ABORIGINAL HERITAGE

In relation to Contention 11(f) of the Amended Statement of Facts and Contentions filed on 30.08.2024:

- On 22 March 2021, Council's Native Title Manager undertook an assessment of the surf club concept design (as required by the Crown Land Management Act 2016) and referred the proposal to NTS Corp, being the Native Title Service Provider for Aboriginal Traditional Owners in New South Wales and the Australian Capital Territory. No Response was received.
- 2. The Community and Stakeholder Engagement Report dated 4 May 2021 (Appendix F to the Options Assessment and Review, 9 August 2024) confirms that, prior to lodgement of the Development Application, the proposal was referred to the Aboriginal Heritage Office (AHO) and that:

"The AHO has carried out a review of the proposed development plans and associated specialist consultant reports and advised that there are not recorded sites within the development area."

- 3. Council has a map of known items/areas of Aboriginal heritage significance, including areas identified as having high potential for unrecorded Aboriginal sites. Upon lodgement of a Development Application, Council lodgement staff reviewed this map to determine whether the application was required to be referred to the AHO. The Development Application was not referred to the AHO, because the AHO had previously advised that the proposed works are not in the vicinity of a known item/area of Aboriginal heritage significance, or an area identified as having high potential for unrecorded Aboriginal sites.
- 4. Council's *Development Application & Modification Lodgement Requirements* identify that:

"An Aboriginal Heritage Assessment Report, prepared in accordance with the NSW Office of Environment and Heritage's (OEH) Due Diligence Code of Practice for the Protection of Aboriginal Objects in NSW, must be submitted for any development application on land:

- on which an Aboriginal heritage item is located,
- that is to be affected by any proposed works."

An Aboriginal Heritage Assessment Report was not required by Council at lodgement, or at any stage throughout the assessment process, as the proposal was deemed not to impact upon known items/areas of Aboriginal heritage significance, or areas identified as having high potential for unrecorded Aboriginal sites.

- 5. AHIMS searches were subsequently undertaken by Rhelm and it was confirmed that there were no known sites in the vicinity of the works. The relevant search results are attached.
- 6. The Development Application and Review Application have been publicly exhibited (advertised and notified), with no submissions received raising concern in relation to potential impacts upon Aboriginal heritage.

Report generated by AHIMS Web Service on 02/09/2024 for Luke Rocavert for the following area at Address : 394 BARRENJOEY ROAD NEWPORT 2106 with a Buffer of 1000 meters. Number

of Aboriginal sites and Aboriginal objects found is 8

Not a site T	Partially [
The eite he	Partially Destroyed - The site has been only pa	
se hoon or	The site ha	
ininally c	as been o	
ontorod and	te has been only partial	
The site has been originally entered and accented onto AUIMS as a	<	
onto AUII	f or harm	
MC ac at	ed usually	
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	of per	

Not a site - The site has been originally entered and accepted onto AHIMS as a valid site but after further investigations it was decided it is NOT an aboriginal site. Impact of this type of site does not require permit but Heritage NSW should be notified	Partially Destroyed - The site has been only partially impacted or harmed usually as consequence of permit activity but sometimes also after natural events. There might be parts or sections of the original site still present on the ground	Destroyed - The site has been completely impacted or harmed usually as consequence of permit activity but sometimes also after natural events. There is nothing left of the site on the ground but proponents should proceed with caution.	Valid - The site has been recorded and accepted onto the system as valid	** Site Status

SiteID	
Site	

Extensive search - Site list report AHIMS Web Services (AWS)

> Your Ref/PO Number : J1950 Newport LEC Client Service ID : 926280

GOVERNMEN		,						
<u>SiteID</u>	SiteName	<u>Datum</u> Z	Zone Easting	Northing	<u>Context</u>	Site Status **	<u>SiteFeatures</u>	<u>SiteTypes</u>
45-6-1223	Newport;	AGD	56 344399	6274434	Open site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -	Midden
	Contact	Recorders	Alan Heath				Permits	
45-6-1374	Salt Pan Cove;McMahons Creek;	AGD	56 344061	6275455	Open site	Valid	Grinding Groove : -	Axe Grinding Groove
	Contact	Recorders	ASRSYS				Permits	
45-6-1224	Newport;Bungan Head;	AGD	56 344648	6274057	Open site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -	Midden
	Contact	Recorders	Alan Heath				Permits	
45-6-1221	Newport; Midden	AGD	56 344568	6274142	Open site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -	Midden
	Contact	Recorders	Alan Heath				Permits	
45-6-0855	Bilgola Beach;	AGD	56 344775	6275548	Open site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -	Midden
	Contact	Recorders	Alan Heath				Permits	
45-6-2645	Newport Burial	AGD	56 344310	6274559	Open site	Valid	Burial : -	
	Contact	Recorders	Mr.Phil Hunt				Permits	
45-6-1222	Newport; Midden 2	AGD	56 344628	6274117	Open site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -	Midden
	Contact	Recorders	Alan Heath				Permits	
45-6-1408	Irrubel Road;Newport;	AGD	56 343796	6274993	Closed site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -,	Rock
	1	1					Art (Pigment or Engraved) : -	Engraving,Shelter with Midden
	Contact	<u>Recorders</u>	ASRSYS				Permits	

North Mat Dist.

NETTER COPL

٦.	Map Name BROKEN BAY	SYDNEY	5. Site No 45-6-1221
	1:63,360	r	
	Grid ref .329.410 approx	,	
4.	Site name(s) .Newport		7. Classification
8.	Air photo ref		
	Cadastral		
10.	Land Status	11	

12. Directions for site relocation

The midden is directly in line with an old concrete wall that was part of a rock pools wall (this wall is south of existing pool). Access is easy from Newport Beach. (The old pool wall is only visible at low tide). The old wall runs approx. E. to W. The midden is in an earth embankment that has been worn away by ocean wave action, (it would be approx. 10 ft. above high water mark).

15. Site Description

There are many shells in bank in approx. 2 ft. thick layer. The top of this layer is approx. 18" below the present ground level. The midden is approx. 18 ft. long and probably extends inland up hill a long way. There are shells among rocks directly below midden. The shells are in layers with much charcoal.

The shells are:- Large periwingkle type, muscles, a kind of a "limpet" type the 4" dia ones that look like a small flat dish with "mother of pearl" on the inside (i.e.

There are shells very tightly grouped together in the main layer with a lot of charcoal intermixed with them. The neares fresh water was probably in a swamp at rear of south end of Newport beach. the nearest shellfish source would have been the large flat rock area nearby and "Little Reef" which is jsut off shore and easily accessible at low tide in a flat sea.

top view

16.	Reasons for investigation
17.	Condition , The site is being erroded away by ocean wave action
18.	Interpretation
19	Visitation The site is regularly visited by the general public.
20,	Recommendations
	······································

21. Environmental description of site locality

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	a high cli	overlooks the ocea Iff approx. 30 yds	. inland	behind th	e site but	the grou	nd rises u	p steeply	y from
		to the base of this and use is probably							The
	ргезент та	Ind use is brobaut	y a recre	sacion res	erve.		and the second secon Second second		
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								<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Deletter te	other sites in lo	ocality						
42.	Relation to	OCUMI STORS IN A							
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								-	
23.	Details of a	rtifact collectio	205						· .
									· · ·
	-				<u>-</u>		 		
								· · · ·	
24.	Is plan or d	iagram of site at	tached?	Yes/	1 6				
				ab L L Int-	How ma		have hata		377
25.	Are annotate	d photographs att	.ached?	tés/No	HOM mo		have taken ow them to		
26.	Other addition	07 <i>4</i>						,	
29.	CUISE BUCK (CA)	At14							
			·						
27.	Importance of	f site to Ab origi	nes						
28.	Source of the	is information							
									· · ·
-									*****
29.	Oral sources	of information 1	Mr. A. He	eath,					
			29 Kanimi	ola Cres.,					
			Bilgola H	Plateau.	NSW. 2107				
10			•					,	
30.	Written refe	rences							
~ -				File	d by	D (Silw	L	
31.	Recorded by	A. Heath.			×	$\langle \cdot \rangle$	$3 \sqrt{\omega}$	×	
	Address	29 Banimbla Cro							
		Bilgola Plateau	u. NSW.	2107	-				
		29-10-78		Date	11-3.	-80			
	Date	27-10-10			••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				
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	2								•

45-6-12-4

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45-6-1221 Miller embankment Many were worn boelders here. Affore line at low tile - Ocean Kere (about 3 ft. ligh) old concrete fool well (only visible at low tide) old fool fortion ð Offrese With. Note -Existing fool is offrox. 100 yels. N. of the old fool site. 45-6-1221

Noth Met Dest. NUMBER OF

2.	Map NameBROKEN BAYScale1:63,360.Grid ref329.411 approx.Site name(s)Newport	!:259,099 e.433.841	6. Site type	(Midden)
9.	Air photo ref Cadastral Land Status		• • • • • • • • • • • • •	

The site is in a bank just above very rockly (wave worn rocks) terrain at edge of seashore. The shells extent generally southward from a small cove of seawater (this cove is just south of swimming pool) for a distance of approx. 32yds. in a S.E. direction. The cove is only visible at low tide as shore is covered at high tide. (see attached map).

 13. Owner
 14. Tenant/Manager

 Address
 Address

 Attitude
 Attitude

15. Site Description

The shells are muscles, large periwinkle type, oyster,

The shells probable extend up the slope from the embankment.

The nearest fresh water may have been behind the south end of Newport Beach (possible swamp). The nearest shellfish source would have been "Little reef" (just off the shoreline) (only thigh deep water to this reef at low tide and I have seen large well shells on this reef myself) and also the large flat area of rock in the sites vicinity.

16.	Reasons for investigation
17.	Condition Damaged by wave action during rough seas
18.	Interpretation
19	Visitation Visited regularly by the general public.
20.	Necommendations
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

21. Environmental description of site locality

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• • •

45-6-1222

	The site o rearly fla nearby. T	verlooks the ocean. t rock area on the	directly above the wave There would have been a shoreline as well as "Lit is probably a recreation	rich shellfish source tle Reef" just off the	on the shoreline and rox. 10 ft.
				, ^{, ,}	
	:		• • 		• •
22.	Relation to	other sites in loc	ality	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u> </u>
				~	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• •
23,	Details of a	rtifact collection	B		·
				-	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
24.	Is plan or d	iagram of site att	ached? Yes/Not	'	
-	н. Н			many? (I have taken ph	otos and will
25. 26.	Other additi	d photographs atta ons		show you them 1	ater)
27.	Importance o	f site to Aborigin	es		
28.	Source of th	is information			
29,	Oral sources	2	r. A. Heath, 9 Banimbla Crs., ilgola Plateau. NSW. 21	107	······
30.	Written refe	rences	•		
31.	Recorded by	Mr. A. Heath,	Filed by K	.S. SILCOK	
	Address	29 Banimbla Cres. Bilgola Plateau.		· • • •	
	Pate	29-10-78	Date 11-3-	80	
	#	;			
	2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -				

Cliff line mall fortfall with shalls on it - slight footfall going up to high clift through many vines will 3" d blue flowers on them d's' dia shalls in bank bank Offree N. 1 Bylls affres Ke 15gels affra large rock 940. S. of shells Jorgter sta fool . Jock. lere lorge feruville Life shall here. shoreline at low tide 45-6-1222

	North met Dist	A5-6-1223
2.	Map Name BROKEN BAY \$20161 Scale 1:63,360 1:250,000 Grid ref General area of 328.414 433.8415	6. Site type QPEN (midden)
4.	Site name(s) .Newport	7. Classification
	Air photo ref	
	Cadastral	
10.	Land Status 11	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

Possible Midden in many parts of sandy bank at rear of beach between the steps leading onto the beach (at the east end of "The Boulavarde" at Newport) and a brown coloured shed on private property (shed is just north of toilet block at the south end of the beach). Access is easy from the beach. Site is approx. 50 yds. from the high water mark. The sites may be insode private property as waves have erroded away some of the land in front of houses adjacent to the beach (no fences at bounderys of land).

13. Owner 14. Tenant/Manager Address Address Attitude Attitude ...

15. Site Description

> The shells are in the face of a sandy bank up to 4 ft. below the present ground level. The shells are oyster shells, large well shells, large periwinkle type shells, cockle shells, muscle shells, and a shell that is 4" dia. approx. and has "mother of pearl" on it and is shaped like a small shallow dish.

There is a bone at the base of Norfolk Is. pine tree (north tree with exposed roots). There is a possible skull bone and another bone between the 2N. Is. pine trees that form the south 2 trees of a line of 3 pine trees (all have roots exposed). I have the possible skull bone and will show it to you in near future. (It is approx. $l_2^{l_2}$ " dia). There are possible charcoal layers in the bank under the north end of exposed Nor. Is. pine trees roots (just north of crown shed on private property).

The shells may extend westward onto the gardens of the private houses in the vicinity.

16.	Reasons for investigation
17.	Condition The site is being erroded away by any very rough seas.
١d.	Interpretation
19	Visilation Site is visited regularly by beach crowds.
20.	Recommendations
	······································

45-6-1223

21. Environmental description of site locality

The bank containing the shells is approx. 4 ft. high (varies in different places) and the bottom of it is at the ocean beach level. The soil is sandy mainly with some possible "filling" of clay type soils. There are darker layers of sand in places which are possible decayed vegetable matter. There may have been a swamp several hundred yds, to the west of the site as it is very flat land there and there is a stormwater drain running into the sea from that direction. There is a rich food source on the large flat area south of the beach and the "Little reef" just off the shore. The land may be a recreation reserve or private land. Site is approx. 6 ft. above high water mark.

22. Relation to other sites in locality

23. Details of artifact collections

I have a possible skull bone that I will show you and then I will return it to its r origingal position in the site if you don't want it.

24. Is plan or diagram of site attached? Yps/NO (because site is easy to find)
25. Are annotated photographs attached? //ps/NO How many? I have taken photos of site and will show you them later

26. Other additions

27. Importance of site to Aborigines

26. Source of this information

Oral sources of information Mr. A. Heath, 29 Banimbla Cres.,

Bilgola Plateau. NSW. 2107

2107

30. Written references

29.

31. Recorded by Mr. A. Heath.

Filed by R. S. SILCOX

Address 29 Banimbla Cres., Bilgola Plateau. NSW.

Date

29-10-78

Date 11-3-80

45-6-1223

North Mat Diat

2. 3.	BROKEN BAY Stone Stone Site No. $45 - 6 - /224$ Map Name Site No. $45 - 6 - /224$ Open (Midden) Scale 1:63,360 1:250,000 6. Site type Grid ref 330-409 c. 433.841 7. Classification
9.	Air photo ref

The Midden is in the face of a bank and is 6 ft. below the surface of the ground. Access is easy from Newport Beach. The midden is approx. 200 yds. south of swimming pool at southern end of Newport Beach. Site is approx. 5 yds. south of a natural shallow rock pool that is only visible at low tide. (See attached map).

15. Site Description

The shells are embedded in the face of an embankment that overlooks the ocean. The site is approx. 10 ft. above high water mark. Between the site and the ocean are many wave worn boalders and rocks that slope down to the waters edge at approx. 30° to the horizontal flame. The site is being erroded away by wave action (when seas are rough). The shells in the midden are:- Large and small periwinkle types, and limpet types. There is also a small piece of bone amongst the shells. The shells extend for approx. 15 yds. in a N. to S. direction and probably extend inland quite a distance (towards base of cliff). The shells are approx. 6 ft. below surface of embankment and the shells are ina layer of approx. 1 ft. thick. The nearest shellfish source is the large flat rock areas in the near vicinity to the site and "Little Reef" that extends out to sea only approx. 100 Yds. from the shore nearly. (The water is only thigh deep at low tide between this reef and the shore and it is easily accessible in a flat sea). The nearest freshwater would probably been a swamp approx. 200 yds. west of the S. end of Newport Beach (there is a stormwater drain running onto the beach near the S. end of the beach).

16.	Reasons for investigation
17.	Condition The site is being erroded away by wave action (in rough seas) and rain is erroding away the site also

!ð.	Interpretation
:9	Visitation The site is regularly visited by the general public
20,	Recommendations

45-6-1224

21. Environmental description of site locality

The site overlooks the ocean and is approx. 10 ft. above the high water mark. It overlooks a shore that is wholly made up of wave worn boulders and stones (at high tide). There is a large flat shelf of rock exposed in front of site at low water. The land behind site rises up very steeply to a large cliff (this rise is covered with low vegetation (lantana, vines, grass etc.). The site is very near a rich shellfish food source. The site was probably 500 yds. away from a possible swamp at the rear of the south end of Newport Beach. The present land use may be a recreation reserve.

				99		
22.	Relation to	other sites in locality	,			
· .			,			
23.	Details of a	artifact collections				
	•		····			
24.	Is plan or d	liagram of site attached	? Yes/\$\$\$		· · · · ·	
25.	Are annotate	d photographs attached?	Yes/No	How many? (I w: phot	ill send a coupl tos later.)	le of
26.	Other additi					
27.	importance o	f site to Aborigines	<u> </u>			
28.	Source of th	is information				• •
29,	Oral sources		h, mbla Crescent, Plateau. NSW	2107		
30,	Written refe	rences .				
31.	Recorded by	Mr. A. Heath.	Filed by	R.S. SIL	COX	
	Address	29 Banimbla Crescent, Bilgola Plateau. NSW.	2107			
	Date	29-10-78	Date //	-3-80		

45-6-1224.

Cliff line. 45-6-1225 Embankment. 15 yds. offrae. Salls affred. allos Sells in bank Kere lorge flat they are offrax ift. wide and office. 6ft. rearly toregon natural fool slab of rock below surface of embankment .) hool is offred. 20 yr x here 10 yes) (at la rocks in fact tide). Colout 3 ft. high The shells extend a distance (horizontally) of affra. 15 gds. affred. Uth. Note: - Natural rock fool is not visible at high tike (Comfletely covered with water).

		[~] N	ew recording	[] Additional Info
Na Box 19 Stand	tional Parks and 67, Hurstville NSW 2220. Tel: (02) 56 dard Site Recording Form	d Wildli 35 6444 Nevised 5/88	fe Service	45-6-2645
		NPWS Code		
1:250,000 map sheet: .	54DNEY 250K C.PS 250K		HEAD OFFICE USE O	DNLY: _7645
AMG Grid reference	344310 mE 504		NPWS Site no: 4 9	
Full reference - please include leading digits	25K 5/616274		Site types:	
Scale of map used for grid Please use largest scale avail		[] 250K	Accessioned by:	Date: Date:0
125K)50K, 100K map nan	ne: MONA VALE		Owner/Manager:	
Site name: Newport Bur	ial Locality/property name.	2 Mysla Rd,	Address; Neuport	
NPWS District: SYDNEY NER	THERN DEACHES Region: Central			
Reason for investigation	Bones detected during excau	ation of sond	for foundations -	- Police calles
	ther crime score - Police			
Portion no: Parish:				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Pho	tos taken? YES	
			many attached? Lets	restricted proce
			·····	Contraction artic 22
How to get to the site (reter (Draw diagram on separate sh	to permanent features, give best approach eet.) The bones were identified ner	to sile eg. from abor - Lhe boach (least side of No.	2 Myola Rd,
which is at the corner of Mysla Rd + Ross St, Newport see attached map				
Other sites in locality? Ye Are sites in NPWS Register	S Site Types	include:		
		ta 15 Septer	tor 2000	
Have arrelacts been remove By whom? Phil Hurt, N	PWS Deposited	where?with David	Watts, Metro LALC	-> to be reburied
Is site important to local At Give contact(s) name(s) +				
Contacted for this recording (Attach additional information)	9? David Liktts, Regional Rep	, MLALC (Aspe	edea 14/9/22 - All	n toton, site effe-
J	Nrces (including full title of accompanying i M Aberigized Hostege Unit			NPWS Report Catzlogue #
	Condition of site: Most of lot ha	Chan board	Lischer Lod _ Ores	ings have donalished
Checklist: surface visibility,	a all concrete footings et nor	od t around r	melanically sift	21' + Compacted .
	a an converse formings lie in a Bros were defected during seco	nd on excave	tion for utilities	+ ladscoping.
	agement & protection (allach separate s		<u> </u>	
Site recorded by: Phil H	int	Date: 14	lalm	
Address/institution:	A Aborig incl Weitzg Unit	>-(1100	•
·	<u> </u>			

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SITE POSITION & ENVIRONMENT OFFICE USE ONLY: NPWS site no: 1. Land form a beach/hill slope/ridge top, etc: c. slope: 🔿 Õ b. site aspect: easter d. mark on diagram provided or on your own sketch the position of the site: e. Describe briefly: Sand deposit behind beach, apparently adjacent on eld stream. g. Land use/effect: residential - / no conservation potential. f. Local rock type: Sand 2. Distance from drinking water: < 50 m Source: 3. Resource Zone associated with site (estuarine, riverine, forest etc): beach lagoon 4. Vegetation: 5. Edible plants noted: 6. Faunal resources (include shellfish): 7. Other exploitable resources (river pebbles, ochre, etc): Site type: **DESCRIPTION OF SITE & CONTENTS.** Note state of preservation of site & contents. Do NOT dig, disturb, damage site or contents. Burial Volice forensics originally located 1 ferror and a broken tibia in the excavation, and fragments of bone on the current building site surface. The CHECKLIST TO HELP: deposit is very fine sond ranging from 'sterile' golden yellow to length, width, depth, height of site, shelter, humus rich dock brown. The deposit profile horizontally + vertically deposit, structure, element eg. tree scar. grooves in rock. is extremely mixed - with stoile sond abutting top soil, different DEPOSIT: colour. texture, estimated shades of brown/grey sord, and includes building material, ferre post depth, stratigraphy, contenta-shell, bone. fragments, roots, stepacts + shell material (not much shell) stone, charcoal, density & distribution of these, stone types, artefact A Cervical Vertebra was located on the surface, as well as a fragment TYDES. ART: area of surface which may be either scopula or pelvis, as nother pagment which decorated, motifs, colours, wet, dry appears to be the mastoid process of the still. pigment, technique of engraving, no. of figures, sizes, Given the totally degree of disturbance + scattering of the skeleton, patination BURIALS: number & ab well as development context, the LALC requested that the remains be condition of bone. position, age, sex, associated artelacts. TREES: number, alive. removed. dead, likely age, scar shape, position, size, patterns, axe marks, regrowth QUARRIES, rock type, Skull of 22 burial 'Burial B' incoured 18/9. debris, recognisable artelacis, percentage duarned. see attached report + Maps. OTHER SITES EG. structures (fish traps, stone arrangements. bora rings, mia mias), mythological sites, rock holes, engraved groove channels, contact sites Attach sketches etc. eg. plan & section of shelter, show relation between site contents, (missions massacres indicate north, show scale. cemeteries) as appropriate Attach annotated photos (stereo where useful) showing scale, particularly for art sites.

Burial, 2 Myola Road, Newport

19 September 2000

ISSUE:

Salvage of human skeletal remains at 2 Myola Road, Newport (Newport Beach).

BACKGROUND:

The National Parks and Wildlife Service (NPWS) was contacted on Thursday 14 September 2000 by Police in relation to the discovery of human skeletal remains at a redevelopment site at the corner of Myola Road and Ross Street, Newport. A human femur and tibia had been uncovered by a backhoe during earthworks at the location. The police had been contacted by the builders who subsequently contacted the Central Aboriginal Heritage Unit. Jason Field, A/Manager, and Phil Hunt, Archaeologist, Central Aboriginal Heritage Unit (CAHU), made an emergency inspection to assess whether the remains were likely to be from an Aboriginal burial, or more recent. Under the Coroners Act, 1980 the Coroner is required to determine the cause of death of any individual whose death is unnatural (ie violent or sudden) or where a medical practitioner has not provided a certificate of death. However, as the National Parks and Wildlife Act, 1974 protects Aboriginal remains that are not contained in a cemetery that includes non-Aboriginal burials, the Coroner does not become involved if the remains can be verified as being Aboriginal and greater than 50 years antiquity.

The remains were inspected by Detective Senior Constable Phil Elliott (Crime Scene Operations Branch, Chatswood - ph 9411 0871), Forensic Pathologist Allan Cala (ph 8584 7858, 0402 146 514), Regional Representative David Watts (Metropolitan Local Aboriginal Land Council) and NPWS staff. From the context of the deposit (largely disturbed, a mottled and recently churned profile), the condition of the bones (fairly weathered, particularly fragments on the surface) and the presence of shell material and stone artefacts, it was decided that the remains were likely to be Aboriginal and not an issue for the police.

Further inspection of the site and discussions with the builders confirmed that the site had been heavily disturbed. An original 1930s (?) dwelling had been demolished and the footings excavated. Large parts of the lot had then been 'sifted' mechanically in an attempt to bring up all concrete and other more solid material from the sand so that a more consistent medium could be compacted for the new development. The long bones had been uncovered during a secondary excavation for utilities and a garden bed.

The area around where the long bones had been found was cleaned up to determine whether the bones were in situ or not. The deposit was very mottled and mixed both horizontally and vertically. Sterile yellow sand was interspersed at varying levels with top soil, roots, different shades of grey/brown sand, and building material (glass, brick, concrete, sandstone, fence fragments, metal, etc).

As the MLALC did not wish to hold up the building beyond what was necessary (fearing lengthy delays would make builders and developers in the Pittwater area unwilling to report burials in the future), it was agreed that surface skeletal remains would be removed and further collection would resume the next day.

The following day, Friday 15 September, Phil Hunt, Margrit Koettig, NPWS, and David Watts, MLALC, sieved, trowelled and raked through surface deposit and other areas near where the long bones were found (see below for further information on findings). Large numbers of bone fragments were recovered from disturbed contexts - including at least 3 legs confirming that 2 individuals had been buried there. It was agreed that the MLALC would return on Monday 18 September 2000 to monitor the remaining earthworks as little was thought to survive in situ.

On 18 September, David Watts, MLALC contacted the NPWS as part of a skull had been uncovered. On further examination it was discovered that the skull had been in situ and that the remainder of the body was beneath this level of sand (although most of the legs had been dragged into the previous excavation and had been collected from a slightly different location on Friday 15). The remains were salvaged.

CONSULTATION:

David Watts, Regional Representative of Metropolitan Local Aboriginal Land Council, attended the site on each day. Cultural Heritage Officer Allen Madden was unable to attend due to other commitments, particularly in relation to the LALC's activities during the Olympics (which commenced 15 September 2000).

Options for the management of the remains were discussed on-site. It was the preference of the MLALC that the remains be removed as quickly as possible to encourage builders and developers to report future burials and given the disturbed nature of the site. The MLALC wished that the remains be removed, inspected to determine basic information such as age and gender, and then returned to the MLALC for reburial.

The MLALC supported the proposal that works recommence, monitored by a Land Council representative.

SITE DESCRIPTION:

The bones were recovered from the Myola Road side of the lot, approximately 150m west of Newport Beach. The site is entirely made up of fine beach sand. Local residents have reported that there used to be a creek running just to the north of the lot into a lagoon (now filled and developed). The surface level of the sand is approximately 1 metre above the level of Myola Road and may be near to the original dune height. Other houses in the vicinity, as well as towards the beach, have ground levels at this height in various places, which may be original.

As noted above, much of the lot has been heavily impacted by mechanical 'sifting'. Deposit from one part of the lot was moved to other areas and sometimes moved again. Some material had been removed to Kimbriki tip. Bone fragments were found in the south-eastern corner of the lot on the surface (including the head of a tibia, pelvis fragments, sections of cranium, a cervical vertebra and long bone fragments), as well as much more 10-20cm below the surface (Areas 5 and 6). It would be expected that bone from 'Burial A' would be dispersed at varying depths in this area.

Two small mounds (roughly 2m x 1m x 0.75m high) had been stockpiled in this corner. One (Area 4) was immediately above the trench being excavated (see Figure 2), the other (Area 1) was adjacent another trench approximately 2 metres to the north-east. Both stockpiles had bone in them.

The femur and tibia from the excavation trench ('Burial B') were found at the eastern end of the trench approximately 1m below the surface. It was not clear whether the bones had been dragged or had simply been uncovered. Further examination in the eastern end of this trench showed great disturbance in the profile. Tarsal (foot) bones were recovered from the spoil at the end of the trench as well as stockpile (4) above it. A second femur was located largely intact from here (which matched the original), while a third femur head came from the other stockpile (1).





Report generated by AHIMS Web Service on 02/09/2024 for Luke Rocavert for the following area at Address : 394 BARRENJOEY ROAD NEWPORT 2106 with a Buffer of 1000 meters. Number

of Aboriginal sites and Aboriginal objects found is 8

Not a site T	Partially [
The eite he	Partially Destroyed - The site has been only pa	
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	of per	

Not a site - The site has been originally entered and accepted onto AHIMS as a valid site but after further investigations it was decided it is NOT an aboriginal site. Impact of this type of site does not require permit but Heritage NSW should be notified	Partially Destroyed - The site has been only partially impacted or harmed usually as consequence of permit activity but sometimes also after natural events. There might be parts or sections of the original site still present on the ground	Destroyed - The site has been completely impacted or harmed usually as consequence of permit activity but sometimes also after natural events. There is nothing left of the site on the ground but proponents should proceed with caution.	Valid - The site has been recorded and accepted onto the system as valid	** Site Status

SiteID	
Site	

Extensive search - Site list report AHIMS Web Services (AWS)

> Your Ref/PO Number : J1950 Newport LEC Client Service ID : 926280

GOVERNMEN		,						
<u>SiteID</u>	SiteName	<u>Datum</u> Z	Zone Easting	Northing	<u>Context</u>	Site Status **	<u>SiteFeatures</u>	<u>SiteTypes</u>
45-6-1223	Newport;	AGD	56 344399	6274434	Open site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -	Midden
	Contact	Recorders	Alan Heath				Permits	
45-6-1374	Salt Pan Cove;McMahons Creek;	AGD	56 344061	6275455	Open site	Valid	Grinding Groove : -	Axe Grinding Groove
	Contact	Recorders	ASRSYS				Permits	
45-6-1224	Newport;Bungan Head;	AGD	56 344648	6274057	Open site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -	Midden
	Contact	Recorders	Alan Heath				Permits	
45-6-1221	Newport; Midden	AGD	56 344568	6274142	Open site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -	Midden
	Contact	Recorders	Alan Heath				Permits	
45-6-0855	Bilgola Beach;	AGD	56 344775	6275548	Open site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -	Midden
	Contact	Recorders	Alan Heath				Permits	
45-6-2645	Newport Burial	AGD	56 344310	6274559	Open site	Valid	Burial : -	
	Contact	Recorders	Mr.Phil Hunt				Permits	
45-6-1222	Newport; Midden 2	AGD	56 344628	6274117	Open site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -	Midden
	Contact	Recorders	Alan Heath				Permits	
45-6-1408	Irrubel Road;Newport;	AGD	56 343796	6274993	Closed site	Valid	Shell : -, Artefact : -,	Rock
	1	1					Art (Pigment or Engraved) : -	Engraving,Shelter with Midden
	Contact	<u>Recorders</u>	ASRSYS				Permits	

North Mat Dist.

NETTER COPL

٦.	Map Name BROKEN BAY	SYDNEY	5. Site No 45-6-1221
	1:63,360	r	
	Grid ref .329.410 approx	,	
4.	Site name(s) .Newport		7. Classification
8.	Air photo ref		
	Cadastral		
10.	Land Status	11	

12. Directions for site relocation

The midden is directly in line with an old concrete wall that was part of a rock pools wall (this wall is south of existing pool). Access is easy from Newport Beach. (The old pool wall is only visible at low tide). The old wall runs approx. E. to W. The midden is in an earth embankment that has been worn away by ocean wave action, (it would be approx. 10 ft. above high water mark).

15. Site Description

There are many shells in bank in approx. 2 ft. thick layer. The top of this layer is approx. 18" below the present ground level. The midden is approx. 18 ft. long and probably extends inland up hill a long way. There are shells among rocks directly below midden. The shells are in layers with much charcoal.

The shells are:- Large periwingkle type, muscles, a kind of a "limpet" type the 4" dia ones that look like a small flat dish with "mother of pearl" on the inside (i.e.

There are shells very tightly grouped together in the main layer with a lot of charcoal intermixed with them. The neares fresh water was probably in a swamp at rear of south end of Newport beach. the nearest shellfish source would have been the large flat rock area nearby and "Little Reef" which is jsut off shore and easily accessible at low tide in a flat sea.

top view

16.	Reasons for investigation
17.	Condition , The site is being erroded away by ocean wave action
18.	Interpretation
19	Visitation The site is regularly visited by the general public.
20,	Recommendations
	······································

21. Environmental description of site locality

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	a high cli	overlooks the ocean lff approx. 30 yds.	. inland	behind th	e site but	the groun	d rises u	p steeply	y from
		to the base of this and use is probably							The
	bresent re	ing use is brobabt)	y a lecte	sacion les	erve.	· • ·	n de la composition d La composition de la c		
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22		other sites in lo	cality						
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23.	Details of a	rtifact collectio	D 5						· .
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24.	Is plan or d	iagram of site at	tached?	Yes/#	<i>\b</i>				
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25.	Are annotate	d photographs att	acneu :	1897100			w them to		
26.	Other additi	078						5	•
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27.	Importance o	f site to Ab origi	nçə						
28.	Source of th	is information							`*
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_									
29.	Oral sources	of information N	Mr. A. He	eath,					
		2	29 Kanimi	ola Cres.,					
		1	Bilgola H	Plateau.	NSW. 2107				
30.	Written refe	747088	•					,	
30.	written rere.	rences							
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31.	Recorded by	A. Heath.				$\langle \cdot \rangle$	3400	X	
	Address	29 Banimbla Cre							
		Bilgola Plateau	1. NSW.	2107					
	Date	29-10-78		Date	11-3.	50			
	pace A	,,			9				•
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45-6-12-4

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45-6-1221 Miller embankment Many were worn boelders here. Affore line at low tile - Ocean Kere (about 3 ft. ligh) old concrete fool well (only visible at low tide) old fool fortion ð Offrese With. Note -Existing fool is offrox. 100 yels. N. of the old fool site. 45-6-1221

Noth Met Dest. NUMBER OF

2.	Map NameBROKEN BAYScale1:63,360.Grid ref329.411 approx.Site name(s)Newport	!:259,099 e.433.841	6. Site type	(Midden)
9.	Air photo ref Cadastral Land Status		• • • • • • • • • • • • •	

The site is in a bank just above very rockly (wave worn rocks) terrain at edge of seashore. The shells extent generally southward from a small cove of seawater (this cove is just south of swimming pool) for a distance of approx. 32yds. in a S.E. direction. The cove is only visible at low tide as shore is covered at high tide. (see attached map).

 13. Owner
 14. Tenant/Manager

 Address
 Address

 Attitude
 Attitude

15. Site Description

The shells are muscles, large periwinkle type, oyster,

The shells probable extend up the slope from the embankment.

The nearest fresh water may have been behind the south end of Newport Beach (possible swamp). The nearest shellfish source would have been "Little reef" (just off the shoreline) (only thigh deep water to this reef at low tide and I have seen large well shells on this reef myself) and also the large flat area of rock in the sites vicinity.

16.	Reasons for investigation
17.	Condition Damaged by wave action during rough seas
18.	Interpretation
19	Visitation Visited regularly by the general public.
20.	Necommendations
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

21. Environmental description of site locality

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45-6-1222

	The site o rearly fla nearby. T	verlooks the ocean. t rock area on the sl	directly above the wave There would have been a horeline as well as "Lit is probably a recreation	a rich shellfish source ttle Reef" just off the	e on the shoreline and prox. 10 ft.
				•	
	:		•		· .
22.	Relation to	other sites in loca	lity	<u></u>	
					· · ·
					• •
23,	Details of a	rtifact collections		. · · .	
	•				
i					
24.	Is plan or d	iagram of site attac	ched? Yes/Not		
25.	Are annotate	d photographs attacl	hed? ¥765/No How	many? (I have taken ph	notos and will
26.	Other additi	ons 		show you them 1	
27.	Importance of	f site to Aborigine:	3		· · ·
28.	Source of th:	is information			•• •
29.	Oral sources	29	. A. Heath, Banimbla Crs., Igola Plateau. NSW. 21	107	. •
3 0.	Written refe	rences .			
31.	Recorded by	Mr. A. Heath,	Filed by	R.S. Sikcox	
	Address	29 Banimbla Cres., Bilgola Plateau.			
	Date	29-10-78	Date 11-3-	.80	
	1	;			

Cliff line mall fortfall with shalls on it - slight footfall going up to high clift through many vines will 3" d blue flowers on them d's' dia shalls in bank bank Offree N. 1 Bylls affres Ke 15gels affra large rock 940. S. of shells Jorgter sta fool . Jock. lere lorge feruville Life shall here. shoreline at low tide 45-6-1222

	North met Dist	A5-6-1223
2.	Map Name BROKEN BAY \$20161 Scale 1:63,360 1:250,000 Grid ref General area of 328.414 433.8415	6. Site type QPEN (midden)
4.	Site name(s) .Newport	7. Classification
	Air photo ref	
	Cadastral	
10.	Land Status 11	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

Possible Midden in many parts of sandy bank at rear of beach between the steps leading onto the beach (at the east end of "The Boulavarde" at Newport) and a brown coloured shed on private property (shed is just north of toilet block at the south end of the beach). Access is easy from the beach. Site is approx. 50 yds. from the high water mark. The sites may be insode private property as waves have erroded away some of the land in front of houses adjacent to the beach (no fences at bounderys of land).

13. Owner 14. Tenant/Manager Address Address Attitude Attitude ...

15. Site Description

> The shells are in the face of a sandy bank up to 4 ft. below the present ground level. The shells are oyster shells, large well shells, large periwinkle type shells, cockle shells, muscle shells, and a shell that is 4" dia. approx. and has "mother of pearl" on it and is shaped like a small shallow dish.

There is a bone at the base of Norfolk Is. pine tree (north tree with exposed roots). There is a possible skull bone and another bone between the 2N. Is. pine trees that form the south 2 trees of a line of 3 pine trees (all have roots exposed). I have the possible skull bone and will show it to you in near future. (It is approx. $l_2^{l_2}$ " dia). There are possible charcoal layers in the bank under the north end of exposed Nor. Is. pine trees roots (just north of crown shed on private property).

The shells may extend westward onto the gardens of the private houses in the vicinity.

16.	Reasons for investigation
17.	Condition The site is being erroded away by any very rough seas.
١d.	Interpretation
19	Visitation Site is visited regularly by beach crowds.
20.	Recommendations

45-6-1223

21. Environmental description of site locality

The bank containing the shells is approx. 4 ft. high (varies in different places) and the bottom of it is at the ocean beach level. The soil is sandy mainly with some possible "filling" of clay type soils. There are darker layers of sand in places which are possible decayed vegetable matter. There may have been a swamp several hundred yds, to the west of the site as it is very flat land there and there is a stormwater drain running into the sea from that direction. There is a rich food source on the large flat area south of the beach and the "Little reef" just off the shore. The land may be a recreation reserve or private land. Site is approx. 6 ft. above high water mark.

22. Relation to other sites in locality

23. Details of artifact collections

I have a possible skull bone that I will show you and then I will return it to its r origingal position in the site if you don't want it.

24. Is plan or diagram of site attached? Yps/NO (because site is easy to find)
25. Are annotated photographs attached? //ps/NO How many? I have taken photos of site and will show you them later

26. Other additions

27. Importance of site to Aborigines

26. Source of this information

Oral sources of information Mr. A. Heath, 29 Banimbla Cres.,

Bilgola Plateau. NSW. 2107

2107

30. Written references

29.

31. Recorded by Mr. A. Heath.

Filed by R. S. SILCOX

45-6-1223

Address 29 Banimbla Cres., Bilgola Plateau. NSW.

Date 2

29-10-78

Date 11-3-80

North Mat Diat

2. 3.	BROKEN BAY Stone Stone Site No. $45 - 6 - /224$ Map Name Site No. $45 - 6 - /224$ Open (Midden) Scale 1:63,360 1:250,000 6. Site type Grid ref 7. Classification Midden
9.	Air photo ref

The Midden is in the face of a bank and is 6 ft. below the surface of the ground. Access is easy from Newport Beach. The midden is approx. 200 yds. south of swimming pool at southern end of Newport Beach. Site is approx. 5 yds. south of a natural shallow rock pool that is only visible at low tide. (See attached map).

15. Site Description

The shells are embedded in the face of an embankment that overlooks the ocean. The site is approx. 10 ft. above high water mark. Between the site and the ocean are many wave worn boalders and rocks that slope down to the waters edge at approx. 30° to the horizontal flame. The site is being erroded away by wave action (when seas are rough). The shells in the midden are:- Large and small periwinkle types, and limpet types. There is also a small piece of bone amongst the shells. The shells extend for approx. 15 yds. in a N. to S. direction and probably extend inland quite a distance (towards base of cliff). The shells are approx. 6 ft. below surface of embankment and the shells are ina layer of approx. 1 ft. thick. The nearest shellfish source is the large flat rock areas in the near vicinity to the site and "Little Reef" that extends out to sea only approx. 100 Yds. from the shore nearly. (The water is only thigh deep at low tide between this reef and the shore and it is easily accessible in a flat sea). The nearest freshwater would probably been a swamp approx. 200 yds. west of the S. end of Newport Beach (there is a stormwater drain running onto the beach near the S. end of the beach).

16.	Reasons for investigation
17.	Condition The site is being erroded away by wave action (in rough seas) and rain is erroding away the site also

18.	Interpretation
:9	Visitation The site is regularly visited by the general public
20,	Recommendations

45-6-1224

21. Environmental description of site locality

The site overlooks the ocean and is approx. 10 ft. above the high water mark. It overlooks a shore that is wholly made up of wave worn boulders and stones (at high tide). There is a large flat shelf of rock exposed in front of site at low water. The land behind site rises up very steeply to a large cliff (this rise is covered with low vegetation (lantana, vines, grass etc.). The site is very near a rich shellfish food source. The site was probably 500 yds. away from a possible swamp at the rear of the south end of Newport Beach. The present land use may be a recreation reserve.

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22.	Relation to	other sites in locality	,			
÷ .			,			• •
23.	Details of a	artifact collections				
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24.	Is plan or d	liagram of site attached	? Yes/(195)/			
25.	Are annotate	d photographs attached?	Yes/No		11 send a couple cos later.)	s of
26.	Other additi					
27.	importance o	f site to Aborigines	<u></u>			- <u></u> .
28.	Source of th	is information				• •
29.	Ozal sources		h, mbla Crescent, Plateau. NSW	2107		
30,	Written refe	rences .				
31.	Recorded by	Mr. A. Heath.	Filed by	R.S. SIL	COX	
	Address	29 Banimbla Crescent, Bilgola Plateau. NSW.	2107			
	Date	29-10-78	Date //	-3-80		

45-6-1224.

Cliff line. 45-6-1225 Embankment. 15 yds. offrae. Salls affred. allos Sells in bank Kere lorge flat they are offrax ift. wide and office. 6ft. rearly toregon natural fool slab of rock below surface of embankment .) hool is offred. 20 yr x here 10 yes) (at la rocks in fact tide). Colout 3 ft. high The shells extend a distance (horizontally) of affra. 15 gds. affred. Uth. Note: - Natural rock fool is not visible at high tike (Comfletely covered with water).

		[~] N	ew recording	[] Additional Info
Box 19 Stan	tional Parks and 67, Hurstville NSW 2220. Tel: (02) 58 dard Site Recording Form R	S 6444 levised 5/88	fe Service	45-6-2645
		NPWS Code		
1:250,000 map sheet:	250K GPS 250K		HEAD OFFICE USE O	DNLY: -7645
AMG Grid reference	344310 mE 504		NPWS Site no: <u>4</u> 2	
Fuil reference - please include leading digits	25K 5/6 6274		Site types:	
Scale of map used for grid Please use largest scale ava		[] 250K	Accessioned by:	Date: Date: Date:
(125K)50K, 100K map na	me: MONA VALE		Owner/Manager:	
Site name: Newport Bu	rial Locality/property name.	2 Myola Rd,	Address; Neurport	
NPWS District: SYDUEY AN	RTHERN DEACHES Region: Central			
Reason for investigation	Bones detected during excau	ation of sond	for foundations -	- Police calles
	ther crime score - Police			
Portion no: Parish:				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Pho	tos taken? YES	
			many attached? Lets	restricted proce
			<u> </u>	Competing at (2.20)
How to get to the site (reter (Draw pagram on separate site)	to permanent features. give best approach neer.) The bones were identified nez	n the transle l	reast side of No.	2 Muola Rd,
which is at the c	orner of Mysla Rd + Ross S	st, Newport	see attached	мар
Other sites in locality? Ye Are sites in NPWS Registe	2S Site Types	include:		
Have artefacts been remo	ved from site? 1PS When?	ta 15 Septer	ber 2000	
By whom? Phil Hunt, N	JPWS Deposited	where?with David	Watts, Metro LALC	-> to be reburied
Is site important to local A Give contact(s) name(s) +	• IlliO(• • • •			
Contacted for this recordin (Attach additional information		, MLALC (Aspe	dea 14/9/20 - All	Restant Starter
j	Durces (including full title of accompanying r an Abari gived Ho, Tage Unit			NPWS Report Catalogue #
	Condition of site: Most of lot ha	shoon hoali	La disticted - preu	rious have denotished
Checklist: surface visibility,	a all concrete footings et 100	ued + around r	recharically sift	3' + compacted .
damage/disturbance/ threat to site	Bries were defected during seco	nder excano	dion for utilities	+ ladscoping.
Recommendations for mai	nagement & protection (attach separate si	neet if necessary):		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Site recorded by: Phil F Address/institution: Confin	NAT 1 Aboriginal Ukitzy Unit UPUS	Date: 14	9/00	•
	<u></u>			

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SITE POSITION & ENVIRONMENT OFFICE USE ONLY: NPWS site no: 1. Land form a beach/hill slope/ridge top, etc: c. slope: 🔿 Õ b. site aspect: easter d. mark on diagram provided or on your own sketch the position of the site: e. Describe briefly: Sand deposit behind beach, apparently adjacent on eld stream. g. Land use/effect: residential - / no conservation potential. f. Local rock type: Sand 2. Distance from drinking water: < 50 m Source: 3. Resource Zone associated with site (estuarine, riverine, forest etc): beach lagoon 4. Vegetation: 5. Edible plants noted: 6. Faunal resources (include shellfish): 7. Other exploitable resources (river pebbles, ochre, etc): Site type: **DESCRIPTION OF SITE & CONTENTS.** Note state of preservation of site & contents. Do NOT dig, disturb, damage site or contents. Burial Volice forensics originally located 1 ferror and a broken tibia in the excavation, and fragments of bone on the current building site surface. The CHECKLIST TO HELP: deposit is very fine sond ranging from 'sterile' golden yellow to length, width, depth, height of site, shelter, humus rich dock brown. The deposit profile horizontally + vertically deposit, structure, element eg. tree scar. grooves in rock. is extremely mixed - with stoile sond abutting top soil, different DEPOSIT: colour. texture, estimated shades of brown/grey sord, and includes building material, ferre post depth, stratigraphy, contenta-shell, bone. fragments, roots, stepacts + shell material (not much shell) stone, charcoal, density & distribution of these, stone types, artefact A Cervical Vertebra was located on the surface, as well as a fragment TYDES. ART: area of surface which may be either scopula or pelvis, as nother pagment which decorated, motifs, colours, wet, dry appears to be the mastoid process of the still. pigment, technique of engraving, no. of figures, sizes, Given the totally degree of disturbance + scattering of the skeleton, patination BURIALS: number & ab well as development context, the LALC requested that the remains be condition of bone. position, age, sex, associated artelacts. TREES: number, alive. removed. dead, likely age, scar shape, position, size, patterns, axe marks, regrowth QUARRIES, rock type, Skull of 22 burial 'Burial B' incoured 18/9. debris, recognisable artelacis, percentage duarned. see attached report + Maps. OTHER SITES EG. structures (fish traps, stone arrangements. bora rings, mia mias), mythological sites, rock holes, engraved groove channels, contact sites Attach sketches etc. eg. plan & section of shelter, show relation between site contents, (missions massacres indicate north, show scale. cemeteries) as appropriate Attach annotated photos (stereo where useful) showing scale, particularly for art sites.

Burial, 2 Myola Road, Newport

19 September 2000

ISSUE:

Salvage of human skeletal remains at 2 Myola Road, Newport (Newport Beach).

BACKGROUND:

The National Parks and Wildlife Service (NPWS) was contacted on Thursday 14 September 2000 by Police in relation to the discovery of human skeletal remains at a redevelopment site at the corner of Myola Road and Ross Street, Newport. A human femur and tibia had been uncovered by a backhoe during earthworks at the location. The police had been contacted by the builders who subsequently contacted the Central Aboriginal Heritage Unit. Jason Field, A/Manager, and Phil Hunt, Archaeologist, Central Aboriginal Heritage Unit (CAHU), made an emergency inspection to assess whether the remains were likely to be from an Aboriginal burial, or more recent. Under the Coroners Act, 1980 the Coroner is required to determine the cause of death of any individual whose death is unnatural (ie violent or sudden) or where a medical practitioner has not provided a certificate of death. However, as the National Parks and Wildlife Act, 1974 protects Aboriginal remains that are not contained in a cemetery that includes non-Aboriginal burials, the Coroner does not become involved if the remains can be verified as being Aboriginal and greater than 50 years antiquity.

The remains were inspected by Detective Senior Constable Phil Elliott (Crime Scene Operations Branch, Chatswood - ph 9411 0871), Forensic Pathologist Allan Cala (ph 8584 7858, 0402 146 514), Regional Representative David Watts (Metropolitan Local Aboriginal Land Council) and NPWS staff. From the context of the deposit (largely disturbed, a mottled and recently churned profile), the condition of the bones (fairly weathered, particularly fragments on the surface) and the presence of shell material and stone artefacts, it was decided that the remains were likely to be Aboriginal and not an issue for the police.

Further inspection of the site and discussions with the builders confirmed that the site had been heavily disturbed. An original 1930s (?) dwelling had been demolished and the footings excavated. Large parts of the lot had then been 'sifted' mechanically in an attempt to bring up all concrete and other more solid material from the sand so that a more consistent medium could be compacted for the new development. The long bones had been uncovered during a secondary excavation for utilities and a garden bed.

The area around where the long bones had been found was cleaned up to determine whether the bones were in situ or not. The deposit was very mottled and mixed both horizontally and vertically. Sterile yellow sand was interspersed at varying levels with top soil, roots, different shades of grey/brown sand, and building material (glass, brick, concrete, sandstone, fence fragments, metal, etc).

As the MLALC did not wish to hold up the building beyond what was necessary (fearing lengthy delays would make builders and developers in the Pittwater area unwilling to report burials in the future), it was agreed that surface skeletal remains would be removed and further collection would resume the next day.

The following day, Friday 15 September, Phil Hunt, Margrit Koettig, NPWS, and David Watts, MLALC, sieved, trowelled and raked through surface deposit and other areas near where the long bones were found (see below for further information on findings). Large numbers of bone fragments were recovered from disturbed contexts - including at least 3 legs confirming that 2 individuals had been buried there. It was agreed that the MLALC would return on Monday 18 September 2000 to monitor the remaining earthworks as little was thought to survive in situ.

On 18 September, David Watts, MLALC contacted the NPWS as part of a skull had been uncovered. On further examination it was discovered that the skull had been in situ and that the remainder of the body was beneath this level of sand (although most of the legs had been dragged into the previous excavation and had been collected from a slightly different location on Friday 15). The remains were salvaged.

CONSULTATION:

David Watts, Regional Representative of Metropolitan Local Aboriginal Land Council, attended the site on each day. Cultural Heritage Officer Allen Madden was unable to attend due to other commitments, particularly in relation to the LALC's activities during the Olympics (which commenced 15 September 2000).

Options for the management of the remains were discussed on-site. It was the preference of the MLALC that the remains be removed as quickly as possible to encourage builders and developers to report future burials and given the disturbed nature of the site. The MLALC wished that the remains be removed, inspected to determine basic information such as age and gender, and then returned to the MLALC for reburial.

The MLALC supported the proposal that works recommence, monitored by a Land Council representative.

SITE DESCRIPTION:

The bones were recovered from the Myola Road side of the lot, approximately 150m west of Newport Beach. The site is entirely made up of fine beach sand. Local residents have reported that there used to be a creek running just to the north of the lot into a lagoon (now filled and developed). The surface level of the sand is approximately 1 metre above the level of Myola Road and may be near to the original dune height. Other houses in the vicinity, as well as towards the beach, have ground levels at this height in various places, which may be original.

As noted above, much of the lot has been heavily impacted by mechanical 'sifting'. Deposit from one part of the lot was moved to other areas and sometimes moved again. Some material had been removed to Kimbriki tip. Bone fragments were found in the south-eastern corner of the lot on the surface (including the head of a tibia, pelvis fragments, sections of cranium, a cervical vertebra and long bone fragments), as well as much more 10-20cm below the surface (Areas 5 and 6). It would be expected that bone from 'Burial A' would be dispersed at varying depths in this area.

Two small mounds (roughly 2m x 1m x 0.75m high) had been stockpiled in this corner. One (Area 4) was immediately above the trench being excavated (see Figure 2), the other (Area 1) was adjacent another trench approximately 2 metres to the north-east. Both stockpiles had bone in them.

The femur and tibia from the excavation trench ('Burial B') were found at the eastern end of the trench approximately 1m below the surface. It was not clear whether the bones had been dragged or had simply been uncovered. Further examination in the eastern end of this trench showed great disturbance in the profile. Tarsal (foot) bones were recovered from the spoil at the end of the trench as well as stockpile (4) above it. A second femur was located largely intact from here (which matched the original), while a third femur head came from the other stockpile (1).



