DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION ASSESSMENT REPORT

DA2021/1400

Land to be developed (Address): Lot 1 DP 1279468, 88 Bower Street MANLY NSW	2095
Proposed Development: Alterations and additions to a dwelling house	
Zoning: Manly LEP2013 - Land zoned C4 Environmental Li Manly LEP2013 - Land zoned RE1 Public Recreat	•
Development Permissible: Yes	

Consent Authority:Northern Beaches CouncilDelegation Level:DDP

Nο

Land and Environment Court Action: No

Application Number:

Existing Use Rights:

Owner:

The Trustees Of The Roman Catholic Church For The Archdiocese Of Sydney

Applicant: Cherie Helen Humel

Application Lodged:	17/08/2021	
Integrated Development:	No	
Designated Development:	No	
State Reporting Category:	Residential - Alterations and additions	
Notified:	25/08/2021 to 08/09/2021	
Advertised:	Not Advertised	
Submissions Received:	2	
Clause 4.6 Variation:	4.3 Height of buildings: 13.7% 4.4 Floor space ratio: 20%	
Recommendation:	Approval	

Estimated Cost of Works:	\$ 4,441,802.00

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The application seeks consent for alterations and additions to a dwelling house.

The application is referred to the Development Determination Panel (DDP) as the proposal seeks a variation to the height of buildings and floor space ratio development standard of more than 10%.

Public exhibition of the development resulted in no (0) objections to the proposal, with 2 submissions lodged in support of the application.

The application is referred to the DDP with a recommendation for approval, subject to conditions.

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT IN DETAIL

The application seeks consent for alterations and additions to the existing dwelling house.

Specifically, the proposed works incorporate the following:

- Lower ground floor extension and alterations to allow for new stair access and lift;
- Ground floor alterations including;
 - Master bedroom including walk-in robe, ensuite and balcony
 - Bedroom 2, 3 and 4
 - Rumpus room
 - : Laundry
 - . Access stairs
- First floor extension including new living room, formal dining and balcony;
- Second floor addition accommodating double garage, study and terrace;
- Front fence alterations:
- Spa Pool:
- Associated landscaping;
- Demolition works; and
- Excavation.

ASSESSMENT INTRODUCTION

The application has been assessed in accordance with the requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and the associated Regulations. In this regard:

- An assessment report and recommendation has been prepared (the subject of this report)
 taking into account all relevant provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act
 1979, and the associated regulations;
- A site inspection was conducted and consideration has been given to the impacts of the development upon the subject site and adjoining, surrounding and nearby properties;
- Notification to adjoining and surrounding properties, advertisement (where required) and referral
 to relevant internal and external bodies in accordance with the Act, Regulations and relevant
 Development Control Plan;
- A review and consideration of all submissions made by the public and community interest groups in relation to the application;
- A review and consideration of all documentation provided with the application (up to the time of determination);
- A review and consideration of all referral comments provided by the relevant Council Officers, State Government Authorities/Agencies and Federal Government Authorities/Agencies on the proposal.

SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT ISSUES

Manly Local Environmental Plan 2013 - 4.6 Exceptions to development standards
Manly Development Control Plan - 3.1 Streetscapes and Townscapes
Manly Development Control Plan - 4.1.2 Height of Buildings (Incorporating Wall Height, Number of

Storeys & Roof Height)

Manly Development Control Plan - 4.1.3 Floor Space Ratio (FSR)

Manly Development Control Plan - 4.1.4 Setbacks (front, side and rear) and Building Separation

Manly Development Control Plan - 4.1.5 Open Space and Landscaping

Manly Development Control Plan - 4.1.6 Parking, Vehicular Access and Loading (Including Bicycle Facilities)

Manly Development Control Plan - 4.1.8 Development on Sloping Sites

Manly Development Control Plan - 4.1.10 Fencing

Manly Development Control Plan - 4.4.2 Alterations and Additions

SITE DESCRIPTION

Property Description:	Lot 1 DP 1279468, 88 Bower Street MANLY NSW 2095
Detailed Site Description:	The subject site consists of one (1) allotments located on the northern side of Bower Street.
	The site is irregular in shape with a frontage of 23m along Bower Street and a depth of 46m. The site has a surveyed area of 736.1m ² .
	The site is located within the C4 Environmental Living zone and and RE1 Public Recreation zone accommodates a dwelling house.
	The site has a significant fall from the south-western corner on Bower Street (RL8.37) towards the north-eastern corner, being the Marine Parade frontage (RL3.23).
	The property is located within known habitat for the endangered population of Long-nosed Bandicoots at North Head.
	Detailed Description of Adjoining/Surrounding Development
More	Adjoining and surrounding development is characterised by residential development to the north and south, with a dwelling house adjoining to the south and 3 storey flat building to the north. Marine Parade and Shelly Beach adjoin the property to the east.

Map:



SITE HISTORY

The land has been used for residential purposes for an extended period of time. A search of Council's records has revealed the following relevant history:

DA216/2007 - Alterations and Additions to a residential dwelling house to create (2) two dwellings was approved on 14/03/2008.

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979 (EPAA)

The relevant matters for consideration under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979, are:

Section 4.15 Matters for Consideration	Comments
Section 4.15 (1) (a)(i) – Provisions of any environmental planning instrument	See discussion on "Environmental Planning Instruments" in this report.
Section 4.15 (1) (a)(ii) – Provisions of any draft environmental planning instrument	Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Remediation of Land) seeks to replace the existing SEPP No. 55 (Remediation of Land). Public consultation on the draft policy was completed on 13 April 2018. The subject site has been used for residential purposes for an extended period of time. The proposed development retains the residential use of the site, and is not considered a contamination risk.
Section 4.15 (1) (a)(iii) – Provisions of any development control plan	Manly Development Control Plan applies to this proposal.
Section 4.15 (1) (a)(iiia) – Provisions of any planning agreement	None applicable.
Section 4.15 (1) (a)(iv) -	Division 8A of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the consent

Section 4 45 Mottors for	Comments
Section 4.15 Matters for Consideration	Comments
Provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (EP&A Regulation 2000)	authority to consider "Prescribed conditions" of development consent. These matters have been addressed via a condition of consent.
Trogulation 2000)	Clause 50(1A) of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the submission of a design verification certificate from the building designer at lodgement of the development application. This clause is not relevant to this application.
	Clauses 54 and 109 of the EP&A Regulation 2000 allow Council to request additional information. Additional information was requested in relation to extent of demolition.
	Clause 92 of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the consent authority to consider AS 2601 - 1991: The Demolition of Structures. This matter has been addressed via a condition of consent.
	Clauses 93 and/or 94 of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the consent authority to consider the upgrading of a building (including fire safety upgrade of development). This matter has been addressed via a condition of consent.
	Clause 98 of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the consent authority to consider insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989. This matter has been addressed via a condition of consent.
	Clause 98 of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the consent authority to consider the provisions of the Building Code of Australia (BCA). This matter has been addressed via a condition of consent.
	Clause 143A of the EP&A Regulation 2000 requires the submission of a design verification certificate from the building designer prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. This matter may be addressed via a condition of consent.
Section 4.15 (1) (b) – the likely impacts of the development, including environmental impacts on the natural and built environment and social and	(i) Environmental Impact The environmental impacts of the proposed development on the natural and built environment are addressed under the Manly Development Control Plan section in this report.
economic impacts in the locality	(ii) Social Impact The proposed development will not have a detrimental social impact in the locality considering the character of the proposal.
	(iii) Economic Impact The proposed development will not have a detrimental economic impact on the locality considering the nature of the existing and proposed land use.

Section 4.15 Matters for Consideration	Comments
Section 4.15 (1) (c) – the suitability of the site for the development	The site is considered suitable for the proposed development.
Section 4.15 (1) (d) – any submissions made in accordance with the EPA Act or EPA Regs	See discussion on "Notification & Submissions Received" in this report.
Section 4.15 (1) (e) – the public interest	No matters have arisen in this assessment that would justify the refusal of the application in the public interest.

EXISTING USE RIGHTS

Existing Use Rights are not applicable to this application.

BUSHFIRE PRONE LAND

The site is not classified as bush fire prone land.

NOTIFICATION & SUBMISSIONS RECEIVED

The subject development application has been publicly exhibited from 25/08/2021 to 08/09/2021 in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 and the Community Participation Plan.

As a result of the public exhibition process council is in receipt of 2 submission/s from:

Name:	Address:
Mr Grant Ian Cameron	4 / 66 Bower Street MANLY NSW 2095
Mr Stephan Goerner Ms Christiane Goerner	87 Bower Street MANLY NSW 2095

The following issues were raised in the submissions:

- Support of Development Application

The above issues are addressed as follows:

- Support of Development Application

Comment:

A number of submissions were received in support of the development application. The letters of support have been noted.

REFERRALS

Internal Referral Body	Comments

Internal Referral Body	Comments
Landscape Officer	The development application is for major alterations and additions to an existing dwelling house which includes the partial demolition of parts of the existing building, site works and new spa pool.
	Council's Landscape Referral section have considered the application against the Manly Local Environment Plan E4 Environmental Living zone, and the following Manly DCP 2013 controls (but not limited to): • 3.3.1 Landscaping Design • 3.3.2 Preservation of Trees or Bushland Vegetation • 4.1.5 Open Space and Landscaping
	The objectives of the Zone E4 Environmental Living include: ensure that residential development does not have an adverse effect on in areas with special ecological, scientific or aesthetic values; protect tree canopies and ensure that new development does not dominate the natural scenic qualities of the foreshore; ensure that development does not negatively impact on nearby foreshores, significant geological features and bushland, including loss of natural vegetation; and ensure that the height and bulk of any proposed buildings or structures have regard to existing vegetation, topography and surrounding land uses.
	The existing site contains a managed landscaped garden with the majority of planting species being exempt Palm species, understorey garden planting, pavements and lawn. One locally native Port Jackson Fig species is located along the southern boundary of Bower Street, and is located at the base of the existing boundary wall, with root expansion structurally impacting upon the wall and the adjoining footpath. Removal of this tree is proposed and reported to be without a design alternative for retention, and approval to remove this tree is subject to a like for like replacement within the Bower Street front setback lawn in proximity to the existing location, at a safe distance from structures.
	A Landscape Plan and a Arboricultural Impact Assessment is provided with the application and these documents are the basis of the Landscape Referral assessment.
	The Landscape Plan provides for a coastal suited planting theme including small native tree planting, and various shrub, accent and groundcover planting into deep soil, balcony on slab planters, retaining walls, stairs, paved areas and lawn. A replacement Port Jackson Fig (Ficus rubiginosa) shall be installed within the front setback of the Bower Street frontage proposed lawn area. As this site is within the terrestrial biodiversity zone, the landscape design shall comply with control 3.3.1, and is subject to any further advice by Council's Bushland & Biodiversity Referral on landscape design including the ratio and selection of planted species required to be locally endemic.
	The Arboricultural Impact Assessment proposes the removal of sixteen trees within the site and all are exempt species by height or by

Internal Referral Body	Comments
	type, including: numerous Bangalow Palms, Cocus Palms, Bird of Paradise, Orange Jessamine and Camellia. Two small locally native Cabbage Tree Palms identified as T13 and T14 are retained and recommended for relocation and conditions shall be imposed.
	The Port Jackson Fig identified as T1 is recommended for removal based on structural advice regarding the long term impact that this tree will cause to existing and proposed structures along the Bower Street boundary and within the road reserve. With reference to the engineer's report, remediation of the block wall along the southern boundary of the site shall require the removal of T1. Remediation of the wall is likely to require extensive root removal and selective branch removal. This is likely to have a significant impact upon the health, condition and physiological function of the tree resulting in a reduction of its useful life expectancy.
	Landscape Referral support the application subject to conditions of consent.
NECC (Bushland and Biodiversity)	The proposal has been assessed against the following provisions: - NSW Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (BC Act) - Manly LEP Clause 6.5 (Terrestrial Biodiversity) - Manly DCP Clause 5.3.2.1 (Threatened Species and Critical Habitat Lands) - Manly DCP Clause Manly DCP Clause 3.3.1.iv) (Landscaping in Bandicoot Habitat);
	The property is located within known habitat for the endangered population of Long-nosed Bandicoots at North Head; as such, assessment of potential impacts is required to be undertaken in accordance with Section 7.3 of the NSW Biodiversity Conservation Act (i.e. the threatened species "test of significance"). This assessment has been undertaken and has concluded that the proposal is unlikely to result in significant impact to the endangered bandicoot population.
	Given that evidence of bandicoot occupation was identified within the site, a wildlife relocation protocol is required to be prepared by a suitably qualified ecologist prior to the Construction Certificate.
	The submitted Landscape Plan does not comply with MDCP cl 3.3.1.iv) and comprises mostly exotic species with limited habitat value. The Landscape Plan is to be amended (in accordance with consent conditions recommended by the Biodiversity and Landscape Referral Bodies) prior to Construction Certificate.
	It is considered that the proposal generally complies with the controls, subject to the abovementioned conditions.
NECC (Coast and Catchments)	This application was assessed in consideration of: • Supplied plans and reports; • Coastal Management Act 2016; • State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018

Internal Referral Body	Comments
-	(sections 13, 14 & 15); and
	Relevant LEP and DCP clauses.
	The application mosts the requirements of the relevant Environmental
	The application meets the requirements of the relevant Environmental Planning Instruments and policies.
	laming mediamente and penetee.
	The application is supported subject to conditions:
	 Installation and maintenance of erosion and sediment controls (prior to commencement)
	Geotechnical issues (during works)
	Stormwater management (prior to construction certificate)
NECC (Development	Development Engineering has no objection to the application subject
Engineering)	to the following conditions of consent.
NECC (Stormwater and	The proposed development is for alterations and additions to an
Floodplain Engineering –	existing dwelling. Subject to conditions, the development is compliant
Flood risk)	with Council's flood prone land development controls.
Strategic and Place Planning (Heritage Officer)	HERITAGE COMMENTS Discussion of reason for referral
(Heritage Officer)	Discussion of reason for referral
	The proposal has been referred to Heritage as the subject property
	is within proximity of a heritage item, listed in Schedule 5 of Manly
	Local Environmental Plan 2013:
	Item I90 - Street trees (Acaucaria heterophylla) - Bower Street
	(from Cliff Street to College Street)
	(
	Details of heritage items affected
	Details of this conservation area as contained within the Northern Beaches heritage inventory are:
	beaches hemage inventory are.
	Item I90 - Street trees (Acaucaria heterophylla)
	Statement of Significance:
	Listed for its aesthetic importance to the streetscape. Continuity
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area.
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area. Physical Description:
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area. Physical Description: Norfolk Island pines (Araucaria Heterophylla). Appear to have been planted in the early 1900's.
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area. Physical Description: Norfolk Island pines (Araucaria Heterophylla). Appear to have been planted in the early 1900's. Other relevant heritage listings
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area. Physical Description: Norfolk Island pines (Araucaria Heterophylla). Appear to have been planted in the early 1900's. Other relevant heritage listings Sydney Regional No
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area. Physical Description: Norfolk Island pines (Araucaria Heterophylla). Appear to have been planted in the early 1900's. Other relevant heritage listings
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area. Physical Description: Norfolk Island pines (Araucaria Heterophylla). Appear to have been planted in the early 1900's. Other relevant heritage listings Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area. Physical Description: Norfolk Island pines (Araucaria Heterophylla). Appear to have been planted in the early 1900's. Other relevant heritage listings Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005 Australian Heritage No
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area. Physical Description: Norfolk Island pines (Araucaria Heterophylla). Appear to have been planted in the early 1900's. Other relevant heritage listings Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005 Australian Heritage Register
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area. Physical Description: Norfolk Island pines (Araucaria Heterophylla). Appear to have been planted in the early 1900's. Other relevant heritage listings Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005 Australian Heritage No Register NSW State Heritage No
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area. Physical Description: Norfolk Island pines (Araucaria Heterophylla). Appear to have been planted in the early 1900's. Other relevant heritage listings Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005 Australian Heritage Register
	with the earlier street tree plants of Manly 'Village' area. Physical Description: Norfolk Island pines (Araucaria Heterophylla). Appear to have been planted in the early 1900's. Other relevant heritage listings Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005 Australian Heritage Register NSW State Heritage Register

Internal Referral Body	Comments		
	RAIA Register of 20th Century Buildings of Significance	No	
	Other	N/A	
	Consideration of Applica	tion	
	existing dwelling, includid dwelling with primary ext walls, ground floor bulkh	ng the pernal ween ead, gr	alterations and additions to the partial demolition of the existing alls, chimney structure, sandstone ound and first floor level slabs the elevated driveway is proposed
	The property partly adjoins a heritage item, however, the heritage listed Norfolk Island Pines are located further away, to the west of the subject site and here is no heritage street trees outside the property. As such, there is no impact to the heritage listed street trees or their significance.		
	Therefore, no objections are raised on heritage grounds and no conditions required.		
	Consider against the provisions of CL5.10 of Manly LEP 2013. Is a Conservation Management Plan (CMP) Required? No Has a CMP been provided? No Is a Heritage Impact Statement required? No Has a Heritage Impact Statement been provided? No		
	Further Comments		
	COMPLETED BY: Oya (DATE: 18 August 2021	Guner, I	Heritage Advisor

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING INSTRUMENTS (EPIS)*

All, Environmental Planning Instruments (SEPPs, REPs and LEPs), Development Controls Plans and Council Policies have been considered in the merit assessment of this application.

In this regard, whilst all provisions of each Environmental Planning Instruments (SEPPs, REPs and LEPs), Development Controls Plans and Council Policies have been considered in the assessment, many provisions contained within the document are not relevant or are enacting, definitions and operational provisions which the proposal is considered to be acceptable against.

As such, an assessment is provided against the controls relevant to the merit consideration of the application hereunder.

State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) and State Regional Environmental Plans (SREPs)

SEPP 55 - Remediation of Land

Clause 7 (1) (a) of SEPP 55 requires the Consent Authority to consider whether land is contaminated. Council records indicate that the subject site has been used for residential purposes for a significant period of time with no prior land uses. In this regard it is considered that the site poses no risk of contamination and therefore, no further consideration is required under Clause 7 (1) (b) and (c) of SEPP 55 and the land is considered to be suitable for the residential land use.

SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

A BASIX certificate has been submitted with the application (see Certificate No. 1219182S dated 30 July 2021).

The BASIX Certificate indicates that the development will achieve the following:

Commitment	Required Target	Proposed
Water	40	41
Thermal Comfort	Pass	Pass
Energy	50	51

A condition has been included in the recommendation of this report requiring compliance with the commitments indicated in the BASIX Certificate.

SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007

Ausgrid

Clause 45 of the SEPP requires the Consent Authority to consider any development application (or an application for modification of consent) for any development carried out:

- within or immediately adjacent to an easement for electricity purposes (whether or not the electricity infrastructure exists).
- immediately adjacent to an electricity substation.
- within 5.0m of an overhead power line.
- includes installation of a swimming pool any part of which is: within 30m of a structure supporting an overhead electricity transmission line and/or within 5.0m of an overhead electricity power line.

Comment:

The proposal was referred to Ausgrid. No response has been received within the 21 day statutory period and therefore, it is assumed that no objections are raised and no conditions are recommended.

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005

The subject property is located within the Foreshores and Waterways Area therefore the provisions of this plan apply to this development.

An assessment of the proposal against Clause 2(2) (aims of the SREP), Clause 14 (nominated planning principles), Clause 22 (relating to public access to and use of foreshores and waterways), Clause 23 (relating to maintenance of a working harbour), Clause 24 (relating to interrelationship of waterway and foreshore uses), Clause 25 (relating to foreshore and waterways scenic quality), Clause 26 (relating to maintenance, protection and enhancement of views) and Clause 27 (relating to boat storage facilities) has been undertaken. The proposal is considered to be consistent with the above provisions of the SREP. Given the scale of the proposed modification and the works proposed referral to the Foreshores and Waterways Planning and Development Advisory Committee was not considered necessary.

SEPP (Coastal Management) 2018

The site is classified as land within the coastal environment area and land within the coastal use area under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018. Accordingly, an assessment under the SEPP has been carried out as follows:

13 Development on land within the coastal environment area

- (1) Development consent must not be granted to development on land that is within the coastal environment area unless the consent authority has considered whether the proposed development is likely to cause an adverse impact on the following:
 - (a) the integrity and resilience of the biophysical, hydrological (surface and groundwater) and ecological environment,
 - (b) coastal environmental values and natural coastal processes,
 - (c) the water quality of the marine estate (within the meaning of the Marine Estate Management Act 2014), in particular, the cumulative impacts of the proposed development on any of the sensitive coastal lakes identified in Schedule 1,
 - (d) marine vegetation, native vegetation and fauna and their habitats, undeveloped headlands and rock platforms,
 - (e) existing public open space and safe access to and along the foreshore, beach, headland or rock platform for members of the public, including persons with a disability,
 - (f) Aboriginal cultural heritage, practices and places,
 - (g) the use of the surf zone.

Comment:

The application has been reviewed by Councils Natural Environment Referral Coastal Officer. The application has been found to meet the requirements of the relevant Environmental Planning Instruments and policies and is not expected to have any adverse impacts on the above.

- (2) Development consent must not be granted to development on land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that:
 - (a) the development is designed, sited and will be managed to avoid an adverse impact referred to in subclause (1), or
 - (b) if that impact cannot be reasonably avoided—the development is designed, sited and will be managed to minimise that impact, or
 - (c) if that impact cannot be minimised—the development will be managed to mitigate that impact.

Comment:

The application has been reviewed by Councils Natural Environment Referral Coastal Officer. The application has been found to meet the requirements of the relevant Environmental Planning Instruments and policies and is not expected to have any adverse impacts.

14 Development on land within the coastal use area

- (1) (a) has considered whether the proposed development is likely to cause an adverse impact on the following:
 - (i) existing, safe access to and along the foreshore, beach, headland or rock platform for members of the public, including persons with a disability,
 - (ii) overshadowing, wind funnelling and the loss of views from public places to foreshores,
 - (iii) the visual amenity and scenic qualities of the coast, including coastal headlands,
 - (iv) Aboriginal cultural heritage, practices and places,
 - (v) cultural and built environment heritage, and
 - (b) is satisfied that:
 - (i) the development is designed, sited and will be managed to avoid an adverse impact referred to in paragraph (a), or
 - (ii) if that impact cannot be reasonably avoided—the development is designed, sited and will be managed to minimise that impact, or
 - (iii) if that impact cannot be minimised—the development will be managed to mitigate that impact, and
 - (c) has taken into account the surrounding coastal and built environment, and the bulk, scale and size of the proposed development.

Comment:

The application has been reviewed by Councils Natural Environment Referral Coastal Officer. The application has been found to meet the requirements of the relevant Environmental Planning Instruments and policies and is not expected to have any adverse impacts.

15 Development in coastal zone generally—development not to increase risk of coastal hazards

Development consent must not be granted to development on land within the coastal zone unless the consent authority is satisfied that the proposed development is not likely to cause increased risk of coastal hazards on that land or other land

Comment:

The application has been reviewed by Councils Natural Environment Referral Coastal Officer. The application has been found to meet the requirements of the relevant Environmental Planning Instruments and policies and is not expected to cause increased risk of coastal hazards on that land or other land.

As such, it is considered that the application complies with the requirements of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018.

Manly Local Environmental Plan 2013

Is the development permissible?	Yes

After consideration of the merits of the proposal, is the development consistent with:		
aims of the LEP?		
zone objectives of the LEP?	Yes	

Principal Development Standards

Standard	Requirement	Proposed	% Variation	Complies
Height of Buildings:	8.5m	9.67m	13.7%	No
Floor Space Ratio	FSR:0.45:1 (331.2sqm)	FSR: 0.54:1 (393.7sqm)	20%	No

Compliance Assessment

Clause	Compliance with Requirements
4.3 Height of buildings	No
4.4 Floor space ratio	No
4.6 Exceptions to development standards	Yes
5.8 Conversion of fire alarms	Yes
6.2 Earthworks	Yes
6.4 Stormwater management	Yes
6.5 Terrestrial biodiversity	Yes
6.8 Landslide risk	Yes
6.9 Foreshore scenic protection area	Yes
6.12 Essential services	Yes

Detailed Assessment

4.6 Exceptions to development standards

<u>Description of non-compliance:</u>

Development standard:	Height of buildings
Requirement:	8.5m
Proposed:	9.67m
Percentage variation to requirement:	13.7%

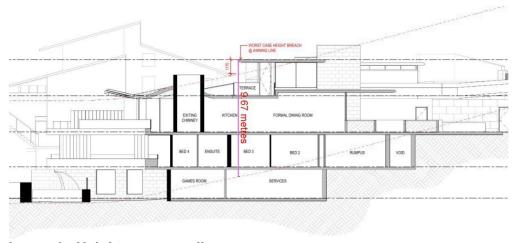


Image 1 - Height non-compliance

Assessment of request to vary a development standard:

The following assessment of the variation to clause 4.3 – Height of Buildings development standard, has taken into consideration the recent judgement contained within *Initial Action Pty Ltd v Woollahra Municipal Council [2018] NSWLEC 118, Baron Corporation Pty Limited v Council of the City of Sydney [2019] NSWLEC 61,* and *RebelMH Neutral Bay Pty Limited v North Sydney Council [2019] NSWCA 130.*

Clause 4.6 Exceptions to development standards:

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
- (a) to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying certain development standards to particular development,
- (b) to achieve better outcomes for and from development by allowing flexibility in particular circumstances.
- (2) Development consent may, subject to this clause, be granted for development even though the development would contravene a development standard imposed by this or any other environmental planning instrument. However, this clause does not apply to a development standard that is expressly excluded from the operation of this clause.

Comment:

Clause 4.3 – Height of Buildings development standard is not expressly excluded from the operation of this clause.

- (3) Development consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless the consent authority has considered a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention of the development standard by demonstrating:
- (a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and
- (b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.
- (4) Development consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless:
- (a) the consent authority is satisfied that:
- (i) the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by

subclause (3), and

- (ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out, and
- (b) the concurrence of the Secretary has been obtained.

Clause 4.6 (4)(a)(i) (Justification) assessment:

Clause 4.6 (4)(a)(i) requires the consent authority to be satisfied that the applicant's written request, seeking to justify the contravention of the development standard, has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by cl 4.6(3). There are two separate matters for consideration contained within cl 4.6(3) and these are addressed as follows:

(a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and

Comment:

The Applicant's written request (attached to this report as an Appendix) has demonstrated that the objectives of the development standard are achieved, notwithstanding the non-compliance with the development standard.

In doing so, the Applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of this case as required by cl 4.6(3)(a).

(b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.

Comment:

In the matter of Initial Action Pty Ltd v Woollahra Municipal Council [2018] NSWLEC 118, Preston CJ provides the following guidance (para 23) to inform the consent authority's finding that the applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard:

'As to the second matter required by cl 4.6(3)(b), the grounds relied on by the applicant in the written request under cl 4.6 must be "environmental planning grounds" by their nature: see Four2Five Pty Ltd v Ashfield Council [2015] NSWLEC 90 at [26]. The adjectival phrase "environmental planning" is not defined, but would refer to grounds that relate to the subject matter, scope and purpose of the EPA Act, including the objects in s 1.3 of the EPA Act.'

s 1.3 of the EPA Act reads as follows:

- 1.3 Objects of Act(cf previous s 5)
- The objects of this Act are as follows:
- (a) to promote the social and economic welfare of the community and a better environment by the proper management, development and conservation of the State's natural and other resources,
- (b) to facilitate ecologically sustainable development by integrating relevant economic, environmental and social considerations in decision-making about environmental planning and assessment,
- (c) to promote the orderly and economic use and development of land,
- (d) to promote the delivery and maintenance of affordable housing,
- (e) to protect the environment, including the conservation of threatened and other species of

native animals and plants, ecological communities and their habitats,

- (f) to promote the sustainable management of built and cultural heritage (including Aboriginal cultural heritage),
- (g) to promote good design and amenity of the built environment,
- (h) to promote the proper construction and maintenance of buildings, including the protection of the health and safety of their occupants,
- (i) to promote the sharing of the responsibility for environmental planning and assessment between the different levels of government in the State.
- (j) to provide increased opportunity for community participation in environmental planning and assessment.

The applicants written request argues, in part:

- "It should be noted that the permitted gross floor area is distributed on the upper levels as the existing lower ground floor although contributing to, and creating the noncompliance, is all flood liable and practically unusable due to regular inundation. With future sea level rise, the use of this area will ultimately be sterilized which is prejudicial to the proponent's reasonable expectations and "entitlements" of gross floor area. The area cannot be modified to provide the requisite habitable accommodation due to the need to raise the floor level which is prohibited by the minimal ceiling heights and hence the floor space is distributed on upper levels creating the tension with the height standard.
- Demolition and erection of a new building will set a higher baseline as Council allows for the height standard to be set by the flood planning level.
- The irregular shape of the land combined with the significant slope of the land from Bower Street to Marine Parade create a site that is difficult for design and layout of adequate floor levels taking into account the existing layout and amenity of adjoining properties and constraints of the existing building:
- The proposed height exceedances do not apply to all of the building; the large majority of the building complies with and is well below the development standard;
- The areas of non-compliance comprise three architectural blade features and two roof areas over open-air terraces, rather than areas of additional indoor living areas or habitable rooms all of which have positive effects in terms of amenity and design integrity;
- The non-compliant areas of the development are located on the eastern side of the building, where there is no overshadowing impacts as a result of the variations;
- The proposed alterations and additions have been designed to utilize the existing structure of the building, extend the undercroft area, consolidate the upper living areas, vehicle access to the site and storage. Clause 4.4.2 of the Manly DCP promotes the retention and adaptation of existing buildings rather than their demolition.
- In this situation the encroaching elements are important contributors to a positive design form which actually assists in creating a quality aesthetic and assists in minimising visual impacts when viewed from street and public realm areas.
- The height of the building is an important design consideration to remedy the existing anomalous situation whereby the existing building appears dwarfed by the scale of surrounding development.
- Removal of the non-compliant elements will have no material external benefit but conversely particularly in regard to the roof element, would be a deleterious impact on the amenity of the occupants in terms of weatherproofing and solar control".

Council's Assessment of the Clause 4.6 Request

The applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated that the works are consistent with the objects of the EP&A Act, specifically the following objects of the EP&A Act:

- The development promotes the orderly and economic use and development of the land, in so far
 as the proposed works to the ageing building is an orderly response to the development of the
 site;
- The development promotes good design and amenity of the built environment, noting that the dwelling house integrates and works with the sloping topography of the property.

In this regard, the applicant's written request has demonstrated that the proposed development is an orderly and economic use and development of the land, and that the structure is of a good design that will reasonably protect and improve the amenity of the surrounding built environment, therefore satisfying cls 1.3 (c) and (g) of the EPA Act.

Therefore, the applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard as required by cl 4.6 (3)(b).

Therefore, Council is satisfied that the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by cl 4.6(3).

Clause 4.6 (4)(a)(ii) (Public Interest) assessment:

cl 4.6 (4)(a)(ii) requires the consent authority to be satisfied that:

(ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out

Comment:

In considering whether or not the proposed development will be in the public interest, consideration must be given to the underlying objectives of the Height of Buildings development standard and the objectives of the R2 Low Density Residential zone. An assessment against these objectives is provided below.

Objectives of development standard

The underlying objectives of the standard, pursuant to Clause 4.3 – 'Height of buildings' of the MLEP 2013 are:

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
 - a) to provide for building heights and roof forms that are consistent with the topographic landscape, prevailing building height and desired future streetscape character in the locality,

Comment:

The development is predominantly beneath the maximum permissible height limit as evident on the architectural plans, and overall achieves a building height that is consistent with other residential dwellings within Bower Street.

b) to control the bulk and scale of buildings,

Comment:

The bulk and scale of the development is consistent with nearby development and will not result in any unreasonable impacts within the locality. The proposed bulk and scale is satisfactory in this circumstance.

- c) to minimise disruption to the following:
- (i) views to nearby residential development from public spaces (including the harbour and foreshores).
- (ii) views from nearby residential development to public spaces (including the harbour and foreshores).
- (iii) views between public spaces (including the harbour and foreshores),

Comment:

The proposed development does not cause unreasonable view loss to and from public and private open spaces.

d) to provide solar access to public and private open spaces and maintain adequate sunlight access to private open spaces and to habitable rooms of adjacent dwellings,

Comment:

The solar impacts of this aspect of the development are minimal and acceptable in terms of the impacts on habitable rooms of the adjoining properties and public open spaces.

e) to ensure the height and bulk of any proposed building or structure in a recreation or environmental protection zone has regard to existing vegetation and topography and any other aspect that might conflict with bushland and surrounding land uses.

Comment:

The proposed building height non-compliance will not compromise the adjoining aquatic land use.

Zone objectives

The underlying objectives of the C4 Environmental Living zone are:

- To provide for low-impact residential development in areas with special ecological, scientific or aesthetic values.

Comment:

The proposed development is located entirely within the subject site and is consistent with low density residential development within the immediate vicinity. The development will have a negligible impact on the nearby foreshore.

- To ensure that residential development does not have an adverse effect on those values.

Comment:

The works will have a negligible impact on the scenic foreshore protection area in which the site is located and will not compromise any special ecological, scientific or aesthetic values.

- To protect tree canopies and ensure that new development does not dominate the natural

scenic qualities of the foreshore.

Comment:

The proposed works would have no impact on tree canopies. The subject site is not in close vicinity of any important trees. The size and scale of the proposal means that it would not dominate scenic qualities of the foreshore. The proposed built form, as amended will fit comfortably within its surrounds.

 To ensure that development does not negatively impact on nearby foreshores, significant geological features and bushland, including loss of natural vegetation.

Comment:

The proposed works are located near the foreshore however by design and as conditioned will have no impact on natural features. The generous setback proposed between the subject site and the foreshore will ensure that the development does not cause any unreasonable impact upon the the harbour.

 To encourage revegetation and rehabilitation of the immediate foreshore, where appropriate, and minimise the impact of hard surfaces and associated pollutants in stormwater runoff on the ecological characteristics of the locality, including water quality.

Comment:

The proposal is not considered to have any negative impacts on the foreshore, subject to conditions.

 To encourage revegetation and rehabilitation of the immediate foreshore, where appropriate, and minimise the impact of hard surfaces and associated pollutants in stormwater runoff on the ecological characteristics of the locality, including water quality.

Comment:

The development does not significantly alter the existing landscape component for the site and will have no impact on stormwater management.

Conclusion:

For the reasons detailed above, the proposal is considered to be consistent with the objectives of the C4 Environmental Living zone.

Clause 4.6 (4)(b) (Concurrence of the Secretary) assessment:

cl. 4.6(4)(b) requires the concurrence of the Secretary to be obtained in order for development consent to be granted.

Planning Circular PS20-002 dated 5 May 2020, as issued by the NSW Department of Planning, advises that the concurrence of the Secretary may be assumed for exceptions to development standards under environmental planning instruments that adopt Clause 4.6 of the Standard Instrument. In this regard, given the consistency of the variation to the objectives of the zone, and in accordance with correspondence from the Deputy Secretary on 2 November 2021, Council staff under the delegation of

the Development Determination Panel, may assume the concurrence of the Secretary for variations to the Height of building Development Standard associated with a single dwelling house (Class 1 building).

Description of non-compliance:

Development standard:	Floor space ratio
Requirement:	0.45:1 (331.2sqm)
Proposed:	0.54:1 (393.7sqm)
Percentage variation to requirement:	20%

Assessment of request to vary a development standard:

The following assessment of the variation to Clause 4.4 - Floor space ratio development standard, has taken into consideration the recent judgement contained within *Initial Action Pty Ltd v Woollahra Municipal Council [2018] NSWLEC 118, Baron Corporation Pty Limited v Council of the City of Sydney [2019] NSWLEC 61,* and *RebelMH Neutral Bay Pty Limited v North Sydney Council [2019] NSWCA 130.*

Clause 4.6 Exceptions to development standards:

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
- (a) to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying certain development standards to particular development,
- (b) to achieve better outcomes for and from development by allowing flexibility in particular circumstances.
- (2) Development consent may, subject to this clause, be granted for development even though the development would contravene a development standard imposed by this or any other environmental planning instrument. However, this clause does not apply to a development standard that is expressly excluded from the operation of this clause.

Comment:

Clause 4.4 - Floor space ratio development standard is not expressly excluded from the operation of this clause.

- (3) Development consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless the consent authority has considered a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention of the development standard by demonstrating:
- (a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and
- (b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.
- (4) Development consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless:
- (a) the consent authority is satisfied that:
- (i) the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by subclause (3), and
- (ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is

proposed to be carried out, and (b) the concurrence of the Secretary has been obtained.

Clause 4.6 (4)(a)(i) (Justification) assessment:

Clause 4.6 (4)(a)(i) requires the consent authority to be satisfied that the applicant's written request, seeking to justify the contravention of the development standard, has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by cl 4.6(3). There are two separate matters for consideration contained within cl 4.6(3) and these are addressed as follows:

(a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and

Comment:

The Applicant's written request (attached to this report as an Appendix) has demonstrated that the objectives of the development standard are achieved, notwithstanding the non-compliance with the development standard.

In doing so, the Applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of this case as required by cl 4.6(3)(a).

(b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.

Comment:

In the matter of Initial Action Pty Ltd v Woollahra Municipal Council [2018] NSWLEC 118, Preston CJ provides the following guidance (para 23) to inform the consent authority's finding that the applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard:

'As to the second matter required by cl 4.6(3)(b), the grounds relied on by the applicant in the written request under cl 4.6 must be "environmental planning grounds" by their nature: see Four2Five Pty Ltd v Ashfield Council [2015] NSWLEC 90 at [26]. The adjectival phrase "environmental planning" is not defined, but would refer to grounds that relate to the subject matter, scope and purpose of the EPA Act, including the objects in s 1.3 of the EPA Act.'

s 1.3 of the EPA Act reads as follows:

1.3 Objects of Act(cf previous s 5)

The objects of this Act are as follows:

- (a) to promote the social and economic welfare of the community and a better environment by the proper management, development and conservation of the State's natural and other resources.
- (b) to facilitate ecologically sustainable development by integrating relevant economic, environmental and social considerations in decision-making about environmental planning and assessment,
- (c) to promote the orderly and economic use and development of land,
- (d) to promote the delivery and maintenance of affordable housing,
- (e) to protect the environment, including the conservation of threatened and other species of native animals and plants, ecological communities and their habitats,
- (f) to promote the sustainable management of built and cultural heritage (including Aboriginal cultural heritage),

- (g) to promote good design and amenity of the built environment,
- (h) to promote the proper construction and maintenance of buildings, including the protection of the health and safety of their occupants,
- (i) to promote the sharing of the responsibility for environmental planning and assessment between the different levels of government in the State,
- (j) to provide increased opportunity for community participation in environmental planning and assessment.

The applicants written request argues, in part:

- "The site-specific environmental planning grounds that support the proposed variation to the floor space ratio development standard in this circumstance relate to the retention of part of the existing dwelling on site, the previous approval up to 0.58:1 for a dual occupancy on the site (which remains a valid approval) and the extension of the lower ground floor area wholly within the footprint of the existing dwelling.
- The Court has previously determined that a 0.58:1 FSR is suitable for the site, and the applicant has the right to proceed with that development. Notwithstanding, the applicant has elected to pursue a single dwelling house more in line with the objectives of the E4 zone and planning controls.
- Utilising the lower ground floor area for additional floor area does not contribute to additional bulk or scale. The remaining additional floor area proposed is to the eastern elevation of the dwelling and provides for additional articulation. It is noted that the FSR representative of the GFA above flood affected lower ground floor equates to 0.47:1, which is only a very minor variation is the circumstances.
- The utilisation of opportunities within the existing footprint that would otherwise be subfloor voids is considered to be orderly and economic development and resourceful use of the opportunities created by the site conditions without any adverse impacts.
- It should be noted that the permitted gross floor area is distributed on the upper levels as the existing lower ground floor although technically defined as GFA and contributing to, and creating the noncompliance, is all flood liable and practically unusable due to regular inundation. With future sea level rise, the use of this area will ultimately be sterilized but still technically counted as GFA which is prejudicial to the proponent's reasonable expectations and "entitlements" of gross floor area. The area cannot be modified to provide the requisite habitable accommodation due to the need to raise the floor level which is prohibited by the minimal ceiling heights.
- Further as Preston CJ clarified in Micaul and Initial Action, that sufficient environmental planning grounds may also include demonstrating a lack of adverse amenity impacts. As outlined in Section 5.2.1, there is considered to be a lack of adverse amenity impacts arising from the proposal as it will not result in adverse overshadowing, overlooking or unreasonable loss of views to adjoining properties".

Council's Assessment of the Clause 4.6 Request

The applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated that the works are consistent with the objects of the EP&A Act, specifically the following objects of the EP&A Act:

- The development promotes the orderly and economic use and development of the land, in so far as the proposed development upgrades the useability of the existing dwelling and such building is an orderly response to the development of the site;
- The development promotes good design and amenity of the built environment, noting that the
 works will not contribute to any unreasonable impact on amenity considerations (i.e solar
 access, privacy and view loss) to neighbouring properties.
- The development promotes a suitable residential use appropriate for the zone.
- The development promotes the proper construction and maintenance of buildings, in so far as

the bulk and scale of the proposed development is consistent with the streetscape, notwithstanding the non-compliance with the standard.

In this regard, the applicant's written request has demonstrated that the proposed development is an orderly and economic use and development of the land, and that the structure is of a good design that will reasonably protect and improve the amenity of the surrounding built environment, therefore satisfying cls 1.3 (c) and (g) of the EPA Act.

Therefore, the applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard as required by cl 4.6 (3)(b).

Therefore, Council is satisfied that the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by cl 4.6(3).

Clause 4.6 (4)(a)(ii) (Public Interest) assessment:

cl 4.6 (4)(a)(ii) requires the consent authority to be satisfied that:

(ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out

Comment:

In considering whether or not the proposed development will be in the public interest, consideration must be given to the underlying objectives of the Floor Space Ratio development standard and the objectives of the R2 Low Density Residential zone. An assessment against these objectives is provided below.

Objectives of development standard

The underlying objectives of the standard, pursuant to Clause 4.4 – 'Floor space ratio' of the MLEP 2013 are:

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
 - a) to ensure the bulk and scale of development is consistent with the existing and desired streetscape character,

Comment:

The proposed development is well articulated and modulated so as to break down the visual appearance of the built form. The subject site allows for a presentation of landscaping and vegetation that is complementary to the area. The proposal will not unreasonably impact upon the streetscape.

b) to control building density and bulk in relation to a site area to ensure that development does not obscure important landscape and townscape features,

Comment:

No important landscape features within the close vicinity of the subject site will be unreasonably impacted by the proposed works, as the footprint of the proposed dwelling remains largely consistent with the existing building. In regards to townscape features, there are no townscape features within the close vicinity of the subject site.

c) to maintain an appropriate visual relationship between new development and the existing character and landscape of the area,

Comment:

The development overall is found to enhance the visual continuity of the existing character of the area and improve the aesthetics of the development on site. The proposed development will sit appropriately within the residential setting in a manner that is consistent with the character and landscape of the area.

d) to minimise adverse environmental impacts on the use or enjoyment of adjoining land and the public domain,

Comment:

The proposal is consistent with the numeric control under clause 3.4.1 Sunlight Access and Overshadowing and 3.4.2 Privacy and Security of the Manly DCP. With regards to views, there will be no unreasonable impact to neighbouring private open space or the public realm.

e) to provide for the viability of business zones and encourage the development, expansion and diversity of business activities that will contribute to economic growth, the retention of local services and employment opportunities in local centres.

Comment:

The development is for residential use.

Zone objectives

The underlying objectives of the C4 Environmental Living zone are:

 To provide for low-impact residential development in areas with special ecological, scientific or aesthetic values.

Comment:

The proposed development is located entirely within the subject site and is consistent with low density residential development within the immediate vicinity. The development will have a negligible impact on the nearby foreshore.

- To ensure that residential development does not have an adverse effect on those values.

Comment:

The works will have a negligible impact on the scenic foreshore protection area in which the site is located and will not compromise any special ecological, scientific or aesthetic values.

- To protect tree canopies and ensure that new development does not dominate the natural scenic qualities of the foreshore.

Comment:

The proposed works would have no impact on tree canopies. The subject site is not in close vicinity of any important trees. The size and scale of the proposal means that it would not dominate scenic qualities of the foreshore. The proposed built form, as amended will fit comfortably within its surrounds.

- To ensure that development does not negatively impact on nearby foreshores, significant geological features and bushland, including loss of natural vegetation.

Comment:

The proposed works are located near the foreshore however by design and as conditioned will have no impact on natural features. The generous setback proposed between the subject site and the foreshore will ensure that the development does not cause any unreasonable impact upon the the harbour.

- To encourage revegetation and rehabilitation of the immediate foreshore, where appropriate, and minimise the impact of hard surfaces and associated pollutants in stormwater runoff on the ecological characteristics of the locality, including water quality.

Comment:

The proposal is not considered to have any negative impacts on the foreshore, subject to conditions.

- To encourage revegetation and rehabilitation of the immediate foreshore, where appropriate, and minimise the impact of hard surfaces and associated pollutants in stormwater runoff on the ecological characteristics of the locality, including water quality.

Comment:

The development does not significantly alter the existing landscape component for the site and will have no impact on stormwater management.

Conclusion:

For the reasons detailed above, the proposal is considered to be consistent with the objectives of the C4 Environmental Living zone.

Clause 4.6 (4)(b) (Concurrence of the Secretary) assessment:

cl. 4.6(4)(b) requires the concurrence of the Secretary to be obtained in order for development consent to be granted.

Planning Circular PS20-002 dated 5 May 2020, as issued by the NSW Department of Planning, advises that the concurrence of the Secretary may be assumed for exceptions to development standards under environmental planning instruments that adopt Clause 4.6 of the Standard Instrument. In this regard, given the consistency of the variation to the objectives of the zone, and in accordance with correspondence from the Deputy Secretary on 2 November 2021, Council staff under the delegation of the Development Determination Panel, may assume the concurrence of the Secretary for variations to

the Height of building Development Standard associated with a single dwelling house (Class 1 building).

Manly Development Control Plan

Built Form Controls

Built Form Controls - Site Area: 736.1sqm	Requirement	Proposed	% Variation*	Complies
4.1.2.1 Wall Height	West: 8m (based on gradient 1:4)	9.67m	20.88%	No
	East: 8m (based on gradient 1:4)	7m	-	Yes
4.1.2.2 Number of Storeys	2	4	100%	No
4.1.2.3 Roof Height	Height: 2.5m	0.6m	-	Yes
4.1.4.1 Street Front Setbacks	Prevailing building line / 6m	6.8m - 9.8m	-	Yes
4.1.4.2 Side Setbacks and Secondary Street Frontages	3.22m (based on western wall height)	Ground floor - 0.9m - 2.5m First floor - 1.7m Entry level - 2.3m	31%	No
	2.33m (based on eastern wall height)	Ground floor - 0.2m - 0.9m - 2m First floor - 0.9m - 1.1m Entry level - 0m - 1.4m	100%	No
	Windows: 3m	2.3m (first floor east elevation) 2.5m - 3.3m (Frist floor west elevation)	23.3%	No
4.1.4.6 Setback for development adjacent to LEP Zones RE1, RE2, E1 and E2	8m (rear boundary)	10.5m	-	Yes
4.1.5.1 Minimum Residential Total Open Space Requirements Residential Open Space Area:	Open space 55% (404.8sqm) of site area	49% (360sqm)	-	No
OS3	Open space above ground <25% of total open space	12.9% (56.2sqm)	-	Yes
4.1.5.2 Landscaped Area	Landscaped area 35% of open space	40% (144sqm)	-	Yes
	2 native trees	2 trees	-	Yes
4.1.5.3 Private Open Space	18sqm per dwelling	>18sqm	-	Yes
4.1.6.1 Parking Design and the Location of Garages, Carports or Hardstand Areas	Maximum 50% of frontage up to maximum 6.2m	6.8m	9.6%	No
4.1.9 Swimming Pools, Spas	1m height above ground	0.7m	-	Yes
and Water Features	1m curtilage/1.5m water	1.7m, 1.9m		Yes

	side/rear setback			
4.1.10 Fencing	1m, 1.5m with 30% transparency	2m	50%	No
Schedule 3 Parking and Access	Dwelling 2 spaces	2 spaces	-	Yes

Compliance Assessment

Clause	Compliance with Requirements	Consistency Aims/Objectives
3.1 Streetscapes and Townscapes	Yes	Yes
3.1.1 Streetscape (Residential areas)	Yes	Yes
3.3.1 Landscaping Design	Yes	Yes
3.3.2 Preservation of Trees or Bushland Vegetation	Yes	Yes
3.3.3 Footpath Tree Planting	Yes	Yes
3.4 Amenity (Views, Overshadowing, Overlooking /Privacy, Noise)	Yes	Yes
3.4.1 Sunlight Access and Overshadowing	Yes	Yes
3.4.2 Privacy and Security	Yes	Yes
3.4.3 Maintenance of Views	Yes	Yes
3.4.4 Other Nuisance (Odour, Fumes etc.)	Yes	Yes
3.5 Sustainability - (Greenhouse Energy Efficiency, Thermal Performance, and Water Sensitive Urban Design)	Yes	Yes
3.6 Accessibility	Yes	Yes
3.7 Stormwater Management	Yes	Yes
3.8 Waste Management	Yes	Yes
3.9 Mechanical Plant Equipment	Yes	Yes
3.10 Safety and Security	Yes	Yes
4.1.1.1 Residential Density and Dwelling Size	Yes	Yes
4.1.2 Height of Buildings (Incorporating Wall Height, Number of Storeys & Roof Height)	No	Yes
4.1.3 Floor Space Ratio (FSR)	No	Yes
4.1.4 Setbacks (front, side and rear) and Building Separation	No	Yes
4.1.5 Open Space and Landscaping	No	Yes
4.1.6 Parking, Vehicular Access and Loading (Including Bicycle Facilities)	No	Yes
4.1.7 First Floor and Roof Additions	Yes	Yes
4.1.8 Development on Sloping Sites	Yes	Yes
4.1.9 Swimming Pools, Spas and Water Features	Yes	Yes
4.1.10 Fencing	No	Yes
4.4.1 Demolition	Yes	Yes
4.4.2 Alterations and Additions	Yes	Yes
4.4.5 Earthworks (Excavation and Filling)	Yes	Yes
5 Special Character Areas and Sites	Yes	Yes

	_	Consistency Aims/Objectives
5.4.1 Foreshore Scenic Protection Area	Yes	Yes
5.4.2 Threatened Species and Critical Habitat Lands	Yes	Yes

Detailed Assessment

3.1 Streetscapes and Townscapes

Description of non-compliance

Clause 4.1.10 of the MDCP 2013 limits the height of solid fences/walls to 1m above natural ground level. Furthermore, the control states that fences can be increased to 1.5m, provided the area above 1m is at least 30% transparent.

This modified development involves increasing the approved boundary fencing height from 1.8m in height to 2m, which does not satisfy the numeric requirement.

Merit consideration:

With regard to the consideration for a variation, the development is considered against the underlying Objectives of the Control as follows:

Objective 1) To minimise any negative visual impact of walls, fences and carparking on the street frontage.

Comment:

As noted above the application seeks consent for 2m high front fence. The height of the fence, coupled with the fact that the transparent elements are minimal and is not of reasonable scale. Notwithstanding, Council acknowledged that Bower Street is dominated by walls and parking structures along the front boundary The front yard serves as part of the living areas for the occupants of the dwelling house on the subject site and there is a reasonable expectation that visual privacy will be maintained within this area. To ensure a more balanced outcome for the streetscape that is considerate of the need to conserve privacy, a suitable condition has been included with this consent requiring the fence to be lowered to a maximum height of 1.8m above natural ground level. Subject to compliance with this condition, the visual impact upon the streetscape will be acceptable.

Objective 2) To ensure development generally viewed from the street complements the identified streetscape.

Comment:

Subject to condition of consent included above, the proposal will compliment other development within the streetscape

Objective 3) To encourage soft landscape alternatives when front fences and walls may not be appropriate.

Comment:

The proposed landscaping within the front setback is suitable in this circumstance.

Having regard to the above assessment, it is concluded that the proposed development is consistent with the relevant objectives of MDCP and the objectives specified in section 1.3(a) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979. Accordingly, this assessment finds that the proposal is supported, in this particular circumstance.

4.1.2 Height of Buildings (Incorporating Wall Height, Number of Storeys & Roof Height)

Clause 4.1.2 of Manly DCP permits a maximum wall height permitted by this control is determined by the slope of the land. The slope of the land along the northern and southern elevations is as follows:

 East and western elevation: 1:4 gradient, which permits a maximum wall height of 8m wall height.

The maximum wall height of the proposed dwelling house is as follows:

- Eastern wall: 7m,compliant with the numeric control.
- Western wall: 9.67m, which represents a 20.88% variation from the numeric requirement.

Clause 4.1.2 of the MDCP 2013 also limits building to 2 storeys in height. The proposal is 4 storeys in height, which does not satisfy this requirement.

This Clause relies upon the objectives of Clause 4.3 under MLEP 2013. An assessment of the proposal against the objectives of Clause 4.3 has been provided within this report. This assessment has found the proposal to be consistent with the objectives of Clause 4.3.

4.1.3 Floor Space Ratio (FSR)

A detailed assessment of the FSR variation has been undertaken within the section of this report relating to Clause 4.6 of the Manly LEP 2013. In conclusion, the applicant has adequately justified that compliance with the FSR Development Standard is unreasonable and unnecessary and that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify the variation.

4.1.4 Setbacks (front, side and rear) and Building Separation

Description of non-compliance

Clause 4.1.4.2 of the Manly DCP requires development be setback at least 3.22m from the western property boundary and 2.33m from the eastern boundary.

Clause 4.1.4.4 of the Manly DCP requires windows be setback 3m from side property boundaries.

The development proposes the following:

Western side setback- 30.9m - 2.5m ground floor, 0.9m - 1.7m first floor and 2.3m entry floor (up to 30% variation to the numeric control)

Eastern side setback- 1.5m ground floor, 1.5m - 2.7m first floor (up to 100% variation to the numeric control).

Windows- 2.3m - 3.5m (up to 23.3% variation to the numeric control).

Merit consideration:

With regard to the consideration for a variation, the development is considered against the underlying Objectives of the Control as follows:

Objective 1) To maintain and enhance the existing streetscape including the desired spatial proportions of the street, the street edge and the landscape character of the street.

Comment:

The proposed side setbacks are consistent with the existing development within the immediate vicinity, and introduces an improved landscape treatment to the front setback area. As such, the proposed development maintained the existing desired spatial proportions of the street, the street edge and the landscape character of the street, despite the non-compliant side and front setbacks.

Objective 2) To ensure and enhance local amenity by:

- providing privacy;
- providing equitable access to light, sunshine and air movement; and
- facilitating view sharing and maintaining adequate space between buildings to limit impacts on views and vistas from private and public spaces.
- defining and adding character to the streetscape including the provision of adequate space between buildings to create a rhythm or pattern of spaces; and
- facilitating safe and adequate traffic conditions including levels of visibility around corner lots at the street intersection.

Comment:

The proposed development allows for adequate visual and acoustic privacy to be retained between the subject site and neighbouring properties. In regards to sunlight access, the proposed development is consistent with the numeric requirement for solar access under Clause 3.4.1 of the Manly DCP. The proposed development will not lead to any loss of significant view. There is no significant impact on the streetscape, subject to conditions.

Objective 3) To promote flexibility in the siting of buildings.

Comment:

Flexibility is provided in this circumstance as the proposed dwelling house will not result in any unreasonable impacts upon adjoining properties.

Objective 4) To enhance and maintain natural features by:

- accommodating planting, including deep soil zones, vegetation consolidated across sites, native vegetation and native trees;
- ensuring the nature of development does not unduly detract from the context of the site and particularly in relation to the nature of any adjoining Open Space lands and National Parks; and
- ensuring the provisions of State Environmental Planning Policy No 19 Urban Bushland are satisfied.

Comment:

Suitable landscaping is provided across the site. Subject to conditions imposed by Council's Landscape

Architect the proposal complies with this clause.

Objective 5) To assist in appropriate bush fire asset protection zones.

Comment:

The subject site is not located in a bush fire zone.

Having regard to the above assessment, it is concluded that the proposed development is consistent with the relevant objectives of MDCP and the objectives specified in section 1.3(a) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979. Accordingly, this assessment finds that the proposal is supported, in this particular circumstance.

4.1.5 Open Space and Landscaping

Description of non-compliance

Clause 4.1.5.1 of the Manly DCP requires 55% or 404.8sqm of site area be total open space. The development proposes 49% or 360sqm of total open space, non-compliant with the numeric control.

Merit consideration:

With regard to the consideration for a variation, the development is considered against the underlying Objectives of the Control as follows:

Objective 1) To retain and augment important landscape features and vegetation including remnant populations of native flora and fauna.

Comment:

The proposed development does not require the removal of any significant vegetation and demonstrates compliance with the landscaped area requirement. The development therefore adequately retains the landscape features of the site.

Objective 2) To maximise soft landscaped areas and open space at ground level, encourage appropriate tree planting and the maintenance of existing vegetation and bushland.

Comment:

The proposed works are consistent with the numerical control relating to Landscaped Open Space.

Objective 3) To maintain and enhance the amenity (including sunlight, privacy and views) of the site, the streetscape and the surrounding area.

Comment:

The proposed dwelling maintains sufficient levels of amenity to adjoining properties

Objective 4) To maximise water infiltration on-site with porous landscaped areas and surfaces and minimise stormwater runoff.

Comment:

Stormwater runoff is minimised by the proposed landscaped open space. The landscaped open space reduces the impermeable surface, which increases the potential for water infiltration on the site and minimises stormwater runoff.

Objective 5) To minimise the spread of weeds and the degradation of private and public open space.

Comment:

The proposed private open space is compliant with the numerical requirements under the Manly DCP. The proposed works do not unreasonably impact upon public open space. The proposed works will not lead to an increased spread of weeds.

Objective 6) To maximise wildlife habitat and the potential for wildlife corridors.

Comment:

The proposal will not have any unreasonable impacts on wildlife habitats or existing wildlife corridors.

Having regard to the above assessment, it is concluded that the proposed development is consistent with the relevant objectives of MDCP and the objectives specified in section 1.3(a) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979. Accordingly, this assessment finds that the proposal is supported, in this particular circumstance.

4.1.6 Parking, Vehicular Access and Loading (Including Bicycle Facilities)

Description of non-compliance

Clause 4.1.6.1 of the Manly DCP prescribes that the maximum width of any garage, carport or hardstand area is not to exceed a width equal to 50 percent of the frontage, up to a maximum width of 6.2m.

The proposed garage has a width of 6.8m, non-compliant with the numeric control. This results in a 9.6% variation to the numeric control.

Merit consideration:

With regard to the consideration for a variation, the development is considered against the underlying Objectives of the Control as follows:

Objective 1) To provide accessible and adequate parking on site relative to the type of development and the locality for all users (residents, visitors or employees).

Comment:

The proposed development will allow for two (2) spaces for the dwelling house, consistent with the numeric control.

Objective 2) To reduce the demand for on-street parking and identify where exceptions to onsite parking requirements may be considered in certain circumstances.

Comment:

Adequate on-site parking is provided, consistent with the numeric control.

Objective 3) To ensure that the location and design of driveways, parking spaces and other vehicular access areas are efficient, safe, convenient and are integrated into the design of the development to minimise their visual impact in the streetscape.

Comment:

The proposed parking arrangement is considered reasonable given its consistency with other neighbouring parking arrangement along Stuart Street. The proposal will not have a unreasonable impact on the streetscape.

Objective 4) To ensure that the layout of parking spaces limits the amount of site excavation in order to avoid site instability and the interruption to ground water flows.

Comment:

The proposed excavation is deemed reasonable, subject to compliance with the recommendations imposed by in the Geotechnical report (prepared by JK Geotechnics, dated June 2021).

Objective 5) To ensure the width and number of footpath crossings is minimised.

Comment:

The property will use a single driveway and cross over to reduce the disruption to the existing footpaths

Objective 6) To integrate access, parking and landscaping; to limit the amount of impervious surfaces and to provide screening of internal accesses from public view as far as practicable through appropriate landscape treatment.

Comment:

The proposed development will utilise the existing concrete driveway.

Objective 7) To encourage the use of public transport by limiting onsite parking provision in Centres that are well serviced by public transport and by encouraging bicycle use to limit traffic congestion and promote clean air.

Comment:

The subject site is not located within a established town centre noted within the Manly DCP.

Having regard to the above assessment, the proposed development is consistent with the objectives of this clause and is supported in this particular instance

4.1.8 Development on Sloping Sites

A geotechnical report has been submitted with the application, assessing the potential impact of the steep topography of the site and any excavation of the site. The dwelling house responds appropriately to the sloping site, stepping down at each level to reduce the visual bulk and scale of the dwelling house. The recommendations included as part of this report have been included as part of the final conditions of consent.

4.1.10 Fencing

This clause relies upon the objectives of clause 3.1 under Manly DCP 2013. An assessment of the proposal against the objectives under clause 3.1 has been provided within this report. The assessment found the proposal to be consistent with the objectives of clause 3.1, subject to conditions.

4.4.2 Alterations and Additions

In a merit consideration of the proposal, consideration of the development has been given against the Land and Environment Court Planning Principle in relation to determining if a development application should be described as being for additions and alterations rather than a new development detailed under Coorey v Municipality of Hunters Hill [2013] NSWLEC 1187- as follows:

Qualitative issues	
How is the appearance of the existing building to be changed when viewed from public places?	The application proposes to extend
	the existing ground floor and first
	floor of the dwelling and introduce a
	new garage to the front of the
	dwelling house. The works are
	setback significantly from the front
	boundary, and will not be readily
	visible from the street.
To what extent, if any, will existing landscaping be	There is no major impact upon
removed and how will that affect the setting of the	existing landscaped open space.
ouilding when viewed from public places?	
To what extent, if any, will the proposal impact on a heritage item, the curtilage of a heritage item or a heritage conservation area?	The subject site is not a heritage
	item.
What additional structures, if any, in the curtilage of the existing building will be demolished or altered if the proposal is approved?	A new garage will be proposed to the
	front of the property.
What is the extent, if any, of any proposed	The building retains a residential
change to the use of the building?	Use.
To what extent, if any, will the proposed development result in any change to the	There will be no major change to the streetscape of Gurney Crescent. The
streetscape in which the building is located?	dwelling house is not readily visible
	from the street
To what extent, if any, are the existing access arrangements for the building proposed to be altered	Access to the proposed garage
	which is ancillary to the dwelling house remains as existing.
Γο what extent, if any, will the outlook from within	With the obvious exception of the
he existing building be altered as a consequence	new outlooks available from the
he proposed development?	upper level, the outlook from within
s the proposed demolition so extensive to cause	the dwelling will remain unchanged.
hat which remains to lose the characteristics of	The majority of the demolition

the form of the existing structure?	proposed does not have any material	
	affect on the characteristics of the	
	existing structure. The proposed	
	extension will maintain the existing	
	roof form	
Quantitative issues		
To what extent is the site coverage proposed to be changed?	The works are largely within the existing building footprint, with the exception of the new garage and internal access.	
To what extent are any existing non-compliances with numerical controls either increased or diminished by the proposal?	The height of buildings numeric non-compliance will be increased by the proposed works.	
To what extent is the building envelope proposed to be changed?	The building envelope will be be significantly altered.	
To what extent are boundary setbacks proposed to be changed?	The envelope is to be increased as a result of the additional level and as a consequence of the increase to ceiling heights and the change to the roof form.	
To what extent will the present numerical degree of landscaping on the site be changed	The numeric change to landscaping is minimal.	
To what extent will the existing floor space ratio be altered?	The gross floor area will be increased, however the proposal is complaint with the numeric control.	
To what extent will there be changes in the roof form?	The roof form of the dwelling house will not be changed.	
To what extent will there be alterations to car parking/garaging on the site and/or within the building?	The existing parking arrangement will be replaced by a proposed 4 car garage.	
To what extent is the existing landform proposed to be changed by cut and/or fill to give effect to the proposed development?	The application proposes excavation to allow for new garage and internal lift access.	
What relationship does the proportion of the retained building bear to the proposed new development?	While substantial works are proposed, the existing structure and overall shape of the existing building is mostly retained.	

Having regard to the extent of the works proposed, consideration was given to the planning principle *Coorey v Municipality of Hunters Hill [2013]* NSWLEC 1187. An assessment against the matters set out in *Coorey v Municipality of Hunters Hill [2013]* NSWLEC 1187 determined that the application is correctly characterized as alterations and additions.

THREATENED SPECIES, POPULATIONS OR ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

The proposal will not significantly affect threatened species, populations or ecological communities, or their habitats.

CRIME PREVENTION THROUGH ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN

The proposal is inconsistent with the principles of Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design.

POLICY CONTROLS

Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2021

The proposal is subject to the application of Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2021.

A monetary contribution of \$44,418 is required for the provision of new and augmented public infrastructure. The contribution is calculated as 1% of the total development cost of \$4,441,802.

CONCLUSION

The site has been inspected and the application assessed having regard to all documentation submitted by the applicant and the provisions of:

- Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979;
- Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000;
- All relevant and draft Environmental Planning Instruments;
- Manly Local Environment Plan;
- Manly Development Control Plan; and
- Codes and Policies of Council.

This assessment has taken into consideration the submitted plans, Statement of Environmental Effects, all other documentation supporting the application and public submissions, and does not result in any unreasonable impacts on surrounding, adjoining, adjacent and nearby properties subject to the conditions contained within the recommendation.

In consideration of the proposal and the merit consideration of the development, the proposal is considered to be:

- Consistent with the objectives of the DCP
- Consistent with the zone objectives of the LEP
- Consistent with the aims of the LEP
- Consistent with the objectives of the relevant EPIs
- Consistent with the objects of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Council is satisfied that:

- 1) The Applicant's written request under Clause 4.6 of the Manly Local Environmental Plan 2013 seeking to justify a contravention of Clause 4.3 Height of Buildings and Clause 4.4 Floor Space Ratio has adequately addressed and demonstrated that:
- a) Compliance with the standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case; and
 - b) There are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify the contravention.
- 2) The proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out.

CONCLUSION

The key planning issues considered within the assessment is the proposed variation to the Height of Building and Floor Space Ratio development standard.

Notwithstanding the proposed floor space and building height variation, the development is not considered to result in any unreasonable impacts to adjoining properties or the public domain. Minor DCP control variations have been addressed within the report and found to be acceptable on merit.

Assessment of the application against the Manly LEP and DCP finds that the development is suitable in the context of the site, and is recommended for approval.

It is considered that the proposed development satisfies the appropriate controls and that all processes and assessments have been satisfactorily addressed.

RECOMMENDATION

That Northern Beaches Council as the consent authority vary clause 4.3 Height of Building and 4.4 Floor Space Ratio development standard pursuant to clause 4.6 of the MLEP 2013 as the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the merits required to be demonstrated by subclause (3) and the proposed development will be in the public interest and is consistent with the objectives of the standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out.

Accordingly Council as the consent authority grant Development Consent to DA2021/1400 for Alterations and additions to a dwelling house on land at Lot 1 DP 1279468, 88 Bower Street, MANLY, subject to the conditions printed below:

DEVELOPMENT CONSENT OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS

1. Approved Plans and Supporting Documentation

The development must be carried out in compliance (except as amended by any other condition of consent) with the following:

a) Approved Plans

Architectural Plans - Endorsed with Council's stamp			
Drawing No.	Dated	Prepared By	
DA-011/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace	
DA-030/ Issue A	25 June 2021	Squillace	
DA-031/ Issue A	25 June 2021	Squillace	
DA-032/ Issue A	25 June 2021	Squillace	
DA-033/ Issue A	25 June 2021	Squillace	
DA-099/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace	
DA-100/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace	
DA-101/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace	
DA-102/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace	
DA-103/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace	
DA-201/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace	
DA-202/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace	
DA-301/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace	

DA-302/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace
DA-521/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace
DA-101/ Issue B	11 February 2022	Squillace

Reports / Documentation – All recommendations and requirements contained within:				
Report No. / Page No. / Section No.	Dated	Prepared By		
BASIX Certificate No. 1219182S	30 July 2021	EPS		
Arboricultural Impact Assessment	28 June 2021	Owen Tebutt		
Terrestrial Biodiversity Report	28 June 2021	SIA Ecological & Environmental Planning		
Flood Study	June 2021	C.K Engineering Services		
Geotechnical investigation and slope stability risk assessment	30 June 2021	J.k Geotechnics		

- c) Any plans and / or documentation submitted to satisfy the Conditions of this consent.
- d) The development is to be undertaken generally in accordance with the following:

Landscape Plans			
Drawing No.	Dated	Prepared By	
Dwg No. 101/ Issue B	31 May 2021	Site Image Landscape Architects	
Dwg No. 003/ Issue B	31 May 2021	Site Image Landscape Architects	
Dwg No. 004/ Issue B	31 May 2021	Site Image Landscape Architects	
Dwg No. 005/ Issue B	31 May 2021	Site Image Landscape Architects	
Dwg No. 006/ Issue B	31 May 2021	Site Image Landscape Architects	
Dwg No. 007/ Issue B	31 May 2021	Site Image Landscape Architects	

Waste Management Plan			
Drawing No/Title.	Dated	Prepared By	
Waste Management Plan	N/A	Squillace	

In the event of any inconsistency between conditions of this consent and the drawings/documents referred to above, the conditions of this consent will prevail.

Reason: To ensure the work is carried out in accordance with the determination of Council and approved plans.

2. Prescribed Conditions

(a) All building works must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia (BCA).

- (b) BASIX affected development must comply with the schedule of BASIX commitments specified within the submitted BASIX Certificate (demonstrated compliance upon plans/specifications is required prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate);
- (c) A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out:
 - (i) showing the name, address and telephone number of the Principal Certifying Authority for the work, and
 - (ii) showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
 - (iii) stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.

Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.

- (d) Residential building work within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989 must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifying Authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the Council) has given the Council written notice of the following information:
 - (i) in the case of work for which a principal contractor is required to be appointed:
 - A. the name and licence number of the principal contractor, and
 - B. the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that Act.
 - (ii) in the case of work to be done by an owner-builder:
 - A. the name of the owner-builder, and
 - B. if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that Act, the number of the owner-builder permit.

If arrangements for doing the residential building work are changed while the work is in progress so that the information notified under becomes out of date, further work must not be carried out unless the Principal Certifying Authority for the development to which the work relates (not being the Council) has given the Council written notice of the updated information.

- (e) Development that involves an excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building on adjoining land, the person having the benefit of the development consent must, at the person's own expense:
 - (i) protect and support the adjoining premises from possible damage from the excavation, and
 - (ii) where necessary, underpin the adjoining premises to prevent any such damage.
 - (iii) must, at least 7 days before excavating below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, give notice of intention to do so to the owner of the adjoining allotment of land and furnish particulars of the excavation to the owner of the building being erected or demolished.
 - (iv) the owner of the adjoining allotment of land is not liable for any part of the cost of work carried out for the purposes of this clause, whether carried out on the allotment of land being excavated or on the adjoining allotment of land.

In this clause, allotment of land includes a public road and any other public place.

Reason: Legislative requirement.

3. General Requirements

- (a) Unless authorised by Council:
 - Building construction and delivery of material hours are restricted to:
 - 7.00 am to 5.00 pm inclusive Monday to Friday,
 - 8.00 am to 1.00 pm inclusive on Saturday,
 - No work on Sundays and Public Holidays.

Demolition and excavation works are restricted to:

8.00 am to 5.00 pm Monday to Friday only.

(Excavation work includes the use of any excavation machinery and the use of jackhammers, rock breakers, excavators, loaders and the like, regardless of whether the activities disturb or alter the natural state of the existing ground stratum or are breaking up/removing materials from the site).

- (b) Should any asbestos be uncovered on site, its demolition and removal must be carried out in accordance with WorkCover requirements and the relevant Australian Standards.
- (c) At all times after the submission the Notice of Commencement to Council, a copy of the Development Consent and Construction Certificate is to remain onsite at all times until the issue of a final Occupation Certificate. The consent shall be available for perusal of any Authorised Officer.
- (d) Where demolition works have been completed and new construction works have not commenced within 4 weeks of the completion of the demolition works that area affected by the demolition works shall be fully stabilised and the site must be maintained in a safe and clean state until such time as new construction works commence.
- (e) Onsite toilet facilities (being either connected to the sewer or an accredited sewer management facility) for workers are to be provided for construction sites at a rate of 1 per 20 persons.
- (f) Prior to the release of the Construction Certificate, payment of the Long Service Levy is required. This payment can be made at Council or to the Long Services Payments Corporation. Payment is not required where the value of the works is less than \$25,000. The Long Service Levy is calculated on 0.35% of the building and construction work. The levy rate and level in which it applies is subject to legislative change. The applicable fee at the time of payment of the Long Service Levy will apply.
- (g) The applicant shall bear the cost of all works associated with the development that occurs on Council's property.
- (h) No skip bins, building materials, demolition or excavation waste of any nature, and no hoist, plant or machinery (crane, concrete pump or lift) shall be placed on Council's footpaths, roadways, parks or grass verges without Council Approval.
- (i) Demolition materials and builders' wastes are to be removed to approved waste/recycling centres.
- (j) No trees or native shrubs or understorey vegetation on public property (footpaths, roads, reserves, etc.) or on the land to be developed shall be removed or damaged during construction unless specifically approved in this consent including for the erection of any fences, hoardings or other temporary works.

- (k) Prior to the commencement of any development onsite for:
 - i) Building/s that are to be erected
 - ii) Building/s that are situated in the immediate vicinity of a public place and is dangerous to persons or property on or in the public place
 - iii) Building/s that are to be demolished
 - iv) For any work/s that is to be carried out
 - v) For any work/s that is to be demolished

The person responsible for the development site is to erect or install on or around the development area such temporary structures or appliances (wholly within the development site) as are necessary to protect persons or property and to prevent unauthorised access to the site in order for the land or premises to be maintained in a safe or healthy condition. Upon completion of the development, such temporary structures or appliances are to be removed within 7 days.

- (I) A "Road Opening Permit" must be obtained from Council, and all appropriate charges paid, prior to commencement of any work on Council property. The owner/applicant shall be responsible for all public utilities and services in the area of the work, shall notify all relevant Authorities, and bear all costs associated with any repairs and/or adjustments as those Authorities may deem necessary.
- (m) The works must comply with the relevant Ausgrid Network Standards and SafeWork NSW Codes of Practice.
- (n) Requirements for new swimming pools/spas or existing swimming pools/spas affected by building works.
 - (1) Child resistant fencing is to be provided to any swimming pool or lockable cover to any spa containing water and is to be consistent with the following;

Relevant legislative requirements and relevant Australian Standards (including but not limited) to:

- (i) Swimming Pools Act 1992
- (ii) Swimming Pools Amendment Act 2009
- (iii) Swimming Pools Regulation 2018
- (iv) Australian Standard AS1926 Swimming Pool Safety
- (v) Australian Standard AS1926.1 Part 1: Safety barriers for swimming pools
- (vi) Australian Standard AS1926.2 Part 2: Location of safety barriers for swimming pools.
- (2) A 'KEEP WATCH' pool safety and aquatic based emergency sign, issued by Royal Life Saving is to be displayed in a prominent position within the pool/spa area.
- (3) Filter backwash waters shall be conveyed to the Sydney Water sewerage system in sewered areas or managed on-site in unsewered areas in a manner that does not cause pollution, erosion or run off, is separate from the irrigation area for any wastewater system and is separate from any onsite stormwater management system.
- (4) Swimming pools and spas must be registered with the Division of Local Government.

Reason: To ensure that works do not interfere with reasonable amenity expectations of residents and the community.

FEES / CHARGES / CONTRIBUTIONS

4. Policy Controls

Northern Beaches 7.12 Contributions Plan 2021

A monetary contribution of \$44,418.02 is payable to Northern Beaches Council for the provision of local infrastructure and services pursuant to section 7.12 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and the Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2021. The monetary contribution is based on a development cost of \$4,441,802.00.

The monetary contribution is to be paid prior to the issue of the first Construction Certificate or Subdivision Certificate whichever occurs first, or prior to the issue of the Subdivision Certificate where no Construction Certificate is required. If the monetary contribution (total or in part) remains unpaid after the financial quarter that the development consent is issued, the amount unpaid (whether it be the full cash contribution or part thereof) will be adjusted on a quarterly basis in accordance with the applicable Consumer Price Index. If this situation applies, the cash contribution payable for this development will be the total unpaid monetary contribution as adjusted.

The proponent shall provide to the Certifying Authority written evidence (receipt/s) from Council that the total monetary contribution has been paid.

The Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2021 may be inspected at 725 Pittwater Rd, Dee Why and at Council's Customer Service Centres or alternatively, on Council's website at www.northernbeaches.nsw.gov.au

This fee must be paid prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate. Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority.

Reason: To provide for contributions in accordance with the Contribution Plan to fund the provision of new or augmented local infrastructure and services.

5. Security Bond

A bond (determined from cost of works) of \$10,000 and an inspection fee in accordance with Council's Fees and Charges paid as security are required to ensure the rectification of any damage that may occur to the Council infrastructure contained within the road reserve adjoining the site as a result of construction or the transportation of materials and equipment to and from the development site.

An inspection fee in accordance with Council adopted fees and charges (at the time of payment) is payable for each kerb inspection as determined by Council (minimum (1) one inspection).

All bonds and fees shall be deposited with Council prior to Construction Certificate or demolition work commencing, and details demonstrating payment are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

To process the inspection fee and bond payment a Bond Lodgement Form must be completed with the payments (a copy of the form is attached to this consent and alternatively a copy is located on Council's website at www.northernbeaches.nsw.gov.au).

Reason: To ensure adequate protection of Council's infrastructure.

CONDITIONS TO BE SATISFIED PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

6. On Slab Landscape Works

Details shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate indicating the proposed method of waterproofing and drainage to all planters over slab, over which soil and planting is being provided.

Landscape treatment details shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate indicating the proposed soil type, planting, automatic irrigation, services connections, and maintenance activity schedule.

The following soil depths are required to support landscaping as proposed:

- i) 300mm for lawn and groundcovers
- ii) 600mm for shrubs

Design certification shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority by a qualified Structural Engineer, that the planters are designed structurally to support the 'wet' weight of landscaping (soil, materials and established planting).

Reason: To ensure appropriate soil depth for planting and secure waterproofing and drainage is installed.

7. Transplanting Methodology Plan

A Transplanting Methodology Plan, prepared by an Arborist with AQF minimum Level 5 qualifications in arboriculture, shall be documented to demonstrate the requirement for transplanting the proposed Cabbage Tree Palms identified as T13 and T14 in the Arboricultural Impact Assessment, including:

- i) preparation and location of the trees/palms to be transplanted,
- ii) transplanting methodology and installation works,
- iii) post-transplanting care and duration,
- iv) ongoing maintenance program,
- v) replacement strategy if transplanting fails in the long term,
- vi) inspection schedule for the works.

The Transplanting Methodology is to be submitted to the Certifying Authority for approval prior to issue of a Construction Certificate.

8. Stormwater Disposal

The applicant is to demonstrate how stormwater from the new development within this consent is disposed of to an existing approved system or in accordance with Northern Beaches Council's WATER MANAGEMENT FOR DEVELOPMENT POLICY. Details by an appropriately qualified and practicing Civil Engineer demonstrating that the existing approved stormwater system can accommodate the additional flows, or compliance with the Council's specification are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority for approval prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To ensure appropriate provision for disposal and stormwater management arising from development.

9. Flooding

In order to protect property and occupants from flood risk the following is required:

Flood Effects Caused by Development – A2

There is to be no filling of the land or any other reduction of the available flood storage which results in a net loss of storage below the relevant 1% AEP flood level of (4.0m AHD for the lower ground floor).

<u>Building Components and Structural Soundness – B1</u>

All new development below the Flood Planning Level of shall be designed and constructed as flood compatible buildings in accordance with Reducing Vulnerability of Buildings to Flood Damage: Guidance on Building in Flood Prone Areas, Hawkesbury-Nepean Floodplain Management Steering Committee (2006).

Building Components and Structural Soundness – B2

All new development must be designed to ensure structural integrity up to the relevant Flood Planning Level, taking into account the forces of floodwater, wave action, flowing water with debris, buoyancy and immersion.

Building Components and Structural Soundness – B3

All new electrical equipment, power points, wiring, fuel lines, sewerage systems or any other service pipes and connections must be waterproofed and/or located above the Flood Planning Level (4.5m AHD for the lower ground floor). All existing electrical equipment and power points located below the Flood Planning Level must have residual current devices installed to cut electricity supply during flood events.

Floor Levels – C1

New floor levels within the development shall be set at or above the relevant Flood Planning Level of (4.5mAHD for the lower ground floor level).

Floor Levels - C6

All areas of the lower ground floor must be flood proofed below the relevant Flood Planning Level of 4.5mAHD. This means that all flooring and fixed materials below the flood planning level must be made of materials that are not susceptible to water damage.

Fencing – F1

New fencing (including pool fencing, boundary fencing, balcony balustrades and accessway balustrades) shall be open to allow for the unimpeded movement of flood waters. It must be designed with a minimum of 50% open area from the natural ground level up to the relevant 1% AEP flood level. Openings should be a minimum of 75mm x 75mm.

Storage of Goods – G1

Storage areas for hazardous or potentially polluting materials shall not be located below the relevant Flood Planning Level unless adequately protected from floodwaters in accordance with industry standards.

Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To reduce the impact of flooding and flood liability on owners and occupiers of floodprone property and reduce public and private losses in accordance with Council and NSW Government policy.

10. Preparation of a Bandicoot Relocation and Habitat Removal Protocol

The Project Ecologist is to prepare a Bandicoot Relocation and Habitat Removal Protocol prior to issue of any Construction Certificate. The protocol must be included as a section of the

Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) and must include:

- a pre-commencement inspection of all likely bandicoot habitat, with a focus on areas of habitat to be removed or disturbed
- protocols for the safe relocation of any Long-nosed Bandicoots found within habitat to be removed. Any bandicoots identified within areas to be cleared or demolished must be safely captured and appropriately relocated by the Project Ecologist or a licensed wildlife carer.
- a map identifying the specific area to which any captured bandicoots will be located.
- a description of the relocation habitat and justification as to why it is suitable for bandicoots.
- procedures for stop work in the event that a bandicoot is identified within areas proposed for clearing, demolition or construction, or if a bandicoot is harmed during works.

The protocol is to be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of Construction Certificate.

Reason: To protect individuals of the endangered bandicoot population.

11. Fencing for Wildlife Passage

Any new permanent fencing (with the exception of swimming pool fencing) is to be made passable to native fauna through the provision of access gaps or raised fencing to provide appropriate ground clearance. Any access gaps are to be a minimum of 150mm wide x 100mm high at ground level and spaced at a minimum of 6m intervals.

Plans are to amended accordingly and certified by the Project Ecologist as complying with this condition. Written certification of compliance is to be prepared by the Project Ecologist and provided to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To maintain wildlife corridors and access to habitat.

12. Amendment of Landscape Plans

The submitted Landscape Plan is to be amended in accordance with the following requirements:

- At least 60% of the species on the plant schedule are to be native species
- At least 30% of the species on the plant schedule are to be consistent with the requirements of Manly DCP Clause Manly DCP Clause 3.3.1.iv) (Landscaping in Bandicoot Habitat).
- Any additional requirements as per the conditions of consent.

The amended Landscape Plan is to be certified by a qualified landscape architect and provided to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To achieve compliance with applicable natural environment controls and maintain bandicoot habitat.

13. Amendments to the approved plans

The following amendments are to be made to the approved plans:

The boundary fencing fronting Bower Street is to step down with the slope of the land and must be reduced to a maximum height of 1.8 metres above natural ground level on the street side of the fence.

Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the

issue of the construction certificate.

Reason: To ensure development minimises unreasonable impacts upon surrounding land.

14. Geotechnical Report Recommendations have been Incorporated into Designs and Structural Plans

The recommendations of the risk assessment required to manage the hazards as identified in the Geotechnical Report referenced in Condition 1 of this consent are to be incorporated into the construction plans.

Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To ensure geotechnical risk is mitigated appropriately.

15. **Boundary Identification Survey**

A boundary identification survey, prepared by a Registered Surveyor, is to be prepared in respect of the subject site.

The plans submitted for the Construction Certificate are to accurately reflect the property boundaries as shown on the boundary identification survey, with setbacks between the property boundaries and the approved works consistent with those nominated on the Approved Plans of this consent.

Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

Reason: To ensure all approved works are constructed within the subject site and in a manner anticipated by the development consent.

16. Structural Adequacy and Excavation Work

Excavation work is to ensure the stability of the soil material of adjoining properties, the protection of adjoining buildings, services, structures and / or public infrastructure from damage using underpinning, shoring, retaining walls and support where required. All retaining walls are to be structurally adequate for the intended purpose, designed and certified by a Structural Engineer.

Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To provide public and private safety.

17. Vehicle Crossings Application

The Applicant is to submit an application for driveway levels with Council in accordance with Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993. The fee associated with the assessment and approval of the application is to be in accordance with Council's Fee and Charges.

An approval is to be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To facilitate suitable vehicular access to private property.

18. **Stormwater Management**

Stormwater shall be disposed of in accordance with Council's Policy. The stormwater management plan is to be implemented to ensure that there is no increase in stormwater pollutant loads arising from the approved development. Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority for approval prior to issue of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To ensure appropriate provision for disposal and stormwater management arising from development, ensuring that the proposed works do not negatively impact receiving waters.

19. External Finishes to Roof

The external finish to the roof shall have a medium to dark range (BCA classification M and D) in order to minimise solar reflections to neighbouring properties. Any roof with a metallic steel finish is not permitted.

Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

Reason: To ensure that excessive glare or reflectivity nuisance does not occur as a result of the development. (DACPLC03)

20. Sydney Water "Tap In"

The approved plans must be submitted to the Sydney Water Tap in service, prior to works commencing, to determine whether the development will affect any Sydney Water assets and/or easements. The appropriately stamped plans must then be submitted to the Certifying Authority demonstrating the works are in compliance with Sydney Water requirements.

Please refer to the website www.sydneywater.com.au for:

- "Tap in" details see http://www.sydneywater.com.au/tapin
- Guidelines for Building Over/Adjacent to Sydney Water Assets.

Or telephone 13 000 TAP IN (1300 082 746).

Reason: To ensure compliance with the statutory requirements of Sydney Water.

CONDITIONS THAT MUST BE ADDRESSED PRIOR TO ANY COMMENCEMENT

21. Tree Removal Within the Property

This consent approves the removal of the following tree(s) within the property (as recommended in the Arboricultural Impact Assessment):

i) tree 1 - Ficus rubiginosa, subject to like for like replacement within the site.

Note: Exempt Species as listed in the Development Control Plan or the Arboricultural Impact Assessment do not require Council consent for removal.

Reason: To enable authorised building works.

22. Protection of Habitat Features

All natural landscape features, including any rock outcrops, native vegetation and/or watercourses, are to remain undisturbed during the construction works, except where affected by necessary works detailed on approved plans.

Reason: To protect wildlife habitat.

23. Public Liability Insurance - Works on Public Land

Any person or contractor undertaking works on public land must take out Public Risk Insurance with a minimum cover of \$20 million in relation to the occupation of, and approved works within Council's road reserve or public land, as approved in this consent. The Policy is to note, and provide protection for Northern Beaches Council, as an interested party and a copy of the Policy must be submitted to Council prior to commencement of the works. The Policy must be valid for the entire period that the works are being undertaken on public land.

Reason: To ensure the community is protected from the cost of any claim for damages arising from works on public land.

24. Installation and Maintenance of Sediment and Erosion Control

Sediment and erosion controls must be installed in accordance with Landcom's 'Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction' (2004). Techniques used for erosion and sediment control on site are to be adequately maintained and monitored at all times, particularly after periods of rain, and shall remain in proper operation until all development activities have been completed and the site is sufficiently stabilised with vegetation.

Reason: To protect the surrounding environment from the effects of sedimentation and erosion from the site

CONDITIONS TO BE COMPLIED WITH DURING DEMOLITION AND BUILDING WORK

25. Tree and Vegetation Protection

- a) Existing trees and vegetation shall be retained and protected, including:
- i) all trees and vegetation located on adjoining properties,
- ii) all road reserve trees and vegetation.
- b) Tree protection shall be undertaken as follows:
- i) tree protection shall be in accordance with Australian Standard 4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites, including the provision of temporary fencing to protect existing trees within 5 metres of development,
- ii) existing ground levels shall be maintained within the tree protection zone of trees to be retained, unless authorised by an Arborist with minimum AQF Level 5 in arboriculture,
- iii) removal of existing tree roots at or >25mm (\emptyset) diameter is not permitted without consultation with an Arborist with minimum AQF Level 5 in arboriculture,
- iv) no excavated material, building material storage, site facilities, nor landscape materials are to be placed within the canopy dripline of trees and other vegetation required to be retained,
- v) structures are to bridge tree roots at or >25mm (\emptyset) diameter unless directed by an Arborist with minimum AQF Level 5 in arboriculture on site,
- vi) excavation for stormwater lines and all other utility services is not permitted within the tree protection zone, without consultation with an Arborist with minimum AQF Level 5 in arboriculture including advice on root protection measures,
- vii) should either or all of v) or vi) occur during site establishment and construction works, an Arborist with minimum AQF Level 5 in arboriculture shall provide recommendations for tree protection measures. Details including photographic evidence of works undertaken shall be submitted by the Arborist to the Certifying Authority,
- viii) any temporary access to, or location of scaffolding within the tree protection zone of a protected tree or any other tree to be retained during the construction works is to be undertaken using the protection measures specified in sections 4.5.3 and 4.5.6 of Australian Standard 4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites,
- ix) the activities listed in section 4.2 of Australian Standard 4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites shall not occur within the tree protection zone of any tree on the lot or any

tree on an adjoining site,

x) tree pruning from within the site to enable approved works shall not exceed 10% of any tree canopy, and shall be in accordance with Australian Standard 4373-2007 Pruning of Amenity Trees.

Note: All street trees within the road verge and trees within private property are protected under Northern Beaches Council development control plans, except where Council's written consent for removal has been obtained. The felling, lopping, topping, ringbarking, or removal of any tree (s) is prohibited.

Reason: Tree and vegetation protection.

26. Road Reserve

The applicant shall ensure the public footways and roadways adjacent to the site are maintained in a safe condition at all times during the course of the work.

Reason: Public safety.

27. Demolition Works - Asbestos

Demolition works must be carried out in compliance with WorkCover Short Guide to Working with Asbestos Cement and Australian Standard AS 2601 2001 The Demolition of Structures.

The site must be provided with a sign containing the words DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS measuring not less than 400 mm x 300 mm and be erected in a prominent visible position on the site. The sign is to be erected prior to demolition work commencing and is to remain in place until such time as all asbestos cement has been removed from the site and disposed to a lawful waste disposal facility.

All asbestos laden waste, including flat, corrugated or profiled asbestos cement sheets must be disposed of at a lawful waste disposal facility. Upon completion of tipping operations the applicant must lodge to the Principal Certifying Authority, all receipts issued by the receiving tip as evidence of proper disposal.

Adjoining property owners are to be given at least seven (7) days' notice in writing of the intention to disturb and remove asbestos from the development site.

Reason: To ensure the long term health of workers on site and occupants of the building is not put at risk unnecessarily.

28. Survey Certificate

A survey certificate prepared by a Registered Surveyor is to be provided demonstrating all perimeter walls columns and or other structural elements, floor levels and the finished roof/ridge height are in accordance with the approved plans.

Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority.

Reason: To demonstrate the proposal complies with the approved plans.

29. Vehicle Crossings

The Applicant is to construct one vehicle crossing 4 metres wide in accordance with Northern Beaches Council Drawing No A4-3330/1 N and the driveway levels application approval. An

Authorised Vehicle Crossing Contractor shall construct the vehicle crossing and associated works within the road reserve in plain concrete. All redundant laybacks and crossings are to be restored to footpath/grass. Prior to the pouring of concrete, the vehicle crossing is to be inspected by Council and a satisfactory "Vehicle Crossing Inspection" card issued.

A copy of the vehicle crossing inspection form is to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority.

Reason: To facilitate suitable vehicular access to private property.

30. Geotechnical Issues

All conditions outlined in 'Geotechnical Investigation and Slope Stability Risk Assessment' prepared by JK Geotechnics dated 30 June 2021 are to be complied with and adhered to throughout development.

Reason: To ensure excavation, seepage, retention and footings are undertaken in an appropriate manner and structurally sound.

CONDITIONS WHICH MUST BE COMPLIED WITH PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF THE OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

31. Landscape Completion

Landscaping is to be implemented in accordance with the approved Landscape Plan, inclusive of the following conditions:

- i) one (1) Ficus rubiginosa (Port Jackson Fig) shall be planted within the Bower Street front setback lawn in proximity to the existing location of the approved Ficus to be removed, planted at a 200 litre container size, and located at least 5 metres from buildings and 2 metres from structures,
- ii) the nominated Rhapiolepis indica species shall be deleted and replaced with a non-invasive shrub species of similar size and form,
- iii) in accordance with any biodiversity requirements under the Bushland & Biodiversity Referral.

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate details (from a landscape architect or landscape designer) shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority certifying that the landscape works have been completed in accordance with any conditions of consent.

Reason: Environmental amenity.

32. Stormwater Disposal

The stormwater drainage works shall be certified as compliant with all relevant Australian Standards and Codes by a suitably qualified person. Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of any interim / final Occupation Certificate.

Reason: To ensure appropriate provision for the disposal of stormwater arising from the development.

33. Protection of Habitat Features

All natural landscape features, including any rock outcrops, native vegetation and/or watercourses, are to remain undisturbed except where affected by necessary works detailed on approved plans.

Details demonstrating compliance are to be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to

issue of any Occupation Certificate.

Reason: To protect wildlife habitat.

34. Certification of Landscape Plan

Landscaping is to be implemented in accordance with the Landscape Plans, as amended by these conditions of consent

Details demonstrating compliance are to be prepared by the landscape architect and provided to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Occupation Certificate.

Reason: To achieve compliance with relevant natural environment controls and maintain bandicoot habitat.

35. No Weeds Imported On To The Site

No Priority or environmental weeds (as specified in the Northern Beaches Local Weed Management Plan 2019 - 2023) are to be imported on to the site prior to or during construction works.

Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.

Reason: To reduce the risk of site works contributing to spread of Priority and environmental weeds.

36. Bandicoot Relocation and Habitat Removal Protocol

All demolition and construction work is to be undertaken in accordance with the Bandicoot Relocation and Habitat Removal Protocol, prepared by the Project Ecologist in accordance with these conditions of consent. Compliance with this condition is to be certified by the Project Ecologist in writing and a copy provided to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.

Reason: To protect individuals of the endangered Long-nosed Bandicoot population.

ON-GOING CONDITIONS THAT MUST BE COMPLIED WITH AT ALL TIMES

37. Landscape Maintenance

If any landscape materials/components or planting under this consent fails, they are to be replaced with similar materials/components. Trees, shrubs and groundcovers required to be planted under this consent are to be mulched, watered and fertilised as required at the time of planting.

If any tree, shrub or groundcover required to be planted under this consent fails, they are to be replaced with similar species to maintain the landscape theme and be generally in accordance with the approved Landscape Plan and any conditions of consent.

All weeds are to be removed and controlled in accordance with the NSW Biosecurity Act 2015.

Reason: To maintain local environmental amenity.

38. **Geotechnical Recommendations**

Any ongoing recommendations of the risk assessment required to manage the hazards identified in the Geotechnical Report referenced in Condition 1 of this consent are to me

maintained and adhered to for the life of the development.

Reason: To ensure geotechnical risk is mitigated appropriately.

39. **Swimming Pool/Spa Motor Noise**

The swimming pool / spa motor shall not produce noise levels that exceed 5dBA above the background noise when measured from the nearest property boundary.

Reason: To ensure that the development does not impact on the acoustic privacy of surrounding residential properties.