#### GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER FORM NO. 1 – To be submitted with Development Application

Development Application for				
Address of site	104 Cabarita R	oad, Avalon		
The following checklist covers the minimum requirements to be addressed in a Geotechnical Risk <b>Declaration made by</b> geotechnical engineer or engineering geologist or coastal engineer (where applicable) as part of a geotechnical report				
I, Ben White (Insert Name)	on behalf of	White Geotechnical Group Pty Ltd (Trading or Company Name)		
on this the coastal engineer as defi organisation/company to policy of at least \$10mill	27/8/20 ned by the Geotechnical b issue this document an ion.	certify that I am a geotechnical engineer or engineering geologist or Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009 and I am authorised by the above d to certify that the organisation/company has a current professional indemnity		
l: Please mark appropria	te box			

- have prepared the detailed Geotechnical Report referenced below in accordance with the Australia Geomechanics Society's Landslide Risk Management Guidelines (AGS 2007) and the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009
- am willing to technically verify that the detailed Geotechnical Report referenced below has been prepared in accordance with the Australian Geomechanics Society's Landslide Risk Management Guidelines (AGS 2007) and the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater 2009
- have examined the site and the proposed development in detail and have carried out a risk assessment in accordance with Section 6.0 of the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009. I confirm that the results of the risk assessment for the proposed development are in compliance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009 and further detailed geotechnical reporting is not required for the subject site.
- have examined the site and the proposed development/alteration in detail and I am of the opinion that the Development Application only involves Minor Development/Alteration that does not require a Geotechnical Report or Risk Assessment and hence my Report is in accordance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009 requirements.
- have examined the site and the proposed development/alteration is separate from and is not affected by a Geotechnical Hazard and does not require a Geotechnical Report or Risk Assessment and hence my Report is in accordance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater 2009 requirements.
- have provided the coastal process and coastal forces analysis for inclusion in the Geotechnical Report

#### Geotechnical Report Details:

Report Title: Geotechnical Report 104 Cabarita Road, Avalon

Report Date: 24/8/20

Author: **BEN WHITE** 

Author's Company/Organisation: WHITE GEOTECHNICAL GROUP PTY LTD

#### Documentation which relate to or are relied upon in report preparation:

Australian Geomechanics Society Landslide Risk Management March 2007.

#### White Geotechnical Group company archives.

I am aware that the above Geotechnical Report, prepared for the abovementioned site is to be submitted in support of a Development Application for this site and will be relied on by Pittwater Council as the basis for ensuring that the Geotechnical Risk Management aspects of the proposed development have been adequately addressed to achieve an "Acceptable Risk Management" level for the life of the structure, taken as at least 100 years unless otherwise stated and justified in the Report and that reasonable and practical measures have been identified to remove foreseeable risk.

Signature	Bellit
Name	Ben White
Chartered Professional Sta	atus MScGEOLAusIMM CP GEOL
Membership No.	222757
Company	White Geotechnical Group Pty Ltd

#### GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER FORM NO. 1(a) - Checklist of Requirements for Geotechnical Risk Management Report for Development Application

Develo	Development Application for		
		Name of Applicant	
Addres	ss of site	104 Cabarita Road, Avalon	
The follo Report.	wing checklist covers This checklist is to ac	the minimum requirements to be addressed in a Geotechnical Risk Management Geotechnical company the Geotechnical Report and its certification (Form No. 1).	
Geotech	nical Report Details		
Report	Litle: Geotechnical R	leport 104 Cabarita Road, Avalon	
Report	Date: 24/8/20		
Author	BEN WHITE		
A 41			
Autho	r's Company/Organi	sation: WHITE GEOTECHNICAL GROUP PTY LTD	
Please r	nark appropriate bo	x	
$\boxtimes$	Comprehensive site	mapping conducted <u>18/8/20</u> (date)	
$\boxtimes$	Mapping details pres	ented on contoured site plan with geomorphic mapping to a minimum scale of 1:200 (as appropriate)	
$\boxtimes$	Subsurface investiga	tion required	
		JUSTIFICATION	
	Geotechnical model	developed and reported as an inferred subsurface type-section	
$\boxtimes$	Geotechnical hazard	s identified	
		the site	
	⊠ On the	site	
	□ Below	the site	
	Beside	the site	
$\boxtimes$	Geotechnical hazard	s described and reported	
$\boxtimes$	Risk assessment cor	nducted in accordance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009	
	🛛 Consec	quence analysis	
_	⊠ Freque	ncy analysis	
	Risk calculation		
	Risk assessment for	property conducted in accordance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009	
	RISK assessment for	loss of life conducted in accordance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009	
X	Assessed risks have Management Policy	been compared to "Acceptable Risk Management" criteria as defined in the Geotechnical Risk	
$\bowtie$	Opinion has been pro	by ided that the design can achieve the "Acceptable Risk Management" criteria provided that the	
	specified conditions a	are achieved.	
$\boxtimes$	Design Life Adopted:		
	⊠ 100 ye	ars	
	□ Other		
	Control Constant	specity	
X	Pittwater - 2009 have	ons to be applied to all four phases as described in the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for	
$\boxtimes$	Additional action to re	emove risk where reasonable and practical have been identified and included in the report	
	Risk assessment with	hin Bushfire Asset Protection Zone.	

I am aware that Pittwater Council will rely on the Geotechnical Report, to which this checklist applies, as the basis for ensuring that the geotechnical risk management aspects of the proposal have been adequately addressed to achieve an "Acceptable Risk Management" level for the life of the structure, taken as at least 100 years unless otherwise stated, and justified in the Report and that reasonable and practical measures have been identified to remove foreseeable risk.

Signature	Kelut
Name	Ben White
Chartered Professional Sta	tus MScGEOLAusIMM CP GEOL
Membership No.	222757
Company	White Geotechnical Group Pty Ltd



J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 1.

## **GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION:**

## New Jetty at 104 Cabarita Road, Avalon

## 1. Proposed Development

- 1.1 Construct a new deck and jetty off the downhill side of the existing boathouse in the NE corner of the property.
- 1.2 Details of the proposed development are shown on 2 drawings prepared by Stephen Crosby & Associates, drawing numbered 2178-DA01 is dated July 2018, and drawing numbered 2178-DA02 id dated August 2018.

### 2. Site Description

**2.1** The site was inspected on the 18<sup>th</sup> August, 2020.

2.2 This waterfront residential property is on the low side of the road and has a NE aspect. It is located on the moderate to steeply graded lower reaches of a hillslope. The slope above the property continues at similar angles.

**2.3** The property is accessed by a concrete Right of Carriageway (ROW) off Cabarita Road (Photo 1). A concrete driveway diverts off the ROW and runs to a carport under the house and to a parking area on the uphill side of the house (Photos 2 & 3). The fill for the parking area is supported by a stable rendered masonry retaining wall reaching ~2.0m high (Photo 4). The old part two-storey house is supported on steel posts (Photo 5). Some of the supporting posts have rusted and tilted but have been remediated with additional supports (Photo 6). The area surrounding the house is lawn and garden-covered. These gardens slope steeply to the waterfront below the house (Photo 7). Three buildings have been constructed at the W end of the waterfront (Photo 8). An excavation has been made in the slope to create a level platform for the upper level of the larger building. The cut is supported by a stable sandstone block retaining wall ~1.1m (Photo 9). The larger building is a two-storey



J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 2.

boathouse supported on sandstone block foundations. The sandstone block foundation walls have weathered to a point where deterioration is occurring rapidly and this process is undercutting the walls above (Photo 10). One portion of a small brick building upslope and to the E of this building displays significant settlement downslope (Photo 11). We recommend these buildings be assessed by a structural engineer to determine the details of the required remedial works. Until this inspection is carried out, we recommend no one spend time in these structures. Another stable sandstone block boathouse has been constructed at the E end of the waterfront (Photo 12). Between the boathouses is a near-level lawn (Photo 13). The cut for the lawn and E boathouse is supported by a stable ~1.8m high sandstone block retaining wall (Photo 14). The fill for the lawn is supported by a ~1.6m high sandstone block seawall (Photo 15). The seawall was observed to be supported directly onto Low to Medium Strength Shale at the waterfront. Some of the sandstone block components of the seawall were also observed to be weathered (Photo 16). We recommend the more weathered components be replaced.

### 3. Geology

The Sydney 1:100 000 Geological sheet indicates the site is underlain by the Newport Formation of the Narrabeen Group. This is described as interbedded laminite, shale, and quartz to lithic quartz sandstone.

#### 4. Subsurface Investigation

Five DCP (Dynamic Cone Penetrometer) tests were carried out to determine the relative density of the overlying soil and the depth to bedrock. The locations of the tests are shown on the site plan. It should be noted that a level of caution should be applied when interpreting DCP test results. The test will not pass through hard buried objects so in some instances it can be difficult to determine whether refusal has occurred on an obstruction in the profile or on the natural rock surface. This is not expected to be an issue for the testing on this site. However, excavation and foundation budgets should always allow for the possibility that the



J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 3.

interpreted ground conditions in this report vary from those encountered during excavations. See the appended "Important information about your report" for a more comprehensive explanation. The results are as follows:

DCP TEST RESULTS – Dynamic Cone Penetrometer						
Equipment: 9	Equipment: 9kg hammer, 510mm drop, conical tip.Standard: AS1289.6.3.2 - 1997					89.6.3.2 - 1997
Depth(m) Blows/0.3m	<b>DCP 1</b> (~RL-0.2)	<b>DCP 2</b> (~RL-0.1)	<b>DCP 3</b> (~RL0.0)	<b>DCP 4</b> (~RL0.1)	DCP 5 (~RL0.1)	<b>DCP 6</b> (~RL0.1)
0.0 to 0.3	5	26	9	Rock	Rock	Rock
0.3 to 0.6	36	11	#	exposed at	exposed at	exposed at
0.6 to 0.9	#	#		surface	surface	surface
	Refusal on Rock @ 0.4m	Refusal on Rock @ 0.4m	Refusal on Rock @ 0.2m			

#refusal/end of test. F=DCP fell after being struck showing little resistance through all or part of the interval.

#### DCP Notes:

DCP1 – Refusal on rock @ 0.4m, DCP bouncing off rock surface, brown sand on wet tip.

DCP2 – Refusal on rock @ 0.4m, DCP bouncing off rock surface, brown sand on wet tip.

DCP3 – Refusal on rock @ 0.2m, DCP bouncing off rock surface, brown sand on wet tip.

DCP4 – Low Strength Rock exposed at surface.

DCP5 – Low Strength Rock exposed at surface.

DCP6 – Low Strength Rock exposed at surface.

### 5. Geological Observations/Interpretation

The site is underlain by a typical shale profile with clays to a maximum depth of ~0.4m before encountering Low to Medium Strength Shale. In the location of the proposed works, most of the foundations will be located below the mean water mark and were located below the water body of Pittwater at the time of the inspection. Here the shale profile is overlain by sediments of an unknown depth. White geotechnical group

Sydney, Northern Beaches & beyond. Geotechnical Consultants

J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 4.

Testing in DCPs 1 & 2 indicate that near shore the sediment is at least 0.4m deep and is expected to get deeper further from the shore.

### 6. Surface Water

No evidence of significant surface flows were observed on the property during the inspection. Normal sheet wash from the slope above will be intercepted by the street drainage system for Cabarita Road above.

## 7. Geotechnical Hazards and Risk Analysis

No geotechnical hazards were observed beside or below the property. The moderate to steeply graded land surface that falls across the property and continues above is a potential hazard (Hazard One).

#### **Risk Analysis Summary**

HAZARDS	Hazard One
ТҮРЕ	The moderate to steep slope that falls across the property and continues above failing and impacting on the property.
LIKELIHOOD	'Unlikely' (10 <sup>-4</sup> )
CONSEQUENCES TO PROPERTY	'Medium' (20%)
RISK TO PROPERTY	'Low' (2 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> )
RISK TO LIFE	8.3 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> /annum
COMMENTS	'ACCEPTABLE' level of risk to life & property.

(See Aust. Geomech. Jnl. Mar 2007 Vol. 42 No 1, for full explanation of terms)

## 8. Suitability of the Proposed Development for the Site

The proposed development is suitable for the site. No geotechnical hazards will be created by the completion of the proposed development provided it is carried out in accordance with the requirements of this report and good engineering and building practice.



J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 5.

#### 9. Stormwater

No significant stormwater runoff will be created by the proposed development.

#### 10. Excavations

Apart from those for footings, no excavations are required.

#### 11. Foundations

Estimating the depth of the sediment below the waterline is beyond the scope of this report. However, testing done in the water ~6m out from the shore indicates the sediment is at a maximum depth of 0.4m. We expect the sediment to get progressively deeper with an increased distance from shore. Within ~6m of the shore, Low to Medium Strength Shale was encountered at the surface or at shallow depths. The piles for the proposed jetty may be supported on concrete pads embedded in this material. Beyond ~6m, it is envisaged the jetty will be supported on driven piles, subject to sediment depth, as is typical of jetties in Pittwater.

The piling contractor is responsible for certifying these foundations but should inform the geotechnical consultant of the pile embedment depths as they are installed.

Additionally, a sewer line runs along the shore and will be located under the proposed jetty. The foundations are to be constructed to Sydney Water's requirements.

### 12. Inspections

The client and builder are to familiarise themselves with the following required inspections as well as council geotechnical policy. We cannot provide geotechnical certification for the Occupation Certificate if the following inspections have not been carried out during the construction process.

• The piling contractor is to inform the geotechnical consultant of the pile embedment depth of each pile after installation.



J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 6.

White Geotechnical Group Pty Ltd.

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Ben White M.Sc. Geol., AusIMM., CP GEOL. No. 222757 Engineering Geologist.



J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 7.



Photo 1





J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 8.



Photo 3



Photo 4

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J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 9.



#### Photo 5





J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 10.



Photo 7



Photo 8

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J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 11.



Photo 9





J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 12.







J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 13.



Photo 13





J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 14.



Photo 15



Photo 16



J2877. 24<sup>th</sup> August, 2020. Page 15.

#### Important Information about Your Report

It should be noted that Geotechnical Reports are documents that build a picture of the subsurface conditions from the observation of surface features and testing carried out at specific points on the site. The spacing and location of the test points can be limited by the location of existing structures on the site or by budget and time constraints of the client. Additionally, the test themselves, although chosen for their suitability for the particular project, have their own limiting factors. The testing gives accurate information at the location of the test, within the confines of the test's capability. A geological interpretation or model is developed by joining these test points using all available data and drawing on previous experience of the geotechnical consultant. Even the most experienced practitioners cannot determine every possible feature or change that may lie below the earth. All of the subsurface features can only be known when they are revealed by excavation. As such, a Geotechnical report can be considered an interpretive document. It is based on factual data but also on opinion and judgement that comes with a level of uncertainty. This information is provided to help explain the nature and limitations of your report.

With this in mind, the following points are to be noted:

- If upon the commencement of the works the subsurface ground or ground water conditions prove different from those described in this report, it is advisable to contact White Geotechnical Group immediately, as problems relating to the ground works phase of construction are far easier and less costly to overcome if they are addressed early.
- If this report is used by other professionals during the design or construction process, any questions should be directed to White Geotechnical Group as only we understand the full methodology behind the report's conclusions.
- The report addresses issues relating to your specific design and site. If the proposed project design changes, aspects of the report may no longer apply. Contact White Geotechnical if this occurs.
- This report should not be applied to any other project other than that outlined in section 1.0.
- This report is to be read in full and should not have sections removed or included in other documents as this can result in misinterpretation of the data by others.
- It is common for the design and construction process to be adapted as it progresses (sometimes to suit the previous experience of the contractors involved). If alternative design and construction processes are required to those described in this report, contact White Geotechnical Group. We are familiar with a variety of techniques to reduce risk and can advise if your proposed methods are suitable for the site conditions.





TYPE SECTION – Diagrammatical Interpretation of expected Ground Materials

# EXAMPLES OF GOOD HILLSIDE PRACTICE



## EXAMPLES OF **POOR** HILLSIDE PRACTICE

