity and resilience of the biophysical, hydrological (surface and groundwater) and ecological environment,*
 - (b) coastal environmental values and natural coastal processes,*
 - (c) the water quality of the marine estate (within the meaning of the Marine Estate Management Act 2014), in particular, the cumulative impacts of the proposed development on any of the sensitive coastal lakes identified in Schedule 1,*
 - (d) marine vegetation, native vegetation and fauna and their habitats, undeveloped headlands and rock platforms,*
 - (e) existing public open space and safe access to and along the foreshore, beach, headland or rock platform for members of the public, including persons with a disability,*
 - (f) Aboriginal cultural heritage, practices and places,*
 - (g) the use of the surf zone.*
- (2) Development consent must not be granted to development on land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that—*

- (a) *the development is designed, sited and will be managed to avoid an adverse impact referred to in subclause (1), or*
- (b) *if that impact cannot be reasonably avoided—the development is designed, sited and will be managed to minimise that impact, or*
- (c) *if that impact cannot be minimised—the development will be managed to mitigate that impact.*

Comment: The proposal provides for minor alterations and additions to an existing dwelling which are wholly contained within the subject site and are therefore not considered to result in any adverse impacts within the coastal environment area.

The matters for consideration under Division 4 of SEPP (Coastal Management) 2018 are:

14 Development on land within the coastal use area

- (1) *Development consent must not be granted to development on land that is within the coastal use area unless the consent authority—*
 - (a) *has considered whether the proposed development is likely to cause an adverse impact on the following—*
 - (i) *existing, safe access to and along the foreshore, beach, headland or rock platform for members of the public, including persons with a disability,*
 - (ii) *overshadowing, wind funnelling and the loss of views from public places to foreshores,*
 - (iii) *the visual amenity and scenic qualities of the coast, including coastal headlands,*
 - (iv) *Aboriginal cultural heritage, practices and places,*
 - (v) *cultural and built environment heritage, and*
 - (b) *is satisfied that—*
 - (i) *the development is designed, sited and will be managed to avoid an adverse impact referred to in paragraph (a), or*
 - (ii) *if that impact cannot be reasonably avoided—the development is designed, sited and will be managed to minimise that impact, or*
 - (iii) *if that impact cannot be minimised—the development will be managed to mitigate that impact, and*
 - (c) *has taken into account the surrounding coastal and built environment, and the bulk, scale and size of the proposed development.*

Comment: The proposal provides for minor alterations and additions to an existing dwelling which are wholly contained within the subject site and are therefore not considered to result in any adverse impacts within the coastal environment area.

The matters for consideration under Division 5 of SEPP (Coastal Management) 2018 are:

15 Development in coastal zone generally—development not to increase risk of coastal hazards

Development consent must not be granted to development on land within the coastal zone unless the consent authority is satisfied that the proposed development is not likely to cause

increased risk of coastal hazards on that land or other land.

The proposal provides for the construction of alterations and additions to an existing dwelling. The proposed new works are largely contained within the proximity of the existing building and do not require significant disturbance to the site and are not considered to increase the risk of coastal hazards for the subject property or adjoining land.

The assessment has concluded that the proposed development is consistent with the matters for consideration under the SEPP (Coastal Management) 2018.

6.4 Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014

Clause 2.3 Zone objectives and land Use Table

The site is zoned as E4 Environmental Living under the provisions of the PLEP 2014.

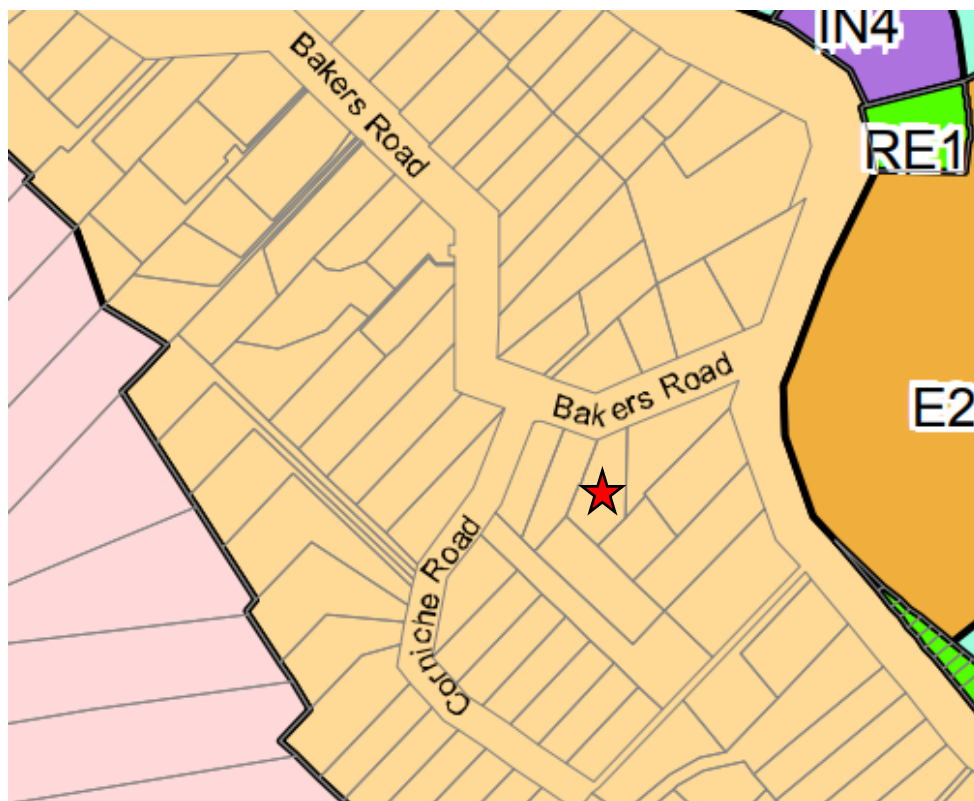


Fig 7: Extract from Pittwater Council Zoning Map

The proposed construction of alterations and additions to an existing dwelling is considered to be permissible in the E4 zone with the consent of Council.

The development of and use of the land for residential purposes within the E4 Environmental Living Zone is consistent with the zone objectives, which are noted over as:

- *To provide for low-impact residential development in areas with special ecological, scientific or aesthetic values.*
- *To ensure that residential development does not have an adverse effect on those values.*
- *To provide for residential development of a low density and scale integrated with the landform and landscape.*
- *To encourage development that retains and enhances riparian and foreshore vegetation and wildlife corridors.*

It is considered that the proposed construction of alterations and additions to an existing dwelling will be consistent with the desired future character of the surrounding locality for the following reasons:

- The proposal will be consistent with and complement the existing detached style housing within the locality.
- The proposed development respects the scale and form of other new development in the vicinity and therefore complements the locality. The proposal provides for the construction of alterations and additions to an existing dwelling which will not have any significant or adverse impact on the neighbouring properties.
- The setbacks are compatible with the existing surrounding development.
- The proposal does not have any unreasonable impact on long distance views.

Clause 4.3 – Height of Buildings

The maximum building height in this portion of Church Point is 8.5m.

The proposal will not see any change to the existing overall height of the dwelling, and the new works readily comply with the statutory height limit.

Clause 7.1 relates to Acid Sulfate Soils. The site is identified as being within the Class 5 Acid Sulfate Soils area. Given the minor nature of the proposed works, no change to the water table is anticipated, and no further investigation is deemed necessary in this instance.

Clause 7.2 relates to earthworks. The proposal is accompanied by a Geotechnical Investigation has been prepared by White Geotechnical Group, Report No. J2491, dated 29 November 2019. The report concludes that the proposal can achieve the Acceptable Risk Management criteria outlined in the Pittwater Geotechnical Risk Policy.

The works will be carried out in accordance with the recommendations of the consulting Structural and Geotechnical Engineers and the proposal therefore satisfies the provisions of this clause.

Clause 7.3 relates to flood planning. The site is identified as Low and Medium Risk Flood Prone Land. Accordingly, a Flood Assessment has been prepared by Taylor Consulting, dated 27 January 2020, which concludes that the proposal is in keeping with Council's flood planning controls.

Clause 7.7 – Geotechnical Hazards

A Geotechnical Investigation has been prepared by White Geotechnical Group, Ref No. J2491, dated 29 November 2019, to address the provisions of this Clause.

The report concludes that the proposed developments are suitable for the site and the site can achieve the Acceptable Risk Management Criteria of Council's Geotechnical Risk Policy.

There are no other clauses of the PLEP 2014 that are considered to be relevant to the proposed development.

6.5 Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan

Council's Pittwater 21 DCP and Part D4 Church Point and Bayview Locality Statement provide a range of outcomes and controls which form the primary criteria control for development within the subject locality.

6.5.1 Section A Introduction

A4.4 Church Point and Bayview Locality

Desired Character

The Church Point and Bayview locality will remain a low-density residential area with dwelling houses a maximum of two storeys in any one place in a natural landscaped setting, integrated with the landform and landscape. Secondary dwellings can be established in conjunction with another dwelling to encourage additional opportunities for more compact and affordable housing with minimal environmental impact in appropriate locations. Any dual occupancy dwellings will be located on lowlands in the locality on land that has less tree canopy coverage, species and habitat diversity and fewer other constraints to development. Retail, community and recreational facilities will serve the community.

Future development is to be located so as to be supported by adequate infrastructure, including roads, water and sewerage facilities, and public transport. The locality is characterised by steeply sloping blocks so the provision of facilities such as inclinators, driveways and carparking need to be sensitively designed. The shared use of vehicular/pedestrian access, and the use of rooftops as parking areas can be solutions that minimise the physical and visual impact on the escarpment or foreshore.

Future development will maintain a building height limit below the tree canopy, and minimise bulk and scale. Existing and new native vegetation, including canopy trees, will be integrated with the development. Views from the buildings shall be maintained below the tree canopy level capturing spectacular views up the Pittwater waterway. Contemporary buildings will utilise facade modulation and/or incorporate shade elements, such as pergolas, verandahs and the like. Building colours and materials will harmonise with the natural environment. Development on slopes will be stepped down or along the slope to integrate with the landform and landscape, and minimise site disturbance. Development will be designed to be safe from hazards.

The locality is visually prominent particularly from Scotland Island, Bilgola Plateau, and the Pittwater waterway. Therefore, a balance will be achieved between maintaining the landforms, landscapes and other features of the natural environment, and the development of land. As far as possible, the locally native tree canopy and vegetation will be retained and enhanced to assist development blending into the natural environment, and to enhance wildlife corridors.

Heritage items and conservation areas indicative of the Guringai Aboriginal people and of early settlement in the locality will be conserved.

Vehicular, pedestrian and cycle access within and through the locality will be maintained and upgraded. The design and construction of roads will manage local traffic needs, minimise harm to people and fauna, and facilitate co-location of services and utilities.

Pedestrian/cycle access around the foreshore and to areas of open space will be upgraded and maintained.

Church Point will remain an important link to the offshore communities.

It is considered that the proposal is consistent with the desired character of the locality by providing for the construction of alterations and additions to an existing dwelling including new deck and detached carport which maintains consistency with the low density scale of the area and will not be visually prominent within the Bakers Road locality.

The proposal will not see the removal of any significant protected vegetation and will maintain a generous area of soft landscaping.

The works will be finished in a range of textures and finishes which will complement the existing surrounding development and harmonise with the bushland setting of the locality.

6.5.2 Section B General Controls

The General Controls applicable to the proposed development are summarised as:

B3.1 Landslip Hazard

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Protection of people. (S)

Protection of the natural environment. (En)

Protection of private and public infrastructure and assets. (S)

The site is within Geotechnical Hazard Zone H1 and is subject to landslip. In this regard a Geotechnical Investigation has been prepared by White Geotechnical Group, Reference No. J2491, dated 29 November 2019.

The report concludes that the site and the proposed development can achieve the acceptable risk management criteria of Council's Pittwater Geotechnical Risk Policy.

The works will be constructed in accordance with the recommendations contained within the Geotechnical Report.

B3.6 Contaminated Land and Potentially Contaminated Land

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Protection of public health. (S)

Protection of the natural environment. (En)

Successful remediation of contaminated land. (En, S)

The site has a history of residential use. As such, no further investigation is required.

B3.11 Flood Prone Land

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Protection of people.

Protection of the natural environment.

Protection of private and public infrastructure and assets.

The site is identified as Low and Medium Risk Flood Prone Land. Accordingly, a Flood Assessment has been prepared by Taylor Consulting, dated 27 January 2020, which concludes that the proposal is in keeping with Council's flood planning controls.

B4.7 Flora and Fauna Habitat Enhancement Category 2 Land

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Conservation, enhancement and/or creation of habitats for locally native flora and fauna to ensure the long-term viability of locally native flora and fauna and their habitats. (En)

The proposed works are largely contained within the existing building footprint. The proposal will not require the removal of any significant vegetation, and the existing trees within the site are to be retained and protected.

The proposal is not considered to unreasonably impact on the biodiversity within the locality and meets the objectives of this clause.

B5.8 Stormwater Management – Water Quality – Low Density Residential

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

No increase in pollutants discharged with stormwater into the environment. (En)

Development is compatible with Water Sensitive Urban Design principles. (En)

The requirements outlined in the controls seek to limit the extent and quality of stormwater runoff. The proposed new roof areas will be connected to the existing stormwater system. As the stormwater is direct runoff from the roof areas, there will not be any significant issue in terms of water quality.

B5.10 Stormwater Discharge into Public Drainage System

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

*All new development to have no adverse environmental impact at the discharge location
(En, S)*

The proposed new roof areas will direct stormwater to the street gutter in Bakers Road, and accordingly the proposal is considered to satisfy Council's stormwater requirements.

B6.1 Access Driveways and Works on the Public Road Reserve – Low Density Residential

This control seeks to achieve the outcomes:

Safe and convenient access. (S)
Adverse visual impact of driveways is reduced. (En)
Pedestrian safety. (S)
An effective road drainage system. (En, S)
Maximise the retention of trees and native vegetation in the road reserve. (En, S)

The existing driveway will be maintained and provide access to new attached double carport.

B6.3 Internal Driveways – Low Density Requirements

This control seeks to achieve the outcome:

Safe and convenient access. (S)
Reduce visual impact of driveways. (S)
Pedestrian safety. (S)
An effective road drainage system. (En, S)
Maximise the retention of trees and native vegetation.
Reduce contaminate run-off from driveways.

The existing driveway will be maintained.

B8.1 Construction and Demolition – Excavation and Landfill

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Site disturbance is minimised. (En)
Excavation, landfill and construction not to have an adverse impact. (En)
Excavation and landfill operations not to cause damage on the development or adjoining property. (S)

The proposed works will be carried out in accordance with the recommendations of the consulting Structural and Geotechnical Engineers. Appropriate soil and sedimentation measures will be implemented.

B8.2 Construction and Demolition – Erosion and Sediment Management

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Waterways, coastal areas, watercourses, drainage systems and the public domain are protected from the transportation of sedimentation from development sites. (En)
Reduction of waste throughout all phases of development. (En)
Public safety is ensured. (S)
Protection of the public domain. (S, En)

This clause requires that erosion and sediment controls are installed on site to prevent the migration of sediment to adjoining properties, roads or waterways. Appropriate erosion and sediment barriers will be installed prior to the commencement of any works on site.

6.5.3 Section C Development Type Control for Residential Development

The Development Type Controls applicable to the proposed development are:

C1.1 Landscaping

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

A built form softened and complemented by landscaping. (En)
Landscaping reflects the scale and form of development. (En)
Retention of canopy trees by encouraging the use of pier and beam footings. (En)
Development results in retention of existing native vegetation. (En)
Landscaping results in the long-term retention of Pittwater's locally native tree canopy. (En)
Landscaping retains and enhances Pittwater's biodiversity by using locally native plant species (En)
Landscaping enhances habitat and amenity value. (En, S)
Landscaping results in reduced risk of landslip. (En, Ec)
Landscaping results in low watering requirement. (En)

The required controls to achieve the outcomes are to ensure that the development will provide for the reasonable retention and protection of the existing significant trees and to provide for locally occurring species within any proposed replanting of the site.

The site will continue to maintain a generous area of soft landscaping. No significant trees are to be removed.

C1.2 Safety and Security

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

On-going safety and security of the Pittwater community. (S)
Opportunities for vandalism are minimised. (S, Ec)
Inform applicants of Council's requirements for crime and safety management for new development. (S)

Improve community awareness in relation to Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED), its principle strategies and legislative requirements (S)
Identify crime and safety priority areas in Pittwater LGA (S, Ec)
Improve community safety and reduce the fear of crime in the Pittwater LGA (S)
Develop and sustain partnerships with key stakeholders in the local area who are involved in community safety. (S)

The proposal will provide casual surveillance to the site entry and car parking area.

C1.3 View Sharing

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

A reasonable sharing of views amongst dwellings. (S)
Views and vistas from roads and public places to water, headland, beach and/or bush views are to be protected, maintained and where possible, enhanced. (S)
Canopy trees take priority over views. (En, S)

The required controls to achieve the outcomes are to ensure that building sight lines and building positioning and height maintain reasonable view sharing for neighbouring properties.

The modest nature of the ancillary works ensure that suitable views are retained for uphill properties.

C1.4 Solar Access

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Residential development is sited and designed to maximise solar access during mid-winter. (En)
A reasonable level of solar access is maintained to existing residential properties, unhindered by adjoining development. (En)
Reduce usage and/dependence for artificial lighting. (En)

The required controls to achieve the outcomes are to ensure that private open spaces of the subject and adjoining dwellings maintain a minimum of 3 hours of solar access in mid-winter.

The modest extent of the new works ensures that the proposal will not see any loss of solar access for neighbouring properties.

C1.5 Visual Privacy

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Habitable rooms and outdoor living areas of dwellings shall achieve and maintain visual privacy through good design. (S)
A sense of territory and safety is provided for residents. (S)

The required controls to achieve the outcomes are to ensure that the private open space, recreation areas and living rooms within 9m of a development are suitably protected to limit the effects of direct overlooking.

The proposed decks maintain generous separation to neighbouring properties, and are therefore not considered to result in any problematic overlooking.

The proposal will not see any change to any habitable room windows within the dwelling.

C1.6 Acoustic Privacy

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Noise is substantially contained within each dwelling and noise from any communal or recreation areas are limited. (S)

Noise is not to be offensive as defined by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, including noise from plant, equipment and communal or recreation areas (S)

The required controls to achieve the outcomes are to ensure that noise sensitive living areas and bedrooms are located away from major noise sources.

Given the residential nature of the works, it is suggested that there will not be any significant change to the existing site conditions.

C1.7 Private Open Space

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Dwellings are provided with a private, usable and well-located area of private open space for the use and enjoyment of the occupants. (S)

Private open space is integrated with, and directly accessible from, the living areas of dwellings. (S)

Private open space receives sufficient solar access and privacy (En, S).

The required controls to achieve the outcomes are to ensure that dwellings are provided suitable private open space with an area and at a grade which will facilitate outdoor private recreation. Substantial area is available for private open space by way of the proposed decks and the yard areas of the site, which receive good solar access.

C 1.12 Waste and Recycling Facilities

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Waste facilities are accessible and convenient, and integrate with the development. (En)

Waste facilities are located such that they do not adversely impact upon amenity of the land adjoining development or natural environment. (En, S)

The required controls to achieve the outcomes are to ensure that adequate area remains for

the storage of waste and recyclable materials.

The new double carport will have adequate area for the on-site storage of waste and recyclables, with the waste removed by Council contractors via the household garbage service.

6.5.4 Section D Locality Specific Development Controls

The **D4 Church Point and Bayview Locality Statement** contains a number of outcomes for development. The proposal has been assessed in regard to the Locality Statement and is summarised in the following table.

In support of the proposal, it is considered that this proposal is well designed, comprehensive and consistent with the community's vision for development in Pittwater in that it is:

- Proposing a form of development which is compatible with the existing residential character of the area by maintaining an appropriate development scale which is compatible with the vicinity.
- The proposal maintains a generous soft landscaped area. There will not be any adverse siltation or water pollution impacts on the general drainage system of the area or to local waterways.
- The development will not place additional demands on local infrastructure or on the sewage disposal system for the site.

A summary of the DCP controls for the **D4 Church Point and Bayview Locality** is provided below:

D4.1 Character as viewed from a public place

The control seeks to achieve the outcomes:

To ensure new development responds to, reinforces and sensitively relates to the spatial characteristics of the existing built and natural environment. (En, S, Ec)

To enhance the existing streetscapes and promote a scale and density that is in keeping with the height of the natural environment.

The visual impact of the built form is secondary to landscaping and vegetation, or in commercial areas and the like, is softened by landscaping and vegetation. (En, S, Ec)

High quality buildings designed and built for the natural context and any natural hazards. (En, S)

Buildings do not dominate the streetscape and are at 'human scale'. Within residential areas, buildings give the appearance of being two-storey maximum. (S)

To preserve and enhance district and local views which reinforce and protect the Pittwater's natural context.

To enhance the bushland vista of Pittwater as the predominant feature of the landscape with built form, including parking structures, being a secondary component.

To ensure that development adjacent to public domain elements such as waterways, streets, parks, bushland reserves and other public open spaces, compliments the landscape character, public use and enjoyment of that land. (En, S)

The required controls to achieve the outcomes are to ensure that the building maintains a compatibility with the locality through appropriate design relief including roof forms textures, materials, the arrangement of windows modulation, spatial separation, landscaping etc.

The proposal provides for alterations and additions to an existing dwelling, which maintain the existing modest height and scale of the building, and presents a form which is in keeping with

the varied character of the surrounding development.

The setbacks provided generally reflect the setbacks of the nearby properties and effectively manage the challenges presented by the site's sloping terrain.

D4.3 Building Colours, Materials and Construction

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Achieve the desired future character of the Locality.

The development enhances the visual quality and identity of the streetscape. (S)

To provide attractive building facades which establish identity and contribute to the streetscape.

To ensure building colours and materials compliments and enhances the visual character its location with the natural landscapes of Pittwater.

The colours and materials of the development harmonise with the natural environment. (En, S)

The visual prominence of the development is minimised. (S)

Damage to existing native vegetation and habitat is minimised. (En)

The required controls to achieve the outcomes are to ensure that the external colours and materials shall be dark and earthy tones as indicated within the DCP and are detailed in the DA submission.

It is considered that the development is appropriate as the proposal provides for alterations and additions which will match the existing dwelling.

D4.5 Front Building Line

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Equitable preservation of views and vistas to and/or from public/private places. (S)

The amenity of residential development adjoining a main road is maintained. (S)

Vegetation is retained and enhanced to visually reduce the built form. (En)

Vehicle manoeuvring in a forward direction is facilitated. (S)

To enhance the existing streetscapes and promote a scale and density that is in keeping with the height of the natural environment.

To encourage attractive street frontages and improve pedestrian amenity.

To ensure new development responds to, reinforces and sensitively relates to the spatial characteristics of the existing urban environment.

The site is subject to a front setback of either 6.5m or established building line, whichever is the greater to Bakers Road.

The proposed carport will stand a minimum of 12.5m from the front boundary, and is therefore in keeping with the prevailing building line.

D4.6 Side and rear building line

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

- To achieve the desired future character of the Locality. (S)*
- The bulk and scale of the built form is minimised. (En, S)*
- Equitable preservation of views and vistas to and/or from public/private places. (S)*
- To encourage view sharing through complimentary siting of buildings, responsive design and well-positioned landscaping.*
- To ensure a reasonable level of privacy, amenity and solar access is provided within the development site and maintained to residential properties. (En, S)*
- Substantial landscaping, a mature tree canopy and an attractive streetscape. (En, S)*
- Flexibility in the siting of buildings and access. (En, S)*
- Vegetation is retained and enhanced to visually reduce the built form. (En)*
- To ensure a landscaped buffer between commercial and residential zones is established.*

The relevant controls to achieve this outcome are to maintain a minimum setback of 2.5m for one side and minimum 1.0m setback for the other side.

The proposed new works will stand a minimum of 1m and 4m from the south-eastern and north-western side boundaries respectively and therefore complies with this control.

The existing rear building line remains unchanged.

D4.8 Building Envelope

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

- To achieve the desired future character of the Locality. (S)*
- To enhance the existing streetscapes and promote a building scale and density that is below the height of the trees of the natural environment.*
- To ensure new development responds to, reinforces and sensitively relates to spatial characteristics of the existing natural environment.*
- The bulk and scale of the built form is minimised. (En, S)*
- Equitable preservation of views and vistas to and/or from public/private places. (S)*
- To ensure a reasonable level of privacy, amenity and solar access is provided within the development site and maintained to neighbouring properties. (En, S)*
- Vegetation is retained and enhanced to visually reduce the built form. (En)*

The required controls to achieve the outcomes are to maintain the development within a height envelope which provides for a height of 3.5m with an angle projected at 45°.

The proposed alterations and additions will not alter the compliance of the existing building with the building envelope control.

D4.10 Landscaped Area – Environmentally Sensitive Land

The controls seek to achieve the outcomes:

Achieve the desired future character of the Locality. (S)

The bulk and scale of the built form is minimised. (En, S)

A reasonable level of amenity and solar access is provided and maintained. (En, S)

Vegetation is retained and enhanced to visually reduce the built form. (En)

Conservation of natural vegetation and biodiversity. (En)

Stormwater runoff is reduced, preventing soil erosion and siltation of natural drainage channels. (En)

To preserve and enhance the rural and bushland character of the area. (En, S)

Soft surface is maximised to provide for infiltration of water to the water table, minimise run-off and assist with stormwater management. (En, S)

The required controls to achieve the outcomes are to limit residential development so as to maintain a minimum landscaped area of 60%.

The proposal will not see any change to the existing available area of soft landscaping.

7.0 Matters for Consideration under Section 4.15 of The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

7.1 The provisions of any environmental planning instrument

The proposal is subject to the provisions of the Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014 and the relevant supporting Council policies. It is considered that the provisions of this environmental planning instrument have been satisfactorily addressed within this report and that the proposal achieves compliance with its provisions.

There are no other environmental planning instruments applying to the site.

7.2 Any proposed instrument that is or has been the subject of public consultation under this Act and that has been notified to the consent authority (unless the Secretary has notified the consent authority that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved), and

There are no draft instruments applicable to the proposal.

7.3 Any development control plan

The development has been designed to comply with the requirements of Council's Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan.

The development respects the streetscape character objectives of the DCP and will provide a cohesive and sympathetic addition to the site which will make a positive contribution to the area.

7.4 Any planning agreement that has been entered into under section 7.4, or any draft planning agreement that a developer has offered to enter into under section 7.4, and

No matters of relevance are raised in regard to the proposed development.

7.5 The regulations (to the extent that they prescribe matters for the purposes of this paragraph),

No matters of relevance are raised in regard to the proposed development.

7.6 The likely impacts of that development, including environmental impacts on both the natural and built environments, and the social and economic impacts in the locality.

It is considered that the proposal, which seeks consent for construction of alterations and additions to an existing dwelling including new deck and detached carport which will not unreasonably impact upon the amenity of adjoining properties or upon the character of the surrounding area.

The proposal is considered to be well designed having regard to the relevant provisions of the Council's PLEP 2014 & the Pittwater 21 DCP and the Church Point and Bayview Locality.

7.7 The suitability of the site for the development

The subject land is currently zoned E4 Environmental Living under the Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014 and is considered suitable for the proposed development.

The subject site does not exhibit any significant constraint to the construction of the proposed development.

7.8 Submissions made in accordance with this Act or the regulations

This is a matter for Council in the consideration of this proposal.

7.9 The public interest

The proposal will not impact upon the environment, the character of the locality or upon the amenity of adjoining properties and is therefore considered to be within the public interest.

The proposed residential use of the land also sees the economic and orderly use of the land to provide for additions to the dwelling, which will be designed and constructed in an environmentally friendly and sustainable manner, to the benefit of the wider community.

8.0 Conclusion

The principal objective of this development is to provide for the construction of alterations and additions to an existing dwelling including new deck and detached carport.

It is considered that the proposed works satisfy the stated objectives of Council's Development Controls and reinforce the residential character of the area.

As the proposed development will not have any significant impact on the environment, scenic quality of the area or the amenity of the adjoining allotments, the issue of Development Consent under the delegation of Council is requested.

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