

<b>Sent:</b>	3/03/2023 3:49:51 PM
<b>Subject:</b>	NSW RFS Determination - Your Reference - CNR-52304 DA2023/0096
<b>Attachments:</b>	DA20230223000774-Original-1 - 03-03-2023 15_22_19 - Determination Letter.pdf;



## NSW RURAL FIRE SERVICE

**Attention:** Northern Beaches Council

**Your Reference:** CNR-52304 DA2023/0096

**Application Details:** s4.14 – Infill – Original

**Site Address:**

31-33 Lane Cove Road  
Ingleside NSW 2101

Please find attached correspondence relating to the above development.

Should you wish to discuss this matter please contact Niklaus Schuler on 1300 NSW RFS and quote DA20230223000774-Original-1.



**Planning and Environment Services**

**NSW RURAL FIRE SERVICE**

Locked Bag 17 Granville NSW 2142

**P** 1300 NSW RFS **E** [records@rfs.nsw.gov.au](mailto:records@rfs.nsw.gov.au)

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**PREPARE. ACT. SURVIVE.**



## NSW RURAL FIRE SERVICE

Northern Beaches Council  
PO Box 882  
MONA VALE NSW 1660

Your reference: CNR-52304 DA2023/0096  
Our reference: DA20230223000774-Original-1

**ATTENTION:** Northern Beaches Council

Date: Friday 3 March 2023

Dear Sir/Madam,

### Development Application

**s4.14 - Infill - Single Dwelling - New Dwelling**

**31-33 Lane Cove Road Ingleside NSW 2101, E//DP311874, K//DP366622, L//DP366622, B//DP311875, F//DP311874**

I refer to your correspondence dated 23/02/2023 seeking advice regarding bush fire protection for the above Development Application in accordance with section 4.14 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

The New South Wales Rural Fire Service (NSW RFS) has considered the information submitted and provides the following recommended conditions:

### Asset Protection Zones

***The intent of measure: is to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting fire fighting activities.***

**1.** From the commencement of building works and in perpetuity, the entire property must be managed as an inner protection area in accordance with the following requirements of Appendix 4 of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*:

- tree canopy cover should be less than 15% at maturity;
- trees at maturity should not touch or overhang the building;
- lower limbs should be removed up to a height of 2 metres above the ground;
- tree canopies should be separated by 2 to 5 metres;
- preference should be given to smooth-barked and evergreen trees.
- create large discontinuities or gaps in the vegetation to slow down or break the progress of fire towards buildings should be provided;
- shrubs should not be located under trees;
- shrubs should not form more than 10% ground cover; and
- clumps of shrubs should be separated from exposed windows and doors by a distance of at least twice the height of the vegetation.

#### Postal address

NSW Rural Fire Service  
Locked Bag 17  
GRANVILLE NSW 2142

#### Street address

NSW Rural Fire Service  
4 Murray Rose Ave  
SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK NSW 2127

**T** (02) 8741 5555  
**F** (02) 8741 5550  
[www.rfs.nsw.gov.au](http://www.rfs.nsw.gov.au)

- grass should be kept mown (as a guide, grass should be kept to no more than 100 millimetres in height); and
- leaves and vegetation debris should be removed.

2. Landscaping within the required asset protection zone must comply with Appendix 4 of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*. In this regard, the following principles are to be incorporated:

- A minimum 1 metre wide area (or to the property boundary where the setbacks are less than 1 metre), suitable for pedestrian traffic, must be provided around the immediate curtilage of the building;
- Planting is limited in the immediate vicinity of the building;
- Planting does not provide a continuous canopy to the building (i.e. trees or shrubs are isolated or located in small clusters);
- Landscape species are chosen to ensure tree canopy cover is less than 15% (IPA), and less than 30% (OPA) at maturity and trees do not touch or overhang buildings;
- Avoid species with rough fibrous bark, or which retain/shed bark in long strips or retain dead material in their canopies;
- Use smooth bark species of trees species which generally do not carry a fire up the bark into the crown;
- Avoid planting of deciduous species that may increase fuel at surface/ ground level (i.e. leaf litter);
- Avoid climbing species to walls and pergolas;
- Locate combustible materials such as woodchips/mulch, flammable fuel stores away from the building;
- Locate combustible structures such as garden sheds, pergolas and materials such as timber garden furniture away from the building; and
- Low flammability vegetation species are used.

## Construction Standards

***The intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting fire fighting activities.***

3. All new construction must comply with Section 3 (excluding section 3.5) and Section 9 (BAL FZ) of Australian Standard AS3959-2018 *Construction of buildings in bushfire-prone area* or the relevant requirements of the *NASH Standard - Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas* (incorporating amendment A - 2015). New construction must also comply with the construction requirements in Section 7.5 of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*.

4. Fences and gates must comply with Section 7.6 of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*. New fences and gates are to be made of either hardwood or non-combustible material. Where a fence or gate is constructed within 6m of a dwelling or in areas of BAL-29 or greater, they must be made of non-combustible material only.

## Access – Property Access

***The intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting fire fighting activities.***

5. Unobstructed pedestrian access must be provided around the proposed dwelling for the life of the development.

## Water and Utility Services

***The intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting fire fighting activities.***

6. The provision of water must comply with the following in accordance with Table 7.4a of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*:

- a 5,000 litre static water supply must be provided on-site (at the dwelling),

- an outlet for firefighting purposes is located within the IPA or non-hazard side and away from the structure (5-20 metres),
- 65 millimetre Storz connection with a ball valve is fitted to the outlet,
- the ball valve, pipes and tank penetration are adequate for the full 50 millimetres inner diameter water flow through the Storz fitting and are constructed of a metal material,
- underground tanks have an access hole of 200 millimetres to allow tankers to refill, direct from the tank,
- a hardened ground surface for truck access is supplied within 4 metre of the water outlet or access hole,
- above-ground tanks are manufactured from concrete or metal,
- raised tanks have their stands constructed from non-combustible material or bush fire-resisting timber. The bush fire-resisting timbers are Silvertop Ash, Blackbutt, Red or River Gum, Spotted Gum, Red Ironbark, Kwila (Merbau) or Turpentine,
- unobstructed access can be provided at all times,
- underground tanks are clearly marked,
- tanks on the hazard side of a building are provided with adequate shielding for the protection of firefighters,
- all exposed water pipes external to the building are metal, including any fittings,
- where pumps are provided, they are a minimum 5hp or 3kW petrol or diesel-powered pump, and are shielded against bush fire attack,
- any hose and reel for firefighting connected to the pump shall be 19 millimetres internal diameter,
- fire hose reels are constructed in accordance with AS/NZS 1221:1997, and installed in accordance with the relevant clauses of AS 2441:2005,
- A Static Water Supply (SWS) sign shall be obtained from the local NSW Rural Fire Service (RFS) and positioned for ease of identification by RFS personnel and other users of the SWS. In this regard:
  - Markers must be fixed in a suitable location to be highly visible, and
  - Markers should be positioned adjacent to the most appropriate access for the water supply.

The provision of electricity must comply with the following in accordance with Table 7.4a of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*:

- where practicable, electrical transmission lines are underground,
- where overhead, electrical transmission lines are proposed as follows:
  - lines are installed with short pole spacing (30 metres), unless crossing gullies, gorges or riparian areas, and
  - no part of a tree is closer to a power line than the distance set out in accordance with the specifications in *ISSC3 Guideline for Managing Vegetation Near Power Lines*.

The provision of gas must comply with the following in accordance with Table 7.4a of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*:

- reticulated or bottled gas is installed and maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014 and the requirements of relevant authorities, and metal piping is used,
- all fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials to a distance of 10 metres and shielded on the hazard side,
- connections to and from gas cylinders are metal,
- polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines are not used, and
- above-ground gas service pipes are metal, including and up to any outlets.

### **General Advice – Consent Authority to Note**

The NSW RFS recognises that the site is constrained and that the proposed development falls within the Flame Zone. Flame Zone development is high risk development; consequently, in situations such as this, the NSW RFS seeks to improve the overall fire safety of the existing development. This requires greater emphasis on construction standards, landscaping, siting, and vegetation management practices to ensure improved levels of protection are afforded to the development, its occupants and firefighters. The NSW RFS has undertaken a merit based assessment of the proposal and provides the above advice in accordance with *Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019*.

For any queries regarding this correspondence, please contact Niklaus Schuler on 1300 NSW RFS.

Yours sincerely,

Alastair Patton  
**Supervisor Development Assessment & Plan**  
**Built & Natural Environment**