

Pittwater Council ABN 61 340 837 871

All Correspondence to be addressed to General Manager

Units 9, 11 & 12/5 Vuko Place WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102 Avaton Customer Service Centre 59A Old Barrenjoey Road, AVALON 2107 Postal Address P.O. Box 882 MONA VALE NSW 1860 DX 9018MONA VALE Telephone (02)9970 1111
Facsimile (02) 9970 7150
Internet www.pittwaterlga.com.au
Email: pittwater_council@pittwater.nsw.gov.au

Development Compliance Group 8am to 6pm Mon - Thurs, 8am to 5pm Fri Phone 9970 1111

23rd December 2003

Carol Voss PO Box 300 CHURCH POINT NSW 2105

Dear Madam,

Re: Construction Certificate Application CC0608/03 Property: 12 Corniche Road, Church Point

Thank you for selecting Council to assess your application.

After due consideration, the following items remain outstanding and require your attention to enable Council to approve your Construction Certificate:



- Show evidence that the Long Service Levy has been paid.
- B4 The approved plans must be submitted to a Sydes Water Chick agent of Customer Centre to determine whether the development will affect Sydney Water's sewer and water mains, stormwater drains and/or easements, and if further requirements need to be met. The approved plans will be appropriately stamped. For Quick Check agent details please refer to "Your Business" section of Sydney Water's web site at www.sydneywater.com.au https://www.sydneywater.com.au then see Building & Renovating under the heading Building & Developing, or telephone 13 20 92.

The consent authority or a private accredited certifier must ensure that a Quick Check agent/Sydney Water has appropriately stamped the plans before the issue of any Construction Certificate.



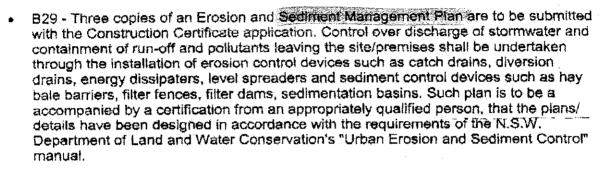
B20 - This estivated prior to the release of the Construction Certificate. Such details are to be submitted prior to the release of the Construction Certificate. Such details are to be accompanied by a certificate from either a Licensed plumber or qualified practising Civil Engineer with corporate membership of the Institute of Engineers Australia (M.I.E), or who is eligible to become a corporate member and has appropriate experience and competence in the related field, that the stormwater management system complies with the requirements of section 3.1.2 "Drainage" of the Building Code of Australia Housing Provision and AS/NZS 3500.3.2 - Stormwater Drainage. The details shall include disposal of site stormwater to a public system (if the site is in a known slip area the stormwater disposal system must comply with the recommendations of a Civil (Geotechnical) Engineer's report).



Best & Most Progressive Council in NSW - Winner 2003 Blust Award



828. Three-eopies of plans. Street Levels provided by Council and a certificate submitted by a charteted Professional Engineer. Architect or Surveyor confirming to the satisfaction of Council or the accredited certifier that the access driveway and internal driveway complies with Council's policy DCP E3 "Driveways and Internal Roadways" and the Council street levels, are to be submitted with the Construction Certificate application.



B45 - Three sets of detailed landscape working drawings, which comply in all respects with the conditions of development consent, are to be submitted prior to release of the Construction Certificate. Each plan/sheet is to be certified by a qualified landscape architect, landscape designer/environmental designer or horticulturist, confirming that the plans/details provide for the works to be carried out in accordance with Development Control Plan No 23 - Landscape and Vegetation Management.

B45a - In particular, the landscape working drawing is to provide full details of the following:

- 1. the usage of the dominant tree species growing in the area or locally indigenous species.
- 2. all existing trees and vegetation to be retained, removed and proposed, including canopy spread, trunk location and condition;
- a plant schedule including stratum, species/common names, species' numbers, pot size and staking details;
- 4. a schedule of materials (including such elements as turfing, edging, walling, paving and fencing);
- the proposed finished treatment of garden areas, including soil depth and mulching details;
- 6. the location of underground/overhead services;
- 11. understorey planting of species growing in the area or locally indigenous species, which, after three years will in conjunction with the canopy planting screen 50% of the built form, when viewed from the street.

B60 - Three sets of Structural Engineering details relating to the slabs, footings. Feetang walls are to be submitted prior to release of the Construction Certificate. Each plan/sheet is to be signed by a qualified practising Structural Engineer with corporate





membership of the Institute of Engineers Australia (M.I.E), or who is eligible to become a corporate member and has appropriate experience and competence in the related field.

- B60a As the site is located in a slip liable area, the structural details relating to the slabs, footings, retaining walls, structural framing are to be endorsed by a qualified practising Geotechnical Engineer with corporate membership of the Institute of Engineers Australia (M.I.E), or who is eligible to become a corporate member and has appropriate experience and competence in the related field.
- B61 Three copies of a Schedule of Works prepared by a qualified practising Structural Engineer with corporate membership of the Institute of Engineers Australia (M.I.E), or who is eligible to become a corporate member and has appropriate experience and competence in the related field are to be submitted in respect of the following items:
 - The details and location of all intercept drains, provided uphill of the excavation, to control runoff through the cut area.
 - 2. The proposed method of disposal of collected surface waters is to be clearly detailed:
 - 3. Procedures for excavation and retention of cuts, to ensure the site stability is maintained during earthworks.



B62 - Three copies of a Certificate from a qualified practising Structural Engineer with corporate membership of the Institute of Engineers Australia (M.I.E), or who is eligible to become a corporate member and has appropriate experience and competence in the related field, certifying the adequacy of the existing structure to support the additional leading.



B65 - Prior to issue of the Construction Certificate, details are to be submitted to Council or the Accredited Certifier that include, but are not limited to, all of the recommended conditions in the Geotechnical Report referred to in Council's Deferred Commencement Consent.

Form 2 of the "Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater" is to be completed and submitted with the above details before issue of the Construction Certificate.

Council has issued a Deferred Commencement Consent N0146/02 and written confirmation from Council's Planning & Assessment Group to confirm compliance with Part 1 of the Deferred Commencement Consent is required prior to further consideration of the Construction Certificate Application.



Reference is made to the stairs leading to the Studio. Please refer to Part 3.9.1 of the Building Code of Australia and amend the plans appropriately.



 Submit to Council Specifications for the proposed works prior to the release of the Construction Certificate.



Reference is made to the studio being built on the boundary on Lot 21, DP 661001 & Lot Y, DP 28908. Submit to Council's details on the construction material for the studio

that is within 900mm from the boundaries in accordance with Part 3.7.1 of the Building Code of Australia.

 Reference is made to the Development Consent approval and note that the consent is only granted for Lot Y, DP 28908.

We endeavour to make phone contact with our Customers to ensure a timely turn around in information although at times this may not be possible and/or Customers require written confirmation. If you have attended to these issues please disregard this letter.

This construction Certificate Application will be reviewed after 28 days from the date of this letter and should the abovementioned information not be received, Council will proceed to determine the Application with a refusal.

All new information provided to Council should clearly quote your application number CC0608/03.

Yours faithfully

Renee Turner

DEVELOPMENT COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Pittweter Council

. ABM: 61340837871

REPRINTED

OFFICIAL RECEIPT

19/07/2004 Receipt No 145703

To v w felton

\$444.40

12 CORNICHE RD CHURCH POINT

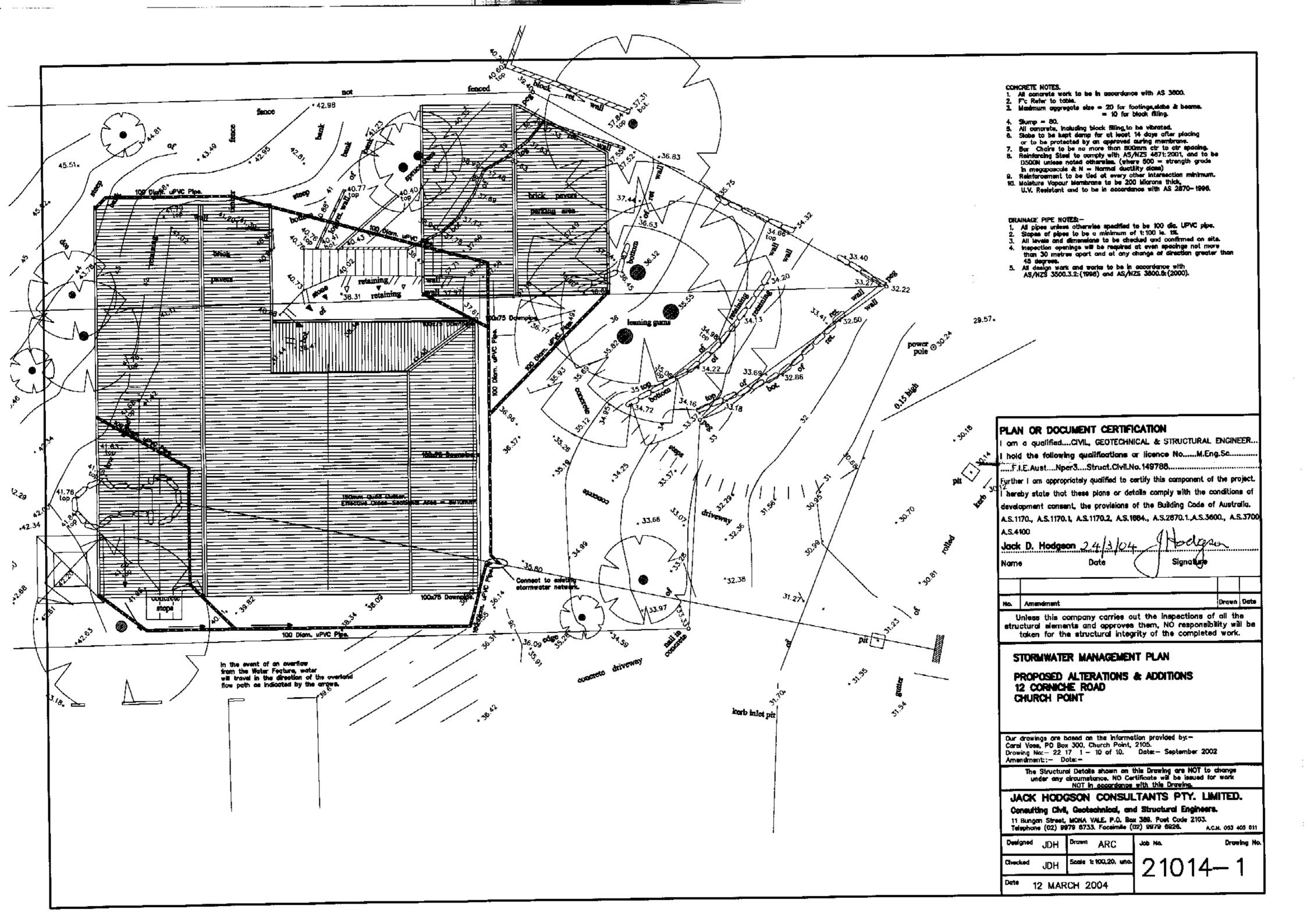
@ty/ Applic	Reference '	Amount
GL Rec	QLSL-Buil CCOAO8/03	\$440,00
1 GL Rec	CCBST-CCF 1 X	\$4.00
GL Rec	EST	\$0.40
To GL	Receipt:	

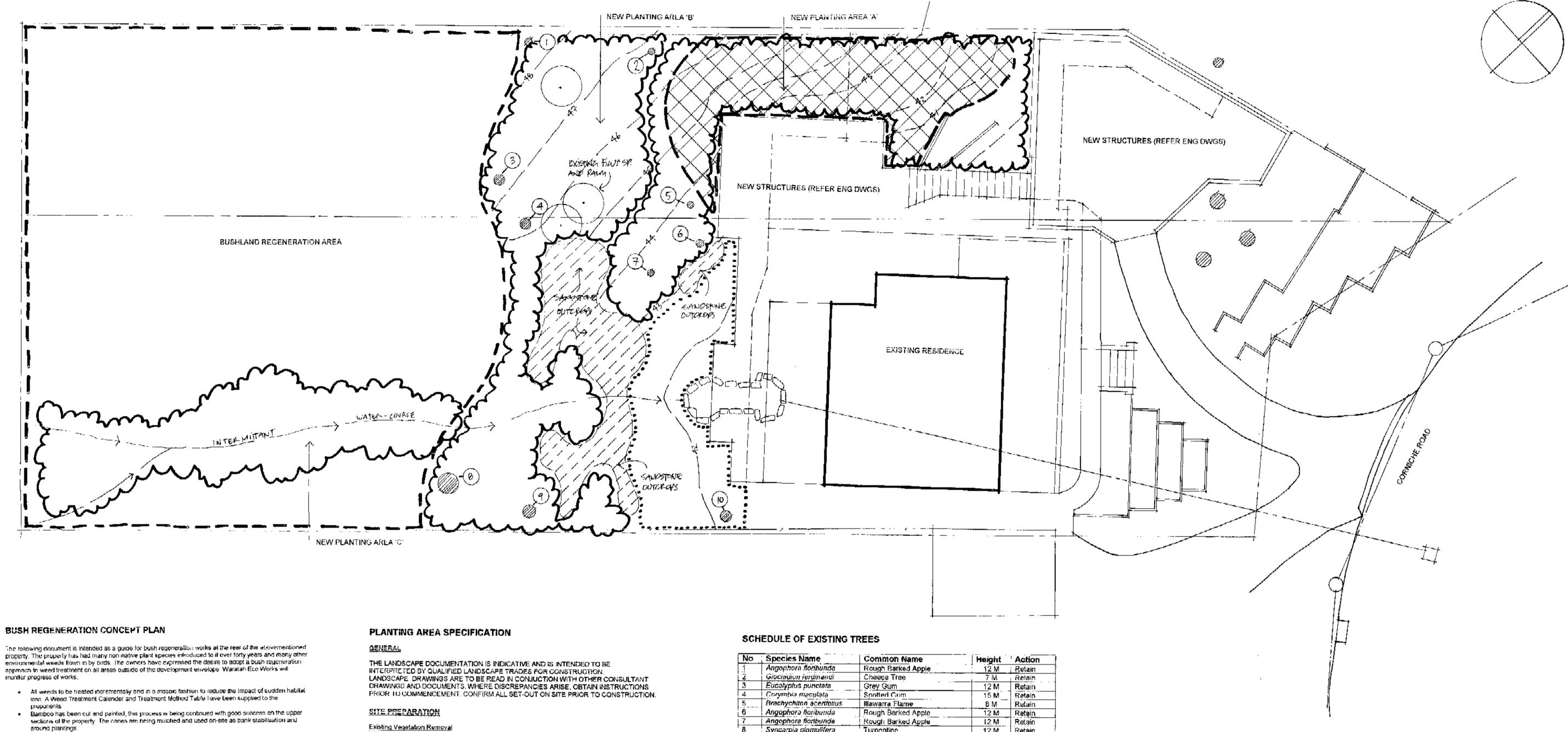
Total Amount: \$444.40
Includes GST of: \$0.40

Amounts Tendered

Card	\$ 444.40
Total	\$444.40
Rounding	\$0.00
Change	\$0.00
Mett	\$444.40

Printed 19/07/2004 9:47:21 AM Cashier KRobinson





- All wired propagules (seeds/fruits) to be hand removed their bagged and removed off-site, especially
- for annuals and persistent perennial ground weeds present such as Oxalis spand Northospordum
- Eshbone fem and ginger species are to be hand removed and compusted on-site in an open rafted
- Sediment mesh will be installed on the lower edges of the seasonal watercourse adjacent to the construction site to reduce downstream sedimentation.
- A sprayed edge to the couch lawn is to be established to prevent future invasion. Ochoe serrulate (Mickey Mouse Plant) is to be screped and painted where encountered as is
- Cinamomum camphora (Camphoi Laurei) A broad edge to the remnant good bush at the back of the property is to be established with minimum disturbance bush regeneration shategies being employed here (ic: hand weeding). No supplementary
- planting will occur above the broad edge Local ripatram plant species sourced via Waralah Eco Works will be planted along the watercourse
- edges and plants from the Pittwater Spotted Gum Ecological Community (PSGEC) will be selected for planting in all other disturbed areas.
- Tree weed species are to be removed and replaced over time by treatment in skill, leaving the Nesting boxes for parrots and birds are intended to be installed on the property to offset any habitat
- loss during the bush regeneration process A twelve-month maintenance plan workling twice a month is to be conducted to monitor and manage.
- all environmental weeds on site. Supplementary planting will be undertaken only with local plant species and during appropriate
- weather conditions (ie following sufficient rain). All large boulders to be cleared of weed species and left as features in the remnant natural landscape

Refer Bushland Management Plan and Existing Tree Schedule for approved vegetation removal

Monitor the site during all building works to ensure existing vegetation to be retained is protected from any damage. Position 1800 high chainmesh fence immediately adjacent approved footprint Ensure that where excavation is necessary within the drip line of trees, hand methods shall be used to preserve root systems intact and minimise damage. Do not cut any root greater than 50 mm dia. Where it is necessary to cut tree roots, do not unduly disturb the remaining root system.

Site Preparation / Earthworks
Refer architectural and engineering drawings for areas of excavation. Limit all excavation to the approved building footprint. Monitor site to ensure all landscape areas are free of unwanted matter. including existing dumped material, contaminated matter and building rubbish for the duration of the building period, in areas of approved excavation stockpile existing topsoil layer for reuse / reinstatement. Protect stockpile from erosion.

install 'Jutemaster' blanket to areas shown in accordance with manufacturers written instructions. In addition install sediment fences to the main-slope water-course and to tops and toes of batters. Provide fifter tubes to drains and inverts.

PLANTING AREAS

Plants must be propagated by cuttings or provenance seed from plants growing within 25 km of the property. All plant supply is to be certified as to viability, provenance and source (Pittweter Spotted Gum Forest Ecological Community). Set-out plants as per the schedule and notes. Seak plants prior to planting and plant directly into soil / fill profile. Backfill around plants and create water basin.

Turf species is to be Stanetaphrum secondatum (Sett Leaf Buffale 'Sir Walter').

Install 100mm site topsoil. Mix fertilizer throughout soil bed prior to laying turf. Rake and level soil surface to achieve grades. Lay turf in stretcher pattern with close-butted joints and no deviations in tevel. Finish flush to adjacent edges. Lightly roll to an even surface. Water immediately and maintain moisture to full soil bed depth. Lift and replace failed turf or where tevels have deviated. Once established, top dress to 10mm depth, including rubbing joints.

PLANT ESTABLISHEMENT PERIOD / MAINTENANCE STRATEGY

During the plant establishment period carry out regular maintenance including the following works; Watering – to maintain healthy growth, and monitor

- Weeding to all areas. Post & disease control
- Add mulch to planting areas if appropriate Mowing and maintenance of turf.

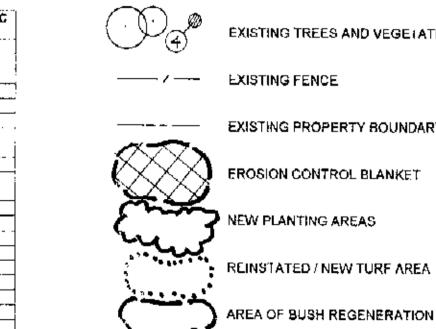
NO.	_ Species Mame	Common Name	Height	' Action
	Angophora floribunda	Rough Barked Apple	12 M	Retain
<u>:</u>	Giocinaion ferdinandi	Cheese Tree	7 ivi	Refain
i	Eucalyptus punctata	Grey Gum	12 M	Retain
,	Corymbia maculata	Spotted Cum	15 M	Retain
	Brachychiton acerifolius	Illawarra Flame	M &	Relain
i	Angophora floribunda	Rough Barked Apple	12 M	Retain
	Angephora floribunda	Rough Barked Apple	12 M	Retain
	Syncarpia glomulifera	Turpentine	12 M	Retain
	Corymbia meculata	Spotted Gum	15 M	Retain
0	Corymbia maculata	Spatted Gum	15 M	Retain

PLANTING SCHEDULE

Species name	Common Name	Height	Size	Area A No	Area B No	Area C No
CANOPY TREES / PALMS				:		
Angephora costata	Smooth Barked Apple	+20M	Tube		3	i -
Corymbia maculata	Spotted Gum	+20M	Tube	ļ	3	
Livis'one austrelis	Cabbage Palm	20M	300mm	5		
Syncarpia glomulifera	Turpentine	+20M	Tube			5
TREES / SHRUBS				<u> </u>		
Backhousea myrtifolia	Grey Myrtle	3.5M	150n)m	10	5	5
Eupometia leurina	Bolwarra	5.0M	159mm		10	5
Syncum glandulosum	Scentiess Resewood	4.0M	150mm	10	5	5
GROUNDCOVERS &						
GRASSES		'	1			
Asplenium australasicum	Birds Nest Fern	1.0M	150mm	25	15	5
Blechnum nudum	Blechnum	0.5M	Tubo			25
Carex appressa (1)	Carox	0.75M	Tube	25		
Cissus hypoglauce	Native Grape	0.5M	Tube	25	15	25
Dienalla ceerujee	Blue Flax Lily	0.6M	Tube	75	75	30
Doodie espera	Rasp Fem	0.4M	Tube		15	25
Entotasia stricta	Entofasia	0.5M	Tubs		25	
Hibbertia scandens (1)	Twinning Guinea Flower	0.3M	Tube	50		
Lomandra longifolia	Mat Rush	, 1.2M	Tube	50	50	
Pendoree pandorene	Wongs Wongs Vine	0.75M	Tube		15	15
Pteridium esculentum	Common Bracken	1.5M	Tube		25	25

Species not regarded as PSGF Area A equals 80% PSGF Areas B & C equals 100% PSGF

LEGEND



EXISTING PROPERTY BOUNDARY **EROSION CONTROL BLANKET**

NEW PLANTING AREAS

AREA OF BUSH REGENERATION (SEE NOTES)

NOTES

This drawing shows planting, turking and bush regeneration.

Refer to the architectural & engineering package for other external works such as pavements, structures, backfill, drainage, services, and site management

Ensure all planting and turting surface areas are free draining without sumps or low areas.

ISSUE

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

Landscape Consultant: WARATAH ECO WORKS PTY LTD

7 Corniche Road, Church Point, NSW, 2105 tel: (02) 9997 6231 fax: (02) 9997 6207

email: info@waratahecoworks.com.au

Client:

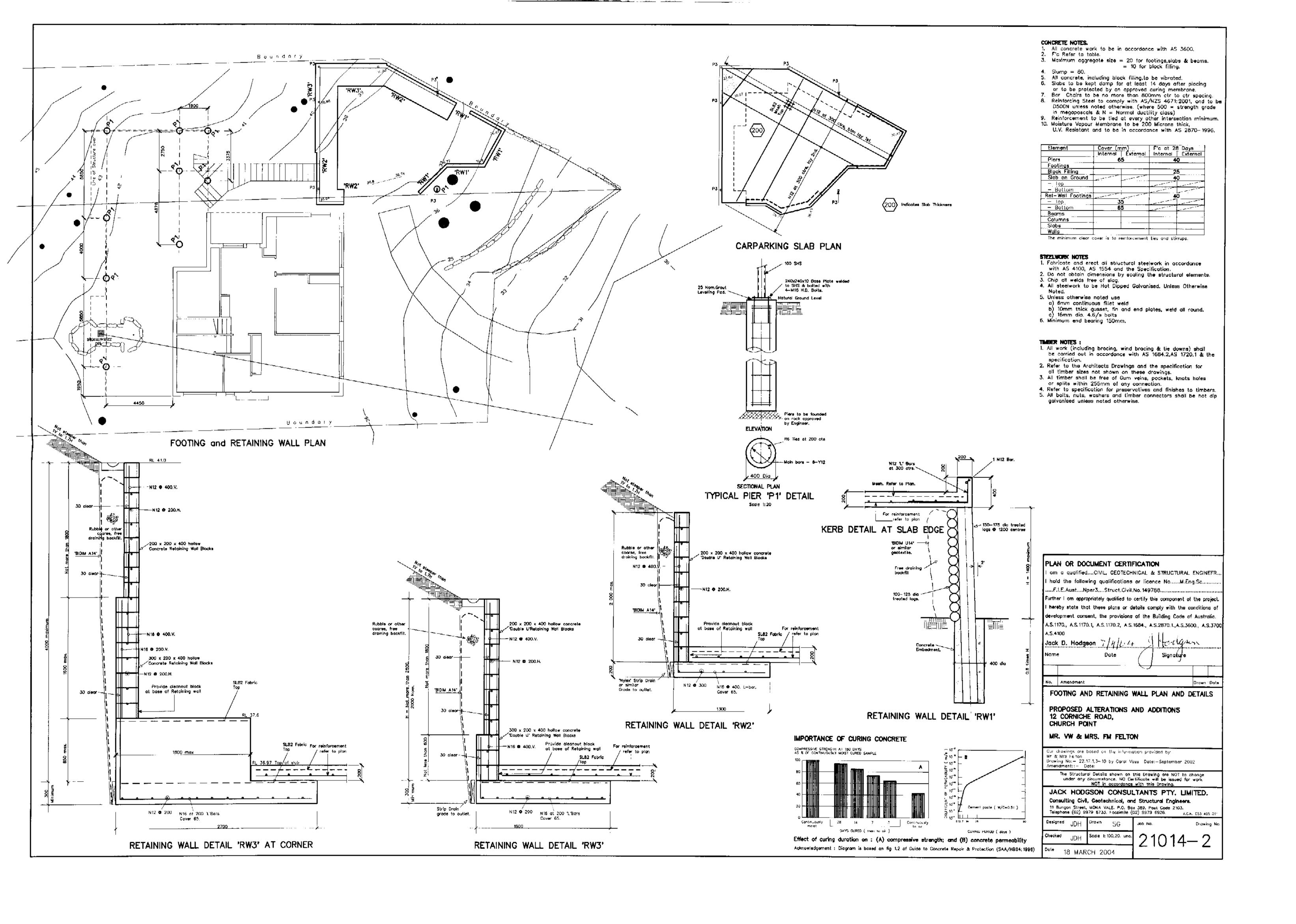
VW & FM FELTON

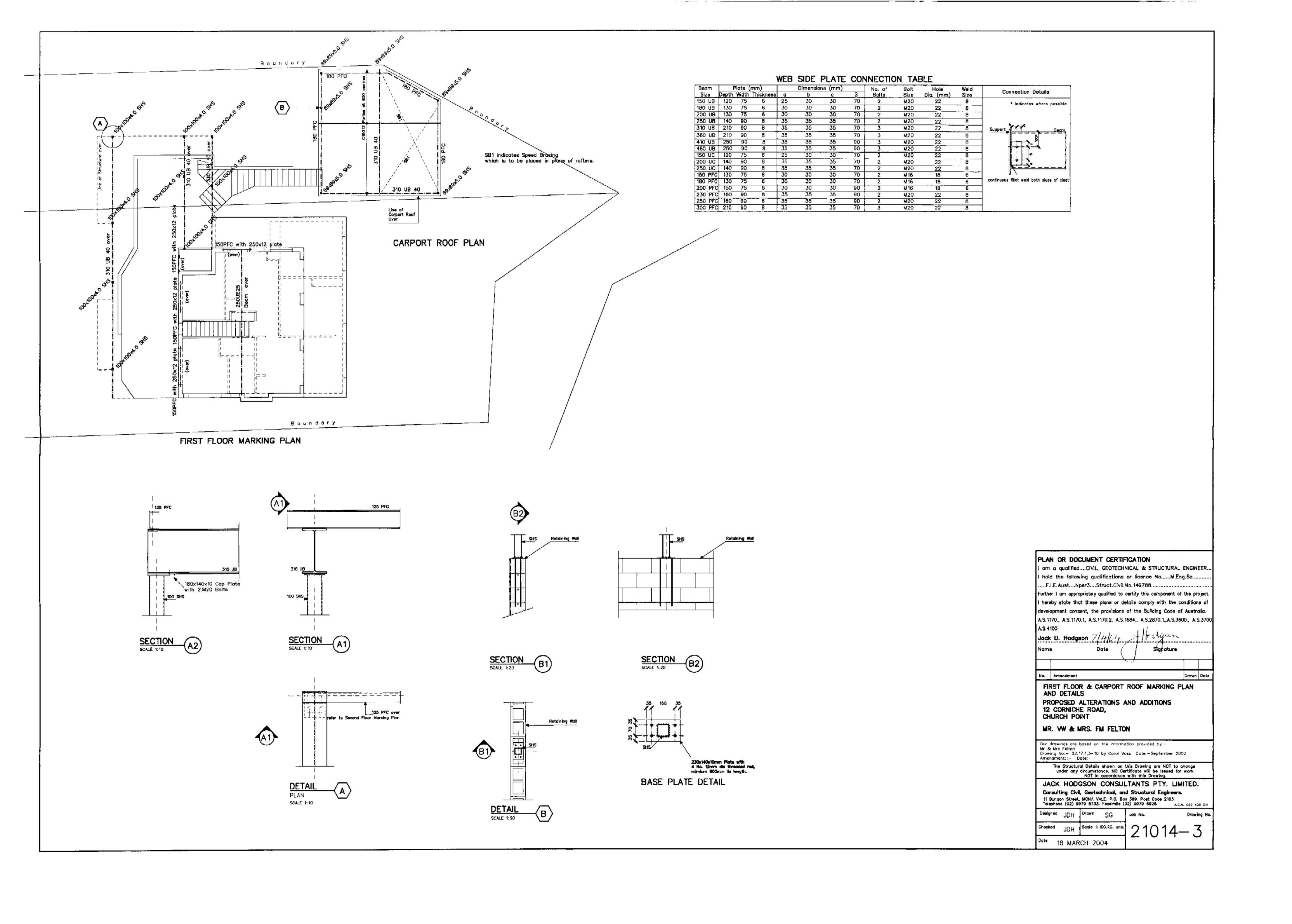
12 Corniche Road

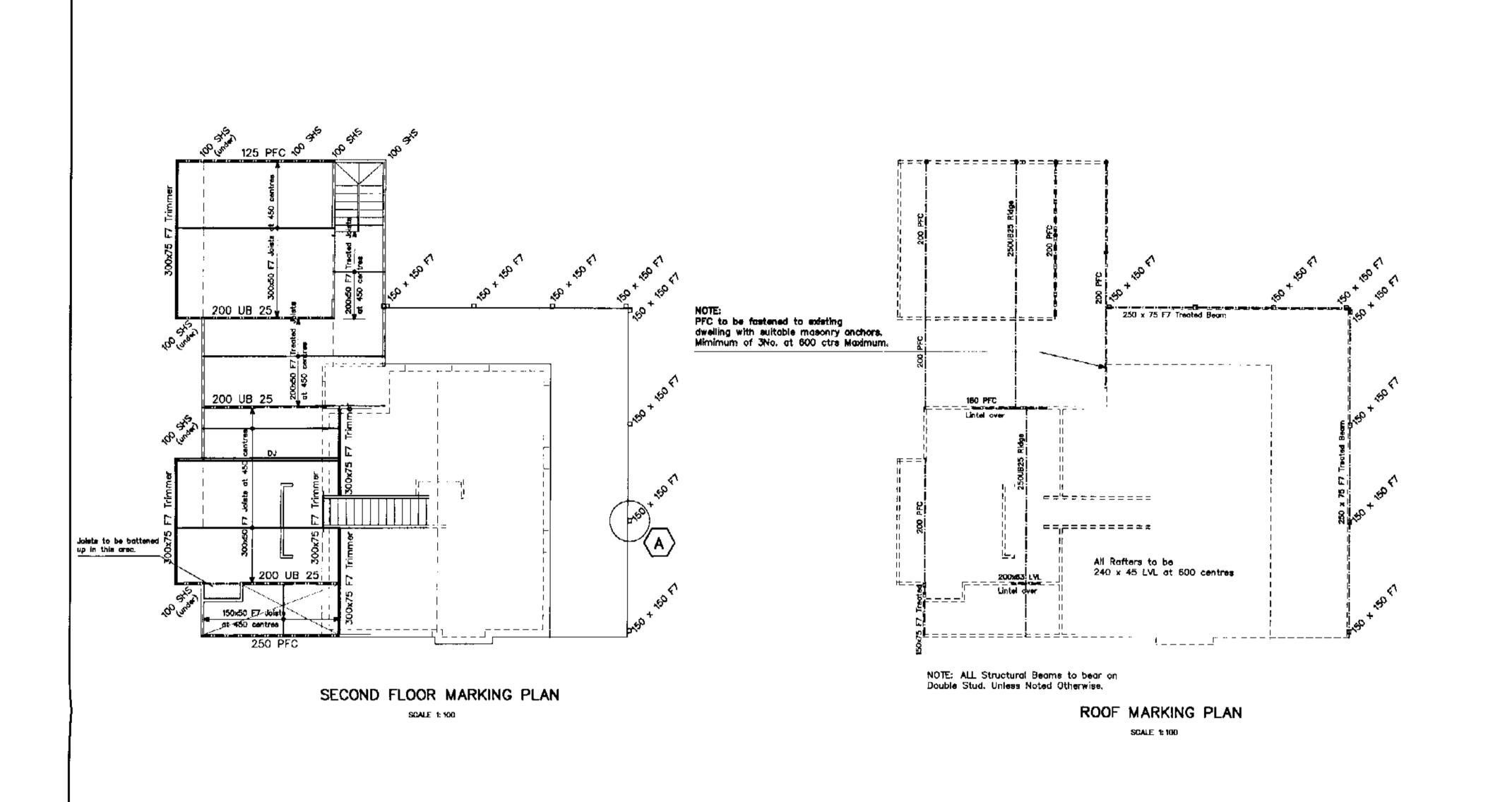
Church Point NSW 2105 Drawing:

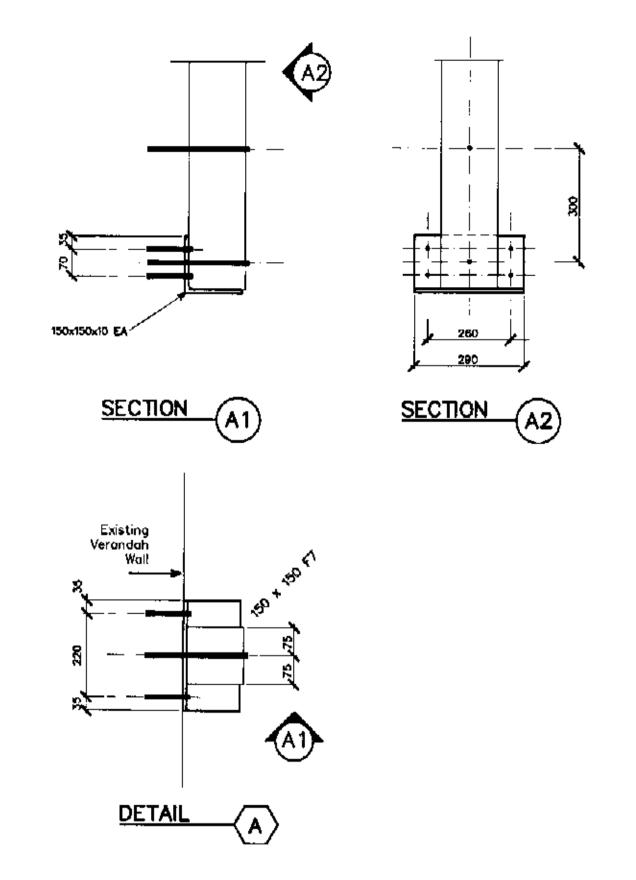
Landscape Plan

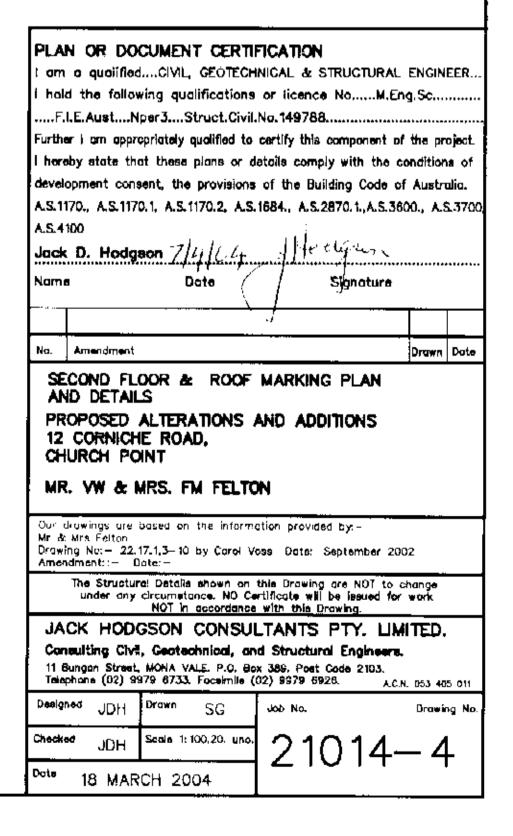
Scale 1:100 Dwg No L61A













Posted Faxed Emailed Courier By Hand Our Ref





2004G857.IC2

25th February 2004

Mr Vaughan Felton 12 Corniche Road, Church Point, NSW.

Dear Vaughan,

RE: SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN

Overview

The site is located at 12 Corniche Road, Church Point (Lot 21, DP661001) with relevant site features including the existing three bedroom dwelling and works area identified on attached plan (2004G857JD1). The site has a northerly easterly aspect with relatively steep slopes across the site. Slopes in the proposed works area are approximately 35%. A driveway and car parking area exist to the front of the allotment.

The proposed development involves minor alteration to an existing dwelling, including the construction of a new master bedroom, bathroom, laundry and office. These additions will involve the construction of a 4th level over the verandas at the rear of the residence. This extension shall be supported by piers. The existing carparking area at the front of the property is also to be expanded and covered. This will involve cutting into the slope and the construction of new retaining structures.

Sediment and Erosion Control Requirements

The piers supporting for the 4th level shall involve minor earth works and limited disturbance of site soil and vegetation. It is recommended that no sediment control measures are necessary in this area.

The expansion of the existing parking area will require the following measures:

- 1. A sediment fence is to be positioned as indicated on the attached drawing. The sediment fence is to be constructed in accordance with the construction details shown. It is to be maintained at all times and inspected/cleared of accumulated sediment weekly and after significant (10mm) rainfall events.
- 2. Sand bags are to be laid across the driveway. The sand bags should be positioned so that drainage from the works area will be diverted into the sediment fence. The sand bags are to be wrapped in a continuous or overlapped layer of filter cloth to ensure that the bags stay joined together and aligned and divert all sediment and runoff to the fence.

Environmental Engineering - Sustainable Solutions

Environmental EIS & REF Streams & rivers Coastal Groundwater Catchments Bushfire

Monitoring

Geotechnics Foundations

Geotechnical survey Contamination Excavations Hydrogeology Terrain analysis

Waste management

Water

Supply & storage Flooding Stormwater & drainage Wetlands Water quality Water sensitive design

Wastewater

Treatment Re-use Biosolids Design Management Monitoring Construction 26a Bay Road Arcadia, NSW 2159, Australia Ph 02 9655 1417 Fax 02 9655 1416

> mail@martens.com.au www.martens.com.au MARTENS & ASSOCIATES P/L ABN 85 070 240 890 ACN 070 240 890



The sediment fence and the sand bags are to be install prior to the commencement of site disturbance works. They are only to be removed once the upslope areas are 'finished' (ie. Paved, concreted, covered or revegetated to 75% ground cover).

Please call our offices if you have any further queries regarding this matter.

For and on behalf of

MARTENS & ASSOCIATES PTY LTD

ANDREW NORRIS

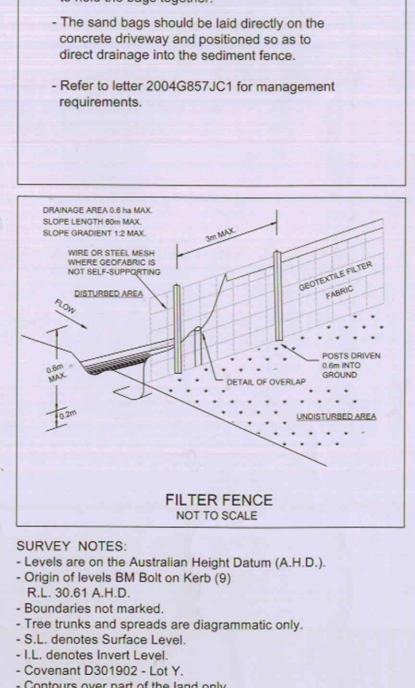
BSc (Hons), MEngSci, MAWA Senior Engineer

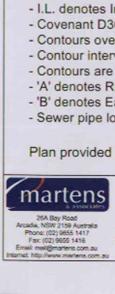
Construction Notes:

- The sediment fence should be constructed in accordance with the construction details below.
- Sand bags should be wrapped in filter cloth to hold the bags together.

- Contours over part of the land only.
- Contour interval is 1.0 metre.
- Contours are indicative of ground form only.
- 'A' denotes Right of Carriageway variable width (DP 648494).
- 'B' denotes Easement for Water Supply 0.915 wide (K898726, K932946).
- Sewer pipe location taken from Water Board records is approximate only.

Plan provided by: SOUTER & ASSOCIATES





MARTENS & ASSOCIATES PTY LTD

Sustainable Solutions Environmental - Geotechnical - Hydrological Hydraulic - Wastewater Engineers

CLIENT/ PR	DUECT
	Vaughan Felton
THIS PLAN	JUST NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS

Sediment and Erosion Control Plan

2004G857JD1

PROJECT REFERENCE / DRAWING NUMBER.

DP

11518

DP

Acre \$67 mi

Area 945 m

Area of minor works (piering)

not requiring sediment control structures

DP

28908

661001

DESIGNED: DC	DATUM: na	SHEET	
DRAWN: DC	HORIZONTAL RATIO: 1:300	OF 1 SHEETS	
REVIEWED:	VERTICAL RATIO:	PAPER SIZE:	

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	ISSUED
1	Sediment and Erosion Control Plan	19/02/04	AN

BAR SCALE: meters

-Limit of proposed works

Sand bags wrapped in filter cloth

Sediment Fence

See Construction Details

815994

STATEMENT OF

EFFECT6 ENVIRONMENTAL

the existing Yegetation. There will be no change to vegetation

to privacy new wundows are positioned looking over the subject site not onto Privacy. There will be no change adlowing 11 tes. condutions

ohadow dagrams, no significant auticipated with the Overthadowing. as can be seen on the attached adolithins. change is

V16W5

ono views for adjoining properties will be aftected.

renidence

· all to match existing

SPECIFICATION

oupervision of a registered structural o all work to be carried out under the

checked on sute by the contractor writing with the author of the any ordering is under taken, and any discrepancy cleared in before any work commences or o all levels and dimensions to be engmer. plans.

o all work to be un accordance with the trivilland code of australia and australian staindards

Roohng

· colour bond corrugated zincalume



External Walls

· paint - cream to match the existing · harditer external claddung

Wundows + Doors

aluminium framed units.

Job no. 22 -17 CONTENTS

1. Cover theet - statement of Env. 6Hects. - Specification

2. Photographs 7. narvey Plan

ochedule of areas 4. Vite Plan -

ground Floor Plan Existeng

First Floor Plan

Gecond Floor Plan

9.9.W. Elevation + hection A-A N.W. + 9.E. Elevations

N.E. Elevaltithe COUNCIL OF PITTWATER

DEWELORMENT CONSENT PLAN APPROVED

MR. V.W. + MRS. F.M. FELTON PROPOSED ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO EXISTING RESIDENCE project client

LOT 21 IN D.P. 661001 AND PART OF LOT Y IN D.P. 28906 addre 15

12 CORNICHE ROAD CHURCH POINT

7007 1:100 + september ncale

p.o. box 200 carol vous

drawn

church point 2109 N.5.N

e all eaves and soffits will be traintly sealed as will all doors and windows

on external

· bronge flywire ocreens will be provided

Bush Fire Precautions

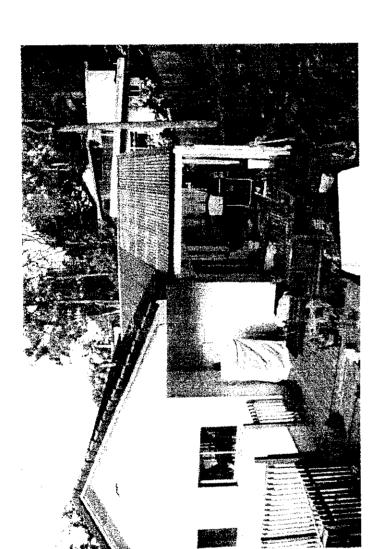
to all windows and doors

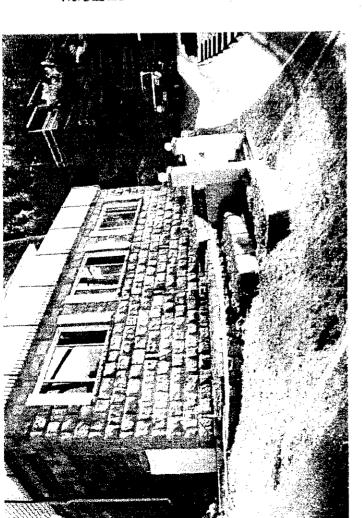
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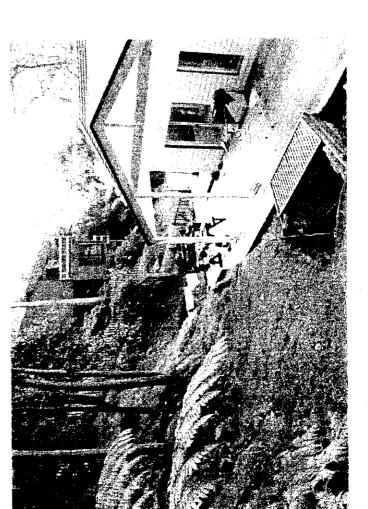
APPROVED

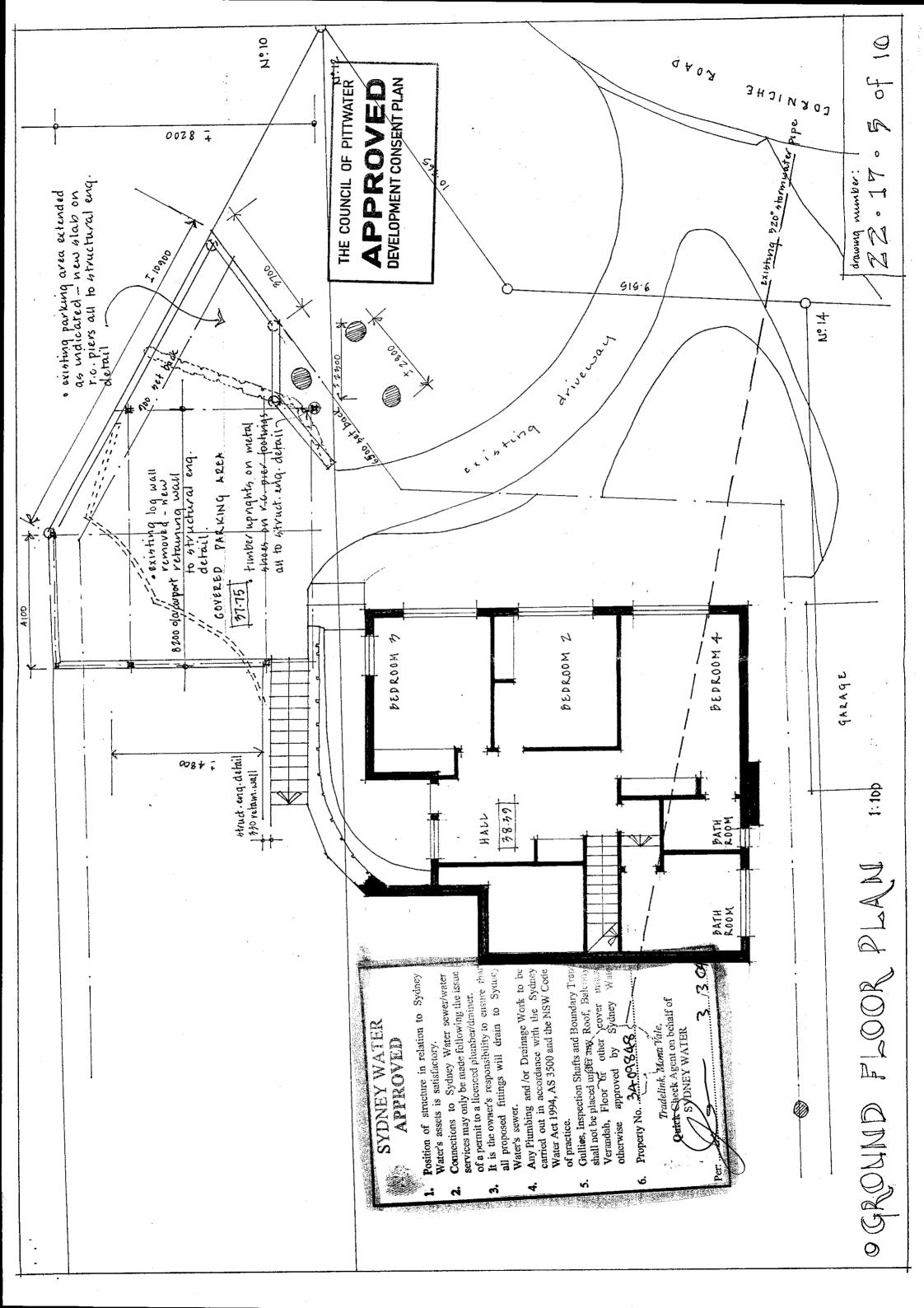
DEVELOPMENT CONSENT PLAN

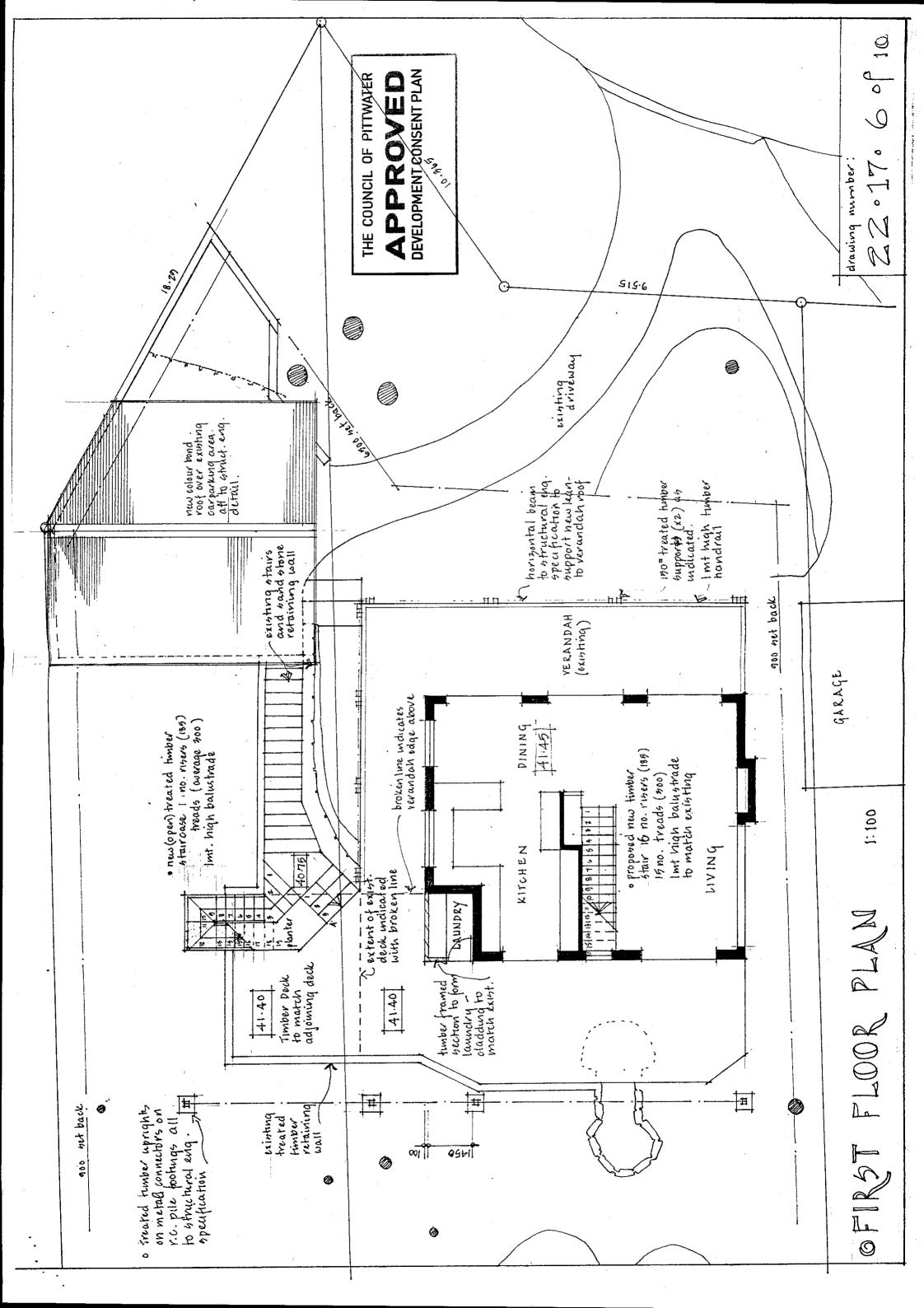


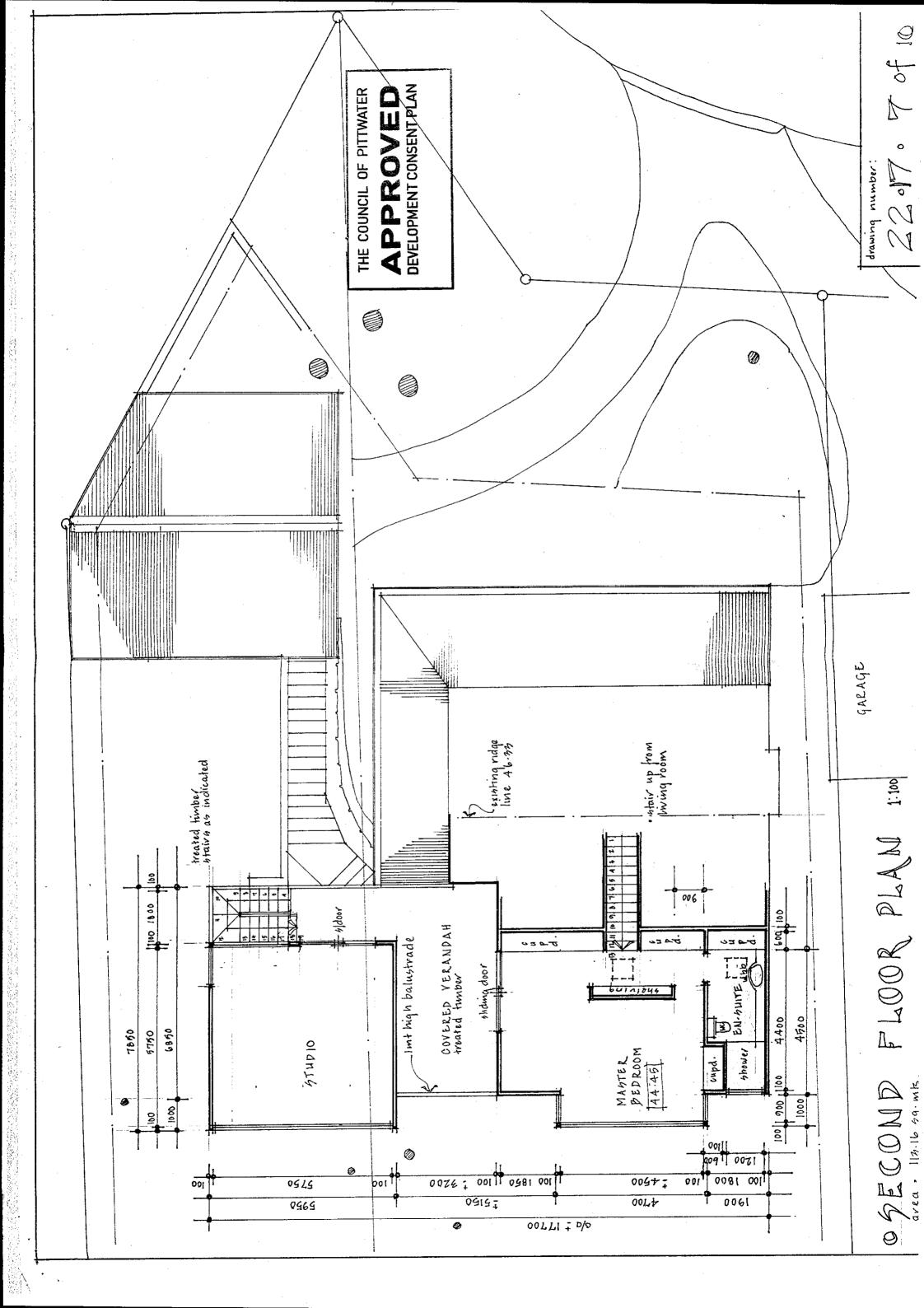


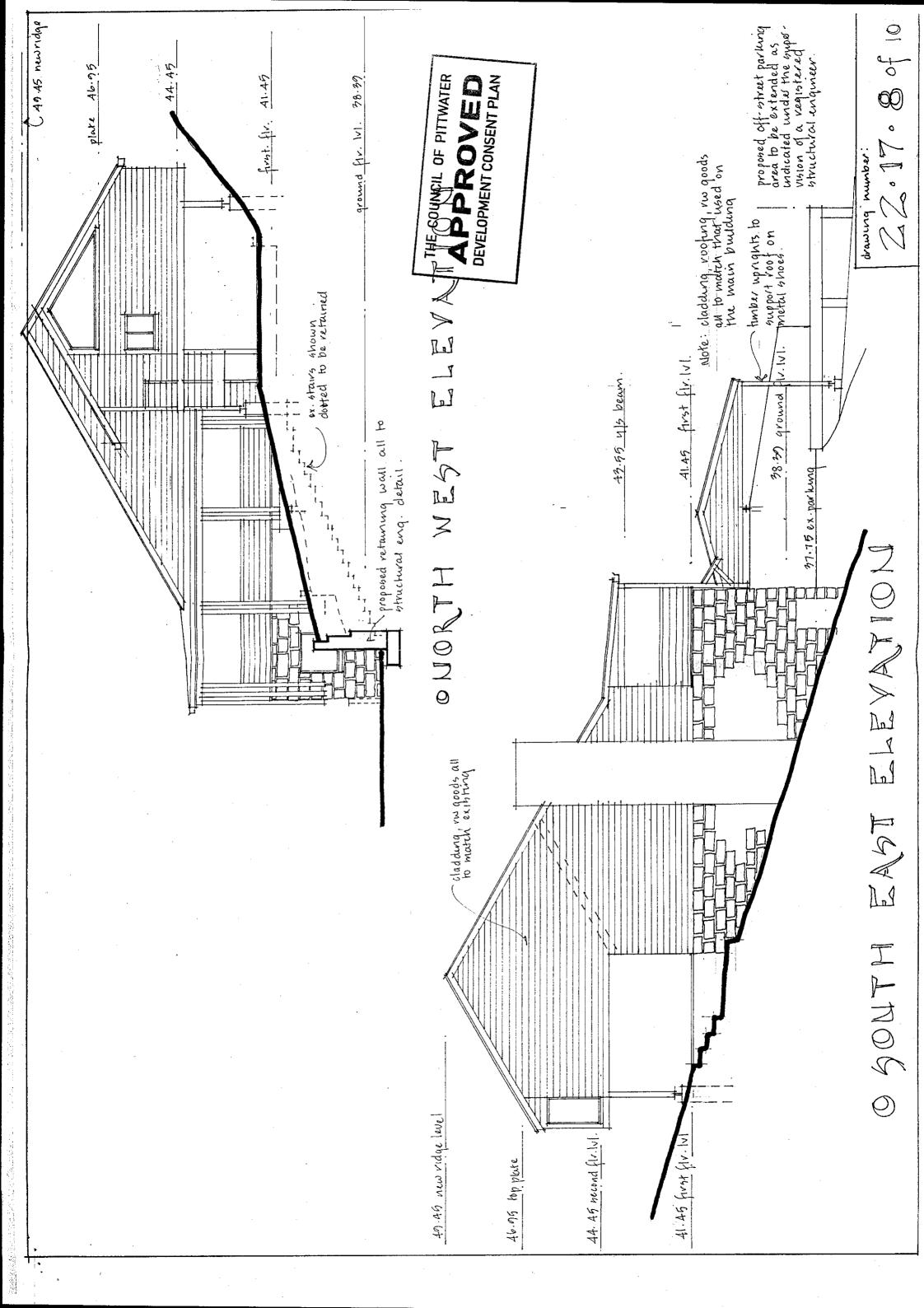


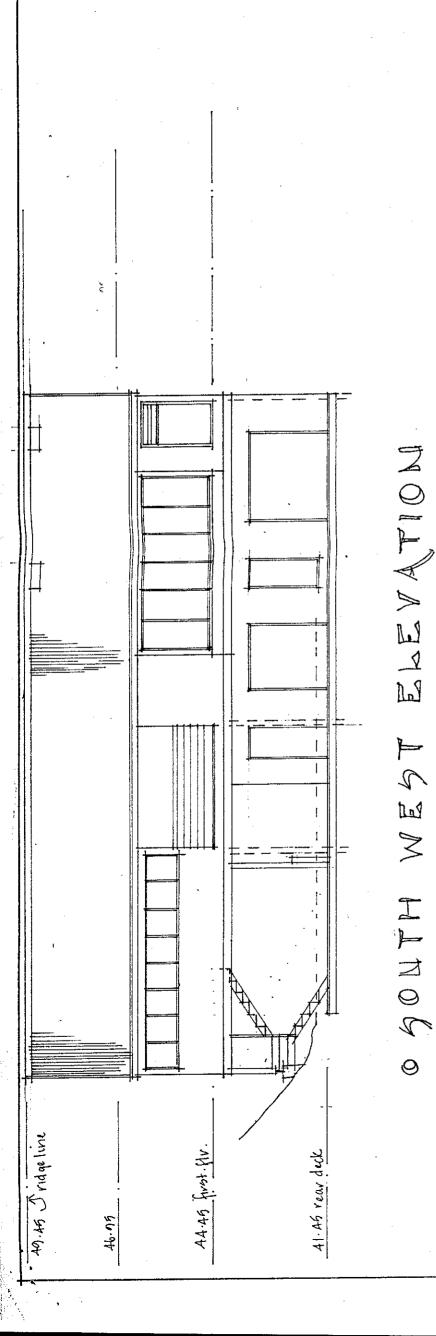


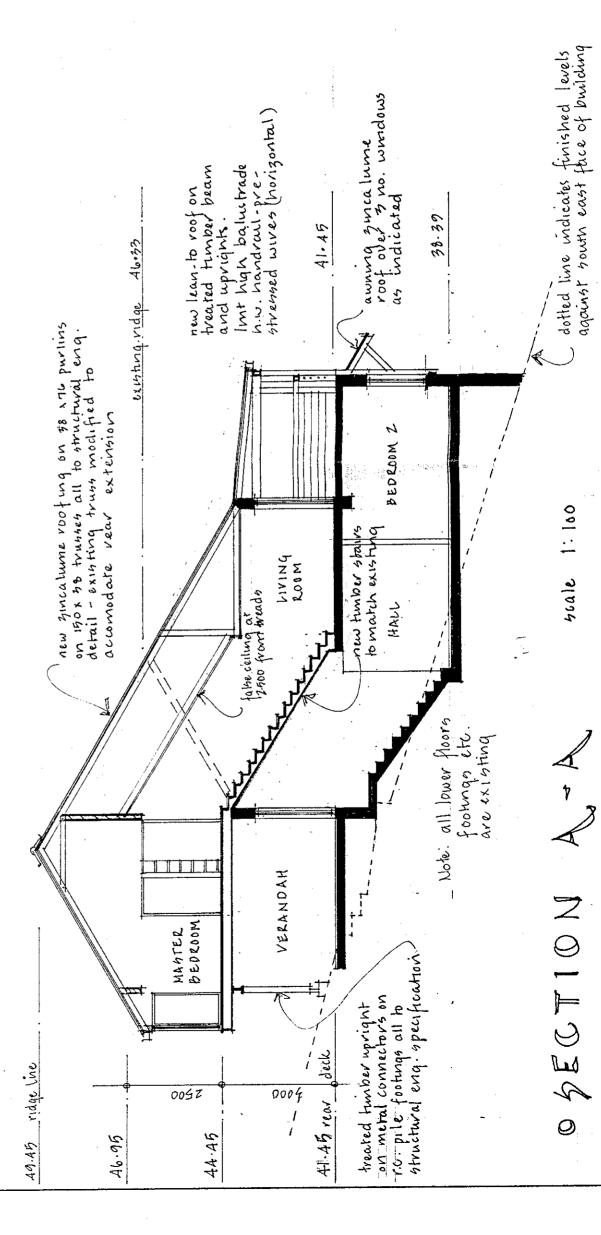










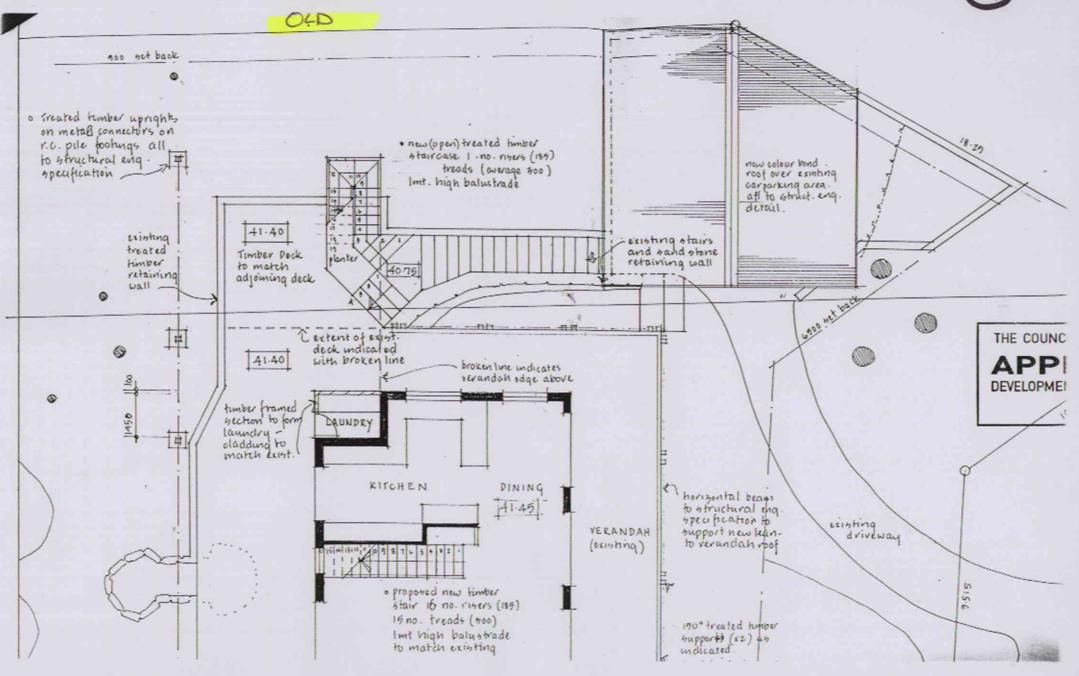


DEVELOPMENT CONSENT PLAN THE COUNCIL OF PITTWATER APPROVED

22.17.90f drawing number:

APPROVED
DEVELOPMENT CONSENT PLAN THE COUNCIL OF PITTWATER drawing number 40.25 top new vetaining wall 44.45 become floor level 37.79 parturny livel carport otructure to cover existing off-street parking area - all to structual eng. cletail 48.95 scale 1:100 ELST ELEVATION O NORIT NOTE: chumney bealed to open five use... 28.20 ground flv.1v! ined exist ridge 46.33 49.45 new ridge IVI. 41.46 first fiv. IV







Vaughan and Fiona Felton

PO BOX 1046 MONA VALE NSW 1660

Telephone: (02) 9979-6526 Fax: (02) 9979-7366 Mobile: 0419 293 187 Email: vaughan@vf.com.au

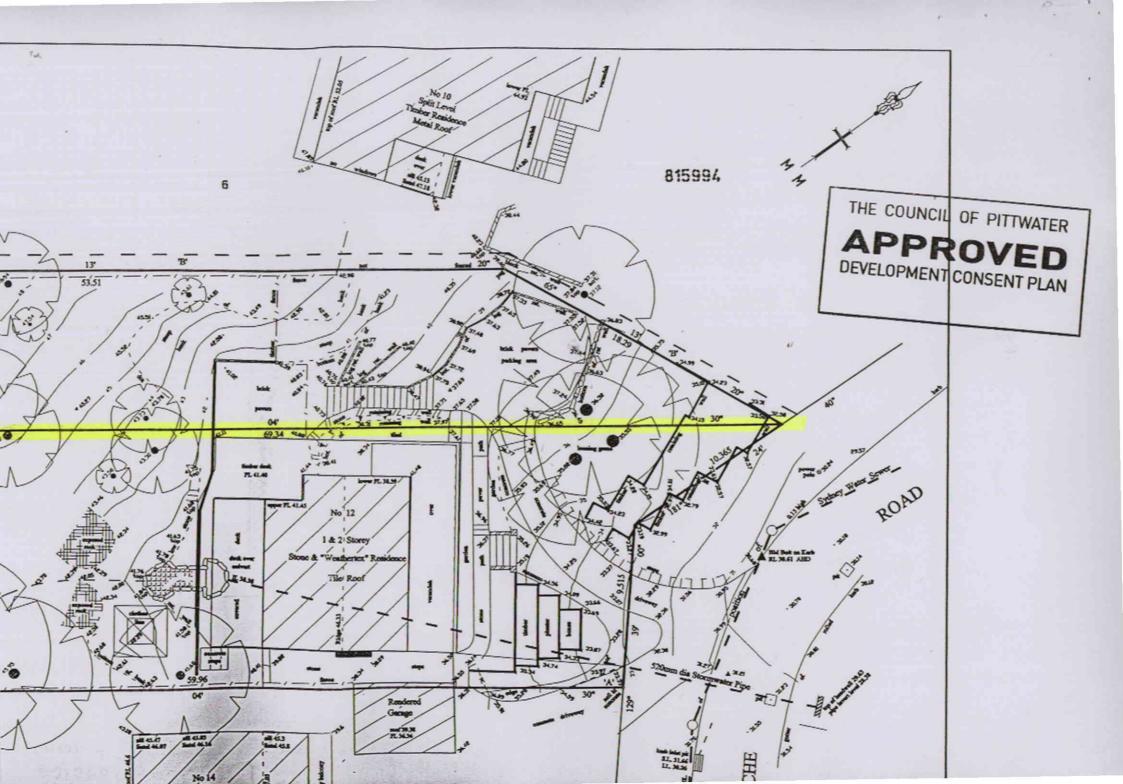
"Reference is made to the studio being built on the boundary on Lot 21, DP661001 & LotY, DP 28908. Submit to council's details on the construction material for the studio that is within 900mm from the boundaries in accordance with part 3.7.1 of the Building code of Australia.

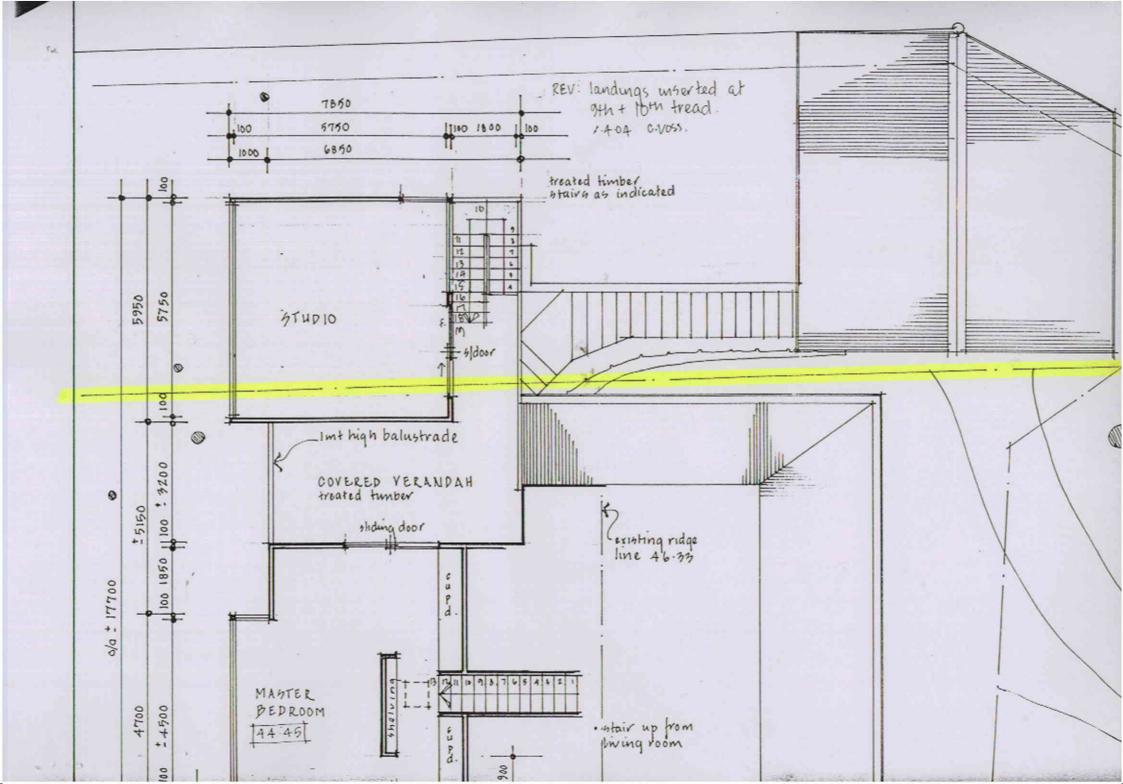
RESPONSE

As you can see, our property is actually one and a half lots – Lot 21 DP661001 and Lot Y DP28908. The boundary between the two of them runs right through the studio. As lot Y DP 28908 is, according to council, too small to sustain an independent building – it therefore has no possibility to be sold off as a separate property with separate buildings.

For this reason we consider that the above request by council is mute as the boundary between the two properties is inconsequential.

Vaughan Felton.











CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014G. 30th May, 2004. Page 1.

SCHEDULE OF WORKS 12 CORNICHE ROAD, CHURCH POINT

- 1. Erect sedimentation fence across the front of the property. Install diversion sausage on uphill side of road gully pit. Arrange for fence and catch areas to be cleaned regularly.
- 2. Surveyor to peg out works with the necessary offset pegs so that the progress of the work can be quickly checked.
- 3. Remove existing paving from the area of the excavation for the carport.
- 4. Excavate area for carport. Advise the Geotechnical Engineer when nearing completion so that he may determine if temporary support is required. Install any temporary support that may be required.
- 5. Remove all excavated material from the site. Keep road clear of soil.
- 6. Place reinforcement for the retaining wall footings and the floor slab in accordance with the Engineering Drawings submitted to Council. Place, vibrate and finish concrete.
- 7. Excavate all footings for the additions and place reinforcement and concrete.
- **8.** Erect steelwork for carport and place roofing materials.
- **9.** Proceed with the completion of the carpentry and steel work for the approved additions.
- 10. Clean up the site and remove sedimentation fence.

JACK HODGSON CONSULTANTS PTY. LIMITED.

J. D. Hodgson M.Eng.Sc.,

F.I.E. Aust. CP ENG.

Civil & Structural Engineer.

Nper3, Struct. Civil. No. 149788.

Director.





Jack Hodgson Consultants Pty Limited CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014G. 30th May, 2004. Page 1.

SCHEDULE OF WORKS 12 CORNICHE ROAD, CHURCH POINT

- 1. Erect sedimentation fence across the front of the property. Install diversion sausage on uphill side of road gully pit. Arrange for fence and catch areas to be cleaned regularly.
- 2. Surveyor to peg out works with the necessary offset pegs so that the progress of the work can be quickly checked.
- 3. Remove existing paving from the area of the excavation for the carport.
- 4. Excavate area for carport. Advise the Geotechnical Engineer when nearing completion so that he may determine if temporary support is required. Install any temporary support that may be required.
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CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

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VO 21014G. 30th May, 2004. Page 1.

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CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014F 15th April 2004. Page 1.

The General Manager
Pittwater Council
P O Box 882
MONA VALE NSW 2103

Dear Sir,

12 CORNICHE ROAD, CHURCH POINT

This report on Structural Adequacy is based on a surface inspection of the subject property. No opening up of the existing developments or excavations have been carried out.

We have inspected the existing structure at the subject address and examined the plans of the proposed alterations and additions at the subject address.

We are satisfied that the existing structure is adequate to support the loads likely to be imposed on it by the proposed alterations and additions, provided any point loads are carried out directly down through the structure to new or old footings.

Our Mr Jack Hodgson is appropriately qualified and experienced to provide this certificate.

JACK HODGSON CONSULTANTS PTY. LIMITED.

J. D. Hodgson MEng.Sc.,

FN.E.Aust., CP ENG.

Civil & Structural Engineer.

Nper3, Struct. Civil. No. 149788.

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CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014F 15th April 2004. Page 1.

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J. D. Hodgson M.Eng Sc.,

F.I.E.Aust., CP ENG.

Civil & Structural Engineer.

Nper3, Struct. Civil. No. 149788.

Director.





CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014F 15th April 2004. Page 1.

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Pittwater Council
P O Box 882
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JACK HQDGSON CONSULTANTS PTY. LIMITED.

J. D. Hodgson M.Eng.Sc., F.I.E.Aust., CP ENG.

Civil & Structural Engineer.

Nper3, Struct. Civil. No. 149788.

Director.

PO Box 389 Mona Vale NSW 1660 Telephone: 9979 6733 Facsimile: 9979 6926

GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER FORM NO. 2 - To be submitted with detailed design for construction certificate Development Application for Name of Applicant Address of site 12 CORNICHE RD, CHUCCH POINT Declaration made by Structural or Civil Engineer in relation to the incorporation of the Geotechnical issues into the project design on behalf of TACK MODISON CONSULTANTS PTY UTO (trading or company name) JACK HODGSON on this the 15th of APRIL 2004 (date) certify that I am a Structural or Civil Engineer as defined by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater. I am authorised by the above organization/company to issue this document and to certify that the organization/company has a current professional indemnity policy of at least \$2million. I also certify that I have prepared the below listed structural documents in accordance with the recommendations given in the Geotechnical Report for the above development Geotechnical Report Details: Report Title: RISK ANALYSIS AND RISK MANAGEMENT FOR PROPOSED Report Date: 24 o CT 2003 ADDITIONS AT 12 CORNICHE RD, CHURCH POINT HODESON Structural Documents list: 21014-1, 21014-2. I am also aware that Pittwater Council relies on the processes covered by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy, including this certification as the basis for ensuring that the geotechnical risk management aspects of the proposed development have been adequately addressed to achieve an "Acceptable Risk Management" level for the life of the structure taken as at least 100 years unless otherwise stated HODESON (name) Declaration made by Geotechnical Engineer or Engineering Geologist in relation to Structural Drawings I prepared and/or technically verified the abovementioned Geotechnical Report as per Form 1 dated 240 cro3 and now certify that I have viewed the above listed structural documents prepared for the same development. I am satisfied that the recommendations given in the viewed the above listed structural documents prepared for the same development. I am satisfied that the recommendations given in the Geotechnical Report have been appropriate taken into account by the structural engineer in the preparation of these structural documents. I am aware that Pittwater Council relies on the processes covered by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy, including this certification as the basis for ensuring that the geotechnical risk management aspects of the proposed development have been adequately addressed to achieve an "Acceptable Risk Management" level for the life of the structure taken as at least 100 years unless otherwise stated and justified in the Report and that reasonable and practical measures have been identified to remove foreseeable risk.



CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014E. 27th January, 2004.

Page 1.

The General Manager
Pittwater Council
P O Box 882
MONA VALE NSW 1660

Dear Sir,

<u>CONDITION OF PIPE UNDER HOUSE.</u> 12 CORNICHE ROAD, CHURCH POINT.

1. AGE OF PIPE.

Our records indicate that the pipe is at least 14 years old. It may be deduced that the pipe was in place before the house on the site was constructed. The style of the house suggests that it was constructed in the early sixties. It is possible that the records of Council may provide the date of installation of the pipe as it is an extension of the culvert under the road.

2. <u>CONDITION OF THE PIPE.</u>

We have observed the condition of the pipe under the house at the subject address using a video tape provided by On Line Pipe & Cable Locating. The pipe is in excellent condition with only some minor encrustation of a few joints. These will not cause a failure of the pipe to transmit the calculated 100 ARI flow.

3. GEOTECHNICAL HAZARDS.

- 3.1. The possibility of the pipe leaking is a potential hazard. (HAZARD ONE.)
- **3.2.** The possibility of the pipe failing is a potential hazard. (HAZARD TWO.)
- **3.3.** The possibility of the pipe becoming blocked is a potential hazard. (HAZARD THREE.)

Telephone: 9979 6733 Facsimile: 9979 6926



CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014E. 27th January, 2004. Page 2.

4. RISK ASSESSMENT.

- **4.1. HAZARD ONE.** The pipe may leak with increasing life as some deterioration of the pipe can be expected. Any such leak will be minor and as the pipe is unlikely to run full and under pressure the volume of the leak will be small. Such a leak is more likely than not to follow the outside of the pipe down the slope than break out under the house. Therefore the likelihood of failure is assessed as 'Unlikely' ($>10^{-4}$). The consequences to property of such a failure are assessed as 'Minor' (>0.1%). The consequences to life of such a failure are assessed as 'Minor' ($>10^{-4}$). The risk to property is 'Low' (10^{-7}). The risk to life is 'Low' (10^{-7}).
- 4.2. HAZARD TWO. Failure of the pipe is possible when the pipes are reaching the end of their life. This could be within the 100 year period required by Council. It is not credible that a failure could occur simultaneously down the length of the pipe, It is more credible that a failure will occur at a weak spot in a particular pipe. Such a failure is more likely then not to impede the flow with possible surcharging of the entry pit. Some erosion of the soil material around the failure area may occur at the failure point but this would not adversely affect the house until at large number of flows had occurred down the pipe with the removal of a large volume of material. Therefore the likelihood of a failure affecting the house in the long term is assessed as 'Possible' (>10⁻³). The consequences to property of such a failure are assessed as 'Medium' (>1%). The consequences to life of such a failure are assessed as 'Minor' (>10⁻⁴) as the effect will be gradual and the house can be cleared of people in ample time. The risk to property is 'Moderate' (10⁻⁵). The risk to life is 'Low' (10⁻⁶).
- **4.3. HAZARD THREE.** The likelihood of the storm water flows adversely affecting the house is assessed as 'Possible' ($>10^{-3}$). The consequences to property of such adverse effects occurring are assessed as 'Minor' (>0.1%) as the inlet pit is so constructed as to divert the water around the house if the pipe is blocked. The consequences to life of such adverse effects occurring are assessed as 'Insignificant' ($<10^{-5}$) as the flows would not be more than 0.2 metres deep. The risk to property is 'Low' (10^{-6}). The risk to life is 'Very Low' (10^{-8}).

5. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>.

5.1 For additional information under this heading see the Risk Analysis & Risk Management Report VO 21014C dated 26th October 2003.



CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014E.

27th January, 2004.

Page 3.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT. Continued.

5.2 <u>MAINTENANCE</u>.

The pipe is to be inspected with a suitable camera at intervals not exceeding 5 years.

6. RISK ANALYSIS SUMMARY.

HAZARDS	Hazard One	Hazard Two	Hazard Three
ТҮРЕ	A leak in the pipe.	The failure of the pipe.	Blocking of the pipe
LIKELIHOOD	'Unlikely' (>10 ⁻⁴).	'Possible' (>10 ⁻³).	'Possible' (>10 ⁻⁴).
CONSEQUENCES TO PROPERTY	'Minor' (>0.1%).	'Medium' (>1%).	'Minor' (>0.1%).
CONSEQUENCES TO LIFE	'Minor' (>10 ⁻⁴).	'Minor' (>10 ⁻⁴).	'Insignificant' (<10 ⁻⁵).
RISK TO PROPERTY	'Low' (>10 ⁻⁷).	'Moderate' (10 ⁻⁵).	'Low' (10 ⁻⁶).
RISK TO LIFE	'Low' (>10 ⁻⁷).	'Low' (10 ⁻⁶).	'Very Low' (10 ⁻⁸).
COMMENTS	Acceptable.	Acceptable.	Acceptable.

JACK HODGSON CONSULTANTS PTY. LIMITED.

J. D. Hodgson M.Eng.Sc.,

F.I.E.Aust., CP ENG.

Civil & Structural Engineer.

Nper3, Struct. Civil. No. 149788.

Director.

PO Box 389 Mona Vale NSW 1660 Telephone: 9979 6733 Facsimile: 9979 6926



CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014D. 5th January, 2004. Page 1.

The General Manager
Pittwater Council
P O Box 882
MONA VALE NSW 1660

Dear Sir,

12 CORNICHE ROAD, CHURCH POINT.

We have observed the condition of rhe pipe under the house at the subject address using a video tape provided by On Line Pipe & Cable Locating.

The pipe is in excellent condition with only some minor encrustation of a few joints. These will not cause a failure of the pipe to transmit the calculated 100 ARI flow.

This exploration of the pipe extended down to the road in front of the subject property.

It is our opinion that the pipe can be expected to remain in good condition for the next 100 years.

Our Mr Jack Hodgson is appropriately qualified and experienced to give this certificate.

JACK HODGSON CONSULTANTS PTY. LIMITED.

J. D. Hodgson M.Eng.Sc.,

F.I.E.Aust., CP ENG.

Civil & Structural Engineer.

Nper3, Struct. Civil. No. 149788.

Director.



CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VN 19764. 12th June, 2002. Page 1.

The General Manager
Pittwater Council
P O Box 882
MONA VALE NSW 1660

Dear Sir,

12 CORNICHE ROAD, CHURCH POINT. BC No: BC0060/02.

We have plotted the catchment of the water course that runs under the house at the subject address and measured the area. The area is 1.71 Ha and the 100 ARI flow for the catchment is 0.684 m $^3/s$.

The pit at the entry to the conduit under the house is some 2.3x1.5 metres in area and averages 1.9 metres in depth. The conduit varies in shape and size and finally exits from under the road opposite the house in to a continuation of the water course.

Our calculations show that the pit and conduit combined are more than adequate to pass the 100 ARI flow without surcharging the pit and thus flooding the house.

Our Mr. Jack Hodgson is appropriately qualified and experienced to provide this certificate.

JACK HODGSON CONSULTANTS PTY. LIMITED.

J.D. Hollgson M. Eng. Sc.,

F.I.E.Aust., CP ENG.

Civil & Structural Engineer.

Nper3, Struct. Civil. No. 149788.

Director.

GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER FORM NO. 1 – To be submitted with Development Application

	Development Application for Fiona Felton
	Address of site 12 Corniche Road Church Point.
Declaratio	n made by geotechnical engineer or engineering geologist or coastal engineer (where applicable) as part of a geotechnical
· SITC	ODGSON on behalf of Jack Hodgson Consultants Ptylimited. (Insert Name) (Trading or Company Name)
on this the as defined document a I have:	26-10-03 certify that I am a geotechnical engineer or engineering geologist or coastal engineer by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater and I am authorised by the above organisation/company to issue this and to certify that the organisation/company has a current professional indemnity policy of at least \$2million.
Please ma P	irk appropriate box Prepared the detailed Geotechnical Report referenced below in accordance with the Australia Geomechanics Society's Geotechnical Risk lanagement Guidelines and the Pittwater Council Policy
	om willing to technically verify that the detailed Geotechnical Report referenced below has been prepared in accordance with the ustralian Geomechanics Society's Geotechnical Risk Management Guidelines and the Pithwater Council Policy
.> M	lave examined the site and the proposed development/alteration in detail and am of the opinion that the Development Application opening involves Minor Development/Alterations that do not require a Detailed Geotechnical risk Assessment and hence my report is in ecordance with the Policy requirements for Minor Development/Alterations.
∵ Р) Gi	ovided the coastal process and coastal forces analysis for inclusion in the geotechnical report
Afternation of the	Report Title PLISK Analysis & Risk Management for Proposed Additions at 12 Corniche Road Church Point. Report Date: 26-10-02
İ	Report Date: 26-10-03
er til er værdenskapterskeligt	Author: J Hodgson
Documenta	tion which relate to or are relied upon in report preparation:
-	Survey Plan Architectural Plans
-	Survey Plan Architectural Plans Archives Lack Hodgson Consultants PtyLimited.
I am aware Application f the proposed taken as at identified to r	that the above geolectrical report, prepared for the abovementioned site is to be submitted in support of a Development of this site and will be reflect on by Pittwater Council as the basis for ensuring that the geolechnical risk management aspects of least 100 years unless otherwise stated and justified in the Report and that reasonable and practical measures have been
	Signature Jedaper
	Name J Hoboson
	Charlered Professional Status MEM Sc F/EAvs T Membership No. 149788

GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER FORM NO. 1(a) - Checklist Of Requirements For Geotechnical Risk Management Report for Development Application or Part V assessment

	Development Application for Flona Fellow
	Address of site 12 Corniche Road Church Point.
	Address of site 12 OF MORE TO GET CHATCH FORM.
se followi	ing checklist covers the minimum requirements to be addressed in a Geotechnical Risk Management Geotechnical Report. This checklist is to
company	the Geotechnical Report and its certification (Form No. 1).
	Geotechnical Report Details:
	Report Title: RISK Analysis & Risk Management for Reposed Additions at Report Date: 26-10-03 12 Corniche Road Church Point.
	Report Date: 26-10-02 12 Corniche Road Church Point.
	Author VHODGSON
lease m	nark appropriate box
F	Comprehensive site mapping conducted 10-9-03 (date)
•	(date) Mapping details presented on contoured site plan with geomorphic mapping to a minimum scale of 1:200 (as appropriate)
₹** E3-	
F.	Subsurface investigation required Refer .
	□ Yes Date conducted
# -	Geotechnical model developed and reported as an inferred subsurface type-section
} ¥	Geotechnical hazards identified
	□ Above the sits none
	♥ On the site
	Below the site NONE
n	Geofechnical hazards described and reported
م	Risk assessment conducted in accordance with Council's Policy
_	9- Consequence analysis
	S. Frequency analysis
-	Risk calculation
4	Risk assessment for <u>property</u> conducted in accordance with Council's Policy
オウチャ	Risk assessment for loss of life conducted in accordance with Council's Policy
4	Assessed risks have been compared to "Acceptable Risk Management" criteria as defined in the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater
Ģ.	Opinion has been provided that the design can achieve the "Acceptable
,	Risk Management" criteria provided that the specified conditions are achieved.
¥	Design Life Adopted:
	₱ 100 years
	Other
P	specify Development Conditions to be applied to all four phases as described in Pittwater
4.	Geotechnical Risk Management Policy have been specified
7	Additional action to remove risk where reasonable and practical have been identified and included in the report.
for the	ware that Pittwater Council will rely on the Geotechnical Report, to which this checklist applies, as the basis for ensuring that the innical risk management aspects of the proposal have been adequately addressed to achieve an "Acceptable Risk Management" level life of the structure, taken as at least 100 years unless otherwise stated, and justified in the Report and that reasonable and practical research been identified to remove foreseeable risk.
	Signature
	Name JAODGSON
	Chartered Professional Status. M. E. S. FIE AVST
	Membership No. 149. 788

Pittwater Council

Adopted;16.08,2003



CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014C. 26th October, 2003. Page 1.

RISK ANALYSIS & RISK MANAGEMENT FOR PROPOSED ADDITIONS AT 12 CORNICHE ROAD, CHURCH POINT

1. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>.

- 1.1 This assessment has been prepared to accompany an application for development approval. The requirements of the Interim Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater, June 2003 have been met.
- 1.2 The definitions used in this Report are those used in the Interim Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater, June 2003.
- 1.3 The methods used in this Assessment are based on those described in Landslide Risk Management Concepts and Guidelines, March 2000, published by the Sub-Committee on Landslide Risk Management of the Australian Geomechanics Society and as modified by the Interim Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater, June 2003.
- 1.4 The experience of the author of this Report spans some 46 years in many areas of Australia and in the Pittwater area, particularly in the last 30 years as Principal of Jack Hodgson Consultants Pty Limited.

2. PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT.

- 2.1 Construct an upper level on the rear of the existing house.
- 2.2 Make alterations to the internals of the existing house.
- 2.3 Construct a turning area alongside a covered car parking area and make adjustments to the existing driveway.
- 2.4 Details of the proposed development are shown on ten drawings numbered 22.17-1 to 10 prepared by Carol Voss and dated September 2002.



CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014C. 26th October, 2003. Page 2.

3. DESCRIPTION OF SITE & SURROUNDING AREA.

- 3.1 This property was inspected on 10th September 2003.
- 3.2 The block is located on the uphill side of the road with the house and land facing the west. The surface slopes up steeply from the road at approximately 30 degrees to the rear boundary that is in natural bushland. A creek is located in the rear of the property and runs in to a large open drain just before the rear deck. The drain runs under the property and is expelled on the far, east side of the main road. A concrete paved driveway, shared with No. 14, runs diagonally up the block to the side of the house and a levelled car space on the southern boundary. The paved car space shows settlement of ~10 cm. The downhill wall of the car space is mostly made of sandstone blocks but also shows that it may have been constructed on an old septic or other concrete structure and this may possibly be related to the settlement of the ca space. Below the car space the front yard is a terraced garden with a couple of large trees present. The front yard appears to have a low risk of instability. On the north side of the property, retaining the slope above the car space, are a couple of pine log walls that are a terraced garden in a low risk condition. The rear of the property appears to be a natural slope with only a couple of rough paths up to the back and a small grassed area directly in front of the deck and around the drain. The rear yard also appears to have a low risk.
- 3.3 The two-storey sandstone block and timber cottage house appears in good condition with no major cracking and no sign of movement associated with landslides.
- 3.4 The adjoining properties have been developed and are landscaped with trees and shrubs. The area at the rear is a well vegetated talus slope that ends at the toe of the sandstone escarpment forming Bayview Heights.

4. GEOLOGY OF THE SITE.

4.1 The site is underlain by interbedded sandstones, siltstones and shales of the Narrabeen Group that do not outcrop on the site but there are some rock exposures. The Narrabeen Group Rocks are Late Permian to Middle Triassic in age with the early rocks not outcropping in the area under discussion. The materials from which the rocks were formed consist of gravels, coarse to fine sands, silts and clays. They were deposited in a riverine type environment with larger floods causing fans of finer materials. The direction of deposition changed during the period of formation.



CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014C. 26th October, 2003. Page 3.

4. GEOLOGY OF THE SITE. Continued.

- 4.2 The lower beds are very variable with the variations decreasing as the junction with the Hawkesbury Sandstones is approached. This junction is marked by the highest of persistent shale beds over thicker sandstone beds which are similar in composition to the Hawkesbury Sandstones.
- 4. The slope materials are colluvial in origin at the surface and become residual with depth. They consist of topsoil over sandy clays and clays that merge into the weathered rock at depths varying from 0.6 to 3 metres.

5. SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION.

Previous work carried out on the site confirms the presence of the colluvium and the Narrabeen Group rocks. It is our opinion that no subsurface investigation is required to enable the structural elements of the proposed development to be designed.

6. <u>DRAINAGE OF THE SITE</u>.

6.1 ON THE SITE.

Attached is a letter reporting on a hydraulic investigation into the capacity of the pipe that runs under the house. This investigation found that the pit and pipe are adequate to pass the 100 ARI flow without surcharging the pit and flooding the house.

6.2 SURROUNDING AREA.

The adjoining properties are well drained with little or no overland flow entering the site. The natural water course that enters the pipe catches the runoff from uphill of the site.

7. GEOTECHNICAL HAZARDS.

7.1 ABOVE THE SITE.

7.1.1 The slope above the site is well vegetated with numerous trees, shrubs and ground cover. No geotechnical hazards likely to adversely affect the subject property were observed above the site.



CONSULTING CIVIL. GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014C. 26th October, 2003. Page 4.

7.2 ON THE SITE.

- 7.2.1 Soil creep of the clay materials overlying the rock may adversely affect the footings for the proposed upper level. (HAZARD ONE.)
- 7.2.2 The cut batters of the proposed car parking area are a potential hazard during the construction phase. (HAZARD TWO.)
- 7.2.3 Storm flows around the house from a blocking of the pipe under the house are a potential hazard. (HAZARD THREE.)

7.3 <u>BELOW THE SITE</u>.

7.3.1 No geotechnical hazards likely to adversely affect the subject property were observed below the site.

7.4 BESIDE THE SITE.

7.4.1 No geotechnical hazards likely to adversely affect the subject property were observed beside the site.

8. RISK ASSESSMENT.

8.1 ABOVE THE SITE.

8.1.1 As no geotechnical hazards likely to adversely affect the subject site were observed above the site, no risk analysis is required

8.2 ON THE SITE.

8.2.1 HAZARD ONE. The likelihood of an adverse effect due to this hazard occurring is assessed as 'Rare' (> 10^{-5}). The consequences to property of the adverse effect occurring are assessed as 'Minor' (>0.1%) as soil creep is a very slow movement occurring mainly in very wet periods. The consequences to life of the adverse effect occurring are assessed as 'Insignificant' ($<10^{-4}$) as the slow movement of the creep phenomenon would give ample warning for the evacuation of the house. The risk to property is 'Very Low' (10^{-7}). The risk to life is 'Very Low' (10^{-7}).



Jack Hodgson Consultants Pty Limited CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014C. 26th October, 2003. Page 5.

RISK ASSESSMENT. Continued. 8.

8.2 ON THE SITE.

- 8.2.2 HAZARD TWO. The likelihood of a slope failure occurring during the excavation of the car parking area and before the construction of the permanent support is assessed as 'Possible' (>10⁻³). The consequences to property of such a failure are assessed as 'Minor' (>0.1%) as the effects of such a failure would be confined to the subject property and would not affect the existing house. The consequences to life of such a failure are assessed as 'Insignificant' (<10⁻⁴) as the failure can be expected to occur during a period of heavy rain when the site would be vacant. The risk to property is 'Low' (10⁻⁶). The risk to life is 'Very Low' (10^{-7}) .
- 8.2.3 HAZARD THREE. The likelihood of the storm water flows adversely affecting the house is assessed as 'Possible' (>10⁻³). The consequences to property of such adverse effects occurring are assessed as 'Minor' (>1%) as the inlet is so constructed as to divert the water around the house if the inlet is blocked. The consequences to life of such adverse effects occurring are assessed as 'Insignificant' (<10⁵) as the flows would not be more than 0.2 metres deep. The risk to property is 'Low' (10⁻⁶). The risk to life is 'Very Low' $(10^{-8}).$

BELOW THE SITE. 8.3

8.3.1 As no geotechnical hazards likely to adversely affect the subject site were observed below the site, no risk analysis is required

BESIDE THE SITE. 8.4

8.4.1 As no geotechnical hazards likely to adversely affect the subject site were observed beside the site, no risk analysis is required

9. SUITABILITY OF DEVELOPMENT FOR SITE.

9.1 GENERAL COMMENTS.

The proposed developments are acceptable for the site.



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9. SUITABILITY OF DEVELOPMENT FOR SITE. Continued.

9.2 GEOTECHNICAL COMMENTS.

No geotechnical hazards will be created by the completion of the proposed development.

9.3 CONCLUSIONS.

The site and the proposed development can achieve the Acceptable Risk Management criteria outlined in the Pittwater Interim Geotechnical Risk Policy provided the recommendations given in **Section 10** are undertaken.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT.

10.1. TYPE OF STRUCTURE.

The proposed structures are suitable for the site.

10.2. EXCAVATIONS.

- 10.2.1 The cut batters for the proposed car parking area are to be supported by properly designed and constructed retaining walls. The Coefficient of Lateral Pressure to be used in the design is 0.7.
- 10.2.2 Construction of the retaining walls must be done as soon as possible after the excavation has been completed. The cut batters are to be covered to prevent loss of moisture in dry weather and to prevent access of moisture in wet weather. Upslope runoff must be diverted from the cut faces by sandbag mounds or similar diversion works. Temporary support may be necessary depending upon the material encountered in the cuts and the length of period before permanent support is installed.

10.3. FILLS.

10.3.1 No fills are shown on the plans of the proposed development.



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10. RISK MANAGEMENT. Continued.

10.4. FOUNDATION MATERIALS AND FOOTINGS.

10.4.1 It is recommended that all footings for the proposed development be supported on the underlying weathered rock using piers as necessary. The design ultimate bearing pressures are 1.2 MPa for spread footings or shallow piers and 2.4 MPa for piers in which the surface of the rock is deeper than 1.2 metres from the ground level at the top of the pier. Piers are to be potted not less than 0.4 metres into the rock.

10.5. STORM WATER DRAINAGE.

All storm water from the proposed development must be collected and piped to the street drainage system or to the drainage easement through any On Site Detention System that may be required by Council.

10.6. SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE.

All reta9ining walls are to be constructed with standpipes connected to the subsurface drains so that they may be flushed out.

10.7. INSPECTIONS.

- 10.7.1 It is recommended that the foundation materials of all footing excavations be inspected and approved before concrete is placed.
- 10.7.2 It is recommended that all subsurface drains be inspected and approved before back filling is completed.

10.8 MAINTENANCE.

- 10.8.1 The property is to be maintained in good order and in accordance with the guidelines set out in CSIRO Sheet No. 10-91 1988 and the Australian Geomechanics Article "Landslide Risk Management Concepts and Guidelines" May 2002.
- 10.8.2 The pit on the uphill end of the pipe under the house is to be inspected at not more than one year intervals to avoid surcharging of the pit.



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11. <u>GEOTECHNICAL CONDITIONS FOR ISSUE OF CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE</u>.

It is recommended that the following geotechnical conditions be applied to the Development Approval:-

The work is to be carried out in accordance with the Risk Management Report VO 21014C dated 26th October 2003.

The Geotechnical Engineer is to inspect and approve the foundation materials of all footing excavations before concrete is placed.

The Geotechnical Engineer is to inspect and approve all subsurface drains before backfilling is completed.

The Geotechnical Engineer is to inspect all cut batters and determine if temporary support is required and, if necessary, in collaboration with the Structural Engineer determine the type of support that is to be used.

12. <u>GEOTECHNICAL CONDITIONS FOR ISSUE OF OCCUPATION</u> CERTIFICATE.

The Geotechnical Engineer is to certify the following geotechnical aspects of the development:-

The work has been carried out in accordance with the Risk Management Report VO 21014C dated 26th October 2003.

The foundation materials of all footing excavations were inspected and approved before concrete was placed.

All subsurface drains were inspected and approved before backfilling was completed.

All cut batters were inspected and the need for temporary support determined and, if necessary, in collaboration with the Structural Engineer the type of support was determined.



Jack Hodgson Consultants Pty Limited CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VO 21014C. 26th October, 2003. Page 9.

13. RISK ANALYSIS SUMMARY.

HAZARDS	Hazard One	Hazard Two	Hazard Three
TYPE	Soil creep effect on footings.	Failure of the cut batters of the car	Storm water flows from the pipe under
		parking area during construction.	the house adversely affecting the house.
LIKELIHOOD	'Rare' (>10 ⁻⁵).	'Possible' (>10 ⁻³).	'Possible' (>10 ⁻³).
CONSEQUENCE S TO PROPERTY	'Minor' (>0.1%).	'Minor' (>0.1%).	'Minor' (>0.1%).
CONSEQUENCE S TO LIFE	'Insignificant' (<10 ⁻⁴).	'Insignificant' (<10 ⁻⁴).	'Insignificant' (<10 ⁻⁴).
RISK TO PROPERTY	'Very Low' (10 ⁻⁷).	'Low' (10 ⁻⁶).	'Low' (10 ⁻⁶).
RISK TO LIFE	'Very Low' (10 ⁻⁷).	'Very Low' (10 ⁻⁷).	'Very Low' (10 ⁻⁷).
COMMENTS	Acceptable.	Acceptable.	Acceptable.

JACK HODGSON CONSULTANTS PTY. LIMITED.

J. D. Hodgson M.Eng.Sc.,

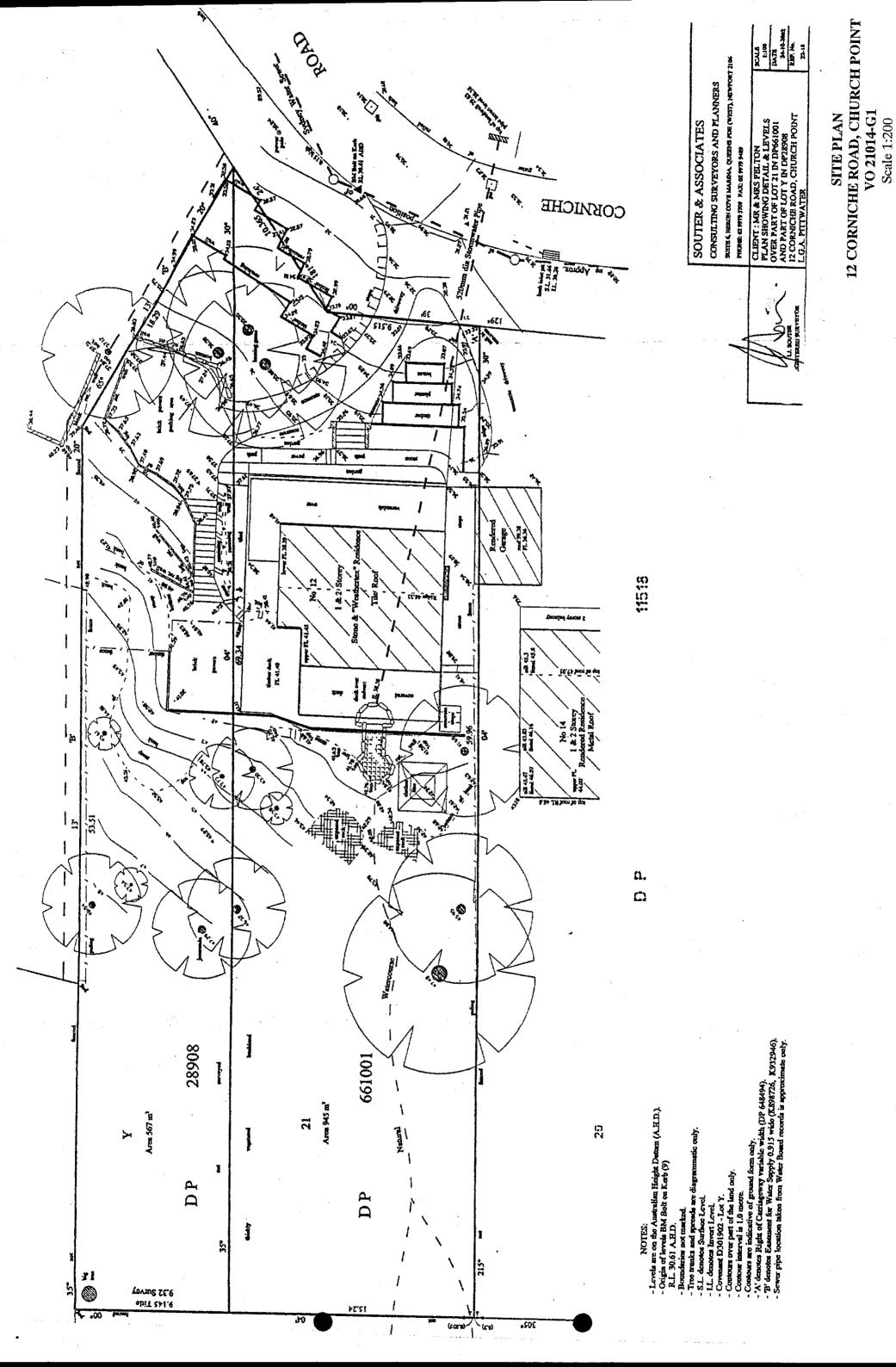
F.I.E.Aust, CP ENG.

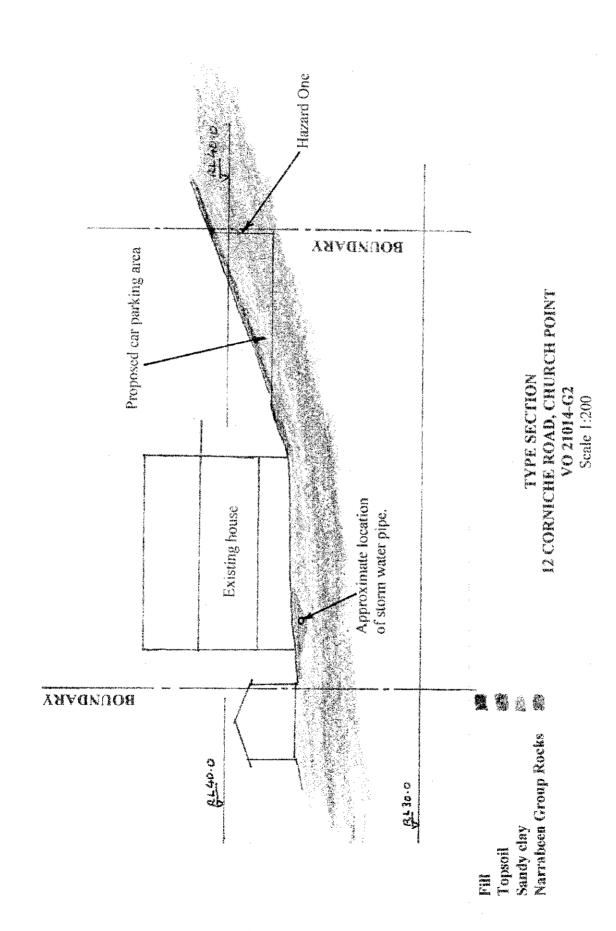
Civil & Structural Engineer.

Nper3, Struct. Civil. No. 149788.

Director.

11 Bungan Street, Mona Vale NSW 2103 PO Box 389 Mona Vale NSW 1660 Telephone: 9979 6733 Facsimile: 9979 6926







CONSULTING CIVIL, GEOTECHNICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

ABN: 94 053 405 011

VN 19764. 12th June, 2002. Page 1.

The General Manager
Pittwater Council
P O Box 882
MONA VALE NSW 1660

Dear Sir,

12 CORNICHE ROAD, CHURCH POINT. BC No: BC0060/02.

We have plotted the catchment of the water course that runs under the house at the subject address and measured the area. The area is 1.71 Ha and the 100 ARI flow for the catchment is 0.684 m³/s.

The pit at the entry to the conduit under the house is some 2.3x1.5 metres in area and averages 1.9 metres in depth. The conduit varies in shape and size and finally exits from under the road opposite the house in to a continuation of the water course.

Our calculations show that the pit and conduit combined are more than adequate to pass the 100 ARI flow without surcharging the pit and thus flooding the house.

Our Mr. Jack Hodgson is appropriately qualified and experienced to provide this certificate.

JACK HODGSON CONSULTANTS PTY. LIMITED.

J.D. Hollgson M.Eng.Sc.,

F.Y.E.Aust., CP ENG.

Civil & Structural Engineer.

Nper3, Struct. Civil. No. 149788.

Director.



Appendix A Qualitative Terminology and Risk Matrix

Pittwater Council
Ref: Interim Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater June 2003

Adopted:16.06.2003 in Force from:17.06.2003



GEOTECHNICAL HAZARD RISK ASSESSMENT QUALITATIVE TERMINOLOGY AND RISK MATRIX

The tables are based on the principles suffined in "Landslide Risk Management Concepts and Guidelines", sa presented in Australian Geomechanics, Vol. 35, No. 1, 2000.

Qualitative Measures of Likelihood

Level	Descriptor	Description	Indicative Annual Probability
A	ALMOST CERTAIN	The event is expected to occur.	≥10"
В	LIKELY	The event will probably occur under adverse conditions.	≥10 ⁻²
С	POSSIBLE	The event could occur under adverse conditions.	≥10"
D	UNLIKELY	The event might occur under very adverse circumstances.	≥10⁴
E	RARE	The event is conceivable, but only under exceptional circumstances.	≥10⁴
F.	BARELY CREDIBLE	The event is almost fanciful.	< 10 *

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QUALITATIVE MEASURES OF CONSEQUENCES TO PROPERTY

Level	Descriptor	Description	* Approximate Cost of Damage
1	CATASTROPHIC	Structure(s) completely destroyed or large scale damage requiring major engineering works for stabilisation. Could cause at least one adjacent property major consequence damage.	> 100 %.
2	MAJOR	Extensive damage to meet of structure, or extending beyond alle boundaries requiring significant stabilisation works. Could cause at least one adjacent property medium consequence damage.	> 10 %.
3 .	MEDIUM	Moderate damage to some of structure, or significent part of site requiring targe stabilisation works. Could cause at least one adjacent property minor consequence damage,	>1%,
4	MINOR	Limited damage to part of structure, or part of alte requiring some reinstatement stabilisation works.	> 0.1 %.
5	INSIGNIFICANT	Little damage.	> 0.01 %.

Note: The cost of damage is expressed as a percentage of the cost of the improved value of the unaffected structure(s).

Qualitative Measures of Consequences to Life

Descriptor	Description	Indicative Vulnerability
CATASTROPHIC	Almost Certain Felality	≥10 ⁻¹
MAJOR	Likely Fatality	≥10°²
MEDIUM	Possible Fatality	≥10-3
MINOR	Unlikely Fatality	≥10⁴
INSIGNIFICANT	Rare Fetality	< 104
	CATASTROPHIC MAJOR MEDIUM MINOR	CATASTROPHIC Almost Certain Fatality MAJOR Likely Fatality MEDIUM Possible Fatality MINOR Unlikely Fatality



QUALITATIVE RISK ANALYSIS MATRIX – LEVEL OF RISK TO PROPERTY AND PERSONS

LIKELIHOOD	CONSEQUENCE TO PROPERTY OR TO LIFE				
	1 CATASTROPHIC	2 MAJOR	3 MEDIUM	4 MINOR	5 Insignificant
A- ALMOST CERTAIN	XH	101 	10-1	10 ⁴	104
B- LIKELY	XH		and the name	-44	- Lumin
C-POSSIBLE	XH			سسسيلسس.	
D- UNLIKELY					- عالاء
E-RARE	M	سسسلس.	_4	 سستالا-	
F-BARELY CREDIBLE	ا	وسستالاس.	_3/5	سستلار	

Notes: 1. The risk matrix has been skewed in favour of consequence.

2. The diagonal lines give indicative (p.a.) risk levels for life.

Risk Level Implications

	Risk Level	implications	
VH	VERY HIGH RISK	Extensive detailed investigation and research, planning and implementation of treatment options essential to reduce risk to acceptable levels; may be too expensive and not practical.	
н -	HIGH RISK	Detailed investigation, planning and implementation of treatment options required to reduce risk to acceptable levels.	
M	MODERATE RISK	May require investigation and planning of treatment options. Tolerable provided treatment options are implemented to maintain or reduce risks.	
L_	row RISK	Treatment requirements and responsibilities to be defined to meintain or reduce risk.	
VL	VERY LOW RISK	Manage by normal slope maintenance procedures.	

The following notes should be read in conjunction with the Qualitative Risk Analysis Matrix - Level of Risk to Property and Persons

- Notes (1) The cost of damage is expressed as a percentage of the cost of the improved value of the unaffected property, which includes the land plus the unaffected structure(s).
 - (2) The Approximate Cost is to be an estimate of the direct cost of the damage, such as the cost of reinstatement of the damaged portion of the property (land plus structures), which would include professional design fees, but does not include consequently costs such as legal fees, temporary accommodation, and stabilization works to "fix" the event.
 - To assess an appropriate Descriptor, it is preferable to prepare a cost estimate and then (3)select the appropriate Descriptor accordingly.
 - If the Descriptor is being selected based on the Description alone, then the most severe (4) Descriptor should be selected based on either the assessed extent of damage to the structure, or assessed extent of stabilization works, or assessed effect on adjacent

APPENDIX J

SOME GUIDELINES FOR HILLSIDE CONSTRUCTION

ADVICE	GOOD ENGINEERING PRACTICE	POOR ENGINEERING PRACTICE			
GEOTECHNICAL		WALLIE			
ASSESSMENT	Obtain advice from a qualified, experienced geotechnical consultant at early	Prepare detailed plan and start site works before			
PLANNING	stage of planning and before site works.	geotechnical advice.			
SITE PLANNING	L'arrive destroit de la constant de				
STIER ENGINE	Having obtained geotechnical advice, plan the development with the risk arising from the identified hazards and consequences in mind.	Plan development without regard for the Risk.			
DESIGN AND COM	VSTRUCTION				
HOUSE DESIGN					
THE OLD DESIGN	Use flexible structures which incorporate properly designed brickwork, timber or steel frames, timber or panel cladding.	Floor plans which require extensive cutting and			
1	Consider use of split levels.	filling.			
	Use decks for recreational areas where appropriate.	Movement intolerant structures.			
SITE CLEARING	Retain natural vegetation wherever practicable.				
ACCESS &	Satisfy requirements below for cuts fills retaining walls and delice	Indiscriminately clear the site.			
DRIVEWAYS		Excavate and fill for site access before			
TA DETUNCTOR	1 Dilveways and Darking areas may need to be Galler are and a second	geotechnical advice.			
EARTHWORKS_	1 TOTAL MENTOL CONTINUES WILESEVER DISCOVER	Indiscriminant bulk earthworks.			
Cuts		Large scale cuts and benching.			
1	Support with engineered retaining walls or batter to appropriate slope. Provide drainage measures and erosion control.	Unsupported cuts.			
Fills	Minimise height.	Ignore drainage requirements			
	Strip vegetation and tonsoil and key into natural elegant reinstance of	Loose or poorly compacted fill, which if it fails,			
		may flow a considerable distance including			
,	Datter to appropriate slope or support with engineered	onto property below. Block natural drainage lines.			
	Provide surface drainage and appropriate subsurface drainage.	Fill over existing vegetation and topsoil.			
1	_	include stumps, trees, vegetation, tonsoil			
ROCK OUTCROPS	Remove or stabilize boulder which	boulders, building rubble etc in fill			
& Boulders	Remove or stabilise boulders which may have unacceptable risk. Support rock faces where necessary.	Disturb or undercut detached blocks or			
RETAINING	Engineer design to resist applied soil and water forces.	boulders.			
WALLS	Found on rock where practicable	Construct a structurally inadequate wall such as			
	Provide subsurface drainage within wall backfill and surface drainage on slope	sandstone flagging, brick or unreinforced			
		blockwork.			
FOOTBLEE	Construct wall as soon as possible after cut/fill operation.	Lack of subsurface drains and weepholes.			
FOOTINGS	Found Within Fock Where practicable	Foundation			
	Use rows of piers or strip footings oriented up and down slope.	Found on topsoil, loose fill, detached boulders or undercut cliffs.			
1	·	or ancoroat outing.			
SWIMMING POOLS	Backfill footing excavations to exclude ingress of surface water. Engineer designed.				
	Support on piers to rock where practicable.				
	Provide with under-drainage and gravity drain outlet where practicable. Design for high soil assessment of the practicable.				
	1				
DO ANNA CO	may be little or no lateral support on downhill side.				
DRAINAGE					
Surface	Provide at tops of cut and fill slopes.	Discharge at top of fills and cuts.			
·	Discharge to street drainage or natural water courses.	Allow water to pond on bench areas.			
	Provide general fails to prevent blockage by siltation and incorporate silt traps. Line to minimise infiltration and make flexible where possible.	poste ou oction atcas.			
	L OPOSIGI SILUCIULUS IO GISSIDATE energy of aleganos C.1				
Subsurface	1 * 10 * 100 ALLEL ALCULIS RIDESTINGS design	- 47			
	Provide drain behind retaining walls	Discharge roof runoff into absorption trenches.			
•	Use flexible pipelines with access for maintenance	1			
Orrange A	1 revent milew of surface water	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
SEPTIC &	Usually requires purpo-out or mains server and an all districts	Discharge sulface di cata			
SULLAGE		Discharge sullage directly onto and into alopes. Use absorption trenches without consideration			
EROSION	Storage tanks should be water-tight and adequately founded.	of landslide risk.			
CONTROL &	Control erosion as this may lead to instability. Revegetate cleared area.	Failure to observe earthworks and drainage			
LANDSCAPING		recommendations when landscaping.			
DRAWINGS AND SITE VISITS DURING CONSTRUCTION					
DRAWINGS Building Application desired to the state of the					
SITE VISITS	Building Application drawings should be viewed by geotechnical consultant Site Visits by consultant may be				
	Site Visits by consultant may be appropriate during construction/ MAINTENANCE BY OWNER				
OWNERS	Clean draine or crete-				
RESPONSIBILITY	Clean drainage systems; repair broken joints in drains and leaks in supply pipes.				
į	Where structural distress is evident and the	•			
	If seepage observed, determine causes or seek advice on consequences.				

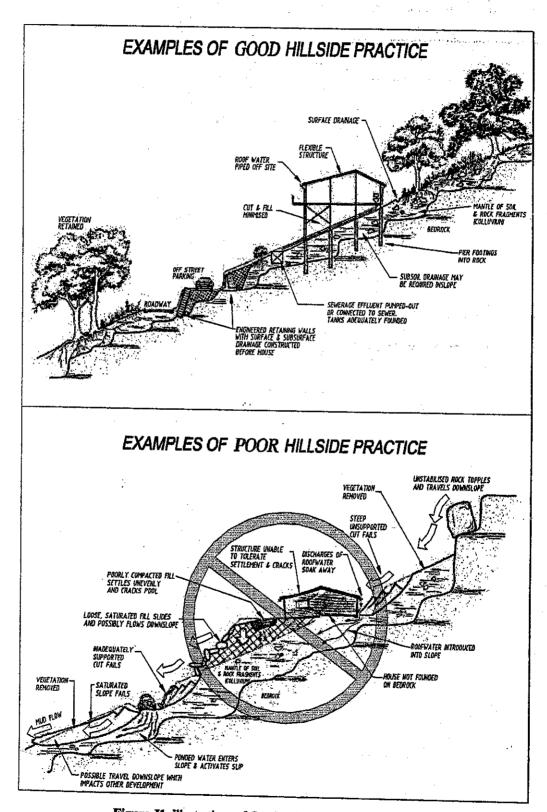


Figure J1 Illustrations of Good and Poor Hillside Practice



Pittwater Council ABN 81 340 837 871

All Correspondence to be addressed to General Manager

Units 9, 11 & 12/5 Vuko Piace WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102 Avaion Customer Service Centre 59A Old Barrenjoey Road, AVALON 2107 Postal Address P.O. Box 882 MONA VALE NSW 1660 DX 9018MONA VALE

Anna Williams, Development Officer 8am to 6pm Mon - Thurs, 8am to 5pm Fri Phone 9970 1164 Telephone (02)9970 1111 Facsimile (02) 9970 7150 Internet www.pittwaterlga.com.au Email: pittwater_council@pittwater.nsw.gov.au

DA No N0051/03

In all correspondence please quote this number

13th February 2004

CAROL VOSS
PO Box 300
CHURCH POINT NSW 2015
Attention: Carol Voss/Vaughan Felton

Dear Sir/Madam,

Re: Deferred Commencement Conditions - Development Application N0051/03
12 Corniche Road, Church Point

I refer to the deferred commencement conditions 1(a) contained within the aforementioned consent, and your submission of geotechnical advice dated 5th January 2003.

Please be advised that pursuant to Regulation 95 (5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000, Council considered the details provided in accordance with deferred commencement Conditions 1a contained in Part 1 of the conditions of Development Consent are satisfactory. The following documentation therefore forms part of the consent documentation:

- Risk Analysis and Risk Management Report prepared by Jack Hodgson Consulting Pty Ltd, reference number VO21014C, dated October 2003, and
- Forms 1 and 1(a) signed by Jack Hodgson and referencing the Risk Analysis and Risk Management Report prepared by Jack Hodgson Consulting Pty Ltd, reference number VO21014C, dated October 2003, and
- Report on condition of pipe under house at 12 Corniche Road prepared by Jack Hodgson Consulting Pty Ltd dated 27th January 2004, reference No. VO 21014E

In this regard, the Consent becomes operative from the date of this letter subject to the conditions listed in Part 2 of the Consent.

Yours faithfully

apmaticulians

Anna Williams

DEVELOPMENT OFFICER

Document1.doc Best & Most Progressive Council in NSW - Winner 2003 Bluett Award