

25 May 2021

The General Manager Pittwater Council PO Box 882 MONA VALE NSW 1660

Dear Sir,

APPLICATION TO MODIFY DEVELOPMENT CONSENT SECTION 4.55 (2) ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENT ACT

Development Application No: DA2020/0193
Date of Determination: 24 April 2020
Premises: Lot 51 DP 1043879

No. 3 Bakers Road, Church Point

Proposed Development: Alterations and additions to a dwelling house

On behalf of Northern Beaches Designs, this submission has been prepared to assist Council in the consideration of an application pursuant to Section 4.55(2) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 to alter the development as approved by Development Consent DA2020/0193.

The application involves a change to the form of the approved additions, together with the deletion of some aspects of the approved works, which will not proceed. The proposed modifications are detailed in the revised architectural plans prepared by Northern Beaches Designs, Project No 1928, Sheets C4.55-1-C4.55-17 dated 8 April 2021.

Other than the various minor modifications to the approved form of the development, the general approved external configuration, height and the dwellings' location on the site remaining largely unchanged.

BACKGROUND

An application for consent for "Alterations and additions to a dwelling house" was approved by Council by Notice of Determination dated 24 April 2020.

The construction of the alterations and additions to the dwelling has commenced.

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PROPOSED MODIFICATIONS

The application involves a change to the form of the approved additions, as detailed in the revised architectural plans prepared by Northern Beaches Designs, Project No 1928, Sheets C4.55-1 – C4.55-17 dated 8 April 2021.

Specifically, the proposed works involve the following changes:

Modifications to approved design:

- Revision to the entry and stair layout to the ground floor level
- Revisions to the privacy screens on the ground floor deck
- Inclusion of a new store area under the ground floor deck
- Provision of new front stone retaining walls to stabilise existing embankment

Works to be deleted from current approval

The following aspects of the original approval are to be deleted and will not be proceeded with in the current application:

- > Skylight in roof over front deck
- > side pathway
- Rear entry awning
- Rear fence

Whilst the works will not see any significant alteration to the approved footprint, the modified proposal is supported by Geotechnical Comments prepared by White Geotechnical Group, under report J2491B dated 5 May 2021.

The comments address the inclusion of the retaining wall and store room area which have been completed and in the opinion of the Geotechnical Consultant, "the proposed changes are considered minor from a geotechnical perspective and do not alter the recommendations of the risk assessment in the original report carried out by this firm numbered J2491 and dated 29 November 2019".

JUSTIFICATION

The Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 provides for the modification of a consent under Section 4.55(2) which notes:

(2) Other modifications

A consent authority may, on application being made by the applicant or any other person entitled to act on a consent granted by the consent authority and subject to and in accordance with the regulations, modify the consent if:

(a) it is satisfied that the development to which the consent as modified relates is substantially the same development as the development for which consent was originally granted and before that consent as originally granted was modified (if at all), and

- b) it has consulted with the relevant Minister, public authority or approval body (within the meaning of Division 4.8) in respect of a condition imposed as a requirement of a concurrence to the consent or in accordance with the general terms of an approval proposed to be granted
 - by the approval body and that Minister, authority or body has not, within 21 days after being consulted, objected to the modification of that consent, and
- (c) it has notified the application in accordance with:
 - (i) the regulations, if the regulations so require, or
 - (ii) a development control plan, if the consent authority is a council that has made a development control plan that requires the notification or advertising of applications for modification of a development consent, and
- d) it has considered any submissions made concerning the proposed modification within the period prescribed by the regulations or provided by the development control plan, as the case may be.

Subsections (1) and (1A) do not apply to such a modification.

Accordingly, for the Council to approve the S4.55 Modification Application, the Council must be satisfied that the development to which the consent as modified relates is substantially the same development as the development for which consent was originally granted.

Legal Tests

To assist in the consideration of whether a development to which the consent as modified relates is substantially the same development as the development for which consent was originally granted, Justice Bignold established the following test in the *Moto Projects (No 2) Pty Ltd v North Sydney Council (1999) 106 LGERA 289* where His Honours states:

[54] The relevant satisfaction required by s96(2)(a) to be found to exist in order that the modification power be available involves an ultimate finding of fact based upon the primary facts found. I must be satisfied that the modified development is substantially the same as the originally approved development.

[55] The requisite factual finding obviously requires a comparison between the development, as currently approved, and the development as proposed to be modified. The result of the comparison must be a finding that the modified development is "essentially or materially" the same as the (currently) approved development.

[56] The comparative task does not merely involve a comparison of the physical features or components of the development as currently approved and modified where that comparative exercise is undertaken in some type of sterile vacuum. Rather, the comparison involves an appreciation, qualitative, as well as quantitative, of the developments being compared in their proper contexts (including the circumstances in which the development consent was granted).

In my opinion, in terms of a "qualitative comparison", the Modification Application is substantially the same development as that which was approved within Consent DA2020/0193.

The works seek to provide for the construction of additions and alterations to an existing dwelling, which are located largely within the approved building footprint and with a scale and form which is generally consistent with the original approval.

Some aspects of the original approval are to be deleted and will not receive under this consent.

The revised design does not introduce any significant issues for the neighbouring properties in terms of view loss or privacy.

When viewed from the public domain or from the neighbouring properties, the development will largely present the same visual impact and appearance to that originally approved.

Similarly, the application is substantially the same development when subjected to a "quantitative comparison", as the works will continue to provide for a "Alterations and additions a dwelling house" in a location and in a form which is consistent with the consent.

In my view, this application is substantially the same as the original application when considered in the context of the Bignold J determination and the application can be reasonably assessed by Council under S4.55 of the Act.

Conclusion

The test established in **Moto** requires both a quantitative and a qualitative assessment.

In terms of the quantitative extent of the changes to the originally approved development, the works which are the subject of the application are minor and do not inherently alter the nature and form of the additions to the dwelling as originally approved by Council.

The proposal also satisfies the qualitative assessment required by the Moto test. The modifications will result in a development which remains generally as approved, for the same purpose and with no substantive modifications to the physical appearance of the approved building.

Consistent with the Court decision in **Moto**, the Council would be satisfied that the development as modified would remain essentially or materially the same as the approved development.

This Court decision also makes clear that the Council has the power to approve the Modification Application.

The proposed modification is justified on the basis that:

- The proposed works are generally consistent with the application as initially lodged and as detailed under the original Notice of Determination dated 24 April 2020.
- The proposal is "substantially" the same development, as defined by the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act.

Council's support of the modification to the form of the proposed development is sought in this instance.

Please contact me on 9999 4922 or 0412 448 088 should you wish to discuss these proposed amendments.

Yours faithfully,

VAUGHAN MILLIGAN

Vaughan Milligan