

Northern Beaches Council PO Box 882 MONA VALE NSW 1660

Your reference: (CNR-37405) DA2022/0397 Our reference: DA20220329006590-Original-1

ATTENTION: Northern Beaches Council Date: Thursday 5 May 2022

Dear Sir/Madam,

Development Application s4.14 - Infill - Single Dwelling - Alterations & Additions 48 Allenby Park Parade Allambie Heights NSW 2100, 3/52/DP237500

I refer to your correspondence dated 29/03/2022 seeking advice regarding bush fire protection for the above Development Application in accordance with section 4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

The New South Wales Rural Fire Service (NSW RFS) has considered the information submitted and provides the following recommended conditions:

Asset Protection Zones

Intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting firefighting activities.

- 1. From the start of building works, and in perpetuity to ensure ongoing protection from the impact of bush fires, the entire property must be managed as an inner protection area (IPA) in accordance with the requirements of Appendix 4 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019. When establishing and maintaining an IPA the following requirements apply:
 - tree canopy cover should be less than 15% at maturity;
 - trees at maturity should not touch or overhang the building;
 - lower limbs should be removed up to a height of 2 metres above the ground;
 - tree canopies should be separated by 2 to 5 metres;
 - preference should be given to smooth barked and evergreen trees;
 - large discontinuities or gaps in vegetation should be provided to slow down or break the progress of fire towards buildings;
 - shrubs should not be located under trees;
 - shrubs should not form more than 10% ground cover;
 - clumps of shrubs should be separated from exposed windows and doors by a distance of at least twice the height of the vegetation.
 - grass should be kept mown (as a guide grass should be kept to no more than 100 mm in height); and

1

• leaves and vegetation debris should be removed.

Construction Standards

Intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting firefighting activities.

2. New construction must comply with Section 3 (excluding section 3.5) and Section 9 (BAL FZ) of Australian Standard AS3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bushfire-prone area or the relevant requirements of the NASH Standard - Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas (incorporating amendment A - 2015). New construction must also comply with the construction requirements in Section 7.5 of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*.

Access - Property Access

The intent of measures is to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting fire fighting activities. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

3. Unobstructed pedestrian access should be provided to the rear of the property to aid in fire fighting activities.

Water and Utility Services

Intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting firefighting activities.

- **4.** Any new provision of water, electricity and gas must comply with Table 7.4a of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*.
- **5.** In recognition that a hydrant is not located within 70 metres of the rear most elevation of the dwelling, a 5,000 litre static water supply must be provided for fire fighting purposes in accordance with Table 7.4a of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*.

Landscaping Assessment

The intent of measures is for landscaping. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

- **6.** Landscaping within the required asset protection zone must comply with Appendix 4 of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*. In this regard, the following principles are to be incorporated:
 - A minimum 1 metre wide area (or to the property boundary where the setbacks are less than 1 metre), suitable for pedestrian traffic, must be provided around the immediate curtilage of the building;
 - Planting is limited in the immediate vicinity of the building;
 - Planting does not provide a continuous canopy to the building (i.e. trees or shrubs are isolated or located in small clusters);
 - Landscape species are chosen to ensure tree canopy cover is less than 15% (IPA), and less than 30% (OPA) at maturity and trees do no touch or overhang buildings;
 - Avoid species with rough fibrous bark, or which retain/shed bark in long strips or retain dead material in their canopies;
 - Use smooth bark species of trees species which generally do not carry a fire up the bark into the crown;
 - Avoid planting of deciduous species that may increase fuel at surface/ ground level (i.e. leaf litter);
 - Avoid climbing species to walls and pergolas;
 - Locate combustible materials such as woodchips/mulch, flammable fuel stores away from the building;
 - Locate combustible structures such as garden sheds, pergolas and materials such as timber garden furniture away from the building; and

• Low flammability vegetation species are used.

General Advice - Consent Authority to Note

- The NSW RFS recognises that the site is constrained and that the proposed development falls within the Flame Zone. Flame Zone development is high risk development; consequently, in situations such as this, the NSW RFS seeks to improve the overall fire safety of the existing development. This requires greater emphasis on construction standards, landscaping, siting, and vegetation management practices to ensure improved levels of protection are afforded to the development, its occupants and fire fighters. The Service has undertaken a merit based assessment of the proposal and provides the above advice in accordance with *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*.
- As per Section 3.5 Water supply and utilities of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*, swimming pools can be considered for fire fighting purposes with suitable arrangements that meet the NSW RFS requirements and ensure that any water sources are maintained at the recommended capacity.

For any queries regarding this correspondence, please contact Elaine Chandler on 1300 NSW RFS.

Yours sincerely,

Alastair Patton
Supervisor Development Assessment & Plan
Built & Natural Environment