## **Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme** NatHERS Certificate No. 0005638010

Generated on 01 Feb 2021 using AccuRate Sustainability V2.4.3.21

## **Property**

**Address** Unit TH8, 2-20 Fern Creek Road

Warriewood, NSW, 2102

Lot/DP Lot 1,7 DP 1266557,1251955

NCC Class\*

**Type New Home** 

### **Plans**

Garage

Main Plan 0574/11.01.21

Prepared by **PopovBass** 

### Construction and environment

33.3

Assessed floor area (m2)\* **Exposure Type** Conditioned\* 147.5 NatHERS climate zone Unconditioned\* 33.3 Total 180.8

ccredited assessor

Name B Carr

**Business** name STS

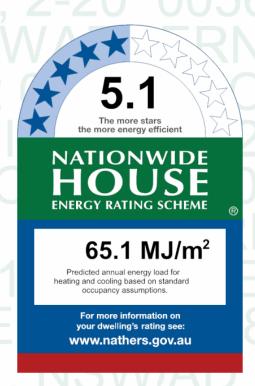
ENQUIRIES@SUSTAINABLETHERMALSOLUTIONS.COM A Ceiling fans. **Email** 

**Phone** 0420312721 Accreditation No. DMN/12/1457

**Assessor Accrediting Organisation** 

**Design Matters National** 

**Declaration of interest** Declaration completed: no conflicts



## Thermal performance

Heating Cooling 39.8 25.4  $MJ/m^2$  $MJ/m^2$ 

### About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts

## Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit

hstar.com.au/QR/Generate? p=hbbBnetal.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

### National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



### **Certificate check**

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

#### Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

#### Ceiling penetrations\*

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

#### Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate?

#### Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

#### Exposure\*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

#### Provisional\* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

### Additional notes

## Window and glazed door type and performance

#### Default\* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	31130	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-03 A	Aluminium B SG High Solar Gain Low-E	5.4	0.58	0.55	0.61	

#### Custom\* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	эпос	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ble					

## Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-03 A	W1	2700	3343	Sliding	60	E	None

NATIONWIDE HOUSE INERCY EATING SCHEME

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-03 A	W3	2700	3290	Sliding	60	W	None
Hall/WC/Lndry	ALM-002-03 A	W3	2700	5945	Sliding	50	N	None
Garage	ALM-002-03 A	W4	2150	565	Other	00	W	None
Bed 1	ALM-002-03 A	W102	2700	4530	Sliding	45	Е	None
Bed 2	ALM-002-03 A	W103	2700	2589	Sliding	45	W	None
Hall/Bath	ALM-002-03 A	W104	1700	900	Casement	90	N	None
Hall/Bath	ALM-002-03 A	W102	2700	900	Other	00	Е	None
Bed 3	ALM-002-03 A	W105	1700	1200	Casement	10	W	None

## Roof window type and performance

Default\* roof windows

Window ID

Window Description

Maximum U-value\*

SHGC\*

Substitution tolerance ranges

SHGC lower limit SHGC upper limit

Custom\* roof windows

Window ID Window Description Waximum U-value\* SHGC\* Substitution tolerance ranges

SHGC lower limit SHGC upper limit

No Data Available

### Roof window schedule

Location Window Window Opening Height Width Orientation Outdoor Indoor shade shade

No Data Available

## Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID Skylight description

No Data Available

# Skylight schedule

Skylight Skylight **Skylight** Area **Outdoor** Skylight shaft Location shaft length Orientation Diffuser ID No.  $(m^2)$ shade reflectance (mm) No Data Available

## External door schedule

Location Height (mm) Width (mm) Opening % Orientation



Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation	
Kitchen/Living	2700	1085	90	Е	
Garage	2400	4800	0	W	

# External wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Solar absorptance	Wall shade (colour)	Bulk insulation (R-value)	Reflective wall wrap*
EW-001	Brick wall/Plasterboard	85	Dark	Rockwool batt: R2.5	No
EW-002	Fibre-cement sheet/Plasterboard	85	Dark	Rockwool batt: R2.5	Yes
EW-003	Brick wall/Plasterboard	30	Light	Rockwool batt: R2.5	No
EW-004	Brick wall/Plasterboard	85	Dark	Rockwool batt: R2.5	No
EW-005	Fibre-cement sheet/Plasterboard	30	Light	Rockwool batt: R2.5	No

# External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-002	2700	4480	E	300	Yes
Kitchen/Living	EW-004	2700	3400	W	1300	Yes
Kitchen/Living	EW-004	2700	1100	S	3300	Yes
Kitchen/Living	EW-002	2700	400	S		No
Kitchen/Living	EW-002	2700	1450	E		No
Hall/WC/Lndry	EW-004	2700	7200	N	3200	Yes
Hall/WC/Lndry	EW-004	2700	5800	S		No
Garage	EW-004	2550	2865	E	7200	Yes
Garage	EW-003	2550	5400	W		No
Garage	EW-004	2550	1500	S		No
Garage	EW-001	2550	566	W		No
Bed 1	EW-004	2700	4531	E	1000	Yes
Bed 1	EW-004	2700	450	E	300	Yes
Bed 2	EW-005	2700	2590	W	600	Yes
Hall/Bath	EW-002	2700	2000	N	2470	Yes
Hall/Bath	EW-002	2700	1850	S	2500	Yes
Hall/Bath	EW-005	2700	901	E	300	Yes
Bed 3	EW-002	2700	4300	N	450	Yes
Bed 3	EW-005	2700	3555	W		No
Bed 3	EW-002	2700	4300	S		No



# Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m²)	Bulk insulation
IW-001	Plasterboard	65.44	Glass fibre batt: R1.5
IW-002	Plasterboard/AAC block	122.44	Polyester or polyester/wool blanket (k = 0.063 density = 8 kg/m3): R1.6

# Floor type

Location	Construction		Sub-floor ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Kitchen/Living/Ground	Concrete Slab 200 mm: timber (t & g)/ battens/bare	56.80			
Hall/WC/Lndry/Ground	Concrete Slab 200 mm: timber (t & g)/ battens/bare	10.60			
Hall/WC/Lndry/Ground	Concrete Slab 200 mm: ceramic tiles/bare	7.00			Ceramic tile
Garage/Outdoor Air	Concrete Slab 200 mm: bare/bare	33.30			
Bed 1/Kitchen/Living	as_FLOR-B012 #1001 © Framed flr with carpet-underfelt on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	29.20		RIU	Carpet 10 + rubber underlay 8
Bed 2/Outdoor Air	as_FLOR-B012 #1001 © Framed flr with carpet-underfelt on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	1.50			Carpet 10 + rubber underlay 8
Bed 2/Kitchen/Living	as_FLOR-B012 #1001 © Framed flr with carpet-underfelt on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	9.30			Carpet 10 + rubber underlay 8
Hall/Bath/Kitchen/Living	as_FLOR-B012 #1002 $\mbox{@}$ Framed flr with timber floor on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	10.00		R1.0	
Hall/Bath/Kitchen/Living	as_FLOR-B012 #1005 © Framed flr with ceramic tiles on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	4.20		R1.0	Ceramic tile
Hall/Bath/Hall/WC/Lndry	, as <code>FLOR-B012 #1002</code> $\mbox{@}$ Framed flr with timber floor on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	6.40		R1.0	
Hall/Bath/Outdoor Air	as_FLOR-B012 #1002 © Framed flr with timber floor on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	1.20		R1.0	
Bed 3/Outdoor Air	as_FLOR-B012 #1001 © Framed flr with carpet-underfelt on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	2.60		RIU	Carpet 10 + rubber underlay 8
Bed 3/Hall/WC/Lndry	as_FLOR-B012 #1001 © Framed flr with carpet-underfelt on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	11.70			Carpet 10 + rubber underlay 8
Roof Space/Bed 1	Plasterboard 10 mm + R4.0 bulk insulation	29.20		R4.0	
Roof Space/Bed 2	Plasterboard 10 mm + R4.0 bulk insulation	11.70		R4.0	
Roof Space/Hall/Bath	Plasterboard 10 mm + R4.0 bulk insulation	21.10		R4.0	
Roof Space/Bed 3	Plasterboard 10 mm + R4.0 bulk insulation	14.80		R4.0	

# Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Bed 1/Kitchen/Living	as_FLOR-B012 #1001 © Framed flr with carpet-underfelt on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under		No
Bed 2/Kitchen/Living	as_FLOR-B012 #1001 © Framed flr with carpet-underfelt on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	R1.0	No
Hall/Bath/Kitchen/Living	as_FLOR-B012 #1002 © Framed flr with timber floor on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	R1.0	No
Hall/Bath/Kitchen/Living	as_FLOR-B012 #1005 © Framed flr with ceramic tiles on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	R1.0	No
Hall/Bath/Hall/WC/Lndry	as_FLOR-B012 #1002 © Framed flr with timber floor on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	R1.0	No
Bed 3/Hall/WC/Lndry	as_FLOR-B012 #1001 $\mbox{@}$ Framed flr with carpet-underfelt on 75mm AAC - PB ceiling under	R1.0	No

### 0005638010 NatHERS Certificate

### 5.1 Star Rating as of 01 Feb 2021

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HOUSE INERCY EATING SCHEM	

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Roof Space/Bed 1	Plasterboard 10 mm + R4.0 bulk insulation	R4.0	No
Roof Space/Bed 2	Plasterboard 10 mm + R4.0 bulk insulation	R4.0	No
Roof Space/Hall/Bath	Plasterboard 10 mm + R4.0 bulk insulation	R4.0	No
Roof Space/Bed 3	Plasterboard 10 mm + R4.0 bulk insulation	R4.0	No

# Ceiling penetrations\*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm²)	Sealed/unsealed
No Data Available				

# **Ceiling** fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
No Data Available		

# Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
Metal deck		85	Dark
as_ROOF-B013.rof #1001 © Concrete slab 200mm - Drained Tile walking surface - no insulation - Susp. Ceiling under		50	Medium
as_ROOF-B013.rof #2016 © Concrete slab 200mm - Drained Tile walking surface - R2.0 insulation under slab - Susp. Ceiling under	R2.0	50	Medium



### **Explanatory notes**

### About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

#### **Accredited assessors**

To ensure the Nathers Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. Nathers accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

#### **Disclaimer**

The format of the Nathers Certificate was developed by the Nathers Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a Nathers Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use Nathers accredited software correctly and follow the Nathers Technical Notes to produce a Nathers Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NathERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHES accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the Nath—ERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

### **Glossary**

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.	
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.	
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chirmeys and flues. Excludes	
	fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.	
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it	
Conditioned	will include garages.	
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.	
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.	
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor	
Litt ance door	in a Class 2 building.	
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).	
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered	
	sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).	
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10me.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.	
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 me.g. city and industrial areas.	
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.	
National Construction Code	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHEPS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4	
(NOC) Class	buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.	
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.	
	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional	
Provisional value	value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at	
	www.nathers.gov.au	
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.	
Poof window	for NatHEPS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and	
Roof window	generally does not have a diffuser.	
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.	
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.	
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released	
	inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.	
<b>Skylight</b> (also known as roof lights)	for NatHEPS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.	
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.	
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.	
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy	
	screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).	