# CONCEPT STORMWATER DRAWINGS FOR 85-87 BLACKBUTTS RD FRENCHS FOREST NSW 2086

# SYMBOLS

PIT SURFACE LEVEL INVERT LEVEL TOP OF KERB **BOTTOM OF WALL** Ø100 SUBSOIL PIPE FLOOR WASTE 150X150 FLOOR WASTE 150Ø Ø RWO RAINWATER OUTLET 300Ø PLANTER GRATE ●DP DOWN PIPE •CO CLEAN OUT INSPECTION OPENING IO VERTICAL DROP VD VERTICAL RISER VR CONCRETE COVER JUNCTION PIT GRATED INLET PIT WIDE GRATED DRAIN OVERLAND FLOW PATH CAST IN SLAB PIPE

## **NOTES**

- 1. ALL LINES ARE TO BE MIN. 100Ø UPVC @ MIN 1.0% GRADE UNLESS
- 2. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO LOCATE & LEVEL ALL EXISTING SERVICES PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY EARTHWORKS. ALL DESIGN LEVELS SHOWN ON PLAN SHALL BE VERIFIED ON SITE PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK.
- 3. ALL PIPES TO HAVE MIN 200mm COVER IF LOCATED WITHIN PROPERTY
- 4. ALL PITS IN DRIVEWAYS BE HEAVY DUTY GRATES. DIRECT SURFACE FLOW TO ALL GRATED SURFACE INLET PITS
- 5. ALL WORK DO BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS/NZ 3500.3.2:1998 AND COUNCIL SPECIFICATIONS.
- LOCATION OF DOWNPIPES & FLOOR WASTES ARE INDICATIVE ONLY. DOWNPIPE & FLOOR WASTE SIZE, LOCATION & QUANTITY TO BE DETERMINED BY BUILDER & IN ACCORDANCE WITH RELEVANT AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS.
- 7. THIS PLAN IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE ARCHITECTURAL, LANDSCAPE AND STRUCTURAL PLANS.
- 8. ANY DISCREPANCIES OR OMISSIONS SHALL BE REFERRED TO THE DESIGN ENGINEER FOR RESOLUTION.
- 9. ALL PITS OR GRATES IN TRAFFICABLE AREAS TO BE HEAVY DUTY.
- 10. ALL GUTTERS WILL BE FITTED WITH LEAF GUARDS AND SHOULD BE INSPECTED AND CLEANED TO ENSURE LEAF LITTER CANNOT ENTER THE DOWNPIPES
- 11. PROVIDE EMERGENCY OVERFLOW TO ALL PLANTER BOX AND BALCONIES.
- 12. ALL PITS WITH DEPTH MORE THAN 1M MUST HAVE IRON STEPS.
- 13. PROVIDE STORMWATER GRATE 200Wx200D AT THE BASE OF ALL MECHANICAL SHAFTS AND UNCOVERED STAIRS OR OPENINGS.
- 14. ENSURE ALL DRAINAGE WORKS ARE AWAY FROM TREE ROOTS

AS 3500.3- TABLE 8.2
SIZE OF MINIMUM INTERNAL DIMENSIONS
FOR STORMWATER AND INLET PITS

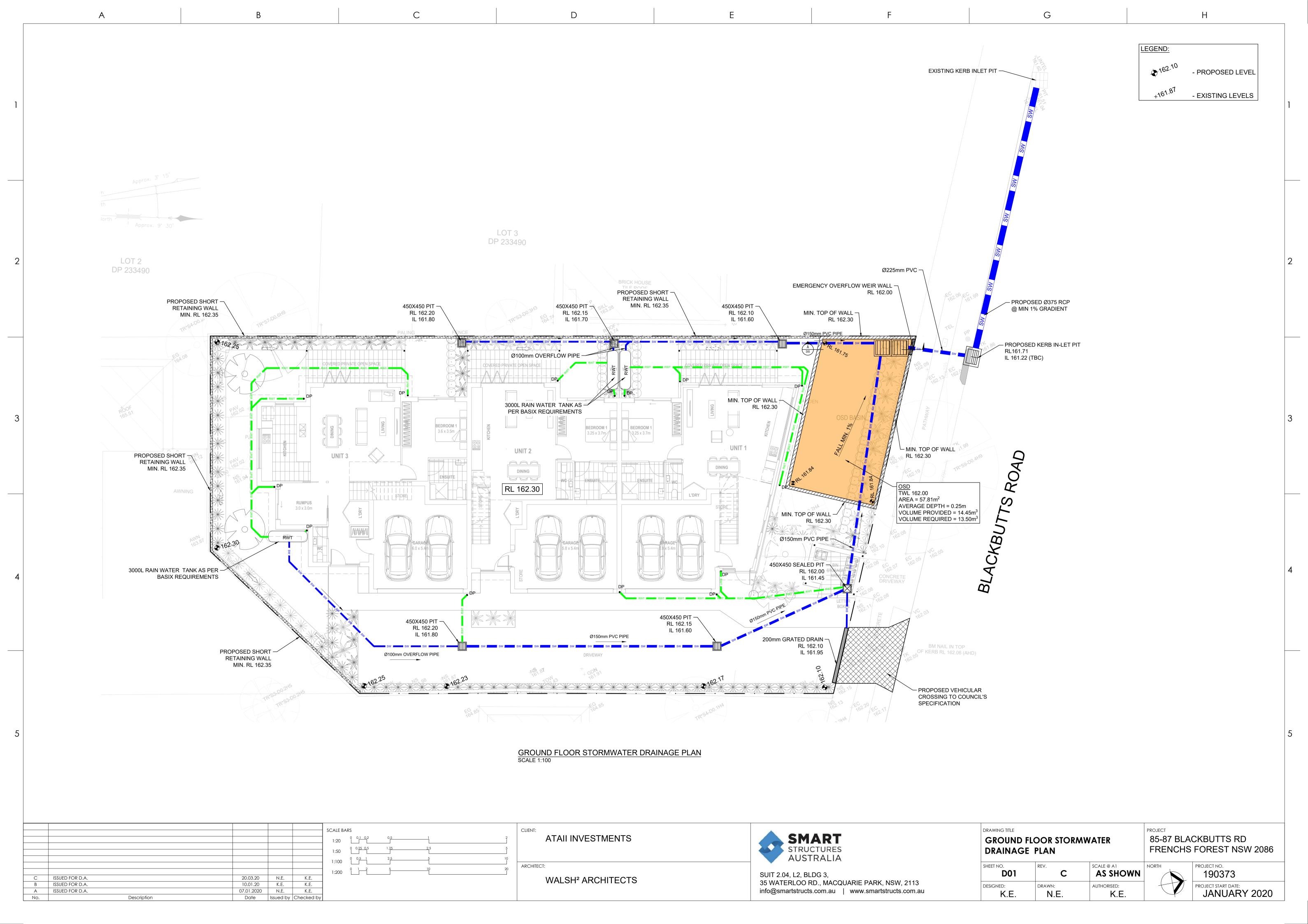
DEPTH OF INVERT OF	MINIMUM INTERNAL DIMENSIONS (mm)				
OUTLET	RECTANGULAR		CIRCULAR		
	WIDTH	LENGTH	DIAMETER		
≤600	450	450	600		
>600 ≤900	600	600	900		
>900 ≤1200	600	900	1000		
>1200	900	900	1000		

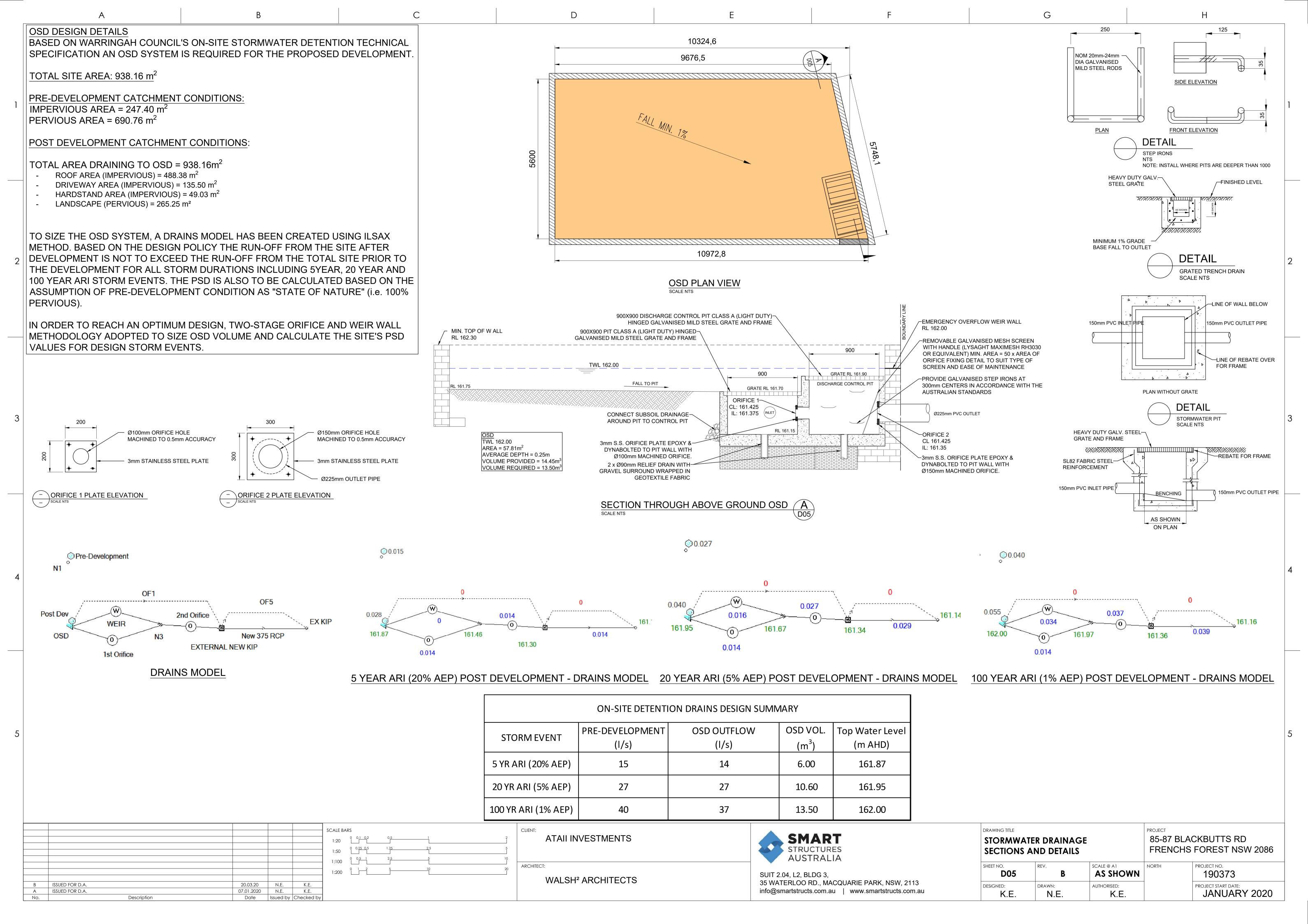
	DRAWING LIST
DRAWING NUMBER	DRAWING NAME

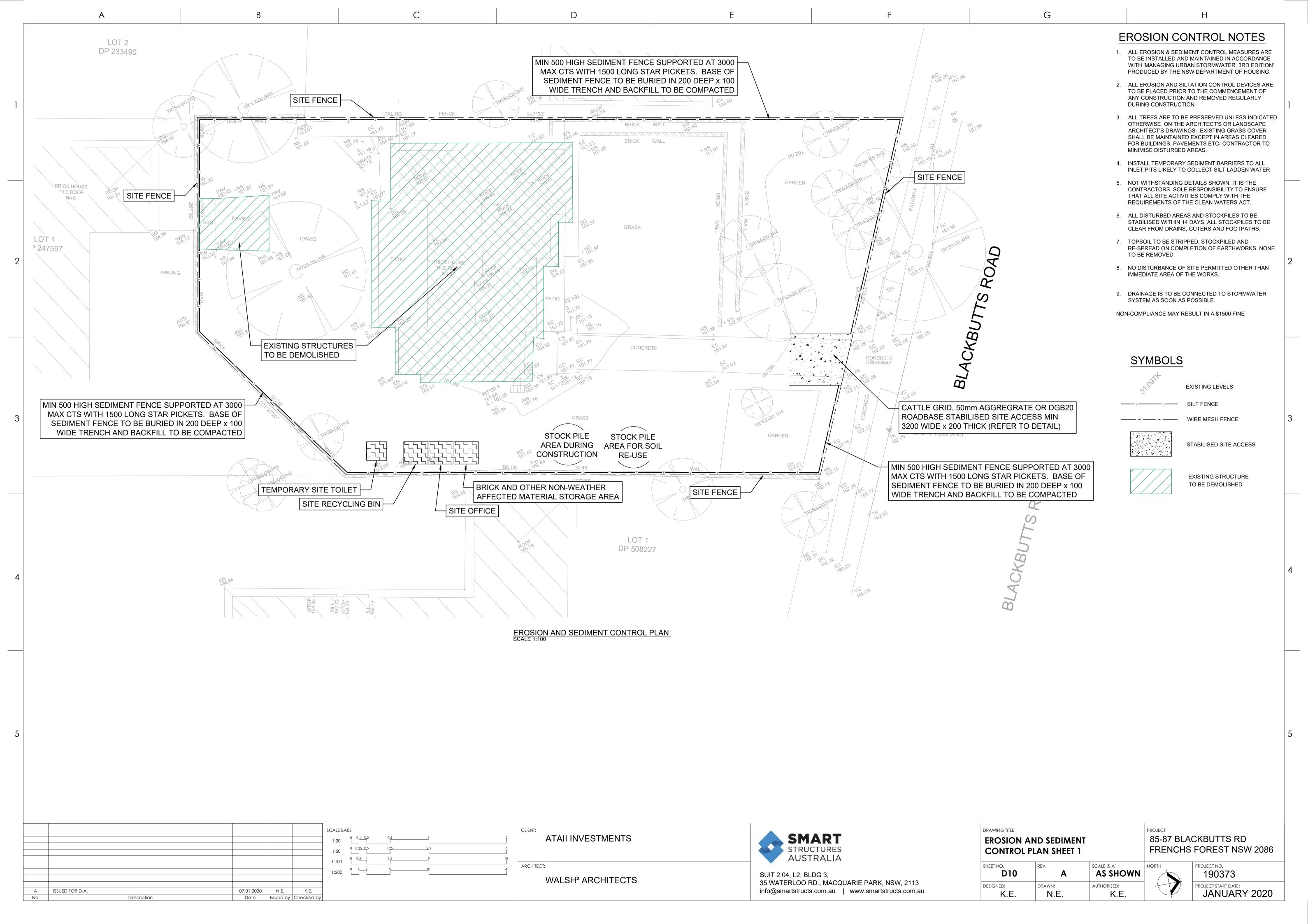
D00	COVER SHEET, LEGEND & DRAWING SCHEDULE
D01	GROUND FLOOR STORMWATER DRAINAGE PLAN AND DETAILS
D05	STORMWATER DRAINAGE SECTIONS AND DETAILS
D10	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHEET 1
D11	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHEET 2



	SCALE BARS  1:20 0 0.1 0.2 0.5 1  1:50 0 0.25 0.5 1.25 2.5  0 0.5 1 2.5 5	CLIENT:  ATAII INVESTMENTS  5 10	SMART STRUCTURES AUSTRALIA  SUIT 2.04, L2, BLDG 3, 35 WATERLOO RD., MACQUARIE PARK, NSW, 2113 info@smartstructs.com.au   www.smartstructs.com.au	COVER SHEET, LEGEND & DRAWING SCHEDULE		85-87 BLACKBUTTS RD FRENCHS FOREST NSW 2086		
	1:100	ARCHITECT:		SHEET NO.	REV.	SCALE @ A1	NORTH	PROJECT NO. 190373
A ISSUED FOR D.A.	07.01.2020 N.E. K.E.  Date Issued by Checked by	WALSH <sup>2</sup> ARCHITECTS		DESIGNED:	DRAWN: N.E.	AUTHORISED: K.E.		PROJECT START DATE:  JANUARY 2020







MINIMUM TREE PROTECTION



THE HARDSTAND AREAS OR CATTLE GRIDS WILL BE PLACED AT THE SITE

ENTRANCES AND EXITS. TO REMOVE THE BULK OF DIRT AND MUD THAT MAY

CONTRACTOR WILL CONDUCT REGULAR STREET SWEEPS ALONG THE

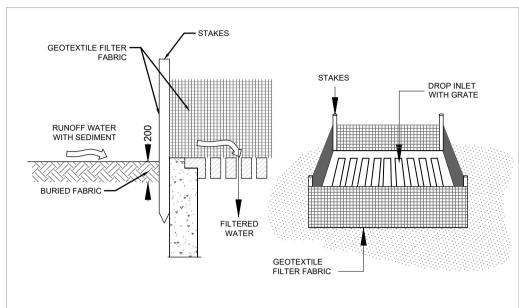
REGULAR ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTIONS WILL BE CARRIED OUT BY

CONTRACTOR'S PERSONNEL TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THIS PLAN.

ACCESS ROUTE TO ENSURE THE ROADS ADJACENT TO THE SITE ENTRANCES ARE

ACCUMULATE ON TRUCK TYRES.

KEPT CLEAN OF ANY DIRT AND DEBRIS.



[VVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVV]

ON BOTH SIDES OF "SHAKE

CATTLE GRID PLAN

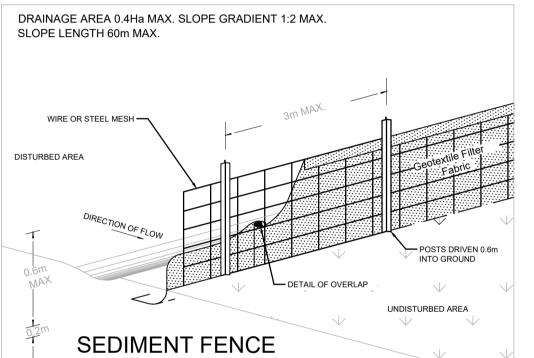
### GEOTEXTILE FILTER FABRIC DROP INLET SEDIMENT TRAP

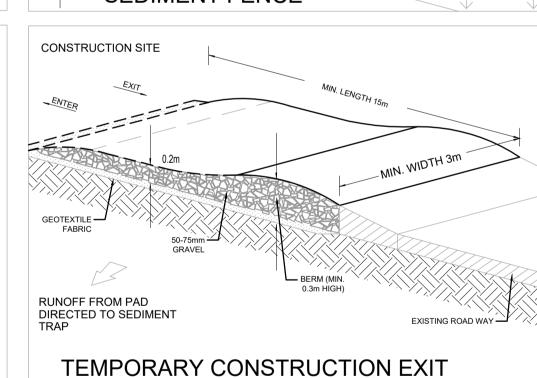
RAMP, TYPICAL BOTH ENDS.

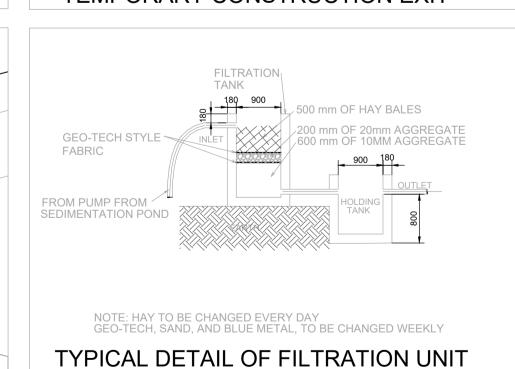
CATTLE GRID ALTERNATIVE

RUNOFF FROM GRIDS TO BE

DIRECTED TO SEDIMENT TRAP







**SMART** STRUCTURES **AUSTRALIA** 

SHEET NO. D11

DRAWING TITLE

**CONTROL PLAN SHEET 2** 

**EROSION AND SEDIMENT** 

85-87 BLACKBUTTS RD

PROJECT NO. 190373 PROJECT START DATE: JANUARY 2020

General Instructions:

a possible way of managing soil and erosion. The contractor shall be responsible for the

instructions, specification or documentation that may be issued and relating to development of the subject site.

The contractor will ensure that all soil and water management works are consistent with ' Managing Urban Stormwater - Soils and Construction' - also known as 'The Blue Book'.

All builders and sub-contractors shall be informed of their responsibilities in minimising the potential for soil erosion and pollution to downslope lands and waterways.

Erosion Control:

SWM05 Water shall be prevented from entering the permanent drainage system until sediment

concentration is less then or equal to 50mg/L, ie the catchment area has been permanently landscaped and/ or any likely sediment has been filtered through and approved structure.

possible and within 10 working days from placement.

Any sand used in the concrete curing process (spread the surface will be removed as soon as

Acceptable receptors will be constructed for concrete and mortar slurries, paints, acid

washings, light-weight waste materials and litter. 'Sediment' fencing will be installed as indicated on the plans and at the direction of site

superintendent to ensure containment of sediment. The sediment fencing will outlet or overflow under stabilised conditions into the sediment basin, to safely convey water into a

suitable filtering system should the pores in the fabric block. The sediment basins will be constructed with the minimum wet sediment capacity of CUM cubic meters and designed to remain stable in at least the 1 in CDSE year critical duration

Stockpiles should not be located within 5m of trees and hazard areas, including likely areas of concentrated or high velocity flows such as waterways, drainage lines, paved areas and driveways. Where they are within 5m from such areas, special sediment control measures should be taken to minimise possible pollution to downstream waters. Measure should also be applied to prevent the erosion of the stockpile.

storm event. Artificial flocculation of the finer particles may not be necessary in this instance.

All cut and fill batters are to be seeded and mulched within 14 days of completion of formation.

Any existing trees which form part of the final landscaping plan will be protected from

construction activities by -

a. Protecting them with barrier fencing or similar materials installed outside the drip line, b. Ensuring that nothing is nailed to them,

c. Prohibiting paving grading sediment wash or placing of stockpiles within the drip line except under the following conditions

sprinkling with water to keep dust under control.

1. Encroachment only occurs on one side and no closer to the trunk than either 1.5 metres or half the distance between the outer edge of the drip line and the trunk, which ever is

2. A drainage system that allows air and water to circulate through the root zone (e.g. a gravel bed) is placed under all fill layers of more than 300 millimetres depth,

Care is taken.

During windy weather, large disturbed unprotected areas should be kept moist (not wet) by

Diversion banks/ channels will be rehabilitated as soon as possible and within 5 working days from their final shaping. Other than in the winter months, suitable materials's include turf grasses such s Couch or kikuyu. During winter, or at other times when temporary rehabilitation (more than 3 months) is required, it is suggested that hessian cloth is used but only if tacked with appropriate pegs and an anionic bitumen emulsion. Foot and vehicular traffic should be kept away from these areas.

Undertake site development works in accordance with the engineering plans. Where possible, phase development so that land disturbance is confined to areas of workable size.

Construction Sequence

Where practical, the soil erosion hazard on the site should be kept as low as possible. To this end, works should be undertaken in the FOLLOWING SEQUENCE i) Install inlet sediment traps to all gully pits fronting the site,

ii) Install a 1.8m chain wire fence around the boundaries and attach hessian cloth or similar to it on the windward side (ties at the top, centre and bottom and at 1m intervals or as instructed by the superintendent),

iii) Install geofabric sediment fence and sediment traps around all permanent stormwater reticulation structures as shown on the plan, iv) Construct stabilised construction entrance as shown on the plan or to location as

v) Install diversion banks along the boundary where required, rehabilitate disturbed lands downslope from the basins within 20 working days, vi) Ensure that the sediment basin is directed onto a turfed area and drains to a

suitable location. A temporary stormwater line may be necessary to convey the flows to this location. Construct diversion channels at the boundary to drain into the sediment basin as shown on plans. vii) At completion stabilise site and decommission sediment basin and all erosion

control devices.

Temporary soil and water management structures will be removed only after the lands they are protecting are rehabilitated.

Final site landscaping will be undertaken as soon as possible and within 20 working days from completion of construction activities.

Site Inspection and Maintenance

At least weekly and after every rain fall event, the contractor will inspect the site and ensure that -

i) Drains and all sediment control devices operate effectively and initiate repair or

maintenance as required. ii) Receptors for concrete and mortar slurries, paints, acid washings, light-wight waste materials and litter are to be emptied as necessary. Disposal of waste shall be in a

manor approved by the superintendent. iii) Spill sand (or other materials) is removed from hazard areas, including likely areas

of concentrated or high velocity flows such as waterways, gutters, paved areas and iv) Sediment is removed from basins and / or traps when less than 20m³ of trapping capacity remain per 1000m<sup>2</sup> of distributed lands, and or less than 500 depth remains in the settling zone. Any collected sediment will be disposed in areas where further pollution to

v) Rehabilitated lands have effectively reduced the erosion hazard and initiate upgrading or repair as appropriate.

down slope lands and waterways is unlikely,

The contractor shall provide all monitoring control and testing.

TREE PROTECTION DETAIL

SOIL STOCK PILE REINFORCED BACKING 60mm GRAVEL OR CRUSHED ROCK —FILTER FABRIC (SECURE TO BACKING) THE GROUND

SILT FENCE DETAIL HAY BALE DETAIL

DRAINAGE AREA 0.4Ha MAX. SLOPE GRADIENT 1:2 MAX. SLOPE LENGTH 40m MAX. ANGLE FIRST STAKE TOWARDS PREVIOUSLY LAID STRAW BAL STAKES DRIVEN 0.6n INTO THE GROUND UNDISTURBED AREA STRAW BALE SEDIMENT FILTER

SCALE BARS 1:100 A ISSUED FOR D.A. 07.01.2020 N.E. Date Issued by Checked by Description

ATAII INVESTMENTS

ARCHITECT:

WALSH<sup>2</sup> ARCHITECTS

SUIT 2.04, L2, BLDG 3, 35 WATERLOO RD., MACQUARIE PARK, NSW, 2113 info@smartstructs.com.au | www.smartstructs.com.au

DESIGNED:

SCALE @ A1 **AS SHOWN** AUTHORISED: DRAWN: N.E. K.E.

FRENCHS FOREST NSW 2086