



Reference number 2747

#### Member of the Fire Protection Association of Australia

# Lot 121, DP 600228, 7 Sturdee Lane, Elvina Bay, NSW 2105.

#### Tuesday, 11 February 2020

Prepared and certified by:	Matthew Willis  BPAD – Level3  Certified Practitioner  Certification No:  BPD-PA 09337	Math history	11/02/2020
	mply with AS3959-2009 (inc ddendum 3)?	Yes	
What is the recommended AS 3959-2009 level of compliance?		BAL-1	2.5
Is referral to	the RFS required?	At the discretion of council	
	pment comply with the ments of PBP?	Yes	
Plans by "Kerry McG	rath Architect" (Appendix 1) dated.	July 20	012

© This document is copyright. It is a breach of copyright for this document to be used to support a development application or any other purpose for any persons/entities other than those for whom this document was prepared. Other than for the purpose for which this document has been prepared and subject to conditions prescribed under the Copyright Act no part of this document may in any form nor by any means be reproduced or stored in a retrieval system or transmitted without the prior written permission of the company (Bushfire Planning Services Pty Ltd ACN 115 714 826).







## **Bushfire Planning Services**

15 Parkcrest Place Kenthurst NSW 2156 02 96543228 0428408577

mattw@bushfireconsultants.com.au

# **Bushfire Risk Assessment**

## Tuesday, 11 February 2020

#### Contact

Kerry McGrath
Kerry McGrath Architect
PO Box 300
Glebe NSW 2037
0419 423230

## Owner

Heather Leslie–Swan
7 Sturdee Lane
Elvina Bay

## **Subject Property**

Lot 121, DP 600228 7 Sturdee Lane Elvina Bay NSW 2105





#### BUSHFIRE RISK ASSESSMENT CERTIFICATE

# THIS FORM IS TO BE COMPLETED BY A RECOGNISED CONSULTANT IN BUSHFIRE RISK ASSESSMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 79BA 1(b) OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979 NO 203

Property Address	Lot 121, DP 600228, number 7 Sturdee Lane Elvina Bay	
Description of the Proposal	Alterations and additions to an existing dwelling	
Plan Reference	July 2012	
BAL Rating	BAL-12.5	
Does the Proposal Rely on Alternate Solutions?	No	

**I, Matthew Willis of Bushfire Planning Services Pty Ltd** have carried out a bushfire risk assessment on the above-mentioned proposal and property. A detailed Bushfire Assessment Report is attached which includes the submission requirements set out in Appendix 4 of Planning for Bushfire Protection 2006 together with recommendations as to how the relevant Specifications and requirements are to be achieved.

I hereby certify, in accordance with Section 79BA of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203:

- 1. That I am a person recognised by the NSW Rural Fire Service as a qualified consultant in bushfire risk assessment; and
- 2. That subject to the recommendations contained in the attached Bushfire Risk Assessment Report the proposed development conforms to the relevant specifications and requirements\*
- \*The relevant specifications and requirements being specifications and requirements of the document entitled Planning for Bush Fire Protection prepared by the NSW Rural Fire Service in co-operation with the Department of Planning and any other document as prescribed by Section 79 BA(1)(a) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203.

I am aware that the Bushfire Assessment Report, prepared for the above-mentioned site is to be submitted in support of a development application for this site and will be relied upon by Northern Beaches Council as the basis for ensuring that the bushfire risk management aspects of the proposed development have been addressed in accordance with Planning for Bushfire Protection 2006.

REPORT REFERENCE	Tuesday, 11 February 2020
REPORT DATE	Tuesday, 11 February 2020
CERTIFICATION NO/ACCREDITED SCHEME	FPAA BPAD A BPD-PA 09337

#### Attachments:

- Bushfire Risk Assessment Report
- Recommendations

SIGNATURE: --- DATE: ----Tuesday, 11 February 2020





## **Contents**

1	Executive Summary	5
2	General	6
3	Block Description	6
4	Vegetation	8
5	Known constraints on subject block	10
6	Slope	10
7	Utilities	11
7.1	Water	11
7.2	Electricity	11
7.3	Gas	11
8	Access/Egress	11
9	Compliance with AS 3959-2009	12
10	Siting	12
11	Construction and design.	13
12	Utilities	13
12.1	Water	13
12.2	Electricity and Gas	14
13	Asset Protection Zone (APZ)	14
14	Landscaping	14
15	Constraints on the subject block	15
16	Access/Egress	15
17	Emergency managment	15
18	Compliance or non compliance with the specifications and requirements for bushfire protection measures	or 16
19	Conclusions	17
20	References	18
21	Annendix 1 - Plans	19





## 1 Executive Summary

Bushfire Planning Services has been requested to supply a bushfire compliance report on lot 121, DP 600228, 7 Sturdee Lane, Elvina Bay on behalf of the owner Heather Leslie–Swan.

The works proposed for the subject lot are for the alterations and additions to an existing dwelling, see attached plans for details.

The subject lot is on the southern side of Sturdee Lane and at its closest point to the hazard the proposed new work has a separation distance to the north of approximately 85m.

The vegetation that is considered to be the hazard to this proposal is situated on land that slopes down slope away from the property at an angle of approximately 11.31° deg.

For the purposes of this assessment this vegetation is considered to be Forest.

The majority of the remaining vegetation within the study area is contained within the boundaries of established residential allotments and is managed land and of low threat to this proposal.

The calculations and assumptions outlined in this report show that the development will be required to comply with the construction requirements of AS 3959-2009 BAL-12.5 and the Rural Fire Services requirements contained within the addendum to appendix 3 of Planning for Bushfire Protection on all aspects.

It is my considered opinion that this development can comply with the requirements of AS 3959-2009 and Planning for Bushfire Protection 2009.

T 11 4					¢. i.		
1 2NIA 1	10 2	elimmarv	Of the	ralawani	tinainae	Of thic	assessment.
Iable I	io a	Sullillarv	OI LITE	i cic vai ii	HIHUHHUS	บเมเอ	นงงบงงเทษแ.

Aspect	North	East South		West	
Vegetation type	Managed land/forest	Managed land	Managed land	Managed land	
Slope	10-15 degrees downslope	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Setback within lot 121	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Setback outside lot 121	85m	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total setback	85m	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Bal level	12.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Table 1 - Any aspect marked with "N/A" in the table above indicates that it is considered there is no hazard in that direction. Only the details for the aspect that is considered to be at the greatest risk from bushfire is shown in the table above. THIS TABLE IS NOT CONSTRUCTION ADVICE.





#### 2 General

This proposal relates to the alterations and additions to an existing dwelling on the subject lot and its ability to comply with the rules and regulations for building in a bushfire prone area.

The methodology used on this report is based on Planning for Bushfire Protection 2006 (PBP) as published by the New South Wales Rural Fire Service.

Any wording that appears in *blue italics* is quotes from Planning for Bushfire Protection 2006. Some of the measurements used in this report have been taken from aerial photographs and as such are approximate only.

## 3 Block Description

The subject block is situated on the southern side of Sturdee Lane in an established area of Elvina Bay.

The lot currently contains a multi-level class 1a dwelling.

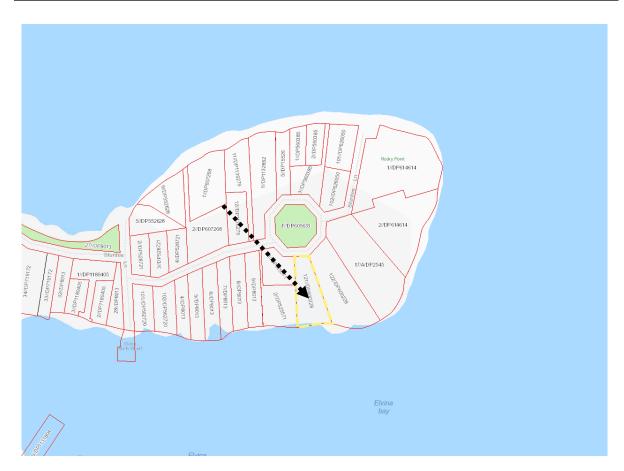
The lands surrounding the proposed site on the subject lot to a distance of at least 85m contain existing residential development and associated gardens or land that is otherwise not considered to be a significant bushfire hazard.

- Lot; 121
- DP; 600228.
- LGA; Northern Beaches.
- Area; 1230 m² (approximately).
- Address; 7 Sturdee Lane, Elvina Bay.

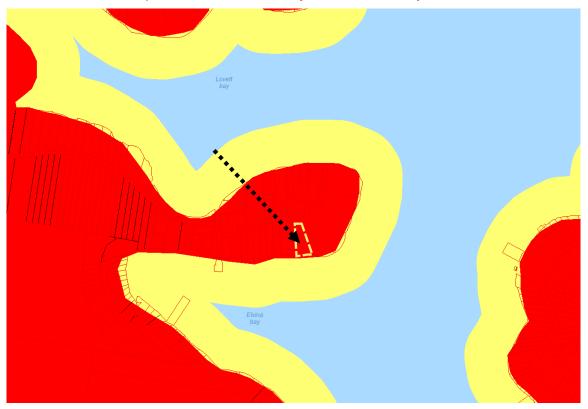
This section has been left blank.







Map 1 shows the cadastral layout around the subject lot.



Map 2 is an extract from the councils' bushfire prone land map. The map shows lot 121 to contain category 1 bushfire vegetation.





## 4 Vegetation

The study area for the vegetation is 140m surrounding the subject block.

The most significant hazard in the general area of the subject lot is well beyond the study area for this assessment. The vegetation within the study area is, for the most part, contained within existing residential allotments.

In general, the residential lots have a mostly managed understory and a considerable canopy cover. Strictly speaking the canopy cover exceeds the generally acceptable percentage of cover for an Asset Protection Zone however given the state of the understory a crowning fire is considered unlikely.

Given a crown fire is unlikely and the understory is in general managed, the main part of the headland is not considered to contain a significant hazard.

There is one area of land to the north east of the subject lot (Rocky Point) that is zoned as E2 that presents a potential fire hazard albeit it small one.

For the purpose of this assessment and compliance with AS3959 this area of undeveloped land is considered to be Forest and is the hazard to this proposal.

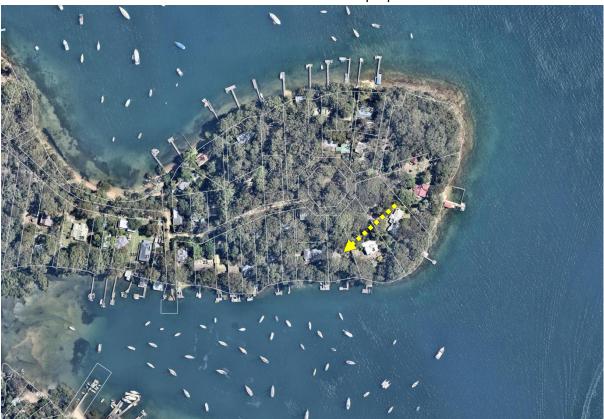


Photo 1 - An overview of the vegetation within the general area.







Photo 2 is a closer view of the vegetation in the area.

Table 2 outlines the vegetation orientation and distance from the development area.

Aspect	North	East	South	West	
Vegetation type	Managed land/forest	Managed land	Managed land	Managed land	
Setback within lot 121	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A		
Off-site setback	85m	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total setback	85m	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Table 2 - Any aspect marked with "N/A" in the table above indicates that it is considered there is none or only a secondary hazard in that direction.

This area has been left intentionally blank.





## 5 Known constraints on subject block

I have not been informed or know of any places of cultural or environmental significance within the boundaries of the subject block. Given the nature of the surrounding land it is considered highly unlikely that anything of significance will be affected by this development.

## 6 Slope

The slope of the land beneath the hazard that is most likely to influence bushfire behaviour has been calculated by topographical map analysis to a distance of 100m from the subject lot. An extract of the topographical map for the area is shown below and the relevant slope analysis is shown in Table 3.



Table 3 shows the slope beneath the hazard.

Aspect	North	East	South	West
Slope	10-15 degrees downslope	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 3 - Any aspect marked with "N/A" in the table above indicates that it is considered there is no hazard in that direction.





## 7 Utilities

## 7.1 Water

The subject block will not be serviced by a compliant reticulated water supply.

## 7.2 Electricity

Mains electricity is available to the block.

## 7.3 Gas

It is unknown if bottled gas is to be altered or installed in this proposal.

## 8 Access/Egress

Access to the development site will be via a short private driveway from Sturdee Lane.

All roads in the vicinity are considered to be capable of carrying emergency services vehicles and pedestrian access onto the lot is also considered to be adequate.

This section has been left blank.





# Analysis of development and recommendation.

## 9 Compliance with AS 3959-2009

Based on the development design, vegetation classification, effective slope estimates and setback distance already outlined in this report the subject development will be required to comply with the deemed to satisfy construction requirements of AS 3959-2009 BAL-12.5 and the RFS requirements on all fire prone aspects.

The following table is an extract from table 2.4.2 of AS3959-2009. This table is used to calculate the BAL for a proposal in an area with an FDI of 100.

The variables that have already been outlined in this assessment are highlighted in red with the highest BAL highlighted in yellow.

TABLE 2.4.2
DETERMINATION OF BUSHFIRE ATTACK LEVEL (BAL)—FDI 100 (1090 K)

	Bushfire Attack Levels (BALs)					
Vegetation	BAL—FZ	BAL—40	BAL—29	BAL—19	BAL—12.5	
classification	Distance (m) of the site from the predominant vegetation class					
		Downs	lope >10 to 15 deg	grees		
A. Forest	<39	39-<49	49-<64	64-<82	82-<100	
B. Woodland	<25	25-<33	33-<45	45-<60	60-<100	
C. Shrubland	<9	9-<13	13-<19	19-<28	28-<100	
D. Scrub	<14	14-<19	19-<28	28-<39	39-<100	
E. Mallee/Mulga	<8	8-<11	11-<18	18-<26	26-<100	
F. Rainforest	<17	17-<23	23-<33	33-<45	45-<100	
G. Grassland	<9	9-<13	13-<20	20-<28	28-<50	

For the purpose of this assessment the northern aspect has been chosen as the most potentially hazardous aspect due to the effective slope, potential run of fire and the prevailing fire weather of the area.

## 10 Siting

The current site provides adequate separation between the proposed building and surrounding vegetation for a compliant structure to be built.

Recommendation.

Nil





## 11 Construction and design.

All new work is to be undertaken in accordance with the relevant requirements of the BCA and AS3959 2009. The following recommendations are a minimum level of construction. Constructing the proposal to a higher level than that recommended is allowable under AS3959.

#### Recommendation; all new work.

- 1. New construction shall comply with the requirements of section 3 of Australian Standard AS3959-2009 "Construction of buildings in bush fire-prone areas" and,
- 2. New construction shall also comply with the requirements of BAL-12.5 Australian Standard AS3959-2009 "Construction of buildings in bush fire-prone areas" and section A3.7 Addendum Appendix 3 of "Planning for Bush fire Protection".
- 3. Any new fencing to be property should be in accordance with Rural Fire Service "Fast Fact 2/06".
- 4. New roofing valleys and guttering should be fitted with a non-combustible leaf protection to stop the accumulation of debris.

#### 12 Utilities

#### **12.1** Water

The proposed development does not have access to an AS2419 compliant hydrant system resulting in the need for a Static Water Supply (SWS) to be established and maintained on site.

The water supply is to be established in accordance with the following.

#### Recommendation.

- 5. A 10,000 L water supply is to be made available for firefighting purposes and be constructed in accordance with the following features.
  - Above ground tanks are manufactured of concrete or metal and raised tanks are to have their stands protected. Plastic tanks shall not be used.
- A 65mm metal Storz outlet with a gate or ball valve shall be provided.
- The water source shall be made available or located within the inner protection area (IPA) and away from the structure.
- The gate or ball valve, pipes and tank penetration are adequate for full 50mm inner diameter water flow through the Storz fitting and are metal.
- A minimum 5hp or 3kW petrol or diesel-powered pump shall be made available to the water supply. The pump should be attached to a suitable firefighting hose.
- An 'SWS' marker shall be obtained from the local NSW Rural Fire Service and positioned for ease of identification by brigade personnel and other users of the SWS. In this regard:





- o a) Markers must be fixed in a suitable location so as to be highly visible; and
- b) Markers should be positioned adjacent to the most appropriate access for the static water supply.

If Pittwater is to be used as a SWS, recommendation 5 can be ignored however the following is applied.

- A minimum 5hp or 3kW petrol or diesel-powered pump shall be made available to the water supply. The pump should be attached to a suitable firefighting and suction hose.
- The pump should be positioned so that amble water can be drawn at low tide and the delivery hoses are to be of sufficient length and diameter to enable effective fire fighting around the entire building.

## 12.2 Electricity and Gas

#### Recommendation.

6. Any new electricity or gas connections are to comply with the requirements of section 4.1.3 of Planning for Bushfire Protection.

## 13 Asset Protection Zone (APZ)

The Asset Protection Zone is "An area surrounding a development managed to reduce the bushfire hazard to an acceptable level. The width of an APZ will vary with slope, vegetation and construction level".

#### Recommendation.

7. At the commencement of building works and in perpetuity the entire property shall be managed as an Asset Protection Zone in accordance with the requirements of Planning for Bushfire Protection, the RFS document Standards for Asset Protection Zones and in a manner that does not create a bushfire hazard to the property.

## 14 Landscaping

No specific landscaping plan has been provided as part of this assessment.

#### Recommendation.

- 8. Any new landscaping to the site is to comply with the principles of Appendix 5 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2006. In this regard the following landscaping principles are, where applicable, to be incorporated into the development:
  - Suitable impervious areas being provided immediately surrounding the building such as courtyards, paths and driveways.
  - Grassed areas/mowed lawns/ or ground cover plantings being provided in close proximity to the building.
  - Restrict planting in the immediate vicinity of the building which may over time and if not properly maintained come in contact with the building.





- Maximum tree cover should be less than 30%, and maximum shrub cover less than 20%.
- Planting should not provide a continuous canopy to the building (i.e. trees or shrubs should be isolated or located in small clusters).
- When considering landscape species consideration needs to be given to estimated size of the plant at maturity.
- Avoid species with rough fibrous bark, or which retain/shed bark in long strips or retain dead material in their canopies.
- Use smooth bark species of trees species which generally do not carry a fire up the bark into the crown.
- Avoid planting of deciduous species that may increase fuel at surface/ ground level (i.e. leaf litter);
- Avoid climbing species to walls and pergolas.
- Locate combustible materials such as woodchips/mulch, flammable fuel stores away from the building.
- Locate combustible structures such as garden sheds, pergolas and materials such timber garden furniture way from the building; and
- Use of low flammability vegetation species.

## 15 Constraints on the subject block

None known.

Recommendation.

Nil

## 16 Access/Egress

All roads in the area are considered to be capable of handling emergency service vehicles. Access from the roadway onto the property is also considered to be adequate for firefighting purposes.

Recommendation

Nil

## 17 Emergency managment

Given the difficulty with access to the site for firefighting it is strongly suggested that an Bushfire Survival Plan is formulated for the subject lot. Details for a plan can be found here;

https://www.rfs.nsw.gov.au/resources/bush-fire-survival-plan





# 18 Compliance or non compliance with the specifications and requirements for bushfire protection measures

APZ A defendable space is provided onsite. An APZ is provided and maintained for the life of the development.	Achievable with the implementation of the recommendations in section 13
SITING AND DESIGN:  Buildings are sited and designed to minimise the risk of bush fire attack.	Achievable with the implementation of the recommendations in section 10
CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS:  It is demonstrated that the proposed building can withstand bush fire attack in the form of wind, smoke, embers, radiant heat and flame contact.	Achievable with the implementation of the recommendations in section 11
ACCESS  Safe, operational access is provided (and maintained) for emergency services personnel in suppressing a bush fire while residents are seeking to relocate, in advance of a bush fire, (satisfying the intent and performance criteria for access roads in sections 4.1.3 and 4.2.7).	Achievable with the implementation of the recommendations in section 16
WATER AND UTILITY SERVICES:  • adequate water and electricity services are provided for firefighting operations  • Gas and electricity services are located so as not to contribute to the risk of fire to a building.	Achievable with the implementation of the recommendations in section 12
LANDSCAPING:  • it is designed and managed to minimise flame contact and radiant heat to buildings, and the potential for wind driven embers to cause Ignitions.	Achievable with the implementation of the recommendations in section 14





#### 19 Conclusions

Based on the above report and with the implementation of the recommendation contained within this report the consent authority should determine that this development can comply with the requirements of AS 3959-2009 and 'Planning for Bushfire Protection' guidelines.

The recommendations contained within this report are to be implemented in their entirety. Changing one aspect may have an adverse effect on the rest of the recommendations.

Bushfires are affected by many external influences such as climactic conditions, vegetation type, moisture content of the fuel, slope of the land and human intervention to name a few and are difficult to predict.

This report does not intend to provide a guarantee that the subject property will survive if a bushfire should impact the surrounding area. The purpose of this report is to show the developments level of compliance or in some cases non-compliance with the New South Wales legislation regarding building in bushfire prone areas.

Where non-compliance is found measures will be suggested that should make the building less susceptible to the various attack mechanisms of a bushfire and comply with the performance requirements of the Building Code of Australia.

The opinions expressed in this report are based on the writers' experience and interpretation of the relevant guidelines and standards. Notwithstanding the above, these guidelines and standards are open to interpretation. All care has been taken to ensure that the opinions expressed in this report are consistent with past successful outcomes.

Some of the information used in the compilation of this assessment has been provided by the proponent or the proponent's representatives. While we believe this information to be true and have accepted the information in good faith however this company or its representatives will not accept any responsibility if the provided information is determined to be incorrect.

This document is to assist the consenting authorities with their assessment of this proposal. The recommendations contained in this assessment reflect the normal conditions that are typically applied by the consent authority for a proposal such as this however the conditions of consent for the proposal will be supplied by the certifying authority on approval of the development and may not necessarily be the same as the recommendations of this assessment.

The recommendations in this assessment are for planning guidance only, construction details and compliance with all building requirements are the responsibility of the Architect/Designer, Builder and Certifier.

To avoid confusion, unless specifically referenced by the consenting authority, it is strongly recommended that once this proposal has been approved that this document is no longer referenced and that only the official conditions of consent as reflected in documentation by the certifying body are used for construction guidance.





If any further clarification is required for this report, please do not hesitate to contact me using the details above.

Yours Sincerely



Grad Dip Planning for Bushfire Prone Areas

Bushfire Planning Services Pty Limited

#### 20 References

## **Australian Building Codes Board**

Matthis.

National Construction Code

Volumes 1&2

Canprint

## NSW Government Environmental Planning and Assessment Act [1979]

Part 79BA – Consultation and development Consent – Certain Bushfire Prone Land NSW Government Printer

## Planning NSW [2006]

Planning for Bushfire Protection

A Guide for Councils, Planners, Fire Authorities, Developers and Home Owners

#### Ramsay C & Rudolph L [2003]

Landscape and Building Design for Bushfire Prone Areas
CSIRO Publishing

## Standards Australia [2009]

Australian Standards 3959 (amendments 1, 2 and 3) Standards Australia





# 21 Appendix 1 - Plans

