BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA COMPLIANCE ASSESSMENT REPORT

PROPOSED INDEPENDENT LIVING UNIT AND COMMUNAL BUILDING

181 ALLAMBIE HEIGHTS ROAD, ALLAMBIE HEIGHTS





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REVISION STATUS									
REVISION	DATE	STATUS	WRITTEN	CHECKED					
8232 – Rev 00	14/06/2018	DRAFT FOR COMMENT	JC	JS					
8232 – Rev 01	13/07/2018	FINAL JC JS							
8232 – Rev 02	19/02/2019	FINAL – Updated to change BCA classification from class 3 to class 2	JC	JS					
8232 – Rev 03	13/05/2019	DRAFT – Updated for CC submission	JC	JS					
10141 – Rev 1.0	11/02/2020	DRAFT – Updated per BCA 2019 and new plans	EDM	JS					
10141 – Rev 2.0	20/02/2020	FINAL	EDM	JS					
10141 – Rev 2.1	20/02/2020	FINAL – minor revision	EDM	JS					

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1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This report provides a Building Code of Australia (BCA) 2019 assessment of the proposed independent living units (Buildings A & B), communal building and car park, to be located at 181 Allambie Heights Road, Allambie Heights.

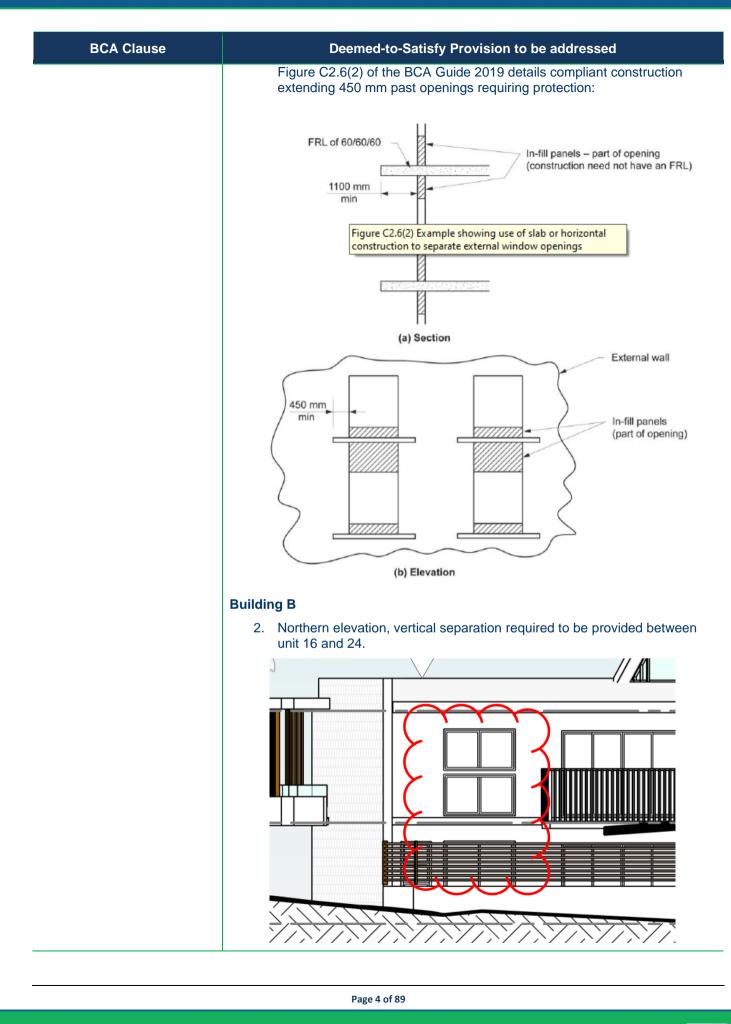
The primary purpose of this report is to identify the non-compliance matters contained in the proposed design against the current Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Provisions of the BCA and to provide compliance recommendations to overcome the DTS non-compliances.

1.1 Recommendations

The following is a list of Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions that should be addressed either by design amendments, additional information **OR** by way of a Performance Solution:

BCA Clause	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provision to be addressed
C2.6	Compliance commentary
Vertical Separation of	Buildings A & B
openings in external walls	 The 1100 mm horizontal construction proposed to separate openings in adjacent storeys must extend along the wall not less than 450 mm beyond the openings concerned. This was found to be non-compliant where balconies had been used as vertical separation in Buildings A & B, examples have been shown below to assist the designer. Alternatively, a performance solution would be required at CC stage.
	EXAMPLE 1
	UNIT 18 128 m ² RL 130.150 BALCONY
	EXAMPLE 2
	BUILDING A

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AE&D Pty Ltd A: Suite 3.04, 55 Miller Street, Pyrmont NSW 2009 - Southern Highlands A: Unit 10, 19 Lyell Street, Mittagong NSW 2575 Sutherland Shire A: Suite 33, Level 4 Regus, 29 Kiora Road, Miranda NSW 2228 P: (02) 9571 8433 E: admin@aedconsulting.com.au - W: www.aedconsulting.com.au ABN: 15 149 587 495

BCA Clause	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provision to be addressed
	 Northern elevation, vertical separation required to be provided between unit 09 and 17. Image: A separation of the separation of the separation of the separation of the separation has been provided to openings located between the occupant walkways serving level 2. The openings in question have been identified below in Figure 1.
C2.8	Compliance commentary
Separation of Classifications in the same storey	 The class 2 units and class 7a carpark on the lower ground floor must be separated with a fire wall achieving an FRL of not less than 120/120/120. Alternatively, discuss to see if a reduction in FRL's is possible under a performance solution.
	2. The class 7b bin room and class 7a carpark must be separated with a fire wall achieving an FRL of not less than 240/240/240. Alternatively, discuss to see if a reduction in FRL's is possible under a performance solution.





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BCA Clause	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provision to be addressed							
D1.2	Compliance commentary							
Number of Exits required	Architect to clarify type and use of glazed doorways between the communal building and adjoining terrace area.							
D1.4	Compliance commentary							
Exit Travel Distances	Building B							
	1. Lower ground floor ; the travel distance from Units 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 exceed 6m to a point of choice were egress is available to two exits (worst case 17.6 m). The architectural plans are required to demonstrate compliance or alternative discuss with fire safety engineer to determine if a performance solution can be developed.							
	Note (1): Units 11, 12, 13 and 14 travel distance to a point of choice vary betweer 7.5 m and 9 m.							
	Note (2): Units 15 and 16 have a travel distance to a point of choice of 16.5 m and 17.5 m respectively.							
	Note (3): the ramp no longer serves the lower ground floor of building B, as such, the point of choice has been taken between the two central stairways.							
	2. Ground floor ; the travel distance from Units 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 exceed 6m to a point of choice were egress is available to two exits (worst case 19.6 m). The architectural plans are required to demonstrate compliance or alternatively discuss with fire safety engineer to determine if a performance solution can be developed.							
	Note (4): Units 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 travel distance to a point of choice vary between 8.5 m and 9 m.							
	Note (5): Units 17 and 18 have a travel distance to a point of choice of 19 m and 19.6 m respectively.							
	 Ground floor; the travel distance from the western end of the ground floor elevated walkway exceeds 20 m to a point of choice (measured 21 m). The architectural plans are required to demonstrate compliance or alternatively discuss with fire safety engineer to determine if a performance solution can be developed. 							
	COURTYARD BELOW UNIT 17 UNIT 17 128 m ² UNIT 18 128 m ²							
D1.6	Compliance commentary							

Dimensions of Exits and paths of Travel to Exits

1. Architect to clarify proposed occupant load for the communal building so that exit widths can be assessed.

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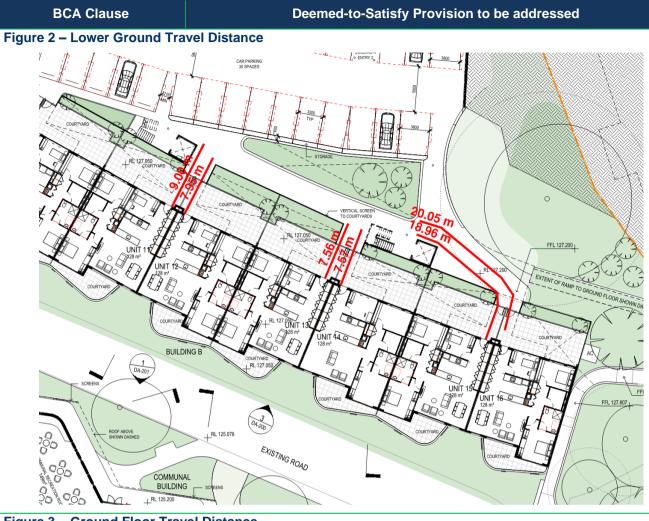
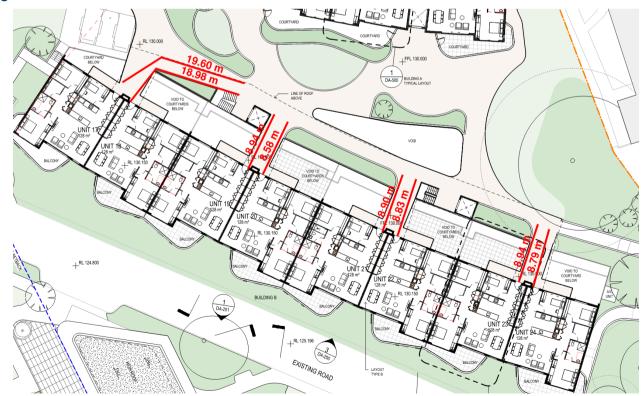


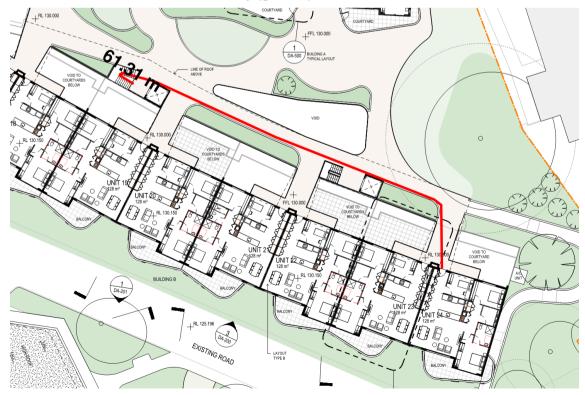
Figure 3 – Ground Floor Travel Distance



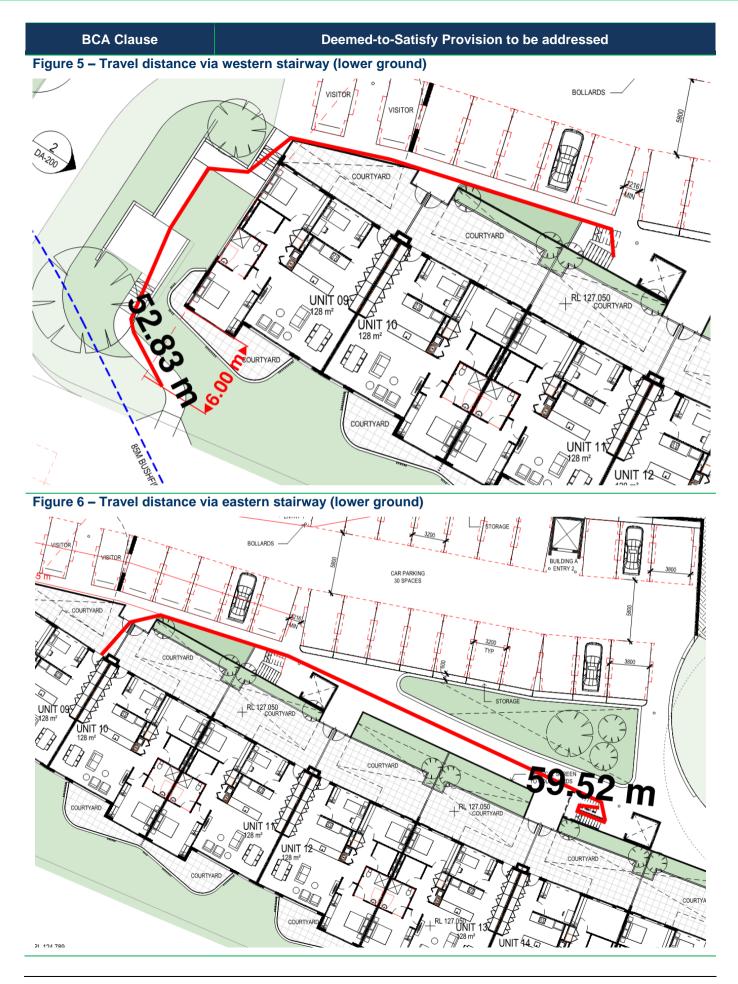
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BCA Clause	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provision to be addressed					
D1.9	Compliance commentary					
Travel by non-fire-isolated	Building B					
stairs	 The distance between the doorway of units 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 via the western non-fire-isolated stairway and the open space on lower ground floor exceed 60 m (worst case 114.1 m) and does not comply with clause D1.9(b)(ii). Where compliance with the DtS provisions is not achievable a fire engineered solution should be sought out. 					
	Note (1): The western most central non-fire-isolated stairway is required for travel distances purposes and therefore must comply with this clause.					
	2. The distance between the doorway of units 09, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 to the point of egress on ground floor (top of eastern non-fire-isolated ramp) via the eastern non-fire-isolated stairway, exceeds 60 m (worst case 127.6 m) and does not comply with clause D1.9(b)(ii). Where compliance with the DtS provisions is not achievable a fire engineered solution should be sought out.					
	Note (2): The eastern most central non-fire-isolated stairway is required for travel distances purposes and therefore must comply with this clause.					
	Note (3): The point of egress via non-fire-isolated stairways and ramps has be taken to 6 m past the external wall of the building.					
	 The distance between the point of discharge of the eastern non-fire- isolated stair (on ground level) and the top of the eastern non-fire-isolated ramp exceeds 15 m (measured 18.8 m) and does not comply with clause D1.9(d)(i) as the discharge is to an external ramp, not a doorway. 					
	4. The distance between the point of discharge of the western non-fire- isolated stair (on lower ground level) and the edge of roof line at western building end exceeds 15 m (measured 26.5 m) and does not comply with clause D1.9(d)(i), as the discharge is to an external opening and not a doorway.					

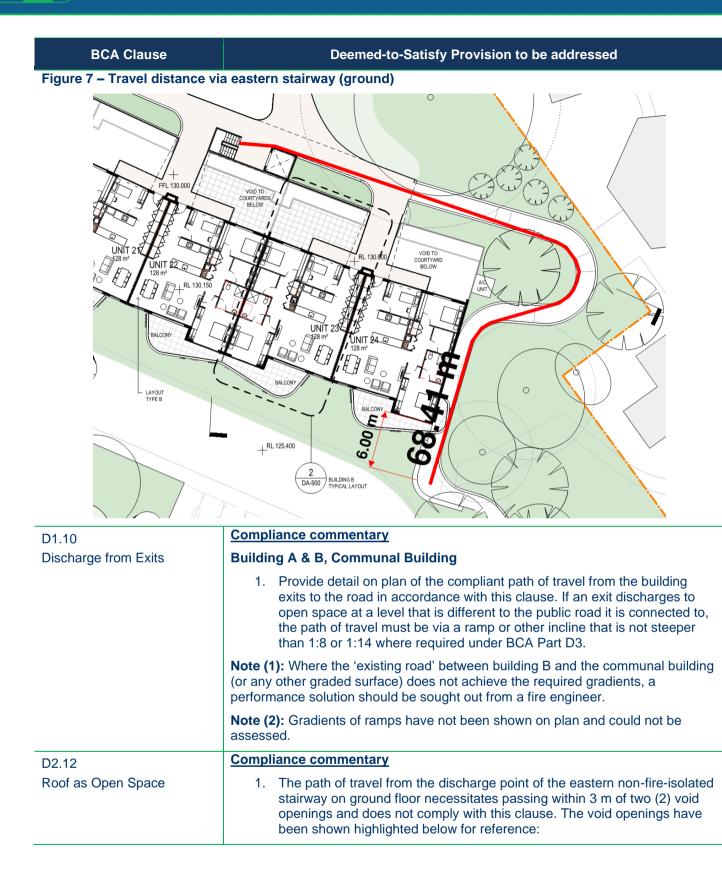
Figure 4 – Travel distance via western stairway (ground)



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BCA Clause	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provision to be addressed
	VOD VOD FFL 130.000 VOD FFL 13
	 The elevated walkway central to Building A/B must achieve and FRL of not less than 120/120/120, in accordance with this clause.
D2.19	Compliance commentary
Doorways & Doors	2. The type and operation of the glazed doors between the communal building and attached terrace area must be clarified for compliance to be determined. Output Output Output
D2.20	Compliance commentary
Swinging Doors	1. The final doorways within the ground floor lobbies of building A do not swing in the direction of egress in accordance with this clause.

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BCA Clause	Deemed-to-Satisfy Provision to be addressed					
F2.3 Facilities for Class 3 to 9 Buildings	 Compliance commentary Architect to clarify occupant load of communal building so that facility calculations can be completed. 					

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2.0 INTRODUCTION

This report provides a Building Code of Australia (BCA) 2019 assessment of the proposed independent living units (Buildings A & B), communal building and car park, to be located at 181 Allambie Heights Road, Allambie Heights.

This report provides a BCA assessment table in Section 3.0 that summarises the identified non-compliance matters and offers specific recommendations.

2.1 Basis of Report

The key basis of this report is to address compliance with the Building Code of Australia (BCA) 2019. The scope of services is limited to Sections C – "Fire Resistance", Section D – "Access & Egress", Section E – "Services & Equipment", Section F "Health and Amenity" and Section J "Energy Efficiency"

This report is based on a desktop assessment of the proposed plans, with specific reference to the following:

Drawing Title	Drawing No.	Revision	Dated
Site Plan	DA-011	1	19/12/19
Floor Plan – Lower Ground Floor	DA-100	1	19/12/19
Floor Plan – Ground Floor	DA-101	1	19/12/19
Floor Plan – Level 1	DA-102	1	19/12/19
Roof Plan	DA-103	1	19/12/19
Elevations – Buildings A & B	DA-200	1	19/12/19
Elevations – Communal Building	DA-201	1	19/12/19
Sections – Buildings A & B	DA-300	1	19/12/19
Sections – Communal Building	DA-301	1	19/12/19

• Architectural plans prepared by Jackson Teece – Project 2017019, Drawing Numbers:

- The Building Code of Australia 2019 prepared by the Australian Building Codes Board.
- The Guide to the BCA 2019, prepared by the Australian Building Codes Board.

2.2 Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is to assess the following:

- Assessment under the current Building Code of Australia 2019 and list any departures from the BCA 2019.
- Provide recommendations to address identified non-compliances, and/or identify potential alternative solutions

2.3 Limitations of the Report

This report does not assess the following:

- Access and facilities for people with disabilities is addressed however compliance with Disability
 Discrimination Act 1992 (DDA) is outside the scope of this report. It should be noted that BCA compliance
 does not necessarily meet the requirements of the Disability Discrimination Act (DDA).
- Reporting on hazardous materials, OH&S matters or site contamination
- Assessment of any structural elements or geotechnical matters relating to the building, including any structural or other assessment of the existing fire-resistant levels of the building
- Consideration of any fire services operations (including hydraulic, electrical or other systems)

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- · Assessment of plumbing and drainage installations, including stormwater
- Assessment of mechanical plant operations, electrical systems or security systems
- Heritage significance
- Consideration of energy or water authority requirements
- Consideration of Council's local planning policies
- Environmental or planning issues
- Requirements of statutory authorities
- Pest inspection or assessment building damage caused by pests (general/visual pest invasion or damage will be reported, however invasive or intrusive inspections have not be carried out)
- Sections G, H or I of the BCA are not considered.
- Provision of any construction approvals or certification under Part 4A or Part 5 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.
- Glazing, shading, lighting calculations and the like required by Section J of the BCA not been carried out
- This assessment excludes BCA clauses D3.0-3.12 (Inclusive), F2.4 and E3.6. Refer to separate access consultant's report.
- BCA 2019 does not directly specify slip-resistance classification(s) for all *accessible paths of travel*; however, we highlight the need under AS 1428.1-2009 for all *accessible paths of travel* to have a slip-resistant surface. We recommend you should seek surface finish advice from an independent specialist slip safety consultant.

3.0 BCA ASSESSMENT DATA

The following data is provided in respect to review of the building under the Building Code of Australia 2019 in respect to the compliance assessment of the proposed independent living units (Buildings A & B), communal building and car park, to be located at 181 Allambie Heights Road, Allambie Heights.

	Class 2 (Independent Living)
CA Duilding Classifications	Class 7a (Car parking)
BCA Building Classifications:	Class 7b (Storage)
	Class 9b (Communal building)
	Building $A/B = 3$
Building rise in storeys:	Communal Building = 1
	(determined in accordance with C1.2 of the BCA).
	Building A/B = Type A
Type of Construction:	Communal Building = Type C
	(determined in accordance with C1.1 of the BCA)
	Class 2 = N/A
General Floor area limitations:	Class 9b = 3000m ² / 12000 ³
Effective Height (m):	Less than 12 m

3.1 Location of Fire Source features

The potential *fire source features* to be considered for this building are the external wall of another building on the allotment which is not a Class 10 building, the side or rear of the allotment boundary or the far side of the road.

In this instance the following setbacks are determined in respect to the fire source features applicable to the building

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- North side boundary of the allotment
- South far boundary of Martin Luther Lane
- East far boundary of Allambie Road
- West rear boundary of the allotment

3.2 Summary of Fire Services Required

Summarised below are also the likely fire services required for the building:

- Fire hydrants are required to serve Building A/B (including the carpark) and be provided in accordance with BCA E1.3 and AS 2419.1-2005.
- A fire hose reel system must be provided to serve the carpark only in accordance with BCA E1.4 and AS 2441-2005
- Portable Fire Extinguishers must be provided to the Class 2 part in accordance with BCA E1.6 and AS 2444-2001.
- Automatic smoke and fire detection provided throughout the Class 2 parts of the building in accordance with Part E2, BCA Specification E2.2a and AS/NZS 1668.1-2015, including common areas, stairways and within the units.
- Automatic shutdown of air handling system must be provided to the Class 9b communal building in accordance with NSW Table E2.2b.
- An emergency lighting system must be installed throughout in accordance with BCA E4.2 of the BCA and AS 2293.1-2018.
- Exit signs must be installed throughout in accordance with BCA E4.5 and AS 2293.1-2018.
- Mechanical ventilation to the basement carpark in accordance with BCA Table E2.2a and AS 1668.1 and AS 1668.2.



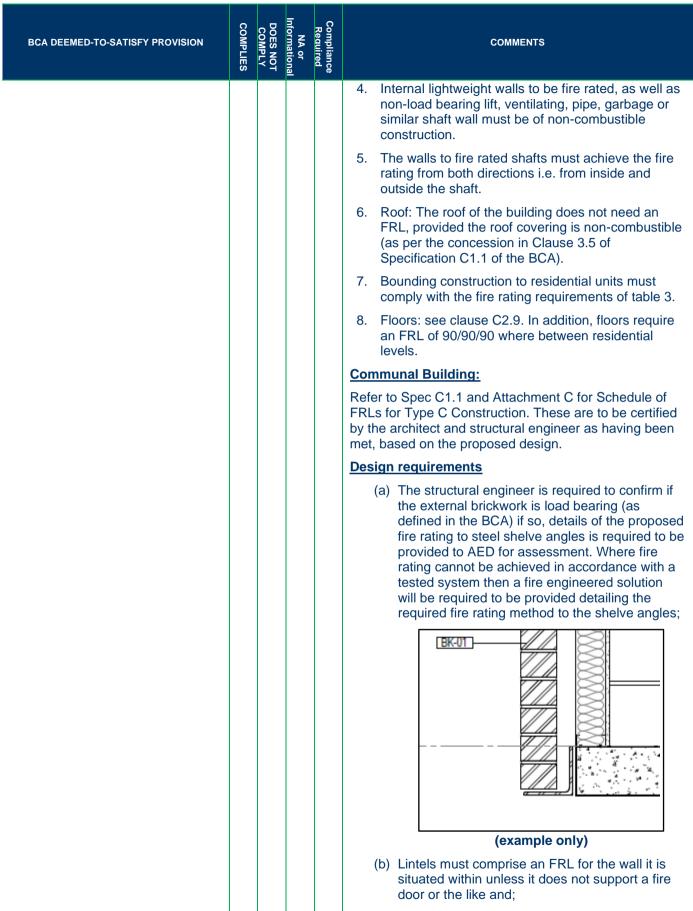
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4.0 BCA ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

The following table details the BCA compliance of the assessed design.

BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
SECTION B STRUCTURE					
Part B1: Structural Provisions				X	 Structural engineer to provide structural drawings/details and accompanying structural design certificate to demonstrate that all building elements will comply with Section B of the BCA.
					 Glazing must comply with AS1288-2006 and AS2047-2014.
					 Termite control must comply with AS3660.1-2014 where any primary building elements are timber.
					If the building is in a flood hazard area it is required to comply with BCA clause B1.6.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification (and structural details)
SECTION C FIRE RESISTANCE					
Part C1 - Fire Resistance & Stability	у				
C1.1 Type of Construction Required				X	Building A/B: Refer to Spec C1.1 and Attachment B for Schedule of FRLs for Type A Construction. These are to be certified by the architect and structural engineer as having been met, based on the proposed design.
					Please note that specification C1.1 also requires design compliance with the following:
					 Where a combustible material is used as a finish or lining to a wall or roof, or sunscreen, or awning, to a building element required to have an FRL the material must be exempted or comply with the fire hazard properties prescribed under C1.10 and must not otherwise constitute an undue risk of fire spread via the façade of the building or compromise egress from the building. This includes any aluminum panels which where containing plastic strengthening elements would not be non- combustible.
					 Fire isolated shafts are required to be enclosed at the top and bottom of the shaft with fire rated construction as per specification C1.1. This fire rating is required in two directions.
					 External walls, common walls and the flooring and floor framing of lift pits must be non-combustible construction.

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It spans a non-load bearing wall or;

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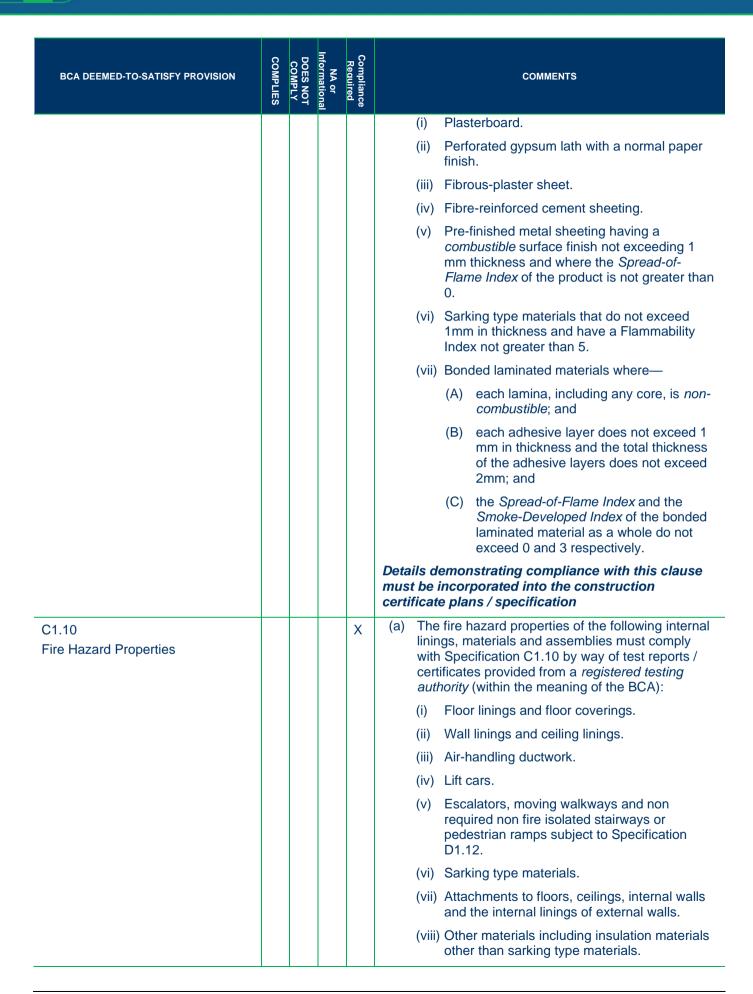
BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 It spans an opening not more than 3m wide for non-load bearing or;
					 It spans not more than 1.8m for a load bearing wall;
					Structural engineer is required to provide a schedule of lintels that are required to achieve a fire rating (if required). Details of fire rating are required to be provided to AED for assessment.
					(example only)
					 (c) All insulation located within external wall and bounding constructed is required to be not combustible when tested in accordance with AS 1530.1. Fire test reports are required to be provided to AED for assessment;
					(d) Please note that no combustible material are permitted within the fire rated walls (including bounding construction between SOU's) as such no timber is permitted within bathroom walls if they bound another SOU.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification (and structural details)
C1.2 Calculation of Rise In Storeys			Х		Refer to Section 2.0 of this report for further details
C1.3 Buildings of Multiple Classifications			Х		Informational clause only
C1.4 Mixed Types of Construction			х		A building may be of mixed Types of construction where it is separated in accordance with C2.7 and the type of construction is determined in accordance with C1.1 or C1.3.
C1.5 Two Storey Class 2, 3 or 9c buildings			х		Not applicable. Building A/B comprise three (3) storeys.
C1.6 Class 4 Parts			Х		Not applicable.
C1.7			Х		Not applicable.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
Open Spectator Stands					
C1.8 Lightweight Construction				Х	Where it is proposed to use <i>lightweight construction</i> (within the meaning of the BCA) this must comply with Specification C1.8 if it is used in a wall system—
					(i) that is required to have an FRL; or
					 (ii) for a lift shaft, stair shaft or service shaft or an external wall bounding a public corridor including a non-fire-isolated passageway or non-fire-isolated ramp.
					If lightweight construction is used for the fire-resisting covering of a steel column or the like, and if —
					 the covering is not in continuous contact with the column, then the void must be filled solid, to a height of not less than 1.2 m above the floor to prevent indenting; and
					 the column is liable to be damaged from the movement of vehicles, materials or equipment, then the covering must be protected by steel or other suitable material.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C1.9 Non - combustible building elements				Х	 (a) In a building <i>required</i> to be of Type A construction, the following building elements and their components must be <i>non-combustible</i>:
					 (i) External walls and common walls, including all components incorporated in them including the facade covering, framing and insulation.
					(ii) The flooring and floor framing of lift pits.
					(iii) Non-loadbearing internal walls where they are required to be fire-resisting.
					(b) A shaft, being a lift, ventilating, pipe, garbage, or similar shaft that is not for the discharge of hot products of combustion, that is non-loadbearing, must be of non-combustible construction in—
					 a building <i>required</i> to be of Type A construction;
					(c) A loadbearing internal wall and a loadbearing fire wall, including those that are part of a loadbearing shaft, must comply with Specification C1.1.
					(d) The requirements of (a) and (b) do not apply to gaskets, caulking, sealants, termite management systems, glass including laminated glass, thermal breaks associated with glazing systems, damp- proof courses.
					(e) The following materials may be used wherever a <i>non-combustible</i> material is <i>required</i> :

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Reαuired

A or national	pliance quired			COMMENTS
		(a)	use requ a m C1.	W: Paint or fire -retardant coatings must not be ed in order to make a material comply with the uired fire hazard property, except in respect to naterial referred to in NSW Specifications 10, NSW Table 4 and to which Notes 4 and 5 applicable.
		(b)		e requirement s of (a) do not apply to a material assembly if it is –
			(i)	plaster, cement render, concrete, terrazzo, ceramic tile or the like; or
			(ii)	a fire protective covering; or
			(iii)	a timber framed window; or
			(iv)	a solid timber handrail or skirting; or
			(v)	a timber-faced door; or
			(vi)	an electrical switch, socket-outlet, cover plate or the like; or
			(vii)	a material used –
				 (A) a roof insulating material applied in continuous contact with a substrate; or
				(B) an adhesive; or
				 (C) a damp-proof course, flashing, caulking, sealing, ground moisture barrier or the like; or
			(viii)) a paint, varnish, lacquer or similar finish, other than nitro-cellulose lacquer; or
			(ix)	a face plate or neck adaptor of supply and return air outlets of an air handling system; or
			(x)	a face plate or diffuser plate of light fitting and emergency exit signs and associated electrical wiring and electrical components; or
			(xi)	a joinery unit, cupboard, shelving or the like; or
			(xii)	NSW: an attached non-building fixture and fitting such as –
				 (A) A curtain, blind, or similar décor, other than-
				(aa) a proscenium curtain required by Specification H1.3; or.
				(bb) in a Class 9b building used as an entertainment venue, a material that is regulated under NSW Table 4; and
				 (B) A whiteboard, window treatment or the like; or
			(xiii)) Timber treads, risers, landings and associated supporting framework installed in accordance

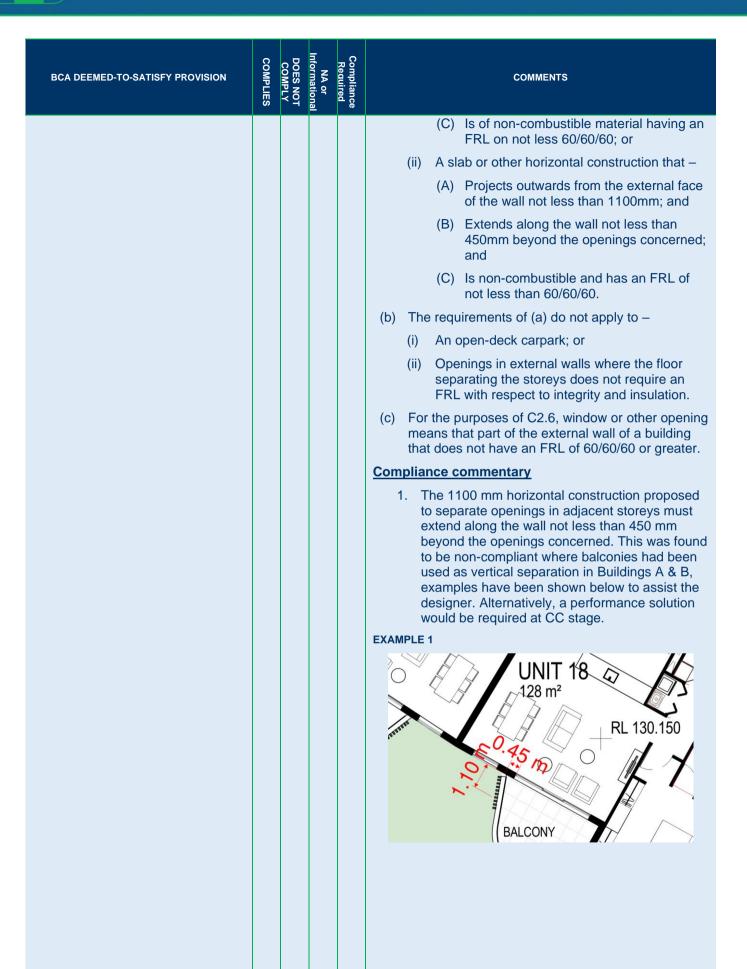
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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					with D2.25 where the Spread-of-Flame Index and the Smoke-Developed Index of the timber does not exceed 9 and respectively; or
					(xiv) Any other material that does not significantly increase the hazards of the fire.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C1.11 Performance of External Walls in Fire			X		Not applicable.
C1.13 Fire protected timber: concession			Х		Not applicable.
C1.14 Ancillary elements				Х	An <i>ancillary element</i> must not be fixed, installed or attached to the internal parts or external face of an <i>external wall</i> that is <i>required</i> to be <i>non-combustible</i> unless it is one of the following:
					(a) An ancillary element that is non-combustible.
					(b) A gutter, downpipe or other plumbing fixture or fitting.
					(c) A flashing.
					(d) A grate or grill not more than 2m ² in an area associated with a building service.
					 (e) An electrical switch, socket outlet, cover plate or the like.
					(f) A light fitting.
					(g) A <i>required</i> sign.
					 (h) A sign other than one provided under (a) or (g) that –
					(1) Achieves a group number 1 or 2; and
					(2) Does not extend beyond one storey; and
					(3) Does not extend beyond one fire compartment; and
					 (4) Is separated vertically from other signs permitted under (h) by at least 2 storeys.
					 An awning, sunshade, canopy , blind or shading hood other than one provided under (a) that –
					 Meets the requirements of Table 4 of Specification C1.10 as an internal element; and
					(2) Serves a storey -
					(A) At ground level; or

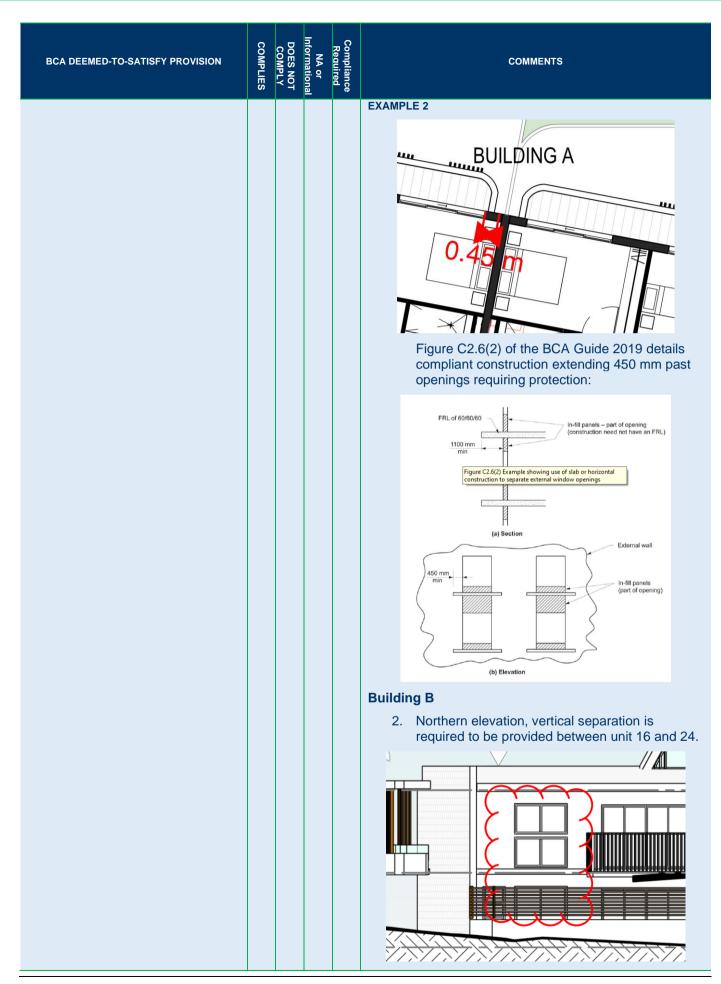
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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 (B) Immediately above a storey at ground level; and
					(3) Does not serve an exit, where it would render the exit unusable in a fire.
					 (j) A part of a security, intercom or announcement system.
					(k) Wiring.
					(I) A paint, lacquer or similar finish,
					 (m) A gasket, caulking, sealant or adhesive directly associated with (a) to (k).
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
Part C2 - Compartmentation & Sep	arati	on			
C2.1 Application of Part			X		C2.2, C2.3 and C2.4 do not apply to a carpark provided with a sprinkler system (other than a FPAA101D or FPAA101H system complying with Specification E1.5, an open-deck carpark or an open spectator stand.
C2.2 General Floor Area & Volume Limitations				x	The size of any fire compartment or atrium in a Class 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 building must not exceed the relevant maximum floor area and maximum volume set out in Table C2.2 & C2.5, except as permitted in C2.3. Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C2.3			X		Not applicable.
Large Isolated Buildings					
C2.4 Requirements for Open Space			х		Not applicable.
C2.5 Class 9a & 9c Buildings			х		Not applicable.
C2.6 Vertical Separation of openings in external walls		X			 (a) In a building of Type A construction, any part of a window or other opening in an external wall is above another opening in the storey next below and its vertical projection falls no further than 450mm outside the lower opening (measured horizontally), the openings must be separated by – (i) A spandrel which – (A) Is not less than 900mm in height; and (B) Extends not less than 600mm above the upper surface of the intervening floor; and

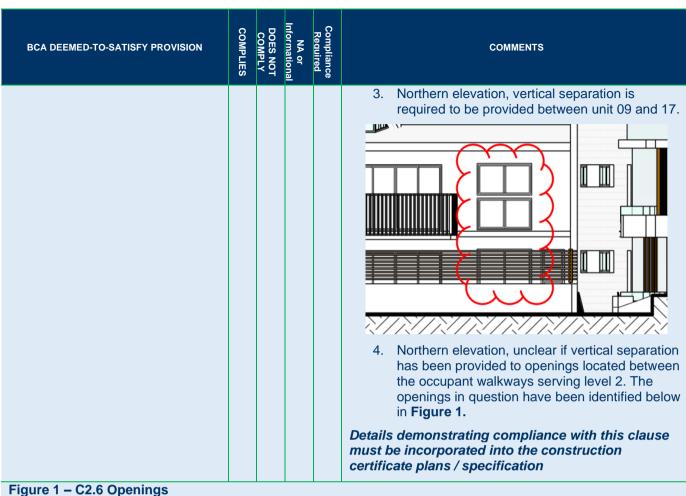
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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
C2.7 Separation by Fire Walls				х	 (a) Construction – a fire wall must be constructed in accordance with the following:
					 (i) The fire wall has the relevant FRL prescribed by Specification C1.1 for each of the adjoining parts, and if these are different, the greater FRL;
					 (ii) Any openings in the fire wall must not reduce the FRL required by Specification C1.1 for the fire wall, except where permitted by the Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions of Part C3.
					 (iii) Building elements, other than roof battens with dimensions of 75 mm x 50 mm or less or sarking-type material, must not pass through or cross the fire wall unless the required fire resisting performance of the fire wall is maintained.
					 (a) Separation of fire compartments – a part of a building separated from the remainder of the building by a fire wall may be treated as a separate fire compartment if it is constructed in accordance with (a) and the fire wall extends to the underside of –
					 A floor having an FRL required for a fire wall; or
					(ii) The roof covering.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C2.8 Separation of Classifications in the		Х			In a building containing different classifications located alongside one other in the same storey -
same storey					 (b) each building element in that storey must have the higher FRL prescribed in Specification C1.1 for that element for the classifications concerned; or
					(c) the parts must be separated in that storey by a fire wall having –
					(iii) the higher FRL prescribed in Table 3.
					 (d) where one part is a carpark complying with Table 3.9, 4.2 or 5.2 of Specification C1.1, the parts may be separated by a fire wall complying with the appropriate table.
					Compliance commentary
					 The class 2 units and class 7a carpark on the lower ground floor must be separated with a fire wall achieving an FRL of not less than 120/120/120. Alternatively, discuss to see if a reduction in FRL's is possible under a performance solution.
					The class 7b bin room and class 7a carpark must be separated with a fire wall achieving an

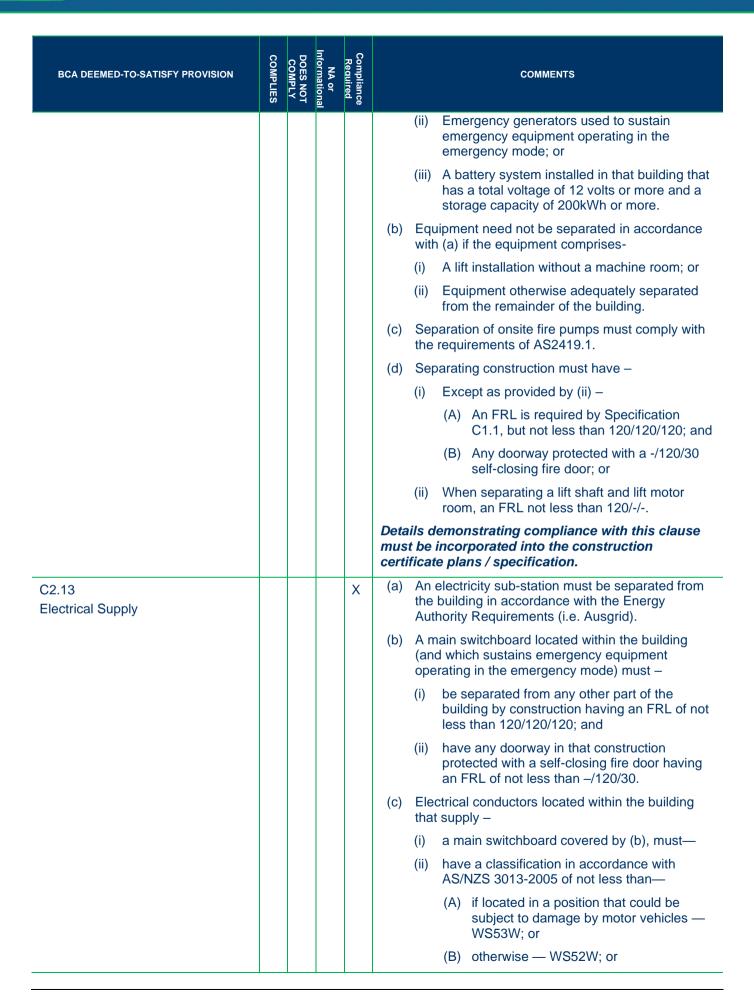
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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					FRL of not less than 240/240/240. Alternatively, discuss to see if a reduction in FRL's is possible under a performance solution.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C2.9 Separation of Classifications in different storeys				Х	If parts of different classification are situated one above the other in adjoining storeys they must be separated as follows –
					(a) Type A construction - the floor between the adjoining parts must have an FRL of not less than that prescribed in Specification C1.1 for the classification of the lower storey.
					Compliance commentary
					 The separating floor between the carpark and residential units is required to achieve an FRL of not less than 120/120/120. Alternatively, discuss to see if a reduction in FRL's is possible under a performance solution.
					2. The separating floor between the bin room and residential units is required to achieve an FRL of not less than 240/240/240. Alternatively, discuss to see if a reduction in FRL's is possible under a performance solution.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C2.10 Separation of lifts shafts				Х	(a) Any lift connecting more than 2 storeys, or more than 3 storeys where the building is sprinkler protected must be separated from the remainder of the building by enclosure in a shaft in which –
					 For Type A construction – the walls have the FRL prescribed by Specification C1.1; and
					(b) Openings for lift landing doors and services must be protected in accordance with the DTS provisions of Part C3.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C2.11 Stairways and lifts in one shaft	х				A stairway and lift must not be in the same shaft if either the stairway or the lift is required to be in a fire-resisting shaft.
C2.12 Separation of Equipment				Х	 (a) Equipment other than that described in (b) and (c) must be separated from the remainder of the building with construction complying with (d), if that equipment comprises –
					(i) lift motors and lift control panels or

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 (iii) be enclosed or otherwise protected by construction having an FRL of not less than 120/120/120
					 (d) where emergency equipment is required in a building, all switchboards in the electrical installation, which sustain the electricity supply to the emergency equipment, must be constructed so that emergency equipment switchgear is separated from non-emergency equipment switchgear by metal partitions designed to minimise the spread of a fault from the non-emergency equipment switchgear.
					(e) For the purposes of (d), emergency equipment includes but it is not limited to –
					(i) Fire hydrant booster pumps
					 Pumps for fire hose reels where such pumps and fire hose reels form the sole means of fire protection in the building.
					(iii) Control and indicating equipment.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C2.14 Public corridors in Class 2 & 3 Buildings			х		Not applicable as public corridors do not exceed 40 m in length.
Part C3 - Protection of Openings					
C3.1			Х		(a) The DTS provisions of this Part do not apply to-
Application of Part					 (i) Control joints, weep holes and the like in external walls of masonry construction and joints between panels in external walls of pre - cast concrete panel construction if, in all cases they are not larger than necessary for the purpose; and
					 (ii) Non-combustible ventilators for subfloor or cavity ventilation, if each does not exceed 45000m in face area and spaced not less than 2m from any other ventilator in the same wall; and
					 (iii) Openings in the vertical plane formed between building elements at the construction edge or perimeter of a balcony or verandah, colonnade, terrace, or the like and
					(iv) In a carpark –
					(A) Service penetrations through; and
					(B) Openings formed by a vehicle ramp in, a floor other than a floor that separates a part not uses as a carpark, providing the connected floors comply as a single fire

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					compartment for the purposes of all other requirements of the DTS provisions of Sections C, D & E.
					(b) For the purposes of DTS provisions of this Part, openings in building elements required to be fire resisting include doorways, windows (including any associated fanlight), infill panels and fixed or openable glazed areas that do not have the required FRL.
					 (c) For the purposes of the DTS provisions of this part, openings other than those covered under (a)(iii), between building elements such as columns, beams and the like, in the plane formed at the construction edge of the perimeter of the building, are deemed to openings in the external wall.
C3.2 Protection of openings in external walls			Х		Not applicable. Proposed buildings not located within specified distance of fire-source features.
C3.3			X		Not applicable.
Separation of external walls and associated openings in different fire compartments					
C3.4			Х		Not applicable.
Acceptable Methods of Protection					(a) The aggregate width of energings for decryptions
C3.5 Doorways in Fire Walls				X	(a) The aggregate width of openings for doorways in a fire wall, which are not part of a horizontal exit, must not exceed ½ the length of the fire wall, and each doorway must be protected by –
					 (i) 2 fire doors or fire shutters, one on each side of the doorway, each of which has an FRL not less than ½ that required by Specification C1.1 for the fire wall except that each door or shutter must have an insulation level of at least 30; or
					 (ii) A fire door on one side and a fire shutter on the other side of the doorway, each of which complies with (i); or
					 (iii) A single fire door or fire shutter which has an FRL of not less than that required by Specification C1.1 for the fire wall except that each door or shutter must have an insulation level of at least 30.
					 (b) A fire door or fire shutter required by (a)(i), (ii) or (iii) must be self-closing, or automatic closing in accordance with (c) & (d).
					(c) The automatic closing operation required by (b) must be initiated by the activation of a smoke detector, or any other detector deemed suitable in

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					accordance with AS1670.1 if smoke detectors are unsuitable in the atmosphere, installed in accordance with AS1670.1 and located on each side of the fire wall not more than 1.5m horizontal distance from the opening.
					(d) Where any other required suitable fire alarm system, including a sprinkler system (other than a FPAA101D) complying with Specification E1.5, is installed in the building, activation of the system in either fire compartment separated by the fire wall must also initiate the automatic closing operation.
C3.6 Sliding Fire Doors			X		Not applicable.
C3.7 Protection of Doorways in horizontal exits			Х		Not applicable.
C3.8 Openings in fire isolated exits			Х		Not applicable.
C3.9 Service Penetrations in fire-isolated exits			Х		Not applicable.
C3.10 Openings in Fire isolated lift shafts				Х	 (a) Doorways – if a lift shaft is required to be fire isolated, an entrance doorway to that shaft must be protected by -/60/- fire doors that-
					(i) comply with AS 1735.11, and
					 (ii) are set to remain closed except when discharging or receiving, passengers, goods or vehicles.
					(b) Lift indicator panels – A lift call panel, indicator panel or other panel in the wall of a fire-isolated lift shaft must be backed by construction having an FRL of not less than -/60/60 if it exceeds 35,000mm ² in area.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C3.11 Bounding Construction				X	The doorways between sole occupancy units and the public lobbies and any common rooms and the public lobbies (class 2 parts) must be protected by self or automatic closing -/60/30 fire doors (for Type A construction).
					In a Class 2 building where a path of travel to an exit does not provide a person seeking egress with a choice of travel in different directions to alternative exits and is along an open balcony, landing or the like and passes the external wall of (cl C3.11(g) $-$
					(i) Another sole occupancy unit; or

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					(ii) A room not within a sole occupancy unit,
					(iii) Then that external wall must-
					 Be constructed of concrete or masonry, or be lined internally with a fire protective covering; and
					 b. Have a doorway fitted with a self- closing, tight fitting solid core door not less than 35mm thick; and
					c. Have any windows or other openings
					i. Protected internally in accordance with C3.4; or
					ii. Located at least 1.5m above the floor of the balcony, landing or the like.
					Compliance commentary
					 The common lobby areas of Building A must be constructed to comply with this clause. Additionally, any openings located within 1.5 m of the path of travel will be required to be protected in accordance with BCA clause C3.4.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C3.12 Openings in floors and ceilings for services				Х	Where services pass through a floor which is required to achieve a FRL or a ceiling required to have a RISF, the service must be enclosed within a fire resisting shaft or fire protected in accordance with Clause C3.15.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C3.13 Openings in Shafts				Х	In a building of Type A construction, an opening in a wall providing access to a ventilating, pipe, garbage or other service shaft must be fire protected in accordance with this clause.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C3.15 Openings for Service Installations				Х	Where services pass through an element which is required to achieve a FRL (other than an external wall or roof), the service must be fire stopped by a tested system or Specification C3.15.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
C3.16 Construction Joints				Х	Construction joints, spaces and the like in and between building elements required to be fire-resisting with respect to integrity and insulation must be protected in a

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS			
					manner identical with a prototype tested in accordance with AS 1530.4 to achieve the required FRL.			
					The requirements above do not apply where joints, spaces and the like between fire protected timber elements are provided with cavity barriers in accordance with Specification C1.13.			
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification			
C3.17 Columns protected in lightweight construction to achieve an FRL				X	Any column protected by lightweight construction to achieve an FRL which passes through a building element that is required to have an FRL or a resistance to the incipient spread of fire, must be installed using a method and materials identical with a prototype assembly of construction which has achieved the required FRL or resistance to the incipient spread of fire.			
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification			
SECTION D ACCESS & EGRESS								
Part D1 - Provision for Escape								
D1.1 Application of Part			X		The DTS provisions of this Part do not apply to the internal parts of a sole occupancy unit in a Class 2 or 3 building or Class 4 part of a building.			

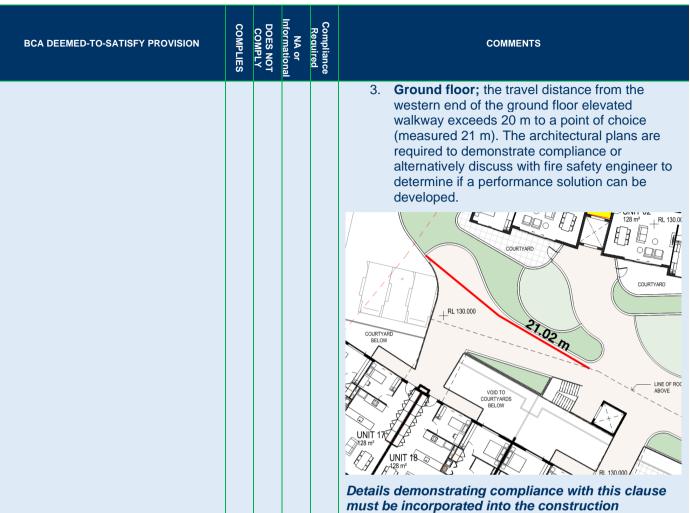
Application of Part			^		internal parts of a sole occupancy unit in a Class 2 or 3 building or Class 4 part of a building.
D1.2 Number of Exits required				X	 (a) All buildings — Every building must have at least one exit from each storey. (b) Class 9 buildings — In addition to any horizontal exit, not less than 2 exits must be provided from
					the following:
					 (iv) Any storey or mezzanine that accommodates more than 50 persons, calculated under D1.13.
					(c) Access to exits — Without passing through another sole-occupancy unit every occupant of a storey or part of a storey must have access to—
					(i) an exit; or
					(ii) at least 2 exits, if 2 or more exits are required.
					Compliance commentary
					 Architect to clarify type and use of glazed doorways between the communal building and adjoining terrace area.
D1.3 When Fire Isolated exits are required			Х		Not applicable as the stairways do not connect more than 2 consecutive stories.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or nformationa	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
D1.4		Х			(a) Class 2 buildings—
Exit Travel Distances					 The entrance doorway of any sole-occupancy unit must be not more than—
					 (A) 6 m from an exit or from a point from which travel in different directions to 2 exits is available; or
					 (B) 20 m from a single exit serving the storey at the level of egress to a road or open space; and
					 (ii) no point on the floor of a room which is not in a sole-occupancy unit must be more than 20 m from an exit or from a point at which travel in different directions to 2 exits is available.
					(b) Class 7 or 9 buildings —
					 no point on a floor must be more than 20 m from an exit, or a point from which travel in different directions to 2 exits is available, in which case the maximum distance to one of those exits must not exceed 40 m;
					Compliance commentary
					Building B
					1. Lower ground floor ; the travel distance from Units 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 exceed 6m to a point of choice were egress is available to two exits (worst case 20 m). The architectural plans are required to demonstrate compliance or alternative discuss with fire safety engineer to determine if a performance solution can be developed.
					Note (1): Units 11, 12, 13 and 14 travel distance to a point of choice vary between 7.5 m and 9 m.
					Note (2): Units 15 and 16 have a travel distance to a point of choice of 19 m and 20 m respectively.
					Note (3): the ramp no longer serves the lower ground floor of building B, as such, the point of choice has been taken between the two central stairways.
					 Ground floor; the travel distance from Units 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 exceed 6m to a point of choice were egress is available to two exits (worst case 19.6 m). The architectural plans are required to demonstrate compliance or alternatively discuss with fire safety engineer to determine if a performance solution can be developed.
					Note (4): Units 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 travel distance to a point of choice vary between 8.5 m and 9 m.
					Note (5): Units 17 and 18 have a travel distance to a point of choice of 19 m and 19.6 m respectively.

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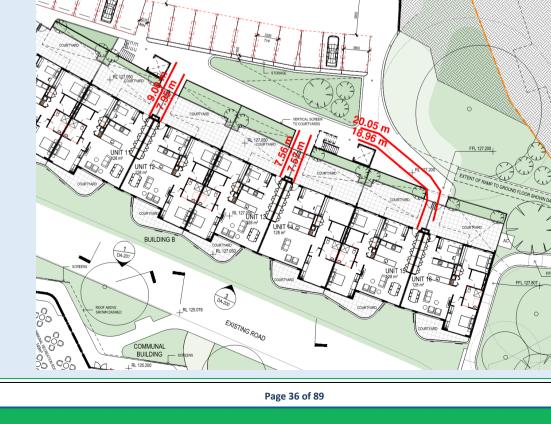


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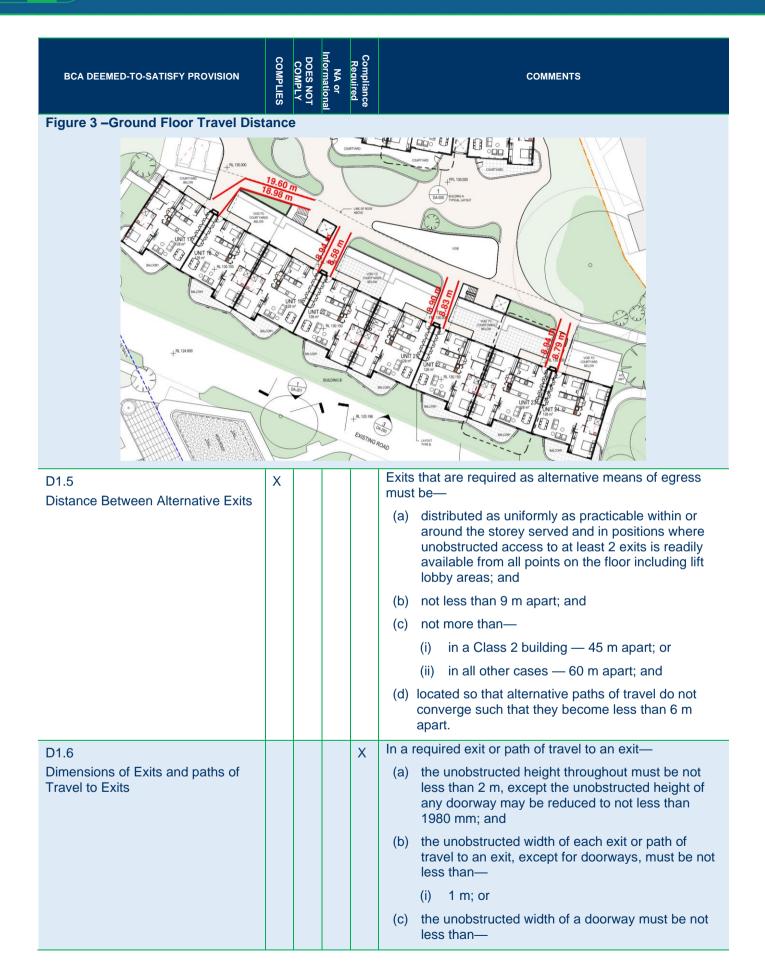
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must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification



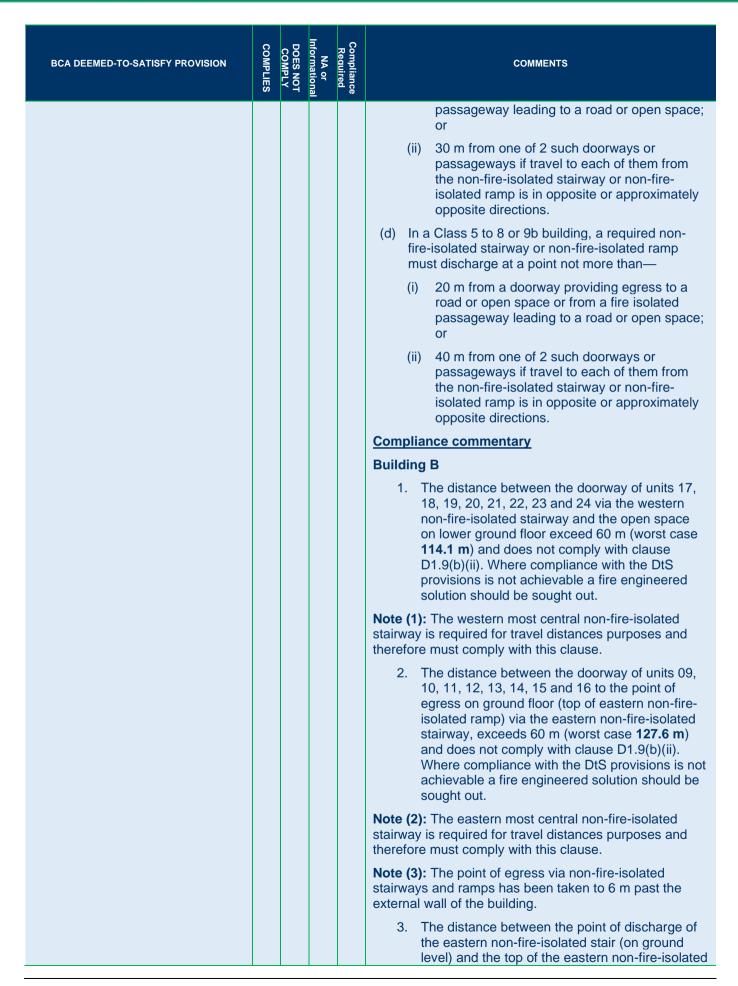
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Figure 2 – Lower Ground Travel Distance



BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 (ii) the unobstructed width of each exit provided to comply with (b), (c), (d) or (e), minus 250 mm; or
					 (iii) in any other case except where it opens to a sanitary compartment or bathroom — 750 mm wide; and
					 (d) the unobstructed width of a required exit must not diminish in the direction of travel to a road or open space, except where the width is increased in accordance with (b)(ii) or (f)(i); and
					(e) the required width of a stairway or ramp must—
					 be measured clear of all obstructions such as handrails, projecting parts of balustrades or other barriers and the like; and
					 extend without interruption, except for ceiling cornices, to a height not less than 2 m vertically above a line along the nosings of the treads or the floor surface of the ramp or landing.
					Compliance commentary
					 Architect to clarify proposed occupant load for the communal building so that exit widths can be assessed.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D1.7 Travel via Fire Isolated Stairs			Х		Not applicable as the stairways do not connect more than 2 consecutive stories.
D1.8 External Stairways or ramps in lieu of Fire Isolated Stairs			X		Not applicable.
D1.9 Travel by non-fire-isolated stairs		х			(a) A non-fire-isolated stairway or non-fire-isolated ramp serving as a required exit must provide a continuous means of travel by its own flights and landings from every storey served to the level at which egress to a road or open space is provided.
					(b) In a Class 2 building, the distance between the doorway of a room or sole occupancy unit and the point of egress to a road or open space by way of a stairway or ramp that is not fire-isolated and is required to serve that room or sole-occupancy unit must not exceed—
					(iii) 60 m in all other cases.
					(c) In a Class 2 building, a required non-fire-isolated stairway or non-fire-isolated ramp must discharge at a point not more than—
					 (i) 15 m from a doorway providing egress to a road or open space or from a fire isolated

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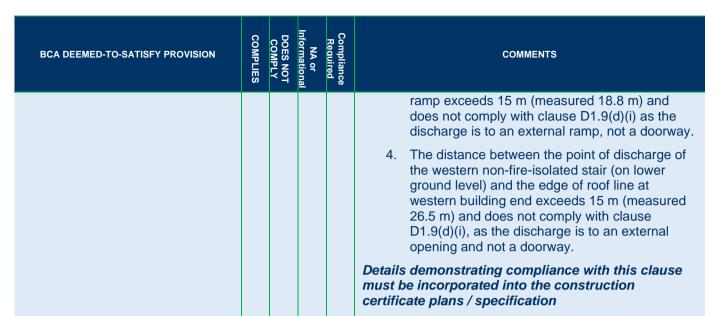
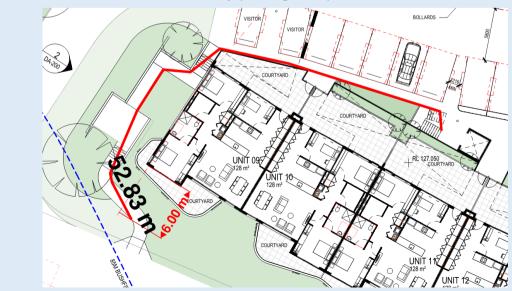




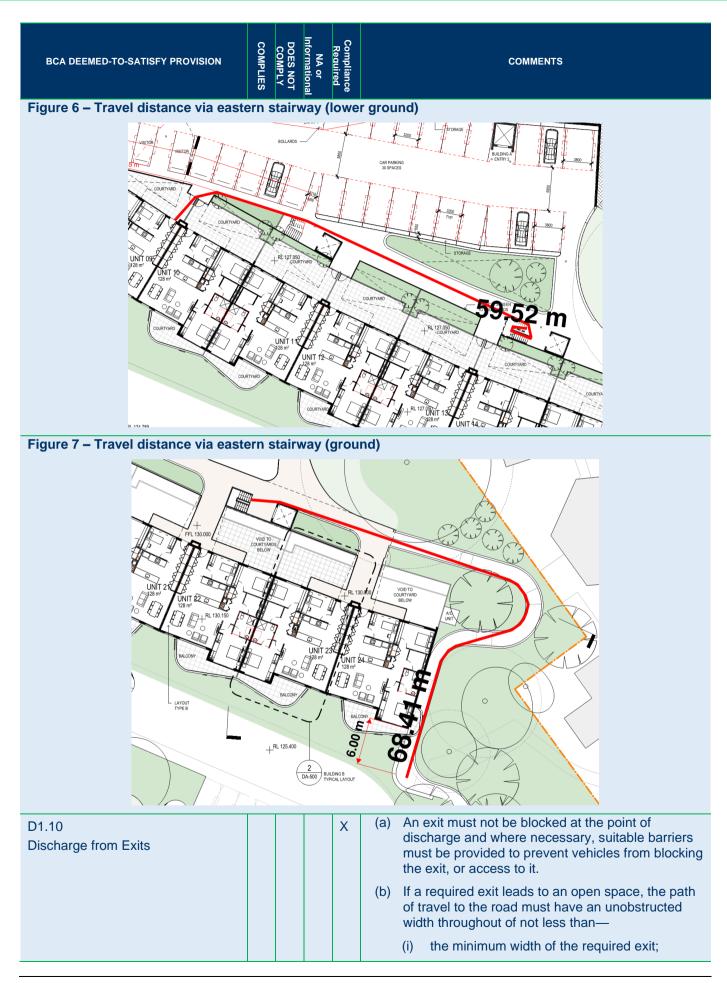


Figure 5 – Travel distance via western stairway (lower ground)



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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					(ii) or 1 m,
					whichever is the greater.
					(c) If an exit discharges to open space that is at a different level than the public road to which it is connected, the path of travel to the road must be by—
					 a ramp or other incline having a gradient not steeper than 1:8 at any part, or not steeper than 1:14 if required by the Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions of Part D3; or
					(ii) a stairway complying with the Deemed-to- Satisfy Provisions of the BCA.
					(d) The discharge point of alternative exits must be located as far apart as practical.
					Compliance commentary
					Building A & B, Communal Building
					 Provide detail on plan of the compliant path of travel from the building exits to the road in accordance with this clause. If an exit discharges to open space at a level that is different to the public road it is connected to, the path of travel must be via a ramp or other incline that is not steeper than 1:8 or 1:14 where required under BCA Part D3.
					Note (1): Where the 'existing road' between building B and the communal building (or any other graded surface) does not achieve the required gradients, a performance solution should be sought out from a fire engineer.
					Note (2): Gradients of ramps have not been shown on plan and could not be assessed.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D1.11 Horizontal Exits			х		Not applicable.
D1.12 Non-required stairways, ramps or escalators			Х		Not applicable.
D1.13 Number of Persons Accommodated Note NSW Table D1.13 Area per person according to use			Х		For the purpose of the Deemed-to-Satisfy provisions, the number of persons accommodated in a storey, room or mezzanine must be determined with consideration to the purpose for which it is used and the layout of the floor area by—
					 (a) calculating the sum of the numbers obtained by dividing the floor area of each part of the storey by the number of square metres per person listed in

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					Table D1.13 according to the use of that part, excluding spaces set aside for—
					 (i) lifts, stairways, ramps and escalators, corridors, hallways, lobbies and the like; and
					 service ducts and the like, sanitary compartments or other ancillary uses; or
					 (b) reference to the seating capacity in an assembly building or room; or
					(c) any other suitable means of assessing its capacity.
					Refer NSW Table D1.13 to calculate area per person according to use.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D1.14 Measurement of Distances			Х		Informational clause only.
D1.15 Method of Measurement			Х		Informational clause only.
D1.16 Plant Rooms and lift Motor Rooms: Concession			Х		Not applicable.
D1.17				Х	Access to lift pits must—
Access to lift pits					 (a) where the pit depth is not more than 3 m, be through the lowest landing doors;
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
Part D2 - Construction of Exits					
D2.1 Application of Part			X		Except for D2.13, D2.14 (a), D2.16, D2.17(d), D2.17(e) and D2.18, the Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions of this Part do not apply to the internal parts of the Class 2 sole- occupancy units.
D2.2			Х		Not applicable.
Fire-Isolated stairways and ramps					
D2.3 Non-fire Isolated stairways and ramps				X	In a building having a rise in storeys of more than 2, required stairs and ramps (including any landings and any supporting building elements) which are not required to be within a fire resisting shaft, must be constructed according to D2.2, or only of -
					(a) reinforced or prestressed concrete; or
					(b) steel in no part less than 6 mm thick; or
					(c) timber that—
					 has a finished thickness of not less than 44 mm; and

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 has an average density of not less than 800 kg/m₃ at a moisture content of 12%; and
					(iii) has not been joined by means of glue unless it has been laminated and glued with resorcinol formaldehyde or resorcinol phenol formaldehyde glue".
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D2.4			Х		Not applicable.
Separation of Rising and Descending Stairs					
D2.5			Х		Not applicable.
Open Access ramps and balconies					Natorriachia
D2.6 Smoke Lobbies			X		Not applicable.
D2.7				Х	(d) Gas or other fuel services must not be installed in a required exit
Installations in Exits and Paths of Travel					(e) Services or equipment comprising –
					(i) Electricity meters, distribution boards or cuts; or
					 (ii) Central telecommunications distribution boards or equipment; or
					(iii) Electrical motors or other motors service equipment in the building,
					May be installed in –
					(iv) A required exit; or
					(v) In any corridor, hallway, lobby or the like leading to a required exit,
					If the services or equipment are enclosed by non- combustible construction or a fire-protective covering with doorways or openings suitably sealed against smoke spreading from the enclosure
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D2.8 Enclosure of Space Under Stairs and ramps				Х	Any space under a non-fire-isolated stair must be enclosed in 60-minute fire rated construction, and any access doorway to the enclosed space is fitted with a self-closing -/60/30 fire door.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D2.9			Х		Not applicable.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
Width of Stairs					
D2.10				Х	(a) A ramp serving as a required exit must –
Pedestrian Ramps					 Where the ramp is also serving as an accessible ramp under Part D3, be in accordance with AS1428.1; or
					 (ii) In any other case, have a gradient not steeper than 1:8.
					(b) The floor surface of a ramp must have a slip- resistance classification not less than that listed in Table D2.14 when tested in accordance with AS4586.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D2.11 Fire-Isolated Passageways			Х		Not applicable.
D2.12 Roof as Open Space		х			If an exit discharges to the roof of a building the roof must –
					(a) Have an FRL not less than 120/120/120; and
				(b) Not have any roof lights or other openings with 3m of the path of travel of persons using the exit to reach a road of open space.	
					Compliance commentary
					 The path of travel from the discharge point of the eastern non-fire-isolated stairway on ground floor necessitates passing within 3 m of two (2) void openings and does not comply with this clause. The void openings have been shown highlighted below for reference:
					VOD DOG TO C
					FFL 130.000 VOID TO VOID TO VOID TO VOID TO SELOW UNIT 22 22 m ² 126 m ² 12

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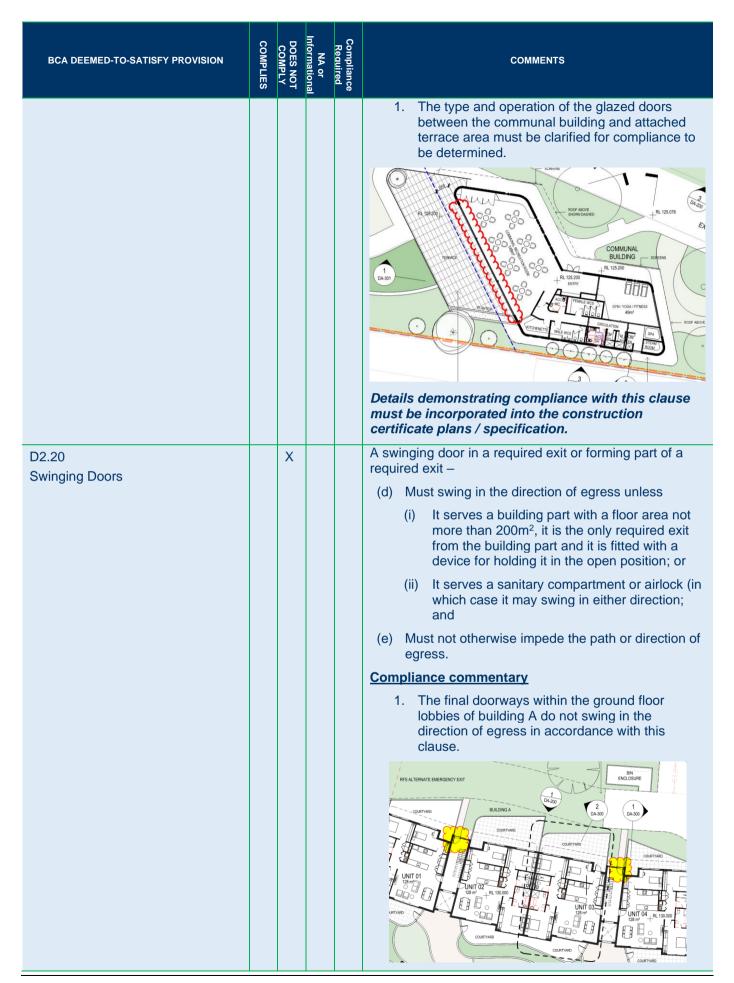


BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 The elevated walkway central to Building A/B must achieve and FRL of not less than 120/120/120, in accordance with this clause.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D2.13 Goings & Risers				Х	Stairways to achieve compliance with this clause relevant to going and riser dimensions.
					Stairways to achieve constant risers & goings except where minor variations are permitted over flight as detailed in the clause.
					Treads must have a surface with a slip-resistant classification not less than that listed in Table D2.14 when tested in accordance with AS4586.
					<i>Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification</i>
D2.14				Х	In a stairway
Landings					(a) Landings having a maximum gradient of 1:50 may be used in any building to limit the number of risers in each flight and each landing must –
					 Be not less than 750 mm long, and where this involves a change in direction, the length is measured 500 mm from the inside edge of the landing; and
					(ii) Have –
					 (A) A surface with a slip-resistance classification not less than that listed in Table D2.14 when tested in accordance with AS4586; or
					(B) A strip at the edge of the landing with a slip-resistance classification not less than that listed in Table D2.14 when tested in accordance with AS4586, where the edge leads to a flight below; and
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D2.15 Thresholds				×	The threshold of a doorway must not incorporate a step or ramp at any point closer to the doorway than the width of the door leaves unless the doorway is in a building required to be accessible by Part D3, and in which case the doorway opens to a road or open space and is provided with a threshold ramp or step ramp in accordance with AS 1428.1.
					In other cases, if the doorway opens to a road or open space, external stair landing or external balcony; and the door sill is not more than 190mm above the finished

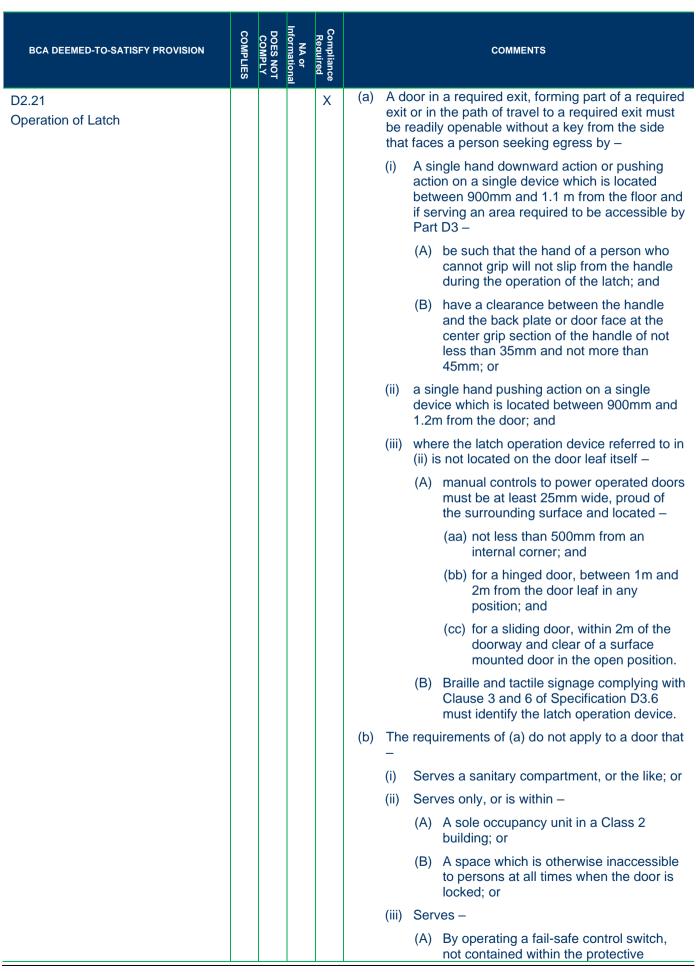
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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					surface of the ground, balcony or the like, to which the doorway opens.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D2.16 Balustrades and other Barriers Note NSW D2.16				Х	A continuous barrier (balustrade) must be provided to a roof to which general access is provided, stairs and balconies, driveway ramps etc. where there is a fall of more than 1m.
					Balustrade construction to comply with Table D2.16a.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D2.17 Handrails				Х	(a) Except for handrails referred to in D2.18, handrails must be—
					 located along at least one side of the ramp or flight; and
					 (i) in any other case, fixed at a height of not less than 865 mm measured above the nosings of stair treads and the floor surface of the ramp, landing, or the like; and
					 (ii) continuous between stair flight landings and have no obstruction on or above them that will tend to break a hand-hold; and
					 (iii) in a required exit serving an area required to be accessible, designed and constructed to comply with clause 12 of AS 1428.1, except that clause 12(d) does not apply to a handrail required by (a)(iii)(B).
					(b) Handrails required to assist people with a disability must be provided in accordance with D3.3.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification.
D2.18 Fixed Platforms, walkways and ladders			Х		Not applicable.
D2.19 Doorways & Doors				Х	 (c) A doorway serving as a required exit or forming part of a required exit–
					(iv) Must not be fitted with a sliding door unless –
					 (A) It leads directly to a road or open space; and
					 (B) The door is able to be opened manually under a force of not more than 110 N; and
					Compliance commentary

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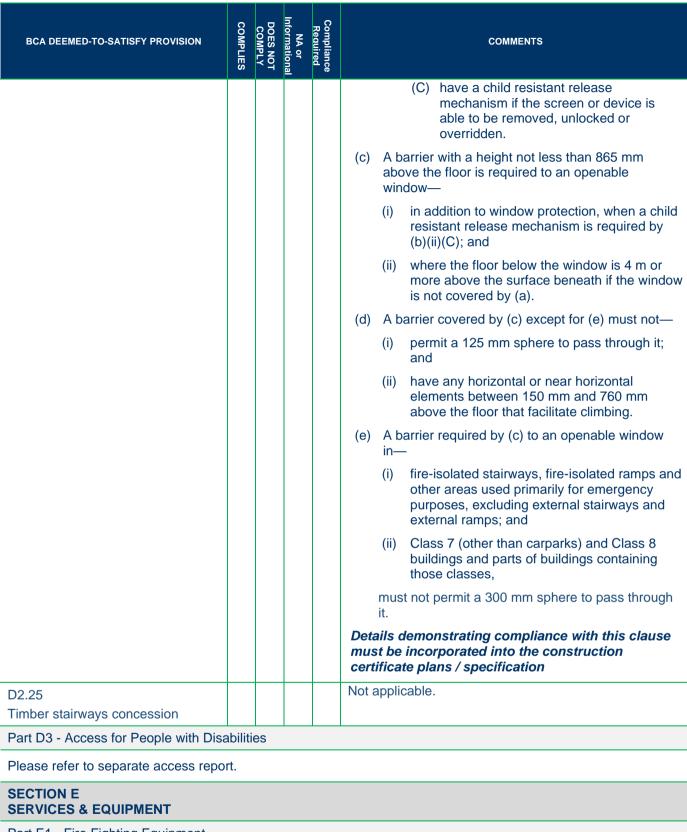
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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					enclosure, to actuate a device to unlock the door; or
					 (B) By hand by a person or persons, specifically nominated by the owner, properly instructed as to the duties and responsibilities involved and available at all times when the building is lawfully occupied so that persons in the building or part may immediately escape if there is a fire; or
					 (iv) Is fitted with a fail-safe device which automatically unlocks the door upon the activation of any sprinkler system (other than a FPAA101D system) complying with Specification E1.5, or smoke , or any other detector system deemed suitable in accordance with AS1670.1 installed throughout the building, and is readily operable when unlocked; or Details demonstrating compliance with this clause
					must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
D2.22 Re-entry from Fire isolated exits			Х		Not applicable.
D2.23 Signs on Doors			Х		Not applicable.
D2.24 Protection of openable windows				Х	 (a) A window opening must be provided with protection, if the floor below the window is 2 m or more above the surface beneath in—
					(i) a bedroom in a Class 2 building;
					(b) Where the lowest level of the window opening is less than 1.7 m above the floor, a window opening covered by (a) must comply with the following:
					 The openable portion of the window must be protected with—
					 (A) a device capable of restricting the window opening; or
					(B) a screen with secure fittings.
					(ii) A device or screen required by (i) must—
					 (A) not permit a 125 mm sphere to pass through the window opening or screen; and
					 (B) resist an outward horizontal action of 250 N against the—
					(aa) window restrained by a device; or
					(bb) screen protecting the opening; and

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Part E1	- Fire Fightir	ng Equipment

E1.3 Fire Hydrants	X	(a) A hydrant system must be provided to serve a building –
		(i) Having a total floor area greater than 500m ² ; and
		(ii) Where a fire brigade station is –

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AE&D Pty Ltd A: Suite 3.04, 55 Miller Street, Pyrmont NSW 2009 - Southern Highlands A: Unit 10, 19 Lyell Street, Mittagong NSW 2575 Sutherland Shire A: Suite 33, Level 4 Regus, 29 Kiora Road, Miranda NSW 2228 P: (02) 9571 8433 E: admin@aedconsulting.com.au - W: www.aedconsulting.com.au ABN: 15 149 587 495

BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 (A) No more than 50 km from the building as measured along roads; and
					(B) Equipped with equipment capable of utilising a fire hydrant.
					(b) The fire hydrant system-
					(i) Must be installed in accordance with AS2419.1.
					Design requirements
					 The proposed location of the fire hydrants and booster assembly are required to be nominated on the architectural plans so compliance can be assessed.
					 A hydrant system is required to provide coverage to Building A/B.
					Hydraulic Services Design Certification and associated plans must be incorporated into the construction certificate specification
E1.4				Х	(a) E1.4 does not apply to –
Fire Hose Reels					(i) A Class 2 building;
					(b) A fire hose reel system must be provided –
					 to serve the whole building where one or more internal fire hydrants area installed; or
					 (ii) where internal fire hydrants are not installed, to serve any fire compartment with a floor area greater than 500m².
					(c) The fire hose reel system must –
					(i) Have hose reels installed in accordance with AS 2441; and
					(d) Fire hose reels must be located internally, externally or in combination, to achieve the system coverage as specified in AS2441.
					(e) In achieving system coverage, one or a combination of the following criteria for individual internally located fire hose reels must be met in determining the layout of any fire hose reel system:
					 (i) Fire hose reels must be located adjacent to an internal hydrant (other than one in a fire isolated exit). Except that a fire hose reel need not be located adjacent to every fire hydrant, provided system coverage can be achieved.
					 (ii) Fire hose reels must be located within 4m of an exit, except that a fire hose reel need not be located adjacent to every exit, provided system coverage can be achieved.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 (iii) Where system coverage is not achieved by compliance with (i) and (ii), additional fire hose reels may be located in paths of travel to an exit to achieve the required coverage.
					(f) Where the normal water supply cannot achieve the flow and pressures required by AS 2441, or is unreliable –
					a. A pump; or
					b. Water storage facility; or
					c. Both a pump and water storage facility,
					Must be installed to provide the minimum flow and pressures required by clause 6.1 of AS 2441.
					Design requirements
					 Fire hose reels must be shown on plan to provide coverage to the Class 7a carpark in accordance with AS 2441-2005.
					Hydraulic Services Design Certification and associated plans must be incorporated into the construction certificate specification
E1.5 Sprinklers			х		Not applicable.
E1.6				Х	(a) Portable fire extinguishers must be –
Portable Fire Extinguishers					(i) Provided as listed in Table E1.6;
					(ii) For a Class 2 buildings, provided –
					 (A) To serve the whole Class 2 building where one or more internal fire hydrants are installed; or
					 Subject (b), selected, located and distributed in accordance with Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of AS 2444.
					(b) Portable fire extinguishers provided in a Class 2 building must be –
					(i) An ABE type fire extinguisher; and
					(ii) A minimum size of 2.5kg; and
					(iii) Distributed outside a sole occupancy unit –
					 (A) To serve only the storey on which they are located; and
					 (iv) So that the travel distance from the entrance doorway of any sole occupancy unit to the nearest fire extinguisher is not more than 10m.
					Design requirements

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					• Portable fire extinguishers must be provided to serve the class 2 residential units in accordance with this clause and AS 2444-2001.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
E1.8 Fire Control Centre			Х		Not applicable.
E1.9				Х	In a building under construction –
Fire Precautions during construction				X	 (a) not less than one portable fire extinguisher to suit Class A, B and C fires and electrical fires must be provided at all times on each storey adjacent to each required / temporary exit.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
E1.10 Provision for Special Hazards				Х	Not applicable.
Part E2					
Smoke Hazard Management					
E2.2				Х	General smoke hazard management requirements
General Requirements (inclusive of Table E2.2a / Table E2.2b & NSW amendments)					 (a) A building must comply with Table E2.2a as applicable to Class 2 to 9 buildings and Table E2.2b as applicable to Class 6 and 9b buildings such that each separate part complies with the relevant provisions for the classification.
					(b) An air-handling system which does not form part of a smoke hazard management system in accordance with Table E2.2a or Table E2.2b and which recycles air from one fire compartment to another fire compartment or operates in a manner that may unduly contribute to the spread of smoke from one fire compartment to another fire compartment (such as lobby air supply) must—
					 (i) be designed and installed to operate as a smoke control system in accordance with AS/NZS 1668.1; or
					(ii)
					 (A) incorporate smoke dampers where the air-handling ducts penetrate any elements separating the fire compartments served; and
					 (B) be arranged such that the air-handling system is shut down and the smoke dampers are activated to close automatically by smoke detectors complying with clause 7.5 of AS 1670.1;

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					and for the purposes of this provision, each sole-occupancy unit in a Class 2 or 3 building is treated as a separate fire compartment.
					(c) Miscellaneous air-handling systems covered by Sections 5 and 6 of AS 1668.1 serving more than one fire compartment (other than a carpark ventilation system) and not forming part of a smoke hazard management system must comply with the Section of the Standard.
					 (d) A smoke detection system must be installed in accordance with Clause 6 of Specification E2.2a to operate AS 1668.1 systems that are provided for zone pressurisation and automatic air pressurisation for fire isolated exits.
					Design requirements
					Building A/B
					 Class 2 building / part must be provided with a smoke alarm/detection system complying with Specification E2.2a.
					Car Park
					2. A Class 7a building including a basement provided with a mechanical ventilation system in accordance with AS 1668.2 must comply with clause 5.5 of AS/NZS 1668.1 except that fans with metal blades for operation at normal temperatures may be used, and the electrical power and control cabling need not be fire rated.
					Communal Building
					 The communal building is required to be provided with the automatic shutdown of air handling equipment if the mechanical ventilation system is ducted or exceeds 1000 L/s.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification.
E2.3			Х		Not applicable.
Provision for Special Hazards					
Part E3 - Lift Installations					
E3.1 Lift installations				X	An electric passenger lift installation and an electrohydraulic passenger lift installation must comply with Specification E3.1
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
E3.2			Х		Not applicable.
Stretcher Facility in Lifts					

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
E3.3 Warning Against the use of lifts in Fire				X	Warning signs indicating " DO NOT USE LIFTS IF THERE IS A FIRE " shall be displayed near every call button for a passenger lift or group of lifts throughout a building as per E3.3.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
E3.4 Emergency Lifts			Х		Not applicable.
E3.5 Landings				×	Access and egress to and from lift-well landings must comply with the Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions of Section D. Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
E3.6			х		Refer to separate access report.
Facilities for People with Disabilities E3.7 Fire Service Controls			Х		Not applicable.
E3.8 Residential Care Buildings			Х		Not applicable.
E3.9 Fire service recall operation switch			X		Not applicable.
E3.10 Lift car fire service drive control switch			X		Not applicable.
Part E4 - Visibility in an Emergency, E	Exit s	signs	and	Warr	ning Systems
E4.2 Emergency Lighting Requirements				X	Emergency lighting must be provided throughout the building relevant to the requirements of this clause.
					Electrical Design Certification must be incorporated into the construction certificate specification
E4.3 Measurement of Distance			X		Distances, other than vertical rise, must be measured along the shortest path of travel whether by straight lines, curves or a combination of both.
E4.4 Design and Operation of				Х	The emergency lighting system must comply with AS/NZS 2293.1-2018.
Emergency Lighting					Electrical Design Certification must be incorporated into the construction certificate specification
E4.5 Exit Signs				X	An exit sign must be clearly visible to persons approaching the exit, and must be installed on, above or adjacent to each—
					(a) door providing direct egress from a storey to—
					 (i) an enclosed stairway, passageway or ramp serving as a required exit; and

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 (ii) an external stairway, passageway or ramp serving as a required exit; and
					(iii) an external access balcony leading to a required exit; and
					 (b) door from an enclosed stairway, passageway or ramp at every level of discharge to a road or open space; and
					(c) door serving as, or forming part of, a required exit in a storey required to be provided with emergency lighting in accordance with E4.2.
					Electrical design plans and certification must be incorporated into the construction certificate specification
E4.6 Direction Signs				Х	If an exit is not readily apparent to persons occupying or visiting the building, then directional exit signs must be installed in appropriate positions.
(inclusive of NSW E4.6)					Electrical Design Certification must be incorporated into the construction certificate specification and directional exit sign locations must be illustrated on the architectural floor plans
E4.7 Class 2 & 3 Buildings & Class 4 Parts: Exemption			Х		Informational clause - Exit doors in Class 2 parts need not comply with E4.5 provided every exit door is clearly and legibly labelled on the side remote from the exit with the word "EXIT" in capital letters 25mm high in a colour contrasting with that of the background or some other suitable method.
E4.8				Х	Exit signs must comply with:
Design & Operation of Exit Signs					(a) AS/NZS 2293.1-2018; or
					(b) For a photoluminescent exit sign, Specification E4.8.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
E4.9 Emergency Warning & Intercom Systems			Х		Not applicable.
SECTION F					
HEALTH & AMENITY					
Part F1 - Damp & Weatherproofing					
F1.0 Deemed -to-Satisfy Provisions				Х	Performance Requirements FP1.4, for the prevention of the penetration of water through external wall, must be complied.
					There are no Deemed -to Satisfy Provisions for this Performance Solution in respect to external walls.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F1.1 Stormwater Drainage				Х	Stormwater drainage must comply with AS/NZS 3500.3-2018.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F1.4 External above ground membranes				Х	Any external above ground membranes must be waterproofed as per AS 4654 Parts 1 and 2-2012.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F1.5				Х	A roof must be covered with—
Roof coverings					 (a) concrete roofing tiles complying with AS 2049 and fixed, except in cyclonic areas, in accordance with AS 2050, as appropriate; or
					 (b) terracotta roofing tiles complying with AS 2049 and fixed, except in cyclonic areas, in accordance with AS 2050; or
					 (c) cellulose cement corrugated sheeting complying with AS/NZS 2908.1 and installed in accordance with AS/NZS 1562.2; or
					(d) metal sheet roofing complying with AS 1562.1; or
					(e) plastic sheet roofing designed and installed in accordance with AS/NZS 4256 Parts 1, 2, 3 and 5 and AS/NZS 1562.3; or
					(f) Terracotta, fibre-cement and timber slates and shingles designed and installed to complying with AS 4597 except in cyclonic areas
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F1.6 Sarking				Х	Sarking-type materials used for weatherproofing must comply with AS/NZS 4200.1 and AS 4200.2.
Canang					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F1.7 Waterproofing of wet area				х	Wet areas must be waterproofed in accordance with AS 3740-2010 and F1.7 & Table F1.7 of the BCA.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F1.9 Damp-proofing				Х	Where a damp-proof course is required, it must consist of a material that complies with AS/NZS 2904-1995; or impervious sheet material in accordance with AS 3660.1-2014.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS		
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification		
F1.10 Damp-proofing of floors on the ground				X	If a floor of a room is laid on the ground or on fill, moisture from the ground must be prevented from reaching the upper surface of the floor and adjacent walls by the insertion of a vapour barrier in accordance with AS 2870-2011 (N/A to areas that do not require weatherproofing – refer specific clause exemptions).		
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification		
F1.11 Provision of Floor Wastes				х	Bathrooms and laundries in Class 2 buildings must be provided with a floor waste, and the floor of such areas must be graded to such floor waste.		
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification		
F1.12 Sub Floor Ventilation			Х		Not applicable.		
F1.13 Glazed Assemblies				х	Information relevant to the provision of glazed assemblies within external walls in accordance with AS 2047-2014.		
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification		
Part F2 - Sanitary & Other Facilities	Part F2 - Sanitary & Other Facilities						

F2.1 X Facilities in residential buildings	X	ormation detailing the min juired in Class 2 buildings	
		Facilities required	Facilities provided
		Kitchen sink and facilities for the preparation and cooking of food	Yes
		A bath or shower	Yes
		A closet pan and washbasin	Yes
		Clothes washing facilities, comprising at least one washtub and space for a washing machine	Laundry cupboards indicated within each SOU. Architect to certify appliances provided in laundries as per this clause prior to the issue of the CC.
		Clothes drying facilities comprising a clothes line or hoist	N/A – Each SOU has its own laundry.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					with not less than 7.5m of line or a space for one heat-operated drying cabinet or appliance in the same room as the clothes washing facilities
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F2.2 Calculation of number of occupants and fixtures			Х		Informational clause.
F2.3 Facilities for Class 3 to 9 Buildings				Х	 (a) Separate sanitary facilities for males and females must be provided for Class 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 buildings in accordance with Table F2.3.
					(b) Employees and the public may share the same facilities in a Class 9b building provided the number of facilities provided is not less than the total number of facilities required for employees plus those required for the public.
					(c) Adequate means of disposal of sanitary towels must be provided in sanitary facilities for use by females.
					Compliance commentary
					 Architect to clarify occupant load of communal building so that facility calculations can be completed.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F2.4 Facilities for People with Disabilities			Х		Refer to separate access report.
F2.5				Х	Other than in an early childhood centre, sanitary compartments must have:
Construction of Sanitary Compartments					 (a) Doors and partitions that separate adjacent compartments; and
					(b) the door to a fully enclosed sanitary compartment must open outwards, or slide, or be removable from outside of the compartment, unless there is a clear space of at least 1.2m between the closet pan within the compartment and the doorway.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F2.6			Х		Not applicable.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
Interpretation: Urinals and washbasins					
F2.8 Waste Management			X		Not applicable.
F2.9 Accessible adult change facilities			X		Not applicable.
Part F3 Room Sizes		1		1	
F3.1				Х	The ceiling height must be not less than—
Height of Rooms and other spaces					(a) in a Class 2 building—
					(i) a kitchen, laundry, or the like – 2.1 m; and
					(ii) a corridor, passageway or the like — 2.1 m; and
					 (iii) a habitable room excluding a kitchen — 2.4 m; and
					(b) in a Class 7 building—
					(i) except as allowed in (ii) and (f) — 2.4 m; and
					(ii) a corridor, passageway, or the like — 2.1 m; and
					(c) in a Class 9b building—
					 (i) an assembly building or part that accommodates not more than 100 persons — 2.4 m; and
					(ii) a corridor—
					 (A) that serves an assembly building or part that accommodates not more than 100 persons — 2.4 m; or
					(d) In any building—
					 a bathroom, shower room, sanitary compartment, airlock, tea preparation room, pantry, storeroom, garage, car parking area, or the like — 2.1 m; and
					 (ii) above a stairway, ramp, landing or the like — 2 m measured vertically above the nosing line of stairway treads or the floor surface of the ramp, landing or the like.
Part F4 - Light & Ventilation					•
F4.1				X	Natural lighting must be provided to:
Provision of natural light					 all habitable rooms in Class 2 buildings
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
F4.2				Х	(a) Required natural lighting must be provided by—
Methods and extent of natural					(i) windows, excluding roof lights, that—
lighting					 (A) have an aggregate light transmitting area measured exclusive of framing members, glazing bars or other obstructions of not less than 10% of the floor area of the room; and
					 (B) are open to the sky or face a court or other space open to the sky or an open verandah, carport or the like; or
					(ii) roof lights, that—
					 (A) have an aggregate light transmitting area measured exclusive of framing members, glazing bars or other obstructions of not less than 3% of the floor area of the room; and
					(B) are open to the sky; or
					(iii) a proportional combination of windows and roof lights required by (i) and (ii).
					(b) In a Class 2 building a required window that faces a boundary of an adjoining allotment or a wall of the same building or another building on the allotment must not be less than a horizontal distance from that boundary or wall that is the greater of—
					(i) generally — 1 m; and
					 (ii) 50% of the square root of the exterior height of the wall in which the window is located, measured in metres from its sill.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F4.3 Natural light borrowed from adjoining room			Х		 (a) Natural lighting to a room in a Class 2 building may come through a glazed panel or opening from an adjoining room (including an enclosed verandah) if—
					 both rooms are within the same sole- occupancy unit or the enclosed verandah is on common property; and
					 (ii) the glazed panels or openings have an aggregate light transmitting area of not less than 10% of the floor area of the room to which it provides light; and the adjoining room has—
					(A) windows, excluding roof lights, that—
					(aa) have an aggregate light transmitting area of not less than 10% of the

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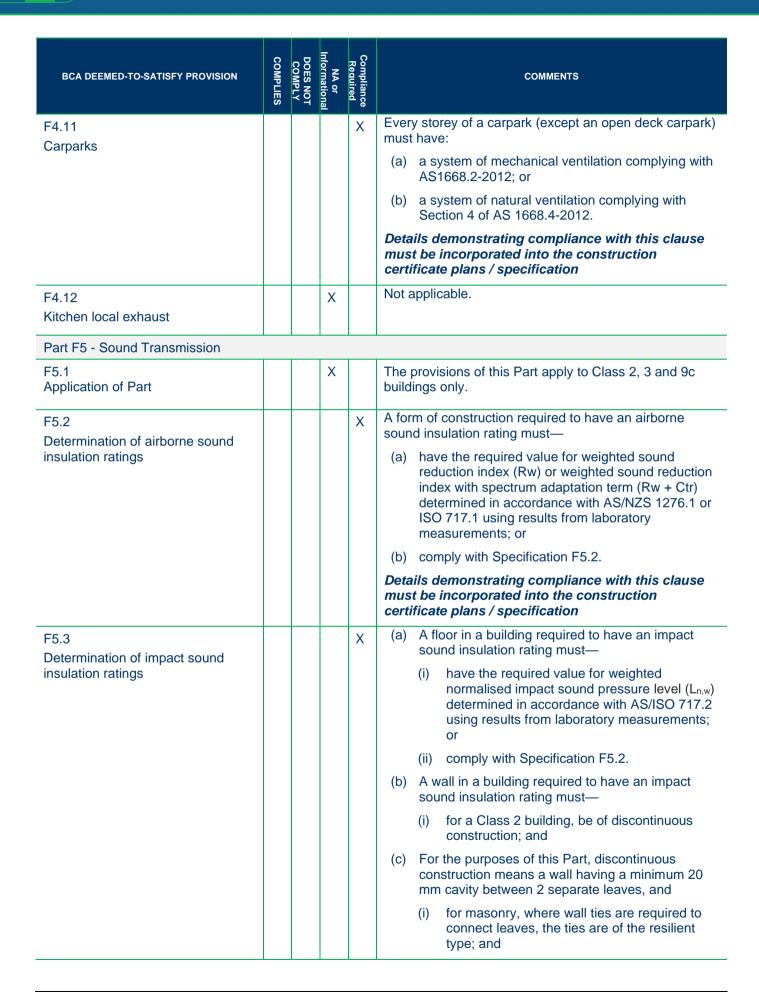
BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					combined floor areas of both rooms; and
					(bb) are open to the sky or face a court or other space open to the sky or an open verandah, carport or the like; or
					(B) roof lights, that—
					(aa) have an aggregate light transmitting area of not less than 3% of the combined floor areas of both rooms; and
					(bb) are open to the sky; or
					(C) a proportional combination of windows and roof lights required by (A) and (B).
					(b) The areas specified in (a)(ii) and (a)(iii) may be reduced as appropriate if direct natural light is provided from another source.
F4.4 Artificial lighting				х	Information relevant to the provision of artificial lighting in accordance with AS/NZS 1680.0-2009 to specific building areas.
					Electrical Design Certification must be incorporated into the construction certificate specification
F4.5 Ventilation of Rooms				Х	All rooms to be provided with Clause F4.6 compliant natural ventilation OR a mechanical ventilation or air- conditioning system complying with AS 1668.2-2012.
					Compliance commentary
					 The storage room, communications room, bin room, electrical room, plant rooms etc are required to be provided with mechanical ventilation in accordance with AS 1668.2 – 2012.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F4.6 Natural Ventilation				Х	 (a) Natural ventilation provided in accordance with F4.5(a) must consist of permanent openings, windows, doors or other devices which can be opened—
					 (i) with ventilating area not less than 5% of the floor area of the room required to be ventilated; and
					(ii) open to—
					 (A) a suitably sized court, or space open to the sky; or
					(B) an open verandah, carport, or the like; or
					(C) an adjoining room in accordance with F4.7.

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AE&D Pty Ltd A: Suite 3.04, 55 Miller Street, Pyrmont NSW 2009 - Southern Highlands A: Unit 10, 19 Lyell Street, Mittagong NSW 2575 Sutherland Shire A: Suite 33, Level 4 Regus, 29 Kiora Road, Miranda NSW 2228 P: (02) 9571 8433 E: admin@aedconsulting.com.au - W: www.aedconsulting.com.au ABN: 15 149 587 495

BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					(b) The requirements of (a)(i) do not apply to a Class8 electricity network substation.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F4.7 Ventilation borrowed from adjoining room			Х		Natural ventilation to a room may come through a window, opening, ventilating door or other device from an adjoining room (including an enclosed verandah) if both rooms are within the same sole-occupancy unit or the enclosed verandah is common property, and—
					(a) in a Class 2 building—
					 the room to be ventilated is not a sanitary compartment; and
					 the window, opening, door or other device has a ventilating area of not less than 5% of the floor area of the room to be ventilated; and
					 (iii) the adjoining room has a window, opening, door or other device with a ventilating area of not less than 5% of the combined floor areas of both rooms; and
					(b) in a Class 7 or 9 building—
					 the window, opening, door or other device has a ventilating area of not less than 10% of the floor area of the room to be ventilated, measured not more than 3.6 m above the floor; and
					 (ii) the adjoining room has a window, opening, door or other device with a ventilating area of not less than 10% of the combined floor areas of both rooms; and
					(c) the ventilating areas specified in (a) and (b) may be reduced as appropriate if direct natural ventilation is provided from another source.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F4.8 Restriction of position of water closets and urinals			Х		Rooms containing closet pans or urinals must not open directly into kitchen / pantry areas, public dining areas, Class 3 dormitory areas, public assembly areas (excluding early childhood centres, primary schools and open spectator stands) and a workplace normally occupied by more than one person.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F4.9 Airlocks			Х		Not applicable.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 (ii) for other than masonry, there is no mechanical linkage between leaves except at the periphery.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F5.4 Sound Insulation of floors between units				Х	 (a) A floor in a Class 2 building must achieve an R_w + C_{tr} (airborne) not less than 50, and an L_{n,w} (impact) not more than 62, if separating: (i) SOU's; or (ii) An SOU from a plant room, lift shaft, stairway, public corridor, public lobby or parts of a different classification.
					must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F5.5				Х	(a) A wall in a Class 2 building must—
Sound insulation of walls between units					 have an Rw + Ctr (airborne) not less than 50, if it separates sole-occupancy units; and
					 (ii) have an Rw (airborne) not less than 50, if it separates a sole-occupancy unit from a plant room, lift shaft, stairway, public corridor, public lobby or the like, or parts of a different classification; and
					(iii) comply with F5.3(b) if it separates—
					 (A) a bathroom, sanitary compartment, laundry or kitchen in one sole-occupancy unit from a habitable room (other than a kitchen) in an adjoining unit; or
					 (B) a sole-occupancy unit from a plant room or lift shaft.
					(b) A door may be incorporated in a wall in a Class 2 building that separates a sole occupancy unit from a stairway, public corridor, public lobby or the like, provided the door assembly has an Rw not less than 30.
					(c) Where a wall required to have sound insulation has a floor above, the wall must continue to—
					(i) the underside of the floor above; or
					(ii) a ceiling that provides the sound insulation required for the wall.
					(d) Where a wall required to have sound insulation has a roof above, the wall must continue to—
					(i) the underside of the roof above; or
					(ii) a ceiling that provides the sound insulation required for the wall.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F5.6 Sound insulation rating of services				Х	Ducts and pipes must achieve an $R_w + C_{tr}$ (airborne) of no less than 40 if the adjacent room is habitable or 25 if non-habitable.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F5.7 Sound isolation of pumps				Х	A flexible coupling must be used at the point of connection between the service pipes in a building and any circulating pump.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
Part F6 – Condensation Managemen	t				
F6.1 Application of Part				Х	The Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions of this Part only apply to a sole-occupancy unit of a Class 2 building and a Class 4 part of a building.
F6.2 Pliable building membrane				Х	(a) (a) Where a pliable building membrane is installed in an external wall, it must—
					(i) comply with AS/NZS 4200.1; and
				(ii) be installed in accordance with AS 4200.2; and	
					(iii) be a vapour permeable membrane for climate zones 6, 7 and 8; and
					 (iv) be located on the exterior side of the primary insulation layer of wall assemblies that form the external envelope of a building.
					(b) Except for single skin masonry and single skin concrete, where a pliable building membrane is not installed in an external wall, the primary water control layer must be separated from water sensitive materials by a drained cavity.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F6.3 Flow rate and discharge of exhaust systems				х	 (a) An exhaust system installed in a kitchen, bathroom, sanitary compartment or laundry must have a minimum flow rate of—
					 (i) 25 L/s for a bathroom or sanitary compartment; and
					(ii) 40 L/s for a kitchen or laundry.
					(b) Exhaust from a kitchen must be discharged directly or via a shaft or duct to outdoor air.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 (c) Exhaust from a bathroom, sanitary compartment, or laundry must be discharged—
					(i) directly or via a shaft or duct to outdoor air; or
					(ii) to a roof space that is ventilated in accordance with F6.4.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
F6.4 Ventilation of roof spaces				Х	(a) Where an exhaust system covered by F6.3 discharges directly or via a shaft or duct into a roof space, the roof space must be ventilated to outdoor air through evenly distributed openings.
					(b) Openings required by (a) must have a total unobstructed area of 1/300 of the respective ceiling area if the roof pitch is greater than 22°, or 1/150 of the respective ceiling area if the roof pitch is less than or equal to 22°.
					(c) 30% of the total unobstructed area required by (b) must be located not more than 900 mm below the ridge or highest point of the roof space, measured vertically, with the remaining required area provided by eave vents.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification

SECTION G ANCILLIARY PROVISIONS

Part G1 - Minor Structures and Componen	nts		
G1.1 Swimming Pools		X (a)	G1.1(b) applies to the technical construction requirements for barriers to restrict access to swimming pools, subject to out-of-ground pool walls and the walls of above ground pools, including inflatable pools, not being considered to be effective barriers.
		(b)	A swimming pool with a depth of water more than 300 mm and which is associated with a Class 2 building, must have suitable barriers to restrict access by young children to the immediate pool surrounds in accordance with:
			(i) AS 1926 Parts 1 and 2; or
			(ii) if the swimming pool is a spa pool:
			(A) The requirements of (b)(i); or
			 (B) Clause 9 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018.
		(c)	A water recirculation system in a swimming pool with a depth of water more than 300mm must comply with AS 1926.3-2010.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
NSW G1.101 Provision for cleaning windows				Х	A safe manner for cleaning of windows located 3 or more storeys above ground level must be provided, and compliance is achieved where:
					 (a) The windows can be cleaned wholly from within the building; or
					(b) Via a method complying with the Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and regulations made under that Act.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
G1.2 Refrigeration chambers, strong- rooms and vaults			Х		Not applicable.
G1.3 Outdoor play areas			Х		Not applicable.
Part G2 - Boilers, Pressure Vessels,	Heat	ing A	pplia	inces	, Fireplaces, Chimneys and Flues
G2.2 Installation of appliances			Х		Not applicable.
G2.3 Open fire places			Х		Not applicable.
G2.4 Incinerator rooms			Х		Not applicable.
Part G3 - Atrium Construction					
G3.1 Application of Part			Х		Not applicable.
G3.2 Dimensions of atrium well			Х		Not applicable.
G3.3 Separation of atrium by bounding walls			X		Not applicable.
G3.4 Construction of bounding walls			Х		Not applicable.
G3.5 Construction at balconies			Х		Not applicable.
G3.6 Separation at roof			Х		Not applicable.
G3.7 Means of egress			Х		Not applicable.
G3.8 Fire and smoke control systems			Х		Not applicable.

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS			
Part G4 - Construction in Alpine Areas								
G4.1 Application of Part			X		Not applicable.			
G4.3 External doorways			X		Not applicable.			
G4.4 Emergency lighting			Х		Not applicable.			
G4.5 External ramps			Х		Not applicable.			
G4.6 Discharge of exits			Х		Not applicable.			
G4.7 External trafficable structures			Х		Not applicable.			
G4.8 Fire-fighting services and equipment			Х		Not applicable.			
G4.9 Fire orders			Х		Not applicable.			
Part G5 - Construction in Bushfire Pro	one /	Areas	\$					
G5.1 Application of Part				X	This part applies to Class 2 buildings, in addition to Class 10a building or deck associated with a Class 2 building.			
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification			
G5.2 Protection				X	Information relevant to the minimum bushfire construction standards applicable to Class 2 buildings, and associated Class 10a buildings, located within a designated bushfire prone area.			
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification			
Part G6 - Occupiable Outdoor Areas								
G6.1 Application of Part			Х		The DTS provisions of this part apply to buildings containing an outdoor are in addition to the other DTS provisions of the BCA. It does not apply to such areas within a sole occupancy unit.			
					Note – occupiable outdoor area is a defined as a space on a roof, balcony, or similar part of a building that is open to the sky; and to which access is provided, other than access only for maintenance; and that is not open space or directly connected to open space.			
G6.2 Fire hazard properties				Х	 (a) A lining, material or assembly in an occupiable area must comply with C1.10 as for an internal element. 			

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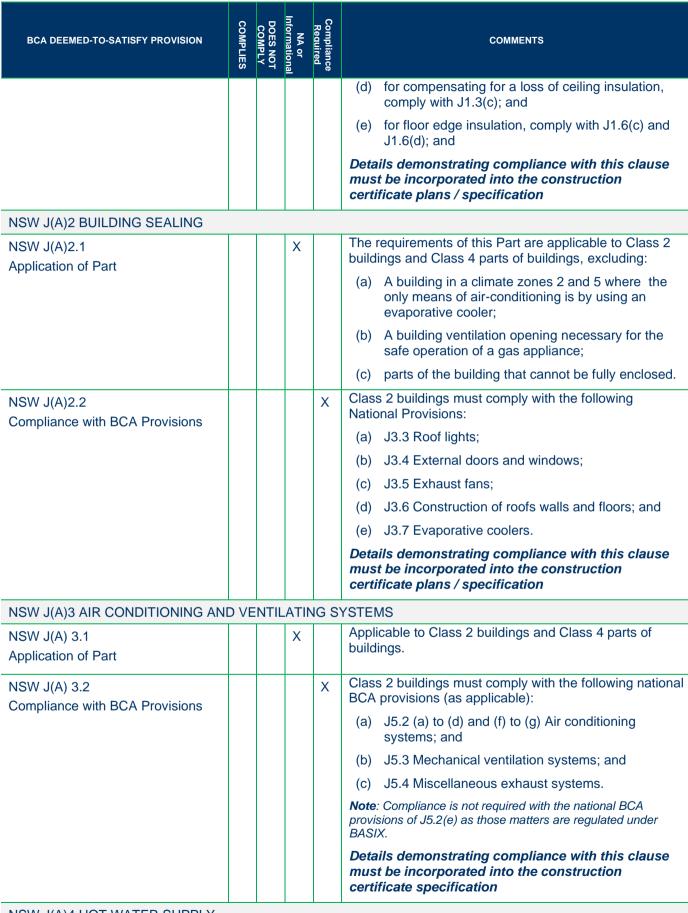


BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS	
					(b) The following fire hazard properties of a lining, material or assembly in an occupiable are not required to comply with C1.10:	
					(i) Average specific extinction area.	
					(ii) Smoke-development Index.	
					(iii) Smoke development rate.	
					(c) Smoke growth rate index.	
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification	
G6.3 Fire separation			Х		For the purposes of DTS provisions of C2.7, C2.8 and C2.9, a reference to a storey includes an occupiable outdoor area, however a fire wall cannot be used to separate an occupiable area into different fire compartments.	
G6.4 Provision for escape			X		For the purposes of the DTS provisions of Part D1, a reference to a storey or room includes an occupiable outdoor area.	
G6.5 Construction of exits			X		For the purposes of the DTS provisions of Part D2, a reference to a storey includes an occupiable outdoor area.	
G6.6 Firefighting equipment			Х		For the purposes of the DTS provisions of Part E1, a reference to a storey includes an occupiable outdoor area.	
SECTION J ENERGY EFFICIENCY ***NOTE – BCA 2019 REQUIREMENTS FOR SECTION J DO NOT COME INTO EFFECT UNTIL MAY 2020***						
NSW SECTION J - ENERGY EFFICIENCY						
NSW SUBSECTION J(A) ENERGY EFFICIENCY - CLASS 2				X	The requirements of the BASIX Certificate must be incorporated into the design.	
BUILDINGS AND CLASS 4 PARTS					Details demonstrating compliance with the approved BASIX design must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification	
NSW J(A)1 BUILDING FABRIC						
					Dert I(A)1 is only applicable to Class 2 buildings, and	

Part J(A)1 is only applicable to Class 2 buildings, and NSW J(A)1.1 Х Class 4 parts of a building, where a development Application of Part consent or complying development certificate specifies that thermal insulation is to be provided as part of the development. (a) Class 2 buildings, must comply with the National NSW J(A)1.2 Х Provisions of J0.2(b) to (e) i.e.: Compliance with BCA provisions (b) for general thermal construction, comply with J1.2; and

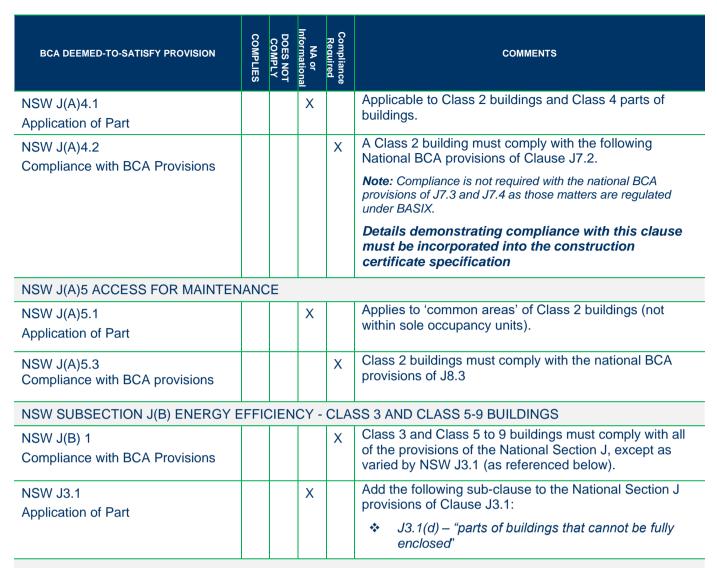
(c) for thermal breaks, comply with J1.3(d) and J1.5(c); and

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NSW J(A)4 HOT WATER SUPPLY

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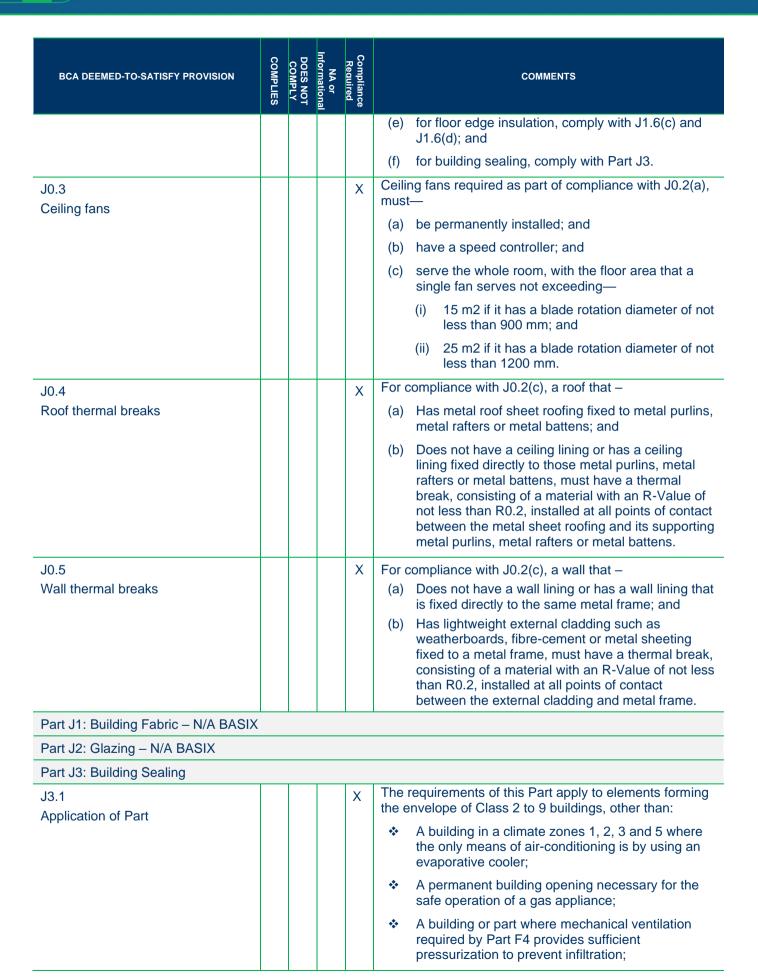


SECTION J - NATIONAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROVISIONS

Part J0: Energy Efficiency

J0.1 Application of Section J	X		Informational clause
J0.2 Heating and cooling loads of sole- occupancy units of a class 2 building or a class 4 part		X	 The sole-occupancy units of a Class 2 building must— (a) for reducing the heating or cooling loads— (i) collectively achieve an average energy rating of not less than 6 stars; and (ii) individually achieve an energy rating of not less than 5 stars, using house energy rating software; and (b) for general thermal construction, comply with J1.2; and (c) for thermal breaks, comply with J1.3(d) and J1.5(c); and (d) for compensating for a loss of ceiling insulation, comply with J1.3(c); and

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
					 Parts of buildings that cannot be fully enclosed.
J3.2 Chimney and flues			Х		Not applicable.
J3.3 Roof lights				Х	Roof lights must be sealed, or capable of being sealed as per the requirements of this clause.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
J3.4 Window and doors				Х	Seals to restrict air infiltration to windows and doors must be provided as required (note exceptions listed in J3.4 (b), and requirements for sealing of main entrance in J3.4 (d).
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
J3.5 Exhaust fans				Х	Miscellaneous exhaust fans must be fitted with self- closing dampers, where serving a conditioned space or a habitable room in climate zones 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
J3.6 Construction of roofs, walls and floors				Х	Roofs, ceilings, walls, floors and any openings such as a window frame, door frame, light frame or the like must be sealed in accordance with the requirements of this clause to minimise air leakage.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
J3.7 Evaporative coolers				Х	An evaporative cooler must be fitted with a self-closing damper of the like when serving a heated space, or a habitable room or a public area of a building in climate zones 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8.
					Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate plans / specification
Part J5: Air-conditioning and ventilati	on sy	/stem	ns		

J5.1 Application of Part	X		The Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions of this Part do not apply to a Class 8 electricity network substation.
J5.2 Air-conditioning systems		X	An air-conditioning unit or system must comply with J5.2(a) to J5.2(g).
			Mechanical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J5.3 Mechanical ventilation systems		Х	Mechanical ventilation systems must comply with J5.3(a) to J5.3(c).
			Mechanical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application

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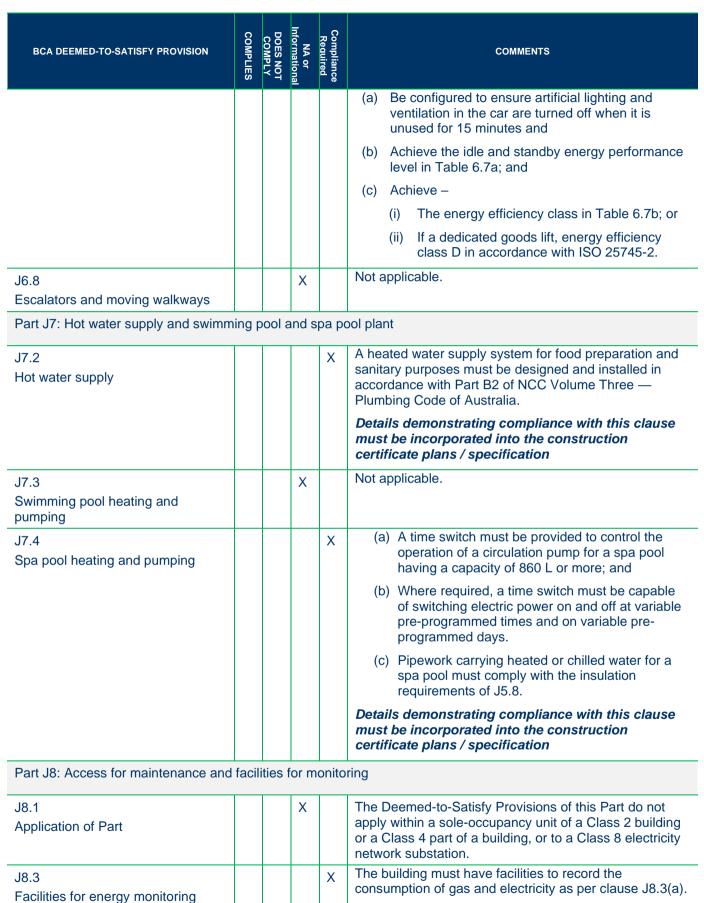


BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
J5.4 Miscellaneous exhaust systems				Х	A miscellaneous exhaust system with an air flow rate of more than 1000 L/s that is associated with equipment having a variable demand such as a stove in a commercial kitchen or a chemical bath in a factory, must have the means for the operator to reduce the energy used (such as by a variable speed fan), and to stop the motor when it is not needed. Refer concessions contained in this clause.
					Mechanical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J5.5 Ductwork insulation				Х	Ductwork and fittings in an air-conditioning system must be provided with insulation complying with AS/NZS 4859.1and an insulation R-Value as specified in this clause.
					Mechanical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J5.6 Ductwork sealing				Х	Ductwork in an air-conditioning system with a capacity of 3000 L/s or greater, not located within the only or last room served by the system, must be sealed against air loss in accordance with the duct sealing requirements of AS 4254.1 and AS 4254.2 for the static pressure in the system.
					Mechanical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J5.7 Pump systems				Х	Pumps and pipework are form part of an air-conditioning system must comply with the requirements of this clause.
					Mechanical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J5.8 Pipework insulation				Х	Piping, vessels, heat exchangers and tanks containing heating or cooling fluid that are part of an air- conditioning system must be provided with insulation per the requirements of this clause.
					Mechanical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J5.9 Space heating				Х	A heater used for air-conditioning or as part of an air- conditioning system must be of a type specified in this clause.
					Mechanical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J5.10 Refrigerant chillers				Х	An air-conditioning system refrigerant chiller must comply with MEPS and the full load operation energy efficiency ratio and integrated part load energy efficiency ration in Table J5.10a or Table J5.10b when determined in accordance with AHRI 551/591.
					Mechanical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J5.11				Х	Unitary air-conditioning equipment including packaged air-conditioners, split system, and variable refrigerant

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BCA DEEMED-TO-SATISFY PROVISION	COMPLIES	DOES NOT COMPLY	NA or Informational	Compliance Required	COMMENTS
Unitary air-conditioning equipment					flow systems must comply with MEPS and for a capacity greater than or equal to 65 kWr per the requirements of this clause.
					Mechanical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J5.12 Heat rejection equipment				Х	The motor rated power of a fan in a cooling tower, closed circuit cooler or evaporative condenser must not exceed the allowances in Table J5.12.
					The fan in an air cooled condenser must comply with the requirements of this clause.
					Mechanical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
Part J6: Artificial lighting and power					
J6.1 Application of Part			X		J6.2. J6.3 and J6.5(a)(ii) do not apply to a Class 8 electricity network substation.
J6.2 Artificial lighting				Х	Artificial lighting must comply with J6.2(a), J6.2(b) and J6.2(c), relevant to maximum permitted illumination power loads.
					Electrical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J6.3 Interior artificial lighting and power control				Х	Internal artificial lighting systems must be switched and zoned in accordance with the specific requirements of this clause.
					Electrical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J6.4 Interior decorative and display lighting				Х	Interior decorative and display lighting, such as for a foyer mural or art display, must be controlled separately from other artificial lighting, and be switched in accordance with the specific requirements of this clause.
					Electrical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J6.5 Artificial lighting around the perimeter of a building				Х	Artificial lighting around the perimeter of a building must be controlled by sensors or time switches in accordance with the specific requirements of this clause. Refer exclusions relevant to emergency lighting and lighting around detention centres.
					Electrical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J6.6 Boiling water and chilled water storage units				Х	Power supply to boiling or chilled water storage units must be time switch controlled in accordance with Specification J6.
					Electrical Design certification must be submitted in support of the construction certificate application
J6.7 Lifts				Х	Lifts must –

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Details demonstrating compliance with this clause must be incorporated into the construction certificate specification

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5.0 CONCLUSION

This report provides a Building Code of Australia (BCA) 2019 assessment of the proposed independent living units (Buildings A & B), communal building and car park, to be located at 181 Allambie Heights Road, Allambie Heights.

The primary purpose of this report was to identify the non-compliance matters contained in the proposed design philosophy against the current Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Provisions of the BCA and to provide compliance recommendations to overcome the DTS non-compliances.

This report provided a BCA assessment table in Section 3.0 that summarises the identified non-compliance matters and offers specific recommendations that are also outlined in the Executive Summary.

Further, if compliance with the deemed-to-satisfy provisions is not achievable or desirable, Alternative Solutions could be further developed and verified by an appropriately qualified BCA Consultant or Fire Safety Engineer.

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Ed Di Michiel <u>Building Consultant</u> Accredited Certifier – BPB 2256 for AE&D

Jason Storer <u>Director</u> A1 (Unrestricted) Accredited Certifier for AE&D





6.0 ATTACHMENT A - INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

6.1 Fire Safety Measures

The fire safety measures within the building must be maintained to ensure correct operation at all times the building is occupied. All firefighting equipment should be tagged when tested/inspected and log books kept up-to-date for all smoke detection, warning systems and sprinkler systems (where installed).

An annual fire safety certificate must be submitted to the local consent authority and the NSW Fire Brigade each year indicating satisfactory performance of the fire safety measures contained within the building. The annual fire safety statement should be displayed in a prominent place within the building (i.e. the main entry foyer)

The correct operation and maintenance of the buildings fire safety measures is critical in affording an adequate level of fire safety.

6.2 Good Housekeeping

The ongoing management of the building should ensure good housekeeping procedures. The following matters should be considered by building management:

- Ensure exits and paths of travel to exits remain unobstructed (in particular stairways)
- Avoid storage of materials in unoccupied areas
- Limit storage of flammable/combustible materials to designated and approved areas
- Prevent chocking open fire/smoke doors
- Prevent storage of materials that could hinder access to firefighting equipment

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7.0 ATTACHMENT B - REQUIREMENTS TYPE A CONSTRUCTION

7. Fire-resistance of building elements

- 7.1 In a building required to be of Type A construction—
 - (a) each building element listed in Table 3 and any beam or column incorporated in it, must have an FRL not less than that listed in the Table for the particular Class of building concerned; and
 - (b) ***
 - (c) any internal wall required to have an FRL with respect to integrity and insulation must extend to-
 - (i) the underside of the floor next above; or
 - (ii) the underside of a roof complying with Table 3; or
 - (iii) if under Clause 3.5 the roof is not required to comply with Table 3, the underside of the noncombustible roof covering and, except for roof battens with dimensions of 75 mm x 50 mm or less or sarking-type material, must not be crossed by timber or other combustible building elements; or
 - (iv) a ceiling that is immediately below the roof and has a resistance to the incipient spread of fire to the roof space between the ceiling and the roof of not less than 60 minutes; and
 - (d) a loadbearing internal wall and a loadbearing fire wall (including those that are part of a loadbearing shaft) must be constructed from—
 - (i) concrete; or
 - (ii) masonry; or
 - (iii) fire-protected timber, provided that-
 - (A) the building is-
 - (aa) a separate building; or
 - (bb) a part of a building-
 - (AA) (AA) which only occupies part of a storey, and is separated from the remaining part by a fire wall; or
 - (BB) (BB) which is located above or below a part not containing fire-protected timber and the floor between the adjoining parts is provided with an FRL not less than that prescribed for a fire wall for the lower storey; and
 - (B) the building has an effective height of not more than 25 m; and
 - (C) the building has a sprinkler system (other than a FPAA101D or FPAA101H system) throughout complying with Specification E1.5; and
 - (D) any insulation installed in the cavity of the timber building element required to have an FRL is non-combustible; and
 - (E) cavity barriers are provided in accordance with Specification C1.13; or
 - (iv) any combination of (i) to (iii); and
 - (e) ****
 - (f) the FRLs specified in Table 3 for an external column apply also to those parts of an internal column that face and are within 1.5 m of a window and are exposed through that window to a fire-source feature.

Table 3 Type A Construction: FRL of Building Elements

Building Element	Class of building – FRL: (in minutes)						
	Structural adequacy/Integrity/Insulation						
	2, 3 or 4 part	5, 7a or 9	6	7b or 8			
EXTERNAL WALL (including any column and other building element incorporated within it) or other external building element, where the distance from any fire-source feature to which it is exposed is—							

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Building Element	Building Element Class of building – FRL: (in minutes)					
		Structural adequacy	/Integrity/Insulation			
For loadbearing parts—						
Less than 1.5m	90/90/90	120/120/120	180/180/180	240/240/240		
1.5 to less than 3m	90/60/60	120/90/90	180/180/120	240/240/180		
3m or more	90/60/30	120/60/30	180/120/90	240/180/90		
For non-loadbearing parts—						
Less than 1.5m	-/90/90	-/120/120	-/180/180	-/240/240		
1.5 to less than 3m	-/60/60	-/90/90	-/180/120	-/240/180		
3m or more	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-		
EXTERNAL COLUMN not incorporat	ed in an external wa	all—				
For loadbearing columns -	90/-/-	120/-/-	180/-/-	240/-/-		
For non-loadbearing columns -	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-		
COMMON WALLS AND FIRE WALLS	90/90/90	120/120/120	180/180/180	240/240/240		
INTERNAL WALLS						
Fire-resisting lift and stair shafts						
Loadbearing	90/90/90	120/120/120	180/120/120	240/120/120		
Non-loadbearing	-/90/90	-/120/120	-/120/120	-/120/120		
Bounding public corridors, public lob	bies and the like -			I		
Loadbearing	90/90/90	120/-/-	180/-/-	240/-/-		
Non-loadbearing	-/60/60	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-		
Between or bounding sole-occupancy	y units					
Loadbearing	90/90/90	120/-/-	180/-/-	240/-/-		
Non-loadbearing	-/60/60	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-		
Ventilating, pipe, garbage, and like sl	hafts not used for th	e discharge of hot pr	oducts of combusti	on -		
Loadbearing	90/90/90	120/90/90	180/120/120	240/120/120		
Non-loadbearing	-/90/90	-/90/90	-/120/120	-/120/120		
OTHER LOADBEARING INTERNAL	WALLS, INTERNA	AL BEAMS, TRUSS	ES	1		
And Columns -	90/-/-	120/-/-	180/-/-	240/-/-		
Floors	90/90/90	120/120/120	180/180/180	240/240/240		
110013						

7.2 Concessions for floors

A floor need not comply with Table 3 if-

- (a) it is laid directly on the ground; or
- (b) in a Class 2, 3, 5 or 9 building, the space below is not a storey, does not accommodate motor vehicles, is not a storage or work area, and is not used for any other ancillary purpose; or
- (c) it is a timber stage floor in a Class 9b building laid over a floor having the required FRL and the space below the stage is not used as a dressing room, store room, or the like; or
- (d) it is within a sole-occupancy unit in a Class 2 or 3 building or Class 4 part of a building; or

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(e) it is an open-access floor (for the accommodation of electrical and electronic services and the like) above a floor with the required FRL.

7.3 Floor loading of Class 5 and 9b buildings: Concession

If a floor in a Class 5 or 9b building is designed for a live load not exceeding 3 kPa-

- (f) the floor next above (including floor beams) may have an FRL of 90/90/90; or
- (g) the roof, if that is next above (including roof beams) may have an FRL of 90/60/30.

7.4 Roof superimposed on concrete slab: Concession

A roof superimposed on a concrete slab roof need not comply with Clause 3.1 as to fire-resisting construction if—

- (a) the superimposed roof and any construction between it and the concrete slab roof are noncombustible throughout; and
- (b) the concrete slab roof complies with Table 3.

7.5 Roof: Concession

A roof need not comply with Table 3 if its covering is non-combustible and the building-

- (a) has a sprinkler system (other than a FPAA101D or FPAA101H system) complying with Specification E1.5 installed throughout; or
- (b) has a rise in storeys of 3 or less; or
- (c) is of Class 2 or 3; or
- (d) has an effective height of not more than 25 m and the ceiling immediately below the roof has a resistance to the incipient spread of fire to the roof space of not less than 60 minutes.

7.6 Roof lights

If a roof is required to have an FRL or its covering is required to be non-combustible, roof lights or the like installed in that roof must—

- (a) have an aggregate area of not more than 20% of the roof surface; and
- (b) be not less than 3 m from-
 - (i) any boundary of the allotment other than the boundary with a road or public place; and
 - (ii) any part of the building which projects above the roof unless that part has the FRL required of a fire wall and any openings in that part of the wall for 6 m vertically above the roof light or the like are protected in accordance with C3.4; and
 - (iii) any roof light or the like in an adjoining sole-occupancy unit if the walls bounding the unit are required to have an FRL; and
 - (iv) any roof light or the like in an adjoining fire-separated section of the building; and
- (c) if a ceiling with a resistance to the incipient spread of fire is required, be installed in a way that will maintain the level of protection provided by the ceiling to the roof space.

7.7 Internal columns and walls: Concession

For a building with an effective height of not more than 25 m and having a roof without an FRL in accordance with Clause 3.5, in the storey immediately below that roof, internal columns other than those referred to in Clause 3.1(f) and internal walls other than fire walls and shaft walls may have—

- (a) in a Class 2 or 3 building: FRL 60/60/60; or
- (b) in a Class 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 building—
 - (i) with rise in storeys exceeding 3: FRL 60/60/60; or
 - (ii) with rise in storeys not exceeding 3: no FRL.

7.8 Open spectator stands and indoor sports stadiums: Concession

In an open spectator stand or indoor sports stadium, the following building elements need not have the FRL specified in Table 3:

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- (a) The roof if it is non-combustible.
- (b) Columns and loadbearing walls supporting only the roof if they are non-combustible.
- (c) Any non-loadbearing part of an external wall less than 3 m-
 - (i) from any fire-source feature to which it is exposed if it has an FRL of not less than –/60/60 and is non-combustible; or
 - (ii) from an external wall of another open spectator stand if it is non-combustible.

7.9 Carparks

- (a) Notwithstanding Clause 3.1, a carpark may comply with Table 3.9 if it is an open-deck carpark or is protected with a sprinkler system (other than a FPAA101D or FPAA101H system) complying with Specification E1.5 and is—
 - (i) a separate building; or
 - (ii) a part of a building-
 - (A) which only occupies part of a storey, and is separated from the remaining part by a fire wall; or
 - (B) which is located above or below another classification, and the floor separating the classifications complies with C2.9; or
 - (C) which is located above another Class 7 part of the building not used for carparking, and the floor separating the parts complies with Table 3 for a Class 7 part other than a carpark; or
 - (D) which is located below another Class 7 part of the building not used for carparking, and the floor separating the parts complies with Table 3.9.
- (b) For the purposes of this Clause, a carpark-
 - (i) includes—
 - (A) an administration area associated with the functioning of the carpark; and
 - (B) where the carpark is sprinklered, is associated with a Class 2 or 3 building and provides carparking for separate sole-occupancy units, each carparking area with an area not greater than 10% of its floor area for purposes ancillary to the sole-occupancy units; but
 - (ii) excludes-
 - (A) except for (b)(i), any area of another classification, or other part of a Class 7 building not used for carparking; and
 - (B) a building or part of a building specifically intended for the parking of trucks, buses, vans and the like.

Table 3.9 – Requirements for carparks

Building	lemer	nt	FRL (not less than) <i>Structural</i> adequacy/Integrity/Insulation ESA/M (not greater than)
Wall			
(a)	Extern	al Wall	
	(i)	Less than 3m from a fire-source feature to which it is exposed:	
		Loadbearing	60/60/60
		Non-loadbearing	-/60/60
	(ii)	3m or more from a fire-source feature to which it is exposed	-/-/-
(b)	Interna	al Wall	
	(i)	Loadbearing, other than one supporting only the roof (not used for carparking)	60/-/-

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Buildir	ng Eleme	nt	FRL (not less than) <i>Structural</i> adequacy/Integrity/Insulation ESA/M (not greater than)	
	(ii)	Supporting only the roof (not used for carparking).	-/-/-	
	(iii)	Non-loadbearing	-/-/-	
(C)	Fire w	rall		
	(i)	From the direction used as a carpark	60/60/60	
	(ii)	From the direction not used as a carpark	As required by Table 7.1	
Colum	าท			
(a)		orting only the roof (not used for carparking) and 3m re from a fire-source to which it is exposed	-/-/-	
(b)		column other than one covered by (a) and one that not support a part of a building that is not used as a rk	60/-/- or 25m ² /tonne	
(C)	Any o	ther column not covered by (a) or (b)	60/-/-	
Beam				
(a)	Steel slab	floor beam in continuous contact with a concrete floor	60/-/- or 30m ² /tonne	
(b)	Any o	ther beam	60/-/-	
Fire re	esisting lif	t and stair shaft (within the carpark only)	60/60/60	
Floor	slab and	vehicle ramp	60/60/60	
Roof (not used	for carparking)	-/-/-	
Nataa ta	Table 30	h.		

Notes to Table 3.9:

1. ESA/M means the ratio of exposed surface area to mass per unit length.

2. Refer to Specification E1.5 for special requirements for a sprinkler system in a carpark complying with Table 3.9 and located within a multi-classified building.

7.10 Class 2 and 3 buildings: Concession

- (a) A Class 2 or 3 building having a rise in storeys of not more than 3 need not comply with Clause 3.1(d) of Specification C1.1 and the requirements of C1.9(a), (b) and C2.6 for non-combustible material, if it is constructed using—
 - (i) timber framing throughout; or
 - (ii) non-combustible material throughout; or
 - (iii) a combination of (i) and (ii), provided-
 - (iv) * * * * *
 - (v) any insulation installed in the cavity of a wall required to have an FRL is non-combustible; and
 - (vi) the building is fitted with an automatic smoke alarm system complying with Specification E2.2a.
- (b) A Class 2 or 3 building having a rise in storeys of not more than 4 may have the top three storeys constructed in accordance with (a) provided—
 - (i) the lowest storey is used solely for the purpose of parking motor vehicles or for some other ancillary purpose; and
 - (ii) the lowest storey is constructed of concrete or masonry including the floor between it and the Class 2 or 3 part of the building above; and
 - (iii) the lowest storey and the storey above are separated by construction having an FRL of not less than 90/90/90 with no openings or penetrations that would reduce the fire-resisting performance of that construction except that a doorway in that construction may be protected by a -/60/30 self-closing fire door.

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- (c) In a Class 2 or 3 building complying with (a) or (b) and fitted with a sprinkler system (other than a FPAA101D or FPAA101H system) complying with Specification E1.5, any FRL criterion prescribed in Table 3—
 - (i) for any floor and any loadbearing wall, may be reduced to 60, except any FRL criterion of 90 for an external wall must be maintained when tested from the outside; and
 - (ii) for any non-loadbearing internal wall, need not apply if-
 - (A) it is lined on each side with 13 mm standard grade plasterboard or similar non-combustible material; and
 - (B) it extends-
 - (aa) to the underside of the floor next above; or
 - (bb) to the underside of a ceiling with a resistance to the incipient spread of fire of 60 minutes; or
 - (cc) to the underside of a non-combustible roof covering; and
 - (C) any insulation installed in the cavity of the wall is non-combustible; and
 - (D) any construction joint, space or the like between the top of the wall and the floor, ceiling or roof is smoke sealed with intumescent putty or other suitable material; and
 - (E) any doorway in the wall is protected by a self-closing, tight fitting, solid core door not less than 35 mm thick.



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8.0 ATTACHMENT C - REQUIREMENTS TYPE C CONSTRUCTION

5.1 Fire-resistance of building elements

In a building required to be of Type C construction—

(a) a building element listed in **Table 5** and any beam or column incorporated in it, must have an FRL not less than that listed in the Table for the particular Class of building concerned; and

(b) an *external wall* that is *required* by **Table 5** to have an FRL need only be tested from the outside to satisfy the requirement; and

(c) a *fire wall* or an *internal wall* bounding a *sole-occupancy unit* or separating adjoining units must comply with **Specification C1.8** if it is of *lightweight construction* and is *required* to have an FRL; and

(d) in a Class 2 or 3 building, an internal wall which is required by Table 5 to have an FRL must extend-

(i) to the underside of the floor next above if that floor has an FRL of at least 30/30/30 or a *fire-protective covering* on the underside of the floor; or

(ii) to the underside of a ceiling having a resistance to the incipient spread of fire to the space above itself of not less than 60 minutes; or

(iii) to the underside of the roof covering if it is non-combustible, and except for roof battens with dimensions of 75 mm x 50 mm or less or sarking-type material, must not be crossed by timber or other combustible building elements; or

(iv) 450 mm above the roof covering if it is combustible; and

(e) in a Class 2 or 3 building, except where within the one sole-occupancy unit, or a Class 9a health-care building, or a Class 9b building, a floor separating storeys, or above a space for the accommodation of motor vehicles or used for storage or any other ancillary purpose, and any column supporting the floor, must—

(i) have an FRL of at least 30/30/30; or

(ii) have a fire-protective covering on the underside of the floor including beams incorporated in it and around the column, if the floor or column is combustible or of metal; and

(f) in a Class 9c aged care building a floor above a space for the accommodation of motor vehicles or used for

storage or any other ancillary purpose, and any column supporting the floor, must-

(i) have an FRL of at least 30/30/30; or

(ii) have a fire-protective covering on the underside of the floor including beams incorporated in it and

around the column, if the floor or column is combustible or of metal.

Table 5 TYPE C CONSTRUCTION: FRL OF BUILDING ELEMENTS

Building element	Class of building—FRL: (in minutes)						
	Structu	Structural adequacylIntegritylInsulation					
	2, 3 or 4 part	5, 7a or 9	6	7b or 8			
EXTERNAL WALL (includin other external building elem exposed is—							
Less than 1.5 m	90/ 90/ 90	90/ 90/ 90	90/ 90/ 90	90/ 90/ 90			
1.5 to less than 3 m	_/_/_	60/ 60/ 60	60/ 60/ 60	60/ 60/ 60			
3 m or more	_/_/_	_/_/_	_/_/_	_/_/_			

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source feature to which it is e		cternal wall, wher	e the distance f	rom any <i>fire-</i>
Less than 1.5 m	90/_/_	90/_/_	90/—/—	90/_/_
1.5 to less than 3 m	_/_/_	60//	60//	60/_/_
3 m or more	_/_/_	_/_/_	_/_/_	_/_/_
COMMON WALLS and FIRE WALLS—	90/ 90/ 90	90/ 90/ 90	90/ 90/ 90	90/ 90/ 90
INTERNAL WALLS-				
Bounding <i>public</i> <i>corridors</i> , public lobbies and the like—	60/ 60/ 60	_/_/_	_/_/_	_/_/_
Between or bounding sole-occupancy units—	60/ 60/ 60	_/_/_	_/_/_	_/_/_
Bounding a stair if required to be rated—	60/ 60/ 60	60/ 60/ 60	60/ 60/ 60	60/ 60/ 60
ROOFS	_/_/_	_/_/_	_/_/_	_/_/_

5.2 Carparks

(a) Notwithstanding Clause 5.1, a carpark may comply with Table 5.2 if it is an open-deck carpark or is protected with a sprinkler system complying with Specification E1.5 and is—

(i) a separate building; or

(ii) a part of a building, and if occupying only part of a storey, is separated from the remaining part by a fire wall.

(a) For the purposes of this clause, a carpark-

(i) Includes-

(A) an administration area associated with the functioning of the carpark; and

(B) where the carpark is sprinklered, is associated with a Class 2 or 3 building and provides carparking for separate sole-occupancy units, each carparking area with an area not greater than 10% of its floor area for purposes ancillary to the sole-occupancy units; but

(ii) excludes-

(A) except for (b)(i), any area of another classification, or other part of a Class 7 building not used for carparking; and

(B) a building or part of a building specifically intended for the parking of trucks, buses, vans and the like.



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Table 5.2 REQUIREMENTS FOR CARPARKS

Build	ling el	ement	FRL (not less than) Structural adequacylIntegrityl Insulation
			ESA/M (not greater than)
Wall			
(a)	exter	mal wall	
	(i)	less than 1.5 m from a <i>fire-source feature</i> to which it is exposed:	
		Loadbearing	60/60/60
		Non-loadbearing	-/60/60
	(ii)	1.5 m or more from a <i>fire-source feature</i> to which it is exposed	
(b)	inter	nal wall	_/_/_
(c)	fire v	vall	
	(i)	from the direction used as a carpark	60/60/60
	(ii)	from the direction not used as a carpark	90/90/90
Colu	mn		
(a)	steel	column less than 1.5 m from a fire-source feature	60//- or 26 m ² /tonne
(b)	any o	other column less than 1.5 m from a fire-source feature	60/—/—
(c)	any o	other column not covered by (a) or (b)	_/_/_
Bean	n		
(a)	less	than 1.5 m from a fire-source feature	
	(i)	steel floor beam in continuous contact with a concrete floor slab	60/–/– or 30 m ² /tonne
	(ii)	any other beam	60/—/—
(b)	1.5 n	n or more from a fire-source feature	_/_/_
Roof	, floor	slab and vehicle ramp	_/_/_
Note:	ESA/I	M means the ratio of exposed surface area to mass per un	it length.

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