

Northern Beaches Council PO Box 882 MONA VALE NSW 1660

Your reference: DA2021/1488 (CNR-27400) Our reference: DA20210830003691-Original-1

ATTENTION: Northern Beaches Council Date: Tuesday 14 September 2021

Dear Sir/Madam,

Development Application s4.14 - Infill - Single Dwelling - Alterations & Additions 25 Bridgeview Crescent Forestville NSW 2087, 14//DP25048

I refer to your correspondence dated 30/08/2021 seeking advice regarding bush fire protection for the above Development Application in accordance with section 4.14 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979.

The New South Wales Rural Fire Service (NSW RFS) has considered the information submitted and provides the following recommended conditions:

## **Asset Protection Zones**

Intent of measures: to provide sufficient space and maintain reduced fuel loads to ensure radiant heat levels at the buildings are below critical limits and prevent direct flame contact.

- 1. At the issue of a subdivision certificate, and in perpetuity to ensure ongoing protection from the impact of bush fires, the entire site must be managed as an inner protection area (IPA) in accordance with the requirements of Appendix 4 of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*. When establishing and maintaining an IPA the following requirements apply:
  - tree canopy cover should be less than 15% at maturity;
  - trees at maturity should not touch or overhang the building;
  - lower limbs should be removed up to a height of 2m above the ground;
  - tree canopies should be separated by 2 to 5m;
  - preference should be given to smooth barked and evergreen trees;
  - large discontinuities or gaps in vegetation should be provided to slow down or break the progress of fire towards buildings;
  - shrubs should not be located under trees;
  - shrubs should not form more than 10% ground cover; and
  - clumps of shrubs should be separated from exposed windows and doors by a distance of at least twice the height of the vegetation.

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- grass should be kept mown (as a guide grass should be kept to no more than 100mm in height); and
- leaves and vegetation debris should be removed

## **Construction Standards**

Intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting firefighting activities.

2. New construction must comply with Section 3 (excluding section 3.5) and Section 9 (BAL FZ) of Australian Standard AS3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bushfire-prone areas or the relevant BAL-FZ requirements of the NASH Standard - Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas (incorporating amendment A - 2015). New construction must also comply with the construction requirements in Section 7.5 of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*.

## **Water and Utility Services**

Intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting firefighting activities.

- 3. The provision of water, electricity and gas must comply the following in accordance with Table 7.4a of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*:
  - reticulated water is to be provided to the development where available;
  - all above-ground water service pipes external to the building are metal, including and up to any taps;
  - where practicable, electrical transmission lines are underground;
  - where overhead, electrical transmission lines are proposed as follows:
    - o lines are installed with short pole spacing (30m), unless crossing gullies, gorges or riparian areas; and
    - o no part of a tree is closer to a power line than the distance set out in accordance with the specifications in ISSC3 Guideline for Managing Vegetation Near Power Lines.
  - reticulated or bottled gas is installed and maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014 and the requirements of relevant authorities, and metal piping is used:
  - all fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials to a distance of 10m and shielded on the hazard side;
  - connections to and from gas cylinders are metal;
  - polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines are not used; and
  - above-ground gas service pipes are metal, including and up to any outlets.

## General Advice - Consent Authority to Note

The NSW RFS recognises that the site is constrained and that the proposed development falls within the Flame Zone. Flame Zone development is high risk development; consequently, in situations such as this, the NSW RFS seeks to improve the overall fire safety of the existing development. This requires greater emphasis on construction standards, landscaping, siting, and vegetation management practices to ensure improved levels of protection are afforded to the development, its occupants and fire fighters. The Service has undertaken a merit based assessment of the proposal and provides the above advice in accordance with Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019.

For any queries regarding this correspondence, please contact Marc Ellwood on 1300 NSW RFS.

Yours sincerely,

Kalpana Varghese
Supervisor Development Assessment & Plan
Built & Natural Environment