

# 9-11 Birdwood Avenue, Collaroy

Seniors Living Development

# **OPERATIONAL WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN**

17/04/2020 Report No. SO493 Revision C

Client

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# SCOPE

This waste management plan (WMP) only applies to the **operational** phase of the proposed development; therefore the requirements outlined in this WMP must be implemented during the operational phase of the site and may be subject to review upon further expansion for, and/or changes to the development.

The waste management of the **construction** and **demolition** phases of the development are not addressed in this report. It is EFRS's understanding that a construction and demolition WMP will be completed by a separate party appointed by the developer, and submitted separately to this report. Typically, the head contractor of the site will be responsible for removing all construction-related waste offsite in a manner that meets all authority requirements.

# **REVISION REFERENCE**

Revision	Date	Prepared by	Reviewed by	Description	Signed
А	3/03/2020	J Parker	A Armstrong	Draft	Stellen
в	9/03/2020	J Parker	A Armstrong	Amendment	Stellin
С	17/04/2020	J Parker	A Armstrong	Final	Stellin

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# GLOSSARY OF TERMS

TERM	DESCRIPTION
Baler	A device that compresses waste into a mould to form bales which may be self-supporting or retained in shape by strapping
Collection Area/Point	The identified position or area where garbage or recyclables are actually loaded onto the collection vehicle
Compactor	A machine for compressing waste into disposable or reusable containers
Composter	A container/machine used for composting specific food scraps
Crate	A plastic box used for the collection of recyclable materials
Garbage	All domestic waste (Except recyclables and green waste)
Green Waste	All vegetated organic material such as small branches, leaves and grass clippings, tree and shrub pruning, plants and flowers
Hopper	A fitting into which waste is placed and from which it passes into a chute or directly into a waste container. It consists of a fixed frame and hood unit (the frame) and a hinged or pivoted combined door and receiving unit
L	Litre(s)
Liquid Waste	Non-hazardous liquid waste generated by commercial premises that is supposed to be connected to sewer or collected for treatment and disposal by a liquid waste contractor (including grease trap waste)
LRV	Large rigid vehicle described by AS 2890.2-2002 Parking facilities – Off- street commercial vehicle facilities as heavy rigid vehicle (HRV)
Mobile Garbage Bin(s) (MGB)	A waste container generally constructed of plastic with wheels with a capacity in litres of 120, 240, 360, 660, 1000 or 1100
MRV	Medium rigid vehicle
Putrescible Waste	Component of the waste stream liable to become putrid. Usually breaks down in a landfill to create landfill gases and leachate. Typically applies to food, animal and organic products.
Recycling	Glass bottles and jars – PET, HDPE and PVC plastics; aluminium aerosol and steel cans; milk and juice cartons; soft drink, milk and shampoo containers; paper, cardboard, junk mail, newspapers and magazines
Refuse	Material generated and discarded from residential and commercial buildings including general waste, recyclables, green waste and bulky items
SRV	Small rigid vehicle as in AS 2890.2-2002 Parking facilities – Off-street commercial vehicle facilities, generally incorporating a body width of 2.33

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# INTRODUCTION

EFRS has been tasked to prepare the following waste management plan for Tomasy Planning for the operational management of waste generated by the seniors living development located at 9-11 Birdwood Avenue, Collaroy.

Waste management strategies and auditing are a requirement for new developments to provide support for the building design, and promote strong sustainability outcomes for the building. It is EFRS's belief that a successful waste management strategy contains three key objectives:

- *i.* **Promote responsible source separation** to reduce the amount of waste that goes to landfill, by implementing convenient and efficient waste management systems
- *ii.* **Ensure adequate waste provisions and robust procedures** that will cater for potential changes during the operational phase of the development
- *iii.* **Compliance** with all relevant council codes, policies, and guidelines.

To achieve these objectives, this WMP identifies the different waste streams likely to be generated during the operational phase of the development. Associated information includes: how the waste will be handled and disposed of, details of bin sizes/quantities and waste rooms, descriptions of the proposed waste management equipment used and information on waste collection points and frequencies.

It is essential that this waste management plan is integral to the overall management of the building and clearly communicated to all relevant stakeholders.

### DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY

The proposed development falls under the LGA of Northern Beaches Council, and consists of four single-level dwellings with a basement carpark.

All figures and calculations are based on area schedules as advised by our client and shown on architectural drawings.



# SITE LOCATION

The site is located at 9-11 Birdwood Avenue, Collaroy, as shown below. The site's only street frontage is to Birdwood Avenue, with vehicular access to the basement also via this street.



Source: Google Maps



# NORTHEN BEACHES COUNCIL (WARRINGAH COUNCIL)

The development is within Northen Beaches Council's juristiction. Northen Beaches Council is the amalgamation of Manly Council, Pittwater Council and Warringah Council. At time of writing this waste management plan, the waste services and associated policies operate under the original council divisions.

The garbage and recycling will be guided by the services and acceptance criteria of the Warringah Council. All waste facilities and equipment are to be designed and constructed to be in compliance with the Warringah Council's *Warringah Development Control Plan 2011*, Australian Standards and statutory requirements.

#### **COUNCIL OBJECTIVES**

- To facilitate sustainable waste management in a manner consistent with the principles of Ecologically Sustainable Development (ESD).
- To achieve waste avoidance, source separation and recycling of household and industrial/commercial waste.
- To design and locate waste storage and collection facilities which are convenient and easily accessible; safe; hygienic; of an adequate size, and with minimal adverse impacts on residents, surrounding neighbours, and pedestrian and vehicle movements.
- To ensure waste storage and collection facilities complement waste collection and management services, offered by Council and the private service providers and support ongoing control for such standards and services.
- To minimise risks to health and safety associated with handling and disposal of waste and recycled material, and ensure optimum hygiene.
- To minimise any adverse environmental impacts associated with the storage and collection of waste.
- To discourage illegal dumping.

#### **COUNCIL REQUIREMENTS**

**Access** – Ensure waste systems are easy to use and collection vehicles are able to access buildings to safely remove waste and recycling;

Safety – Ensure safe practises for storage, handling and collection of waste and recycling;

**Pollution Prevention** – Prevent stormwater pollution that may occur as a result of poor waste storage and management practises;

**Noise Minimisation** – Provide acoustic insulation to the waste service facilities or residential units adjacent to or above chutes, waste storage facilities, chute discharge, waste compaction equipment and waste collection vehicle access points;

**Ecologically Sustainable Development (ESD)** – Promote the principles of ESD through resource recovery and recycling leading to a reduction in the consumption of finite natural resources;

**Hygiene** – Ensure health and amenity for residents, visitors and workers in the Northern Beaches Council.



## STAKEHOLDER ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The following table demonstrates the primary roles and responsibilities of the respective stakeholders:

Roles	Responsibilities
Strata/Management	<ul> <li>Ensuring that all waste service providers submit monthly reports on all equipment movements and waste quantities/weights;</li> <li>Organising internal waste audits/visual assessments on a regular basis; and</li> <li>Manage any non-compliances/complaints reported through waste audits.</li> </ul>
Building Manager/Waste Caretaker	<ul> <li>Ensuring effective signage, communication and education is provided to occupants, tenants and cleaners;</li> <li>Providing staff/contractors with equipment manuals, training, health and safety procedures, risk assessments, and PPE to control hazards associated with all waste management activities;</li> <li>Ensuring site safety for residents, children, visitors, staff and contractors;</li> <li>Abiding by all relevant OH&amp;S legislation, regulations, and guidelines;</li> <li>Assessing any manual handling risks and prepare a manual handling control plan for waste and bin transfers;</li> <li>Preventing storm water pollution by taking necessary precautions (securing bin rooms, preventing overfilling of bins)</li> <li>Cleaning and transporting of bins as required;</li> <li>Organising, maintaining and cleaning the general and recycled waste holding area;</li> <li>Organising both garbage and recycled waste pick-ups as required;</li> <li>Organising bulky goods collection when required; and</li> <li>Investigating and ensuring prompt clean-up of illegally dumped waste materials.</li> </ul>
Residents/Tenants	<ul> <li>Dispose of all garbage and recycling in the allocated MGBs provided;</li> <li>Ensure adequate separation of garbage and recycling; and</li> <li>Compliance with the provisions of Council and the WMP.</li> </ul>
Waste Contractor	<ul> <li>Provide a reliable and appropriate waste collection service;</li> <li>Provide feedback to building managers/residents in regards to contamination of recyclables; and</li> <li>Work with building managers to customise waste systems where possible.</li> </ul>
Gardening/Landscaping Contractor	Removal of all garden organic waste generated during gardening maintenance activities for recycling at an offsite location.
Building Contractors	<ul> <li>Removing all construction related waste offsite in a manner that meets all authority requirements.</li> </ul>

Table 1: Stakeholder Roles and Responsibilities



### EDUCATION

Building management is responsible for creating and managing the waste management education process.

Educational material encouraging the correct separation of garbage and recycling items must be provided to each resident to ensure the correct disposal of waste, including bulky goods (old furniture, large discarded items, etc.) It is recommended that information is provided in multiple languages to support correct practises and minimise the possibility of contamination in the collective waste bins.

It is also recommended that the owners' corporation website contain information for residents to refer to. Information should include:

- recycling and garbage descriptions (Council provides comprehensive information);
- how to dispose of bulky goods and any other items that are not garbage or recycling;
- residents' obligations to WHS and building management; and

### LIMITATIONS

The purpose of this report is to document a Waste Management Plan (WMP) as part of a development application and is supplied by Elephants Foot Recycling Solutions (EFRS) with the following limitations:

- Drawings, estimates and information contained in this waste management plan have been prepared by analysing the information, plans and documents supplied by the client, and third parties including Council and government information. The assumptions based on the information contained in the WMP is outside the control of EFRS;
- the figures presented in the report are an estimate only the actual amount of waste generated will be dependent on the occupancy rate of the building/s and waste generation intensity as well as the building managements approach to educating residents and tenants regarding waste management operations and responsibilities;
- the building manager will make adjustments as required based on actual waste volumes (if waste is greater than estimated) and increase the number of bins and collections accordingly;
- the report will not be used to determine or forecast operational costs or prepare any feasibility study or to document any safety or operational procedures;
- the report has been prepared with all due care however no assurance or representation is made that the WMP reflects the actual outcome and EFRS will not be liable to you for plans or outcomes that are not suitable for your purpose, whether as a result of incorrect or unsuitable information or otherwise;
- EFRS offer no warranty or representation of accuracy or reliability of the WMP unless specifically stated;
- any manual handling equipment recommended should be provided at the recommendation of the appropriate equipment provider who will assess the correct equipment for supply;
- Design of waste management equipment and systems must be approved by the supplier.



# INDEPENDENT LIVING APARTMENTS WASTE MANAGEMENT

The *Warringah Development Control Plan* (2011) and the NSW Environmental Protection Authority *Better Practice Guide for Resource Recovery* (2019) have been referenced to calculate the total number of bins required for the Independent Living Apartments (ILAs). Calculations are based on generic figures; waste generation rates may differ according to the residents' waste management practice.

#### **ESTIMATED WASTE VOLUMES AND PROVISIONS**

The following table shows the estimated volume (L) of garbage and recycling generated by the development.

# Units	Garbage Generation Rate (L/unit/week)	Generated Garbage (L/w eek)	Paper & Cardboard Recycling Generation Rate (L/unit/w eek)	Mixed Container Recycling Generation Rate (L/unit/w eek)	Generated Paper & Cardboard Recycling (L/w eek)	Generated Mixed Container Recycling (L/w eek)
4	80	320	60	40	240	160
Collections	Garbage Bin Size (L)	240	Recycling Bin Size	(L)	240	240
&	Garbage Bins per Day	1	Recycling Bins per Day		1	1
Equipment	Garbage Collections per Week 1		Recycling Collections per Week		0.5	0.5
	Total Garbage Bins Required 2		Total Recycling Bins Required		2	2

With each residence having a private garden, it is also recommended that a provision of green waste bins be allocated for the development. On that basis, the recommended number of bins for this development is as follows:

2 x 240L Garbage Bins (Red Lid)

2 x 240L Paper/Cardboard Bins (Blue Lid)

2 x 240L Mixed Container Bins (**Yellow Lid**)

2 x 240L Green Waste Bins (Green Lid)

#### HOUSEHOLD WASTE

Garbage and recycling are to be disposed of into the corresponding 240L bins, located in the basement level waste room. Residents will be required to access the waste room via the elevators and deposit waste into the corresponding bin themselves.

Full waste and recycling bins will be transferred to the collection area at the kerbside of Birdwood Avenue for servicing by Council's waste contractor. The building manager/caretaker will be responsible for transferring the bins.

#### **COMMON AREAS**

The lobbies, amenities and circulation areas will be supplied with suitably branded waste and recycling bins where considered appropriate. These areas generate minimal waste, however garbage and recycling receptacles should be provided and located in convenient locations.

Washroom facilities should be supplied with collection bins for paper towels (if used). Sanitary bins for female restroom facilities must also be arranged with an appropriate contractor.



### SOURCE SEPARATION

Waste avoidance, recovery and reuse of discarded materials and responsible management of hazardous waste are all crucial elements of sustainable development. Effective waste management practices in residential developments significantly improve environmental, social, and economic outcomes on both a local and regional scale, and should be integrated into the waste management processes.

#### **GENERAL WASTE (GARBAGE)**

Residents will be supplied with a collection area in each unit to deposit garbage and collect recyclable material suitable for one day's storage. This is typically located generally in the kitchen, under bench or similar alternate area. Residents should wrap or bag their garbage; bagged garbage should not exceed 3kg in weight or 35cm x 35cm x 35cm in dimension.

#### RECYCLING

Residents will be supplied with a collection area in each unit (generally in the kitchen, under bench or similar alternate area) to deposit garbage and collect recyclable material suitable for one day's storage. All garbage should be bagged.

**Recycling must not be bagged**. It is recommended that residents use a crate or dedicated bin for collecting recyclables within the allocated residential space provided to ensure correct separation.

#### **GREEN WASTE**

Green waste generated by residents in private gardens are to be deposited into green bins on the basement level. Green waste from communal landscaped areas is to be removed by the designated maintenance contractor.

#### **ELECTRONIC WASTE**

Electrical waste (e.g. fluorescent tubing, batteries, laptops etc.) can potentially contaminate soil and surrounding water bodies if not disposed correctly. These items must not be placed in standard garbage and recycling bins. Disposal or recycling of electronic waste will be organised with the assistance of the building caretaker. These items must not be placed in garbage or recycling bins due to safety and environmental factors. Residents and/or the building manager may choose to contact Council to find out about new/existing strategies for the disposal/collection of electronic waste.

#### CHEMICAL WASTE

Chemical wastes (e.g. cleaning chemicals, paints, oils solvents) pose detrimental effects to human health and the environment and should be disposed of to a suitable licensed disposal facility. No liquid wastes or wash down waters should be disposed of via the storm water drainage system. Household Chemical CleanOut events are held at various locations throughout NSW on specified dates throughout the year. Locations and dates are subject to change; hence it is recommended that the building caretaker confirm these details with their local Council.

#### ORGANIC WASTE AND COMPOSTING

Recycling organic waste, such as food scraps and garden materials, dramatically reduces the quantity of waste being diverted to land fill and thus reduces residents' ecological footprint. Compost material can also be returned to the soil as a rich fertilizer and improve plant growth and the overall health of surrounding vegetation. It is recommended that a space for composting and worm farming is made available for all residents in a communal facility or in small private courtyards (see APPENDIX C.1). Composting facilities are to be sited on an unpaved area with soil depth of at least 300mm. Residents may also choose to purchase and install apartment style compost bin where practical and self-manage these systems (see APPENDIX C.2).



### MOVEMENT AND TRANSPORTATION OF BINS

The building manager/waste caretaker is responsible for the transportation of bins from the waste room in the basement to the kerbside collection area prior to scheduled collection times, and returning them once emptied to resume operational use.

Transfer of waste and all bin movements require minimal manual handling; the operator must assess manual handling risks and provide any relevant documentation to building management.

If required the developer should contact a bin-tug, trailer or tractor consultant to provide equipment recommendations. Examples of motorised bin moving equipment can be found in APPENDIX B.4 and APPENDIX B.5.

Bins may have to be fitted with hitches to enable the simultaneous transportation of multiple bins to the collection area. Council must be informed of any hitch attachments required to be installed on bins.

### COLLECTION OF WASTE

All waste generated by this development will be collected by Council's waste contractor with garbage being collected weekly, and mixed/paper and cardboard recycling being collected fortnightly on alternating weeks. The frequency of green waste collections will also be fortnightly.

Prior to collection days, the building manager/caretaker will be responsible for transferring bins from the basement level waste room to the kerbside of Birdwood Avenue, ensuring they are neatly arranged and evenly spaced for ease of servicing. It is recommended that a bin moving device is used to aid in transferring the bins up the vehicle ramp.

Council's waste collection vehicle will then pull up adjacent to the bins at the kerbside and service all of the relevant bins.

Once servicing is complete, the building manager/waste contractor will be responsible for returning bins to the basement level waste room to resume operational use.

#### **COLLECTION AREA**

It is Elephant Foot's understanding that the collection areas have been reviewed by a traffic consultant to confirm the swept paths, load requirements and clearances for waste collections.



# INSTALLATION EQUIPMENT AND DESIGN

# EQUIPMENT SUMMARY

Table 3: Equipment Summary							
Component	Part	Qty	Notes				
Equipment	Suitable Bin Moving Equipment	N/A	Optional (See APPENDIX B.4 & APPENDIX B.5 for Typical Bin Movers)				

### WASTE ROOM AREAS

The area allocation for bin storage is detailed in Table 4 below. This area is an estimate only. Final areas will depend upon room and bin layouts.

Table 4: Waste Room Areas

Level	Waste Room Type	Equipment	Estimated Area (m²)
B1	Bin Holding Room	2 x 240L Garbage Bins ( <b>Red Lid</b> ) 2 x 240L Paper/Cardboard Bins ( <b>Blue Lid</b> ) 2 x 240L Mixed Container Bins ( <b>Yellow Lid</b> ) 2 x 240L Green Waste Bins ( <b>Green Lid</b> )	10



#### GARBAGE ROOMS

#### CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

The garbage room will be required to contain the following facilities to minimise odours, deter vermin, protect surrounding areas, and make it a user-friendly and safe area:

- waste room floor to be sealed with a two pack epoxy;
- waste room walls and floor surface is flat and even;
- all corners coved and sealed 100mm up, this is to eliminate build-up of dirt;
- a hot and cold water facility with mixing facility and hose cock must be provided for washing the bins;
- any waste water discharge from bin washing must be drained to sewer in accordance with the relevant water board. (Sydney Water);
- tap height of 1.6m;
- storm water access preventatives (grate);
- all walls painted with light colour and washable paint;
- equipment electric outlets to be installed 1700mm above floor levels;
- the room must be mechanically ventilated;
- light switch installed at height of 1.6m;
- waste rooms must be well lit (sensor lighting recommended);
- optional automatic odour and pest control system installed to eliminate all pest types and assist with odour reduction – this process generally takes place at building handover – building management make the decision to install;
- if 660L or 1100L bins are utilised, 2 x 820mm (minimum) door leafs must be used;
- all personnel doors are hinged, lockable and self-closing;
- waste collection area must hold all bins bin movements should be with ease of access;
- conform to the Building Code of Australia, Australian Standards and local laws; and
- childproofing and public/operator safety shall be assessed and ensured

#### SIGNAGE

The building manager/caretaker is responsible for waste room signage including safety signage (see APPENDIX B.2). Appropriate signage must be prominently displayed on walls and above all bins, clearly stating what type of waste or recyclables is to be placed in the bin underneath.

#### VENTILATION

Waste and recycling rooms must have their own exhaust ventilation system either;

- Mechanically exhausting at a rate of 5L/m<sup>2</sup> floor area, with a minimum rate of 100L/s minimum; or
- Naturally permanent, unobstructed, and opening direct to the external air, not less than one-twentieth (1/20) of the floor area

Mechanical exhaust systems shall comply with AS1668 and not cause any inconvenience, noise or odour problem.



# **USEFUL CONTACTS**

Elephants Foot Recycling Solutions does not warrant or make representation for goods or services provided by suppliers.

NORTHERN BEACHES COUNCIL CUSTOMER SERVICE

Phone: 1300 434 434

Email: <a href="mailto:council@northernbeaches.nsw.gov.au">council@northernbeaches.nsw.gov.au</a>

**SULO MGB** (MGB, Public Place Bins, Tugs and Bin Hitches) Phone: 1300 364 388

**CLOSED LOOP** (Organic Dehydrator) Phone: 02 9339 9801

ELECTRODRIVE (Bin Mover) Phone: 1800 333 002

Email: <a href="mailto:sales@electrodrive.com.au">sales@electrodrive.com.au</a>

**RUD** (Public Place Bins, Recycling Bins) Phone: 07 3712 8000

Email: Info@rud.com.au

CAPITAL CITY WASTE SERVICES (Private Waste Services Provider) Phone: 02 9359 9999

**REMONDIS** (Private Waste Services Provider) Phone: 13 73 73

**SITA ENVIRONMENTAL** (Private Waste Services Provider) Phone: 13 13 35

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF CHARITABLE RECYCLING ORGANISATIONS INC. (NACRO)

Phone: 03 9429 9884

Email: information@nacro.org.au

PURIFYING SOLUTIONS (Odour Control) Phone: 1300 636 877

Email: <a href="mailto:sales@purifyingsolutions.com.au">sales@purifyingsolutions.com.au</a>

MOVEXX (Bin Movers) Phone: 1300 763 444

AUSCOL (Recyling Oils & Animal Fats) Phone: 1800 629 476

 KOMPACT EQUIPMENT (Equipment & Servicing Provider)

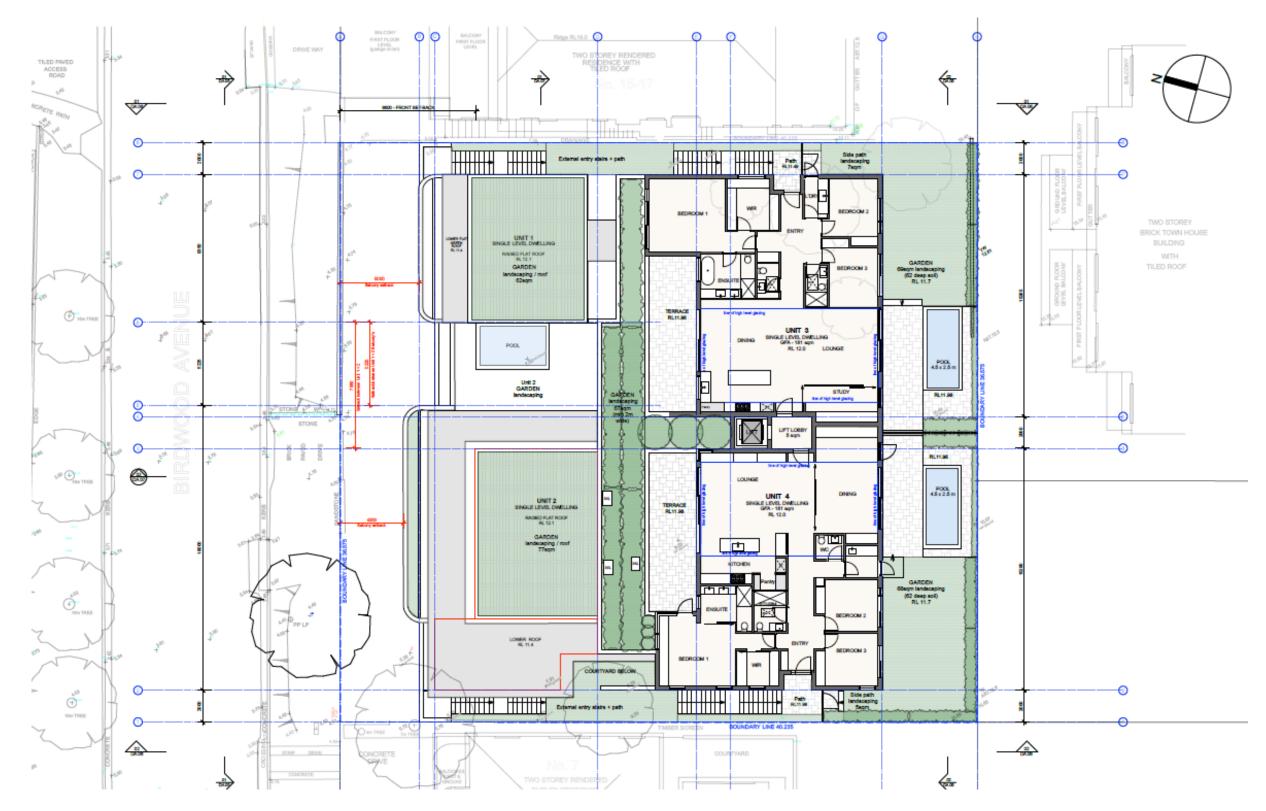
 Phone: 1300 566 722
 Email: info@kompactequipment.com.au

ELEPHANTS FOOT RECYCLING SOLUTIONS (Chutes, Compactors & eDiverter Systems) 44 – 46 Gibson Avenue Padstow NSW 2211 Phone: 1300 434 374 Email: wmp@elephantsfoot.com.au

### **APPENDICES**

APPENDIX A ARCHITECTURAL DRAWING EXCERPTS

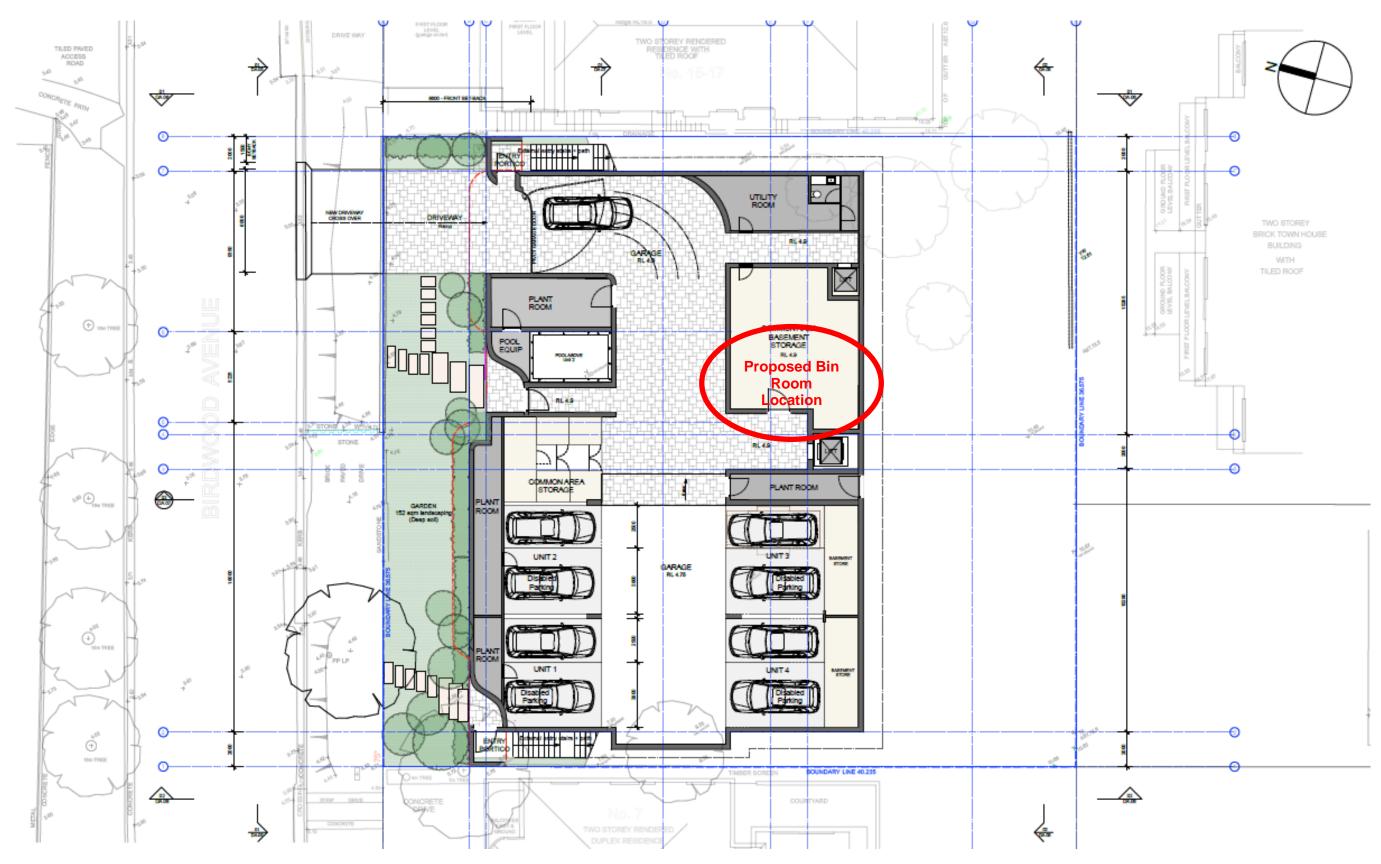
APPENDIX A.1 SITE PLAN



Source: edaa, Drawing No. DA.04, Rev.P1, 04/03/20 – Upper Ground Floor Plan



#### APPENDIX A.2 WASTE STORAGE AREA



Source: edaa, Drawing No. DA.02, Rev.P1, 04/03/20 – Basement Plan





240L

360L

#### PRIMARY WASTE MANAGEMENT PROVISIONS **APPENDIX B TYPICAL BIN SPECIFICATIONS APPENDIX B.1**

The most common bin sizes are provided below, although not all sizes are shown. These dimensions are a guide only and differ slightly between manufacturers.

120L

80L

Average dimension ranges for two-wheel mobile bins



**Bin capacity** 

Height (mm) 870 940 1065 1080 1100 820 530 530 540 735 Depth (mm) 450 485 500 580 600 Width (mm) Approximate 0.24 0.26-0.33 0.27-0.33 0.41-0.49 footprint (m<sup>2</sup>) 0.43 Approximate 8.5 9.5 10.4 15.5 23 weight (kg) 48 96 Approximate 32 56 Not maximum load (kg) known

140L

Wheelie bin

Sources include Sulo, Single Waste, Cleanaway, SUEZ, just wheelie bins and Perth Waste for two-wheel mobile bins

#### Average dimension ranges for four-wheel bulk bins

Bin capacity	660L	770L	1100L	1300L	1700L
Height (mm)	1250	1425	1470	1480	1470
Depth (mm)	850	1100	1245	1250	1250
Width (mm)	1370	1370	1370	1770	1770
Approx footprint (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.86-1.16	1.51	1.33–1.74	2.21	2.21
Approx weight (kg)	45	Not known	65	Not known	Not known
Approx maximum load (kg)	310	Not known	440	Not known	Not known

Dome or flat lid container

Sources include Sulo, Signal Waste, Cleanaway, SUEZ, Just Wheelie Bins and Perth Waste

#### Average dimension ranges for bulk bins over 1700L in capacity

	Bin capacity)	1m <sup>3</sup>	1.5m <sup>3</sup>	2m <sup>3</sup>	3m <sup>3</sup>	4.5m <sup>3</sup>	6m <sup>3</sup>
	Height (mm)	1000	910– 1250	865– 1000	1020– 1580	1440– 2014	1650
	Depth (mm)	1000	905– 1000	1300– 1400	1470– 1700	1605– 1900	1900
	Width (mm)	1400	1805– 2010	1830– 2000	1400– 2010	1800– 2010	2000
than	Approximate footprint (m <sup>2</sup> )	1.4	1.63– 2.01	2.4–2.8	2.1–3.4	2.9–3.8	3.8

Bulk bins greater than 1700L

Sources include TORO Waste Equipment, SUEZ, Signal Waste, Perth Waste and ACT Industrial

Source: New South Wales Environmental Protection Authority Better Practice Guide for Resource Recovery (2019)



#### APPENDIX B.2 SIGNAGE FOR WASTE & RECYCLING BINS

#### Waste Signs

Signs for garbage, recycling and organics bins should comply with the standard signs promoted by the EPA (Environmental Protection Authority).

Examples of waste wall posters (EPA supplied)



Examples of bin lid stickers (EPA supplied)



#### Problem Waste Signs

The EPA has also produced a range of images and signs that can be used for problem wastes, such as fluoro globes and tubes, household and car batteries, e-waste and smoke detectors. To access these resources, contact the NSW EPA. Some examples are shown below.



#### Safety Signs

The use of safety signs for waste resource recovery rooms must comply with *AS1319 Safety signs for occupational environments*. Safety signs must be used to regulate and control safety related to behaviour, warn of hazards and provide emergency information, including fire protection information. Suitable signs should be decided for each development as required.



Source: New South Wales Environmental Protection Authority Better Practice Guide for Resource Recovery (2019)



#### APPENDIX B.3 TYPICAL COLLECTION VEHICLE INFORMATION

Vehicle class	Overall length (m)	Design width (m)	Design turning radius (m)	Swept circle (m)	Clearance (travel) height (m)
Medium rigid vehicle	8.80	2.5	10.0	21.6	4.5
Heavy rigid vehicle	12.5	2.5	12.5	27.8	4.5

Australian Standards for turning circles for medium and heavy rigid class vehicles

Source: New South Wales Environmental Protection Authority Better Practice Guide for Resource Recovery (2019)



#### APPENDIX B.4 TYPICAL MOTORISED BIN TUG



Typical applications:

- Move trolleys, waste bin trailers and 660/1100L bins up and down a ramp incline.
- Quiet, smooth operation with zero emissions and simple to use, no driver's licence required
- Suitable for:
  - High rise building & apartment basements
  - Large factories & warehouse with sloped ground
  - Caravan parks & other large outdoor areas

Features:

- 1 tonne tow capacity of inclines up to 8 degrees
- 500kg tow capacity if inclines up to 14 degrees
- CE Compliant
- 4.5 km/h max speed
- 2 x 80amp batteries includes charger
- Powerful transaxle
- Hitch to suit 660L bins

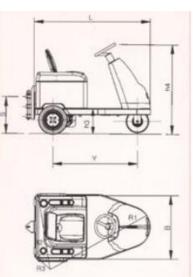
#### Safety Features:

- Intuitive paddle lever control
- Stops and repels the unit if activated when reversing.
- Site assessment recommended to assess ramp incline steepness (See Useful Contacts)



#### APPENDIX B.5 TYPICAL SEATED BIN MOVER



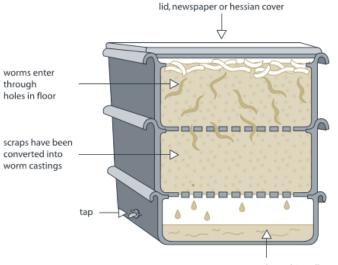


		UNIT M.	BULL 2	BULL 4
Manufacturer	DEC			
Model	BULL			
Platform loading cap.	Nominal capacity	kg		
Pull capacity	Pull nominal capacity	kg	2000	4000
Power type	Electric - endotermic		electric	electric
Controltype	Standing / seated thiller / steer		seated / steer	seated / steer
Tyres	Pn=pneum. Se=superelastic		Pn	Pn
Wheels	N. front/rear - x drive	n.	1/2X	1/2X
Platform dimensions	L x B (lengh x width)	mm		
Platform hight	h6 = unload clearence	mm		
Overal dimensions	L = lenght B = width h1 = foot leve h3 = Seat height h4 = Steer height	mm mm mm mm	1500 900 1820 310 1250	1600 930 1960 340 1330
Turning radius	R1 = front min. external R2 = rear min. external R3 = front min. internal	mm mm mm	1400 1000 400	1500 1000 400
Aisle width	A = 180° turn	mm	2200	2300
Tow hook height	s = center from ground	mm	220-350-490	240-380-520



# APPENDIX C SECONDARY WASTE MANAGEMENT PROVISIONS APPENDIX C.1 TYPICAL WORM FARM SPECIFICATIONS

#### Worm farms



Space requirements for a typical worm farm for an average household:

Height – 300mm per level

Width – 600mm

Length – 900mm

There are many worm farm arrangements. The above dimensions are indicative only.

lower bin collects

SOURCE: Department of Environment and Climate Change NSW 2008, Better Practice Guide for Waste Management in Multi-Unit Dwellings



#### APPENDIX C.2 TYPICAL APARTMENT STYLE COMPOST BINS



Apartment Style Compost bin – available from hardware stores

Suitable for:

- Vegetables
- Coffee grounds and filters
- Tea and tea bags
- Crushed eggshells (but not eggs)
- Nutshells
- Houseplants
- Leaves
- Cardboard rolls, cereal
- Boxes, brown paper bags
- Clean paper
- Shredded newspaper
- Fireplace ashes
- Wood chips, sawdust,
- Toothpicks, burnt matches
- Cotton and wool rags
- Dryer and vacuum cleaner lint
- Hair and fur
- Hay and straw

780mm

400mm

#### APPENDIX C.3 ELECTRIC ORGANIC COMPOST BIN



## Product Specifications

Decomposition Method	Fermentation by microorganisms
Decomposition Capacity	2 metric tonnes per year* (4 kg per day*)
Rating	220-240 V 50⁄60 Hz - 1.1 A
Decomposition Time	24 hrs
Operating Temperature	0C and 40C.**
Deodorisation Method	Nano-Filter system
Maximum Power	210 W
Power Usage	Average 1 kwh per day
Weight	21 kgs
External Dimensions	w 400 mm d 400 mm h 780 mm

\* Food Waste Handling Capacity - based on an optimal operating environment.

\*\* Ambient temperature range of area where unit may be installed.

SOURCE: Closed Loop Domestic Composter – See Useful Contacts http://www.closedloop.com.au/domestic-composter