Bushfire Planning & Design

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Bushfire Hazard Assessment

100 Hilltop Road Avalon Beach 2107 (Lot 2/-/DP260241).



Project Details

Assessed as:	Residential Infill		
Assessed by	Matthew Noone		
Highest BAL on any facade	BAL-FZ		
Planning for Bushfire Protection (2019) Compliance	The development does not conform to the relevant specification and requirements of Planning for Bushfire Protection in accordance with Section 4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.		
Project Description	Sole Occupancy Dwelling.		
Report Number	rt Number BR-532222-C		
Date of Issue	25/06/2024	Report Validity:	1 year from date of issue

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25/06/2024

Bushfire Planning & Design Central Coast, Hunter & Sydney

al Coast, Hunter & Sydney 0406077222



BUSHFIRE RISK ASSESSMENT CERTIFICATION

Development Address	100 Hilltop Road Avalon Beach 2107.
Parcel number	(Lot 2/-/DP260241).
Development description	Sole Occupancy Dwelling.
Architectural Drawings Reviewed.	Attached to report BR-532222-C.
Assessed Bushfire Attack Level	BAL-FZ
Does the assessment rely on alternate solutions?	Yes.
Assessed by Matthew Noone	FPAA No. BPAD-PD 25584
BPAD Accreditation Scheme No.	
Certificate Number:	BR-532222-C

I hereby certify, in accordance with s.4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 that;

1	I am a person recognised by the NSW Rural Fire Service as a qualified consultant in bushfire
	risk assessment; and
2	Subject to the recommendations contained in the attached Bushfire Risk Assessment Report the pro-
	posed development conforms to the relevant specifications and requirements*

* The relevant specifications and requirements being; specifications and requirements of the document entitled Planning for Bush Fire Protection prepared by the NSW Rural Fire Service in co-operation with the Department of Planning and any other document as prescribed by s.4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

I am aware that the Bushfire Assessment Report, prepared for the above mentioned site is to be submitted in support of a development application for this site and will be relied upon by Council as the basis for ensuring that the bushfire risk management aspects of the proposed development have been addressed in accordance with Planning for Bushfire Protection (2019).

The following have been provided and or included in our assessment.

	\checkmark
	\checkmark
1	1

- Bushfire Risk Assessment Report.

] - Recommendations.

Statement of vegetation impact in relation to APZ.

DATE	ISSUED TO	REV.	Comments
25/06/2024	Oliver Keaveney	С	Issued to support Development Application

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Bushfire Planning & Design cannot be held liable for the loss of life or property caused by a bushfire event. This report has considered the relevant planning instruments, bushfire constructions codes and practices applicable at the time of writing. Should additional information be provided after this report has been issued, we reserve the right to review and if necessary modify our report. Bushfire Planning and Design has no control over workmanship, buildings degrade over time and vegetation if not managed will regrow. In addition legislation and construction standards are subject to change. Due to significant variance of bushfire behaviour, we do not guarantee that the dwelling will withstand the passage of bushfire even if this development is constructed to the prescribed standards.

AS3959 (2018) states "It should be borne in mind that the measures contained in this Standard cannot guarantee that a building will survive a bushfire event on every occasion. This is substantially due to the degree of vegetation management, the unpredictable nature of behaviour of fire, and extreme weather conditions."

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This report has been prepared by Matthew Noone trading as Bushfire Planning and Design. Matthew Noone holds a BPAD Level 2 accreditation with the Fire Protection Association of Australia. Under the BPAD accreditation scheme a BPAD Level 2 consultant can provide advice and undertake all types assessments with the exception of alternate solutions. In the event that alternate solution is proposed it will be undertaken outside of our accreditation. Alternate solutions are considered a deviation from the prescribed standards and as per s.4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (1979) are required to be required to be referred to the New South Wales Rural Fire Service (RFS) for review.

This report has been based on our interpretation of Planning for Bushfire Protection (2019), AS3959 (2018) and the methodology for site specific bushfire assessment. As a consultant, our view can be subjective. Our opinions may differ from the opinions provided by you the Client (or Client Representative), the Council, the RFS or another bushfire consultant. The Rural Fire Service (RFS) has a higher authority and can upon their review, increase a nominated BAL-rating or entirely reject a development proposal. Any such recommendations made by the RFS take precedence. Our role is intermediary between our Client (or Client Representative) and the consenting authority. We apply our knowledge of the relevant bushfire protection standards to provide the best possible outcome for our Client (or Client Representative), both from a bushfire safety and financial perspective. Should the RFS modify our recommendations or reject the proposal to which this report relates to we will not be held liable for any financial losses as a result. By using this document, you the Client (or Client Representative) agree to and acknowledge the above statements.

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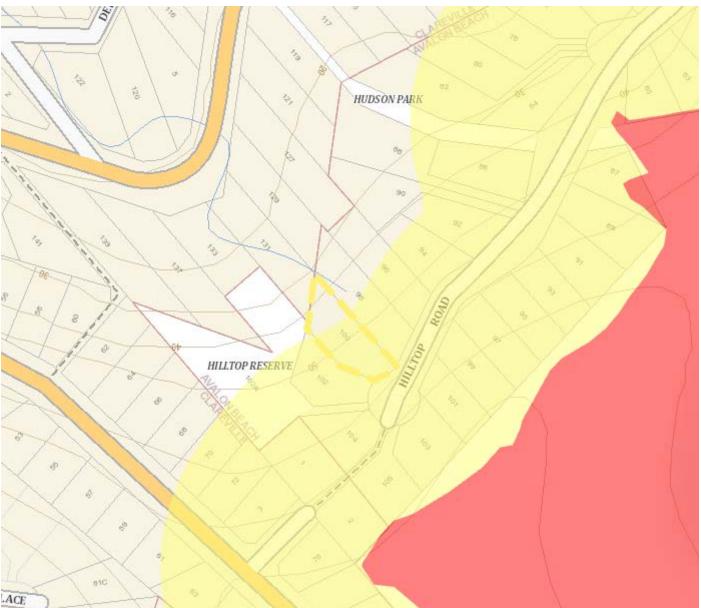
100 Hilltop Road Avalon Beach 2107

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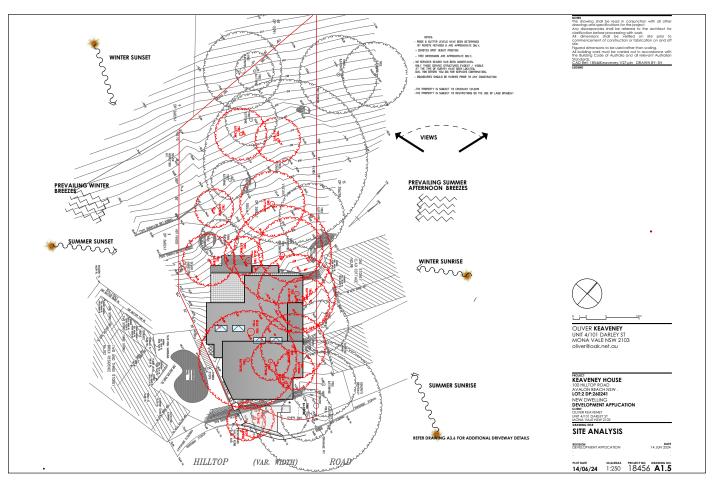
1.1 BUSHFIRE PRONE LAND

The subject site whether in whole or part is recorded as bushfire affected on a relevant map certified under Section 10.3 (2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (Refer figure 1.1). The development relates to the development of bushfire prone land and therefore must address the legislative requirements stipulated in Section 4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. The development is required to comply with the New South Wales Rural Fire Service document Planning for Bushfire Protection (2019).



BUSHFIRE PRONE LAND MAP		PLOT DATE: 25/06/2024	PROJECT CRS: 28356	FIGURE
	etation Buffer egory 3	BUSHFIRE PLANNI bpad.matthew.noone@gma		1

1.2 DEVELOPMENT PROPOSAL



The development relates to the construction of a sole occupancy dwelling on a vacant allotment.

Figure 1.2: Concept Drawing

1.3 REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

The main legislation, planning instruments, development controls and guidelines that are related to this project are as follows;

4.14 Consultation and development consent — certain bush fire prone land

(1) Development consent cannot be granted for the carrying out of development for any purpose (other than a subdivision of land that could lawfully be used for residential or rural residential purposes or development for a special fire protection purpose) on bush fire prone land unless the consent authority:

(a) is satisfied that the development conforms to the specifications and requirements of the document entitled Planning for Bush Fire Protection, prepared by the NSW Rural Fire Service in co-operation with the Department of Planning (or, if another document is prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph, that document) that are relevant to the development ("the relevant specifications and requirements"), or

(b) has been provided with a certificate by a person who is recognised by the NSW Rural Fire Service as a qualified consultant in bush fire risk assessment stating that the development conforms to the relevant specifications and requirements. (EPA & A, 1979).

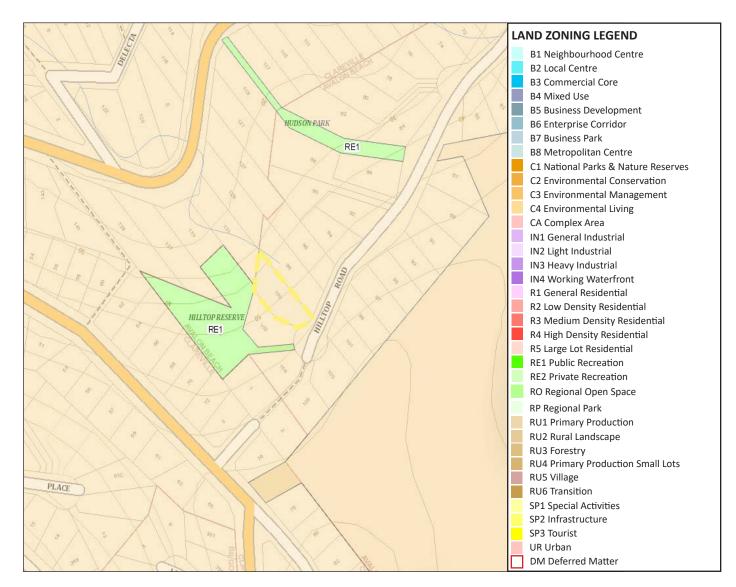
1.4 SITE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The subject site is located in Avalon Beach which is within the Northern Beaches Local Government Area (LGA). The site is currently vacant. The allotment is surrounded by managed residential curtilage to the south and east. Remnant vegetation is located to the north, north west and north east of the subject site. Forest vegetation is located to the south east of the subject site.



1.5 LAND USE, ZONING AND PERMISSIBILITY

The subject site is zoned C4 Environmental Living.



1.6 SIGNIFICANT ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES

There are no significant environmental features within the subject site.

1.7 DETAILS OF ANY THREATENED SPECIES, POPULATIONS, ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES OR CRITICAL HABITATS

To our knowledge there are no threatened species, populations, ecological communities or critical habitat within the subject site.

1.8 DETAILS OF ABORIGINAL HERITAGE

To our knowledge the site is not associated with any items of Aboriginal heritage.

2.0 INTRODUCTION

For the purpose of this bushfire assessment, the vegetation is required to be described to a distance of 140m from the boundary and the slope to 100m from boundary. Vegetation type and slope under vegetation are the factors that will significantly affect bushfire behaviour.

'Research has shown that 85% of buildings are lost in the first 100m from bushland and that ember attack is a significant form of attack on properties' (RFS 2006).

2.1 SLOPE DETERMINATION

The effective slope has been assessed for a distance of at least 100m from the proposed development. The slope data has been calculated from a 1m LiDAR Digital Elevation Model (DEM). The source data sets have been captured to standards that are generally consistent with the Australian ICSM LiDAR Acquisition Specifications with require a fundamental vertical accuracy of at least 0.30m (95% confidence) and horizontal accuracy of at least 0.80m (95% confidence). The slope arrows indicated in figure A represent the slope calculated across the length of the arrow direct from the digital elevation model. The calculated slope as shown in Figure A has not been manipulated or modified in any way.

2.2 PREDOMINANT VEGETATION CLASS

This assessment includes vegetation both within and external to the site boundaries. Where mixes of vegetation formations are located together, the vegetation formation providing the greater hazard shall be used for the purpose of assessment. The combination of vegetation and slope that yields the worst case scenario shall be used (A1.2 PBP 2019).

Space left intentionally blank.

2.3 BUSHFIRE ATTACK LEVEL (BAL) ASSESSMENT.

Forest vegetation is located to the north east and north west of the site (approx. 20m at the closest point). The effective slope is generally within the 15-20° downslope range however exceeds 20° directly to the north west. Forest is also located to the south east (refer figure A).

Based on the parameters identified in table 1 above and as depicted in Figure A, the proposed development is assessed as BAL-FZ as specified in AS3959 (2018).

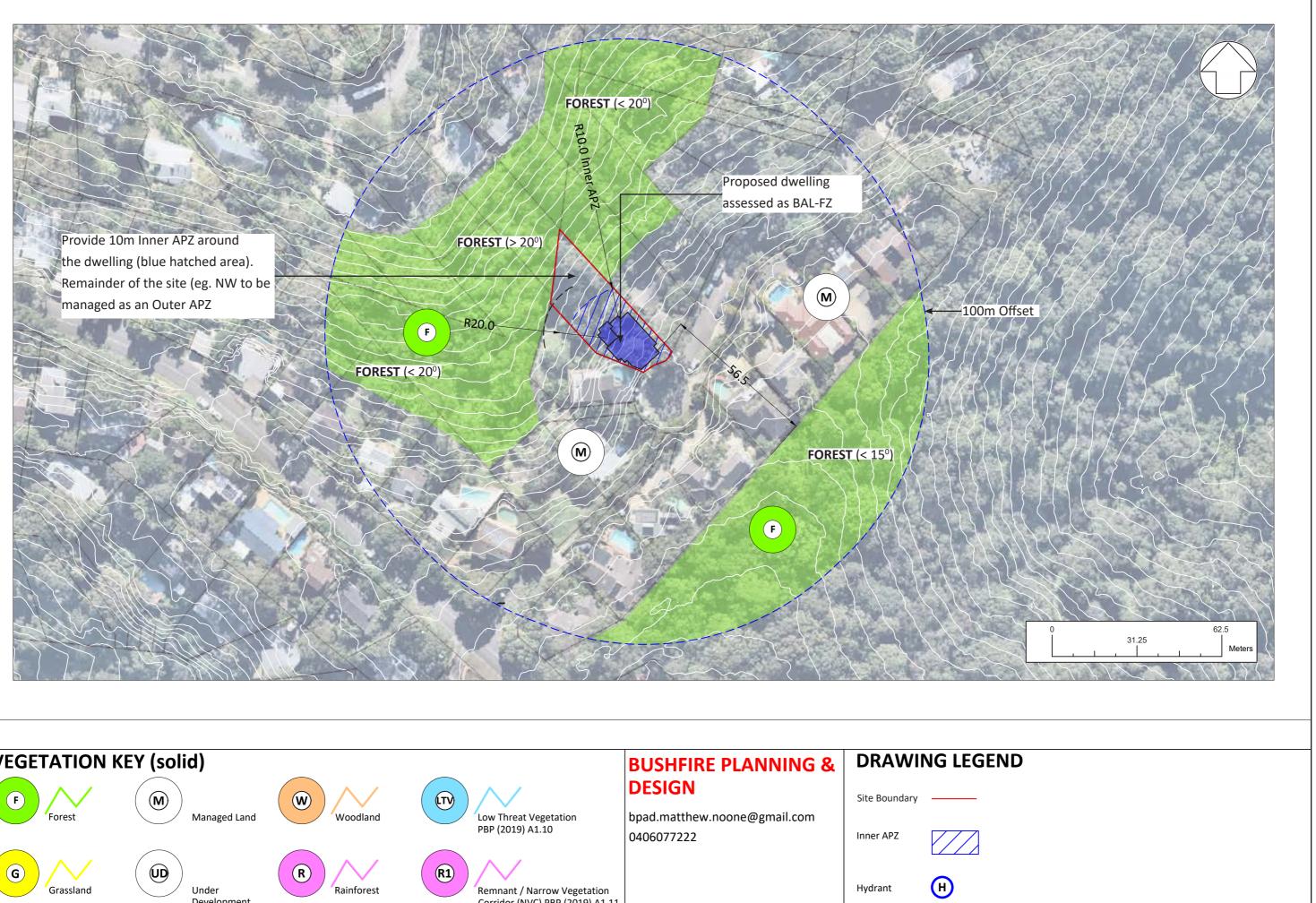
TABLE 1	(To be read	in conjunction	with Figure A).		
LGA = Northern Beaches Council				Forest Fire Danger Index = FDI 100		
ASPECT ¹	Vegetation	Max Effective	Site slope ³	Required	Proposed	BAL-Rating
	Class ²	Slope ³		APZ ⁴	APZ / EML⁵	
NW, NE	Forest	15-20º D-S	N/A	> 46m	~20m	BAL-FZ
SE	Forest	10-15° D-S	N/A	45-60m	~56m	BAL-29 (not used)
AOD	Managed residential land					
Abbreviations						
AOD All other directions EML Extent of managed land NVC Narrow veget			w vegetation corridor			

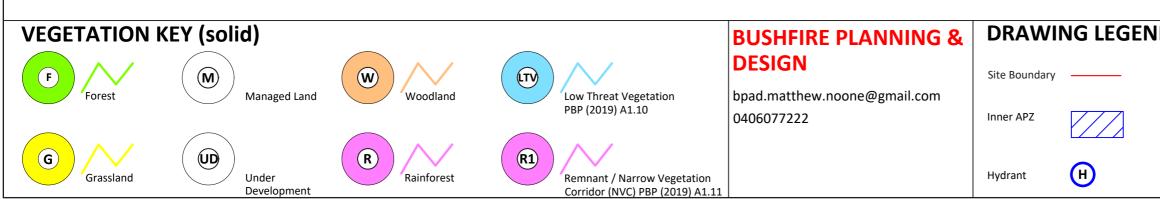
1	Cardinal direction from each proposed building facade based on grid north.
2	Vegetation Classifications are as described in PBP (2019) A1.2.
3	Site slope is calculated from 1m LiDAR contours.
4	Minimum APZ required stated as Acceptable Solutions within Table 1.12.2 and A1.12.5. PBP (2019).
5	Actual dimensional setback from the face of the building to the assessed vegetation. Achieved Asset
	Protection Zone (APZ) or extent of managed land (EML).
6	Where the direct line of sight between the proposed building and assessed vegetation is obstructed (by
	a wall or building) the assessed rating can be lowered by one BAL-rating (PBP 2019, s. A1.8).

2.4 RECOMMENDED ASSET PROTECTION ZONES (APZs).

Due to the infill nature of the development, there is limited space within the site to provide an Asset Protection Zone (APZ) to mitigate potential flame contact and radiant heat loads in excess of 40 kW/m² in the event of a bushfire. The site is to be managed as an APZ. This is composed of a 10m Inner APZ and the remainder managed as an Outer APZ. The proposed APZs are to be managed in perpetuity.

Refer to Section 3 for recommendations relating to APZ provision.





100 Hilltop Road Avalon Beach 2107

SECTION 03 - ASSET PROTECTION ZONES (APZs)

Intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting fire fighting activities.

3.0 APZ PERFORMANCE CRITERIA (PBP 2019)

- APZs are to be provided commensurate with the construction of the building.
- A defendable space is to be provided.
- APZs are to be managed and maintained to prevent the spread of a fire to the building.
- The APZ is to be provided in perpetuity.

• APZ maintenance is to be practical, soil stability is not compromised and the potential for crown fires is minimised.

The asset protection zones (APZ) requirements have been derived from the methodology of A1.12.2 or A1.12.3 in Appendix 1 of PBP (2019). Asset protection zones and in particular the Inner Asset Protection Zones are critical for providing defendable space and reducing flame length and rate of spread (PBP 2019). APZs are designed to provide sufficient open space for emergency workers to operate and for occupants to egress the site safely. They are divided into Inner and Outer Asset Protection Zones (IPAs and OPAs) and are required to be maintained for the life of the development. The IPA provides for defendable space and a reduction of radiant heat levels at the building line and the OPA provides for the reduction of the rate of spread and filtering of embers.

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

-	
•	The APZ should be located completely within the boundary of the site. The required APZ extent will
	often be satisfied by surrounding managed land which is excluded under clause A1.10 PBP (2019).
•	Landscaping is designed and managed to minimise flame contact and radiant heat to buildings, and
	the potential for wind-driven embers to cause ignitions (refer to Section 3.1 and 3.2).
•	The APZ should not be located on slopes greater than 18 ⁰ unless terracing is introduced.
•	A clear area of low-cut lawn or pavement is maintained adjacent to the asset requiring protection.

3.1 - INNER APZ (IPA) GUIDELINES

The Inner APZ (IPA) is the managed area closest to the asset (eg. dwelling). The IPA is managed to minimal fuel conditions and aims to mitigate the impact of direct flame contact and radiant heat on the development. The IPA also aims to provide defendable space.

TREES

- Canopy cover should be less than 15% (at maturity) within the Inner APZ.
- Trees (at maturity) should not touch or overhang the building.
- Lower limbs should be removed up to a height of 2m above ground.
- Canopies should be separated by 2 to 5m (horizontal and or vertical displacement). .
- Preference should be given to smooth barked and evergreen trees.

SHRUBS

- Create large discontinuities or gaps in the vegetation to slow down or break the progress of fire towards buildings.
- Shrubs should not be located under trees shrubs should not form more than 10% ground cover.
- Clumps of shrubs should be separated from exposed windows and doors by a distance of at least twice the height of the vegetation.

GRASS

- Should be kept mown (as a guide grass should be kept to no more than 100mm in height).
- Leaves and vegetation debris should be removed.

3.2 - OUTER APZ (OPA) GUIDELINES

The Outer APZ (OPA) is the part of the APZ that is located between the IPA and the bushfire vegetation threat. The reduction in the available fuels and canopy connections in the OPA aims to mitigate the intensity of an approaching fire and restricts the pathways to crown fuels thus reducing the level of direct flame, radiant heat and ember attack on the IPA and asset (dwelling).

TREES

- Canopy cover should be less than 30% (at maturity) within the Outer APZ.
- Trees should have canopy separation canopies should be separated by 2 to 5m.

SHRUBS

- Shrubs should not form a continuous canopy.
- Shrubs should form no more than 20% of ground cover.

SECTION 04 - CONSTRUCTION

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA (PBP 2019)

It must be demonstrated that the proposed building can withstand bush fire attack in the form of wind, smoke, embers, radiant heat and flame contact. The BAL construction requirements have been determined in accordance with the appropriate table from A1.12.2 to A1.12.7 (PBP 2019) and in accordance with the NCC and as modified by section 7.5.

The proposed development is assessed as BAL-FZ as indicated in Figure A and as specified in AS3959 (2018). The proposed development could experience sustained flame contact and radiant heat loads in excess of 40 kW/m² during a bush fire. As per PBP (2019) s.A1.8, when any part of the development is assessed BAL-FZ, the BAL-FZ construction requirements apply to all proposed works regardless of shielding.

Although the RFS have not adopted Chapter 9 AS3959 and the NASH Standard as a Deemed to Satisfy solution, the construction methods for BAL-FZ (AS3959 and NASH) form the basis of a performance based solution and are accepted as being the appropriate construction methods for BAL-FZ construction.

The building requirements for the specified BAL-rating will mitigate bush fire attack in the form of wind, smoke, embers, radiant heat and flame contact.

It is the building contractor's responsibility to source a copy of the relevant AS3959 (2018) standard or the NASH standard to ensure the proposed development is constructed to the correct BAL-rating specifications.

- Where the fence is within 6m of a building or in areas of BAL-29 or greater, they should be made of non-combustible material only.
- There are no bush fire protection requirements for Class 10a buildings located more than 6m from a dwelling in bush fire prone areas. Where a Class 10a building is located within 6m of a dwelling it must be constructed in accordance with the NCC.

SECTION 05 - ACCESS

Intent of measures: To provide safe operational access for emergency services personnel in suppressing a bush fire, while residents are accessing or egressing an area.

PE	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA (PBP 2019)		
•	Fire-fighting vehicles are provided with safe, all-weather access to structures and hazard vegetation.		
•	The capacity of access roads is adequate for fire-fighting vehicles.		
•	There is appropriate access to water supply.		
•	Fire-fighting vehicles can access the dwelling and exit the property safely.		

PUBLIC ROADS

Hilltop Road is a sealed public road. The public road system is deemed to be adequate for emergency services appliances.

PROPERTY ACCESS

There are no specific access requirements in an urban area where an unobstructed path (no greater than 70m) is provided between the most distant external part of the proposed dwelling and the nearest part of the public access road (where the road speed limit is not greater than 70kph) that supports the operational use of emergency fire fighting vehicles

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS IN RELATION TO ACCESS

The proposed development can comply with the intent of PBP (2019) with regards to site access requirements.

SECTION 06 - WATER

Intent of measures: To provide adequate services of water for the protection of buildings during and after the passage of a bush fire, and to locate gas and electricity so as not to contribute to the risk of fire to a building.

PE	ERFORMANCE CRITERIA (PBP 2019)
•	An adequate water supply is to provided for fire-fighting purposes.
•	Water supplies are to be located at regular intervals.
•	The water supply is to be accessible and reliable for fire-fighting operations.
•	Flows and pressure are to be appropriate
•	The integrity of the water supply is to be maintained.
•	A static water supply is to be provided for fire-fighting purposes in areas where reticulated water is not
	available.

WATER - SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

The proposed development can comply with the PBP (2019) with regards to water requirements. Reticulated water is provided however the hydrant sizing, spacing or pressures have not been tested. No additional water for the suppression of bushfire is required for the proposed development.

The following points are to be adhered to for the life of the development.

• All above-ground water service pipes (including taps and connections) external to the building are to be metal.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS IN RELATION TO THE PROVISION OF WATER

The proposed development can comply with PBP (2019).

Intent of measures: To provide adequate services of water for the protection of buildings during and after the passage of a bush fire, and to locate gas and electricity so as not to contribute to the risk of fire to a building.

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA (PBP 2019)

• Location of electricity services is to limit the possibility of ignition of surrounding bush land or the fabric of buildings.

• Location and design of gas services is not to not lead to the ignition of surrounding bushland or the fabric of buildings.

ELECTRICITY AND GAS - SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

The proposed development can comply with the PBP (2019) with regards to electricity and gas requirements. The following points are to be adhered to (where applicable) for the provision of electricity and gas services where applicable.

ELECTRICITY REQUIREMENTS		
•	Where practicable place electrical transmission lines are underground or,	
•	If overhead electrical transmission lines are proposed:- lines are installed with short pole spacing (30	
	metres), unless crossing gullies, gorges or riparian areas; and no part of a tree is closer to a power line	
	than the distance set out in accordance with the specifications in 'Vegetation Safety Clearances' issued	
	by Energy Australia (NS179, April 2002).	
•	No part of a tree is to be closer to a power line than the distance set out in accordance with the	
	specifications in ISSC3 Guideline for Managing Vegetation Near Power Lines.	
GAS REQUIREMENTS		

•	Reticulated or bottled gas is installed and maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014 and the
	requirements of relevant authorities, and metal piping is to be used.

- All fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials to a distance of 10m and shielded on the hazard side.
- Connections to and from gas cylinders are to be metal.
- Polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines are not to be used.
- Above-ground gas service pipes are to be metal, including and up to any outlets.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS IN RELATION TO THE PROVISION OF ELECTRICITY AND GAS.

The proposed development can comply with PBP (2019) with regard to the provision of gas and electricity.

SECTION 08 - RECOMMENDATIONS		
The	e following poi	nts are recommended for inclusion in the DA conditions of consent;
1.	Construction	Construct the proposed dwelling to BAL-FZ (Section 2 and 4).
2.	APZs	Manage the site as an APZ (Section 3) - The area around the building is to be managed
		as an Inner APZ for at least 10m or to the boundary, whichever comes first. The
		remainder of the site is to be managed as an Outer APZ.
3.	Access	None.
4.	Services	All above ground water, electricity and gas fittings are to be metal (Section 6 & 7).
5.	In the event t	hat Council or the NSW Rural Fire Service modifies our recommendations then this
	report should no longer be referred to. The bushfire requirements as stated in the DA Consent	
	conditions wi	II take precedence.
6.	We strongly r	ecommend that the applicant cross references the bushfire requirements within the DA
	consent conditions and our report and alert us to any discrepancies.	

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SECTION 09 - SUMMARY

The development relates to the construction of a sole occupancy dwelling on a vacant allotment.

The development is captured under Section 4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979; Consultation and development consent – certain bush fire prone land. For the purpose of bushfire assessment the development is considered infill development as described in the New South Wales Rural Fire Service document Planning for Bushfire Protection (2019).

The subject site is located in Avalon Beach which is within the Northern Beaches Local Government Area (LGA). The site is currently vacant. The allotment is surrounded by managed residential curtilage to the south and east. Remnant vegetation is located to the north, north west and north east of the subject site. Forest vegetation is located to the south east of the subject site.

Due to the infill nature of the development, there is limited space within the site to provide an Asset Protection Zone (APZ) to mitigate potential flame contact and radiant heat loads in excess of 40 kW/m² in the event of a bushfire. The site is to be managed as an APZ. This is composed of a 10m Inner APZ and the remainder managed as an Outer APZ. The proposed APZs are to be managed in perpetuity.

The proposed development is assessed as BAL-FZ as indicated in Figure A and as specified in AS3959 (2018) the Australian Standard for the Construction of Buildings in a Bushfire Prone Area.

Site access, including access via the public road system is suitable for emergency response vehicles. The development complies with PBP (2019) with regards to the provision of water. The requirements for electricity and gas can also be complied with.

Should you wish to discuss please get in contact.

Regards,

Matthew Noone Grad.Dip. Design for Bushfire Prone Areas. BSc (Geology) 0406077222 T/A Bushfire Planning and Design

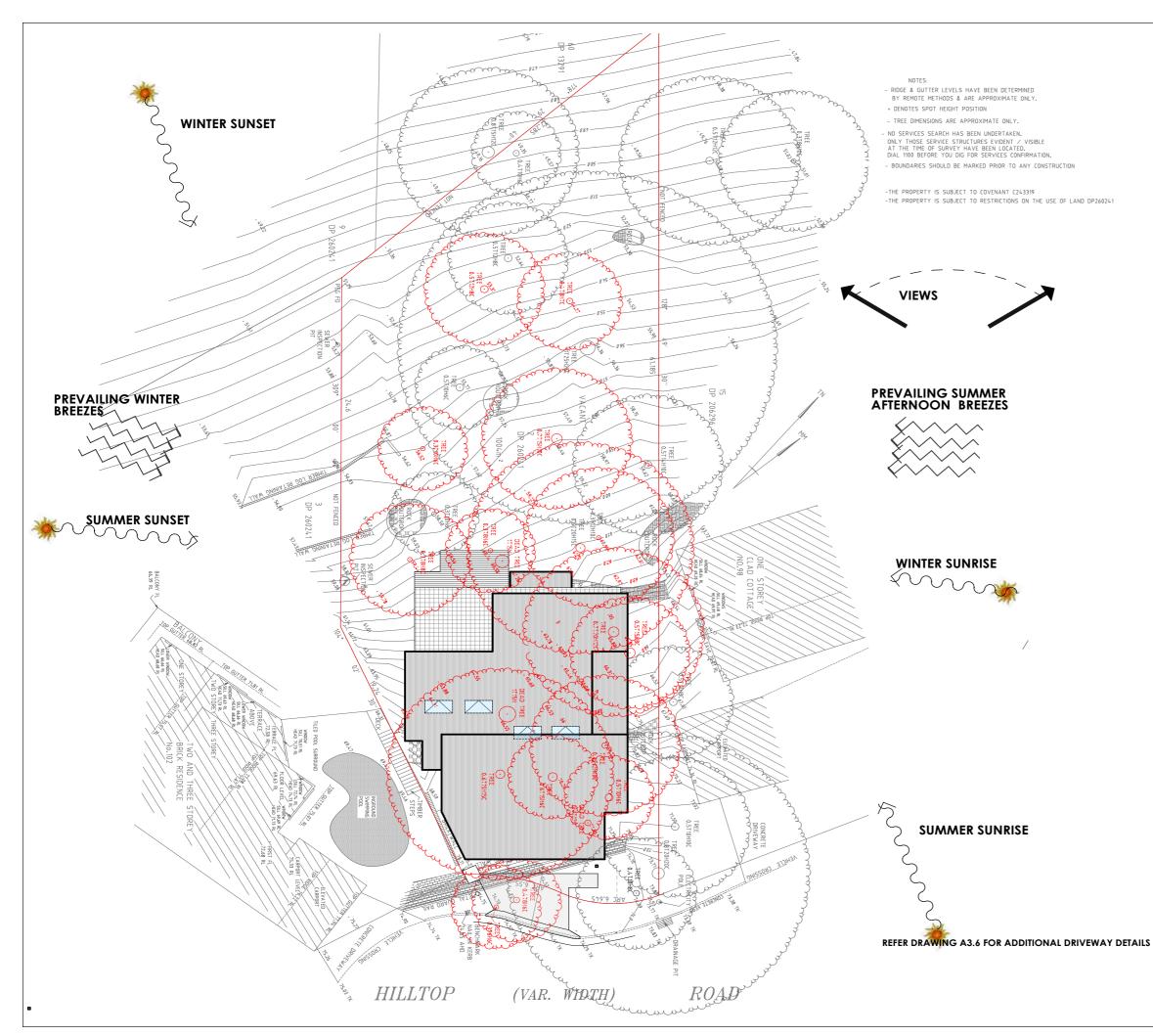
SECTION 10 - REFERENCES

AS3959 (2018)	Australian Standard, Construction of buildings in bushfire-prone areas, AS 3959, Third edition 2018 Standards Australia International Ltd, Sydney.
BCA (2019)	Building Code of Australia 2019, Building Code of Australia, Australian Building Codes Board, Canberra 2019.
EPA Act (1979)	Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, NSW Government, NSW, legislation found at www.legislation.nsw.gov.au
PBP (2019)	Planning for Bushfire Protection, a Guide for Councils,Planners, Fire Authorities, Developers and Home Owners. Rural Fire Service 2019, Australian Government Publishing Service, Canberra.
RFS (2015)	Rural Fire Service, Guide For Bush Fire Prone Land Mapping, Version 5b.

SECTION 11 - APPENDICES

Appendix A - Architectural Drawings.

APPENDIX A -ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS



Notes This drawing shall be read in conjunction with all other drawings and specifications for the project. Any discrepancies shall be referred to the architect for clarification before proceeding with work. All dimensions shall be verified on site prior to commencement of construction or fabrication on and off tite

site

Figured dimensions to be used rather than scaling. All building work must be carried out in accordance with the Building Code of Australia and all relevant Australian

CAD Ref: 18546Keaveney-V27.pln DRAWN BY: SH



OLIVER KEAVENEY UNIT 4/101 DARLEY ST MONA VALE NSW 2103 oliver@oak.net.au

PROJECT KEAVENEY HOUSE 100 HILLTOP ROAD AVALON BEACH NSW . LOT:2 DP:260241

NEW DWELLING DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION CLIENT OLIVER KEAVENEY UNIT 4/101 DARLEY ST MONA VALE NSW 2103 DRAWING TITLE

SITE ANALYSIS

REVISION DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

DATE 14 JUN 2024

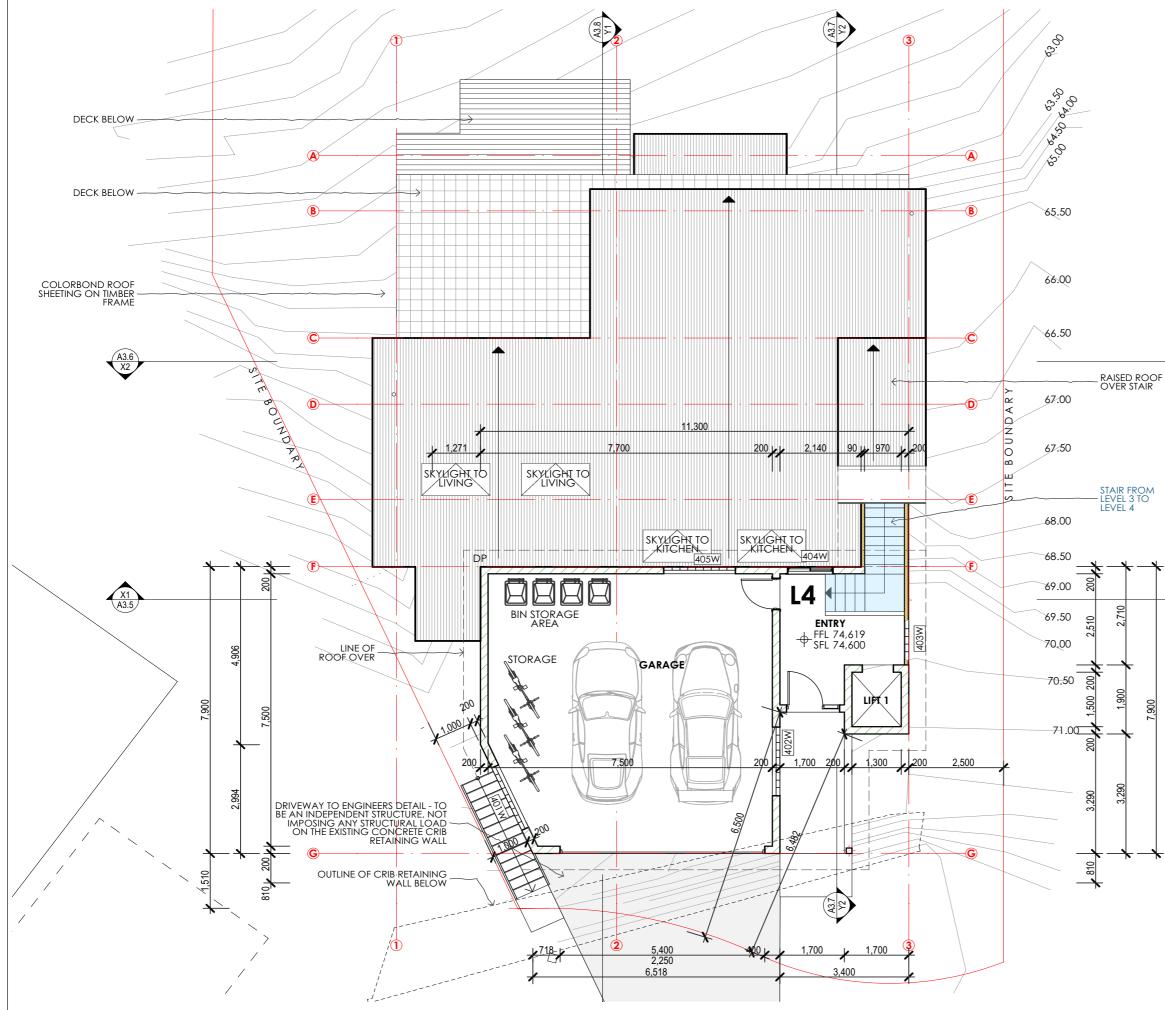
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PROJECT NO. DRAWING NO. 18456 **A1.5**

<u>10</u>m



NOTES This drawing shall be read in conjunction with all other drawings and specifications for the project. Any discrepancies shall be referred to the architect for clarification before proceeding with work. All dimensions shall be verified on site prior to commencement of construction or fabrication on and off site. Figured dimensions to be used rather than scaling. All building work must be carried out in accordance with the Building Code of Australia and all relevant Australian Standards. CAD Ref: 18546Keaveney-V27,pln DRAWN BY: SH LEGEND

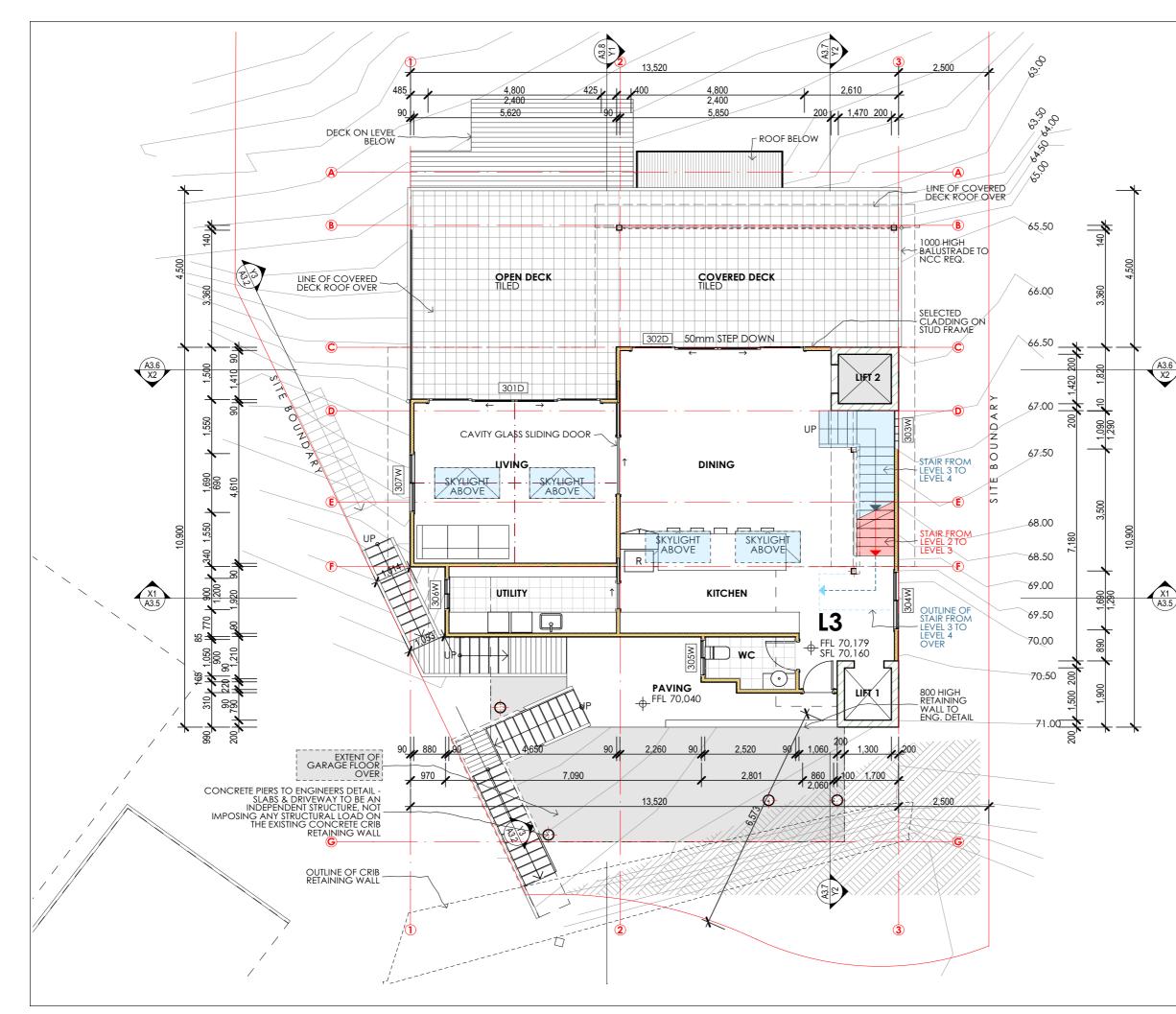
	CL DW F FP GAS GB HT:M HT:T HW IN R R WP WT	CLOTHES LINE DISHWASHER FREEZER FIREPLACE GAS CYLINDER GAS BAYONET HOSE TAP MAINS HOSE TAP TANK GAS INSTANTANEOUS INVERTER BAR FRIDGE REFRIGERATOR WATER PUMP WATERTANK
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A3.6 X2

(X1 (A3.5)

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RL SFL		ed level Ural flog	OR LEVEL	
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UNIT 4, MONA oliver@	/101 D	ARLEY S NSW 21		
UNIT 4, MONA oliver@ PROJECT	/101 D VALE Doak.r	ARLEY S NSW 21 net.au HOUSE		
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PROJECT Oliver® PROJECT KEAV 100 HILL AVALOI LOT:2 D NEW D DEVELC CLIENT OLIVER KI UNIT 4/10	(101 D VALE OOAK.r OOR N BEACI PP:2602 WELLIN DPMENI EAVENEY	HOUSE AD HOUSE AD H NSW . 41 G F APPLICA	03	
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Standards. CAD Ref: 18546Keaveney-V27.pln DRAWN BY: SH LEGEND

CL DW F FP GAS GB HT:M HT:T HW IN R R WP WT	CLOTHES LINE DISHWASHER FREEZER FIREPLACE GAS CYLINDER GAS BAYONET HOSE TAP MAINS HOSE TAP MAINS HOSE TAP TANK GAS INSTANTANEOUS INVERTER BAR FRIDGE REFRIGERATOR WATER PUMP WATERTANK

D01 DOOR No. TAG 101D GLAZED DOOR No. TAG 101W GLAZEDWINDOW No. TAG

FFL	FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL
RL	REDUCED LEVEL
SFL	STRUCTURAL FLOOR LEVEL

5m

OLIVER KEAVENEY UNIT 4/101 DARLEY ST MONA VALE NSW 2103 oliver@oak.net.au

PROJECT **KEAVENEY HOUSE** 100 HILLTOP ROAD AVALON BEACH NSW . LOT:2 DP:260241 NEW DWELLING DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION CLIENT OLIVER KEAVENEY UNIT 4/101 DARLEY ST MONA VALE NSW 2103 DRAWING TITLE

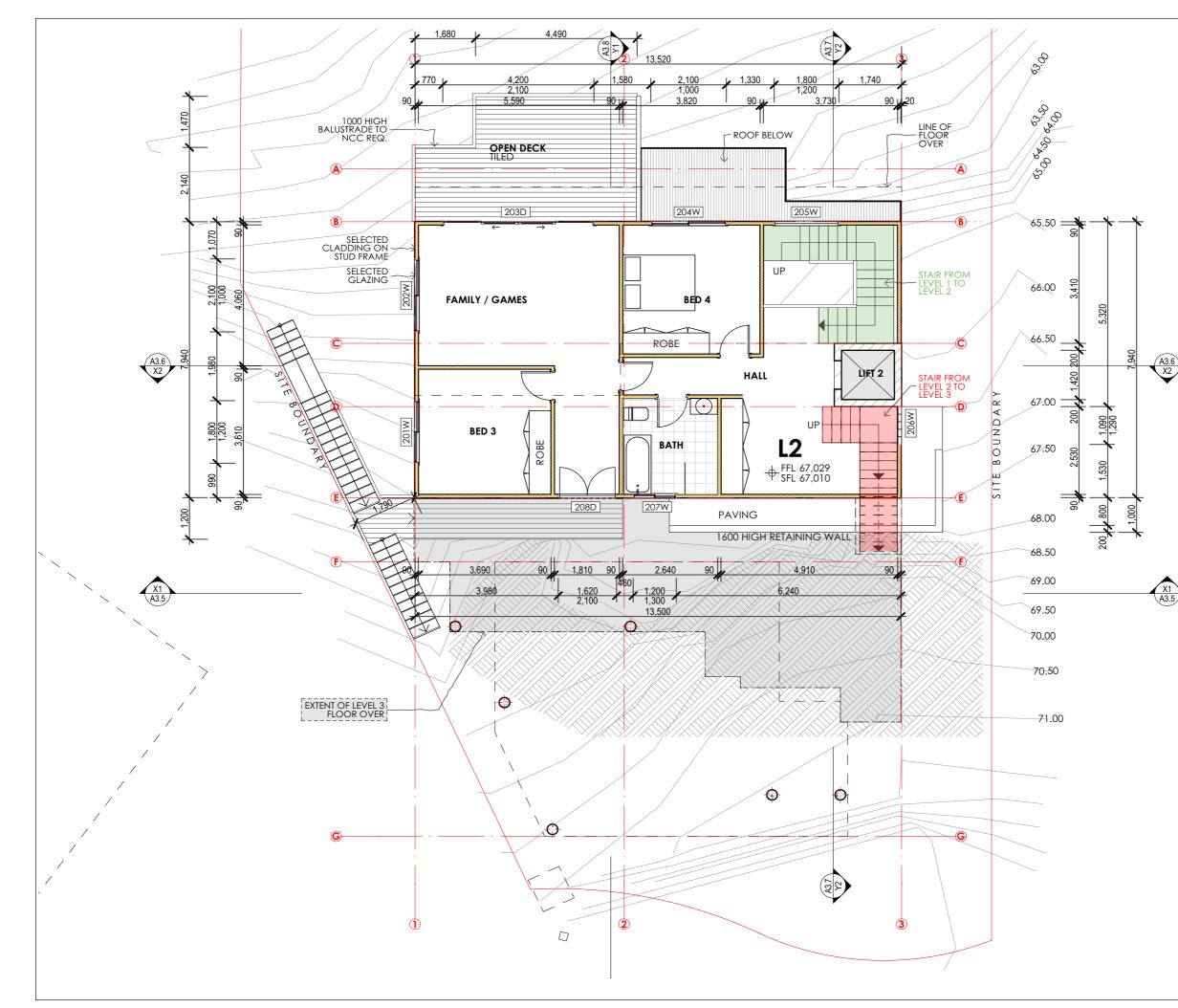
LEVEL 3 FLOOR PLAN

REVISION DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

DATE 14 JUN 2024

PROJECT NO. DRAWING NO. 18456 **A2.3** PLOT DATE SCALE@A3 1:100 14/06/24

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Notes This drawing shall be read in conjunction with all other drawings and specifications for the project. Any discrepancies shall be referred to the architect for clarification before proceeding with work. All dimensions shall be verified on site prior to commencement of construction or fabrication on and off eta. site

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CAD Ref: 18546Keaveney-V27.pln DRAWN BY: SH

CL DW F FP GAS GB HT:M HT:T HW IN R R WP WT	CLOTHES LINE DISHWASHER FREEZER FIREPLACE GAS CYLINDER GAS BAYONET HOSE TAP MAINS HOSE TAP MAINS HOSE TAP TANK GAS INSTANTANEOUS INVERTER BAR FRIDGE REFRIGERATOR WATER PUMP WATERTANK

D01 DOOR No. TAG 101D GLAZED DOOR No. TAG 101W GLAZEDWINDOW No. TAG

FFL	FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL
RL	REDUCED LEVEL
SFL	STRUCTURAL FLOOR LEVEL

5m

OLIVER KEAVENEY UNIT 4/101 DARLEY ST MONA VALE NSW 2103 oliver@oak.net.au

PROJECT REAVENEY HOUSE 100 HILLTOP ROAD AVALON BEACH NSW . LOT:2 DP:260241 NEW DWELLING DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION CLIENT OLIVER KEAVENEY UNIT 4/101 DARLEY ST MONA VALE NSW 2103 DRAWING TITLE

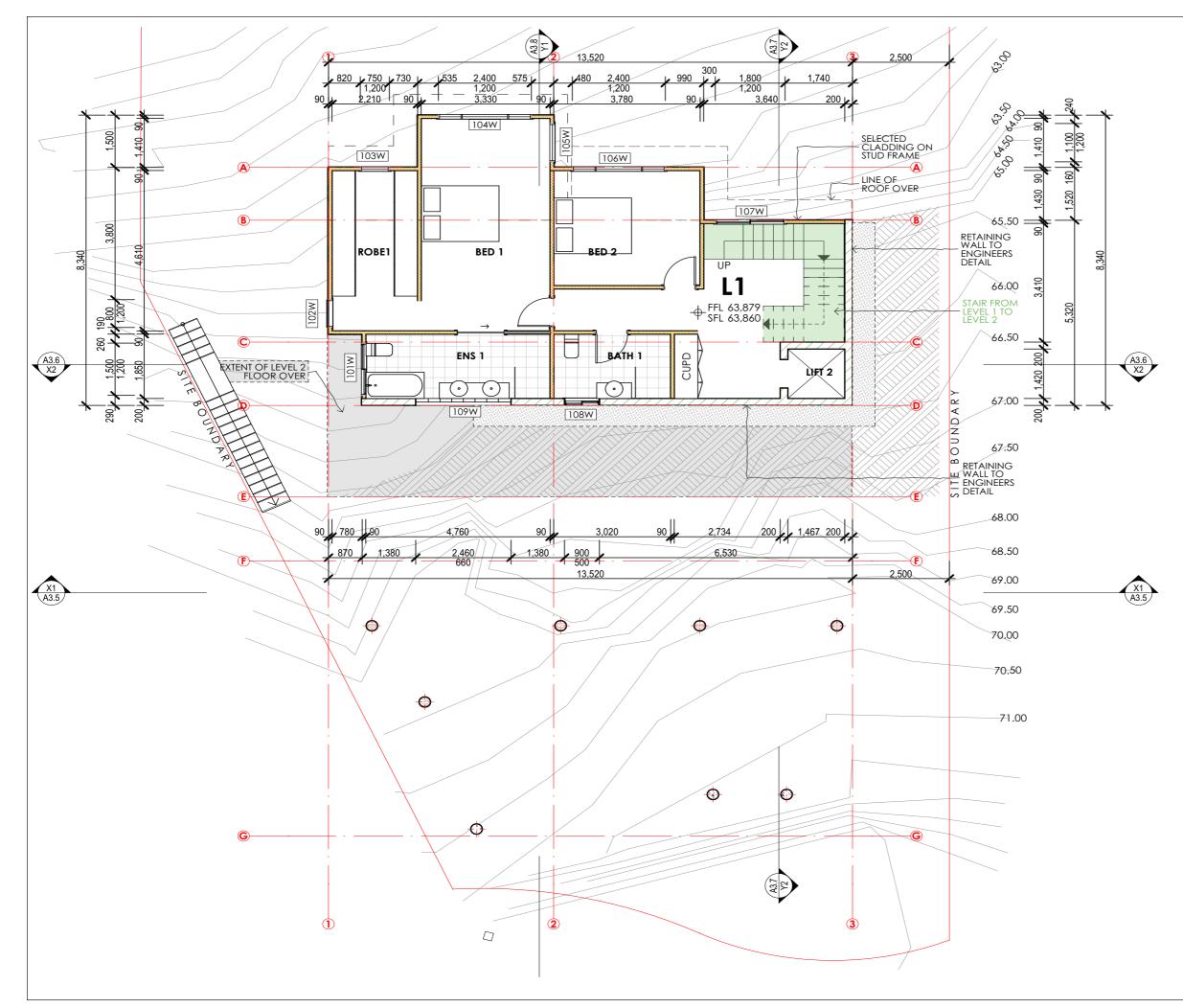
LEVEL 2 FLOOR PLAN

REVISION DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

DATE 14 JUN 2024

PROJECT NO. DRAWING NO. 18456 **A2.4** PLOT DATE SCALE@A3 1:100 14/06/24

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LEGEND

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D01	DOOR No. TAG
101D	GLAZED DOOR No. TAG
101W	GLAZEDWINDOW No. TAG
FFL	FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL
RL	REDUCED LEVEL
SFL	STRUCTURAL FLOOR LEVEL



OLIVER KEAVENEY UNIT 4/101 DARLEY ST MONA VALE NSW 2103 oliver@oak.net.au

PROJECT **KEAVENEY HOUSE** 100 HILLTOP ROAD AVALON BEACH NSW . LOT:2 DP:260241 NEW DWELLING DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION CLIENT OLIVER KEAVENEY UNIT 4/101 DARLEY ST MONA VALE NSW 2103 DRAWING TITLE

LEVEL 1 FLOOR PLAN

REVISION DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

DATE 14 JUN 2024

5m

PLOT DATE 14/06/24

SCALE@A3 1:100

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PROJECT NO. DRAWING NO. 18456 **A2.5**