

# 117 Pringle Avenue, Belrose Traffic Impact Assessment

Prepared for:

Speedway Petroleum

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The Transport Planning Partnership



# 117 Pringle Avenue, Belrose Traffic Impact Assessment

Client: Speedway Petroleum

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#### Quality Record

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- A. PROPOSED SITE LAYOUT
- B. SWEPT PATH ANALYSIS
- C. SIGHT DISTANCE ASSESSMENT



#### 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Overview

The Transport Planning Partnership (TTPP) has prepared this Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) report to accompany a Development Application (DA) to be lodged with Northern Beaches Council (Council) for the proposed additions and alterations to the existing service centre at 117 Pringle Avenue, Belrose.

The DA seeks approval to reintroduce fuel sales (four fuel dispensers) and new underground fuel storage tanks by removing the existing car wash facilities. The existing workshop facilities are proposed to be retained as per existing conditions.

This TIA report has been prepared to assess the traffic and parking implications of the proposed development on the surrounding locality, with associated management measures proposed to mitigate the impacts of the proposed development.

It is noted that a Section 4.55 Modification Application (S4.55 MOD) was lodged with Council for the development but has been subsequently withdrawn, with this current DA to be lodged instead to seek approval for the proposed development. During the approval process for the S4.55 MOD, the MOD was referred to the Northern Beaches Local Planning Panel (NBLPP).

Several traffic and parking concerns were raised by the NBLPP amongst other concerns. These include the number of on-site parking spaces, anticipated parking implications associated with the proposal, on-site traffic circulation, truck access and measures to manage the future operation of the proposed service station. This TIA report has been prepared, taking into consideration the traffic and parking concerns raised by NBLPP.

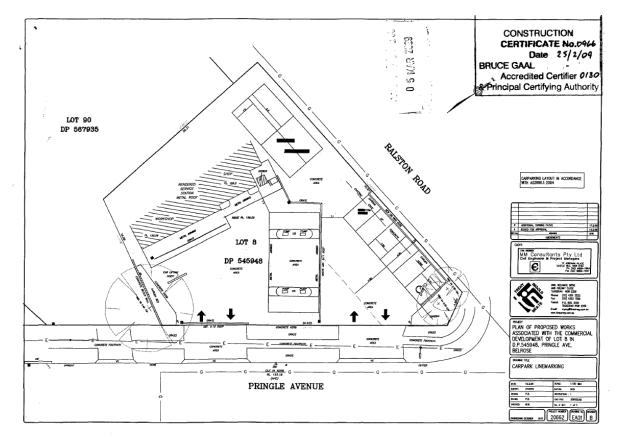
#### 1.2 Historical Site Context

It is noted that prior to 2009, the site was originally occupied by a service station that comprised four refuelling dispensers, a shop and service centre workshop (Land Use Consent 72/112).

A stamped Construction Certificate plan dated 25<sup>th</sup> February 2009 shows the approved arrangement with 4 fuel pumps with 8 fuel dispensers, the workshop and 10 parking spaces (including 2 tandem spaces).



Figure 1.1: 2009 Construction Certificate Plan



In 2009, a development consent was granted for DA2009/1842 for the proposed alterations to the existing site to provide a car wash facility, with three of the refuelling dispensers to be replaced with car wash bays. One fuel dispenser remained on-site until 2013.

In 2013, the remaining fuel dispenser was also decommissioned, resulting in the site being used for service centre and car wash facilities, with no more fuel sales happening on-site.

The current proposal seeks to redevelop the subject site back to how it operated prior to 2009, with the main components being the reintroduction of fuel pumps and shop, and retention of the service centre workshop.

### 1.3 Report Structure

The remaining structure of the report is set out as follows:

- Chapter 2 discusses the existing conditions including a description of the site.
- Chapter 3 provides a brief description of the proposed development.
- Chapter 4 assesses the parking implications and requirements.
- Chapter 5 assesses the traffic generation and its implications.
- Chapter 6 presents the conclusion of the assessment.



## 2 Existing Conditions

#### 2.1 Site Context

The subject site is located at 117 Pringle Avenue, Belrose, which falls within the Northern Beaches Council (Council). It is currently zoned E1 – Local Centre, according to Warringah Local Environment Plan (WLEP) 2011, which service station development is a permissible land use.

The subject site is a corner lot, generally bound by Pringle Avenue along the eastern boundary and Ralston Avenue along the northern boundary. Belrose Village shopping centre is located immediately north and south of the subject site.

The existing subject site is occupied by car wash facilities and a workshop facility. Of note, the site was formerly occupied by a service station until fuel sales were replaced with a car wash facility. Vehicle access to the site is currently provided off Pringle Avenue with separate entry and exit driveways.

Figure 2.1 shows the subject site location and its surrounds.



Figure 2.1: Site Context

Basemap Source: Nearmap Aerial Imagery, imagery dated 03/04/2025



Surrounding land uses comprise predominantly low-density residential dwellings, with commercial and business premises throughout the surrounding environ. Belrose Public School is also located on Ralston Avenue, to the north-west of the subject site.

#### 2.2 Surrounding Road Network

The subject site is generally surrounded by a network of local roads, including Pringle Avenue and Ralston Avenue. These roads provide connectivity to the wider arterial road network on Forest Way. A description of these surrounding roads is provided herein.

**Pringle Avenue** is a two-lane, two-way local road, generally aligned in a north-south direction. It connects with Sorlie Road to the south via a priority-controlled intersection and Ralston Avenue to the north via a roundabout. Unrestricted parking is provided on either side of the road in the immediate vicinity of the subject site. Along the site frontage, the posted speed limit is 50km/h, with 40km/h school zone restrictions that apply during school hours.

**Ralston Avenue** is a two-lane, two-way local road, generally aligned in an east-west direction. It connects with Forest Way to the east via a priority-controlled and is a cul-de-sac to the west at Ralston Lookout. In the vicinity of the subject site, the posted speed limit is 50km/h. There is unrestricted parking provided on either side of the road.

**Forest Way** is a classified State road, providing connectivity to the wider arterial road network via Warringah Road to the south and Mona Vale Road to the north. To the south of Ralston Avenue, Forest Way has three traffic lanes in either travel direction. To the north of Ralston Avenue, it has two lanes in either travel direction. Forest Way has 80km/h posted speed limit.

### 2.3 Public Transport Infrastructure

The subject site is serviced by a number of bus routes, along Pringle Avenue, Ralston Avenue and Forest Way. The closest bus stop is located immediately south of the subject site on Pringle Avenue.

No train or metro services are currently provided within the immediate vicinity of the site.

Table 2.1 shows the existing bus services available within 400m walking distance of the subject site, with the surrounding public transport map illustrated in

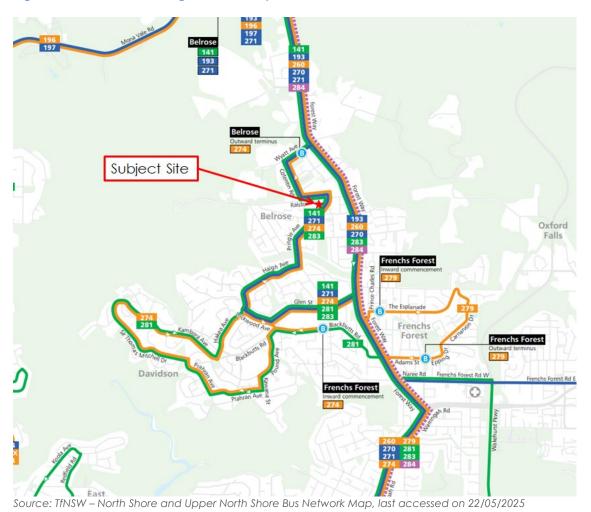


Table 2.1: Bus Services within 400m of the Subject Site

Bus Route	Route Description	Service Frequency	Walking Distance from the Site
141	Austlink to Manly via Frenchs Forest	30 – 60 minutes	40m
193	Warringah Mall to Austlink via Frenchs Forest	30 – 60 minutes	350m
260	Terrey Hills to North Sydney	20 – 30 minutes (only runs in the AM peak and PM peak)	350m
270	Terrey Hills to City QVB	15 – 30 minutes	350m
271	Belrose to City QVB	15 – 30 minutes	40m
274	Davidson to City QVB via Frenchs Forest	15 – 30 minutes (only runs in the AM peak and PM peak)	40m
283	Chatswood to Belrose (Loop Service)	20 – 60 minutes	40m
284	Duffys Forest to Terrey Hills & Chatswood	10 – 60 minutes (limited services per day)	350m

Source: TfNSW, last accessed on 22/05/2025

Figure 2.2: Surrounding Public Transport Service





#### 2.4 Pedestrian and Cyclist Infrastructure

In the immediate vicinity of the site, pedestrian footpaths are provided on both sides of Ralston Avenue and Pringle Avenue. The eastern footpath on Pringle Avenue, however, discontinues just north of Coachline Place.

A formal pedestrian 'zebra' crossing is provided on Ralston Avenue, immediately west of the Belrose Village shopping centre. This provides good pedestrian crossing opportunities across Ralston Avenue between Belrose Public School, Belrose Village shopping centre and neighbouring sites.

According to TfNSW Cycleway Finder, the nearest cycleway is provided along Forest Way, starting north of Ralston Avenue. This cycleway provides connectivity to the wider cycle network via Mona Vale Road to the north. Figure 2.3 shows the existing cycling infrastructure around the subject site.

Review of the aerial imagery also shows line marked on-road cycling routes on Ralston Avenue (between Forest Way and Hampden Street), Hampden Street, Knightsbridge Avenue and Hews Parade, which are located to the east and south of the site.

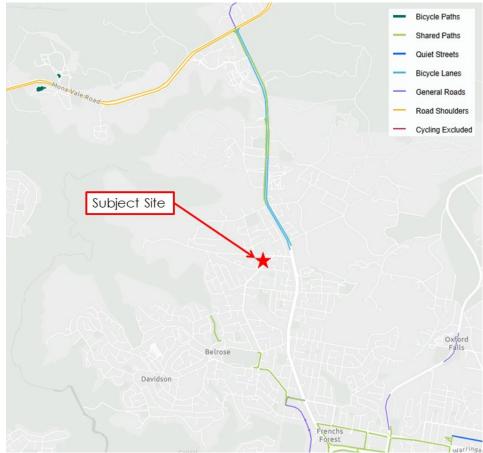


Figure 2.3: Surrounding Cycling Infrastructure

Source: TfNSW Cycleway Finder, last accessed 22/05/2025



#### 2.5 Existing On-Site Parking Demand

It is noted that the subject site prior to 2009, when it was operating as a service station (four refuelling dispensers), was approved for 10 parking spaces (including 2 tandem spaces) as shown in the Construction Certificate (CC) plans dated 25 February 2009. The indicative site layout of the previous service station is shown in Figure 2.4.

LOT 90
P 587935

LOT 8
DP 545948

Figure 2.4: Approved Service Station Site Layout

The proposed introduction of car wash facility in 2009 in place of the refuelling dispensers provided informal parking for vehicles on-site.

Notwithstanding this, the proposed removal of the car wash facility would eliminate the parking demand associated with the car wash component. However, the parking demand associated with the service bay workshops would remain.



## 3 Proposed Development

#### 3.1 Overview of the Proposal

The proposed development seeks to make additions and alterations to the site at 117 Pringle Avenue, Belrose, to reinstate the fuel sales as opposed to the car wash facility. The fuel sales area is to contain four refuelling dispensers and associated fuel sales / pay-point building, similar to the operation of the site prior to 2009 and as shown at **Figure 2.4.** 

The existing workshop facilities are to be retained on the site, with some internal modifications to separate the administration /reception and pay-point areas of the operations.

The proposed site layout is shown in Figure 3.1, with the full architectural plans provided in **Appendix A**. Storage is moved from a temporary container to the rear of the building with a new bin storage yard added.

PRINCE AVENUE

PRINCE

Figure 3.1: Proposed Site Layout



#### 3.2 Proposed Vehicle Access Arrangement

Vehicle access to the site will be provided off Pringle Avenue via separate entry and exit driveways, as per existing conditions as shown in Figure 3.2. Vehicles will be permitted to turn left or right into and out of the site, as per existing conditions.



Figure 3.2: Proposed Site Access Arrangements

Basemap Source: Nearmap Aerial Imagery, imagery dated 07/12/2023

The existing canopy with a height of 3.75m will be retained as part of the proposal. Therefore, all service vehicles including waste collection vehicles and fuel tanker shall be restricted to a maximum height of 3.5m.

The proposed fuel tanker and private waste collection vehicle will comply with these height restrictions. Appropriate signage to indicate the maximum height clearance under the canopy shall be provided to manage this.

TTPP has undertaken swept path analysis which demonstrates appropriate access arrangements to/from the site is achieved. These swept paths are provided in **Appendix B**.

Swept path analysis also has been undertaken to demonstrate that refuelling vehicles travelling through the site would not be impeded by the on-site parking spaces that could have adverse impacts on the on-site traffic circulation.

The swept path also indicates that when there are two vehicles refuelling simultaneously within the same service channel with a gap of 1m in between, vehicular access for the adjacent service channels will not be impeded. This is illustrated in Figure 3.3.



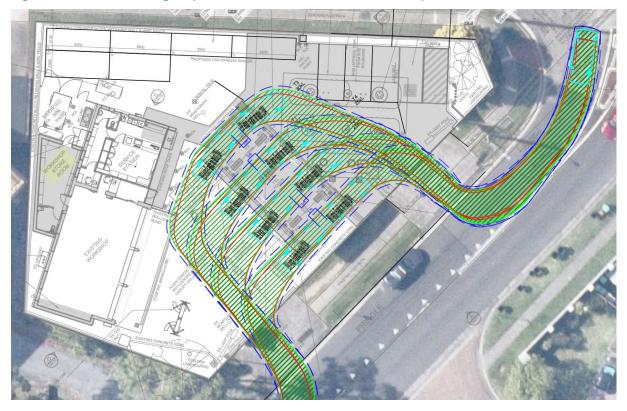


Figure 3.3: Refuelling Dispenser Access and Circulation Swept Path

Due to the site constraints, vehicles parked at the parallel parking spaces along the northern boundary would need to give-way to refuelling vehicles when exiting the site. These spaces would be used and managed by the workshop and not by customers. Therefore, this arrangement is acceptable.

#### 3.3 Sight Distance Assessment

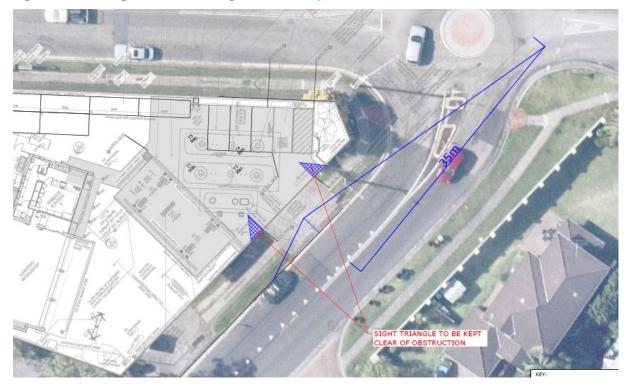
The subject site is located within close proximity of the Ralston Avenue / Pringle Avenue roundabout, particularly the proposed northern egress driveway. The egress driveway is located at some 35m south of the roundabout. No obstructions are present in the direct line of sight between the driveway and the roundabout.

According to AS2890.1:2004, a minimum stopping sight distance of 45m is required to traffic on the frontage road, based on the frontage road speed limit of 50km/h (Pringle Avenue). However, it is noted that given the nature of roundabouts, which vehicles tend to travel at a lower speed when turning at the roundabout, it is expected that turning vehicles would be travelling around this section of road at about 30 to 40km/h.

Therefore, based on a travel speed of 40km/h, a minimum 35m stopping sight distance would be required. There is approximately 35m stopping sight distance to the roundabout as shown in Figure 3.4, which is considered satisfactory. This sight distance assessment map is also contained in **Appendix C**.



Figure 3.4: Sight Distance at Egress Driveway





## 4 Parking Assessment

#### 4.1 Car Parking Requirements

Parking requirements for the proposed development have been assessed against Warringah's Development Control Plan (WDCP) 2011.

The car parking requirements for service stations, as stipulated in WDCP, are based on the number of service bays, convenience store GFA, and restaurant GFA, which are as follows:

- 6 car spaces per service bay, plus
- 5 spaces per 100m<sup>2</sup> GFA of convenience store, plus
- The greater of 15 spaces per 100m<sup>2</sup> GFA, or 1 space per 3 seats.

It is worthy to note that this proposed development seeks to modify the use of the site to what it was operating as prior to 2009; that is a service station comprising three service bays, four refuelling dispensers and associated convenience store. On this basis, a comparison of the approved parking rates for the previous service station and the proposed service station has been undertaken and summarised in Table 4.1.

Table 4.1: Comparison of Car Parking Rates and Provision

		Yield		Required Car Spaces	
Land Use	Car Parking Rate	Previous Service Station	Proposed Service Station	Previous Service Station	Proposed Service Station
Service Bay	6 car spaces per service bay	3 service bays	3 service bays	18	18
Convenience Store	5 car spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> GFA	Unknown (Assume 45m²)	45m²	2	2
Restaurant	The greater of 15 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> GFA OR 1 space per 3 seats	N/A	N/A	-	-
Total				20	20

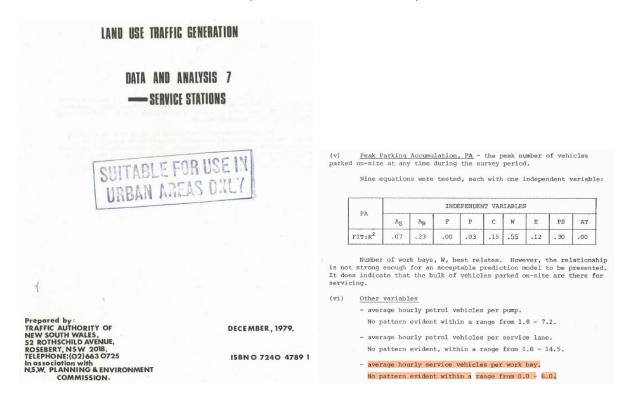
Table 4.1 shows that when adopting the current WDCP parking rate, the previous service station would need to have provided 20 car spaces. This assumes a 45m<sup>2</sup> GFA for the previous convenience store in the absence of this information and based on the similar size of the convenience store as shown in the site plans in Figure 2.4 and Figure 3.1. However, the previous service station only provided 10 car spaces, which is a shortfall of 10 car spaces.

The proposed development is also required to provide 20 car spaces according to the WDCP requirement given the same proposed service bay and convenience store yield as the previous service station. It is proposed to provide ten car spaces, which is a shortfall of 10 car spaces when compared to the WDCP requirement.



It is of note that the WDCP requirement of 6 spaces per service bay is the same as that contained within the RTA (now TfNSW) 2002 Guide to Traffic Generating Developments. It is presumed therefore that rather than undertake their own analysis of the car parking characteristics of workshops, Council has relied on the 2002 RTA Guide.

The 2002 Guide was in fact based upon studies undertaken by RTA TfNSW in the late 1970's.



Clealry this data is now over 45 years old and is now out of date. Indeed, TfNSW updated their Traffic Generation gudiance for service stations based upon a study undertaken by TEF consultants on behalf of TfNSW in 2013. In its introduction, the 2013 study noted that:-

The (current 2002 RTA) Guide contains trip generation and parking demand information derived from a 1979 survey of ten Service Stations across greater Sydney. Half of the sites were self-service, and half offered the then traditional driveway service. Since that survey was undertaken:

- self-service has displaced driveway service
- service stations are now much larger
- it is now rare for a service station to also contain a vehicle service workshop or bay
- service stations now also offer convenience items and groceries
- service stations are often attached to fast food outlets
- much petrol retailing is now allied to large supermarket chains and loyalty schemes
- petrol pricing is highly variable day-to-day, with consequent wide variations in customer patronage.



Given these changes, there is now a need to validate (or otherwise) the 1979 trip generation and parking demand data for Service Stations, to assist with traffic impact assessment and planning.

Of the 10 sites surveyed in 2013, only one had car service facilities and that site had only 4 parking spaces.

It is of note that during a recent development application relating to Heartland Motors in Castle Hill, the operator of the site challenged the 6 parking spaces per service bay required by the 2002 RTA guide. They said:

Records provided by Heartland Motors found that the site services an average of 33 vehicles per day with the 18 hoists on-site over a three-month period between December 2021 to February 2022.

Further records provided by Heartland Motors for the period between January 2018 to December 2019 (refer to Appendix A for details) found:

- In the 2018 calendar year, an average of 37.5 vehicles per day were serviced;
- In the 2019 calendar year, an average of 29.9 vehicles per day were serviced.

I note Council have referred to 1 hoist for 6 parking spaces. This is severely outdated and incorrect. These days, cars service intervals are bigger than ever as are the warranty periods hence cars are coming back less and less to dealerships.

Attached is some actual data of our Castle Hill workshop which shows 58 days of service history, totalling 1,916 jobs which equates to 33 jobs per day. Considering we have 18 hoists in the workshop plus 7 additional parking spaces in there we clearly need only 8 outside additional parking spaces to cover this considering 18 hoists + 7 indoor spaces + 8 outdoor spaces equals 33 jobs per day.

At that site, 18 hoists and 7 indoor spaces were used for servicing and the average number of vehicles serviced per day was between 29.9 and 37.5.

Therefore each hoist/servicing space was used by 1.5 vehicles per day. It is clear that the 6 parking spaces per hoist is not representative of existing operations and is extremely excessive. However, in stating this, we do note that an additional allowance should be made for staff at the servicing depot and we are instructed that the workshop currently employs 4 people.

An examination of the Journey to Work statistics shows that in the Belrose Zone, of those people who travel to work, 80% drive and would require a parking space. Consequently 3 spaces would be adequate.



Table 4.2: Travel Mode to Work in Belrose

Mode	Mode Share (%)	Mode Share, excluding did not go to work (%)	Mode Share of Those who did not work from home (%)
Train	3	4	6
Bus	2	3	5
Ferry	0	0	0
Tram/Light rail	0	0	0
Taxi/ride-share	0	0	0
Car, as driver	43	51	80
Car, as passenger	3	3	5
Truck	1	1	2
Motorbike	0	0	0
Bicycle	0	0	0
Walked only	1	2	3
Other Mode	0	0	0
Worked at Home	30	0	0
Did not go to work	16	0	0

On this basis, the required car parking would be as follows:-

Table 4.3: Updated Car Parking Provision Calculation

Lowel Hea	Car Paulin a Park	Proposed Service Station		
Land Use	Car Parking Rate	Yield	Required Car Spaces	
Service Bay	1.5 car spaces per service bay	3 service bays	4.5	
	Additional Staff Spaces	4 staff	3	
Convenience 5 car spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> Store GFA		45m²	2.25	
	Total	9.75		

It is of course noted that cars are able to park at the bowsers for the purposes of buying fuel and purchasing from the convenience shop. Having studied BP stations over the years, a survey of a BP service Station at 2 Princes Hwy, St Peters NSW 2044 was undertaken to study the purpose of all vehicles parking on the site, the St Peters site has 6 pumps and a convenience store of around 155m<sup>2</sup>. The survey recorded the purpose of all vehicles entering the site in the AM and PM peak periods and found that:



- 14% of the cars visiting the site simply drove through without stopping
- 50% of vehicles stopped and filled at the fuel pump and paid inside the shop
- 9% of vehicles stopped and filled at the fuel pump but paid at the pump
- 16% of vehicles entered the site, parked at the pump, did not purchase fuel but just visited the shop
- 3% of vehicles parked in the designated parking spaces and visited the shop
- 2% of vehicles parked in the parking spaces for some time (i.e. staff parking)
- 5% of vehicles parked in the parking spaces for the purposes of using the air pump
- The dwell time from entering the site to leaving the bowser for vehicles (but not including staff, fuel unloading and deliveries) was 3 minutes and 40 seconds.

Consequently, the parking spaces provided for the service station element are primarily used by staff or people using the air pump.

It is noted that there are eight additional parking spaces available at the refuelling dispensers which are used for the service station operation. Generally, service station customers undertake linked trips; that is refuelling vehicles and visiting the associated convenience store for goods purchase. Vehicles which are stationary at the refuelling bays would remain there while customers pay for fuel and goods. Therefore, given the dual use of service station, each refuelling bay acts as a short duration parking bay.

On the above basis, it is expected that the car parking demand associated with the proposed development can be sufficiently accommodated within the site and is not expected to adversely impact the surrounding on-street parking.

#### 4.2 Accessible Parking Requirements

WDCP does not stipulate specific accessible parking requirements for service stations or convenience stores or workshop facilities.

Reference is made to the National Construction Code (NCC) 2022, which recommends accessible parking spaces to be provided at a rate of 1 space for every 50 car parking spaces or part thereof for a service station. It is proposed to comply with this requirement and provide one accessible parking space, as per the existing site.

However, the proposed accessible parking space will be designed in accordance with AS2890.6:2022, with a width of 2.4m and a length of 5.4m, with an adjacent shared zone of the same size. This is considered an improvement from the existing accessible space with no adjacent shared zone provided, which is not compliant with the latest AS2890.6:2022.



#### 4.3 Bicycle Parking Requirements

WDCP does not stipulate specific bicycle parking requirements for service stations. Due to limited cycling infrastructure around the vicinity of the subject site and the nature of service station operation, it is expected that cyclist activities will be minimal. Therefore, it is not proposed to provide any bicycle parking at the service station.

#### 4.4 Motorcycle Parking Requirements

WDCP does not stipulate specific motorcycle parking requirements for service stations. It is not proposed to provide any motorcycle parking at the service station, noting that motorcycle parking can be accommodated within the proposed car parking spaces and at the refuelling bays.

#### 4.5 Loading Bay Requirements

WDCP stipulates that specific loading and unloading activities associated with service and delivery should be appropriate to the size and nature of the development. In addition, in accordance with the TfNSW's Guide to Transport Impact Assessment (the Guide) 2024, "adequate off-street loading facilities are provided to meet the demands of the development and not rely on the local road network and kerb space".

Deliveries for the fuel sales, convenience store, and workshop facilities are proposed to be undertaken by small van/utility type vehicles, equivalent to a B99 vehicle. These small deliveries can be accommodated at the proposed car parking spaces, or at the bin yard to the rear of the site.

Waste collection would be undertaken in the bin yard outside of peak periods. A private waste contractor will be used, with a maximum height clearance of 3.5m due to restricted height clearance requirements under the existing canopy. The bespoke waste truck would be no larger than an 8.8m Medium Rigid Vehicle (MRV). Swept path analysis showing an MRV accessing and exiting the bin collection areas are shown in Appendix B.

Fuel deliveries shall be undertaken by a bespoke 10m long fuel truck, no higher than 3.5m in terms of vertical clearance. These vehicles would park adjacent to the fuel tank located between the refuelling dispensers to unload the fuel. Swept path analysis showing the manoeuvre of the fuel truck within the proposed service station is contained in Appendix B.

Notwithstanding this, all servicing and deliveries shall be scheduled to be undertaken outside of the road network and school peak hours, to minimise impacts on the surrounding roads, as well as service station operations. The Site Manager would be responsibility to manage all servicing/delivery requirements accordingly.

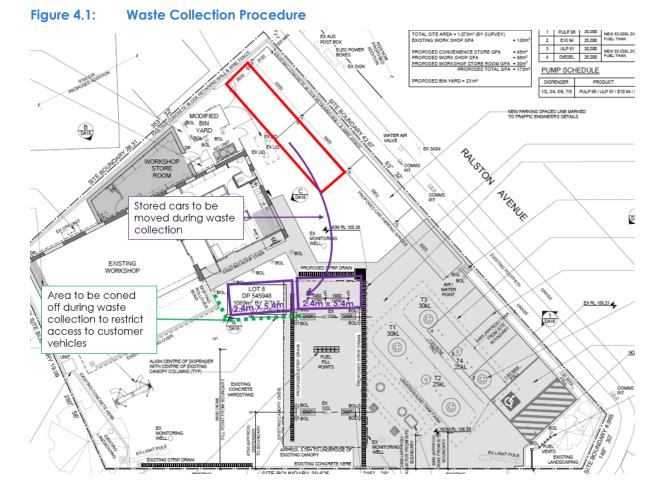


Therefore, the proposed loading arrangements are considered satisfactory.

#### 4.6 Waste Management Procedure

Of the proposed 10 car spaces, four spaces are provided as tandem/ stacked parking spaces and two as parallel spaces. These six spaces would be used by workshop for the storage of vehicles and for staff parking and these spaces would be managed by the workshop.

Waste collection is to occur within the two car spaces marked in Figure 4.1. The two cars stored within these spaces are to be relocated to the first fuel bowser prior to waste vehicle arrival, to enable the use of the displaced area for loading.





## 5 Traffic Assessment

The TfNSW's Guide to Transport Impact Assessment (the Guide) 2024 stipulates the following trip generation rate for service stations during the AM and PM peak hours:

- AM peak hour vehicle trip rate = 0.2815\*N² + 14.047\*N + 16.715
- PM peak hour vehicle trip rate = 0.0205\*\$ + 88.52

Where N = number of service channels at the service station

S = total site area is square metre

The proposed service station development has a total site area of some 1,073 m<sup>2</sup> and comprises four service channels. Based on this, the proposed development is anticipated to generate some 77 vehicle trips during the AM peak hour and 111 vehicle trips during the PM peak hour.

It is also noted that service stations generally provide for vehicles already travelling on the roads rather that specific trips to the service station. Therefore, the majority of the trips are expected to be passing trade. According to the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), around 56 per cent of service station trips are passing trade whereas much higher rates of 70% and 80% passing trade have been mooted in the Land & Environment Court.

Based on this, the proposed development is only expected to generate some additional 34 vehicle trips (17 vehicles) during the AM peak hour and 49 vehicle trips (25 vehicles) during the PM peak hour on the road network.

The proposed removal of the car wash facility will eliminate the traffic generation associated with this use. The Development Consent for the DA2008/1482 indicates that the existing site was approved for a single car wash bay. However, the Guide does not stipulate traffic generation rates for car wash facilities.

Reference is made to the TfNSW's Trip Generation Survey Data Report for Car Wash & Cafes, which surveyed traffic generation of 15 car wash and café sites. According to the survey data, the average trip generation rate across all sites is some 5 vehicle trips per car wash bay during the peak hours. However, it should be noted that the site with only one car wash bay is likely to generate higher traffic generation given the potential higher turnover.

Notwithstanding this, it is expected the net additional traffic generation of the proposed development will be at least 5 vehicle trips lower than the 34 vehicle trips and 49 vehicle trips (i.e., 29 vehicle trips and 44 vehicle trips) during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively.

It is worthy to note that the trip generation rates stipulated in the Guide are not dependent on the service bay workshop component. Notwithstanding this, the service bay components will be retained as per the existing operation. Therefore, it is not expected to generate any additional vehicle trips on the surrounding road network.

Based on the above, the net additional traffic generation of the proposed development is not expected to have any adverse impacts on the surrounding road network.



Furthermore, it is worthy to note that the proposed development is seeking to modify the site into the service station similar to the previous service station that was operating prior to 2009, comprising four refuelling dispensers, a small convenience store, and three service bays. Therefore, this level of traffic would have already been generated from the previous use of the site. Therefore, it is expected that the existing roads are suitable to accommodate traffic generated by the proposed service station given it was formally occupied by the same use on the site.



## 6 Summary and Conclusion

This Traffic Impact Assessment relates to the proposed redevelopment of the existing Belrose Service Centre, located at 117 Pringle Avenue, Belrose. The key findings of the report are presented below:

- The proposal seeks approval to reinstate fuel sales by providing 4 refuelling dispensers by removing the current car wash facilities.
- Prior to 2009, the site was originally occupied by a service station (comprising four refuelling dispensers) and service bay workshops, until the refuelling component was replaced with a car wash. The proposal comprises the same number of fuel dispensers (4), the same number of service bays as existing, minor alterations to the existing building and same access arrangements as per the former service station.
- Vehicle access to/from the subject site will be maintained as per existing driveways off Pringle Avenue. These driveways are suitable to accommodate the largest vehicle, which is a 10m long fuel truck.
- The existing canopy has a height of 3.75m and all servicing/delivery vehicles including waste vehicles shall be restricted to a maximum height of 3.5m.
- Waste collection shall be undertaken by a private waste contractor using a site-specific waste vehicle with a maximum vertical clearance of 3.5m, which would be no larger than an 8.8m MRV. Other deliveries shall be via small vans / small rigid vehicles.
- The proposed changes to the car parking layout and associated elements are proposed to be designed in accordance with AS2890.1:2004 requirements.
- Appropriate sight distance have also been provided at the existing driveways off Pringle Avenue.
- The parking provision which is the same as that provided for the previous service station, is sufficient to accommodate the anticipated parking demand. This also notes that additional 8 parking spaces are available at the refuelling dispensers for short-term parking, which are generally used by service station customers.
- The proposed development is expected to generate an additional 29 vehicle trips and 44 vehicle trips during the AM and PM peak hours. This level of traffic is expected to be sufficiently accommodated on the surrounding road network without adverse impacts. It is worth noting that the site was previously used for fuel sales with the same number of fuel dispensers (i.e. four) and workshop facilities and therefore, this level of traffic would have already been generated from the original use of the site.
- Given the site has continued to be used as a service station with car related uses, as per the previous service station, the existing roads are considered suitable to accommodate the anticipated traffic generation associated by the reinstatement of fuel related sales.



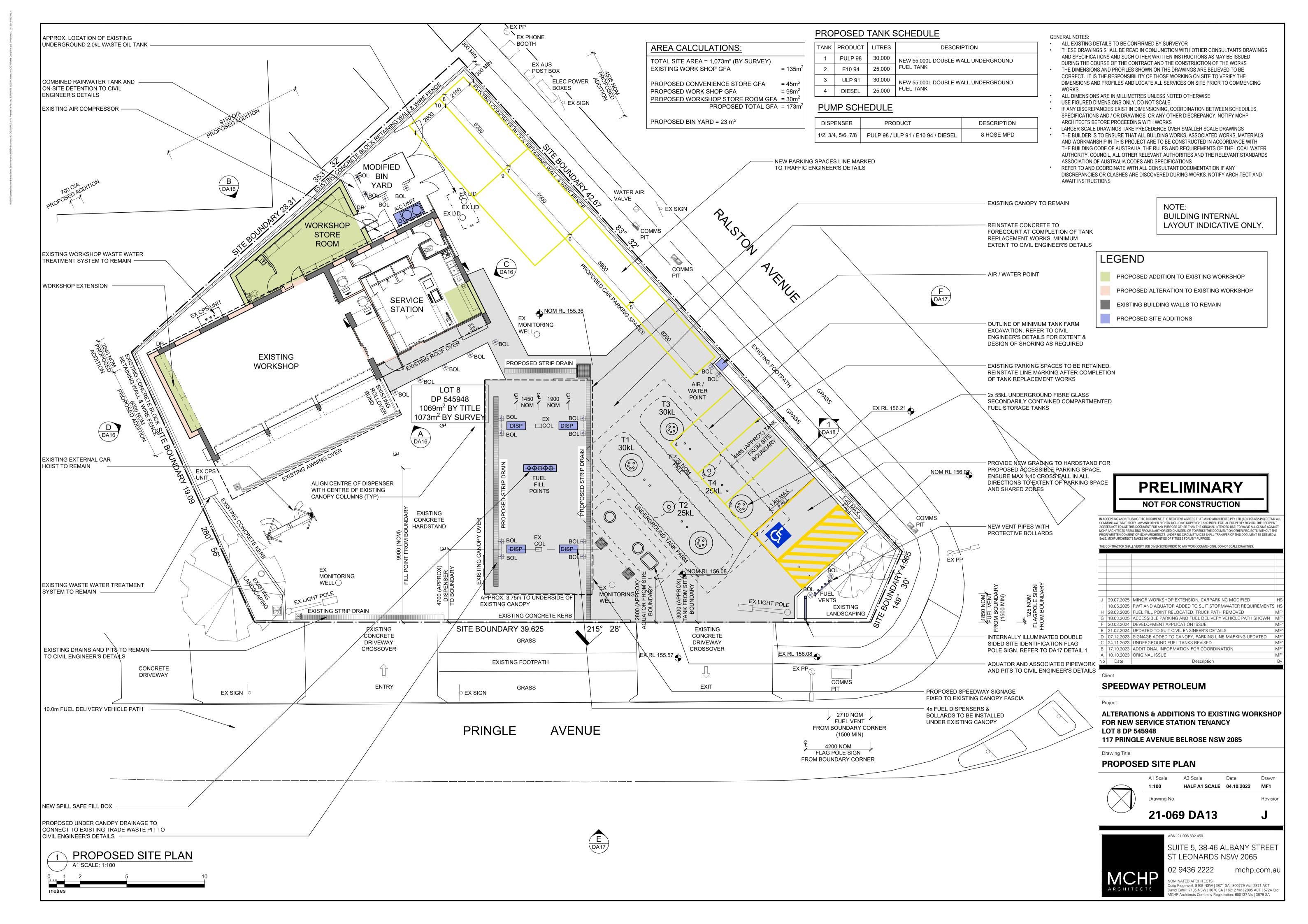
Overall, the traffic and parking aspects of the proposed development are considered to be satisfactory.



## Appendix A

Proposed Site Layout

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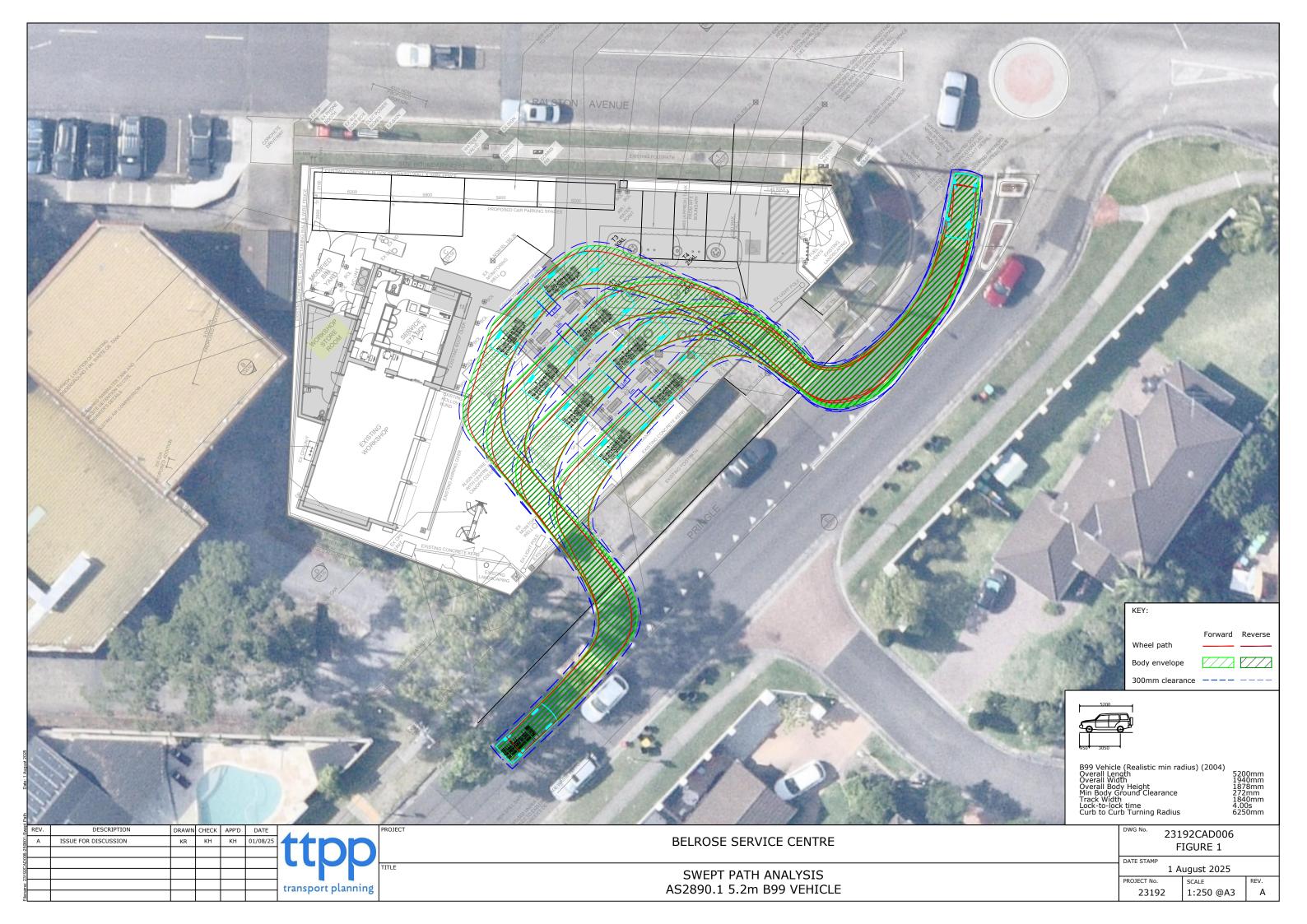


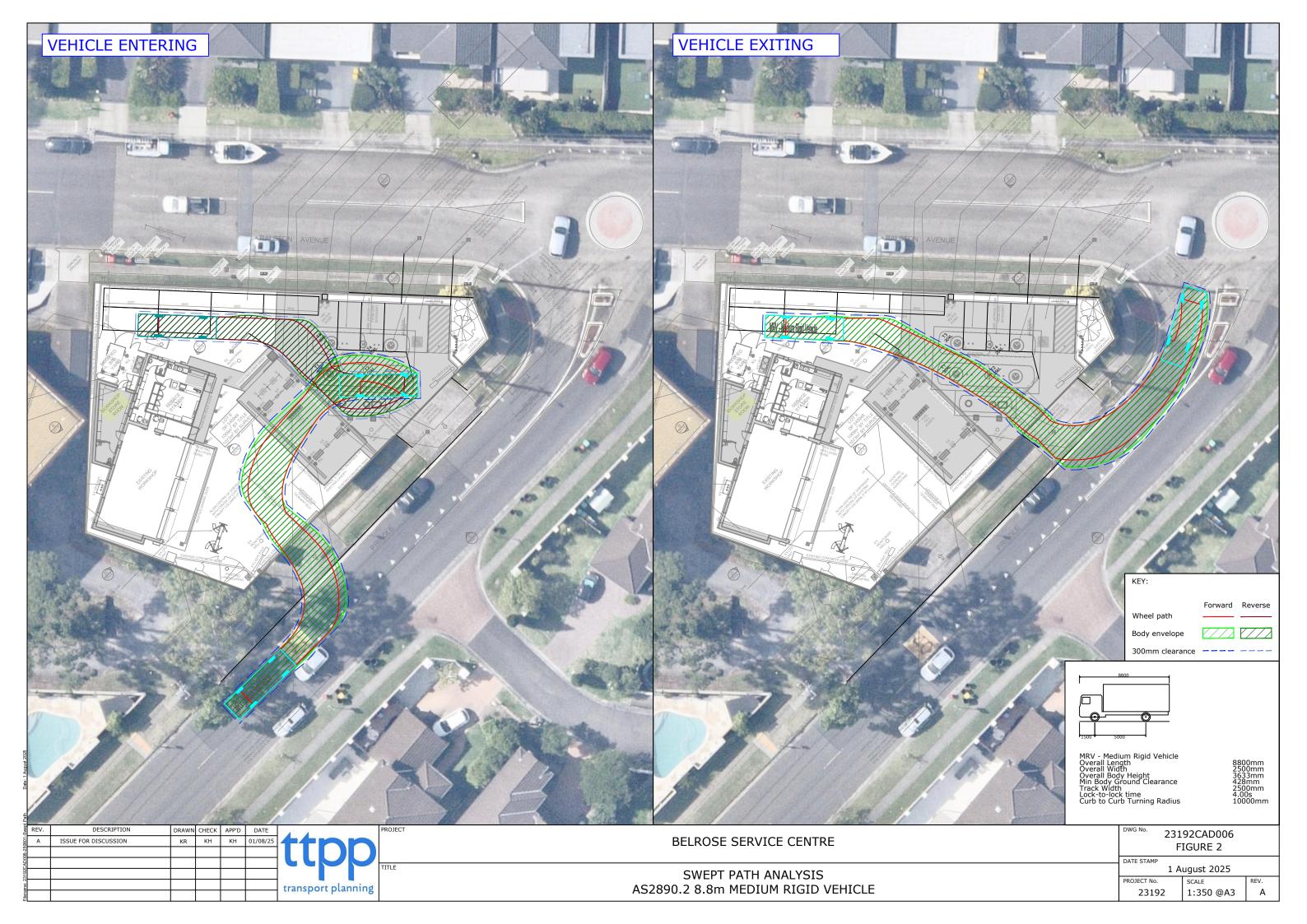


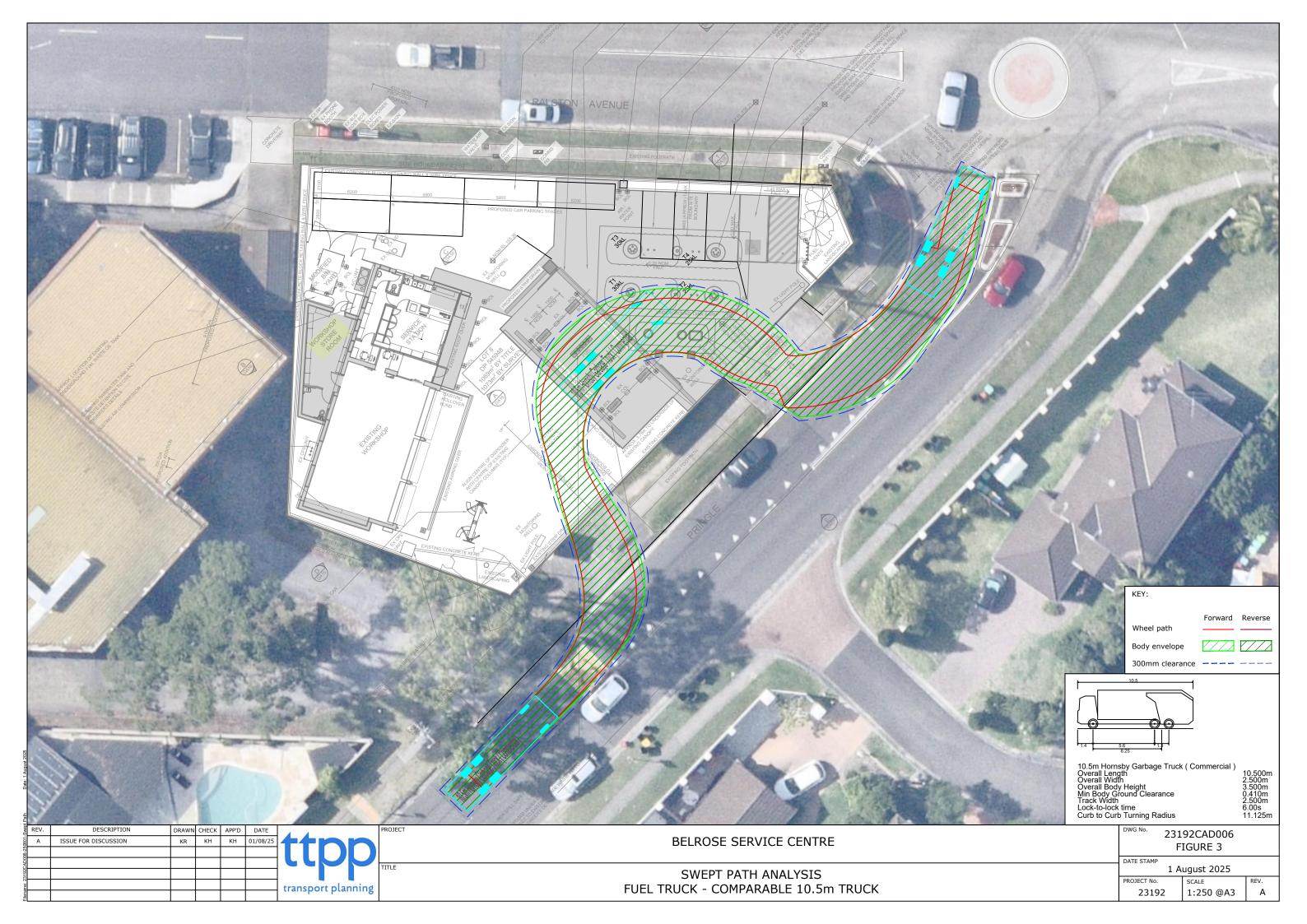
## Appendix B

Swept Path Analysis

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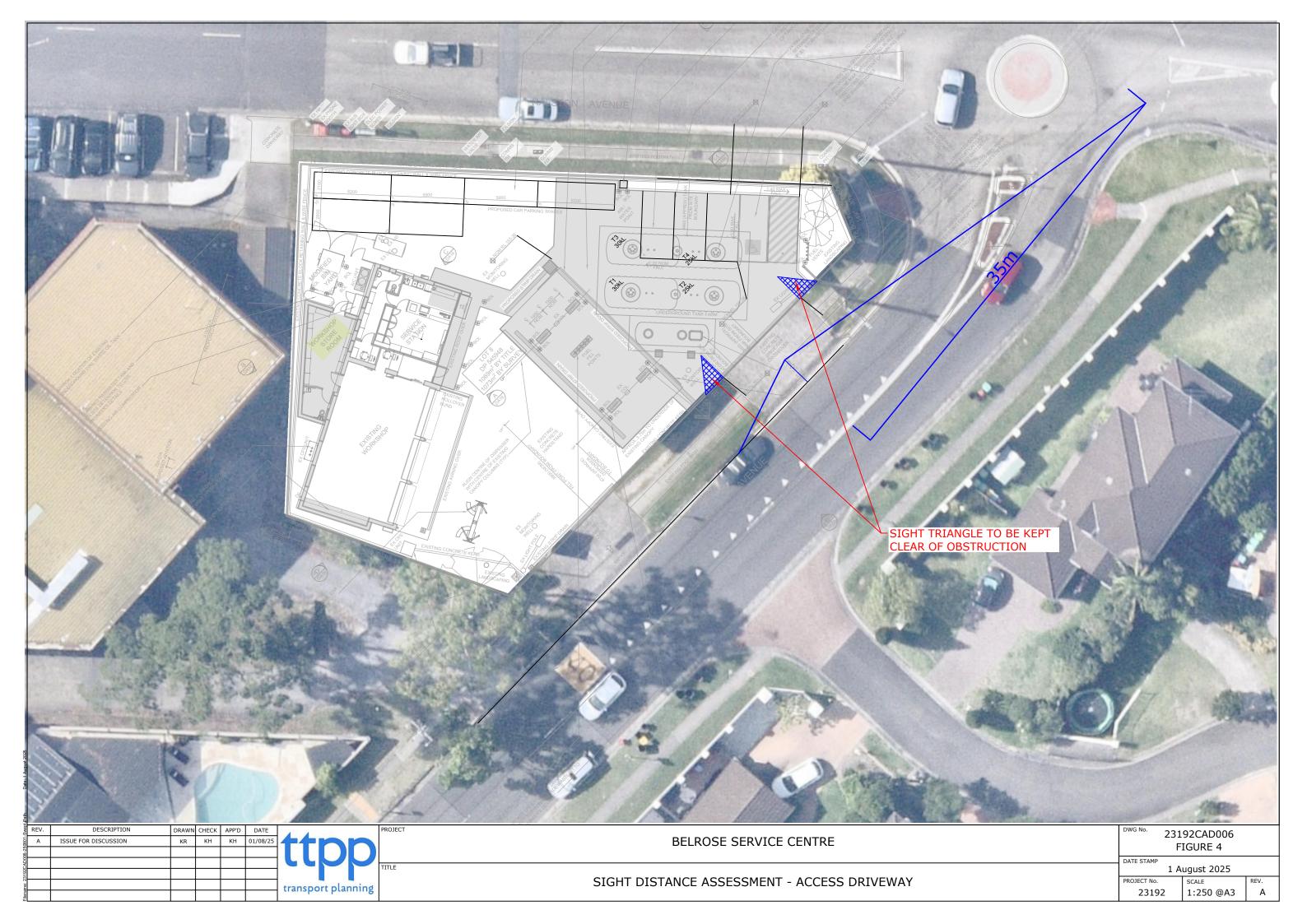




# Appendix C

Sight Distance Assessment

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