

# ACCESSIBILITY CONSULTANTS AND DESIGNERS

Shop -Top Development, 1-3 Gondola Rd, North Narrabeen, NSW, 2101.

> **Development Application Access and Adaptability Report-**

26.03.2024 **Obvius Access Consultants** For Brett Crowther as Clients of MAI Mackenzie Architects







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Development Application (DA) Access and Adaptability Report -1-3 Gondola Rd, North Narrabeen, NSW.

#### Introduction

This Development Application (DA) Access Report is for the purpose of Mackenzie Architects International Architects (MAI) to prioritise and recommend actions to be undertaken in accordance with the Northern Beaches Council LGA - Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan and the Disability Discrimination Act (Cwlth) 1992 (DDA) and the NSW Anti-Discrimination Act (NSW) 1977 (NADA).

Obvius Access was commissioned by Brett Crowther as Clients of MAI to undertake a DA submission Access Report of the proposed development of a multi-storey mixed use building with classifications consisting of Class 2 dwellings and Class 6 commercial units at 1-3 Gondola Road North Narrabeen NSW.

Accordingly, the report has been divided into three sections. Firstly 'Public Building and Common Areas', which must comply with the National Construction Code of Australia (NCC) and The Disability (Access to Premises- Building Standards 2010 (the Premises Standards).

Secondly the report will cover 'Visitable and Adaptable Dwellings' in accordance with adaptable housing standard AS. 4299:1995 Class C and Thirdly the report will cover 'LHA Silver Level Dwellings' in accordance with Livable Housing Design Guidelines.

This report is to provide an accessibility appraisal to determine the consistency of design with the NCC, Premises Standards, Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan and the State Environmental Planning Policy 65 (SEPP 65) Apartment Design Guideline (APG). In order to meet compliance with the accessible design requirements for people with disabilities and thereby reduce the risk to the client of complaint under Disability Discrimination Laws at both State and Federal Level. The information in this report is only relevant to the referenced drawings in this project and is not transferable to other projects.

# Project No 15/19 Drawings/Details Received from MAI.

Dwg No	Title	Issue	Dwg No	Title	Issue
A0001	COVERPAGE	А	A2101	SECTIONS	А
A0002	SITE ANALYSIS	А	A3001	GFA CALCULATIONS	А
A0003	SITE ANALYSIS P2	А	A3002	LANDSCAPE CALCULATIONS	А
A0004	DEMOLITION PLAN	А	A3003	DEEP SOIL CALCULATIONS	Α
A0006	SITE PLAN	Α	A3004	BUILDING HEIGHT PLANE	Α
A1001	BASEMENT PLAN	А	A3005	COMMUNAL OPEN SPACE	А
A1002	GROUND FLOOR PLAN	А	A3006	CROSS-VENTILATION	А
A1003	FIRST FLOOR PLAN	А	A3007	PRE-ADAPTABLE/SILVER	А
A1004	SECOND FLOOR PLAN	А	A3008	POST ADAPTABLE	А
A1005	ROOF PLAN	А	A3009	SAMPLE BOARD	А
A2001	NORTH & EAST ELEVATIONS	А	A4102	SHADOW DIAGRAM 12PM	А
A2002	SOUTH & WEST ELEVATIONS	А	A4103	SHADOW DIAGRAM 3PM	А

This Development Application (DA) Access Report has covered the following building and associated facilities where applicable:

- 1. Continuous Accessible Paths of travel
- 2. Principal Pedestrian Entrance
- 3. Lighting
- 4. Accessible Car parking
- 5. Walkways Ramps and Landings
- 6. Stairways
- 7. Lifts
- 8. Tactile Ground Surface Indicators
- 9. Doorways
- 10. External Walkways and Corridors
- 11. Customer Service Area
- 12. Hearing Augmentation
- 13. Common Facilities
- 14. Luminance Contrast
- 15. Sanitary Facilities- Unisex Accessible WC
- 16. Signage
- 17. Emergency Egress

## Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan

The Pittwater 21 DCP in Section C1.9 -Adaptable Housing and Accessibility lists Outcomes and Control as follows:

#### **Outcomes**

- The community's lifecycle housing needs are met within Pittwater through well designed adaptable housing.
- All members of the community enjoy equitable access to buildings to which the general public have access.
- Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability is accessible, adaptable and safe.
- Equitable access in the public domain.

#### **Controls**

The Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan in Section C clause C1.9 requires 20% of dwellings to be provided in accordance with the Adaptable Housing Standard AS 4299:1995 Class 'C'.

# SEPP 65 ADG 4 Q (1).

# Objective

4Q-1 Universal design features are included in apartment design to promote flexible housing for all community members.

SEPP 65 ADG 4 Q (1)-Design guidance

Developments are to achieve a benchmark of 20% of the total apartments incorporating the Livable Housing Guideline's silver level universal design features.

# **Disability Discrimination Act 1992**

The following, such as Property Developers, Property Owners, Building Designers, Builders, Building Certifiers, Project Managers, and Project Lessees have a responsibility, under the Federal Disability Discrimination Act (DDA), to provide equitable, dignified access to goods and services and to premises used by the public. Premises are broadly defined and would include all areas within the premises.

The DDA provides uniform protection against unfair and unfavourable treatment for people with a disability in Australia. It also makes it unlawful to discriminate against a person who is an 'associate' (such as a friend, carer or family member).

Disability is broadly defined and includes disabilities which are:

- physical;
- intellectual;
- psychiatric;
- neurological;
- cognitive or sensory (a hearing or vision impairment);
- learning difficulties;
- · physical disfigurement; and
- the presence in the body of disease causing organisms.

This broad definition means that everyone with a disability is protected. The Act supports the principle that people with a disability have the same fundamental rights as the rest of the community.

Provisions apply to a wide range of life activities including:

- access to premises used by the public;
- education;
- provision of goods and services;
- employment;
- administration of commonwealth laws and programs.

When a person with a disability wants to utilise premises including all buildings, outdoor spaces, car parking areas, pathways and facilities, then equitable, dignified access must be provided.

A complaint can be made under the DDA, if appropriate access is not provided or direct or indirect discrimination has occurred.

# Disability (Access to Premises – Buildings) Standards 2010

The Disability (Access to Premises – Buildings) Standards 2010\_(the Premises Standards/Access Code) commenced on 1 May 2011. Any application for a building approval for a new building or upgrade of an existing building on or after that date will trigger the application of the Premises Standards/Access Code.

The Premises Standards harmonise the requirements of the NCC and the DDA in relation to access to buildings through incorporation of the Access Code into the NCC. The Access Code forms *Schedule 1* of the Premises Standards and contains its technical requirements. The Premises Standards provide greater access to buildings for people with a disability and provide certainty to the building industry by establishing building standards, which comply with the intent of the DDA.

#### **The National Construction Code NCC**

The National Construction Code (NCC), in conjunction with the DDA, applies to new buildings and buildings undergoing significant refurbishment or alteration. Sections of the NCC require compliance with a range of access provisions. The NCC outlines a variety of building classifications and the requirements for access to buildings within each classification.

## Class 2 – Public space and Common Areas

In accordance with the NCC and Access Code of the Premises Standards common areas within a Class 2 building are required to be accessible to a person with a disability. Accordingly, access is required from the entrance, i.e. the principal pedestrian entrance of at least one floor containing Sole-Occupancy Units SOUs and to the entrance door of each SOUs located on that level. In addition, the NCC and Access Code requires access to be provided for a person with a disability to the door of each SOU on levels served by a ramp complying with AS 1428.1:2009 or a passenger lift - as in this case.

The above requirement of the NCC for access to common areas of a Class 2 building would also apply to the Premises Standards - although with specific reference to (SOUs), which are made available for short-term rent. Notwithstanding the NCC still applies and therefore common areas of a Class 2 building must be accessible to a person with a disability regardless of whether or not the SOUs are made available for short-term rent.

The minimum requirement under the NCC is to provide access to the common areas; this is interpreted as 'the plane of the door opening' to the SOU's - but not 'to and through the door'. Although according to the interpretation of the Australian Human Rights Commission, the doorway and door are both part of the common area and consequently should comply with the requirements of AS 1428.1:2009. However, the Adaptable Housing Standard AS 4299:1995 Units must have access to and through the door to the SOUs, so that they meet the intent of an adaptable/visitable dwelling, ensuring a person with a disability can visit, purchase or rent. Therefore, access to the adaptable and visitable units, including the circulation outside the doorways and doors must comply with AS 1428.1:2009

# The following Laws, Regulations and Standards form part of the reference for this report:

Disability Discrimination Act (1992)-Section 24 Access to Goods Services and Facilities;

Disability (Access to Premises (Buildings) Standard s2010 (Premises Standards); Australian Human Rights Commission- Advisory Notes on Streetscape Public Outdoor areas, Fixtures, Fittings and Furniture;

Australian Standard 1428.1 (2009) Design for access and mobility – General Requirements for access – New building work;

Australian Standard 1428.1 (2009) supplement;

Australian Standard 1428.2 (1992); Design for access and mobility - Enhanced and additional requirement-Buildings and facilities;

Australian Standard 1428.4.1 (2009) Design for access and mobility - Means to assist the orientation of people with vision impairment - Tactile Ground Surface Indicators; Australian Standard 1428.5 (2010) Design for access and mobility – Communication for people who are deaf or hearing impaired;

Australian Standard 1735.12 (1999); Lifts, escalators and moving walks Part 12: Facilities for persons with disabilities;

Australian Standard 2890.6 (2009) Parking facilities - Off-street parking for people with disabilities;

Australian Standard 2890.1 (2004) Parking facilities—Off-street car parking;

Australian Standard 1680.0 (2009) Interior Lighting Safe Movement;

Australian Standard 1158.3.1 (2020) Lighting for roads and public spaces - Pedestrian area (Category P) lighting - Performance and design requirements;

Australian Standard 4586 (2013) Slip Resistance Clarification of New Pedestrian Surface Materials;

National Construction Code 2022;

New South Wales Anti-Discrimination Act (1977); Section 49M Provision of Goods and Services;

Livable Housing Design Guidelines-Fourth Edition;

Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan;

SEPP 65 ADG; and

Australian Standard 4299 (1995) Adaptable Housing.

#### **Common Areas**

An accessible path travel is provided from the residential lobby to the Roof level communal open space and ground floor temporary garbage holding area.

# **Development Summary:**

The development at 1-3 Gondola Road, North Narrabeen, NSW.

comprises of two ground floor commercial units and 14 residential Units located on levels 1 & 2 and a roof level communal open space.

The developments car parking spaces are provided at the basement level and ground floor level.

The main pedestrian entry to the development is provided from the basement level pathway at Gondola Road.

The commercial units, residential units, basement, and ground floor carparks are serviced by two passenger lifts.

A passenger lift provides an accessible path of travel from the main pedestrian entry at the basement level to the ground floor. Access is also available via a stairway to comply with AS1428.1:2009 from the basement pedestrian entry level to the ground floor.

A second passenger lift provides access to all storeys inside the development being the basement carpark level, ground floor, level 1, level 2, and the roof top communal open space.

The above mentioned stories at the development comprise the following building elements and facilities.

#### **Basement level**

- 3 Accessible car spaces to comply with AS4299:1995 and AS 2890.6 allocated to Adaptable units 106, 107 & 206;
- One Caretakers sanitary facility;
- Resident and Commercial garbage rooms; and
- One bulk waste room.

#### **Ground level**

- One Accessible sanitary facility for use by the commercial units;
- Two commercial units;
- Five Ev charging bays;
- Three visitor carparking bays including one visitor accessible car space to comply with AS 2890.6;
- Ten commercial parking bays including one accessible car space to comply with AS 2890.6:2009 allocated to the two commercial units;
- One loading/car wash bay; and
- One temporary garbage holding area.

#### Level 1

 Seven residential units which includes Adaptable and LHA Silver Units 106 and 107.

#### Level 2

• Seven residential units which includes Adaptable and LHA Silver Unit 207.

# Communal open space

• One accessible sanitary facility for use by residents.

The vehicular access is provided from Minarto lane via a vehicular ramp to the basement carpark. The continuous accessible path of travel is then provided from the basement passenger lift which provide access to the ground floor levels 1, level 2 and the roof top communal open space.

The development comprises of 14 residential units spread over levels 1- 2. There are three adaptable units, numbers 106, 107 and 207 designed to Adaptable Housing Standard AS 4299:1995 Class 'C' which equates to 21.4% of dwellings, to comply with the Pittwater 21 DCP in Section C1.9 minimum 20% requirement.

There are a total of three Universal Design Livable Housing Design (LHA) silver level units namely numbers 106. 107 and 207 (which also include AS 4299:1995 Class 'C' design), which equates to 21.4% of dwellings to comply with the SEPP 65 ADG 4 Q (1) minimum requirement of 20%.

## **Access Report**

Prepared By: John Bedwell, Accredited Member 382 Association of Consultants Access Australia (ACAA) NDIS SDA Accredited Assessor No SDA00042 - LHA Design Guideline Assessor Registration No 20258- Changing Places Assessor CP047

**Note:** The objective of the reference TBA at CC Stage (to be advised at construction stage) as listed in the compliant column is to provide the DA Assessment Panel the assurance that the compliance requirements are recognised and must be an essential part of the post DA submission as part of the Design Development process and will be implemented prior to the construction stage (CC) submission.

This report is produced in a tabulated format, of which we have found is preferred by the majority of audit reviewers.

Name of Building: Section1 Public Building and Common Areas

Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
1.1	Continuous	Access to the building from	A continuous accessible path of	When constructing a new building	Yes.
	Accessible Path	the allotment boundary and	travel to the building needs to be	a continuous accessible path of	
	of Travel.	from the accessible car	available for pedestrians at the	travel must be provided from the	
		parking.	site entrance, car park and the	principal site entrance at the	
			principal entrance.	allotment boundary and lead to	
				the principal entrance. The	
			Should a continuous accessible	pathway should be separated from	
			path of travel be unavailable this	the vehicular site entry to ensure	
			may prevent the premises from	safety for pedestrians.	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
			being safely negotiated by people	Also, a continuous accessible path	
			with disabilities, parents with	of travel must be provided from	
			prams or older people.	the designated accessible car	
				parking space on the allotment in	
			Although in accordance with <i>The</i>	accordance with the NCC D4D3	
			Disability (Access to Premises –	(1).	
			Buildings) Standards 2010 and	This continuous and accessible	
			the National Construction Code	path of travel must be provided,	
			an accessway must be a minimum	which must not incorporate any	
			width of 1000mm this will be	steps, stairway, kerb, hazard or	
			insufficient for some users.	other impediment which would	
			Therefore, to meet best practice	prevent the premises from being	
			ensure the path width is 1800mm	safely negotiated by older people,	
			to allow for two wheelchair users	people with disabilities, parents	
			to pass in opposite directions in	with prams etc.	
			accordance with AS 1428.2:1992	Separate to this the Premises	
			Clause 6.5.	Standards also requires an	
				accessway through the principal	
				pedestrian entrance in accordance	
				with the NCC D4D3 (2).	
1.2	Continuous	Floor and Ground Surfaces.	Safety must be ensured by the	Floor and Ground surfaces are to	Capable of
	Accessible Path		use of slip resistant surfaces with	comply with AS 1428.1:2009	compliance.
	of Travel.		a smooth transition of 0mm to	Clause 7 .1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4 and 7.5.	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
			prevent slippage, trips, stumbles		TBA at CC
			or falls.	All external floor surfaces leading	Stage.
				to dwellings, common areas and	
				car parking are to comply with AS	
				4586:2013, to ensure slip	
				resistance.	
2.1	Principal	All Principal public	In accordance with Disability	The principal entrances to the	Yes.
	Pedestrian	pedestrian entrances shall	(Access – Buildings) Standards	development and commercial unit	
	Entrance.	include wide level step free	2010	principal entrances must	
		access for use by all people	Part 2.1 (b) (iii) access which	have a minimum clear opening	
		in accordance with	complies with AS 1428.1:2009 (as	width of 850mm provided to the	
		AS.1428.1:2009.	a minimum) must be provided to	active leaf of the door in	
			the principal entrance.	accordance with AS.1428.1:2009	
			Accordingly, should the weight of	Clause 13.	
			the door to the principal entrance		
			be too heavy or the door controls		
			difficult to operate this may		
			present a barrier to people who	The force of the door must comply	Capable of
			use mobility devices, people who	with Clause AS 1428.1:2009 13.5.2	compliance.
			are ambulant or older people and	(e).	TBA at CC
			parents with prams.		Stage.



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
2.2	Principal	All public Pedestrian	Should insufficient circulation	Provide the principal entrance	Yes.
	Pedestrian	Entrances.	space exist for a user of a mobility	doorway and secondary entrance	
	Entrance.		device this could prevent	doorways at the centre with	
			independent access through	clearance space available to the	
			doorways in both directions.	latch side (WL dimension) and	
				hinge side (WH dimension) in	
				accordance with AS 1428.1-2009	
				Clause 13.3. Fig 31 and 32.	
2.3	Principal	All Public Pedestrian	Frameless glazing and glazed	Where glass walls or glass doors	Capable of
	Pedestrian	Entrance.	doors, which do not have a	are evident, and no transom	compliance.
	Entrance.		transom or chair rail must still be	exists, a band of luminance	TBA at CC
			distinguished from an opening,	contrast must be provided, which	Stage.
			where there is no handrail or	has 30% with the surface viewed	
			transom provided to the glass.	against at 45 degrees, to prevent	
				the glazing from being mistaken	
				for an opening.	
				The band of luminance contrast	
				must be opaque and placed on	
				both sides of the glazing in	
				accordance with AS1428.1-(2009)	
				Clause 6.6. The band of luminance	
				contrast must be solid, 75mm	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				wide and extend across the full	
				width of the glazing and be located	
				with the lower edge of the bottom	
				of the band between 900mm and	
				1000mm above the FFL.	
3.1	Lighting External	Lighting levels to the	A continuous accessible path of	Lighting should not create pools of	Capable of
	and Internal.	external and Internal paths	travel should have sufficient	light or shadows to pathways steps	compliance.
		of travel to the dwellings	illumination levels to ensure	or ramps that can cause problems	TBC at CC
		and from the car parking.	safety for the public such as older	for people with vision impairment.	Stage.
			people and people with vision		
			impairment of whom require	The lighting must meet the	Lighting
			enhanced levels of illumination.	requirements of AS 1158.3.1	consultant to advise.
				(2020) and AS 2890.1:2004 as a	auvise.
				minimum.	
				Common corridors and lift Lobbies	
				should be illuminated to support	
				passive surveillance to meet	
				principles of Crime Prevention	
				Through Environmental Design –	
				CPTED.	
				Internal lighting is to comply with	
				AS 1680.0 :( 2009).	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
4.1	Accessible Car	Accessible car parking for	The location of the designated	The number of allocated	Yes.
	parking.	people with disabilities.	accessible space should be	accessible car parking spaces for	
			located close to the carpark	the commercial units complies	
			passenger lifts. A car parking	with the requirement of NCC Part	
			space should be designated and	D4D6 (2)(c).	
			accessible for a person with a	Parking for people with disabilities	
			disability.	should comply with AS	
				2890.6:2009 Clause 2.2.1.	
				The compliant layout of the car	
				parking for a person with	
				disabilities must comply with	
				Clause 2.2 and as shown in Fig 2.1	
				and 2.3 of AS 2890.6:2009.	
				The International Symbol of Access	
				for people with disability is	
				required to be marked with the	
				space.	
4.2	All Accessible Car	Accessible car parking for	Sufficient height to the entrance	In accordance with AS 2890.6:2009	Capable of
	parking.	people with disabilities.	of the basement car park must be	Clause 2.4, sufficient height of at	compliance.
			provided to ensure access for cars	least 2200mm is to be provided to	TBC at CC
			with hoists and folded	the basement entrance and	Stage.
				leading to the accessible space.	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
			wheelchairs - mounted to the	Although in accordance with best	
			roof of the car.	practice an entrance height of	
				2400mm with 2350mm height	
			Once the car is parked, there	warning bars is recommended.	
			must also be sufficient vertical		
			height for a roof mounted hoist	In accordance with AS 2890.6:2009	
			to be deployed. This involves the	Clause 2.4, there is to be sufficient	
			hoisting and unpacking of the	headroom of at least 2500mm	
			roof mounted wheelchair from	provided directly above the	
			the flat position on the roof of	designated space (and shared	
			the car.	space adjacent) for a roof	
				mounted hoist to be deployed.	
4.3	Accessible Car	Accessible parking spaces for	The car parking space should	Designated parking spaces for	Yes.
	parking-	people with Disabilities.	have sufficient space to be	adaptable units must comply with	
	Resident		accessible.	AS4299:1995 and AS 2890.6 in	
	adaptable Units			accordance with the Pittwater 21	
				Development Control Plan. The	
				adaptable car spaces are not	
				required to display the	
				International Symbol of Access in	
				accordance AS 1428.1:2009 Clause	
				8.2.1 and AS 2890.6:2009 Clause	
				3.1.	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
4.4	All Accessible Car	Gradient to basement car	If the gradient to the car park is	In accordance with AS 2890.6:2009	Yes.
	parking	park.	too steep this could present a	Clause 2.3, each parking space and	
			hazard for a person with a	associated walking and unloading	
			disability in which a mobility	areas must not exceed a gradient	
			device could roll and reduce the	of 1:40 in any direction, for a	
			stability of a person when	concrete surface and 1:33 if the	
			transferring from the car into	surface is a bituminous seal.	
			their wheelchair.		
5.1	Walkways,	A Threshold Ramp along a	If raised thresholds are provided	In accordance with the NCC D4D2	Yes
	Ramps and	continuous accessible path	to doorways, they can be difficult	Access must be provided to	
	Landings.	of travel (if required) at the	for users of mobility devices to	common areas, facilities and	
		doorway of the pedestrian	negotiate.	adaptable & LHA dwellings within	
		entry.		the building that the occupants	
				normally use	
				Should there be a threshold that	
				exceeds 3mm a threshold ramp	
				must be provided, which	
				complies with AS1428.1:2009	
				Clause 10.5.	
				The ramp must have slip	
				resistance in accordance with the	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				NCC Table D3D15 and AS	
				4586:2013.	
5.2	Walkways,	Circulation space to	Should insufficient circulation	In accordance with NCC Part	Yes.
	Ramps and	common areas, facilities and	space or non-compliant ramps	D4D4(c) (ii) (A) provide a minimum	
	Landings.	entrances of adaptable and	and walkways exist for a user of a	space of 2070mm in the path of	
		LHA units.	mobility device this could prevent	travel and 1540mm width at the	
			independent access to lifts and to	end of a communal external	
			the door of commercial units and	walkway/ramp within 2m of the	
			to the dwellings.	end of the walkway. A space of	
				2070mm x 1540mm is to be	
				relatively flat with a gradient no	
				steeper than 1:40 and provided at	
				the end of a walkway/ramp to	
				enable a person in a mobility	
				device to manoeuvre 180°.	
5.3	Walkways,	Circulation space to	Should insufficient circulation	In accordance with NCC Part	Yes.
	Ramps and	common areas, facilities and	space or non-compliant ramps	D4D4(c) (ii) (B) provide a minimum	
	Landings.	entrances of Adaptable and	and walkways exist for a user of a	space of 2070mm in the path of	
		LHA units.	mobility device this could prevent	travel and 1540mm width at	
			independent access to lifts and to	intervals of a maximum of every	
			the door of townhouses.	20m along a walkway or ramp. A	
				space of 2070mm x 1540mm must	
				be relatively flat with a gradient no	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				steeper than 1:40 and provided at	
				intervals to enable a person in a	
				mobility device to manoeuvre 180°	
				as mentioned above.	
5.4	Walkways,	Walkways of 1:33-1:20 along	The walkways along a continuous	If the pathway is classed as a	Yes
	Ramps and	a continuous accessible path	access path of travel must	'Walkway' (with a gradient of 1:20	
	Landings.	of travel.	provide a safe path of access.	to 1:33) an extended surface at	
			Should a pathway have a	the same grade abutting the side	
			moderate incline of 1:33-1:20 the	of the walkway is required, no less	
			surface abutting the side of the	than 600mm. Alternatively a wall	
			walkway must extend at the same	of 450mm high is required or	
			grade for 600mm to prevent a	handrail and kerb rail which	
			person with a vision impairment	complies with AS 1428.1:2009	
			stumbling on a surface which is at	Clause 10.2.	
			a different grade.		
			The crossfalls must ensure	Should a wall of 450mm be	
			adequate drainage to all areas	provided it should have colour	
			including internal and external	luminance contrast with the	
			and ensure sufficient drainage to	adjacent surfaces.	
			surfaces.		
5.5	Walkways,	Requirements for landings	The walkways and ramps must	The walkways and ramps must	Yes.
	Ramps and	associated with ramps and	have landings to the top, bottom	comply with AS 1428.1:2009	
	Landings.	walkways.	and at intermediate levels to	Clause 10.1. The landing/resting	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
			provide resting platforms and	space must be located in	
			circulation at doorways in	accordance with AS 1428.1:2009	
			accordance with AS 1428.1:2009	Clause 10.1. Accordingly, landings	
			Clause 10.1.	are required at all changes of	
				direction at the top and bottom of	
				all walkways and ramps, and at	
				pre-determined intervals	
				according to walkway and ramp	
				gradients.	
				For 1:20 walkways a landing must	
				be provided at intervals no greater	
				than 15m.The landings must have	
				a gradient no steeper than 1:40.	
5.6	Walkways,	Handrails to ramps (and	The handrails must provide	A pathway is classified a ramp	N/A
	Ramps and	walkways where necessary).	sufficient protection and support	when it is steeper than 1:20 and	
	Landings.		for people who are ambulant or	accordingly handrails and kerb	
			in mobility device by means of a	rails must be provided to comply	
			handrail and kerb rail.	in accordance with AS	
				1428.1:2009 Clause 12 and	
				1428.1:2009 Figure 19 and 29.	
				The handrails must have a profile	
				that complies with AS 1428.1:2009	
				Figure 29.	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				The clear width between ramp	
				handrails must be minimum	
				1000mm to comply with D2D8 of	
				the National Construction Code	
				and AS1428.1 2009.	
				The heights of the handrail must	
				be between 865-1000mm.	
				The top and bottom of the ramp	
				must have a 300mm horizontal	
				extension. The handrails must	
				terminate with a downturn at the	
				handles of 180° at the beginning	
				and end of the ramp. Alternatively,	
				the handrail can be returned fully	
				to an end post or wall face.	
5.7	Walkways,	Warning Tactile Ground	Where used, TGSIs must have	Provide warning TGSI to the top	N/A
	Ramps and	Surface Indicators (TGSIs) to	luminance contrast with the	and bottom of a ramp to comply in	
	Landings.	Ramps.	surrounding surface.	accordance with AS 1428.4.1:2009	
			This is to enable people with	Clause 2.3.3.	
			vision impairment to identify the	The TGSIs should be setback	
			location of TGSIs in	300mm 10+/- from the top and	
			accordance with AS:1428.4.1	bottom of the ramp and also	
			2009 Clause 2.2. Accordingly,	intermediate landings if the	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
			Stainless Steel TGSIs are not	handrails are not continuous	
			recommended as they do not	throughout the flight of the ramp.	
			provide sufficient luminance	The TGSIs must have a minimum	
			contrast when placed against	30% luminance contrast with the	
			concrete. Should Integrated TGSIs	surrounding surface (for	
			be incorporated (which are	integrated units) or 45% (For	
			typically integrated within a tile),	discrete units) or 60% (For	
			the tile can be a trip hazard if not	composite units).	
			installed correctly therefore they	The profile of all Warning TGSIs	
			must not be applied directly on	must comply with AS	
			top of the substrate, the tile	1428.4.1:2009 Fig 2.1.	
			should be recessed so		
			that it is flush with the substrate.		
5.9	Walkways,	Step Ramps to comply in	Ramps should not cause fatigue	Step ramps must be provided	N/A
	Ramps and	accordance with AS 1428.1:	for older people or people with	with a gradient no steeper than	
	Landings.	2009 Clause 10.6	an ambulant disability.	1:10 and length no greater than	
				1900mm. Step ramps must be	
				provided in accordance with AS	
				1428.1: 2009 Clause 10.6.	
6.1	Stairways.	Stair handrails to all	Handrails must be provided	Stair handrails to common and	Capable of
		common and non-fire	to all stairways to ensure	non-fire isolated stairways must	compliance.
		isolated stairways serving a	stability for people who are	comply with AS1428.1:2009.	TBA at CC
		change in level.	ambulant, who have a	Handrails must comply with	Stage.



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
			mobility impairment or vision impairment. The handrail profile must ensure a continuous passage of the hand along the handrail with no obstruction within a 270° arc of the handrail.	AS1428.1-2009. Clause 12 and Fig 29 (a) and (b). The heights of the handrail must be between 865-1000mm.  All stairs must have extensions of the handrail of at least one tread from the last riser and an additional 300mm horizontally at the bottom. At the top the stairs must have a 300mm horizontal extension. The handrails must terminate with a downturn at the handles of 180° at the beginning and end of the stair. Alternatively, the handrail can be returned fully to an end post or wall face.	
6.2	Stairways.	All common and non-fire isolated stairways serving a change in level.	Handrails to both sides of stairways help prevent Loss of balance ascending or descending stairways.	Handrails must be provided on both sides of stairways that are required to comply with AS 1428.1:2009.  The clear width between stair	Capable of compliance. TBA at CC Stage.



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				handrails must be minimum	
				1000mm to comply with D2D8 of	
				the National Construction Code	
				and AS1428.1 2009.	
6.4	Stairways.	Stair nosing to all stairways	Luminance contrast is	Bands of luminance contrast on	Capable of
		serving a change in level.	required to all stair nosing so	stair nosing shall be in	compliance.
			that they are clearly defined.	accordance with AS.1428.1	TBA at CC
				Clause 11.1 with a band of	Stage.
				luminance contrast of 50-75mm	
				wide.	
				All stair surfaces such as nosing	
				contrast, treads and landings	
				must have slip resistance in	
				accordance with the NCC Table	
				D3D15 and AS 4586:2013.	
6.5	Stairways.	Warning Tactile Ground	Where used, TGSIs must have	All stairs, except fire isolated	Capable of
		Surface Indicators (TGSIs) to	luminance contrast with the	stairs, must contain Warning	compliance.
		all common and non-fire	surrounding surface. This is to	TGSIs to the top and bottom of	TBA at CC
		isolated stairways serving a	enable people with vision	the stairway setback 300mm	Stage.
		change in level.	impairment to identify the	10+/- from the hazard.	
			location of TGSIs in	The TGSIs must have a minimum	
			accordance with AS:1428.4.1	30% luminance contrast with the	
			2009 Clause 2.2.	surrounding surface (for	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				integrated units) or 45% (For	
				discrete units) or 60% (For	
				composite units).	
				The profile of all Warning TGSIs	
				must comply with AS	
				1428.4.1:2009 Fig 2.1.	
7.1	Lifts.	Passengers lift serving a	The passenger lift must meet	The passenger lifts must comply	Capable of
		change of level.	the requirements of the NCC	with the NCC part E3D7 Passenger	compliance.
			part E3D7, E3D8 and E3D3.	lift types and their limitations and	Lift
				NCC part E3D8 Accessible features	consultant to
				required for passenger lifts.	advise.
				Accordingly, the lift must comply	
				with the following:	
				<ul> <li>When the lift travels greater</li> </ul>	
				than 12m at least one Internal	
				lift car size must be a minimum	
				1400mm x 2000mm (between	
				linings) to accommodate a 600	
				mm wide x 2000 mm long x	
				1400 mm stretcher in	
				accordance with NCC E3D3.	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				(if the lift travels less than 12m) Internal lift car size of 1100mm x 1400mm as a minimum (between linings)	
				<ul> <li>1400mm x 1600 is preferred as best practice.</li> <li>A low-rise platform lift must not travel more than 1000mm.</li> </ul>	
				A clear opening of the doors must comply with AS 1735:12:1999 with a clear opening of at least 900mm.	
				<ul> <li>Passenger protection system complying with AS 1735:12, (if the lift is to be provided with a power operated door).</li> </ul>	
				<ul> <li>Lift car and landing control buttons complying with AS 1735.12:1999.</li> </ul>	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				Lighting in accordance with AS	
				1735.12:1999.	
				Handrail complying with the provisions of AS 1735.12:1999.  Emergency hands-free communication, including a button that alerts a call centre of a problem and a light to signal	
		2 115	150	that the call has been received.	
7.2	Lifts.	Passenger lifts serving a change of level.	A passenger lift must provide independent access by ensuring a person can operate the lift controls.	The passenger lifts must comply with the NCC part E3D7 Passenger lift types and their limitations and NCC part E3D8 Accessible features required for passenger lifts as a minimum, which states the following:  In an accessible building, every passenger lift must:  (c) not rely on a constant pressure device for its operation if the lift car is fully enclosed.	Capable of compliance.  Lift consultant to advise.



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				The constant pressure controls can	
				be a barrier for people with a	
				disability for reasons that they	
				disadvantage people such as older	
				people or people with impaired	
				motor skills, or other hand	
				impairment. Consequently, these	
				impairments may prevent a	
				person from sustaining pressure	
				on the controls during the journey.	
				Therefore, automated controls	
				that comply with AS 1735.12 and	
				NCC part E3D7 and E3D8 are	
				necessary, requiring only single	
				activation with a reduced force of	
				2-5 Newton or if tactile symbols	
				are located on the buttons a force	
				of 3.5-5 Newton.	
				The lifts must comply with all	
				requirements of the NCC as	
				applicable under Part E3.	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
8.1	Tactile Ground	Application of Warning	A hazard could exist for	If the motorist view is blocked and	Capable of
	Surface	TGSIs to distinguish the	pedestrians with vision	the accessway and vehicular way	compliance.
	Indicators	pedestrian pathway from	impairment on Six Avenue at the	are at the same grade, provide	TBC at CC
	(TGSIs).	the hazard of the	site boundary, if the car park	warning TGSIs setback 300mm +/-	Stage.
		carriageway at the same	driveway is at the same grade as	10mm from the vehicular	
		grade.	the pedestrian pathway and the	accessway in accordance with Fig	
			view for the motorist is	C12 AS 1428.4.1:2009 and Clause	
			obstructed when appearing from	2.5.	
			the basement. Consequently, a		
			blind person or a vision-impaired		
			person could accidentally stray		
			from the pathway into the path		
			of an approaching vehicle.		
9.1	Doorways.	The clear opening doorway	Insufficient clearance dimensions	To comply with the NCC Part	Capable of
		widths to the principal	for wheelchairs, or prams at gates	D4D3 All doors and gates to the	compliance.
		entrance, secondary	and doorways.	commercial units, common areas,	TBC at CC
		entrances, common areas		and entrance doors to the	Stage.
		and the doorways to		adaptable and LHA dwellings	
		adaptable, LHA and standard		must have a clear opening width	
		unit.		of at least 850mm. Accordingly	
				the door schedule should indicate	
				at least 920mm door leaves.	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				To comply with the NCC Part D4D3	
				(5) a double door must have a	
				clear opening width of 850mm to	
				the active door leaf in accordance	
				with AS1428.1:2009.	
9.2	Doorways.	Circulation space required to	Should insufficient circulation	Provide circulation to ground	Capable of
		access the principal	space exist for a user of a mobility	floor common doorways and	compliance.
		entrance, secondary	device this could prevent	basement common doors.	TBC at CC
		entrances, common areas	independent access through	Provide doorway circulation	Stage.
		and the doorways to	doorways in both directions.	space to the entries of adaptable	
		adaptable and LHA units.		and LHA units with clearance	
				space available to the latch side	
				(WL dimension) and hinge side	
				(WH dimension) to comply with	
				AS 1428.1:2009 Clause 13 Fig 31	
				and 32. Provide landings at	
				doorways with gradients no	
				steeper than 1:40 in accordance	
				with AS 1428.1:2009 Clause 10.1.	
9.3	Doorways.	Door Handles to the	Ensure all doors can be opened	All doors forming part of a	Capable of
		principal entrance,	or locked by a person with	continuous accessible path of	compliance.
		secondary entrances,	limited dexterity or a person	travel must have 'D' handles for	
		common areas and the	who cannot grasp or twist their	people with a hand impairment or	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
		doorways to adaptable and	wrist. A door may be unable to	limited dexterity. The Door	TBC at CC
		LHA units.	be opened should the door be	handles are to be in the height	Stage.
			heavy or contain a door closer.	range of 900mm -1100mm from	
				FFL and must not exceed an	
				opening force of 20N in	
				accordance with AS1428.1:2009	
				clause 13.5.	
10.1	External	Circulation space to	Should insufficient circulation	In accordance with AS.1428.1	Yes.
	Walkways and	common areas and	space or non- compliant ramps	Clause 6.5.3 a clear circulation	
	Corridors.	passenger lift entrances.	and walkways exist for a user of	space of 2070mm length x	
			a mobility device this could	1540mm width must be	
			prevent independent access to	provided outside the lift to	
			lifts and to the door of the	allow for 90 -180°turn for a	
			commercial units and dwellings.	wheelchair user and also at the	
				end of corridors to common	
				areas.	
10.2	External	Circulation space to	Any creation of an impediment,	In accordance with	Yes.
	Walkways and	common accessways such as	which does not provide a	NCC Part D4D4(c) (ii) (A) and (B)	
	Internal	pathways and corridors.	continuous access path of travel,	Turning spaces requirement.	
	Corridors.		may prevent independent access	It is a requirement to provide	
			and the premises from being	turning spaces in accessways	
			safely negotiated by people with	complying with AS1428.1	
			disabilities.	within 2m of the end of	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				accessways where it is not	
				possible to continue travelling	
				and at every 20m intervals.	
				Space required is width of	
				1540mm x 2070mm length (in	
				the direction of travel) to	
				enable a person in a mobility	
				device to manoeuvre 180°.	
11.1	Customer	Inbuilt fixtures and fittings	A low height section to the	In accordance with best practice.	N/A
	Service Area -	should be suitable for a	reception counter incorporating	Provide to the lobby reception	
	Reception.	person using a wheelchair in	adequate leg clearance in order	counter a low height Counter with	
		accordance with	to allow wheelchair users to	an accessible section for a	
		AS.1428.2:1992.	access the reception counter	wheelchair user provided which is	
			should be provided.	a minimum of 850mm wide and	
				height of 850mm -/+ 20mm high	
				incorporating enough knee and	
				footplate clearance with clearance	
				of 820mm -/+20mm to the	
				underside with a minimum knee	
				recess depth of 600mm.	
12.1	Hearing	In accordance the NCC Part	Hearing Augmentation will be	If a lobby reception desk is	N/A.
	Augmentation.	D4D8 hearing augmentation	particularly important given that	screened, it must be provided with	
		should be provided where		Hearing Augmentation such as an	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
		an in-built amplification	the background noise of the	assistive listening system such an	
		system is provided at any	building services.	Audio Frequency Induction	
		reception desk where the		Loop, infrared or radio	
		public is screened from the	Hearing Augmentation is	transmission in accordance with	
		service provider.	recommended if the reception	NCC Part D4D8 (1)(c) and standard	
			desk is screened from the public.	for Hearing Augmentation AS	
				1428.5:2021.	
				Enough lighting of 150 lux should	
				also be provided to the reception	
				desk to provide enough	
				illumination of the receptionist	
				face for lip reading, which would	
				benefit people with hearing	
				Impairment.	
				The International symbol for	
				Deafness should also be displayed	
				to the reception desk in	
				accordance with AS 1428.5:2010	
				Clause 5.1.	
13.1	Common	Circulation space to	Any creation of an impediment,	In accordance with the NCC	Yes
	Facilities.	common areas, facilities and	which does not provide a	D4D2(4)(b) Access must be	
			continuous access path of travel,	provided to at least 1 of each type	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
		entrances of Adaptable and	may prevent independent access	of room or space for use in	
		LHA units.	to common areas of the building	common by the residents of the	
			from being safely negotiated by	building that the occupants	
			people with disabilities.	normally use and adaptable unit	
				and LHA dwellings.	
13.2	Common	Access to the mailboxes.	The mailboxes should have an	Provide a clear circulation space	Yes.
	Facilities.		accessible path of travel and	adjacent to the mailboxes of	
			sufficient manoeuvring space	2070mm x 1540mm width to allow	
			adjacent to the mailbox.	a person in a mobility device to	
				complete a 180° turn. Provide the	
			The mailboxes must be at the	2070mm x 1540mm space on a	
			correct height for a wheelchair	hard ground surface with a	
			user.	maximum gradient of 1:40. Make	
				provision for mail to be retrieved	
				from a location inside property	
				boundary.	
				In accordance with best practice	
				the mailboxes should be located at	
				a height which compiles with AS	
				1428.2:1992.	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
14.1	Luminance	Luminance contrast to the	Blade walls and retaining walls	To comply with best practice the	Capable of
	Contrast.	surface of the floors, walls,	protruding along the paths of	floors and retaining walls should	compliance.
		blade walls and columns.	travel could present a hazard to a	contrast in luminance of 30% with	TBC at CC
			person with vision impairment.	the adjacent surfaces.	Stage.
				Luminance contrast of 30% should	
				also be provided to tyre stops,	
				where these are provided.	
15.1	Sanitary	Where two or more	Should there be no availability of	In accordance with the NCC Part	Yes
	Facilities -	accessible unisex toilets are	alternate unisex accessible	F2.4 (g) where two or more of	
	Accessible WC.	provided in a building, the	sanitary facilities, with a	each type of accessible unisex	
		number of left- and right-	combination of left and right	facility are provided, the number	
		hand mirror image facilities	grabrail combinations, this may	of left and right-handed mirror	
		must be provided as evenly	present a barrier to a person who	image facilities must be provided	
		as possible.	is hemiplegic and transfers to the	as evenly as possible.	
			WC pan from one side.		
15.2	Sanitary	The layout to the Sanitary	Should there be insufficient	The sanitary facility to the ground	Capable of
	Facilities -Unisex	facility to the commercial	circulation space and non-	floor commercial units & COS roof	compliance.
	Accessible WC.	units & COS roof top	compliant fixtures & fittings at	top accessible Sanitary facility	TBC at CC
		accessible Sanitary facility.	the sanitary facility this may	must be designed to comply with	Stage.
			prevent a user of a mobility	AS1428.1:2009 Clause 15 Figure 43	Stuge.
			device from being able to access	and Figure 52 as a minimum,	
			the Accessible WC.	allowing extra space for the	
				incorporation of a washbasin,	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				which must not encroach into the	
				required circulation space of	
				2300mm x 1900mm by a distance	
				greater than 100mm.	
				Fixtures and fittings for the	
				accessible sanitary facility must	
				comply with AS1428.1:2009 Clause	
				15.	
16.1	Signage.	Signage to Accessible	Signage to indicate an Accessible	The unisex accessible sanitary	Capable of
		Sanitary facilities.	WC must have Braille and tactile	compartment for people with	compliance.
			characters, which are placed in an	disabilities must be identified by	TBC at CC
			accessible position.	the International Symbol of	Stage.
				Access, characters and provided	2 3 1 1 2 1
				with luminance contrast as	
				specified in AS.1428.1:2009 Clause	
				8.1 and 8.2	
				The signage to the unisex	
				accessible sanitary facility should	
				be applied to the latch side of the	
				door a distance 50mm - 300mm.	
				Ensure signage identifies the	
				facility as a left- hand transfer.	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				The requirements of Braille	
				characters and position must	
				comply with the NCC Specification	
				15-Braille and tactile signs.	
				The height from FFL of the braille	
				and tactile text component of the	
				signage is to be within the range	
				band of 1250-1350mm.	
16.2	Signage.	Wayfinding Signage to	The accessible parking space, lifts,	Directional wayfinding signage in	Capable of
		Accessible parking and other	stairs, and common facilities etc,	accordance with AS.1428.1 Clause	compliance.
		common areas and facilities.	should be clearly defined with	8 should be provided at key	TBC at CC
			Wayfinding signage.	decision points to indicate the	Stage.
				designated accessible parking for a	
				person with a disability for a	
				person with a disability and other	
				common areas.	
16.3	Signage.	Signage to Fire Exits.	Signage to emergency exits	Signage must be provided in both	Capable of
			must convey information for	Braille and tactile characters	compliance.
			people with vision impairment.	complying with NCC Specification	TBC at CC
				15- Braille and tactile signs to	Stage.
				identify each door required by	0
				E4D5 to be a required exit. The	
				signage should be provided to the	



Item	Element	Design Criteria	Potential Risk	Recommendation	Compliant
				latch side of the fire exit door.	
17.1	Emergency Egress.	Emergency egress for people with disabilities.	Consideration must be given to egress for people who use wheelchairs or have mobility impairment.	An Emergency Plan, which includes people with disabilities in accordance with AS3745 – Planning for Emergencies should be considered as best practice.	Capable of compliance.  TBC at CC Stage.
17.2	Emergency Egress.	Emergency egress general.	The travel distances in relation to the occupancy and class of the building must be considered in accordance with the Premises Standards Performance Requirements DP4 and DP6.	This performance requirement must be achieved, therefore confirmation from a Certifier must be provided regarding the travel distances to a required exit or exits.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.



Obvius Access DA Access and Adaptability Report -1-3 Gondola Rd, North Narrabeen, NSW, 2101.

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# Checklist Report of Adaptable Dwellings for 1-3 Gondola Rd, North Narrabeen, NSW, 2010.

## Introduction:

This Checklist Report is for the purpose of our client to prioritise and recommend actions to be undertaken in accordance with the Adaptable Housing Standard AS 4299:1995 Class 'C' as specified by the Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan in Section C clause C1.9 requirement for 20% of dwellings to be provided as adaptable units.

Obvius Access was commissioned to provide a Checklist Report for adaptable dwelling units 106, 107 and 207.

This makes a total of 3 adaptable units out of 14 which equates to 21.4% adaptable units. Accordingly, a checklist is required to meet the criteria of an Adaptable House 'Class C', which is the minimum level required to meet the criteria of an Adaptable House - incorporating all Essential Features.

Accordingly, this section of the report is specific to the adaptability requirements of the aforementioned dwellings.

The information in this report is only relevant to the referenced drawings in this project and is not transferable to other projects. Project Drawings/Details Referenced.

**Note:** The objective of the reference TBA at CC Stage (to be advised at construction stage) as listed in the compliant column is to provide the DA Assessment Panel the assurance that the compliance requirements are recognised and must be an essential part of the post DA submission as part of the Design Development process and will be implemented prior to the construction stage (CC) submission.



# • Access Report – Section 2 Adaptable Dwelling

Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
1	Drawings.	2.3	Provision of drawings showing dwelling in its pre-adaptation and post – adaptation stages.	Drawings are to show Adaptable units in pre and post-adaptation stages.	Yes.
2	Siting.	3.3.2	A continuous accessible path of travel from street frontage and vehicle parking to entry complying with AS 1428.1.	Demonstrate a continuous accessible path of travel from street frontage and car park.	Yes.
3	Letterboxes in Estate Development.	3.8	Letterboxes to be on hard standing area connected to accessible pathway.  Mark location of letterboxes on the plans that are linked to the adaptable unit via an accessible path of travel.  Ensure that the letterbox is lockable.		Yes
4	Car Parking Space (Visitors).	3.7.2	The car parking space must be at least standard size in accordance with AS 2890.1.	A visitor car parking space is available in one of the visitor spaces at the basement carpark.	Yes.
5	Car Parking Space (Residents).	3.7.2	The car parking spaces for adaptable units must comply with AS4299:1995 and AS.2890.6 in accordance with	The accessible car parking spaces for adaptable units comply with AS 2890.6 in accordance with the Pittwater 21 Development Control	Yes.



ltem No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
			Canterbury Development Control Plan 2012	Plan in Section C clause C1.9 Accordingly, a space of 2400mm x	
				2400mm must be provided in front of the space. The designated and shared	
				space should be level at a gradient of	
				1:40.	
				The resident car parking is not required	Yes.
				to display the International Symbol of Access. The accessible parking space	
				should ideally be located at the closest	
				point to the lift. Sufficient height <u>of at least</u> 2200mm	
				must be provided to the garage	
				entrance and leading to the adaptable	
				space.	
				A minimum height of 2500mm is	
				required directly above the car parking space to enable a roof mounted hoist to	Capable of compliance.



Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
				be deployed to unpack a roof mounted wheelchair.	TBC at CC Stage.
				Note that in accordance with best practice the car park entry and roof height should be 2400mm with 2350mm height warning bars.	
6	Accessible Entry.	4.3.1	Accessible Entry.	The dwelling entry doorway must have a clear opening width of a minimum of 850mm. Accordingly; the door schedule should indicate 920mm doors as a minimum for the front gate and door.	Yes.
7	Accessible Entry.	4.3.2	Threshold to be low-level.	The entry point to the doorways to the adaptable dwelling must be level, alternatively if there is a raised threshold or step a Ramped Threshold is required, which complies with AS 1428.1.	Yes.
8	Accessible Entry.	4.3.2	Landing to enable wheelchair manoeuvrability.	Ensure access is provided to the dwelling terraces and balconies for all people including people with mobility devices.	Capable of compliance.



Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
				Should there be a threshold which exceeds 3mm a threshold ramp must be provided, which complies with AS 1428.1:2009 Clause 10.5.	TBC at CC Stage.
9	Accessible Entry.	4.3.1	Accessible entry door to have 850mm minimum clearance.	Refer to Item 6.	Yes.
10	Accessible Entry.	4.3.4	The accessible entry to contain 'D' lever door handles.	Provide evidence of 'D' lever door handles used for the entrances.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.
11	Interior: General.	4.3.3	Internal Doors to have 820mm clearance throughout.	All internal doors are to have a clear opening width of at least 820mm, which meets this requirement (AS4299). The front entrance is to have 850mm clear opening width.  Provide an 820mm clear opening width to all internal doors (i.e. door leaf of 870mm).	Yes.



Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
12	Interior: General.	4.3.7	Internal corridors min. width of 1000mm.	Any internal corridors or enclosed internal spaces require a clearance of at least 1000mm.	Yes.
13	Interior: General.	4.3.7	Provision for compliance with AS 1428.1 for door approaches.	Circulation space is to be provided to all doorways in such cases as swing doors and sliding doorways with clearance space available to the latch side (WL dimension) and hinge side (WH dimension) in accordance with AS 1428.1-2009 Clause 13.3.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.
14	Living Room & Dining Room.	4.7.1	Provision for circulation space of min. 2250mm diameter.	Indicate circulation diameters of 2250mm on plans, which is clear of indicative furniture shown in the Kitchen/Living Rm areas.	Yes.
15	Living Room & Dining Room.	4.7.4	Telephone adjacent to GPO.	Provide telephone outlet in the living- dining area, which is adjacent to a GPO.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.
16	Living Room & Dining Room.	4.10	Potential illumination level min 300 lux.	The lighting and power reticulation shall ensure that these lux levels can be achieved without rewiring.	Capable of compliance.



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Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
					TBC at CC
47		4.5.3	N		Stage.
17	Kitchen.	4.5.2	Minimum width 2.7m (1550mm clear between benches).	Indicate a dimension of at least 1550mm in front of kitchen benches.	Yes
18	Kitchen.	4.5.1	Provision for circulation at doors to	Circulation space is to be provided to	Capable of
			comply with AS 1428.1.	kitchen doorways (where provided) in	compliance.
				such cases as swing doors and sliding	TBC at CC
				doorways with clearance space available	Stage
				to the latch side (WL dimension) and	
				hinge side (WH dimension) in	
				accordance with AS 1428.1-2009 Clause	
				13.3.	
19	Kitchen.	4.5.5	Provision for benches planned to	Provide at least one section of kitchen	Capable of
			include at least one work surface of	work surface, which is 800mm length	compliance.
			800 mm length, adjustable in height	with an adjustable height within the	TBC at CC
			from 750mm to 850mm or	range of 750mm-850mm or replaceable.	Stage.
			replaceable. (Refer to AS 4299:1995		
			Figure 4.9).		
20	Kitchen.	4.5.5	Refrigerator adjacent to work surface.	The refrigerator is to be positioned so	Yes
				that it is located next to a work surface	
				for set down of contents.	



Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
21	Kitchen.	4.5.6	Kitchen sink adjustable to heights from 750mm to 850mm or replaceable. (Refer to AS 4299:1995 Figure 4.9).	Provide the sink unit with a minimum dimension of 800mm in length. The sink should be shown in post adaptation stage with adjustable section a	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.
22	Kitchen.	4.5.6	Kitchen sink bowl max. 150 mm deep.	minimum of 800mm in length.  Show a sink unit with a 150mm deep sink.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.
23	Kitchen.	4.5.6(e)	Tap set lever handles or lever mixer.	Provide lever taps which comply with AS 1428.1:2009.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage
24	Kitchen.	4.5.6 (e)	Tap set located within 300mm of front of sink.	Provide lever taps control within 300mm from front of the sink.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.
25	Kitchen.	4.5.7	Cooktops to include either front or side controls with raised crossbars.	Provide cooker controls as indicated.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.



Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
26	Kitchen.	4.5.7	Cooktops to include isolating switch.	Provide cooktop isolating switch as	Capable of
				indicated.	compliance.
					TBC at CC
					Stage.
27	Kitchen.	4.5.7	Work surface min. 800 mm length	Provide worktop, which is 800mm in	Capable of
			adjacent to cooktop at same height.	length and located adjacent to the	compliance.
				cooktop.	TBC at CC
					Stage.
28	Kitchen.	4.5.8	Oven located adjacent to an	Provide a worktop that is 800mm in	Capable of
			adjustable height or replaceable work	length and located adjacent to the oven.	compliance.
			surface.	The worktop must be adjustable in	TBC at CC
				height or replaceable.	Stage.
29	Kitchen.	4.5.11	GPOs to comply with AS.1428.1. At	Provide a double GPO to the kitchen	Capable of
			least one double GPO within 300mm	that is within 300mm reach of the front	compliance.
			of front of work surface.	of the work surface and located at a	TBC at CC
				height of 900mm-1100mm high.	Stage
30	Kitchen.	4.5.11	GPO for refrigerator to be easily	Provide the GPO in an easily reachable	Capable of
			reachable when the refrigerator is in	location when the refrigerator is in the	compliance.
			its operating position.	operating position. The GPO should	TBC at CC
				ideally be located 500mm from an	Stage



Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
				internal corner and no less than 600mm	
24	I COL	4.5.4		from the floor with 1000mm preferred.	6 11 6
31	Kitchen.	4.5.4	Slip-resistant floor surface.	List floor materials/finishes in the	Capable of
				schedule of finishes, which comply with	compliance.
				AS 4586. A certificate of test and	TBC at CC
				compliance will be required after construction.	Stage
32	Main Bedroom.	4.6.1	One bedroom of area	The adaptable bedroom must have	Yes.
			sufficient to accommodate queen size	clearance of at least 1500mm at the foot	
			bed (i.e.2030mm x 1530mm) and	of the bed and 1000mm -1200mm to the	
			wardrobe and circulation space	sides of the bed. Alternatively provide	
			requirements of AS 1428.2.	1500mm clearance to the side of the	
				bed and minimum of 1000mm -1200mm	
				at the foot of the bed.	
33	Bathroom.	4.4.1	Provision for bathroom area to	WC Pans, washbasins and showers must	Capable of
			comply with AS 1428.1.	be provided without major plumbing	compliance.
				changes.	TBC at CC
					Stage.
				The shower and WC pan are to be	
				located adjacent to each other.	



Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
				The bathroom width should allow for the provision for WC pan circulation of 1900mm with the shower seat in the folded-up position and bathroom length is recommended to be at least 2700mm to incorporate an accessible washbasin. Accordingly, the shower seat must be placed outside the required circulation space required for a WC pan to comply with AS 1428.1:2009	
34	Bathroom.	4.4.2	Slip-resistant floor surface.	List floor materials/finishes in the schedule of finishes that comply with AS 4586.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.
35	Bathroom.	4.4.4(f)	Shower recess- no hob. Minimum size 1160mm × 1100mm to comply with AS 1428.1.	The shower compartment is to be size of 1160mm x 1100mm with shower waste of 80mm diameter. Note shower seat is not required.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.
36	Bathroom.	4.4.4 (f)	Shower area waterproofed to AS 3740 with floor to fall to waste.	Falls will be indicated on the drawing to the shower waste. The shower is to be waterproofed to comply with AS 3740.	Capable of compliance.



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Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
					TBC at CC
					Stage.
37	Bathroom.	4.4.4 (f)	Recessed soap holder.	Provide the shower with a recessed soap	Capable of
				holder.	compliance.
					TBC at CC
					Stage.
38	Bathroom.	4.4.4 (f)	Shower taps positioned for easy reach	Show elevation of shower, which will	Capable of
			to access side of shower sliding track.	show hobless shower and shower heads	compliance.
				and taps in accordance with AS	TBC at CC
				1428.1:2009.	Stage.
39	Bathroom.	4.4.4 (h)	Provision for adjustable detachable	Indicate evidence on elevation of	Capable of
			hand held shower rose mounted on a	strengthened walls to allow for secure	compliance.
			slider grabrail or fixed hook (Plumbing	fixing.	TBC at CC
			and wall -strengthening provision).		Stage.
40	Bathroom.	4.4.4(h)	Provision for grabrail in shower	Indicate evidence on elevation of	Capable of
			to comply with AS 1428.1. (Refer to	strengthened walls to allow for secure	compliance.
			AS 4299:1995 Figure 4.6).	fixing to the areas identified.	TBC at CC
					Stage.
41	Bathroom.	4.4.4 (c)	Tap sets to be capstan or lever	Show a washbasin with the specified	Capable of
			handles with single outlet.	lever taps to indicate a 300mm reach to	compliance.
				centre of tap or lever handle.	



Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
					TBC at CC
					Stage.
42	Bathroom.	4.4.4(g)	Provision for washbasin with	Washbasins need to be provided	Capable of
			clearances to comply with AS 1428.1.	without major plumbing changes.	compliance.
			Fig 46.		TBC at CC
					Stage
43	Bathroom.	4.4.4 (d)	Double GPO beside mirror.	Indicate Double GPO beside the mirror	Capable of
				either on plans or elevations.	compliance.
					TBC at CC
					Stage.
44	Toilet.	4.4.3	Provision of either 'visitable toilet' or	The toilet is to be provided without	Yes.
			accessible toilet.	major plumbing changes. Accordingly,	
				the centreline of the WC is to be set out	
				450mm-460mm from the side wall. The	
				front of the toilet pan is to be 800mm	
				from the back wall.	
45	Toilet.	4.4.1	Provision to comply with AS.1428.1.	Indicate required door circulation to the	Yes.
				toilet.	
46	Toilet.	4.4.4(h)	Provision for grab rail zone.	Strengthened walls to allow for	Capable of
			(Refer to AS 4299:1995 Figure 4.5).	provision of grabrail fixing.	compliance.
				Grabrails not required to be installed.	



Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
					TBC at CC
					Stage.
47	Toilet.	4.4.2	Slip resistant floor surface (vitreous	List floor materials/finishes in the	Capable of
			tiles or similar.	schedule of finishes, which comply with	compliance.
				AS 4586.	TBC at CC
					Stage.
48	Laundry.	4.8	Circulation at doors to comply with	The approach to the laundry area	Yes.
			AS.1428.1.	containing washing machine is to be in	
				accordance with AS 1428.1-2009 Clause	
				13.3.	
49	Laundry.	4.8 (e)	Provision for automatic washing	Maintain at least 1550mm in front or	Yes.
			machine.	beside appliances such as the Washing	
				Machine.	
50	Laundry.	4.8 (a)	Where a clothes line is provided, an	Indicate position of clothes line on plans	N/A
			accessible path of travel must be	and path of travel to the clothes, which	
			provided to the cloths line.	will not include a step.	
51	Laundry.	4.8 (g)	Double power outlet.	Indicate GPO on the plans or in the	Capable of
				elevations	compliance.
					TBC at CC
					Stage.



Item No	Room/Item	Clause AS 4299	Required Compliant Features	Action Required	Checked Compliant
52	Laundry.	4.9.1	Slip-resistant floor surface.	Refer to Item 31.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.
53	Door Locks.	4.3.4	Door hardware operable with one hand, located 900–1100 mm above floor.	Provide 'D' lever handles, which are compliant with AS 1428.1:2009. The Door handles are to be in the height range of 900mm -1100mm from FFL.	Capable of compliance. TBC at CC Stage.



# Checklist Report of the LHA Dwelling for 1-3 Gondola Rd, North Narrabeen, NSW, 2010. Introduction:

This checklist report is for the purpose of our client to prioritise and recommended actions to be undertaken in accordance with the Livable Housing Guidelines Fourth Edition Silver Level to meet the requirements of Universal Housing Design

Obvius Access was commissioned to provide a Checklist Report for a total of three Universal Design Livable Housing Design (LHA) silver level units namely numbers 106, 107 and 207 (which also include AS 4299:1995 Class 'C' design). In this case the adaptable units are also counted as Livable / LHA Silver level unit in which case the below requirements apply in addition to the AS4299 requirements.

Accordingly, a checklist is required to meet the criteria of a Universal design Dwelling to comply with LHA Guidelines Silver Level as specified by the SEPP 65 ADG 4 Q (1)-Design guidance benchmark of 20% of the total number of apartments.

**Note**: The objective of the reference TBA at CC Stage (to be advised at construction stage) as listed in the compliant column is to provide the DA Assessment Panel the assurance that the compliance requirements are recognised and must be an essential part of the post DA submission as part of the Design Development process and will be implemented prior to the construction stage (CC) submission.

Access Report- Section 3 Universal design Dwelling - LHA Silver Level

Item	Room/Item	LHA Silver	Required Compliant Feature	Action Required	Checked
No		Level			Compliant
1	Drawings.	Layout.	Provision of drawings showing dwelling complying with LHA Silver Level.	Drawings must show visitability and LHA Silver Level compliance.	Yes



Item	Room/Item	LHA Silver	Required Compliant Feature	Action Required	Checked
No		Level			Compliant
2	Siting.	Access.	A safe continuous and step free path	Demonstrate a continuous accessible	Yes
			of travel from the street entrance and	path of travel from street frontage	
			/ or parking area to a dwelling	and car park, which complies with AS	
			entrance that is level.	1428.1:2009.	
3	Car Parking	Car Parking	The car parking space for a visitable	The Silver level parking does not from	Yes.
	Space.	Space.	unit should comply with LHD	part of the dwelling entrance and is	
			Guidelines Silver Level if. The parking	therefore not required to Silver level	
			also does not form part of the	dimensions.	
			dwelling entrance.		
4	Access to the	Ground	At least one, level (step-free) entrance	Access to the entrance of the dwelling	Yes.
	entrance.	Floor	into the dwelling.	is step-free complying with AS	
		Principal		1428.1:2009. An area of 1200mm x	
		Entrance.		1200mm is also recommended on the	
				external side and internal side of the	
				doorway entrance.	
				The clear opening width to the	
				principal entrance should be 850mm	
				in accordance with best practice.	
5	Access to	Internal	Internal doors and corridors that	The clear opening width of all entry	Yes.
	internal	circulation.	facilitate comfortable and unimpeded	level doorways are to be a minimum	
	doors and		movement between spaces.	of 820mm, with a level threshold not	
	corridors.			exceeding 5mm and internal corridors	



Item	Room/Item	LHA Silver	Required Compliant Feature	Action Required	Checked
No		Level			Compliant
				should be a minimum of 1000mm	
				wide.	
6	Access to the	Ground	A toilet on the ground (or entry) level	A toilet is provided at entry level.	Yes.
	toilet door	Floor or	that provides easy access.		
	from the	(Entry		The toilet on the ground level	
	entrance	Level)		provides a minimum clear width of	
		Internal		900mm and a minimum 1200mm	
		Space.		clear circulation space in front of the	
				toilet pan, which is clear of a doorway	
				or fixture.	
				The toilet pan is located in the corner	
				of the room to enable the installation	
				of grabrails in the future.	
7	Toilet Door.	Ground	Internal doors must have 820mm	The internal door to the WC must	Yes.
		Floor or	clear opening width throughout the	have a clear opening width of at least	
		(Entry	dwelling.	820mm, to comply with the LHA	
		Level) WC		Guidelines Silver Level.	
8	Access to the		A bathroom that contains a hobless	A hobless (step-free) shower recess is	Capable of
	shower.		(step-free) shower recess.	provided. The shower screen must be	compliance.
				easily removed at a later date.	TBC at CC
					Stage.



Item	Room/Item	LHA Silver	Required Compliant Feature	Action Required	Checked	
No		Level			Compliant	
				The shower should be located in the		
				corner of the room to enable the		
				installation of grabrails at a later date.		
9	Bathroom	Bathroom	Except for walls constructed of solid	Drawings should indicate noggins or	Capable of	
	and Toilet	and Toilet.	masonry or concrete the walls around	sheeting provisions in accordance	compliance.	
	Walls.		the shower, bath (if provided) and	with LHA Guidelines Silver level for	TBC at CC	
			toilet should be reinforced to provide	Toilet, Bath [If Provided] and Shower.	Stage.	
			a fixing surface for the safe	Compliance is achieved by providing		
			installation of grabrails.	Strengthened walls in accordance		
				with adaptable standard.		
10	Stairways in	Internal	Stairways in dwellings must feature a	Provide a continuous handrail to one	N/A	
	dwellings.	Stairways.	continuous handrail on one side of	side of the dwelling stairway.		
			the stairway where there is a rise of			
			more than 1m.			



Obvius Access DA Access and Adaptability Report -1-3 Gondola Rd, North Narrabeen, NSW, 2101.

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#### Conclusion

This DA Access and Adaptability Housing Report is an assessment to which I conclude that I am satisfied that the proposal can achieve compliance with the NCC, Premises Standards and pertaining standards, Adaptable Housing Standard AS 4299:1995, Universal Design LHA Guidelines Silver level, Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan and SEPP 65 ADG 4 Q (1).

Accordingly, elements in this report will cover requirements relative to access pathways, common areas, and adaptable housing for people with disabilities.

Johnsmel

John Bedwell

Director

Accredited Member 382 Association of Consultants Access Australia (ACAA)

Date 26.03.2024.







ACAA Accredited Member **382-** NDIS SDA Accredited Assessor No **SDA00042-** Changing Places Assessor Registration No **CP047-** LHA Design Guideline Assessor Registration No **20258** 

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Obvius Access DA Access and Adaptability Report -1-3 Gondola Rd, North Narrabeen, NSW, 2101.

### Disclaimer

Due care has been taken by Obvius Access in preparing this DA Access Report. The consultant believes the contents to be fair and accurate. Obvius Access does not accept responsibility or liability for the results of specification taken on the basis of this information nor for any errors or omissions. The points raised are specific to the current status and may need to be evaluated further as the design develops.

Legal issues in the area of disability and anti-discrimination law are in a constant process of change. In addition, changes are occurring in relation to the Australian Standards relating to disability access. Due reference should be given to these and other relevant Standards.

From June 2015 the Disability (Access to Premises – Buildings) Standards is currently undergoing a review by the Department of Industry and Science, in conjunction with Attorney – General's Department in preparation for a report for Ministerial consideration by the 1 May 2016. Therefore, due reference should be given to any potential amendments to the Premises Standards following this review.

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