

TREE APPLICATION ASSESSMENT REPORT

Development Application Number:	DA2017/0136
Property Address:	217 Headland Road NORTH CURL CURL
Legal Address	Lot 1 DP 509052
Proposal Description:	Tree Application
Recommendation:	APPROVED with Conditions
Notification Required?	No

Applicable Controls: EPA Act 1979, EPA Regulations 2000, WLEP 2011, WDCP 2011	
SEPPs: Applicable?	No
REPs: Applicable?	No
LEPs Applicable?	Yes

Section 79C Act 1979	
Section 79C (1) (a)(i) – Have you considered all relevant provisions of any relevant environmental planning instrument?	Yes
Section 79C (1) (a)(iii) – Have you considered all relevant provisions of any provisions of any development control plan	Yes
Section 79C (1) (a)(iv) - Have you considered all relevant provisions of any Regulations?	Yes
Section 79C (1) (b) – Are the likely impacts of the development, including environmental impacts on the natural and built environment and social and economic impacts in the locality acceptable?	Yes

Consistent with the Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011 (WLEP2011)	
Land Use Zone	R2 - Low Density Residential
Aims and Objectives consistent with the zone objectives	Yes
WLEP 2011 Permissible or Prohibited Land Use	Permissible
Does the proposed development meet the objectives of CL 5.9 WLEP 2011 "Preservation of Trees or Vegetation"	Yes

Consistent with the Warringah Development Control Plan 2011	Applicable – Yes or No
D1 - Landscaped Open Space and Bushland Setting	Yes
E1 - Private Property Tree Management	Yes
E2 - Prescribed Vegetation	Yes
E3 - <u>Threatened species, populations, ecological communities listed under State or Commonwealth legislation, or High Conservation Habitat</u>	Yes
E6 - Retaining Unique Environmental Features on Site	Yes
E8 - Waterways and Riparian Lands	Yes

Consideration of Removal of Tree Test (WDCP Appendix 8)					Tree No.1				
1. The Unacceptable Risk Test Does the tree pose an unacceptable risk that cannot be adequately or appropriately managed by arboricultural treatment or other risk management measures? the tree pose an unacceptable risk that cannot be adequately or appropriately managed by arboricultural treatment or other risk management measures?									
2. The Diseased Condition Test Is the tree in a diseased condition that cannot be corrected by pruning or other arboricultural treatment? And all possible options for managing the diseased condition have been considered prior to issuing consent for the removal of a tree.									
3. Remaining Life Expectancy Test The remaining life expectancy of the tree has been identified to be less than 5 years therefore consent for the removal of the tree is justified subject to replacement planting.									
4. Property Damage Test Is the tree significantly affecting public or private property by way of its presence/location or growth? All abatement options have been considered and removal of the tree is the only option to avoid further conflict?					Yes				
5. Public Infrastructure Works Test Is the tree likely to succumb to major injury as a result of public infrastructure work where all alternatives such as relocation or reconfiguration of the works have been considered?									
6. Proposed Driveway Crossings, Private Structures or Works Affecting Public Land Test Is the tree located in an area required for a Proposed Driveway Crossings, or other Private Structures? Council is satisfied that the proposal would maximize public benefit, that there is no reasonable alternative to removing the tree, and would not have any adverse heritage, pedestrian, streetscape or traffic impacts.									
Conclusion					Tree No.1				
Based on the above matters, the assessment against the Environmental Planning Instrument Provisions, and the Development Control Plan, is the removal of the Tree Warranted / Justified in the circumstances of the case?					Yes				

Additional Comments:

APPLICATION DETERMINATION

RECOMMENDATION - [APPROVAL with Conditions](#)

That Council as the consent authority:

GRANT DEVELOPMENT CONSENT to the development application subject to:

The conditions detailed within the associated notice of determination; and

"I am aware of Council's Code of Conduct and, in signing this report, declare that I do not have a Conflict of Interest"

The application is determined under the delegated authority of:



Signed

Tree Assessment Officer

Appendix A: Tree Inspection Schedule: Refer to the Explanatory Criteria on pages 6 and 7

Information Category	Tree No.1				
Species	Jacaranda mimosifolia				
Remnant/ Planted/ Self sown	P				
Special significance					
Age class Y/S/M/O	M				
Tree height (m)	12				
Average crown diameter (m)	9				
Crown condition 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	3				
Root zone	Ga, Pa				
Defects	L, E				
Services/adjacent structures	LVo, O				
Failure potential 1, 2, 3, 4	1				
Size of defective part 1, 2, 3, 4	1				
Target rating 1, 2, 3, 4	3				
Hazard Rating (-/12)	5				
Recommendations	Tree No.1				
Remove Tree	Y				
Pruning					
Root pruning/root barrier					
Replanting required	Y				
Other					

Explanatory Criteria for Tree Inspection Schedule within Appendix A

Note: The detail below is general and is provided in good faith as a guide to assist persons reviewing the assessment report understand and interpret the assessment and a determination which may include the removal of a tree outside the criteria set can be for reasons beyond technical consideration and can be based on the expertise of the Council Officer conducting the assessment. If you require clarification or have any questions, please contact Tree Assessment Officer.

Key	Criteria	Comments
Tree No.	Must relate to the number on your site diagram	
Species	May be coded – include a key to the codes; botanical names and common names in key. (eg Lc = <i>Lophostemon confertus</i> Brush Box)	
Remnant/ Planted / Self sown	Self explanatory; of use when negotiating cost sharing for line clearing operations	
Special Significance	A Aboriginal C Commemorative Ha Habitat Hi Historic M Memorial R Rare U Unique form O Other	This may require specialist knowledge
Age Class	Y Young = recently planted S Semi mature (<20% of life expectancy) M Mature (20-80% of life expectancy) O Over-mature (>80% of life expectancy)	
Height	In metres	
Spread	Average diameter of canopy in metres	
Crown condition	Overall vigour and vitality 0 Dead 1 Severe decline (<20% canopy; major dead wood 2 Declining (20-60% canopy density; twig and branch dieback) 3 Average/low vigour (60-90% canopy density; twig dieback) 4 Good (90-100% crown cover; little or no dieback or other problems, good response growth) 5 Excellent (100% crown cover, no deadwood or other problems, good response growth)	This requires knowledge of species
Failure Potential	Identifies the most likely failure and rates the likelihood that the structural defect(s) will result in failure within the inspection period. 1. Low – defects are minor (eg dieback of twigs, small wounds with good wound wood development) 2. Medium – defects are present and obvious (eg cavity encompassing 10-25% of the circumference of the trunk) 3. High – numerous and/or significant defects present (eg cavity encompassing 30-50% of the circumference of the trunk, major bark inclusions) 4. Severe – defects are very severe (eg heart rot fruiting bodies, cavity encompassing more than 50% of the trunk)	This requires specialist knowledge
Size of Defective Plant	Rates the size of the part most likely to fail. The larger the part that fails, the greater the potential for damage. 1. Most likely failure less than 150mm in diameter 2. Most likely failure 150-450mm in diameter 3. Most likely failure 450-750mm in diameter 4. Most likely failure more than 750mm in diameter	

Key	Criteria	Comments
Target Rating*	Rates the use and occupancy of the area that would be struck by the defective part. 1. Occasional use (eg jogging/cycle track) 2. Intermittent use (picnic area, day use parking) 3. Frequent use, secondary structure (eg seasonal camping area, storage facilities) 4. Constant use, structures (eg year-round use for a number of hours each day, residences)	
Hazard Rating*	Failure potential + size of part + target rating. Add each of the above sections for a number out of 12.	The final number identifies the degree of risk. The next step is to determine a management strategy. A rating in this column does not condemn a tree but may indicate the need for more investigation and a risk management strategy.
Root Zone	CCompaction DDamaged / wounded roots (eg by mowers) EExposed Roots GaTrees in Garden Bed GiGirdled Roots GrGrass KKerb close to tree L+Raised soil level L-Lowered soil level MMulched PaPaving / concrete / bitumen PrRoots pruned SShallow soils AAltered soil / root environment e.g . saturated soils ClSite clearing ExExposure to winds OOther	More than one of these may apply
Defects	BBorers PdPests and diseases CCavity DDecay DmDead / missing bark WWounds PFPrevious Failures II Inclusions LLopped MMistletoe / Parasites SSplits / cracks CoCo-dominate stems / Multi leaders PPoor banch attachment / poor form TTermites FFungi EEpicormics MDMechanical Damage OOther	More than one of these may apply
Services / adjacent structures	BsBus stop BuBuilding within 3m StStructures within 3m HVoHigh voltage open-wire construction HVbHigh voltage bundled (ABC) LVoLow voltage open-wire construction LVbLow voltage bundled (ABC) NaNo services above NbNo services above ground SiSignage SlStreet light TTransmission lines (>33KV) UUnderground services OOther	More than one of these may apply