

21 August 2014

Pittwater Council PO Box 882 Mona Vale, NSW 1660

Dear Sir/Madam,

Re:

Development Application No. N0208/12 Our Construction Certificate No. 104/2014

Premises: 22 Dendrobium Crescent, Elanora Heights

Please find attached a copy of the following:-

Construction Certificate, stamped approved plans and relevant documentation.

· Notice to Commence Building Work.

· Appointment of a Principal Certifying Authority.

In accordance with the regulations we have enclosed a cheque for the sum of \$36.00 for the submission of the Part 4A certificate.

Should you have any further enquiries please do not hesitate to contact us and we will be pleased to assist you.

NB: Please forward receipt for the above \$36.00 fee to CERTGROUP Building Certifiers, PO Box 870 Narrabeen NSW 2101

Yours faithfully,

RECEIVED MONA VALE

77 'AUG 2014

CUSTOMER SERVICE

Mark Wysman

CERTGROUP Building Certifiers

Rec 364944



# CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE DETERMINATION

Issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Section 109C (1) (b), 81A (2) and 81A (4)

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE NO:

104/2014

DETERMINATION

Decision:

Approved

Date of Decision:

21 August 2014

SUBJECT LAND

Address:

22 Dendrobium Crescent, Elanora Heights

Lot No. DP:

Lot 28 DP 263422

DESCRIPTION OF DEVELOPMENT

Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.)

**APPLICANT** 

Name:

Richard & Karla Heggie

Address:

22 Dendrobium Crescent, Elanora Heights

Contact Number: (tel)

tel 99708706 m. 0411556022 (Richard)

OWNER

Name:

Richard & Karla Heggie

Address:

22 Dendrobium Crescent, Elanora Heights

Contact Number: (tel)

tel 99708706 m. 0411556022 (Richard)

BUILDER

Contractor License No:

Mc Carry homes P/L Lic U36356

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

The development is to be carried out in compliance with the following plans and documentation listed below and endorsed with "CERTGROUP Building Certifiers" stamp.

DATE DRAWING NUMBER Architectural Plan No's:00-B,01-B, 02-B, 03-B, 04-B, 05-B, 06-A, 07-B, 08-B, 09-A, 10-A, Rev A 7/11/13 Rev B 20/01/14 prepared by: Peter Downes Designs

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

Construction Specification prepared by: Peter Downes Designs	
Structural Plan No's: S01, S02, S03, S04, S05- Rev C (11,2,14), S06- Rev B (11,2,14), S07	January 2014
prepared by: Peninsula Consulting Engineers Certificate of existing structural adequacy prepared by: Peninsula Consulting Engineers	10/12/13
Stormwater Design Certificate prepared by Taylor Consulting	23/1/14
Stormwater Design Certificate prepared by Taylor Consumator Designs  Stormwater Management Plan no. 20212 – 1B prepared by: Peter Downes Designs	Feb 2014
Landscape Planting Plan No's: Sht-1 Rev D , Sht -2 Rev D prepared by: Jamie King	Rev D 28.1.14
Landscape Architect From 2 & Form 2a - Council Geotechnical Risk Management prepared by: Bruce Lewis of Peninsula Consulting Engineers & Warwick Davies	10/12/13 & 12.2.14
Geotechnical Assessment prepared by: Daves Geotechnical Consulting Engineers	9/7/12
BAL 29 - Bushfire Planning & Design statement & report prepared by: FPA Australia	2/2/12
BAL 29 - Bushille Planning & Design Statement of Open Planning & Design Statement & Design State	undated
Erosion & Sedimentation Control Plan prepared by: Rhett Drew	14/10/13
Erosion & Sedimentation Control Plan property No. 3413107	14/10/13
Sydney Water Quick Check Stamp, Property No. 3413107	5/7/12
Basix Certificate	14/10/13
Sydney Water Quick Check Stamp, Property No. 3413107	15/08/14
Long Service Levy Receipt	
Construction Certificate Application Received	05/04/14

#### CERTIFICATE

I certify that work completed in accordance with documentation accompanying the application for this certificate (with such modifications as verified by the undersigned as may be shown on that documentation) will comply with the requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation, as are referred to ja section 81A(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979"

SIGNATURE

DATE OF ENDORSEMENT

CERTIFICATE NO

CERTIFYING AUTHORITY

Name of Certifying Authority Name of Accredited Certifier Registration No Contact No

Address

DEVELOPMENT CONSENT

Council Development Consent No. Date of Determination

21 August 2014

104/2014

CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS

Mark Wysman

BPB 0449 - NSW Building Professionals Board

PH (02) 9944 8222, FAX (02) 9944 6330

PO BOX 870 NARRABEEN NSW 2101

BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA CLASSIFICATION

1a & 10a

Pittwater

N0208/12

17/1/13



## RECORD OF SITE INSPECTION Issued under clauses 143B & 143C EPAR 2000

SITE INSPECTION	MEMORANDUM
Project: Construction of the new covered balcony, new can dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of had new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitches walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.)	II, new extension to living room, new study,
Address: 22 Dendrobium Crescent, Elanora Heights	Date: 5/4/14
Type of Inspection: Prior to issue of Construction Cert	tificate
Result of Inspection	
* The current fire safety measures in the existing build the subject of the inspection are satisfactory. Details:	
* Whether or not the plans and specifications accomp the application for the construction certificate adequat and accurately depict the condition of the existing buil the subject of the inspection are satisfactory.  Details:	ding
* Whether or not any building work authorised by the idevelopment consent has commenced on the site.	relevant ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ N/a
Myman.	
Mark Wysman Accredited Certifier:	NSW Building Professional Board 0449

#### Home Warranty Insurance Certificate of Insurance



QBE Insurance (Australia) Ltd Level 3, 85 Harrington St SYDNEY NSW 2000 Phone: 1300 790 723 Fax: 02 8275 9330 ABN: 78 003 191 035 AFS License No: 239545



Policy Number BNR023019BWI-4

RICHARD HEGGIE & KARLA HEGGIE 22 DENDROBIUM CRESCENT ELANORA HEIGHTS 2101 Mame of Intermediary
MBA INSURANCE SERVICES PTY LTD
PRIVATE BAG 9
BROADWAY NSW 2007

Account Number BN0004023 Date Issued 11/08/2014

#### Policy Schedule Details

#### Certificate in Respect of Insurance

Residential Building Work by Contractors

A contract of insurance complying with sections 92 and 96 of the Home Building Act 1989 has been issued by QBE Insurance (Australia) Limited as agent for and on behalf of the NSW Self Insurance Corporation (SICorp) (ABN 97 369 689 650) who is responsible for management of the Home Warranty Insurance Fund.

In Respect of

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS STRUCTURAL

At

22 DENDROBIUM CRESCENT ELANORA HEIGHTS NSW 2101

Carried Out By

BUILDER

MC CARRY HOMES PTY LTD

ABN: 56 002 821 150

**Declared Contract Price** 

\$306,370.00

**Contract Date** 

25/07/2014

Builders Registration No.

U 36356

**Building Owner / Beneficiary** 

RICHARD HEGGIE & KARLA HEGGIE

Subject to the Act and the Home Building Regulation 2004 and the conditions of the insurance contract, cover will be provided to the Building Owner/Beneficiary named in the domestic building contract and to the successors in title to the Building Owner/Beneficiary or the immediate successor in title to the contractor or developer who did the work and subsequent successors in title.

Signed for and on behalf of NSW Self Insurance Corporation (SICorp)

Jason Bourne

National Manager - Builders Warranty

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE:

Sav

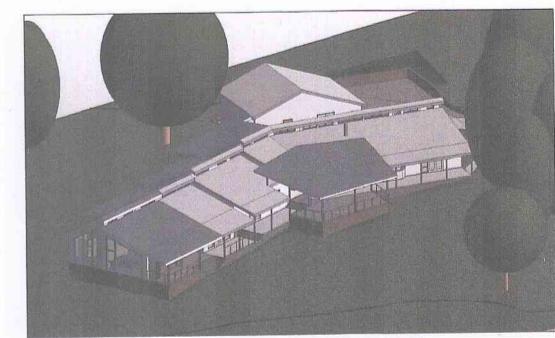
In addition to this certificate of insurance, a policy wording which outlines the terms and conditions of the cover provided is available from the HWIF website. To access that policy wording visit www.homewarranty.nsw.gov.au

## **ALTERATIONS & ADDITIONS** TO 22 DENDROBIUM CRESCENT **ELANORA HEIGHTS, NSW**

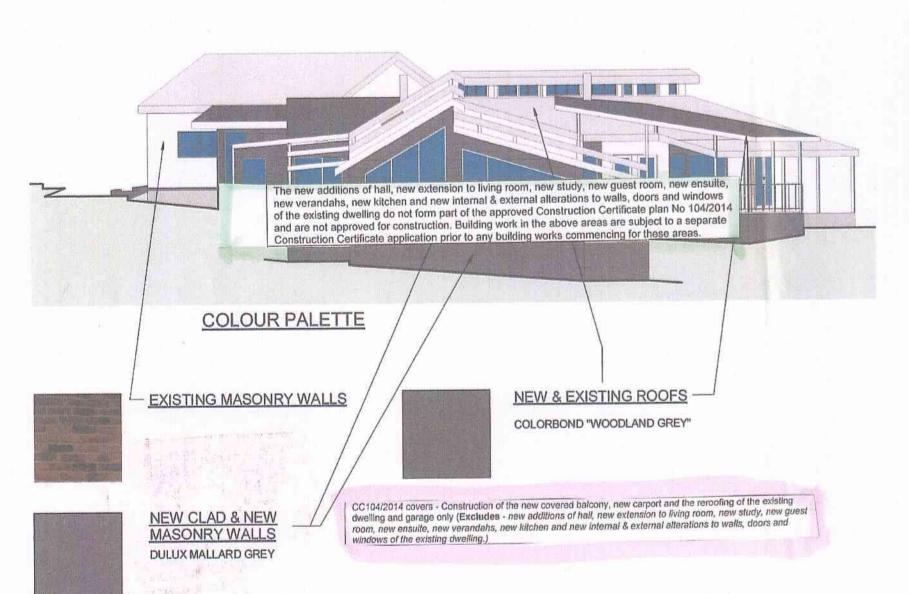
NEW CARPORT WILL BE **OBSCURED FROM** STREETSCAPE BY **EXISTING SITE TREES** 

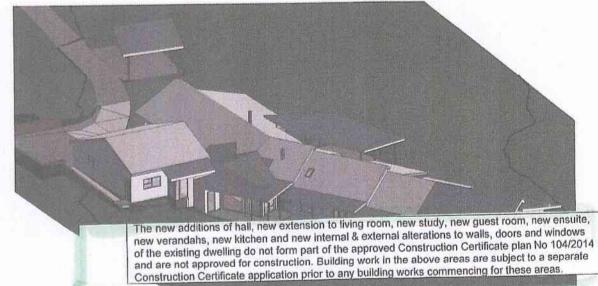


STREET PHOTO MONTAGE



EXTERIOR S/E CONCEPT VIEW (REFER TO COLOUR PALETTE FOR ACTUAL COLOURS & FINISHES)





### EXTERIOR S/W CONCEPT VIEW

(REFER TO COLOUR PALETTE FOR ACTUAL COLOURS & FINISHES)

Sheet No	Sheet Description		
00 - B	Cover, Colours & Sheet List		
01 - B	Site Plan		
02 - B	Floor Plan		
03 - B	Dwelling East Elevations		
04 - B	Dwelling West Elevations		
05 - B	Dwelling North & South Elevations		
06 - A	Section Views		
07 - B	Roof Plan, Schedules & Notes		
08 - B	Carport Plan & Elevations		
09 - A	Design Safety Notes		

BASIX

HBD Sheet List 1in100

CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE PLAN / DOCUMENTATION



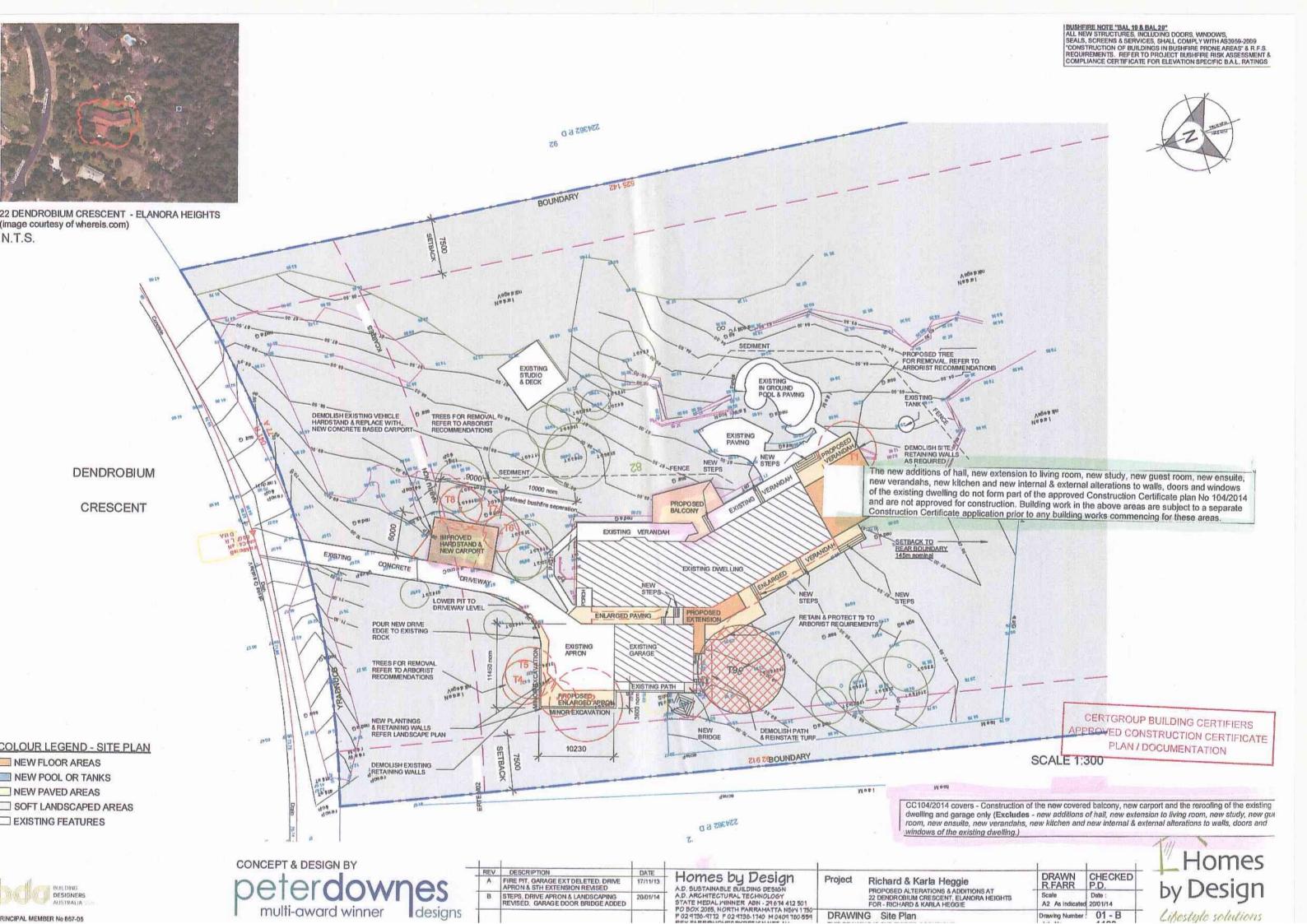
	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE
Ī	A	VIEWS & SHEET LIST TO CC REVISIONS	17/11/13
1	В	VIEWS & SHEET LIST TO CC REVISION B	20/01/14
1			

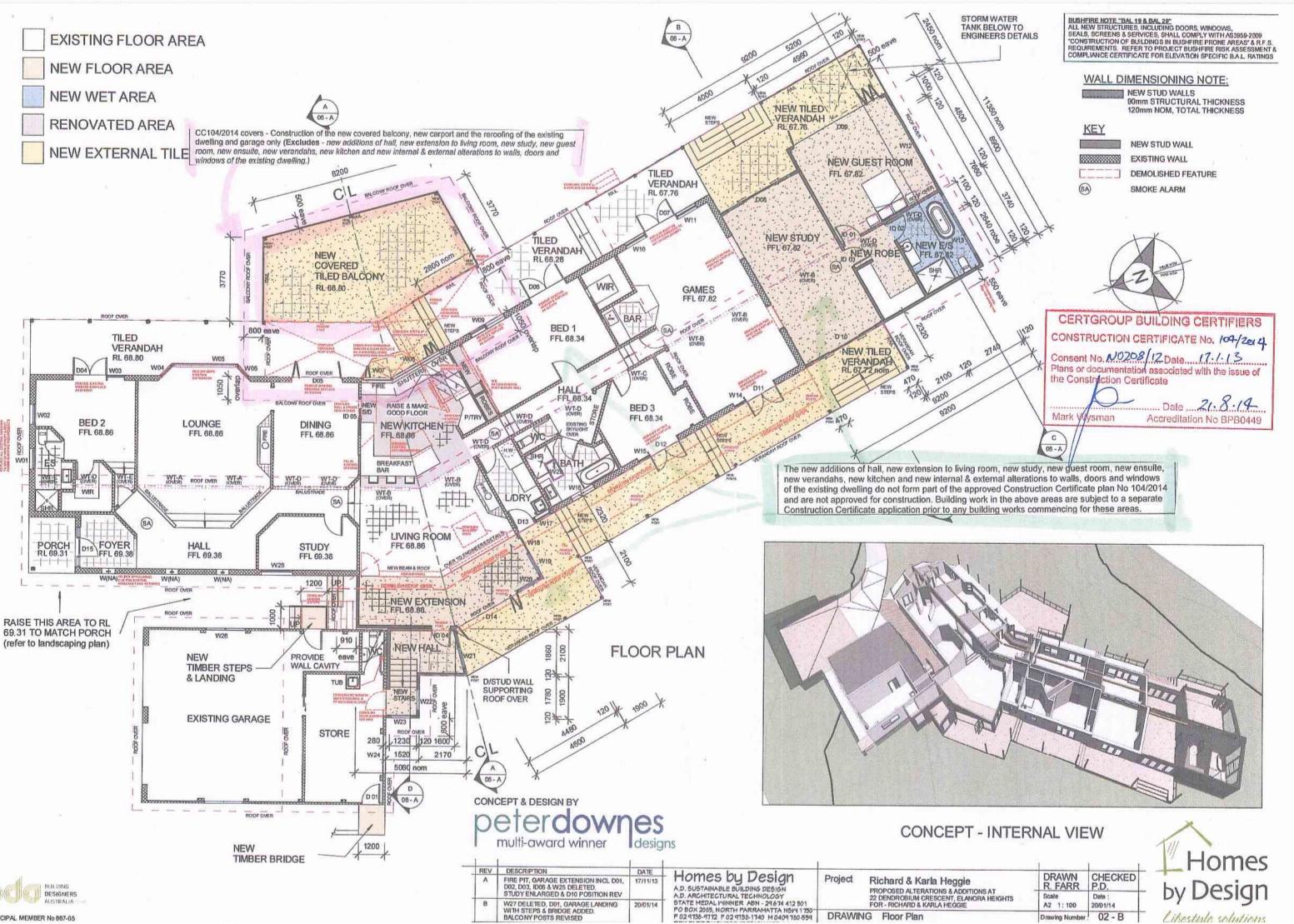
Homes by Design
A.D. SUSTAINABLE BUILDING DESIGN
A.D. ARCHITECTURAL TECHNOLOGY A.D., ARCHITECTURAL TECHNOLOGY STATE MEDAL WINNER ABN - 24674 412 801 FO BOX 2005, NORTH PARRAMATTA NSW 1750-F 02 4736-4712 F 02 4736-1740 M 0404 750-554 REX FARR@HOMESBYDESIGN.NET.AU

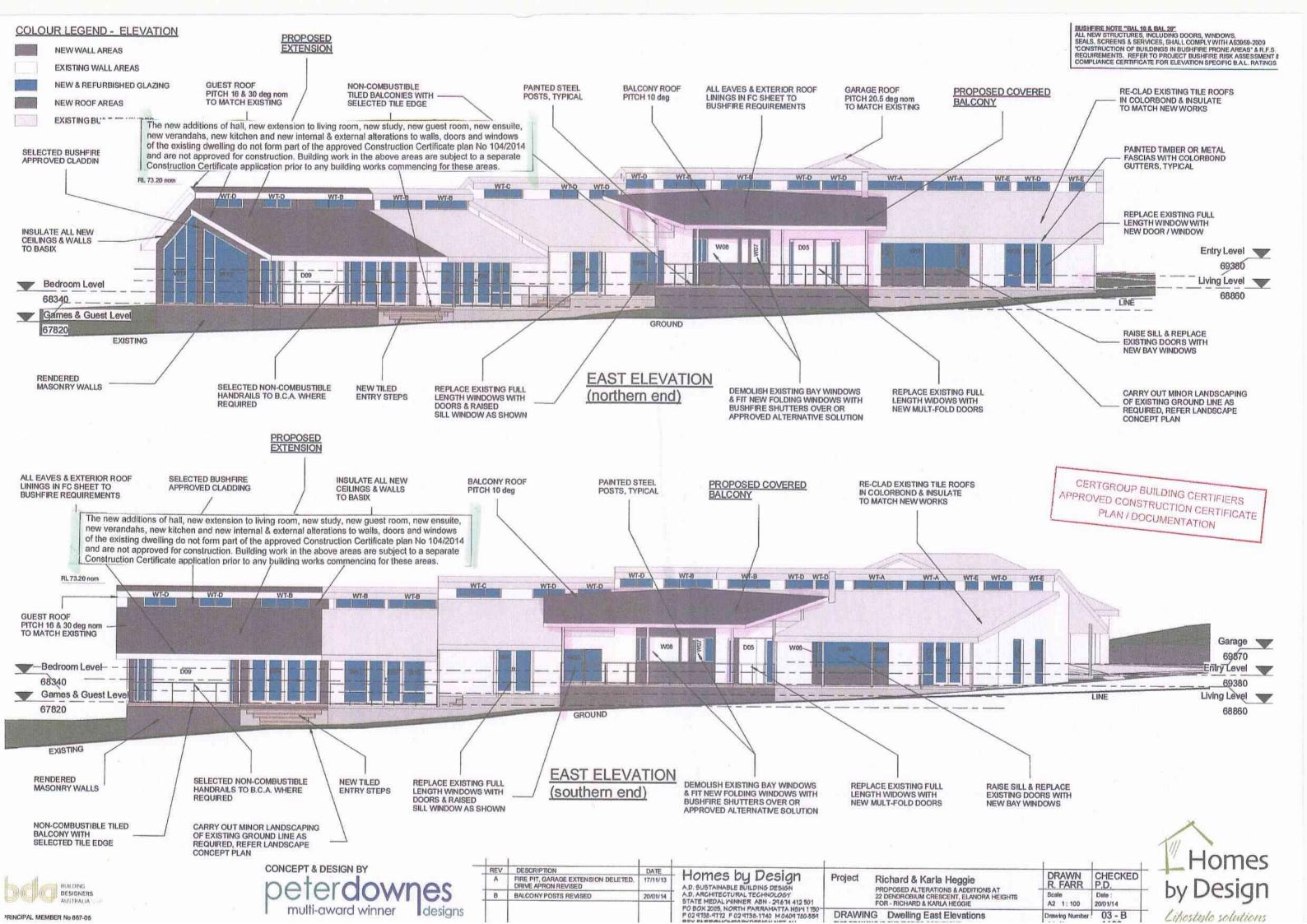
10 - A

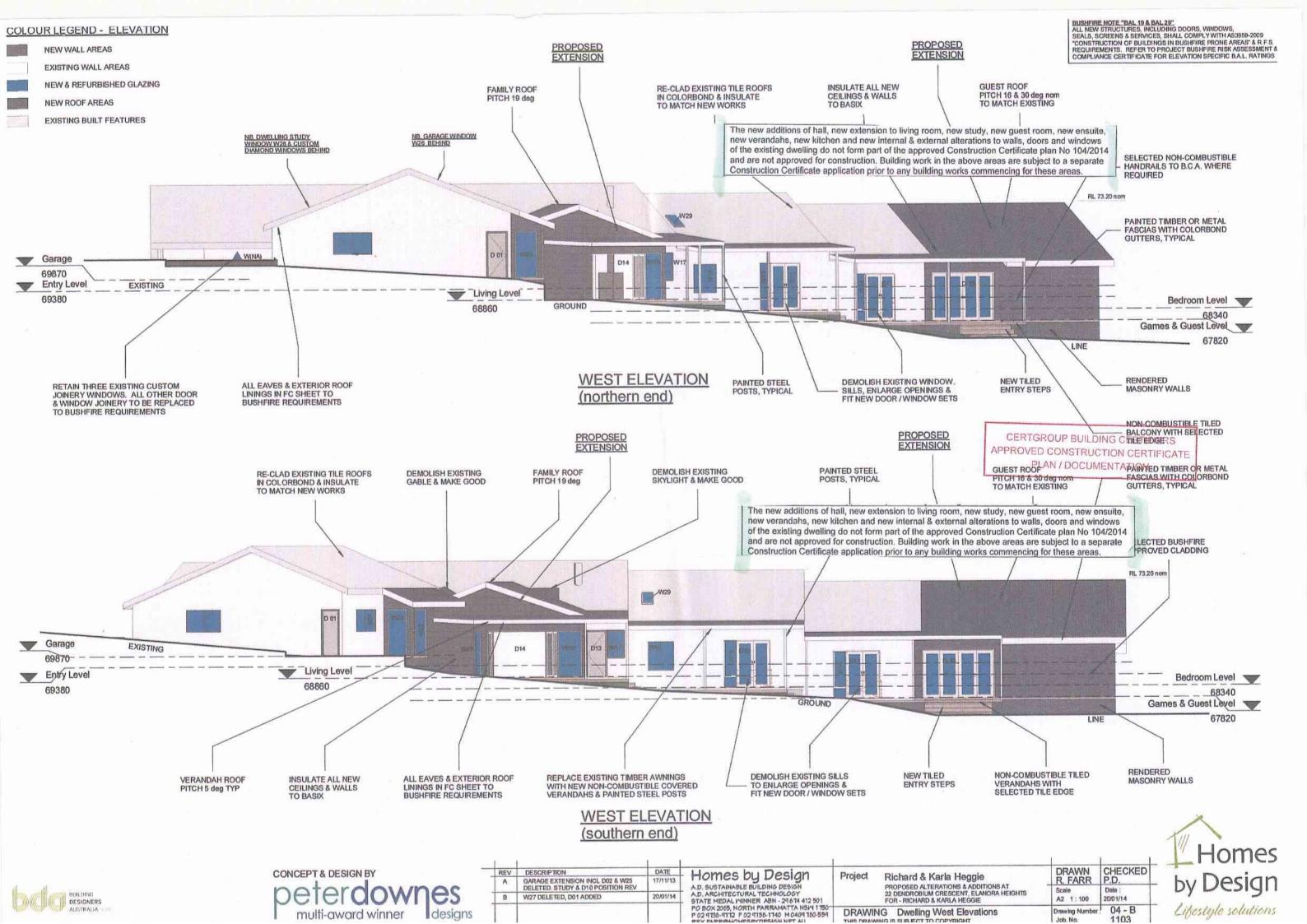
CHECKED P.D. DRAWN R. FARR Project Richard & Karla Heggie PROPOSED ALTERATIONS & ADDITIONS AT 22 DENDROBIUM CRESCENT, ELANORA HEIGHTS FOR - RICHARD & KARLA HEGGIE A2 As indicated 20/01/14 Drawing Number: 00 - B DRAWING Cover, Colours & Sheet List

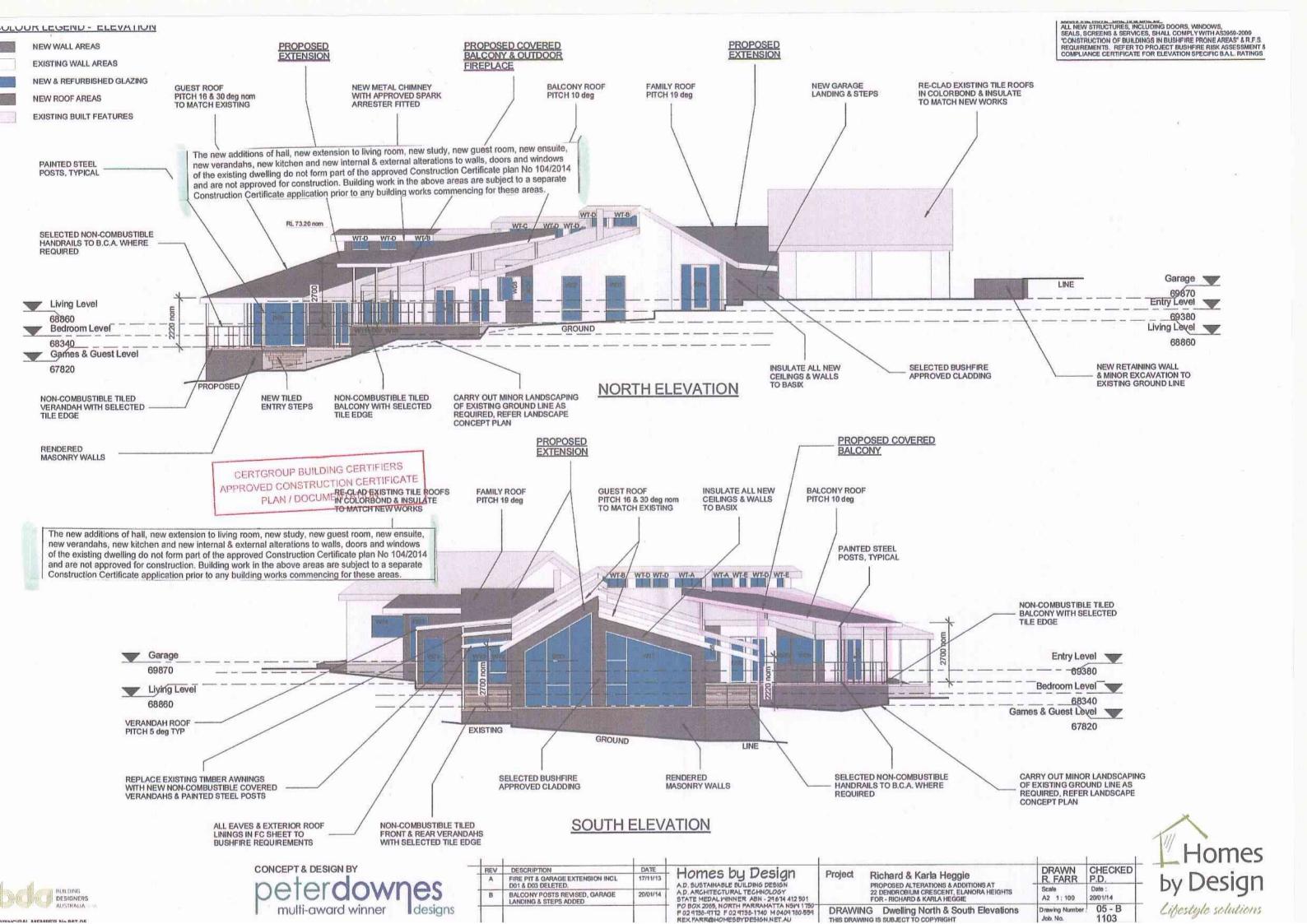


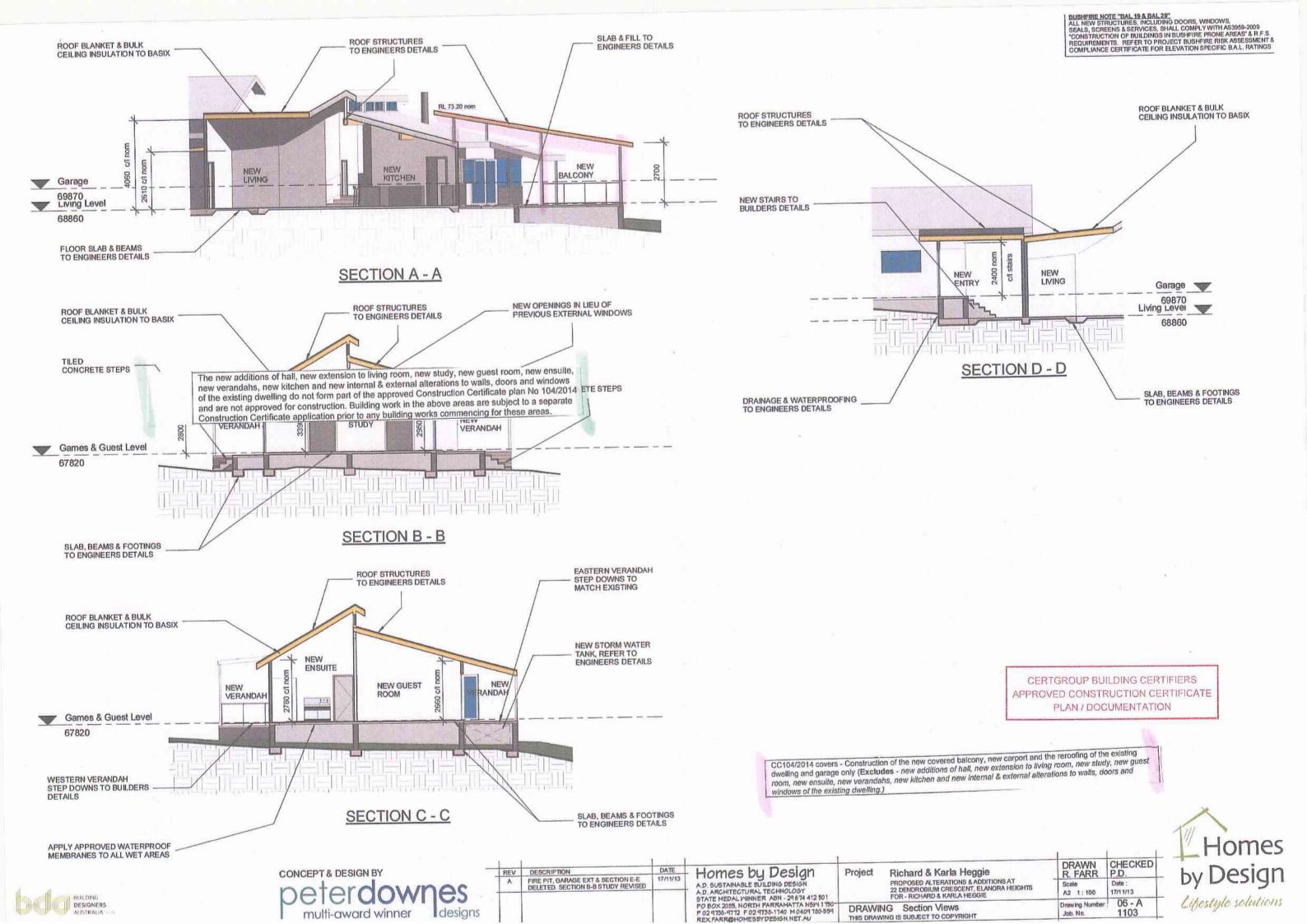


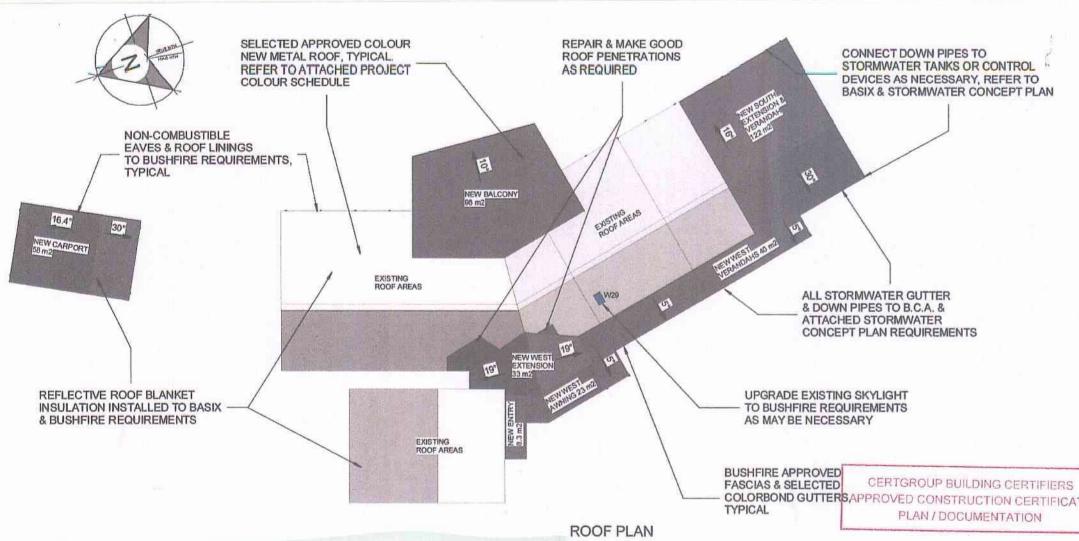












The new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling do not form part of the approved Construction Certificate plan No 104/2014 and are not approved for construction. Building work in the above areas are subject to a separate Construction Certificate application prior to any building works commencing for these areas.

CC104/2014 covers - Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.)

#### GENERAL BUILDING NOTES

ALL WORK SHALL BE CARRIED OUT BY SUITABLY LICENSED & QUALIFIED TRADESMAN IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL RELEVANT AUSTRALIAN BUILDING STANDARDS & CONSENT AUTHORITY REQUIREMENTS

THE MAIN CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL NECESBARY PERMITS & INSPECTION CERTIFICATES

AN APPROVED SEDIMENTATION CONTROL SYSTEM IS TO BE INSTALLED & MAINTAINED TO COUNCIL'S SATISFACTION FOR THE DURATION OF THE BUILDING WORKS, ref E.S.C.P. (erosion & sediment control plan) & DRAWING NOTATIONS

SMOKE ALARMS ARE TO BE FITTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH BUILDING

TERMITE PROTECTION IS TO BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH AUSTRALIAN

ALL REFERENCE LEVELS, SETBACKS, SERVICE POSITIONS, DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS & FINISHES ARE TO BE CHECKED ON SITE BY THE BUILDER, DISCREPANCIES TO BE REPORTED IMMEDIATELY TO HOMES BY DESIGN

STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS SUCH AS CONCRETE, STEEL, RETAINING WALLS, SPECIALISED STEEL & TIMBER FRAMING SHALL BE SPECIFIED & CERTIFIED BY AN APPROPRIATELY QUALIFIED ENGINEER

STORMWATER DRAINAGE LINES & SEWER TO SYDNEY WATER, COUNCILS & RELEVANT ENGINEERS REQUIREMENTS

ALL GROUND LINES & INDICATED SERVICE POSITIONS ARE APPROXIMATE & SHALL BE CONFIRMED ON SITE BY THE BUILDER

SPECIALIST CONSULTANT DOCUMENTS SUCH AS ENGINEERING, LANDSCAPING, PLUMBING, ELECTRICAL, FIRE, DRAINAGE, ETC SHALL SUPERSEDE THESE DRAWINGS. DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE BROUGHT IMMEDIATELY TO THE ATTENTION OF HOMES BY DESIGN

#### TREE & LANDSCAPING NOTES

ALL EXISTING TREES OTHER THAN THOSE APPROVED FOR REMOVAL OR EXEMPT BY SPECIES, SIZE OR LOCATION SHALL BE MAINTAINED & PROTECTED THROUGHOUT & AFTER COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION WORKS IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCIL, ARBORIST & TREE PROTECTION ZONE (T.P.Z.)

ADDITIONAL OR REPLACEMENT PLANTINGS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCIL B/OR LANDSCAPE PLAN

REFER TO COUNCIL APPROVED PLANTINGS GUIDE OR SITE LANDSCAPE PLANS (IF APPLICABLE) FOR TREE, GENERAL PLANTINGS & SCREEN PLANTING REQUIREMENTS &

IF REQUIRED BY COUNCIL LANDSCAPING SHALL BE INSPECTED & APPROVED AS COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SITE SPECIFIC LANDSCAPE PLANS BY THE CERTIFIER PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF AN OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE, LANDSCAPING SHALL BE MAINTAINED FOR THE LIFE OF THE DEVELOPMENT

#### **BUSHFIRE NOTES**

AT THE COMMENCEMENT OF BUILDING WORKS & IN PERPETUITY THE ENTIRE PROPERTY SHALL BE MANAGED AS AN INNER PROTECTION AREA (I.P.A.) AS OUTLINED WITHIN SECTION 4.1.3 & APPENDIX 5 OF PLANNING FOR BUSHFIRE PROTECTION 2006 OR MOST RECENT REVISIONS THEREOF & NSW RURAL FIRE SERVICE DOCUMENT STANDARDS FOR ASSET PROTECTION ZONES

NEW STRUCTURES INCLUSIVE OF BUT NOT RESTRICTED TO BUILDINGS. DECKING, DOORS, WINDOWS, SEALS & SCREENS SHALL COMPLY WITH AS 3959-2009 CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS IN BUSH FIRE PRONE AREAS OR MOST RECENT REVISION THEREOF &

REFER TO SITE BUSHFIRE RISK ASSESSMENT FOR B.A.L (BUSHFIRE ATTACK LEVEL) CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

#### MANDATORY BASIX NOTES

TILE 1:200

FLOOR, WALL & CEILING INSULATION TO SATISFY OR EXCEED BASIX STATED MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS. REFER BASIX CERTIFICATE ATTACHED

LOW ENERGY LIGHTING & WATER SAVING FIXTURES TO SATISFY OR EXCEED BASIX STATED MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS, REFER BASIX CERTIFICATE ATTACHED

GLAZING, SHADING DEVICES INCLUSIVE OF EAVES & SITE OVERSHADOWING CONDITIONS TO SATISFY OR EXCEED BASIX STATED MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS. REFER BASIX CERTIFICATE ATTACHED

SHADING DEVICE LEADING EDGES SUCH AS EAVE, PERGOLA, VERANDAH, BALCONY OR AWNING PROJECTIONS MUST BE NO MORE THAN 500mm ABOVE THE HEAD OF THE WINDOW OR GLAZED DOOR & NO MORE THAN 2400m ABOVE THE SILL. REFER BASIX CERTIFICATE ATTACHED

HOT WATER, STORMWATER & PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS AS MAY BE REQUIRED TO SATISFY OR EXCEED BASIX STATED MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS. REFER BASIX CERTIFICATE ATTACHED

#### DOOR & WINDOW NOTES

ALL DOORS & WINDOWS TO BE POWDER COATED ALUMINIUM, FITTED WITH SEALS & COMPLY

OPEN-ABLE WINDOWS SHALL BE SCREENED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS3959 & R.F.S. CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ALL DIMENSIONS TO BE VERIFIED ON SITE BY BUILDER PRIOR TO ORDER & MANUFACTURE

DOORS, WINDOWS, GLAZING, FRAMES, SEALS & SCREENS TO COMPLY WITH R.F.S. SITE FIRE CLASSIFICATIONS & AS3959 CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS

GLASS DOORS TO BE GLAZED WITH GRADE A SAFETY GLASS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 1288

"NOMINATED GLAZED AREAS INCLUSIVE OF FRAMES ARE "NOMINAL" & INTENDED FOR PASIX CALCULATIONS ONLY

N.B ALL GLAZING TO COMPLY WITH PART 3.9.2.5 OF THE NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE

#### WINDOW SCHEDULE

SIZE W X H 1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED W01 900 X 2100 1.90 W02 900 X 2100 1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED 1.90 **W03** 800 X 2100 1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED 1.70 **VV04** 600 X 1300 1 DOUBLE HUNG, (SILL 800) 0.80 WOS 2850 X 1300 1 FIXED, (SILL 800) 3.70 W06 600 X 1300 1 DOUBLE HUNG, (SILL 800) 0.80 W07 1200 X 1100 MULTI-FOLD, 2 PANEL, (SILL 1000) 1.30 W08 2400 X 1100 MULTI-FOLD, 4 PANEL, (SILL 1000) 2.65 W09 1800 X 1450 1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED, (SILL 600) 2.60 W10 1000 X 2100 1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED 2.10 W11 1000 X 2100 1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED 2.10 W12 4000 X 3430 3 FIXED, 1 AWNING, RAKED HEAD 11.40 W13 2800 X 4290 4 FIXED, 1 AWNING, RAKED HEAD 10.50 W14 600 X 2100 1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED 1.25 W15 600 X 2100 1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED 1.25 W16 1200 X 1300 1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED, (SILL 800) 1.55 1 DOUBLE HUNG, (SILL 800) W17 700 X 1200 0.85 800 X 2100 W18 1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED 1.70 W19 1100 X 2100 1 FIXED 2.30 W20 1100 X 2100 1 FIXED 2.30

CLERESTORY MULTIPLE WINDOW TYPES

WT-A 2600 X 500 1 LOUVRE, 2 FIXED, CLERESTORY 1.30 X 2 OFF WT-B 2250 X 500 1 LOUVRE, 2 FIXED, CLERESTORY 1.15 X 5 OFF BMT-C 2050 X 500 1 LOUVRE, 2 FIXED, CLERESTORY WT-D 1500 X 500 1 LOUVRE, 1 FIXED, CLERESTORY WT-E 700 X 500 1 LOUVRE

1 FIXED, SKYLIGHT

1 FIXED

1 FIXED

1 FIXED

NOT USED

NOT USED

1.05 X 1 OFF 0.75 X 8 OFF 0.35 X 2 OFF

BUSHFIRE NOTE "BAL 19 & BAL 29"
ALL NEW STRUCTURES, INCLUDING DOORS, WINDOWS,
SEALS, SCREENS & SERVICES, SHALL COMPLY WITH AS3959-2009
"CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS IN BUSHFIRE PROME AREAS" & R.F.S.
REQUIREMENTS, REFER TO PROJECT BUSHFIRE RISK ASSESSMENT &

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE FOR ELEVATION SPECIFIC B.A.L. RATINGS

2.10

2.10

2.10

1.80

N.A.

1.80

N.A

1.80

0.55

(NB SILL HEIGHTS ZERO UNLESS NOMINATED OTHERWISE, HEADS PER EXISTING)

1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED, (SILL 1100)

1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED, (SILL 1100)

1 DOUBLE HUNG, 1 FIXED, (SILL 800)

#### DOOR SCHEDULE

W21

W22

W23

W24

W25

W26

W27

W28

W29

1000 X 2100

1000 X 2100

1000 X 2100

1800 X 1000

NOT USED

1800 X 1000

1400 X 1300

600 X 900

NOT USED

	SIZE W X H	REMARKS	*AREA
	RNAL DOORS	OF LEATER COLUMNIA	***
D01	AND CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF TH	SELECTED SOLID TIMBER	N.A.
D02		NOT USED	N.A.
D03	NOT USED	NOT USED	N.A.
D04	1500 X 2100	GLASS DOUBLE SWING	3.15
D05	2300 X 2100	NOT USED NOT USED NOT USED GLASS DOUBLE SWING GLASS MUTI-FOLD, 3 PANEL GLASS DOUBLE SWING GLASS DOUBLE SWING GLASS DOUBLE SLIDING GLASS DOUBLE SLIDING GLASS DOUBLE SLIDING GLASS DOUBLE SWING GLASS DOUBLE SWING GLASS DOUBLE SWING GLASS DOUBLE SWING SELECTED SOLID TIMBER GLASS MULTI-FOLD, 4 PANEL SELECTED SOLID TIMBER GLASS SI	4.85
D06	1800 X 2100	GLASS DOUBLE SWING	3.80
D07	1600 X 2100	GLASS DOUBLE SWING	3.40
D08	3200 X 2100	GLASS DOUBLE SLIDING	6.70
D09	4560 X 2100	GLASS MULTI-FOLD	9.60
D10	3200 X 2100	GLASS DOUBLE SLIDING	6.70
D11	1500 X 2100	GLASS DOUBLE SWING	3.15
D12	1500 X 2100	GLASS DOUBLE SWING	3.15
D13	820 X 2100	SELECTED SOLID TIMBER	N.A.
D14	3200 X 2100	GLASS MULTI-FOLD, 4 PANEL	6.70
D15	1800 X 2100	SELECTED SOLID TIMBER, GLASS S/	PANELS2.10
INTE	RNAL DOORS		
	820 X 2050	OWNER SELECTED, SWING	N.A.
	820 X 2050	OWNER SELECTED, SWING	N.A.
ID 03		OWNER SELECTED, SWING	N.A.

OWNER SELECTED, SWING

NOT USED

OWNER SELECTED, CAVITY SLIDING



REV DESCRIPTION GARAGE EXTENSION ROOF DELETED 17/11/13 D01, D02, D03, ID06 & W25 DELETED W27 DELETED, D01 ADDED 20/01/14 Homes by Design A.D. SUSTAINABLE BUILDING DESIGN A.D. ARCHITECTURAL TECHNOLOGY STATE MEDAL WINNER ABN - 29 674 412 50 1 PO BOX 2025, NORTH PARRAMATTA NEW 1750-

P 02 9788-9772 F 02 9798-1740 M 0409 780-559

Project Richard & Karla Heggie PROPOSED ALTERATIONS & ADDITIONS AT 22 DENDROBIUM CRESCENT, ELANORA HEIGHTS FOR - RICHARD & KARLA HEGGIE

DRAWING Roof Plan, Schedules & Notes

ID 04 820 X 2050

ID 05 820 X 2100

ID 06 NOT USED

DRAWN CHECKED R. FARR Scale A2 As indicated 20/01/14 07 - B Drawing Number



N.A.

N.A.

N.A.



REQUIREMENTS. REFER TO PROJECT BUSHFIRE RISK ASSESSMENT & COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE FOR ELEVATION SPECIFIC B.A.L. RATINGS NON-COMBUSTIBLE SELECTED COLORBOND ROOF, FC SHEET LINING & STRUCTURE NON-COMBUSTIBLE FASCIAS & COLORBOND GUTTERS PROPOSED CARPORT PROPOSED CARPORT **FASCIAS & COLORBOND** TO BUSHFIRE & BCA NON-COMBUSTIBLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS COLOUR LEGEND - ELEVATION **NEW WALL AREAS** PAINTED STEEL POSTS **EXISTING WALL AREAS NEW & REFURBISHED GLAZING NEW ROOF AREAS** EXISTING BUILT FEATURES Carport 69800 FRAMING & BRACING TO ENGINEERS DETAILS **CARPORT NORTH ELEVATION** CARPORT SOUTH ELEVATION SCALE 1: 100 The new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling do not form part of the approved Construction Certificate plan No 104/2014 and are not approved for construction. Building work in the above areas are subject to a separate Construction Certificate application prior to any building works commencing for these areas. FRAMING & BRACING TO ENGINEERS DETAILS PROPOSED CARPORT PITCH NON-COMBUSTIBLE 30 nom 16.3 nom COLORBOND CAPPING PAINTED STEEL POSTS Carport 69800 CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE SELECTED BUSHFIRE CARPORT EAST ELEVATION APPROVED CLADDING PLAN / DOCUMENTATION SCALE 1: 100 SELECTED BUSHFIRE APPROVED CLADDING CC104/2014 covers - Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of half, new extension to living room, new study, new guest PROPOSED CARPORT room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.) NON-COMBUSTIBLE PITCH 16.3 nom COLORBOND CAPPING PITCH PAINTED STEEL POSTS Carport 69800 FRAMING & BRACING CARPORT WEST ELEVATION TO ENGINEERS DETAILS SCALE 1: 100



multi-award winner designs

GARAGE EXTENSION DELETED. GARAGE APRON REVISED DRIVE APRON PLAN DELETED

Homes by Design

A.D. ARCHITECTURAL TECHNOLOGY PO BOX 2005, NORTH FARRAMATTA NSM 1750-PO BOX 2005, NORTH FARRAMATTA NSM 1750-PO 2 9738-9772 FO 2 9739-1740, MO409 780-959 Project Richard & Karla Heggie

PROPOSED ALTERATIONS & ADDITIONS AT 22 DENDROBIUM CRESCENT, ELANORA HEIGHTS FOR - RICHARD & KARLA HEGGIE

DRAWING Carport Plan & Elevations

CHECKED P.D. DRAWN R. FARR A2 1:100 20/01/14 08 - B Orawing Number

Homes by Design

HISHING NOTE "BAL 19 & BAL ZE" ALL NEW STRUCTURES, INCLUDING DOORS, WINDOWS, SEALS, SCREENS & SERVICES, SHALL COMPLY WITH AS3959-2009 "CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS IN BUSHFIRE PRONE AREAS" & R.F.S.

Lipostyle solutions

#### 1. FALLS, SLIPS, TRIPS

#### a) WORKING AT HEIGHTS

#### DURING CONSTRUCTION

Wherever possible, components for this building should be prefabricated off-site or at ground level to minimise the risk of workers falling more than two metres. However, construction of this building will require workers to be working at heights where a fall in excess of two metres is possible and injury is likely to result from such a fall. The builder should provide a suitable barrier wherever a person is required to work in a situation where falling more than two metres is a possibility.

#### **DURING OPERATION OR MAINTENANCE**

For houses or other low-rise buildings where scaffolding is appropriate

Cleaning and maintenance of windows, walls, roof or other components of this building will require persons to be situated where a fall from a height in excess of two metres is possible. Where this type of activity is required, scaffolding, ladders or trestles should be used in accordance with relevant codes of practice. regulations or legislation.

For buildings where scaffold, ladders, trestles are not appropriate: Cleaning and maintenance of windows, walls, roof or other components of this building will require persons to be situated where a fall from a height in excess of two metres is possible. Where this type of activity is required, scaffolding, fall barriers or Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be used in accordance with relevant codes of practice, regulations or legislation.

#### **ANCHORAGE POINTS**

Anchorage points for portable scaffold or fall arrest devices will be installed and maintained by the builder during construction. Anchors shall remain upon completion for use during post construction and maintenance works. Persons engaged to work on the building post completion of construction works should be informed about the anchorage points

#### b) SLIPPERY OR UNEVEN SURFACES

#### FLOOR FINISHES Specified

If finishes have been specified by designer, these have been selected to minimise the risk of floors and paved areas becoming slippery when wet or when walked on with wet shoes/feet. Any changes to the specified finish should be made in consultation with the designer or, if this is not practical, surfaces with an equivalent or better slip resistance should be chosen.

FLOOR FINISHES By Owner

If designer has not not been involved in the selection of surface finishes, the owner is responsible for the selection of surface finishes in the pedestrian trafficable areas of this building. Surfaces should be selected in accordance with AS HB 197:1999 and AS/NZ

STEPS, LOOSE OBJECTS AND UNEVEN SURFACES Due to design restrictions for this building, steps and/or ramps are included in the building which may be a hazard to workers carrying objects or otherwise occupied. Steps should be clearly marked with both visual and tactile warning during construction, maintenance, demolition and at all times when the building operates as a

Building owners and occupiers should monitor the pedestrian access ways and in particular access to areas where maintenance is routinely carried out to ensure that surfaces have not moved or cracked so that they become uneven and present a trip hazard. Spills, loose material, stray objects or any other matter that may cause a slip or trip hazard should be cleaned or removed from

Contractors should be required to maintain a tidy work site during construction, maintenance or demolition to reduce the risk of trips and falls in the workplace. Materials for construction or maintenance should be stored in designated areas away from access ways and work areas.

#### 2. FALLING OBJECTS

#### LOOSE MATERIALS OR SMALL OBJECTS

Construction, maintenance or demolition work on or around this building is likely to involve persons working above ground level or above floor levels. Where this occurs one or more of the following measures should be taken to avoid objects falling from the area where the work is being carried out onto persons below.

- 1. Prevent or restrict access to areas below where the work is being carried out.
- Provide toeboards to scaffolding or work platforms.
- Provide protective structure below the work area. Ensure that all persons below the work area have Personal
- Protective Equipment (PPE).

#### **BUILDING COMPONENTS**

During construction, renovation or demolition of this building, parts of the structure including fabricated steelwork, heavy panels and many other components will remain standing prior to or after supporting parts are in place. Contractors should ensure that temporary bracing or other required support is in place at all times when collapse which may injure persons in the area is a possibility.

Mechanical lifting of materials and components during construction, maintenance or demolition presents a risk of falling objects. Contractors should ensure that appropriate lifting devices are used, that loads are properly secured and that access to areas below the load is prevented or restricted.

#### 3. TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

For building on a major road, narrow road or steeply sloping road: Parking of vehicles or loading/unloading of vehicles on this roadway may cause a traffic hazard. During construction, maintenance or demolition of this building designated parking for workers and loading areas should be provided. Trained traffic management personnel should be responsible for the supervision of these areas. For building where on-site loading/unloading is restricted: Construction of this building will require loading and unloading of materials on the roadway. Daliveries should be well planned to avoid congestion of loading areas and trained traffic management personnel should be used to supervise loading/unloading areas For all buildings:

Busy construction and demolition sites present a risk of collision where deliveries and other traffic are moving within the site. A traffic management plan supervised by trained traffic management personnel should be adopted for the work site.

#### 4. SERVICES

used or a protective barrier provided.

Rupture of services during excavation or other activity creates a variety of risks including release of hazardous material. Existing services are located on or around this site. Where known, these are identified on the plans but the exact location and extent of services may vary from that indicated. Services should be located using an appropriate service (such as Dial Before You Dig), appropriate excavation practice should be used and, where necessary, specialist contractors should be used. Locations with underground power; Underground power lines MAY be located in or around this site. All underground power lines must be disconnected or carefully located and adequate warning signs used prior to any construction, maintenance or demolition commencing Locations with overhead power lines: Overhead power lines MAY be near or on this site. These pose a risk of electrocution if struck or approached by fifting devices or other plant and persons working above ground level. Where there is a danger of this occurring, power lines should be, where practical, disconnected or relocated. Where this is not practical adequate warning in the form of bright coloured tape or signage should be

#### MANUAL TASKS

Components within this design with a mass in excess of 25kg should be lifted by two or more workers or by mechanical lifting device. Where this is not practical, suppliers or fabricators should be required to limit the component mass. All material packaging, building and maintenance components should clearly show the total mass of packages and where practical all items should be stored on site in a way which minimises bending before lifting. Advice should be provided on safe lifting methods in all areas where lifting may occur. Construction, maintenance and demolition of this building will require the use of portable tools and equipment. These should be fully maintained in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and not used where faulty or (in the case of electrical equipment) not carrying a current electrical safety tag All safety guards or devices should be regularly checked and Personal Protective Equipment should be used in accordance with manufacturer's specification.

#### 6. HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

#### **ASBESTOS**

For alterations to a building constructed prior to 1990: If this existing building was constructed prior to: 1990 - it therefore may contain asbestos 1986 - it therefore is likely to contain asbestos either in cladding material or in fire retardant insulation material. In either case, the builder should check and, if necessary, take appropriate action before demolishing, cutting, sanding, drilling or otherwise disturbing the existing structure.

#### POWDERED MATERIALS

Many materials used in the construction of this building can cause harm if inhaled in powdered form. Persons working on or in the building during construction, operational maintenance or demolition should ensure good ventilation and wear Personal Protective Equipment including protection against inhalation while using powdered material or when sanding, drilling, cutting or otherwise disturbing or creating powdered material,

#### TREATED TIMBER

The design of this building may include provision for the inclusion of treated timber within the structure. Dust or fumes from this material can be harmful. Persons working on or in the building during construction, operational maintenance or demolition should ensure good ventilation and wear Personal Protective Equipment including protection against inhalation of harmful material when sanding, drilling, cutting or using treated timber in any way that may cause harmful material to be released. Do not bum treated timber

#### VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

Many types of glue, solvents, spray packs, paints, varnishes and some cleaning materials and disinfectants have dangerous emissions. Areas where these are used should be kept well ventilated while the material is being used and for a period after installation. Personal Protective Equipment may also be required. The manufacturer's recommendations for use must be carefully considered at all times.

#### SYNTHETIC MINERAL FIBRE

Fibreglass, rockwool, ceramic and other material used for thermal or sound insulation may contain synthetic mineral fibre which may be harmful if inhaled or if it comes in contact with the skin, eyes or other sensitive parts or the body. Personal Protective Equipment including protection against inhalation of harmful material should be used when installing, removing or working near bulk insulation material

This building may contain timber floors which have an applied finish. Areas where finishes are applied should be kept well ventilated during sanding and application and for a period after installation. Personal Protective Equipment may also be required. The manufacturer's recommendations for use must be carefully considered at all times.

#### 7. CONFINED SPACES

#### EXCAVATION

Construction of this building and some maintenance on the building will require excavation and installation of items within excavations. Where practical, installation should be carried out using methods which do not require workers to enter the excavation. Where this is not practical, adequate support for the excavated area should be provided to prevent collapse. Warning signs and barriers to prevent accidental or unauthorised access to all excavations should be provided.

#### **ENCLOSED SPACES**

For buildings with enclosed spaces where maintenance or other access may be required:

Enclosed spaces within this building may present a risk to persons entering for construction, maintenance or any other purpose. The design documentation calls for warning signs and barriers to unauthorised access. These should be maintained throughout the life of the building. Where workers are required to enter enclosed spaces, air testing equipment and Personal Protective Equipment should be provided

#### SMALL SPACES

For buildings with small spaces where maintenance or other access may be required:

Some small spaces within this building will require access by construction or maintenance workers. The design documentation calls for warning signs and barriers to unauthorised access. These should be maintained throughout the life of the building. Where workers are required to enter small spaces they should be scheduled so that access is for short periods. Manual lifting and other manual activity should be restricted in small spaces.

#### 8. PUBLIC ACCESS

Public access to construction and demolition sites and to areas under maintenance causes risk to workers and public. Warning signs and secure barriers to unauthorised access should be provided. Where electrical installations, excavations, plant or loose materials are present they should be secured when not fully

#### 9. OPERATIONAL USE OF BUILDING RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS

This building has been designed as a residential building. If it, at a later date, it is used or intended to be used as a workplace, the provisions of the Work Health and Safety Act 2011 or subsequent replacement Act should be applied to the new use.

#### NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS

#### 10.OTHER HIGH RISK ACTIVITY

All electrical work should be carried out in accordance with Code of Practice: Managing Electrical Risks at the Workplace, AS/NZ and all licensing requirements

All work using Plant should be carried out in accordance with Code of Practice: Managing Risks of Plant at the Workplace. All work should be carried out in accordance with Code of Practice: Managing Noise and Preventing Hearing Loss at Work. Due to the history of serious incidents it is recommended that particular care be exercised when undertaking work involving steel construction and concrete placement. All the above applies.

CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE PLAN / DOCUMENTATION

THESE NOTES MUST BE READ AND UNDERSTOOD BY ALL INVOLVED IN THE PROJECT. THIS INCLUDES (but is not excluded to): OWNER, BUILDER, SUB-CONTRACTORS, CONSULTANTS, RENOVATORS, OPERATORS, MAINTAINERS, DEMOLISHERS.





A CC RELEASE

Homes by Design A.D. SUSTAINABLE BUILDING DESIGN A.D. ARCHITECTURAL TECHNOLOGY

STATE MEDAL MINNER ABN - 29674 412 501 PO BOX 2005, NORTH PARRAMATTA NBM 1750 P 02 9788-9772 F 02 9788-1740 M 0409 780-559

Project

Richard & Karla Heggie PROPOSED ALTERATIONS & ADDITIONS AT 22 DENDROBIUM CRESCENT, ELANORA HEIGHTS FOR - RICHARD & KARLA HEGGI

DRAWING Design Safety Notes

DRAWN CHECKED R. FARR P.D. A2 As indicated 17/11/13 Drawing Number | 09 - A



Building Sustainability Index www.basix.naw.gov.au

#### Alterations and Additions

This certificate confirms that the proposed development will meet the NSW governments requirement for suitainability, if it is built in accordance with the contribution and sate built. Testing used to this certificate, or in the conventionate, have the meaning given by the document critical "IASUK Alterations and Adultions Definitions" dated 389/2001 published by December of Planning. This document is available at www.thetis.now.gov.eu.

District Converse to Dotto of liams. Thursday, 05, July 2012. To be with, the confidence must be looked within 3 meetins of the date of liams.



Project address	
Project name	HEGGIE-1131-ELANDRA HEIGHTS
Street address	22 DENDROBIUM Concent ELANORA HEIGHT
Local Government Area	Pittenter Council
Plan type and number	Deponded Plan 203422
Lot number	28
Section number	0
Project type	
Dwelling type	Separate dwelling house
Type of alteration and addition	My renovation work is valued at \$50,000 or more, and does not include a pool (and/or spst)

Certificate Prepared by press on	ristede before entrotting to Council or PCA)
Name / Company Name B.L. Roles & A	serociptes
ABN (Capplicable): 43 407 257 072	

Fixtures and systems	wan Showan Paire CO/COAC Plane & roscs	Cartifar Check
Lighting		
The explicant rivet ensure a minimum of 40% of new or aftered light fixtures are filled with fixorescent, compact fluorescent, or sight-emitting dione (LEO) larges.	1	V
Fixluren		-
The applicant must ensure now or altered showerhoods have a flow rate no greater than 8 litters per minute or a 3 star water rating.		1
The epolicent must ensure new or altered tolers have a flow rate no greater than 4 litres per average flush or a minimum 3 star water rating	1	V
The applicant trust ensure new or silered taps have a flow rate no greater than B litras per minute or minimum 3 star water rating.	V	

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naulation requirements The spol cant must construct the new or attered construction (flear(s), walls, and cellings/reofa) in accordance with the spool-feetons listed in the falls below, except that it) additions limitation is not required within the sees of new construction is less than 2m2, b) insulation specified is not required for pairs of attered construction where insulation already exists. concrete slati on ground floor. suspended floor with enclosed aubilions concrete (RO 6) R0.70 (down) (or R1.30 including construction) external wall framed (weatherboard, fibro, metal clad) R1 30 (m R1 70 including construction) internal wall shared with garage, planterboard (RD.35) raked cesting priched/exilion roof framed — celling: R3.00 (up), roof foll/earking clark (actor ebecognishes > 0.70)

Vindowa and glazed doors The applicant must install the windows, plazed doors and shading devices, in accordance with the specifications listed in the table below Relevant overstadowing specifications must be establish for each window and plazed door. The following requirements must also be satisfied in relation to each window and glazed door Each window or glazed door with standard alumbrium or timber france, and single clear or toned glass may either match the description, or, new a U-value and a Solar Heat Gain Coefficiers (SHGC) no greater than the listed in the table tentow. Total system U-values and SHGCs must be catalysted in exceptioner with Naterial Florestration, Hasting Collect (NRC) condition. For projections described in millenetres, the leading edge of each seve, people, verandah, balcony or exming must be no more than 500 mm above the head of the wholes or gazed door and no more than 2400 mm above the sall. empolas with polycarbonals roof or similar translucent material must have a shading coefficient of less than 0.35 Perpolan with fixed betiers must have betters parallel to the window or placed door above which they are situated, unless the peopole also shades a perpendicular window. The spacing between betters must not be more than 50 min. Overshadowing buildings or vegetation must be of the height and distance from the centre and the base of the window and glazed door, as excelled in the invariant/swing column is the table below. Windows and glazed doors glazing requirem dandard bluminium, single cest, (or J-yalue 7 83, SHGC 0.75) esva/verendati >=900 mm undant aluminium, single of value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75) eave/veran andard sluminium, single clear, (o value: 7.63, 3HGC, 0,75) andam duminium, single cear, (o: value: 7.83, SHGC: 0.75)

mm (100-e

eavelvern >=900 mm

savs/verandsh/pergola/balcony >>450 mm

naveAmmindah/pergola/bel >=900 mm

eave/verandst/pergols/b >~900 mm

eavelverand: >=450 mm

fandard aluminium, single clear, (or I-value 7.63, (IHGC 0.75)

indeed aluminium, single class, (or value 7 63, SHDC 0.75) andard muminium, rengle clear, (er value: 7.83, SHGC (0.75)

ndard aluminium, single clear, (e alun: 7.63, 8HGC: 0,75)

ndard aluminum, single clear, (a rever 7.63, BHGO 0.75)

inderd eluminium, single cleer, (or value 7 ft3, 8HGC 0.75)

ndatid sluminium, single clear, (or rober 7.63, 8HGC 0.75) odard atumirckim, single cent. (or nice 7 53, SHGC 0.75)

ndard shaminson, single clear, (or raise 7.63, SHGC 0.75)

andard aluminum, single clear, (o value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)

dard aluminium, single clear, (n ilus: 7.03, 8HOD: 0,75)

andard aluminum, single clear, (or www. 7.63, BHCC 0.75) standard eluminium, single cleer, (or U-value 7 63, 8HQC: 0.75)

1.25

W14

WIB

W23

D10

In these commitments, "applicant" means the person carrying out the development.

3.15

remitments identified with a "y" in the "Show on DA plane" column must be shown on the plans accompanying the development application for the proposed development (if a reference application is to be ledged for the proposed development).

standard sluminium, single clear, (o U-value 7 63, SHOD 0.75)

dandard aluminium, single clear, (or 3-year 7 63, SHOC 0.75)

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mandard eluminium, ningfe e U-valun, 7 03, SHGC, 0,70)

Conventments identified with a "./" in the "Show on CC/CDQ plans & specia" column initial be shown in the plans and specifications accompanying the application for a construction settlicate / complying development certificate for the proposed development. milmenta identified with a 🐦 in the "Co-Efect shock" column must be certified by a corifying authority as having been fulfilled, before a final neceptation certificate for the

-900 mm

esve/versedst/p >=900 mm

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Building Sustainables Index www.basts.com.gov.a.

CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE PLAN / DOCUMENTATION

CC104/2014 covers - Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.)

DESIGNERS

REV DESCRIPTION A CC RELEASE

Homes by Design A.D. ARCHITECTURAL TECHNOLOGY STATE MEDAL WINNER ABN - 29674 412 501 PO BOX 2065, NORTH PARRAMATTA NEW 1750

F 02 9736-9772 F 02 9738-1740 M 0409 780-559

DRAWN Richard & Karla Heggie R. FARR PROPOSED ALTERATIONS & ADDITIONS AT 22 DENDROBIUM CRESCENT, ELANORA HEIGHTS FOR - RICHARD & KARLA HEGGIE Scale A2 DRAWING BASIX

CHECKED P.D. 17/11/13 Drawing Number 10 - A

Homes by Design Litestyle solutions

#### GENERAL NOTES:

#### GENERAL

- GI. The drawings are to be read together with all Architects drawings and
- G2. Engineer's drawings shall not be used for dimensions. All setting out dimensions shall be verified and discrepancies shall be referred to the Engineer prior to commencement of work.
- G3. During construction the structure shall be maintained in a stable condition and no part shall be overstressed. Temporary bracing shall be provided by the builder to keep the works and excovations stable at all times.
- G4. Design, materials and workmanship are to be in accordance with current S.A.A standards and statutory authority regulations except where varied
- G5. Design live loads are in accordance with AS 1170.1

#### **FOOTINGS**

- FI. FOUNDATION STRATA IS ASSUMED FOR DESIGN PURPOSES IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 2870-1996 "RESIDENTIAL SLAB AND FOOTINGS-CONSTRUCTION". SEE FOOTNOTE, CLASSIFICATION TO BE VERIFIED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER COMMISSIONED BY THE CLIENT FOR CERTIFICATION OF FOUNDATIONS.
- F2. Footings to be constructed and back filled as soon as possible following excavation to avoid softening by rain or drying out by exposure.
- F3. Footings must bear into undisturbed natural ground clear of organic material. Refer to details
- F4. If rock or variable bearing strata is encountered during excavation of the footings all footings/piers are to be excavated to similar material of greater bearing capacity. The Engineer is to be contacted at that time for approval or review.
- F5. Footings to be cast in approved material having an allowable capacity as follows:

Sand Foundations

- SAI. Required minimum bearing capacity 100 kPa.
- SA2. Trenches must be cleaned of all debris and hand compacted prior to placement of reinforcement.

Clay Foundations:

- CLI, Required minimum bearing capacity 150 kPa.
- CL2. Trenches must be cleaned of all debris. Soft spots must be cut out and filled as per compacted fill notes, prior to placement of reinforcement

Shale Foundations

SHI. Required minimum bearing capacity 400 kPa.
SH2. Excavation for footings into shale must be cast or capped with plain concrete on the same day as excavation.

- SSI. Required minimum bearing capacity 600 kPa.
- SS2. Scrape weathered surface to remove cleaved sandstone under footings. Refer adjacent for assumed Design bearing strata.
- F6. Future development of neighboring properties may effect ground water conditions on this site. Consequently, reactivity in subgrade beneath footings may be locally altered therefore putting footing at risk of differential settlement. We recommend that, particularly in clay subgrades, agricultural drainage is installed to the upstream perimeter of the building at a distance from the building which is outside the zone of influence of the footings. The agricultural drain must be installed below the fluctuating seasonal zone which should be identified by geotechnical investigation,

#### CONCRETE

- Cl. All workmanship and materials shall be in accordance with AS 3600-2001.
- C2. Concrete quality shall be as follows and shall be verified by tests.
- C3. All concrete unless otherwise noted shall have a slump of 80mm at point of placement, a max. aggregate size of 20 mm. No water shall be added to the mix prior to or during placement of concrete. Strength as specified on plans.
- C4. Clear concrete cover to reinforcement shall be as follows unless otherwise shown-

ELEMENT	INTERIOR	EXTERIOR	EXTERIOR CAST AGAINST GROUND
FOOTINGS	*	-	50
COLUMNS/PEDESTALS	30 UNO	REFER TO PLAN	2
SLABS/WALLS	25	REFER TO PLAN	40 ON MEMBRANE
BEAMS	25 UNO	REFER TO PLAN	50
BLOCKWORK	55	FROM APPROPRIATE	FACE

- C5. Sizes of concrete elements do not include thickness of applied finishes.
- C6. All Construction Joints locations shall be approved by the Structural Engineer.
- C7. Beam depths are written first and include slab thickness, if any.
- C8. No holes or chases other than those shown on the structural drawings shall be made in concrete elements without the prior approval of the
- C9. Shrinkage reducing admixtures such as 'Eclipse' or approved equivalent, if specified, must be added to mix prior to pour
- CIO. Water reducing agents, if specified, must be added to mix prior to pour. No extra water is to be added to increase slump.
- CII. Where vertical slab/beam surfaces are formed against a masonry (or other) wall, provide 10 mm styrene separation material.
- CI2 Water must not be added to concrete mix prior to placement of concrete.
- C13. Above covers may have to be adjusted if fire rating is a requirement.

#### REINFORCEMENT

- RI. All reinforcement specified is Grade D500 unless noted otherwise.
- R2. Reinforcement is represented digarammatically it is not necessarily shown in true projection.
- R3. Top reinforcement is to be continuous over supports. Bottom reinforcement to be lapped at supports.
- R4. Welding of reinforcement shall not be permitted unless shown on the
- R5. Pipes or conduits shall not be placed within the zone of concrete cover to the reinforcement without the approval of the engineer
- R6. All reinforcing bars and fabric shall comply with AS 4671-2001.

R7. Reinforcement symbols:

- N Grade 500N deformed bar (D500) Normal Ductility
- R Grade 250N plain round bar (R250) Normal Ductility SL - Grade 500L welded deformed ribbed mesh (D500)
- Square Law Ductility. RL - Grade 500L welded deformed ribbed mesh (D500)

Rectangular Low Ductility. The number immediately following these symbols is the number of

millimeters in the bar diameter.

Denotes 8, Grade 500N deformed bars, 12 mm diameter at 250 cts.

- R8, Fabric reinforcement to be lapped 1 complete square + 25 mm unless noted otherwise.
- R9 All reinforcement shall be firmly supported on bar chairs spaced at a maximum of 750 centres both ways under rod and fabric reinforcement. Reinforcement shall be tied at alternate intersections

- FWI. Formwork must be cleaned of all debris prior to casting of concrete.
- FW2. Minimum stripping times for form work shall be as recommended in AS 3610 - 1995 or as directed by the engineer.
- FW3. The finished concrete shall be a dense homogeneous mass, completely filling the form work, thoroughly embedding the reinforcement and free of stone packets. All concrete elements including slabs on ground and footings shall be compacted with mechanical vibrators
- FW4. Curing of all concrete is to be achieved by keeping surfaces continuously wet for a period of 3 days, followed by prevention of loss of moisture for seven days followed by a gradual drying out. Approved sprayed on curing compounds may be used where no floor finishes are proposed. Polythene sheeting or wet hession may be used if protected from wind and traffic.

#### BRICKWORK

- BRI Brickwork is to be constructed to AS 3700-2001
- BR2. Two layers of approved greased metal based slip material shall be used over all load bearing walls that support concrete slabs and placed on smooth brickwork or trowelled mortar finish. Non load-bearing walls shall have 10 mm compressible material and ties to the slab soffit.
- BR3. No brickwork shall be constructed on suspended slabs until all propping has been removed from the underside of the slab and the concrete has the specified 28 day cylinder strength verified by tests.
- BR4. Control joints to be placed at a maximum of 8m centres or in accordance with AS 3700-2001
- BR5. Exposure grade bricks to be used below damp proof course.
- BR6. Vertical control joint material where specified on plan between slabs and brick walls shall be: 10 mm Spandex External UNO.
  Bitumastic fibreboard internal UNO.

BR7. Provide stainless steel wall ties below DPC to AS 3700-2001. Provide galvanized wall ties above DPC to AS 3700 \$ Local Council Specifications. Stainless steel ties to be used within 1 km of coast # east of Harbour Bridge.

#### BLOCKWORK

- BLI. Concrete blocks shall have a minimum compressive strength of 15 MPa and conform to AS 3700-2001.
- BL2. Where cores of hollow blocks are to be filled, properly compacted 20MPa concrete with 10 mm aggregate and 230 mm slump shall be used. Clean out openings must be utilized for all cores.
- BL3. Location of actual starters is critical to suit block cores, allow 55 mm cover from the outside face of blockwork. All reinforcement lap lengths to conform to AS 3600-2001
- BL4. Control joints to be placed at a maximum of 8 m centres or in accordance with AS 3700-2001.
- BL5. Vertical control joint material where specified on plan between slabs and brick walls shall be: 10 mm Spandex External UNO. Bitumastic fibreboard internal UNO.
- BL6. Retaining walls or any reinforced and concrete core filled block walls to be of Double 'U' Block Construction.
- BL7. No blockwork shall be constructed on suspended slabs until all propping has been removed from the underside of the slab and the concrete has the specified 28 day cylinder strength verified by tests. unless approved by the Structural Engineer.
- BL8. Max, pour height for unrestrained blockwork is 1000 mm.

#### STEEL

- SI. All Structural steelwork to be Grade 300 or greater. Design, fabrication and erection to be in accordance with AS 4100-1998
- 52. Materials and workmanship shall comply with AS 1250 1981, SAA Steel Structures Code and the specification for Structural Steel.
- 53. Rolled steel sections including steel plates shall comply with
- 54. Cold formed steel sections shall be Grade 450 Zinc coated in accordance with AS 4600-2005
- S5. Welded and seamless steel hollow sections shall comply with AS 1163. Grade 350
- 56. Bolt Designation:

4.65 - Commercial bolts Grade 4.6, snug tightened.

- 8.85 High Strength structural bolts Grade 8.8, snug tightened. 8.8TB - High Strength structural bolts Grade 8.8, fully tightened to AS 1511 and acting as a Bearing Joint. 8.BTF - High Strength structural bolts Grade 8.8, fully tensioned to AS 1511
- and acting as a Bearing Joint. Unless noted otherwise, all bolts will be 8.85.
- 57. Unless shown atherwise, minimum connection shall be 2MI6 balts, 10 thick gusset plates, 6mm continuous fillet welds.
- Load indicating washers shall be used in all fully tensioned joints. (B.STF & B.STB).
- 59. All welding shall be carried out in accordance with AS 1554-2007 SAA Structural Steel Welding Code.
- SIO. Unless noted otherwise all welds shall be category SP using EAlxx Electrodes. 5. All butt welds shall be complete penetration butt welds category SP 511. Grouting of anchor bolt sleeves and base plates shall be completed by the
- contractor using High Strength, Non-Shrink grout.

  SI2. Fabrication and erection tolerances for Structural Steelwork shall be in
- accordance with AS 4100-1998
- SI3. Purlin bolts shall be MI2 4.65 galyanised.
- SI4. Steel work shall have one of the following grades of corrosion protection:
  - a. Thoroughly cleaned wire brushing, followed by two coats of zinc phosphate primer equivalent to Dulux Luxaprime applied by hand using brushes to achieve a total dry film thickness of 70
- EXTERNAL ELEMENTS, & ELEMENTS WITHIN EITHER SKIN OF EXTERNAL CAVITY WALLS
  - b. Preparation Blast clean to a minimum standard Class 2.5 in accordance with AS 1627-1997 Part 4. Primer 2-pack epoxy phosphate at dft 75 microns

(e.g. Dulux Durepon PI4).

Barrier Coat 2-pack epoxy micaeous iron oxide, dft 100 microns (e.g. Ferreko No 3) Finish Coat 2-pack epoxy high glass acrylic to dft 75 microns (e.g. Dulux Acrathane | F) in an approved colour.

c. Hot dipped galvanized to AS 4680-2006. (Only to be used where more than 5 km from salt water, Where the galvanic (Hot Dip Galvanized) coating is compromised by welding, bolting or damage, inorganic zinc-rich paint (minimum 95% zinc content) is to be applied after wire brushing affected area (use 3 coats minimum). or Hot Metal Spray in accordance with AS 4680-2006.

S15. Workshop drawings shall be prepared and two capies submitted to the engineer for review prior to fabrication commencement.

TIMBER

- T1. All workmanship and materials to be in accordance with AS 1684 -2006, AS 1720-1997 and as 3959-1999. All soft wood to be grade F7 unless noted otherwise. All hardwood to be minimum grade FI4 unless otherwise noted. Exposed timber to be CCA treated (to AS 1604-2005) redried after full impregnation, or durability class 1, 2 or 3. We recommend that all softwood timber framing have a minimum treatment protection of H2 or T2 treatment for termite protection unless noted otherwise
- T2. All joists deeper than 150 to have blocking over support bearers and at a maximum 3000 mm centre
- T3. Roof trusses to be designed by the manufacturer to the relevant standards. Pre camber to be an amount equal to dead load deflection u.n.o.
- T4. All holes for boits to be exact size. Washers to be used under all heads and nuts and to be at least 2.5 times the boil diameter. Bolts to be MI6 grade 4.6 unless noted otherwise.
- T5. Treat all exposed cut ends with Reseal by Protim to manufacturers specification to achieve required Hazard Level Exposure Classification.
- T6. Battens for T & G to be Kiln Dried to 12 %. 38mm minimum deep treated pine or as recommended by supplier. Flaoring to be installed no sooner than 28 days after slab pour.
- T7. Hot dip galvanized nails/clouts/screws to be used with all timber connections
- TB. Continuous nailing must not be used for any timber connections.
- T9. All exposed CCA treated pine to have an application of penetrating sealer to reduce warping and twist of the timber due to varying. moisture content in service.

#### COMPACTED FILL

- CF1. Compacted fill only to be used with approval of the Engineer and to be certified by a Geotechnical Engineer.
- CF2. Remove all organic material and topsoil under proposed
- CF3. Filling shall be granular material compacted in not more 200 mm layers to a minimum dry density ratio (AS 1289-2002) of 98 percent.
- CF4. During clearing and excavation for slabs and factings cut out soft spots and fill as above,

#### INSPECTIONS BY ENGINEER

- 48 HOURS NOTICE IS REQUIRED BEFORE ANY SITE INSPECTION
- 1. Bearing strata of all footings to be inspected by the Geotechnical Engineer prior to concrete pour.
- 2. Any reinforcement prior to concrete pour.
- Timber and Steel framing prior to cladding or lining.
- Steel lintels after installation.
- Contact your PCA (Principal Certifying Authority) as to requirements for 'mandatory critical stage' inspections.

### DRAWING SCHEDULE:

- SOI GENERAL NOTES AND DRAWING SCHEDULE
- SO2 FOOTING PLAN # DETAILS
- 503 GROUND FLOOR PLAN & DETAILS
- 504 GROUND FLOOR DETAILS
- S05 ROOF FRAMING PLAN
- 506 ROOF DETAILS
- 507 TIE DOWN AND WALL BRACING DETAILS

CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE PLAN / DOCUMENTATION

CC104/2014 covers - Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.)

GENERAL NOTES \$

DRAWING SCHEDULE

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Peninsula Consulting

ASSUMED FOUNDATION CLASSIFICATION FOR DESIGN PURPOSES - 'A' ASSUMED BEARING STRATA FOR DESIGN PURPOSES - ROCK 600 kPa. REFER TO REPORT BY DAVIES GEOTECHNICAL, REF. 12-030.A DATED JULY 2012.

Date : JAN. 14

Bruce Lewis

DOCUMENT CERTIFICATION

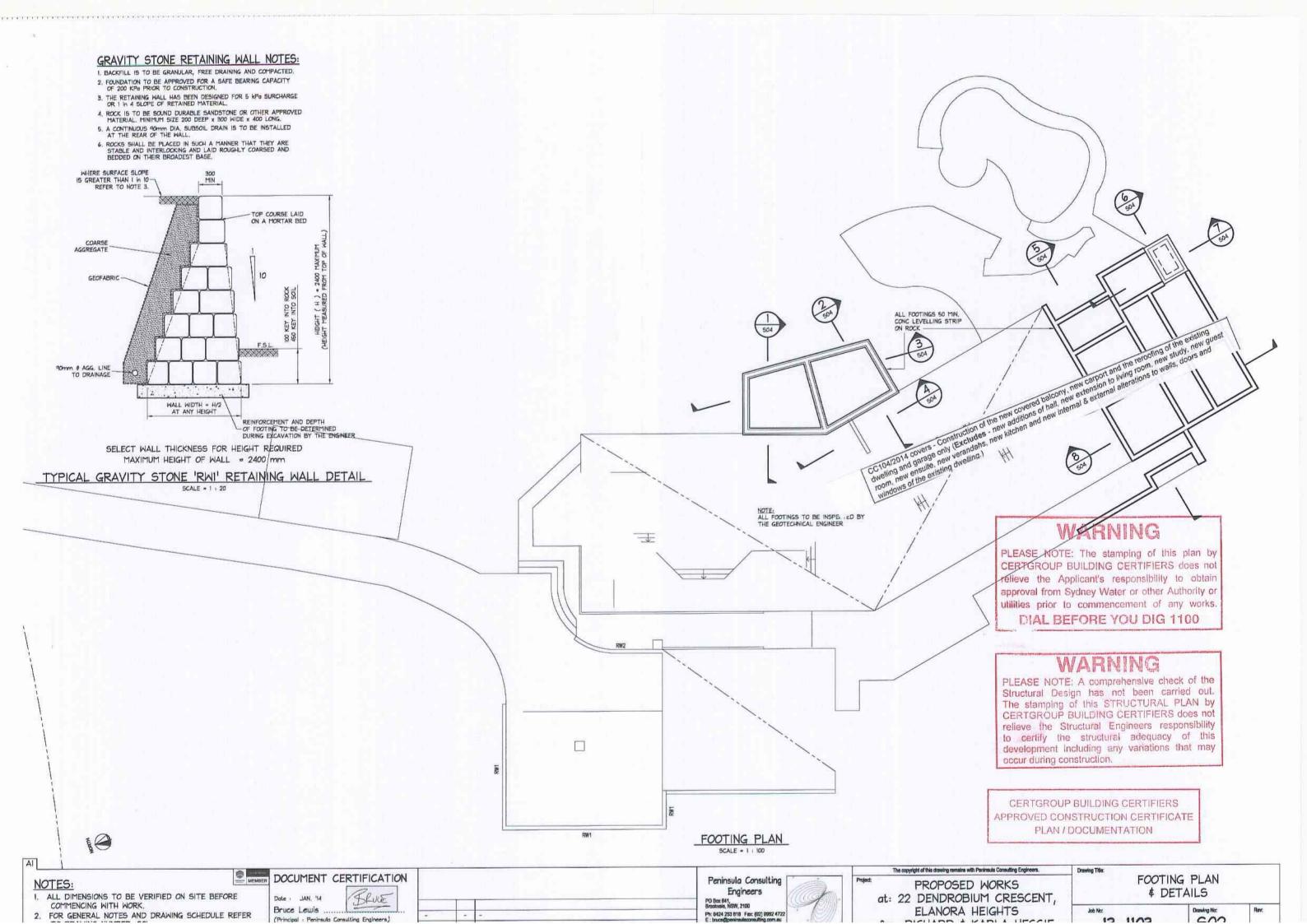
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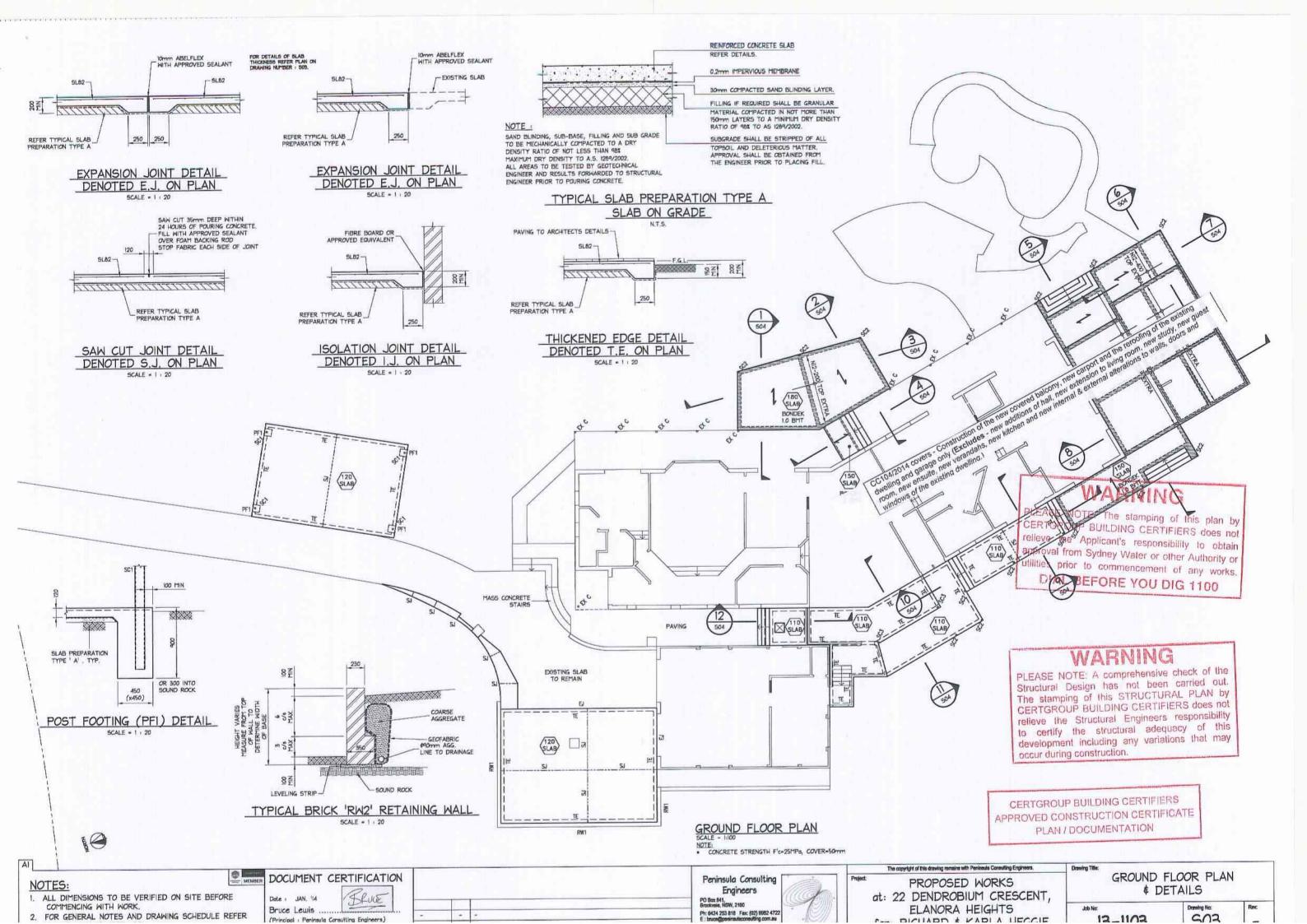
BE(CIVII), CPEng, MIEAvat., NPER. netitute of Engineers Membership No. 879131 I hereby state that this drawing is in compilance with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia and/or relevant Australian/Industry

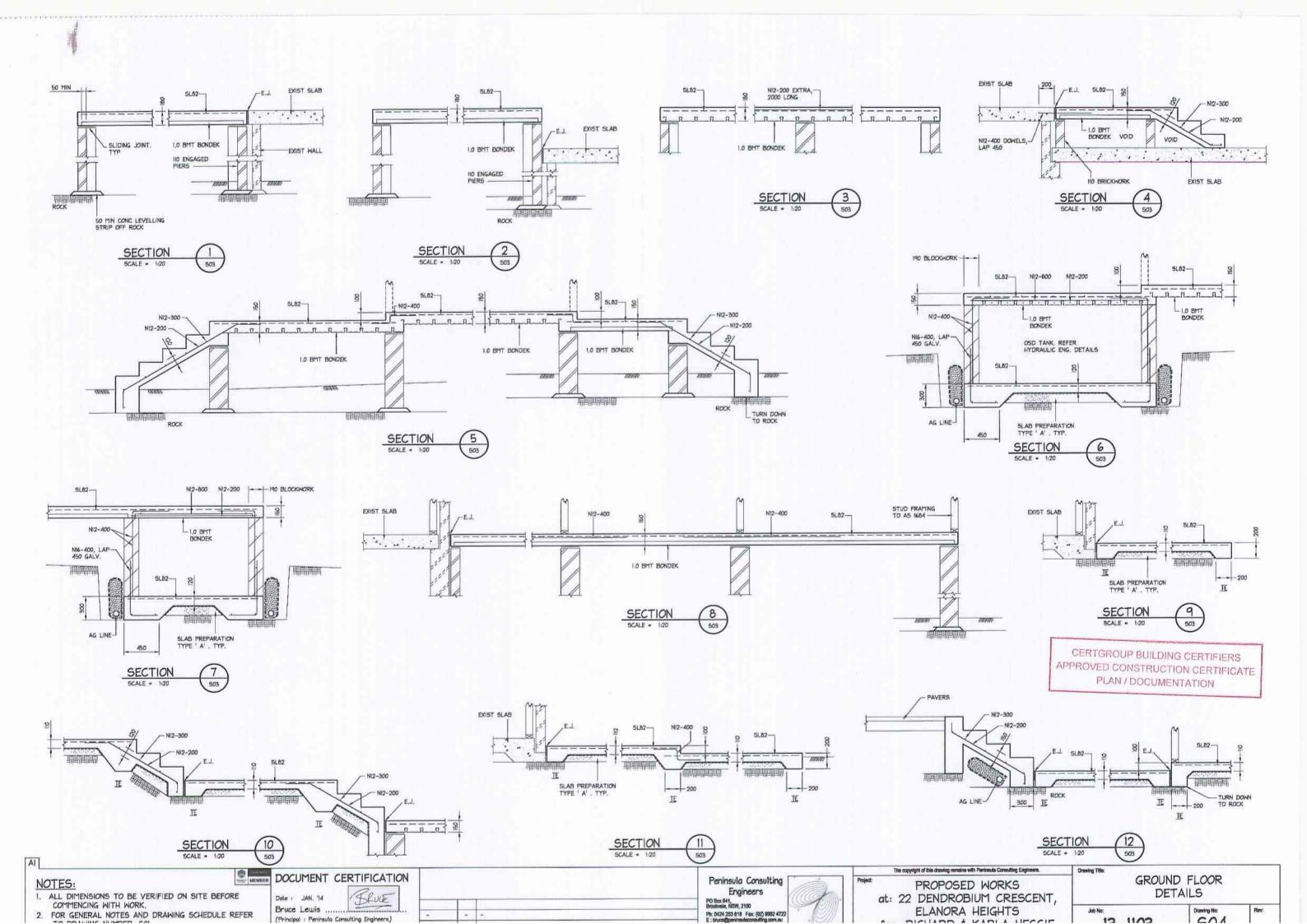
om a qualified Structural/Civil Engineer. I hold the following qualifications:

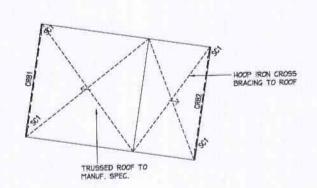
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Engineers PO Box 841, NSW, 2100 Ph; 0424 253 818 Feb; (02) 9982 4722 E : bn/ce/Dpen/ses/ses/ses/



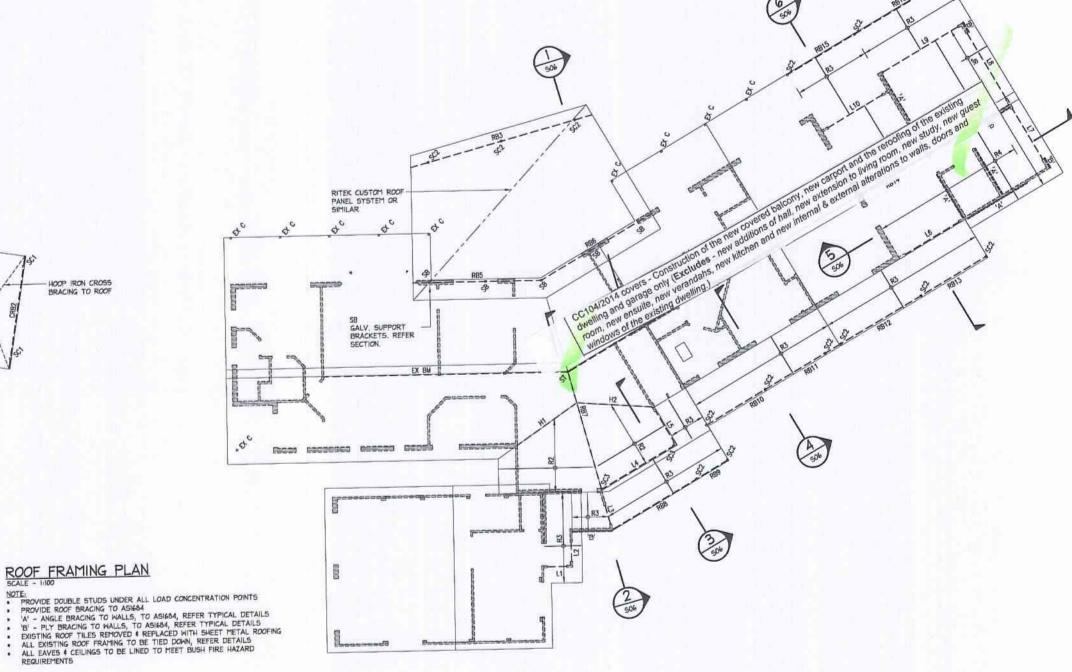






MEMBER SCHEDULE:
SCI - 125 x 125 x 5 5 H5 HD GALV. COLUMN
SC2 - 90 x 90 x 5 5 H5 HD GALV. COLUMN
SC3 - 90 x 90 x 5 5 H5 COLUMN
SB - 75 x 75 x 4 5 H5 STUB COLUMN
SB - 75 x 75 x 4 5 H5 STUB COLUMN
SB - 75 x 75 x 4 5 H5 STUB COLUMN
CRBI, 2 - 200 PFC HD GALV. ROOF BEAM
RBI - NOT USED
RB2, 4 - NOT USED
RB3, 1 B0 PFC HD GALV. ROOF BEAM
RB5, 6 - 180 PFC HD GALV. ROOF BEAM
RB5, 6 - 180 PFC HD GALV. ROOF BEAM
RB6, 1 - 190 x 45 F1 HHD ROOF BEAM
RB1, 13 - 150 PFC CONT. ROOF BEAM
RB1, 13 - 150 PFC HD GALV OR 240 x 45 F17 HHD ROOF BEAM
RB1, 15 - 200 x 63 LVL LINTEL
L4 - 250 PFC LINTEL (B1FOLD DOOR)
L5 - 200 x 45 LVL LINTEL
L4 - 250 PFC LINTEL (B1FOLD DOOR)
L5 - 200 x 45 LVL LINTEL
L1, 2 - 240 x 63 LVL LINTEL
L1, 2 - 240 x 64 LVL LINTEL
L1, 2 - 240 x 45 LVL LINTEL
L1, 2 - 240 x 45 LVL LINTEL
H1, 2 - 240 x 45 LVL LINT

## ROOF FRAMING PLAN



CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE PLAN / DOCUMENTATION

1

COMMENCING WITH WORK.

1. ALL DIMENSIONS TO BE VERIFIED ON SITE BEFORE

DOCUMENT CERTIFICATION

Date : JAN. "14

Bruce Lewis

II-02-2014 C REMOVE NOTES 11-02-2014 B MODIFY VERANDA BEAMS 7-02-2014 MODIFY VERANDA BEAM

Peninsula Consulting Engineers PO Box 841, Brookvale, NSW, 2100 Ph: 0424 253 818 Fex: (02) 9982 4722 E : bruce@peninsuleconsulting.com.su

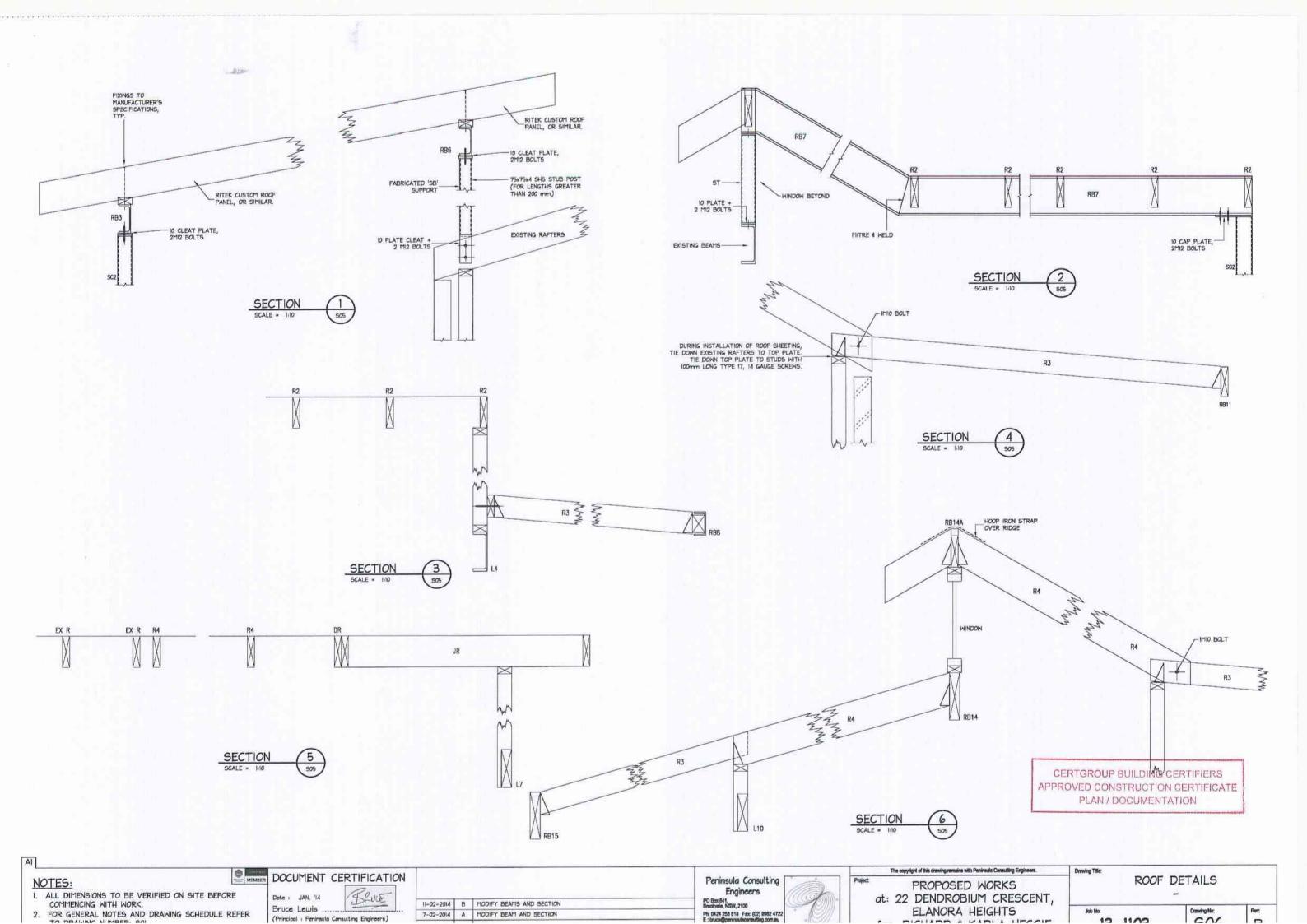


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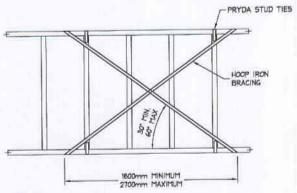
13-1103

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C



METAL TENSION STRAP BRACING 90 x 0.8 mm TENSIONED HOOP IRON STRAP BRACING
FIXED WITH ONE GALVANISED FLATHEAD NAILS
30 mm x 2.8mm \$ 70 EACH STUD, AND THE
FACE OF THE TOP AND BOTTOM PLATE,
PROVIDE FOUR GALVANISED FLATHEAD NAILS
30mm x 2.8mm \$ 10 THE STRAP RETURN
OVER THE TOP PLATE AND UNDER THE BOTTOM PLATE.



#### NOTES:

- 1. FOR POWER DRIVEN NAILS REFER ABOVE.
- 2. NOGGINGS HAVE BEEN CHITTED FOR CLARITY.

  3. BASED ON MALL HEIGHT OF 2.7 m. AT 4.0 m HIGH, CAPACITY OF WALL BRACING IS DECREASED BY ALMOST 40%.

#### TYPE A - WALL BRACING UNIT

SCALE - 1 : 20 CAPACITY TO ASIGB4 - 3.0 KN

PLYWOOD BRACING:

FIX PLYWOOD PANELS WITH GALVANISED FLATHEAD NAILS
50 mm x 2.8 \$\( \) LONG MINIMUM OR EQUIVALENT AT 50mm

CENTRES ALONG TOP AND BOTTOM PLATES, ISOMM CENTRES

ALONG VERTICAL EDGES AND 300mm CENTRES ALONG

INTERMEDIATE STUDS. TO PROVIDE TOP \$\( \) BOTTOM SPACING OF

ISO mm, PROVIDE M12 ROD TO EACH END OF BRACING FRAME.

M12 ROD SHOULD BE CONNECTED TO TOP \$\( \) BOTTOM PLATE.

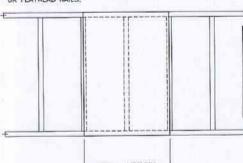
NAILS SHALL BE LOCATED A MINIMUM OF TMM FROM PANEL EDGES.

NAILS SHALL BE LOCATED A MINIMUM OF TMM FROM PANEL EDGES.

USED WHERE THEY PROVIDE AT LEAST THE EQUIVALENT STRENGTH

TO HAND DRIVES 30 mm x 2.8 \$\( \) LONG GALVANISED CLOUTS

OR FLATHEAD NAILS.



PLYW	DOD THICK	NESS
PLYWOOD	PLYWOOD THICKNESS  MAXIMUM STUD SPACING	
STRESS		
GRADE	450mm	600mm
FB	7.0mm	9.000
FII	6.0mm	7,0mm
FI4	4.0mm	6.0mm
F27	4,0mm	4,5mm

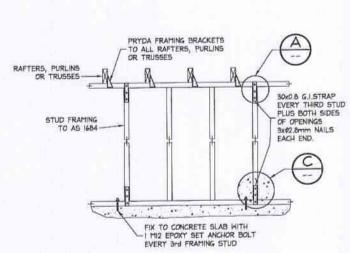
NOTES:

- 1. FOR PLYWOOD THICKNESS REFER TO TABLE, 2. FOR POWER DRIVEN NAILS REFER ABOVE, 3. PAREL EDGES SHALL BE SUPPORTED BY STUDS, 4. NOSGINGS HAVE BEEN CHITTED FOR CLARITY.

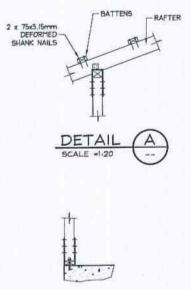
#### TYPE B - WALL BRACING UNIT

SCALE = 1 : 20

CAPACITY TO ASIGN4 - 6.0 KN



TYPICAL TIE DOWN DETAIL SCALE = 1 : 20



DETAIL

CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE PLAN / DOCUMENTATION

1. ALL DIMENSIONS TO BE VERIFIED ON SITE BEFORE COMMENCING WITH WORK. 2. FOR GENERAL NOTES AND DRAWING SCHEDULE REFER DOCUMENT CERTIFICATION

Bruce Lewis

PO Box 841, Brookvale, NSW, 2100 Ph: 0424 253 818 Fax: (02) 9982 4722 E: bruco@conjecularyan (file)

Peninsula Consulting Engineers



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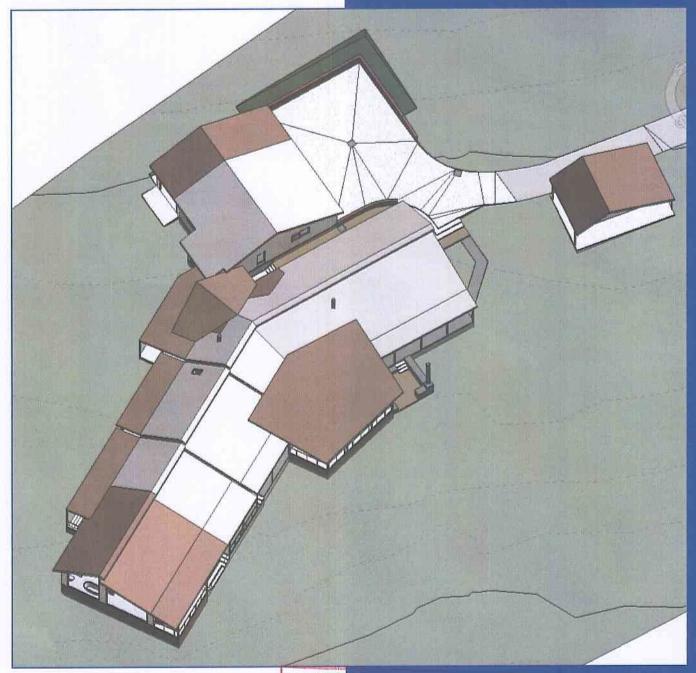
WALL BRACING \$ TIE DOWN DETAILS ELANORA HEIGHTS

Job No: 12-1103

Drinwing No:

507





CERTO

22 Dendrobium Cr. Elanora Hts, NSW, 2102 Construction Specifications

CC104/2014 covers - Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.)

#### SUMMARY OF BEST PRACTICE

The path of Best Practice in satisfactorily procuring a built project will typically include the following ten points:

- From the project outset formal written agreements between the Client and the Consultants
  detailing the obligations and extent of responsibilities of each to the other.
- Detailed and ongoing communications (preferably systemised) between all parties relevant to each stage of the process – so that everyone is always aware of each other's expectations.
- There is a mandatory obligation on the parties to cooperate adequately and promptly for this to be constructively achieved.
- 4. Documentation needs to follow current international drawing practice and unambiguous specifications to refer to Australian and other relevant Standards so that building professionals can accurately and efficiently interpret the building required.
- Building contracts that are vaguely completed (unresolved or inadequate Prime Cost and Provisional Sums) or favour any one signatory party over the other should not be used.
- Professional neutrality in the administration of the building contract is essential.
- Clear and adequate documentation (drawings and specification) is required to enable progress to be achieved without confusion arising on the building site.
- Timely and well documented responses to any questions or needed clarifications should they
  arise to ensure no one is subject to loss or inconvenience.
- Clean, tidy and well organised site management to engender a good feeling in all participants of the project is of incalculable value in producing a quality product.
- 10. A thorough and properly administered Project Schedule giving all parties a clear understanding of where they fit in to the process and when they will be expected to perform their role and who they will be affecting if they don't, cannot be understated.

### CONTENTS

- 1. DEMOLITION
- 2. EXCAVATION & FILL
- 3. PLUMBING (Water, Gas & SOLAR), DRAINAGE (Sewer & Stormwater) & WATER STORAGE
- 4. CONCRETE & CONCRETE SCREEDS
- 5. MASONRY
- 6. STEEL FRAMING
- 7. CARPENTRY, TIMBER FLOORING & FIBRE CEMENT PRODUCTS
- 8. THERMAL INSULATION
- 9. ROOFING
- 10. METALWORK
- 11. DOORS & DOOR FRAMES
- 12. WINDOWS & GLAZING
- 13. PLASTERBOARD
- 14. CERAMIC TILE
- 15. FLOORING
- 16. CABINETRY
- 17. PAINTING
- 18. FLOOR HEATING
- 19. ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION
- 20. FENCES & GATES

### 1. DEMOLITION

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to:

Pay fees in connection with this trade to authorities having jurisdiction.

Demolish in accordance with demolition drawings

Identify material containing asbestos and take responsibility for safe, authorised removal and disposal,

according to relevant authorities having jurisdiction.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

Clean site thoroughly on completion.

#### GENERAL

Co-operate with Excavation & Fill to resolve possible problems before starting work:

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

Guide to noise and vibration control on construction, demolition and maintenance sites.

AS 2601 2001

Demolition of structures.

National Code Practice for the Safe removal of Asbestos 2nd Edition [NOHSC: 2002 (2005)] Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (BCA).

Explosives: no blasting for demolition purposes is permitted.

Restoration: make good to original condition, any damage to retained structures and adjacent property resulting from demolition operations, or damage caused from failure to provide adequate protection. Photograph damage before and after to submit to architect, and perform restoration work without expense to the proprietor.

Noise: ensure noise is kept to a minimum and be considerate of neighbouring occupants.

Supply sufficient equipment and labour to complete the work to meet the contract completion date. Provide Code compliant containers for disposal required. Provide for safe removal of any identified toxic substances (eg asbestos – see notes in 00800 Supplementary Conditions of Contract in the Preliminaries) Material required to be demolished becomes the property of the contractor. Remove it from the site.

#### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: inspect conditions at site before starting work. Report any unsatisfactory situation to the architect.

Start of work means total acceptance of conditions.

Existing services: ensure unwanted existing utilities, such as gas reticulation and electrical wiring, are legally disconnected and out of service to a point nominated beyond the work site so that remaining reticulation can be removed without danger.

Protection: provide measures required by laws and regulations for the protection of the public, occupants, workmen, surrounding property, footpaths, streets and kerbs during demolition operations. Comply by means of barricades fences, warning lights, signs, rubbish chutes, etc. Protect and indicate vegetation which is to be preserved (Refer to Planning Conditions).

Execution: exercise due care in executing this work.

No debris to be burnt on the site.

Provide shoring as necessary in accordance with structural engineer's instructions. Alter, adapt, and maintain temporary works as necessary, and strike or withdraw them progressively as the work proceeds.

## 2. EXCAVATION & FILL

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Prepare site, excavate for foundations, slabs, paving, drains, pits and roads. Remove trees and other vegetation authorised for removal, including any roots where they prevent building work, paving, trenches etc. Remove topsoil from building footprint and stockpile on site for later re-spreading as directed. Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

#### GENERAL

Co-operate with these trades to resolve possible problems before starting work: water distribution, sanitary sewerage, storm drainage, pavements, concrete.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments. AS 3798 2007

AS/NZS 4200.2 1994 Pliable building membranes and underlays - Installation requirements.

Earth-retaining structures. AS 4678 2002

Comply with particular specifications in Building Regulations and/or Local Council publications.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

Explosives: no blasting for excavation purposes is permitted.

Restoration: make good to original condition, any damage to retained structures and adjacent property resulting from excavation operations, or damage caused from failure to provide adequate protection. Photograph (date-stamped) pre-existing damage before commencing work and submit to architect, and perform restoration work of all subsequent damage to approval of the architect without expense to the proprietor.

Noise: ensure noise is kept to a minimum and considerate of neighbouring occupants.

Provide equipment needed to affect a termite treatment which complies with the applicable Australian Standards.

#### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: inspect conditions at site before starting work. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Site drainage: on all sloping sites or where clay is present, arrange for a Geotechnical Report from a qualified

Protection: prepare to protect excavations from damage and ensure protection of existing structures or new

Clear site under building and paving of plants, trees, rocks shown on plan. Leave surface free of any ponding

Execution: install surface and sub soil drainage to the satisfaction of the authorities and the structural engineer. Excavate for strip footings and edge beams, paving, water and piped supply and drains, pits. Provide fill and compact in 150 mm layers, to 95% of maximum density, by vibrating or watering – refer method to Structural Engineer. Maintain excavations free of water. Install waterproof membrane over sand. Seal laps. Underlay to extend to top of slab level and under base of wall flashing and protect from damage. Seal service pipe penetrations. Inspect and repair membrane/taping damage before concrete pour.

Below footings and slabs on ground, install hardcore, beams and other structural elements, concrete to be of strength equal to the structural element, minimum 15MPa.

In service trenches: 1:2:4 concrete or approved compacted pipe bedding material.

## 3. PLUMBING (Water, Gas & SOLAR), DRAINAGE (Sewer & Stormwater) & WATER STORAGE

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Supply and install or lay:

pipes to distribute water from water main supply to each required outlet.

pipes from hot water heater to each required outlet.

reticulate a complete system as required to connect scheduled appliances to gas supply mains. a complete system of sewer drains to discharge sewage waste to the authority's sewer main, or to on-site septic tank.

a complete system of site storm water drainage including agricultural drains, drains below slabs and pavements, retaining wall drains, culverts, pits, frames, manhole covers

water storage materials and equipment for storage of rain and other potable water, including tanks, stands, filters, reticulation

Roof plumbing.

Apply for permits and pay required fees and charges to authorities having jurisdiction. Provide permits and approval certificates to contractor.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

Preparation: by Excavation & Fill contractor.

Design: provide a design to the architect for installation of sanitary sewerage prior to construction.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work co-operate and co-ordinate with each trade involved in the construction of the building including: concrete, carpentry, plasterer, tiler.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS/NZS 1260 2009 AS 1432 2004

PVC-U pipes and fittings for drain, waste and vent application. Copper tubes for plumbing, gasfitting and drainage applications,

AS/NZS 2032 2006 Installation of PVC pipe systems.

AS/NZS 2712 2007 Solar and heat pump water heaters. Plumbing and drainage. AS/NZS 3500 2003

Peter Downes Construction Specifications

3500.2 2003 Sanitary plumbing and drainage.

3500.5 2012 Housing installations.

AS 3688 2005 Water supply - Metallic fittings and end connectors.

AS 4809 2003 Copper pipe and fittings – Installation and commissioning.

AS/NZS 5065 2005 Polyethylene and polypropylene pipes and fittings for drainage and sewerage

applications.

HB 230 2008 Rainwater Tank Design and Installation Handbook.

HB 328 2008 Urban Greywater Installation Handbook for Single Households

Comply with particular specifications in Building Regulations and/or Local Council publications.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

#### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing conditions to the drawings before delivery of materials to site. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect.

Execution: form straight and true trenches 600mm clear of walls, maintain sides, and keep free from water. Form trenches and bedding to provide constant falls as approved by the local authorities.

Prepare trenches and paths of pipes through structure.

Contractor to form cutouts of minimum size to take pipes. Not to be done by plumber. Penetrations to the fabric of the building to be sealed for air/moisture leakage.

Ensure correct pipe sizes. Provide upstands and connect (vermin proof) to bottom of downpipes. Provide inspection openings where authority requires (maximum 6 metre intervals), bends and junctions. Provide complete seals at junctions and ends in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

Arrange for inspection by local authority. When issued, back fill with material approved by local council and architect. Remove debris and clean areas beside excavation for drains.

Connect sanitary fittings to sewer pipes with permanently secure joints.

Jointing of pipes: on manufacturer's advice, select from: capillary, brazed, compression, pushfit, solvent-welded. Chrome plate all exposed pipes.

Gas reticulation: To comply with supply authority regulations and relevant standards.

Roof plumbing: provide gradients, flashings, sealing and related work to ensure that no water penetrates to the inner part of the building.

Installation of Water Tank(s): ensure that each part of the site or building to which equipment will be connected is secure and will permanently support components. Connect a minimum of 50 square metres of roof catchment to the rainwater tank.

Ensure that falls will promote water flows.

Arrange installed components in logical sequence. Form secure connections without causing damage to existing building or structures. Connect other services (mains supply/ electrical power) as required by specified equipment to ensure operability to manufacturer's recommendations. House electrical equipment (pressure pump, switching system) in weatherproof accessory covers.

Install reticulation pipes to match where possible the materials described in this trade section

Provide "as built" drawings to architect showing actual dimensions and locations of pipes. Cover no pipes until local authority has issued certificate. Protect installation until completion of project. See Schedule of Sanitary & Equipment Items.

#### 4. CONCRETE & CONCRETE SCREEDS

kwinana.wa.gov.au/images/termite-treatment-information-sheet.px

**SCOPE OF WORK** Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Discuss with council whether Part A or Part B termite control is to be used on site. Supply and install:

material required for termite control, concrete, reinforcing steel, formwork, for strip footings, floor slabs, paving, pits.

concrete screeds on a prepared base, with coves, risers, kerbs, margins, pit covers etc.

waterproofing materials, curing and protection.

Avoid spraying of building footprint or impregnation with any product labelled as a poison.

Pay all fees relating to this trade to relevant authority having jurisdiction.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

See Schedule of Finishes.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: excavation & fill, storm drainage, sanitary sewerage, pavements, concrete screeds. Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS 1379 2007

Specification and supply of concrete.

AS 2870 2011

Residential slabs and footings - Construction. Concrete kerbs and channels (gutters) - Manually or machine placed.

AS 2876 2000

Formwork for concrete - Documentation and surface finish.

AS 3610.1 2010 AS 3660

AS 3727 1993

Termite management.

Guide to residential pavements.

AS 3972 2010 AS 3740 2010

General purpose and blended cements.

Waterproofing of wet areas within residential buildings.

AS 4349.3 2010

Inspection of buildings - Timber pest inspections

AS/NZS 4586 2004 Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials.

AS/NZS 4671 2001 Steel re-inforcing materials

HB 155 2002 Guide to the use of recycled concrete and masonry materials.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building

Codel. Note: Do not pour concrete when temperature exceeds 30 degrees.

#### ON SITE ACTIONS -CONCRETE:

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Execution: Co-ordinate with and ensure preparatory work by other trades is done prior to commencement of work and arrange for provision and fixing grounds.

Termite treatment: under slab foams should be encapsulated and have boron-based additives or alternatives that are non toxic to occupants. Ensure that vertical face of slab edge is smooth off-form and does not contain areas of honeycombing, folds or rough surface. Rectify any discrepancy or unsuitability of substrata if needed to comply with AS 3660 and arrange for ongoing co-operation of other trades to ensure effective pest control. Take care of materials. Prevent damage before and during installation, Protect personnel and surrounding work, including other finishes, equipment and components during installation. Provide protective covering where necessary. Install barriers per council preference Part A or Part B in accordance with AS 3660. Comply in all respects with manufacturer's recommendations contained in technical bulletins. Call for technical advice where necessary. Remove surplus material. Protect finished work.

Concreting: NOTE: relevant building inspector to inspect all preparatory work, including reinforcing before beginning concrete pour for any footings pads and slabs. Prepare surfaces to receive concrete smooth, clean and stable under concrete load. 50mm packing sand below slabs. Comply with structural engineer's requirements for concrete/brick stumps, joints, splices etc. of reinforcement.

Arrange for installation of pipes, cables, conduits etc. Over prepared surface, install waterproofing materials. Place reinforcement and secure in place to prevent movement during pour. Maintain required concrete

Finish exposed floor surfaces.. Provide set downs for concrete screeds. Provide uniform 1:60 maximum fall to

Cure finished slabs for 5 days with plastic film secured in place. Use packing sand for curing concrete paving. Keep damp for 5 days.

Strip formwork in accordance with Table in AS 3610 Minimum stripping times.

Paving: 75mm thick, 20Mpa. Grade paving away from external walls of building. All paving to be located at minimum 10mm below vents and weepholes.

Exposed concrete edges to be free from all imperfections, membrane ripples, air pockets, honeycombing etc. Clean the site where work of this trade is performed.

#### 5. MASONRY

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Supply labour and install materials. Build in miscellaneous materials (flashing, wall ties, damp proof course, anchors etc.)

Include staging, scaffolding and cleaning.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: concrete, structural steel, wall framing, doors and windows.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS 1316 2003 Masonry cement.

AS/NZS 1576.1 2010 Scaffolding – General requirements.

AS/NZS 2904 1995 Damp-proof courses and flashings.

AS 3700 2011

Masonry structures.

AS 3959 2009

Construction of buildings in bush-fire prone areas

AS 4773.2 2010

Masonry in small buildings - Construction.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

#### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Execution: review work with other trades, piping, ducts etc. Clean base before laying masonry. Set doors and windows plumb and brace. Construct a sample wall of 3 square metres. Stop. When approved by architect, continue.

Machine mix. Mortar life: 2 Hours.

Joints: . Weep holes at 1200mm centres

Check Bushfire Attack Level for weephole ember proofing insert requirements.

Bonding: Stretcher bond, Bed joints: 10mm. Install DPC, wall ties, reinforcement, flashing to AS 3700. Install ties to anchor masonry to structure, doors, windows etc. Remove mortar from wall ties in cavity walls at the end of each day. Construction joints @ max 6000mm centre. Clean with 5% hydrochloric acid to face work. Bagged finish on completion same material as for mortar. Chase walls no more than 1/3 thickness for conduits.

#### LINTELS in Masonry walls

	External O	penings	Internal Op	enings
SPAN	SIZE	END BEARINGS	SPAN	SIZE
up to 950mm	74 x 10 flat	150mm	up to 950mm	74 x 10 flat
950 to 1200	76x76x10L	200mm	950 to 1200	75x12 flat
1200 to 1650	102x76x10L	230mm	1200 to 1650	102x76x10L
1650 to 2400	127x76x10L	230mm	1650 to 2400	127x76x10L
2400 to 3000	152x89x10L	230mm	2400 to 3000	152x89x10L

Hot dip galvanise lintels to external openings.

#### 6. STEEL FRAMING

**SCOPE OF WORK** Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Supply, fabricate, apply surface treatment, anchor bolts and other attachments, field welding, permanent grouting and cold-formed steel framing.

Submit shop drawings to architect.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: concrete, wall construction, roof construction, painting.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS/NZS 1554 2011 Structural steel welding.

AS 1627.0 1997

Metal Finishing - Preparation and pretreatment of surfaces - Method selection guide.

AS 4100 1998

Steel structures.

AS/NZS 4680 2006 Hot-dip galvanised (zinc) coatings on fabricated ferrous articles.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

Advise architect when fabrications may be inspected before delivery. Steel components bent or buckled before erection may be rejected.

**ON-SITE ACTIONS** 

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Execution: use bolt connections in preference to welded connections. Minimum on site welding -refer to architect before executing. Provide holding down bolts to concreter for building in. Comply with instructions. Erect plumb and secure in place. Erect so that components can be fixed without distortion. Provide temporary bracing against wind and other stresses. Weld in accordance with AS/NZS 1554. Advise architect when erected steel is ready for inspection. Adjust as required. Grout under base plates in high strength mortar. Touch up steel with zinc-rich paint after installation.

## 7. CARPENTRY, TIMBER FLOORING & FIBRE CEMENT PRODUCTS

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Supply and erect framing both structural and substructural. Include floor panels, wall cladding, roof framings, verge, fascia, eave, barge, decking, balustrades, steps and stairs, incidental framing.

Supply, install and finish wood strip flooring on floor framing members.

Supply and install fibre cement and associated equipment and fixing to:

Wall linings internal, ceiling linings internal, fire-rated walls, external cladding, wet area wall lining, eaves lining, fascias, partitions, wet area flooring, underlays, external decks, lattice, bracing panels, ceramic faced panels, fibre cement pipe columns. Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: concrete, masonry, wall lining, plumbing, electrical, insulation, painting, fibre cement products.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

Residential timber-framed construction – Cyclonic areas AS 1684.3 2010

Residential timber-framed construction – Simplified non-cyclonic areas (Special reprint with AS 1684.4 2010 Amendment 1 [June 2012] included)

Timber - Hardwood - Sawn and milled products - Grade description AS 2796.2 2006

AS/NZS 2908.2 2000 Cellulose cement products - Flat sheet.

Construction of buildings in bush-fire prone areas AS 3959 2009

Timber flooring - Sanding and finishing. AS 4786.2 2005

Comply with recommendations of the National Assoc. of Forest Industries Technical bulletins.

Comply with relevant Technical Bulletins and published instructions produced by manufacturer.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building

Storing timber: store on site neatly stacked above ground to allow for water run-off. Protect from rain, damage and other material.

#### MATERIALS TO BE USED: GENERAL

Any wood panel products are to be certified formaldehyde emission level of E1 or E0

#### MATERIALS TO BE USED: FIBRE CEMENT

JAMES HARDIE PRODUCTS		CSR BUILDING MATERIALS EQUIVALENT (Cemintel)	
HardieFlex	Thickness: 4.5,6.0	Cladding sheet	4.5, 6.0
Villaboard	Thickness: 6.0. 9.0, 12.0	Wallboard FC	6.0, 9.0, 12.0
Versilux	Thickness: 6.0	sq. edge	6.0
HardiePlank Smooth	230, 300 wide, 7.5	cladding plank, smooth	230, 300
HardiePlank Woodgrain	230, 300 wide, 7.5	" " woodgrain	230, 300

HardiePlank Rusticated	205 wide	Ceminseal Soffit	6,9
weatherboard HardiePlank Old style	205 wide	Ceminseal Wallboard	6, 9, 12
weatherboard	200 Wilds		
Eaves - HardieFlex	4.5mm	Eaves lining	4.5
HardiePanel Compressed	6.0, 9.0, 12.0, 15.0, 18.0, 24.0	Compressed sheet decking	6.0, 9.0, 12.0, 15.0, 18.0, 24.0
Pineridge (impact resistant)		X	
Underlay for ceramic file		CT Underlay	6
Underlay for vinyl and cork		X	
Hardietex (external sheet)	7.5	X	
Hardiebrace	5.0	X	
Partitions toilet and shower		X	

#### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions Execution: review drawings when erecting framing and provide additional framing at every location where extra loads will be applied to finished walls.

Timber Flooring Execution: open packages and spread across joists for 7 days before fixing. Check moisture content of timber; coastal areas maximum 13 % moisture, dry areas and air conditioned spaces 9%. Install flooring in the smallest room of the building. Stop. When approved by architect, continue. Form junctions of different materials (eg. tiles to carpet) so that they occur under the centre line of doors.

#### Face Nailed Flooring

Provide expansion gaps of 10-15mm around the edges of each floor area. Place straight waste wood before each board to be cramped. Nail at minimum 20mm from edge of the board. Two nails for wide boards. Predrill nail holes in dense boards. Nails to be no less than 2.5 times the thickness of the board. Punch nails a minimum of 3mm below the surface.

#### Secret Nailed Flooring

Fix boards up to 80mm wide with secret nailing gun and apply polyurethane adhesive to top of floor joist before nailing.

#### Floor Finishing

Fill nail holes with fast drying nail filler. Rough and fine sand. Comply with AS 4786.2.

Finish treatment to: polyurethanes, water-based/acrylic coatings, and oils.

Comply throughout with the written instructions of the manufacturer of a selected material.

Eaves, fascias and barges: secure each of these boards to the framing. Line soffit with fibre cement 4.5mm thick fixed to framing members and finish with moulds, jointing strips or straps.

Box or concealed gutters: provide timber framing for support of box or concealed gutters. Provide constant fall to the top of the downpipe in each gutter.

Timber decking: fix with galvanised nails and screws.

#### External Cladding

Timber cladding: unless otherwise specified, all timber to be primed and treated with a penetrating wood preservative to all exposed faces and edges before fixing. Fix with galvanised nails.

Weatherboards: select quality timber in long lengths, lapped vertically not less than 25mm. Butt joints at studs or corners over galvanised steel angles.

Fibre cement sheeting: or other external cladding to be fixed in accordance with manufacturers' instructions. Provide and fix all necessary flashings and other materials required to ensure weathertight joints.

### 8. THERMAL INSULATION

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Supply and installation of thermal insulation to walls, ceilings, roofs . Installation is to be certified to provide required Energy Rating.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: wall and roof framing, roofing, wall lining, masonry. Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS 3999 1992

Thermal insulation of dwellings - Bulk insulation - Installation requirements.

AS/NZS 4200.1

Pliable building membranes and underlays - Materials.

HB 63 1994 Home insulation in Australia.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Codel.

#### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Execution: prepare surfaces and or framing material and ensure that no obstructions will prevent rapid and effective installation. Install insulation to all new floors, walls, ceilings and roofs forming the building envelope, so as to prevent moisture contact. Install snugly between framing members, forming a continuous barrier without affecting safe effective operation of services or fittings.

Reflective insulation: Install with necessary airspace between reflective side and building lining or cladding. To be closely fitted, taped or sealed to any penetration, door or window opening and adequately supported.

Comply with manufacturer's current written instruction.

Roll membrane: each sheet to be lapped not less than 150mm and/or taped at joints.

Bulk insulation: installed so as to maintain position and thickness, except where crossing roof battens, pipes,

Protect any down-lights with insulated covers to allow close fitting of insulation.

Where required, comply with AS3959-2009 bushfire code.

Provide certification that the installation is installed according to NCC standards.

#### 9. ROOFING

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Provide complete roof installation with associated gutters and down pipes, sarking, safety mesh and skylights. Metal roofing and sarking, downpipes, gutters, translucent roofing.

Comply with Bushfire Attack Level (BAL level and AS3959-2009 Section 3 requirements) site assessment requirements for roof installation.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: carpentry, steel house frames, drainage.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS 1273 1991

Unplasticized PVC (UPVC) downpipe and fittings for rainwater.

AS 3959 2009

Construction of buildings in bush-fire prone areas

AS 1562

Design and installation of sheet roof and wall cladding. (Amendment 3, October 2012)

AS 2049 2002

Roof tiles.

AS 2050 2002

Installation of roof tiles.

AS/NZS 2179.1 1994Metal shape or sheet rainwater goods, and metal accessories and fasteners.

AS 3999 1992

Thermal insulation of dwellings – Bulk insulation – Installation requirements (redline set)

AS 4285 2007

Skylights.

AS/NZS 4389 1996 Safety mesh.

HB 39 1997

Installation code for metal roof and wall cladding.

Comply with state requirements and codes of practice in relation to work on roofs.

Safework Australia see Construction Work Code of Practice manual (includes SWM template)- comply in full.

See at www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (BCA).

Roof shall be designed and installed to comply with site Terrain Category

#### MATERIALS TO BE USED - ROOF TILES

#### ON-SITE ACTIONS - ROOF TILES

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions.

Execution: ensure roof framing, fascias, barges etc. are complete.

Install sarking, battens and tiles in accordance with manufacturer's instruction.

Install seals to penetrations, skylights etc. to manufacturer's instructions.

Point up at barges, valleys and ridge tiles with colour-matched flexible cement mortar. No dry joints.

Bed barge pointing on fibre cement strips.

Test roof on completion. Remove debris from gutters and downpipes.

Ensure entire gutter system drains uniformly to downpipe outlets with no ponding.

#### ON-SITE ACTIONS - METAL ROOFING

Ensure safety equipment is in place. Install safety mesh in accordance with AS/NZS 4389 Safety mesh. Install each item in accordance with manufacturer's current written instructions. Form penetration flashings neatly with material matching roofing material or install EPDM collars. Provide flashings at all upstands lapped 150mm at junctions. Step flashings evenly. Finish top corners to a line parallel to the roof slope. Close and seal ends of cut ribs. Form back gutters not less than 100mm wide with falls towards the sides of the penetration collars. Seal joints with compatible sealant. Secure downpipes through cladding to structure. Seal at stormwater pipe upstands. Remove debris from gutters and downpipes. Ensure entire gutter system drains uniformly to downpipe outlets with no ponding. Test on completion.

#### 10. METALWORK

**SCOPE OF WORK** Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Supply and install metalwork items shown on drawings and Metalwork Schedule.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to

existing documentation or new work.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: electrical installation, gas installation, building finishes.

Co-ordinate with other trades as to the proper fastening systems suitable for the substrates to which the item is to be secured. Refer to architect if in doubt.

Fastenings: fasten galvanised items with galvanised fasteners.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS/NZS 1554 2011 Structural steel welding.

AS 1627.0 1997 Metal finishing – Preparation and pretreatment of surfaces – Method selection guide.

AS/NZS 1664 1997 Aluminium structures.

AS/NZS 1665 2004 Welding of aluminium structures.

AS/NZS 1841.1 2007 Portable fire extinguishers – General requirements.

AS/NZS 4680 2006 Hot-dip galvanised (zinc) coatings on fabricated ferrous articles.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

Drill or punch and ream in the workshop and not on site.

Design necessary lugs, brackets and similar items so that work can be assembled and installed in a neat, substantial manner.

#### MATERIALS TO BE USED

Fasteners: Provide required bolts, screws, inserts, fasteners, templates and other accessories required for a complete installation.

Refer Metalwork Schedule.

#### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: visit site and inspect fabrication and conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions.

Do not repair fabrication or cut metal on site.

Execution: do not delay job progress for field measurements. Allow for adjustments and fitting of the work in the field where taking of measurements might cause delay.

Provide holes and connections as required to accommodate the work of other trades and for site assembly of metalwork.

Smooth finishes to exposed surfaces with sharp well-defined lines and arrises. Mill machined joints to a close fit. Each item to be installed by bolting or screwing to structural elements of building. Locate anchorages accurately and ensure secure installation.

Whitegoods and similar items to be installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

Remove weld spatter and touch up with zinc-rich paint immediately.

Protect work until project completion.

Replace damaged items.

#### 11. DOORS & DOOR FRAMES

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Refer to Door Schedule.

Supply and install:

door frames and doors for external and internal door openings.

timber frames, metal frames, doors, glazed, solid core, waterproof, louvre doors, flyscreen, security, acoustic, flush panel - hollow core, expressed framed doors.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: carpentry, door hardware, wall construction, glass, painting.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS 1288 2006

Glass in buildings - Selection and installation.

AS 3959 2009

AS 4145

Construction of buildings in bush-fire prone areas Locksets and hardware for doors and windows

AS 4145.2 2008

Mechanical locksets for doors and windows in buildings.

AS 5007 2007

Powered doors for pedestrian access and egress.

AS 5039 2008

Security screen doors and security window grilles.

AS 5040 2003

Installation of security screen doors and window grilles.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

Comply with Bushfire Attack Level site assessment requirements for glazed doors.

#### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Execution: Check all deliveries on arrival. Lock away until needed and assume responsibility for hardware. Prepare openings in walls. Install fixing grounds to secure frames. Erect a sample frame and door of each type complete. Install samples of each door hardware type in accordance with AS 4145 and written instructions of each manufacturer. Stop. When approved by architect, continue. Erect frames plumb and true. At head and jambs allow 3mm clearance. At floor allow 10 mm over floor

Fit accurately at correct heights and protect until completion of project.

External doors: install weatherstripping.

Lubricate hinges and locks and provide two keys to each lock.

Check and clean on completion.

### 12. WINDOWS & GLAZING

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Supply and install metal window frames and glass, glazed door, flyscreens, hardware, flashing, sun control material.

Comply with Bushfire Attack Level site assessment requirements for windows.

Refer to Window Schedule. Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: carpentry, frames, masonry, wall framing.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS 1288 2006

Glass in buildings - Selection and installation.

AS 2047 1999

Windows in buildings - Selection and installation.

AS 3715 2002

Metal finishing - Thermoset powder coating for architectural applications...

AS 3959 2009

Construction of buildings in bush-fire prone areas

AS 4145.2 2008

Mechanical locksets for doors and windows in buildings.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

#### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions Execution: prepare for installation of window frames. Isolate aluminium from steel wall frames and any dissimilar metals.

Provide necessary anchors for building into masonry openings. Ensure wall sarking is undamaged and tape sealed to window frames following installation. Ensure frame anchors are already built in. Install glass to manufacturer's instructions with correct sealant and weather seals. Weather seal frames/reveals. Install flyscreens fixed, hinged, or removable, where directed. Install window winders catches locks etc.

#### 13. PLASTERBOARD

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Supply and install plasterboard, fire-rated plasterboard, impact resistant plasterboard, acoustic plasterboard, water-resistant plasterboard, flexible plasterboard, lining of masonry walls, ceilings, dropwalls, bulkheads. Fire-rated wall systems.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

Refer to Finishes Schedule and contract drawings for product requirements and locations.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: wall, frames, carpentry, masonry, suspended ceiling, electrical.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS/NZS 2589 2007 Gypsum linings in light residential and.... – Application and finishing.

AS 3740 2010 Waterproofing of domestic wet areas.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

Comply with manufacturer's technical bulletins:

#### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Execution: ensure framing is complete and electrical and other wiring is in place.

Install a sample, width of one wall (about 3 metres). Stop. When approved by architect, continue. Comply with plasterboard manufacturer's current written instructions. Form dropwalls, recesses, manholes as required.

In wet areas ensure compliance with AS 3740. Install cornices.

### 14. CERAMIC TILE

**SCOPE OF WORK** Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Prepare surfaces to be tiled. Supply and install bedding as required.

Install compliant Waterproof Membrane to wet area walls and floor and adjacent to plumbing fixtures as required Table 3.8.1.1 of NCC (the Building Code).

Wall tile, floor tiles, external paving tiles. Cleaning of finished work.

Refer to Finishes Schedule for material details and locations.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

#### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: concrete, carpentry, plasterboard.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS 2358 1990 Adhesives - For fixing ceramic tiles.

AS/NZS 3661.2 1994Slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces - Guide to the reduction of slip hazards.

AS 3740 2010 Waterproofing of domestic wet areas.

AS 3958.1 2007 Ceramic tiles - Guide to the installation of ceramic tiles.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

Comply with material manufacturer's current written instructions.

Screed for walls and floors: 1 part cement 4 parts sand. Adhesives: to be supplied by: ABA, Laticrete. Expansion joints, walls: 5mm. Floors: 8mm. Fill both with matching colour silicone rubber. Grout for wall: Epoxy based mildew resistant. Grout for floors: prepared grout acid resistant. Over floor screed apply waterproof membrane (ABA or similar).

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Execution: ensure surfaces are clean and dry and no variation on walls greater than 5mm under a 2000 long

Apply waterproofing membrane to floor and walls in compliance with the NCC requirements. Arrange

inspection.

Tile a sample panel of each type, 3 square metres. Stop.

When approved by architect, continue. Install floor backing boards as required for floor tile on timber. Form expansion joints no more than 2500mm apart. Comply with adhesive manufacturer's instructions. Install wall tiles with expansions joints not more than 2500mm apart and at floor level and at corners of walls, and at change of background material. Alternatively, apply cement render to masonry wall to smooth even surface for wall tiling. Install grout of selected colour to manufacturer's instructions. Clean each surface on completion. Form junctions of different materials (eg. tiles to carpet) so that they occur under the centre line of doors.

### 15. FLOORING

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Supply and install vinyl, linoleum, cork or other sheet, laminated or floating floor or tile materials and skirtings. Refer to Finishes Schedule for material details and locations. Install compliant Waterproof Membrane to wet area walls and floor and adjacent to plumbing fixtures as

required Table 3.8.1.1 of the Building Code. Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: concrete, carpentry, floor and wall construction. Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards; Floor coverings – Resilient sheet and tiles – Installation practice. AS/NZS 3661.2 1994Slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces – Guide to the reduction of slip hazards. Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code)

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Execution: Prepare concrete floor; fill cracks with a self-levelling type compound eg. Ardit. Remove lumps. Produce dead flat and level surface. Test for moisture content, which is required to be 5.5% or less. Refer to AS 1884 Appendix A.

Install a sample of 3 square metres. Stop. When approved by architect, continue.

Apply waterproofing membrane to floor and walls in compliance with the NCC requirements. Arrange

Prepare Timber Floor: Ensure moisture content is stabilised. Rough sand the floor to achieve level and flat plane. Install underlay to manufacturer's recommendations. Apply waterproofing membrane to floor and walls in compliance with the NCC requirements. Arrange inspection.

Install a sample of 3 square metres. Stop. When approved by architect, continue to approved standard. Install to manufacturer's instructions. Weld joints in sheet vinyl. Clean thoroughly, allow to dry. Cover completed floors until completion of project.

Form junctions of different materials (eg. tiles to carpet) so that they occur under the centre line of doors. Install trims as selected and/or scheduled in Finishes Schedule.

### 16. CABINETRY

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to:

Supply and installation of cabinetry items, including but not limited to:

Kitchen cabinets and cupboards, shelving, display units, bathroom cabinets, laundry cabinets, counters, wardrobes.

Refer to Finishes Schedule for material and colour selections.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

### **GENERAL**

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: carpentry, wall finishes, floor finishes, ceiling finishes, water distribution, sanitary plumbing, electrical installation.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS/NZS 1859.1 2004Reconstituted wood-based panels - Specifications - Particleboard.

AS 2754.2 1991 Adhesives for timber and timber products – Polymer emulsion adhesives.

AS/NZS 2924 1998 High pressure decorative laminates - Sheets made from thermosetting resins.

AS/NZS 4386 1996 Domestic kitchen assemblies.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Execution: construct by screwing and gluing or other approved method. A dry stapled assembly will not be approved. Fabricate bench tops as recommended by the materials' manufacturer. Locate openings accurately using templates or roughing-in diagrams for proper size and shape. Where located in bench tops, seal edges of cut-outs with a water resistant coating. Back prime concealed solid timber surfaces prior to installation. Install fasteners hinges etc. in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

Use concealed shims as required to install the work plumb, level, straight and distortion free within the following tolerances: 1mm in 800mm for plumb and level (including bench tops), 0.5mm maximum offsets in flush adjoining surfaces, 2mm maximum offsets in revealed adjoining surfaces. Scribe and cut to fit adjoining work: refinish cut surfaces or repair damaged finishes at cuts. Secure joinery with anchors to substrates, or secure to grounds, stripping and blocking with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing. Install casework without distortion so that doors will fit openings properly and be accurately aligned. Install door and joinery hardware as scheduled.

Adjust joinery to achieve a uniform appearance. Lubricate and clean hardware making final adjustments needed for proper operation. Remove handling marks from visible joinery surfaces.

### 17. PAINTING

**SCOPE OF WORK** Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Supply and apply paints and other finish coatings. Refer Schedule of Finishes.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: each trade as listed to be painted. Refer Painting Schedule.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS/NZS 2311 2009 Guide to the painting of buildings.

AS/NZS 2312 2002 Guide to the protection of structural steel against atmospheric corrosion by the use of protective coatings.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

Delivery storage and handling:

- A. Bring materials to the building and store in manufacturer's original sealed containers, bearing the manufacturer's standard label, indicating type and colour. Deliver materials in sufficient quantities in order that work will not be delayed.
- B. Store materials in designated spaces in a manner which meets the requirements of applicable codes and fire regulations. Provide each space with a fire extinguisher of carbon dioxide or dry chemical type bearing a tag of recent inspection.

Ensure contractor leaves adequate left over paint (min 0.5 litre of each colour or type in air tight & labelled container) for touching up and maintenance.

### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Execution:

Prepare each surface to be painted in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

Prepare a sample panel of 2 square metres of each paint type. Stop. When approved by architect, continue. Architect will check each prepared surface. Do not proceed with painting until check completed. Apply scheduled coats and paint types to manufacturer's instructions, and AS/NZS 2311.

### 18. FLOOR HEATING

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to:

Preparation of floor surface and installation of electric floor heating.

Buried in concrete.

Between carpet and underlay.

Below ceramic tile, terracotta or stone,

On granolithic.

Carpeting with adhesive.

Vinyl or stickdown timber

Floating flooring.

Complete installation with electric controls and outlets.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: floor construction, concrete, timber etc., screeds, wet area membrane, granolithic floor surfacing trades, electrical, carpet.

Comply throughout with the requirements of statutory authority having jurisdiction.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS/NZS 3000 2007 Electrical installations (Australian/New Zealand Wiring Rules).

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (formerly the Building Code).

Installers: suppliers will provide names of franchise holders trained in the technology. Engage only franchise holders.

### MATERIALS TO BE USED

Supply only products which bear the required indication of approval of the statutory authority having jurisdiction.

ltem	Description	Manufacturer

### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Execution: comply throughout with the written instructions issued by the supplier and/or manufacturer. Install equipment strictly in accordance with the current manufacturers' written instructions. Provide monitoring to check on fully satisfactory installation.

### 19. ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION

**SCOPE OF WORK** Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: See Electrical Schedule.

Design, supply and installation of electrical transmission and reticulation materials from mains supply to required electrical power and light outlets, telephone, internal communication system, smoke alarms, fans and television antenna.

Meter box located as shown on drawings.

The maximum total wattage for Class 1 building is not to be exceeded.

Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: floor construction, wall construction, ceiling construction, carpentry, joinery. Licensed electrical technicians only may perform work, experienced in the requirements of the project. Licences are those issued by the state authority having direct control or interest in the work. Perform the entire installation in accordance with the requirements of the statutory authority having lurisdiction.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS 1680 Interior lighting.

AS/NZS 2293 Emergency escape lighting and exit signs for buildings.

AS/NZS 3012 2010 Electrical installations – Construction and demolition sites.

AS 3786 1993 Smoke alarms.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (BCA).

### **ON-SITE ACTIONS**

The following preparatory actions are to be performed by the contractor for the electrician:

A. Slab penetrations for floor-mounted GPO's, telephone outlets etc.

B. Chasing and making good for conduit access for skirting

Chasing and wiring duct, GPO's switches etc.

D. Supply and installation for access opening(s) where required.

Inspection: visit site and inspect conditions, comparing to drawings before delivery of materials to site. Report any situations requiring preparatory work to the architect. Start of work means total acceptance of conditions. Execution: provide necessary safety or security controls where required to ensure safe practices and installations.

Comply with Standards throughout and requirements of supply authority. Install light fittings, switchboard and distribution board, metre board and box. Arrange for inspection by supply authority inspector. Obtain compliance certificate. Connect to main supply.

### 20. FENCES & GATES

SCOPE OF WORK Perform work described here and shown on drawings including but not limited to: Supply and installation of boundary, site and swimming pool fences and gates all of timber or metal. Complete all contract works in accordance with instructions. Execute written variation orders for changes to existing documentation or new work.

### GENERAL

Co-operation: to resolve possible problems before starting work, co-operate and co-ordinate with other trades, in particular: Carpentry, metalwork, concrete, painting.

Standards: comply with the applicable clauses of current editions of these building Standards:

AS 1725.1 2010 Chain-link fabric fencing - Security fencing and gates - General requirements.

AS 1926 Swimming pool safety.

1926.1 2012 Safety barriers for swimming pools.

1926.2 2007 Location of safety barriers for swimming pools.

AS 2820 1993 Gate units for private swimming pools.

Comply throughout with the current edition of the NCC - National Construction Code (BCA).



### Peninsula Consulting Engineers

39 McKillop Rd Beacon Hill NSW 2100

PO Box 841 Brookvale NSW 2100

M 0424 253 818 F (02) 9982 4722

E bruce@peningulaconsulting.com.au

ABN 60 403 590 509

# 13-1103

10 December 2013

Richard & Karla Heggie 22 Dendrobium Crescent, ELANORA HEIGHTS, NSW, 2101

# CERTIFICATE OF EXISTING STRUCTURAL ADEQUACY At: 22 Dendrobium Crescent, Elanora Heights

Bruce Lewis of Peninsula Consulting Engineers carried out a site inspection at the above residential premises in November 2013. The purpose of the visit was to inspect and comment on the capacity of the existing structure to support the proposed additions and alterations as per approved Architectural plans. The plans generally detail a ground floor addition to be located adjacent to the existing structure.

The assessment consisted of a walk over style inspection of the building. The existing residence is a brick veneer, concrete floored structure with a conventionally framed raked ceiling roof.

In summary, the dwelling is considered sound and provides an adequate structure for the proposed works, provided that engineering plans are complied with and that all structural works are certified during construction. All demolition shall conform to Work Cover requirements and the relevant Australian Standards. All construction works shall conform to the relevant Australian Standards. The structure and footings shall be maintained and repaired as required for a building of its age.

However, some minor brickwork cracking may occur as the building adjusts to the new load distribution. This is not expected to adversely affect the buildings overall structural integrity.

Note: This certification does not cover any defects to the structure that were not accessible at the time of inspection. If in the event that defects are uncovered during construction or become apparent after construction is complete, then the engineer should inspect the areas of concern and prepare a specification for remedial works. (These works will be carried out at hourly rates.)

We trust that this certificate meets with your requirements. Please contact the author if further clarification is required.

Yours Faithfully,

Bruce Lewis

Principal BE(Civil) Cpeng NPER

Peninsula Consulting Engineers

CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS
APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE
PLAN / DOCUMENTATION

Z:\ENG\2013\13-1103\13-1103-L001-cert of adeq.docx







23 January 2014 Our Ref: DMS:avw 20212

General Manager Pittwater Council PO Box 882 MONA VALE NSW 1660

Dear Sir

Re: Stormwater Drainage Details - 22 Dendrobium Crescent, Elanora Heights

With reference to the development application for the above property, please find enclosed four copies of the site Stormwater Management Plan, drawing No. 20212-1/A your perusal. A computer disc containing the ILSAX data files used for the design of the detention system has been attached for your perusal

The plan shows the majority of the roof area of the site draining to a stormwater detention tank located beneath the proposed verandah at the eastern end of the dwelling. Outflows from the detention tank are directed to the existing watercourse at the rear of the site.

This is to certify that the Stormwater Management Plan layout as shown on Plan No. 20212-1/A by Taylor Consulting Civil & Structural Engineers has been designed in accordance with section 3.1.2, 'Drainage', of the Building Code of Australia Housing Provision, AS/NZS 3500.3.2 - Stormwater Drainage and Pittwater Council's D.C.P. 21.

Should you require any further information please contact the undersigned.

Yours faithfully TAYLOR CONSULTING

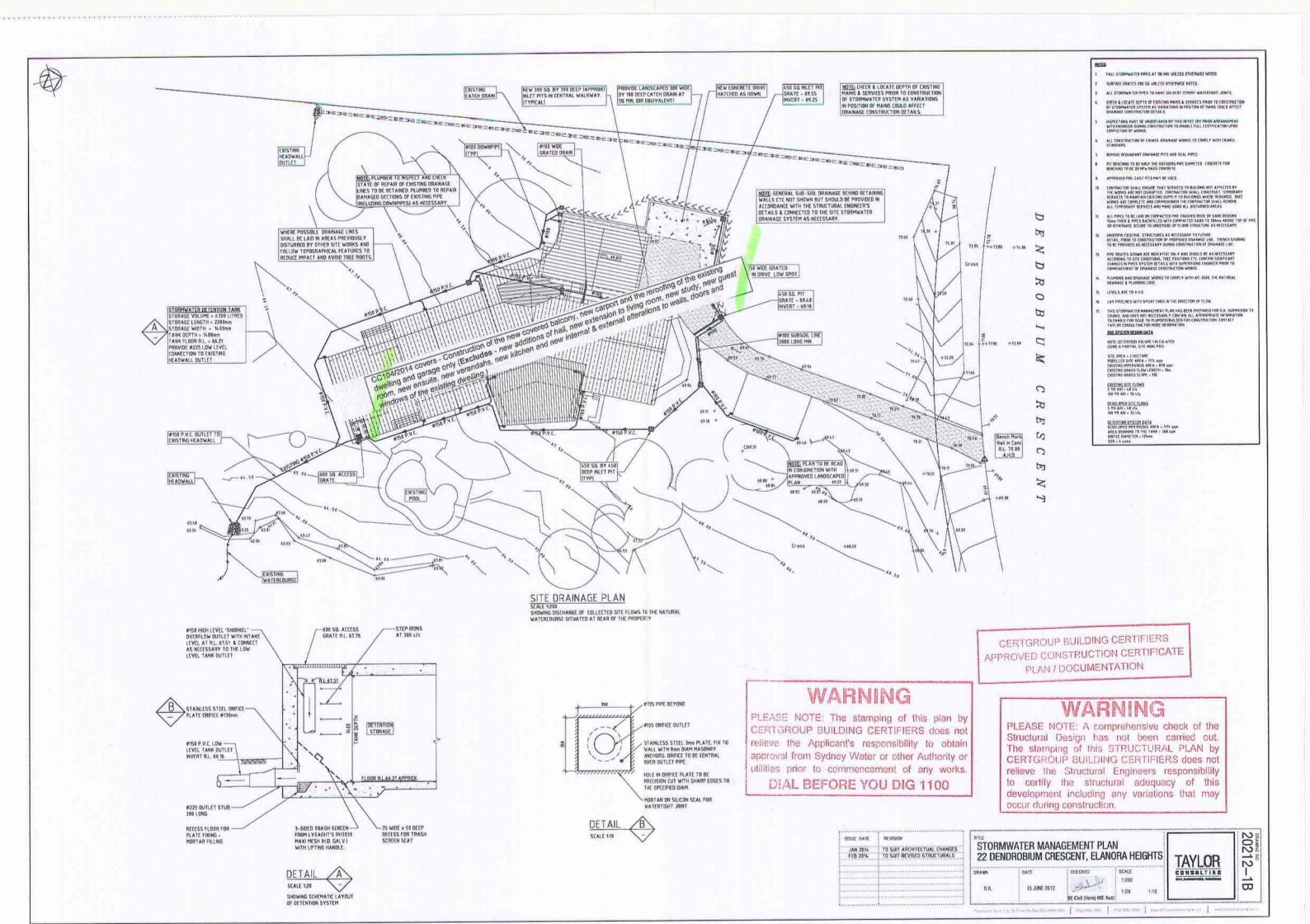
D M SCHAEFER - Director BE (Civil) MIEAust

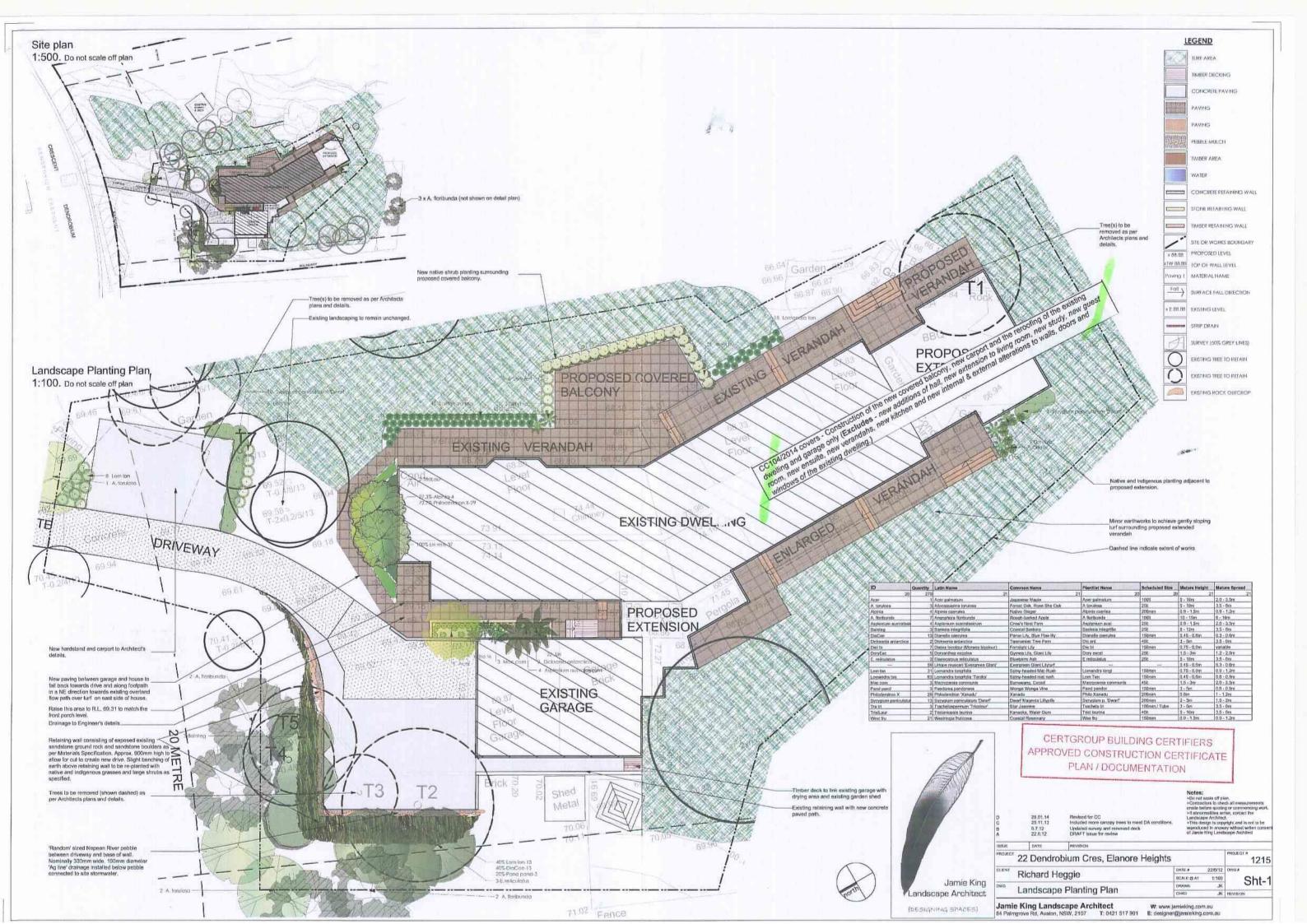
CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE PLAN / DOCUMENTATION

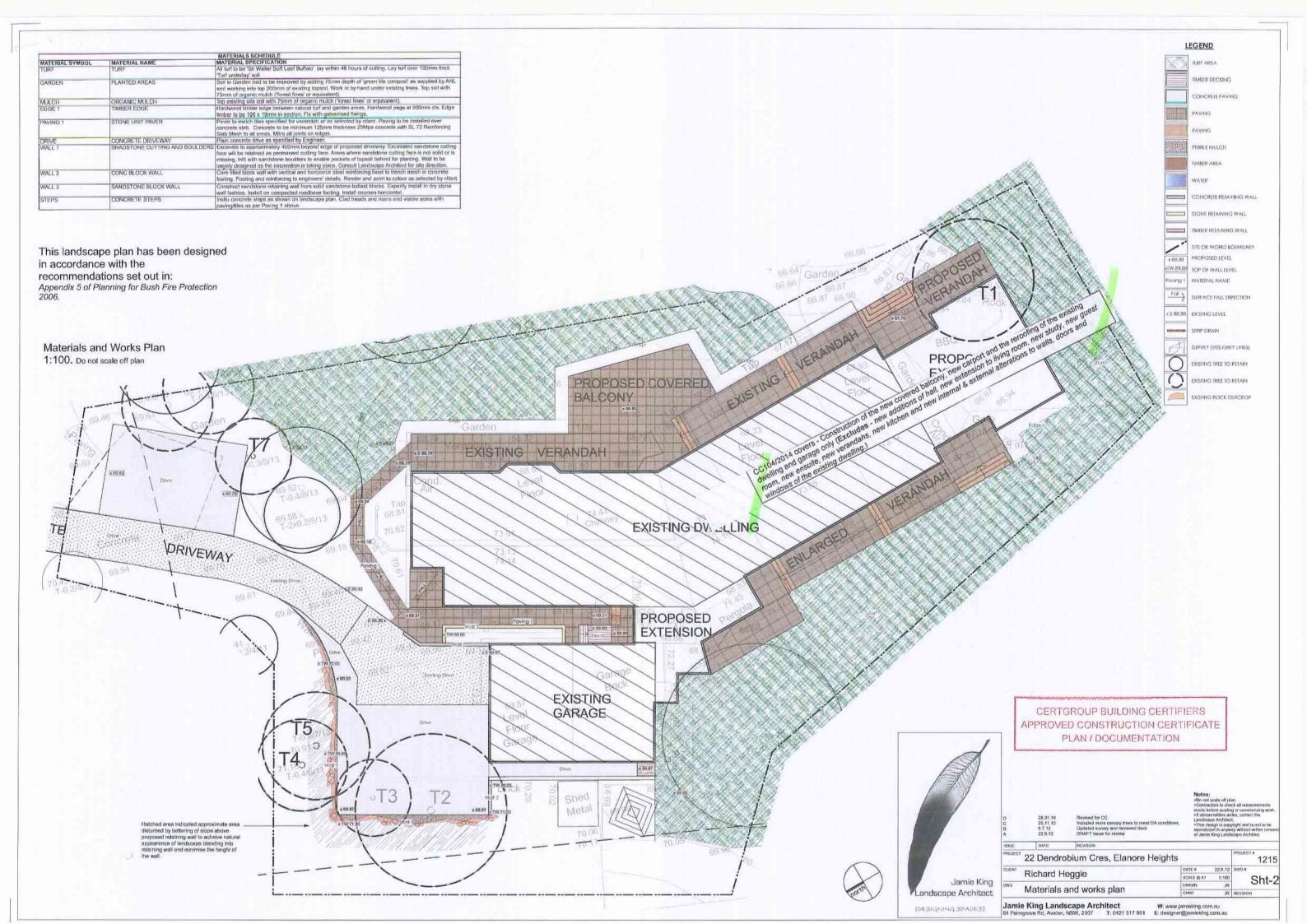
C12/20212 Stormwater Management











### peterdownes multi-award winner designs



CC104/2014 covers - Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.)

22 Dendrobium Cr. Elanora Hts, NSW, 2102 Erosion & Sedimentation Control Plan

### 1. Erosion & Sedimentation CONTROL Plan

Prepared for a proposed new dwelling ref Development Application No N0143/13

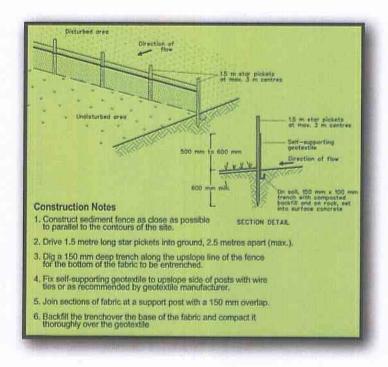
### Builder should ensure that:

- All excavations and backfilling associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be executed safely and in accordance with appropriate professional standards.
- 2. All excavations associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be properly guarded and protected to prevent them from being dangerous to life or property.
- 3. Where excavations extend below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, the person causing the excavation must preserve and protect the building from damage and, if necessary, underpin and support the adjoining building in an approved manner.
- 4. Temporary sedimentation and erosion controls are to be constructed prior to commencement of any work to eliminate the discharge of sediment from the site.
- Adequate measures shall be undertaken to remove clay from vehicles leaving the site so as to maintain public roads in a clean condition.

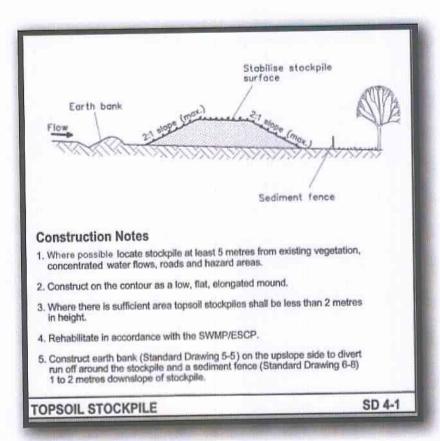
### 1. THE PLAN

The Builder where practicable will:-

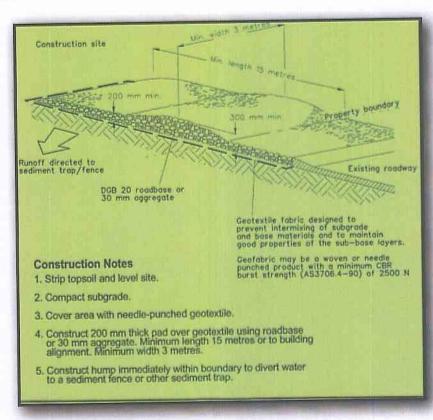
- Instal sediment fences at appropriate location in order to trap erosion which is mobilising off site.
   (see Site Plan for Sediment Fence locations)
- Install sediment fences below site as shown on below.



### STOCKPILES

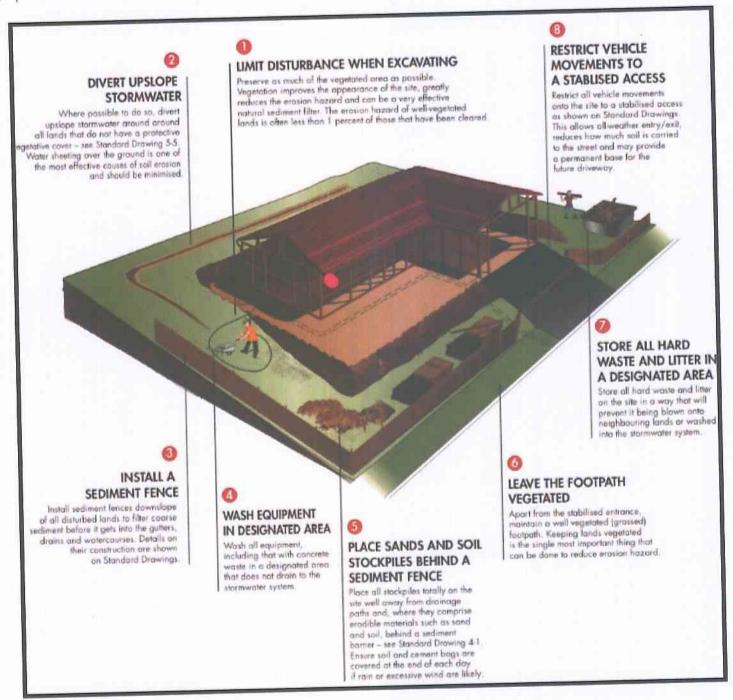


Stockpile topsoil onsite within the sedimentation barrier.



### SITE PLANNING

- Limit entry/exit to one point.
- Create a vehicle wash down area on the existing driveway, within the sedimentation barrier for the purposes of washing down all vehicles before they leave the site in order to minimise soil being deposited on the road.

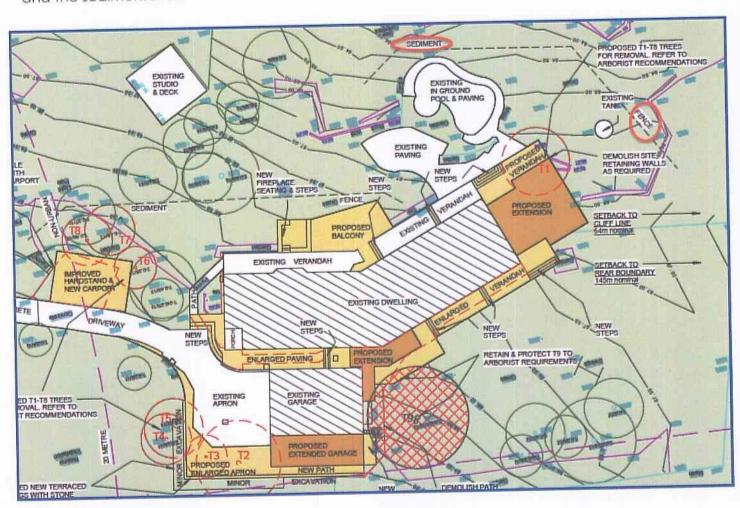


- Excavate house site, stockpiling within the sedimentation barrier.
- Store all building materials within the sedimentation barrier envelope.
- Connect guttering to storm water immediately roof is finished.
- Re-spread topsoil and re-vegetate all bare areas.
- Check controls after rain and maintain in working order.
- Immediately contact Council personnel should any problems occur.

### 2. THE SITE PLAN

The Site plan attached provides detail & guidance for the builder how to implement this Erosion &Sediment Control Plan, namely:

- The locality, Existing drainage
- The contours (initial and final)
- Existing vegetation, buildings, retaining walls, driveways
- Proposed Erosion & Sediment control, namely an approved sedimentation fence
- Limit of clearing, grading and filling
- Land slope gradients
- Location of topsoil stockpiles to be decided by the Builder on site but to be located within the sedimentation barrier.
- Catchment area boundaries to be decided Builder and to be located with property boundaries and the sedimentation barrier



### CERTIFICATION

This Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) was prepared for the applicant by Rhett J Drew, BSc (Geology, Honours) QMC, LONDON University

Signed Rear Brew.

date.....14 Oct 2013

The design of appropriate measures outlined has been done after consulting Urban Erosion And Sediment Control Field Guide produced by NSW Department of Land and Water Conservation

### **DAVIES GEOTECHNICAL**

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

9 July 2012

CC104/2014 covers - Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.)

Mr & Mrs R & K Heggie 22 Dendrobium Crescent ELANORA HEIGHTS NSW 2101

CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS
APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE
PLAN / DOCUMENTATION

Dear Richard & Karla,

re:

GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT
PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL ADDITIONS AND ALTERATIONS
NO.22 DENDROBIUM CRESCENT ELANORA HEIGHTS NSW

In response to your request, Davies Geotechnical Pty Ltd has undertaken a geotechnical assessment of the above site for a DA stage submission to Pittwater Council in regard to proposed additions and alterations to the existing development.

The following report addresses requirements of the Pittwater Council's Geotechnical Risk Management Policy. Recommendations are provided on geotechnical issues for guidance of the engineering design and construction.

The assessment was undertaken in accordance with the agreed scope of work advised by email, involving the following activities:-

- verification of slope instability hazard mapping for the site;
- site inspection by our Senior Geotechnical Engineer on 28 June 2012;
- review of information provided, as referenced herein and assessment of geotechnical issues;
- reference to published geology and soils mapping and information in our files; and
- preparation of this report based on the information provided.

### Background

As the site lies within an area mapped as having risks associated with slope instability, Pittwater Council require a geotechnical assessment of the potential impact of slope instability risk for the proposed development.

Our assessment has determined that the proposed development is "separate from and is not affected by a Geotechnical Hazard" (6.2 of the PWC Policy). Accordingly, it is determined that a detailed Geotechnical Report is not required. The justification and opinions on which this conclusion is based are discussed in the following report and is certified on Form 1. Consequently, the following report does not constitute a complete landslide risk assessment under current AGS 2007 .guidelines

### Method of Assessment

A walk-over viewing of the upper elevations of the property and neighbouring land was undertaken by a Senior Geotechnical Engineer from Davies Geotechnical on 28 June 2012.

The geotechnical assessment and recommendations for the proposed additions and alterations are based on our observations of the existing development and the features of the surrounding land.

Subsurface exploration is not considered necessary for the DA stage of the development, and has not been undertaken as part of this study.

No.22 Dendrobium Cr Elanora Heights, NSW

### Site Description

The site comprises an approximately rectangular parcel of land some 80 m wide by 240 m long on the southern side of Dendrobium Crescent. The northern half of the land is developed with a residence. From the mid area of the site to the southern boundary the land is undeveloped and comprises native bushland. Access to the site is via a concrete driveway off Dendrobium Crescent.

The existing residence sits within an expanse of mown lawn. A small studio is present separate from the residence and an in-ground swimming pool is located next to the southeasten corner of the residence.

A metre deep earth drain is present along the western side of the property. The drain extends over most of the developed portion of the site.

Our site visit included limited viewing of the bushland immediately to the south of the lawn. This area comprises the uppermost portion of a south-facing hillside that extends down to the local drainage corridor, Deep Creek. Mr Heggie has advised us that the southern boundary of No.22 coincides approximately with the creek feature. His further advice is that the steep gully side on the southern end of the property is virtually inaccessible, noting that both he and the previous owners (of 15 years) had not walked into this area. He is not aware of any walking tracks accessed by the public on No.22.

The site survey plan provided shows that the developed portion of the site falls in a south-easterly direction from RL75m to about RL64m, an overall grade of approximately 6°.

The observed geotechnical condition of the site is of shallow sandy soils overlying sandstone bedrock. The site is within the mapped Hawkesbury Sandstone (reference 2). Outcrops of sandstone are present across the site in the vicinity of the driveway, downslope from the swimming pool and along the crest of the gully. The crest of the gully contained extensive areas of exposed sandstone.

Our site visit was after a period of steady rainfall. Areas of the lawn were sodden and seepage water was flowing over the sandstone outcrop near the swimming pool. A paved area next to the front door of the residence had ponded water on it.

The site features are illustrated in the photographs taken at the time of our site visit, presented as Plates1 – 6 below.



Plate 1 - (0942) top of gully.



Plate 2 - (0946) rear lawn looking towards drainage swale



Plate 3 – (0950) sst outcropping downhill from swimming pool - seepage over rock



Plate 4 - (0952) rear of residence.



Plate 5 - (0953) driveway apron.



Plate 6 - (0955) wet pavement adjacent front of residence.

The existing development and site features are shown on the survey plan prepared by Richards & Loftus, as referenced above.

### **Proposed Additions**

We were supplied with architectural drawings, a stormwater management plan and a site survey plan as listed below.

Dwg. No.	Sheet	Date
Homes by Desig	gn, for Peter Down	es Designs
1103	00 through to 09	4 July 2012
Richards & Loft	us Surveying Serv	vices, Issue A dated 2 July 2012
Ref.1171 Sheet 1 of 1	Issue A	2 July 2012
Taylor Consulti	ng – Stormwater M	lanagement Plan
20212-1		15 June 2012

The drawings illustrate the proposed alterations to comprise:

- · replacement of a vehicular hardstand with a new car port,
- modifications to the driveway apron,
- extension of the existing garage,

- excavation to 1m maximum depth to form the new driveway and garage extension with retaining wall support of the cut,
- two areas of proposed extension to the existing residence,
- various external landscaping and veranda additions.

Floors for the additions are nominated as concrete slabs and are located either at ground level or are shown to be supported on fill to engineers details.

### Slope Instability Risk Issues

The following summary is provided from a review of the hazard mapping covering this site. Extracts from the GHD mapping (reference 3) are provided in the attached Figure 2.

- the development on No.22 is wholly within the H3 hazard zone (no report required under the current PWC Policy), and
- there is no influence upon the existing development or proposed works from the H1-S (slope) and H1-R (cliffline/rockfall) zones further south down the block. The H1-R zone has a run-out influence zone below the escarpment/rock ledge, but that area is not developed and not accessed by the occupiers of the property or other persons (eg, hikers or the general public).

Accordingly, assessment of risk to persons in the rear half of the property is not warranted, and a limited geotechnical report as presented herein is appropriate in accordance with 6.2 of the PWC Policy (see extracts in Attachment A).

Sections 5.2, 3.2(b)(iv), and 6.7 of the Policy are relevant to the proposed excavation. Details as required can be determined for the Construction Certificate stage.

The following features of the slope and the development on No.22 were recorded from observations at the time of our site visit, relevant to geotechnical of the site:-

- there were no signs indicative of large-scale natural slope movements or recent instability affecting the developed area of the property (ie, the subject area of the proposed development);
- the physical developments on No.22 (as far as can be seen from casual observation) are in good order and do not indicate evidence of having been affected by slope movements;
- there is no influence in terms of slope instability risk for the development area from the steeper slope area at the rear of the property.

Pittwater Council's Hazard Map (refer Figure 2) identifies the gently graded front half of the property to be Geotechnical Hazard Zone H3, whilst the steeper rear half of the land is mapped as Geotechnical Hazard Zone H1 (for slope instability and rock fall hazards).

We note that there is no development on the steep hillside of No.22 that could be affected by any instability or rockfall from this area. The virtually inaccessible condition of the bushland and absence of any known walking track, as advised by Mr Heggie, indicates that risk to human life from a rockfall event is not a significant consideration.

We did not observe features within the developed area of the property that would indicate largescale slope movements or instability have occurred (last 100 years or so, or at least since development of the area).

In our opinion, there are no requirements for any special measures to be incorporated in the proposed additions in regard to slope instability risk, other than good practice for construction relating to footings, excavations and drainage for the proposed development, as discussed further below.

### Recommendations

For No.22, the following recommendations are provide, to be incorporated in the works, to reflect normal requirements and expectations of the design for the site slope conditions.

- Footings for the various structural elements of the alterations should be formed on the underlying bedrock. Pad or strip type footings would be suitable. We recommend that the footings be proportioned for a serviceability bearing pressure of 800kPa.
- The footing excavations should be viewed by an experienced geotechnical engineer to confirm that they are formed on sandstone bedrock.
- 3. Bulk excavation is required for the driveway modification and the garage extension. As noted above, the excavation is limited to about 1m depth. We anticipate sandy soil overburden above sandstone bedrock will be encountered in the bulk excavation. For the depth of excavation involved, no special requirements are nominated for temporary batters. The excavation is to be supported/faced with a retaining wall, subject to engineering details (to be prepared for construction).
- 4. The distance from the proposed bulk excavation to adjoining development is estimated to be 30m. Consequently, there is minimal likelihood that vibrations from rock excavation would exceed a threshold value of 10mm/sec, providing care is taken by the excavation contractor in the selection and operation of rock hammer equipment or other rock excavation methods. Notwithstanding, we recommend a small size of rock hammer (eg, equivalent to a Krupp 350kg) should be used to limit further the potential for generation of ground vibrations.
- 5. Any fill material to be used under floor slabs should comprise sandy soils free of organic or other deleterious inclusions. Local sandy soils (excluding topsoils) won from onsite excavations are likely to provide suitable fill. Such fill may be placed in areas to be covered by floor slabs without requiring engineered compaction provided that the slabs are designed as suspended structural elements. All drainage pipes under slabs, such as for the guest's bathroom should be isolated from the fill so as not to be affected by any settlement with the fill.
- Sites developed on shallow soils underlain by bedrock, such as at this site, typically present drainage problems. Effective surface water catchment systems, as detailed on the Stormwater Management Plan, are necessary to divert surface runoff, and should be installed.
- 7. At locations where the floor slabs are close to the level of the outside ground surface, additional subsurface drains are expected to be required, to intercept ground water flowing over the bedrock surface. In this regard, we recommend inclusion of a subsurface drain (indicated on Figure 1) to be located around the uphill side of the new garage, or elsewhere as appropriate for the building design. The depth of the subsurface drain could be determined from test pits dug in this location at the time of construction.
- 8. Stormwater and site drainage disposal are to be in accordance with the Stormwater Management Plan prepared by Taylor Consulting as referenced above.

### Summary / Limitations

The recommendations discussed in the above report are provided on the basis of the limited geotechnical assessment carried out. In accordance with the provisions of the Pittwater Council Geotechnical Risk Management Policy, it is determined that a detailed Geotechnical Report addressing slope instability risk is not required.

The assessment confirms that, from the geotechnical viewpoint, the proposed development on No.22, as detailed on the drawings referenced above, can be undertaken.

No.22 Dendrobium Cr Elanora Heights, NSW

The excavation issues and requirements discussed in the re[prt are to be verified by the engineering design prior to commencement of the construction, ie as part of the Construction Certificate process in accordance with the Council's requirements.

With regard to Pittwater Council's requirements in respect of the slope instability risk zoning for this site, it is our opinion that the proposed development would not alter the currently assessed risk of slope instability for the present slope conditions. This is contingent on the recommendations of this report being implemented in the design, and followed during construction.

If, during construction, any conditions are encountered that vary significantly from those described, inferred or assumed in the above report, it is a condition of the report that we be advised so that those conditions, and the conclusions discussed in the report, can be reviewed and alternative recommendations assessed, if appropriate.

Attachment B (Limitations of This Report) is provided for further understanding of the context of the investigation undertaken, and the limits of the recommendations provided in the report.

The assessment reported above is based on a geotechnical inspection and slope mapping of the site and immediately adjoining slope areas. Whilst general slope stability issues have been considered in regard to the proposed development, this report does not constitute a slope instability risk appraisal under current AGS 2007 Guidelines.

We trust the above report is adequate for your needs at this time. We will be pleased to assist with any further advice or geotechnical services required in regard to the proposed development. Please contact us if you require further information.

Yours faithfully

DAVIES GEOTECHNICAL Pty Ltd

Principal Geotechnical Engineer

Attachments:

Figure 1 - Site Plan, Geotechnical Features

Warwick N Davies MIEAust CPEng NPER (Civil)

Figure 2 - Geotechnical Hazard Mapping

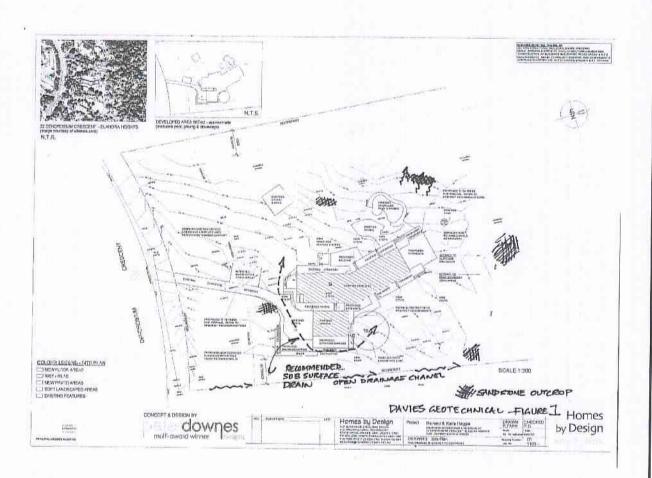
PWC Form 1

Attachment A - Extracts from PWC Geotechnical Risk Management Policy

Attachment B - Limitations of This Report

### REFERENCES

- Practice Note Guidelines for Landslide Risk Management 2007 [and Commentary], Australian Geomechanics, Vol.42, No.1, March 2007.
- 2. Geol. Sur. NSW, Dept Min Resources (1983). Geological Series Sheet 9130 (Sydney) 1:100,000.
- GHD Geotechnics Geotechnical Hazard Mapping of the Pittwater LGA, 2007. Pittwater Council's Risk Management Map P21CDP-BC-MDCP083.

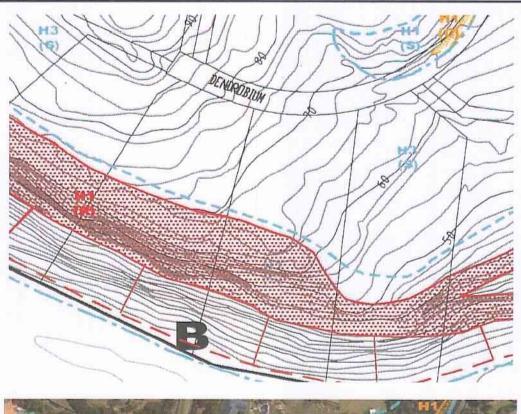


Geotechnical field assessment undertaken 28/6/12. Drawings supplied by client (refer to report). Survey by Richards & Loftus (refer to report). Refer to drawings for dimensions and scales.

### DAVIES GEOTECHNICAL

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Project No: 12-	030 <u>Scale</u> :	as shown	SITE PLAN – GEOTECHNICAL FEATURES	Figure
<u>Drawn</u> : wno	Date:	9 Jul 12	NO.22 DENDROBIUM CR ELANORA HEIGHTS NSW	1
			(Mr & Mrs R & K Heggie)	*





Geotechnical field assessment undertaken 28/6/12. Drawings supplied by client (refer to report). Refer to drawings for dimensions and scales.

### **DAVIES GEOTECHNICAL**

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Project No:12-030Scale:as shownDrawn:wndDate:9 Jul 12

GEOTECHNICAL HAZARD MAPPING NO.22 DENDROBIUM CR ELANORA HEIGHTS NSW (Mr & Mrs R & K Heggie) Figure 2

### GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER FORM NO. 1 – To be submitted with Development Application

**Development Application for** 

Mr & Mrs R & K Heggie

Address of site

22 Dendrobium Crescent Elanora Heights NSW

Declaration made by geotechnical engineer or engineering geologist or coastal engineer (where applicable) as part of a geotechnical report

I, Warwick Davies on behalf of

Davies Geotechnical Pty Ltd

on this the 9th July 2012 certify that I am a geotechnical engineer or engineering geologist or coastal engineer as defined by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009 and I am authorised by the above organisation/company to issue this document and to certify that the organisation/company has a current professional indemnity policy of at least \$2million.

I have:

### Please mark appropriate box

- Prepared the detailed Geotechnical Report referenced below in accordance with the Australia Geomechanics Society's Landslide Risk Management Guidelines (AGS 2007) and the Geolechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009
- I am willing to technically verify that the detailed Geotechnical Report referenced below has been prepared in accordance with the Australian Geomechanics Society's Landslide Risk Management Guidelines (AGS 2007) and the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009
- Have examined the site and the proposed development in detail and have carried out a risk assessment in accordance with Section 6.0 of the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009. I confirm that the results of the risk assessment for the proposed development are in compliance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009 and further detailed geotechnical reporting is not required for the subject site.
- Have examined the site and the proposed development/alteration in detail and am of the opinion that the Development Application only involves Minor Development/Alterations that do not require a Detailed Geotechnical Risk Assessment and hence my report is in accordance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009 requirements for Minor evelopment/Alterations.
- Provided the coastal process and coastal forces analysis for inclusion in the Geotechnical Report

### Geotechnical Report Details:

Report Title:

Geotechnical Assessment, Proposed Residential Alterations and Additions

No.22 Dendrobium Crescent Elanora Heights NSW

Report Date:

Letter report, ref. 12-030.A dated 9 July 2012

Author:

Warwick Davies

Author's Company/Organisation: Davies Geotechnical Pty Ltd

### Documentation which relate to or are relied upon in report preparation:

Architectural details prepared by Homes By Design for Peter Downes Designs, ref. 1103, Sheets 00 to 09 dated 4 July 2012

Site survey by Richards & Loftus Surveying Services, Issue A dated 2 July 2012

Taylor Consulting – Stormwater Management Plan dated 15 June 2012

I am aware that the above Geotechnical Report, prepared for the above mentioned site is to be submitted in support of a Development Application for this site and will be relied on by Pittwater Council as the basis for ensuring that the Geotechnical Risk Management aspects of the proposed development have been adequately addressed to achieve an "Acceptable Risk Management" level for the life of the structure, taken as at least 100 years unless otherwise stated and justified in the Report and that reasonable practical measures have been identified to remove foreseeable risk.

Signature:

Moderica 9 July 2012

Name:

Warwick Davies

Chartered Professional Status : MIEAust CPEng NPER (Civil) Membership No:

385078

Company:

Davies Geotechnical Pty Ltd

[NOTE: Form 1A not relevant for this site and development, and is not provided]

### ATTACHMENT A

### EXTRACTS FROM THE PITTWATER COUNCIL GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

(reference 1)

6.2 Minor Development, Minor alternations and/or Development separate from a Geotechnical Hazard

For minor development, minor alteration and/or Development separate from and is not affected by a Geotechnical Hazard, the Geotechnical Engineer/Engineering Geologist may determine that a detailed Geotechnical Report is not required. This must be justified as a clear professional opinion with the supporting basis on which the opinion was formed and must be certified on Form 1.

At all times any decision regarding the degree of investigations and assessment required must be dictated by consideration of risk to Life and to Property and the recognition by the Geotechnical Engineer/Engineering Geologist that the Council will rely on the Geotechnical Report/Opinion as the basis for ensuring that the geotechnical risk management aspects of the site/proposal have been adequately addressed.

5.2 Construction Certificate Stage

A Geolechnical Report is required to be lodged with a Construction Certificate as follows:

 For all Excavation and Landfill activities for all development as described in Paragraph 3.2(b) Clause (iv).

3.2 Application of this Policy

This Policy is to be applied as follows:

- (a) to address both structural and geotechnical requirements relating to geotechnical issues only. Separate structural requirements will also apply for the erection of any structure in accordance with the Building Code of Australia (BCA), engineering standards and best engineering practice.
- (b) to each of the following criteria:
  - for development on land identified on Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan Map P21DCP-BC-MDCP087 as being areas subject to the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy.
  - (ii) for development on land identified on Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan Map P21DCP-BC-MDCP017 as being Bluff Management Areas and subject to the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy.
  - (iii) For development by Utility Companies and Public Authorities including Pittwater Council
    - The Policy is to apply to all works by Council or any Authority on public land where identified on the Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan Map (P21DCP – BC-MDCP087) and subject to Part 4 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act requiring the lodgement of a Development Application.

- (iv) for Excavation and Landfill activities for all development on land in the Pittwater LGA that includes:
  - excavations greater than 1 metre deep, the edge of which is closer to the site boundary or a structure to be retained on the site, than the overall depth of the excavation and/or
  - any excavation greater than 1.5 metres deep below the existing surface and/or
  - any excavation that has the potential to destabilize a tree capable of collapsing in a way that any part of the tree could fall onto adjoining structures (proposed or existing) or adjoining property and/or
  - any fill greater than 1.0 metre high and/or
  - any works that may be affected by geotechnical processes or which may affect geotechnical processes including but not limited to construction on sites with low bearing capacity soils.

### ATTACHMENT B

### LIMITATIONS OF THIS REPORT

Soil and rock formations are variable. Information presented as part of this report may indicate the approximate subsurface conditions only at the specific test locations. Boundaries between zones on logs or stratigraphic sections are often not distinct, but rather are transitional and have been interpreted.

The precision with which subsurface conditions are indicated depends largely on the frequency and method of sampling, and on the uniformity of subsurface conditions. The spacing of test sites also usually reflects budget and schedule constraints.

Groundwater conditions described in this report refer only to those observed at the place and under circumstances noted in the report. The conditions may vary seasonally or as a consequence of construction activities on the site or adjacent sites.

Where ground conditions encountered at the site differ significantly from those anticipated in the report, either due to natural variability of subsurface conditions or construction activities, it is a condition of this report that Davies Geotechnical Pty Ltd be notified of any variations and be provided with an opportunity to review the recommendations of this report. Recognition of changed soil and rock conditions requires experience and it is recommended that a suitably experienced geotechnical engineer be engaged to visit the site with sufficient frequency to detect if conditions have changed significantly.

The comments given in this report are intended only for the guidance of the design engineer, or for other purposes specifically noted in the report. The number of boreholes or test excavations necessary to determine all relevant underground conditions which may affect construction costs, techniques and equipment choice, scheduling, and sequence of operations would normally be greater than has been carried out for design purposes. Contractors should therefore rely on their own additional investigations, as well as their own interpretations of the borehole data in this report, as to how subsurface conditions may affect their work.



### GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER FORM NO. 2- PART A - To be submitted with detailed design for Construction Certificate

**Development Application for** 

### Mr & Mrs Heggie

Name of Applicant

Address of site

22 Dendrobium Crescent, Elanora Heights

PART A: Declaration made by Structural or Civil Engineer in relation to the incorporation of the Geotechnical Issues into the project design

Bruce Lewis on behalf of Peninsula Consulting Engineers

(trading or company name)

on this the 10 December 2013

certify that I am a Structural or Civil Engineer as defined by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009. I am authorised by the above organisation/company to issue this document and to certify that the organisation/company has a current professional indemnity policy of at least \$2million. I also certify that I have prepared the below listed structural documents in accordance with the recommendations given in the Geotechnical Report for the above development and that

### Please mark appropriate box

X the structural design meets the recommendations as set out in the Geotechnical Report or any revision thereto. the structural design has considered the requirements set out in the Geotechnical Report for Excavation and Landfill both for the excavation/construction phase and the final installation in accordance with Clause 3.2 (b)(iv) of the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy.

### Geotechnical Report Details:

Report Title: Geotechnical Assessment for 22 Dendrobium Crescent, Elanora Heights.

Project # 12-030.A Report Date: July 2012

Warwick Davies

Author's Company/Organisation: Davies Geotechnical P/L

13-1103-S01-S07 -Rev -

Structural Documents list:

I am also aware that Pittwater Council relies on the processes covered by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy, including this certification as the basis for ensuring that the geotechnical risk management aspects of the proposed development have been adequately addressed to achieve an "Acceptable Risk Management" level for the life of the structure taken as at least 100 years unless otherwise stated and justified.

Signature

Name

CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS Bruce Lewis APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE PLAN / DOCUMENTATION

Chartered Professional Status CPEng NPER......

Membership No. 879131.....

Company Peninsula Consulting Engineers .....

CC104/2014 covers - Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.)



## GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER FORM NO. 2 – PART B – To be submitted with detailed design for Construction Certificate

PART B Declaration made by Geotechnical Engineer or Engineering Geologist and/or Coastal Engineer (where applicable) in relation to the incorporation of the Geotechnical issues into the project design

i, <u>Warw</u>	ick Dayles on behalf of Dayle (Insert Name)	es Geotechnical Pty Ltd. (Trading or Company Name)
on this the	12 February 2014 (Date)	
to issue this least \$2mill	al Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 20 s document and to certify that the organisatio	ing Geologist and/or Coastal Engineer as defined by the 99 and I am authorised by the above organisation/company n/company has a current professional indemnity policy of at sign plans and structural design plans for the Construction
Please mar	k appropriate box	
☑ ti	he structural design meets the recommendathereto.	ions as set out in the Geotechnical Report or any revision
(6)	he structural design has considered the required Landfill beth for the excavation/construction of the Geotochnical Rick Manageme	irements set out in the Geetechnical Report for Excevation in phace and the final inetallation in accordance with Clauco int Policy.
Geotechr	nical Report Details:	
Report Title:	Geotechnical Assessment, Additions and A	Iterations, 22 Denrobium Crescent Elanora Heights NSW
Report Date	: 12-030.A dated 9 July 2012	
Author:	Warwick Davies	
	ntation which relates to or is relied	upon in report preparation: pineers, ref.13-1103, drawings S01 to S04, all Rev- dated
January 201	4.	dated
nciuaing this developmen	s certification as the basis for ensuring that t	Annual Carachine (Marian Carachine)
	Signature:	Millou will
	Name:	12 February 2014 Warwick Davies
	Chartered Professional Stat	
	Membership No.	385078
	Company:	Davies Geotechnical Pty Ltd

# **BASIX**°Certificate

Building Sustainability Index www.basix.nsw.gov.au

# Alterations and Additions

Certificate number: A141700

is available at www.basix.nsw.gov.au commitments set out below. Terms used in this certificate, or in the commitments, government's requirements for sustainability, if it is built in accordance with the Definitions" dated 29/9/2006 published by Department of Planning. This document have the meaning given by the document entitled "BASIX Alterations and Additions This certificate confirms that the proposed development will meet the NSW

Date of issue: Thursday, 05, July 2012 Director-General

To be valid, this certificate must be lodged within 3 months of the date of issue.

Planning & Infrastructure

CC104/2014 covers - Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandehs, new kitchen and new internal & external atterations to walls, doors and

windows of the existing dwelling.)

Description of project

Street address Dwelling type Project type Plan type and number Project name Project address addition Section number Lot number Local Government Area Type of alteration and 2101 0 Deposited Plan 263422 Pittwater Council HEGGIE-1131-ELANORA HEIGHTS and does not include a pool (and/or spa) My renovation work is valued at \$50,000 or more Separate dwelling house 28 22 DENDROBIUM Crescent ELANORA HEIGHTS

APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS PLAN / DOCUMENTATION

Certificate Prepared by (please complete before submitting to Council or PCA)

Name / Company Name: B.L.Roles & Associates

ABN (if applicable): 43 467 257 072

Fixtures and systems  DA Plans		₩ C 9	Certifier Check
	specs	S	
Lighting			
The applicant must ensure a minimum of 40% of new or altered light fixtures are fitted with fluorescent, compact fluorescent, or light-emitting-diode (LED) lamps.		<	<
Fixtures			
The applicant must ensure new or altered showerheads have a flow rate no greater than 9 litres per minute or a 3 star water rating.		<	<
The applicant must ensure new or altered toilets have a flow rate no greater than 4 litres per average flush or a minimum 3 star water rating.		<	<

raked ceiling, pitched/skillion roof: framed	internal wall shared with garage: plasterboard (R0.36)	external wall: framed (weatherboard, fibro, metal clad)	suspended floor with enclosed subfloor: concrete (R0.6).	concrete slab on ground floor.	Construction	The applicant must construct the new or altered construction (floor(s), walls, and ceilings/roofs) the table below, except that a) additional insulation is not required where the area of new const is not required for parts of altered construction where insulation already exists.	Insulation requirements	Construction
ceiling: R3.00 (up), roof: foil/sarking	nil	R1.30 (or R1.70 including construction)	R0.70 (down) (or R1.30 including construction)	2.	Additional insulation required (R-value)	construction (floor(s), walls, and ceilings/roof ion is not required where the area of new con where insulation already exists.		
dark (solar absorptance > 0.70)					Other specifications	The applicant must construct the new or altered construction (floor(s), walls, and ceilings/roofs) in accordance with the specifications that a additional insulation is not required where the area of new construction is less than 2m2, b) insulation specified is not required for parts of altered construction where insulation already exists.		
						<	1	Show on DA Plans
						d	<	Show on CC/CDC Plans & specs
	1						<	Certifier Check

Glazing requirements						Show on DA Plans	Show on CC/CDC Plans & specs	Certifier Check
Windows and glazed doors	oors							
The applicant must install Relevant overshadowing	the window specification	s, glazer	d doors and shoe satisfied for	The applicant must install the windows, glazed doors and shading devices, in accordance with t Relevant overshadowing specifications must be satisfied for each window and glazed door.	The applicant must install the windows, glazed doors and shading devices, in accordance with the specifications listed in the table below. Relevant overshadowing specifications must be satisfied for each window and glazed door.	<	<	<
The following requirement	s must also	be satis	fied in relation	The following requirements must also be satisfied in relation to each window and glazed door:			<	<
Each window or glazed do have a U-value and a Solomust be calculated in accordance.	oor with star ar Heat Gai ordance wit	ndard alu n Coeffic h Nation	ıminium or timb ient (SHGC) n al Fenestration	Each window or glazed door with standard aluminium or timber frames and single clear or toned have a U-value and a Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC) no greater than that listed in the table must be calculated in accordance with National Fenestration Rating Council (NFRC) conditions.	Each window or glazed door with standard aluminium or timber frames and single clear or toned glass may either match the description, or, have a U-value and a Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC) no greater than that listed in the table below. Total system U-values and SHGCs must be calculated in accordance with National Fenestration Rating Council (NFRC) conditions.		<	<
For projections described above the head of the win	in millimetr dow or glaz	es, the le	ading edge of and no more the	For projections described in millimetres, the leading edge of each eave, pergola, verandah, balco above the head of the window or glazed door and no more than 2400 mm above the sill.	cony or awning must be no more than 500 mm	<	<	<
Pergolas with polycarbona	ate roof or s	imilar tra	inslucent mate	Pergolas with polycarbonate roof or similar translucent material must have a shading coefficient of less than 0.35.	it of less than 0.35.		<	<
Pergolas with fixed batten shades a perpendicular w	s must hav indow. The	e battens spacing	s parallel to the between batte	Pergolas with fixed battens must have battens parallel to the window or glazed door above which shades a perpendicular window. The spacing between battens must not be more than 50 mm.	ch they are situated, unless the pergola also		<	<
Overshadowing buildings or vegetation must be of the heig specified in the 'overshadowing' column in the table below.	or vegetation	on must I	be of the heigh table below.	Overshadowing buildings or vegetation must be of the height and distance from the centre and th specified in the 'overshadowing' column in the table below.	the base of the window and glazed door, as	<	<	<
Windows and glazed doors glazing requirements	doors g	lazing	requiremen	ts				
Window Orientation / door no.	Area of glass inc. frame (m2)		Overshadowing Height Distance (m) (m)	Shading device	Frame and glass type			
W4 E	0.8	0	0	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)			
W5 E	3.7	0	0	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)			
W6 SE	0.8	0	0	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)			
W7 E	1.3	0	0	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)			

W25	WZ3	77M	L ZAA	0244	N N	W la	WIS	W 14	VALA	21 44	VV40	Wa Wa	VVIndow / door no.	
8	W		0	2 8		o v	2		E 0	, v	) П	п		
1.8	2.1	2.1	2 2	2 23	2.3	1.7	1.25	1.25	10.5	11.4	2.6	2.65	Area of glass inc. frame (m2)	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	Oversh Height (m)	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Overshadowing Height Distance (m) (m)	
eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=750 mm	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=750 mm	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=450 mm	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=450 mm	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=450 mm	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	Shading device						
standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)	Frame and glass type	
														Show on DA Plans
														Show on CC/CDC Plans & specs
														Certifier Check

Glazir	Glazing requirements						Show on DA Plans	Show on CC/CDC Plans & specs	Certifier Check
Window / door no.	w Orientation	Area of glass inc. frame (m2)	Oversh Height (m)	Overshadowing Height Distance (m) (m)	Shading device	Frame and glass type			
W27	m	1.7	ω	2.4	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=450 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)			
D2	×	3.8	0	0	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=750 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)			
D8	т	6.7	0	0	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)			
D9	m	9.6	0	0	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)			
D10	×	6.7	0	0	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)			
D11	W	3,15	0	0	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)			
D12	W	3.15	0	0	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC: 0.75)			
D14	W	6.7	0	0	eave/verandah/pergola/balcony >=900 mm	standard aluminium, single clear, (or U-value: 7.63, SHGC; 0.75)			

# Legend

In these commitments, "applicant" means the person carrying out the development.

development application is to be lodged for the proposed development). Commitments identified with a "

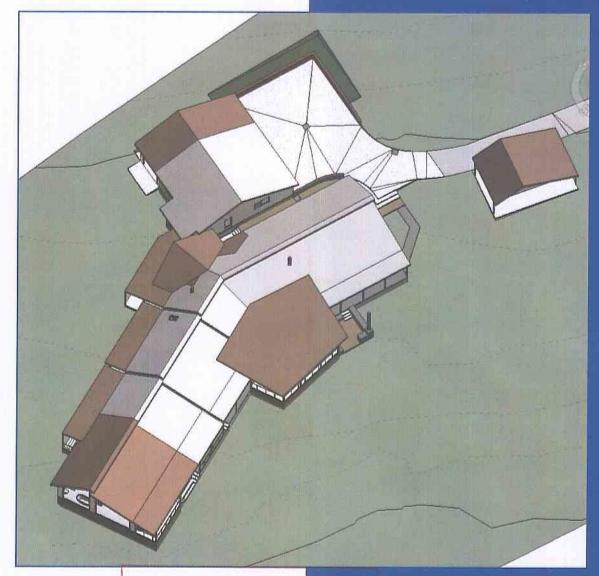
" in the "Show on DA plans" column must be shown on the plans accompanying the development application for the proposed development (if a

certificate / complying development certificate for the proposed development. Commitments identified with a "\rightarrow" in the "Show on CC/CDC plans & specs" column must be shown in the plans and specifications accompanying the application for a construction

development may be issued. Commitments identified with a "

" in the "Certifier check" column must be certified by a certifying authority as having been fulfilled, before a final occupation certificate for the





CERTGROUP BUILDING CER APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CE PLAN / DOCUMENTATION

22 Dendrobium Cr. Elanora Hts, NSW, 2102 Bush Fire Construction Specifications

**BAL 29** 

CC104/2014 covers - Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of half, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internal & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.)

# SECTION7 CONSTRUCTIONFORBUSHFIREATTACK LEVEL29(BAL-29)

#### SARKING

Any sarking used for BAL-12.5, BAL-19, BAL-29 or BAL-40 shall be:

- a) Non-combustible; or
- b) Breather-type sarking complying with AS/NZS 4200.1 and with a flammability index of not more than 5 (see AS1530.2) and sarked on the outside of the frame; or
- c) An insulation material conforming to the appropriate Australian Standard for that material.

#### 7.1 GENERAL

A building assessed in Section 2 as being BAL—29 shall comply with Section 3 and Clauses 7.2 to 7.8.

NOTE: There are a number of Standards that specify requirements for construction; however, where this Standard does not provide construction requirements for a particular element, the other Standards apply.

Any element of construction or system that satisfies the test criteria of AS 1530.8.1 may be used in lieu of the applicable requirements contained in Clauses 7.2 to 7.8 (see Clause 3.8).

NOTE: BAL—29 is primarily concerned with protection from ember attack and radiant heat greater than 19 kW/m2 up to and including 29 kW/m2.

#### 7.2 SUBFLOOR SUPPORTS

This Standard does not provide construction requirements for subfloor supports where the subfloor space is enclosed with—

- a) a wall that complies with Clause 7.4; or
- b) a mesh or perforated sheet with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion resistant steel, bronze or aluminium; or
- c) a combination of Items (a) and (b) above.
- d) Where the subfloor space is unenclosed, the support posts, columns, stumps, piers and poles shall be—
- (i) of non-combustible material; or
- (ii) of bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
- (iii) a combination of Items (i) and (ii) above.

NOTE: This requirement applies to the principal building only and not to verandas, decks, steps, ramps and landings (see Clause 7.7).

C7.2 Combustible materials stored in the subfloor space may be ignited by embers and cause an impact to the building.

### 7.3 FLOORS

### 7.3.1 Concrete slabs on ground

This Standard does not provide construction requirements for concrete slabs on ground.

### 7.3.2 Elevated floors

### 7.3.2.1 Enclosed subfloor space

This Standard does not provide construction requirements for elevated floors, including bearers, joists and flooring, where the subfloor space is enclosed with—

- a) a wall that complies with Clause 7.4; or
- b) a mesh or perforated sheet with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion resistant steel, bronze or aluminium; or
- c) a combination of Items (a) and (b) above.

### 7.3.2.2 Unenclosed subfloor space

Where the subfloor space is unenclosed, the bearers, joists and flooring, less than 400mm above finished ground level, shall be one of the following:

- (a) Materials that comply with the following:
- (i) Bearers and joists shall be-
  - (A) non-combustible; or
  - (B) bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
  - (C) a combination of Items (A) and (B) above.
- (ii) Flooring shall be—
  - (A) non-combustible; or
  - (B) bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
  - (C) timber (other than bushfire-resisting timber), particleboard or plywood flooring where the underside is lined with sarking-type material or mineral wool insulation; or
  - (D) a combination of any of Items (A), (B) or (C) above. or
- (b) A system complying with AS 1530.8.1

This Standard does not provide construction requirements for elements of elevated floors, including bearers, joists and flooring, if the underside of the element is 400 mm or more above finished ground level.

#### 7.4 EXTERNAL WALLS

#### 7.4.1 Walls

Walls shall be one of the following:

- a) Made of non-combustible material (e.g., full masonry, brick veneer, mud brick, concrete, aerated concrete). or
- b) Made of timber-framed or steel-framed walls that are sarked on the outside of the frame and clad with—
  - (i) fibre-cement external cladding, a minimum of 6 mm in thickness; or
  - (ii) steel sheet; or
  - (iii) bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
  - (iv) a combination of any of Items (i), (ii) or (iii) above. or
- c) A combination of Items (a) and (b) above.

#### 7.4.2 Joints

All joints in the external surface material of walls shall be covered, sealed, overlapped, backed or butt-jointed to prevent gaps greater than 3 mm.

Alternatively, sarking-type material can be applied over the frame prior to fixing any external cladding.

### 7.4.3 Vents and weepholes

Vents and weepholes in external walls shall be screened with a mesh with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion-resistant steel, bronze or aluminium, except where they are less than 3 mm (see Clause 3.6).

### 7.5 EXTERNAL GLAZED ELEMENTS AND ASSEMBLIES AND EXTERNAL DOORS

#### 7.5.1 Bushfire shutters

Where fitted, bushfire shutters shall comply with Clause 3.7 and be made from—

- a) non-combustible material; or
- b) bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
- c) a combination of Items (a) and (b) above.

### 7.5.1A Screens for windows and doors

Where fitted, screens for windows and doors shall have a mesh or perforated sheet with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion-resistant steel, bronze or aluminium. Gaps between the perimeter of the screen assembly and the building element to which it is fitted shall not exceed 3 mm.

The frame supporting the mesh or perforated sheet shall be made from—

- a) metal; or
- b) bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F).

### 7.5.2 Windows

Windows shall comply with one of the following:

- a) They shall be completely protected by a bushfire shutter that complies with Clause 7.5.1. or
- b) They shall comply with the following:
- (i) Window frames and window joinery and shall be made from one of the following:
  - (A) Bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F). or
  - (B) Metal. or
  - (C) Metal-reinforced PVC-U. The reinforcing members shall be made from aluminium, stainless steel, or corrosion-resistant steel, and the frame and the sash shall satisfy the design load, performance and structural strength of the member.
- (ii) Externally fitted hardware that supports the sash in its functions of opening and closing shall be metal.
- (iii) Glazing shall be toughened glass minimum 5 mm.
- (iv) Where glazing is less than 400 mm from the ground or less than 400 mm above decks, carport roofs, awnings and similar elements or fittings having an angle less than 18 degrees to the horizontal and extending more than 110 mm in width from the window frame (see Figure D3, Appendix D), that portion shall be screened externally with a screen that complies with Clause 7.5.1A.
- (v) The openable portions of windows shall be screened internally or externally with screens that comply with Clause 7.5.1A.

# 7.5.3 Doors—Side-hung external doors (including French doors, panel fold and bi-fold doors)

Side-hung external doors, including French doors, panel fold and bi-fold doors, shall comply with one of the following:

- a) They shall be protected by a bushfire shutter that complies with Clause 7.5.1. or
- b) They shall be completely protected externally by screens that comply with Clause 7.5.1A, or
- c) They shall comply with the following:
- (i) Doors shall be-
  - (A) non-combustible; or
  - (B) a solid timber door, having a minimum thickness of 35 mm for the first 400 mm above the threshold; or
  - (C) a door, including a hollow core door, protected externally by a screen that complies with Clause 7.5.1A; or
  - (D) a fully framed glazed door, where the framing is made from noncombustible materials or from bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F).

- (ii) Externally fitted hardware that supports the panel in its functions of opening and closing shall be metal.
- (iii) Where doors incorporate glazing, the glazing shall be toughened glass minimum 6 mm.
- (iv) Where glazing is less than 400 mm from the ground or less than 400 mm above decks, carport roofs, awnings and similar elements or fittings having an angle less than 18 degrees to the horizontal and extending more than 110 mm in width from the door (see Figure D3, Appendix D), that portion shall be screened externally with screens that comply with Clause 7.5.1A.
- (v) Door frames shall be made from one of the following:
  - (A) Bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F). or
  - (B) Metal. or
  - (C) Metal-reinforced PVC-U. The reinforcing members shall be made from aluminium, stainless steel, or corrosion-resistant steel and the door assembly shall satisfy the design load, performance and structural strength of the member.
- (vi) Doors shall be tight-fitting to the door frame and to an abutting door, if applicable.
- (vii) Weather strips, draught excluders or draught seals shall be installed at the base of side-hung external doors.

### 7.5.4 Doors—Sliding doors

Sliding doors shall comply with one of the following:

- a) They shall be protected by a bushfire shutter that complies with Clause 7.5.1. or
- b) They shall be completely protected externally by screens that comply with Clause 7.5.1A. or
- c) They shall comply with the following:
- (i) Both the door frame supporting the sliding door and the framing surrounding any glazing shall be one of the following:
  - (A) Bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
  - (B) Metal; or
  - (C) Metal-reinforced PVC-U. The reinforcing members shall be made from aluminium, stainless steel, or corrosion-resistant steel and the door assembly shall satisfy the design load, performance and structural strength of the member.
- (ii) Externally fitted hardware that supports the panel in its functions of opening and closing shall be metal.
- (iii) Where sliding doors incorporate glazing, the glazing shall be toughened glass minimum 6 mm, except where both the fixed and openable portions of doors are screened externally with screens that comply with Clause 7.5.1A.
- (iv) Sliding doors shall be tight-fitting in the frames.
- 7.5.5 Doors—Vehicle access doors (garage doors)

The following apply to vehicle access doors:

- a) Vehicle access doors shall be made from—
  - (i) non-combustible material; or
  - (ii) bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
  - (iii) fibre-cement sheet, a minimum of 6 mm in thickness; or
  - (iv) a combination of any of Items (i), (ii) or (iii) above.
- b) Panel lift, tilt doors or side-hung doors shall be fitted with suitable weather strips, draught excluders, draught seals or guide tracks, as appropriate to the door type, with a maximum gap no greater than 3 mm.
- c) (c) Roller doors shall have guide tracks with a maximum gap no greater than 3 mm and shall be fitted with a nylon brush that is in contact with the door (see Figure D4, Appendix D).
- d) (d) Vehicle access doors shall not include ventilation slots.

# 7.6 ROOFS (INCLUDING VERANDA AND ATTACHED CARPORT ROOFS, PENETRATIONS, EAVES, FASCIAS, GABLES, GUTTERS AND DOWNPIPES)

### 7.6.1 General

The following apply to all types of roofs and roofing systems:

- a) Roof tiles, roof sheets and roof-covering accessories shall be non-combustible.
- b) The roof/wall junction shall be sealed, to prevent openings greater than 3 mm, either by the use of fascia and eaves linings or by sealing between the top of the wall and the underside of the roof and between the rafters at the line of the wall.
- c) Roof ventilation openings, such as gable and roof vents, shall be fitted with ember guards made of non-combustible material or a mesh or perforated sheet with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion-resistant steel, bronze or aluminium.
- d) A pipe or conduit that penetrates the roof covering shall be non-combustible.

#### 7.6.2 Tiled roofs

Tiled roofs shall be fully sarked. The sarking shall—

- a) have a flammability index of not more than 5, when tested to AS 1530.2;
- b) be located directly below the roof battens;
- c) cover the entire roof area including the ridge; and
- d) extend into gutters and valleys.

#### 7.6.3 Sheet roofs

Sheet roofs shall—

- a) be fully sarked in accordance with Clause 7.6.2, except that foil-backed insulation blankets may be installed over the battens; or
- b) have any gaps greater than 3 mm under corrugations or ribs of sheet roofing and between roof components sealed at the fascia or wall line and at valleys, hips and

ridges by-

- (i) a mesh or perforated sheet with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion-resistant steel, bronze or aluminium; or
- (ii) mineral wool; or
- (iii) other non-combustible material; or
- (iv) a combination of any of Items (i), (ii) or (iii) above.

### 7.6.4 Veranda, carport and awning roofs

The following apply to veranda, carport and awning roofs:

- a) A veranda, carport or awning roof forming part of the main roof space [see Figure D1(a), Appendix D] shall meet all the requirements for the main roof, as specified in Clauses 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.6.5 and 7.6.6.
- b) A veranda, carport or awning roof separated from the main roof space by an external wall [see Figures D1 (b) and D1 (c), Appendix D] complying with Clause 7.4 shall have a non-combustible roof covering and the support structure shall be—
  - (i) of non-combustible material; or
  - (ii) bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
  - (iii) timber rafters lined on the underside with fibre-cement sheeting a minimum of

6 mm in thickness, or with material complying with AS 1530.8.1; or

(iv) a combination of any of Items (i), (ii) or (iii) above.

### 7.6.5 Roof penetrations

The following apply to roof penetrations:

- (a) Roof penetrations, including roof lights, roof ventilators, roof-mounted evaporative cooling units, aerials, vent pipes and supports for solar collectors, shall be adequately sealed at the roof to prevent gaps greater than 3 mm. The material used to flash the penetration shall be non-combustible.
- (b) Openings in vented roof lights, roof ventilators or vent pipes shall be fitted with ember guards made from a mesh or perforated sheet with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion-resistant steel, bronze or aluminium.
- (c) All overhead glazing shall be Grade A safety glass complying with AS 1288.
- (d) Glazed elements in roof lights and skylights may be of polymer provided a Grade A safety glass diffuser, complying with AS 1288, is installed under the glazing. Where glazing is an insulating glazing unit (IGU), Grade A toughened safety glass minimum 4 mm, shall be used in the outer pane of the IGU.
- (e) Where roof lights are installed in roofs having a pitch of less than 18 degrees to the horizontal, the glazing shall be protected with ember guards made from a mesh or perforated sheet with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion-resistant steel,

bronze or aluminium.

- (f) Evaporative cooling units shall be fitted with butterfly closers at or near the ceiling level, or the unit shall be fitted with non-combustible covers with a mesh or perforated sheet with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion-resistant steel, bronze or aluminium.
- (g) External single pane glazed elements of roof lights and skylights, where the pitch of the glazed element is 18 degrees or less to the horizontal, shall be protected with ember guards made from a mesh or perforated sheet with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion-resistant steel, bronze or aluminium.

### 7.6.6 Eaves linings, fascias and gables

The following apply to eaves linings, fascias and gables:

- a) Joints in eaves linings, fascias and gables may be sealed with plastic joining strips or timber storm moulds.
- b) Gables shall comply with Clause 7.4.
- c) Fascias and bargeboards shall—
  - (i) where timber is used, be made from bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
  - (ii) where made from metal, be fixed at 450 mm centres; or
  - (iii) be a combination of Items (i) and (ii) above.
- d) (d) Eaves linings shall be—
  - (i) fibre-cement sheet, a minimum 4.5 mm in thickness; or
  - (ii) bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
  - (iii) a combination of Items (i) and (ii) above.
- e) (e) Eaves penetrations shall be protected the same as for roof penetrations (see Clause 7.6.5).
- f) (f) Eaves ventilation openings greater than 3 mm shall be fitted with ember guards made of non-combustible material or a mesh or perforated sheet with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion-resistant steel, bronze or aluminium.

### 7.6.7 Gutters and downpipes

This Standard does not provide construction-specific material requirements for downpipes.

If installed, gutter and valley leaf guards shall be non-combustible.

With the exception of box gutters, gutters shall be metal or PVC-U.

Box gutters shall be non-combustible and flashed at the junction with the roof, with noncombustible materials.

### 7.7.1 General

Decking may be spaced.

There is no requirement to enclose the subfloor spaces of verandas, decks, steps, ramps or landings.

C7.7.1 Spaced decking is nominally spaced at 3 mm (in accordance with standard industry practice); however, due to the nature of timber decking with seasonal changes in moisture content, that spacing may range from 0–5 mm during service. The preferred dimension for gaps is 3 mm (which is in line with other 'permissible gaps') in other parts of this Standard. It should be noted that recent research studies have shown that gaps at 5 mm spacing afford opportunity for embers to become lodged in between timbers, which may contribute to a fire. Larger gap spacing of 10 mm may preclude this from happening but such a spacing regime may not be practical for a timber deck.

## 7.7.2 Enclosed subfloor spaces of verandas, decks, steps, ramps and landings 7.7.2.1 Materials to enclose a subfloor space

The subfloor spaces of verandas, decks, steps, ramps and landings are considered to be 'enclosed' when—

- a) the material used to enclose the subfloor space complies with Clause 7.4; and
- all openings greater than 3 mm are screened with a mesh or perforated sheet with a maximum aperture of 2 mm, made of corrosion-resistant steel, bronze or aluminium.

### 7.7.2.2 Supports

This Standard does not provide construction requirements for support posts, columns, stumps, stringers, piers and poles.

### 7.7.2.3 Framing

This Standard does not provide construction requirements for the framing of verandas, decks, ramps or landings (i.e., bearers and joists).

7.7.2.4 Decking, stair treads and the trafficable surfaces of ramps and landings

Decking, stair treads and the trafficable surfaces of ramps and landings shall be-

- a) of non-combustible material; or
- b) of bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
- c) a combination of Items (a) and (b) above.

### 7.7.3 Unenclosed subfloor spaces of verandas, decks, steps, ramps and landings

### 7.7.3.1 Supports

Support posts, columns, stumps, stringers, piers and poles shall be—

- a) of non-combustible material; or
- b) of bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or

c) a combination of Items (a) and (b) above.

### 7.7.3.2 Framing

Framing of verandas, decks, ramps or landings (i.e., bearers and joists) shall be—

- a) of non-combustible material; or
- b) of bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
- c) a combination of Items (a) and (b) above.

### 7.7.3.3 Decking, stair treads and the trafficable surfaces of ramps and landings

Decking, stair treads and the trafficable surfaces of ramps and landings shall be—

- a) of non-combustible material; or
- b) of bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
- c) a combination of Items (a) and (b) above.

### 7.7.4 Balustrades, handrails or other barriers

Those parts of the handrails and balustrades less than 125 mm from any glazing or any combustible wall shall be—

- a) of non-combustible material; or
- b) bushfire-resisting timber (see Appendix F); or
- c) a combination of Items (i) and (ii) above.

Those parts of the handrails and balustrades that are 125 mm or more from the building have no requirements.

### 7.8 WATER AND GAS SUPPLY PIPES

Above-ground, exposed water and gas supply pipes shall be metal.

### Appendix F list of Timbers AS3959, 2009

Black-butt - Eucalyptus pilularis

Turpentine - Syncarpia glomulifera

Silver Top Ash - Eucalyptus sieberi

Spotted Gum - Corymbia maculate - Corymbia henryi - Corymbia citriodora

Red Iron Bark-Eucalyptus sideroxylon

Kwila[Merbau] - Intsia bijuga

Red River Gum - Eucalyptus camaldulensis





Corporate member of the Fire Protection Association of Australia

# Lot 28, DP 263422, 22 Dendrobium Crescent Eleanora Heights NSW 2101.

Thursday, 2 February 2012

Prepared and certified by:	Matthew Willis  BPAD - A  Certified Practitioner Certification No: BPD-PA 09337	2/02/2012 11/07/2012	
AS3959-20	sal comply with 09 (inc PBP dum 3)?	Yes	
What is the recommended AS 3959-2009 level of compliance on the fire prone aspects?		BAL-29	
Is referral to the RFS required?		No	
Can this development comply with the requirements of PBP?		Yes	
Plans by "Homes by Design" dated. (Appendix 1)		04/07/ 2012	

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CC104/2014 covers - Construction of the new covered balcony, new carport and the reroofing of the existing dwelling and garage only (Excludes - new additions of hall, new extension to living room, new study, new guest room, new ensuite, new verandahs, new kitchen and new internel & external alterations to walls, doors and windows of the existing dwelling.)

CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS

CERTGROUP BUILDING CERTIFIERS

APPROVED CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE
Plan / DOCUMENTATION

Plan / DOCUMENTATION



### **Bushfire Planning Services**

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# Bushfire Risk Assessment

Thursday, 2 February 2012

#### Contact

Rex Farr

Homes by Design

Www.HomesbyDesign.net.au

9738 9772

#### Owner

Richard and Karla Heggie

22 Dendrobium Crescent

Eleanora Heights

NSW 2101

9970 8706

### **Subject Property**

Lot 28 DP 263422

22 Dendrobium Crescent

Eleanora Heights NSW 2101

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### BUSHFIRE RISK ASSESSMENT CERTIFICATE

THIS FORM IS TO BE COMPLETED BY A RECOGNISED CONSULTANT IN BUSHFIRE RISK ASSESSMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 79BA 1(b) OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979 NO 203

Property Address	22 Dendrobium Cres Elanora Heights
Description of the Proposal	Alterations and additions to an existing building
Plan Reference	04/07/ 2012
BAL Rating	BAL-29
Does the Proposal Rely on Alternate Solutions?	No

### I, Matthew Willis of Bushfire Planning Services Pty Ltd

have carried out a bushfire risk assessment on the above mentioned proposal and property. A detailed Bushfire Assessment Report is attached which includes the submission requirements set out in Appendix 4 Of Planning for Bushfire Protection 2006 together with recommendations as to how the relevant Specifications and requirements are to be achieved.

Note: this certificate must be completed and signed by a person recognised by the NSW Rural Fire Service as a qualified consultant in bush fire risk assessment in accordance with 79BA of the EP&A Act 1979 No 203.

I hereby certify, in accordance with Section 79BA of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203:

- 1. That I am a person recognised by the NSW Rural Fire Service as a qualified consultant in bushfire risk assessment; and
- 2. That subject to the recommendations contained in the attached Bushfire Risk Assessment Report the proposed development conforms to the **relevant specifications and requirements\***
- \*The relevant specifications and requirements being specifications and requirements of the document entitled Planning for Bush Fire Protection prepared y the NSW Rural Fire Service in co-operation with the Department of Planning and any other document as prescribed by Section 79 BA(1)(a) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203.

I am aware that the Bushfire Assessment Report, prepared for the above mentioned site is to be submitted in support of a development application for this site and will be relied upon by Pittwater Council as the basis for ensuring that the bushfire risk management aspects of the proposed development have been addressed in accordance with Planning for Bushfire Protection 2006.

11/07/2012
11/07/2012
FPAA BPAD A BPD-PA 09337

#### Attachments:

Bushfire Risk Assessment Report

Matt hill.

Recommendations

SIGNATURE: ----

DATE: ----11/07/2012----

### 2. Executive summary.

Bushfire Planning Services has been requested by Rex Farr of Homes by Design to supply a bushfire compliance report on lot 28, DP 263422, 22 Dendrobium Crescent, Eleanora Heights NSW 2101 on behalf of the owners Richard and Karla Heggie.

The works proposed include the construction of a new guest room to the southern end of the existing building, an extension to the existing garage, modifications and/or additions to the existing verandas, construction of a new covered balcony, replacement of several windows and some other internal modifications.

The proposal does move the building footprint closer towards the hazard at the southern end of the subject lot however as part of this proposal the establishment of an Asset Protection Zone between the existing building and the top of the escarpment to the south will be required. Currently the vegetation contained in this area could potentially cause a hazard to the existing house. This hazard will be removed as part of this proposal.

The approval of this proposal with its associated Asset Protection Zone should result in a better bushfire outcome for the existing house than that which is currently available.

The block itself is separated into two separate areas by a steep escarpment situated approximately 2/3 of the way along the subject lot. The southern end of lot 28 contains forest type and vegetation which is considered to be the hazard to this development.

The development area is on the northern section of the lot and slopes gently from its frontage with Dendrobium Crescent towards the escarpment towards the South. For the most part this section of lot 28 contains managed gardens and mown lawns.

The remaining vegetation within the study area is contained within the boundaries of established residential allotments and is considered to be managed land and of low threat to this proposal.

The calculations and assumptions outlined in this report show that the development will be required to comply with the construction requirements of AS 3959-2009 BAL-29 on its southern and western aspects, BAL-19 on all other aspects and the Rural Fire Services requirements contained within the addendum to appendix 3 of Planning for Bushfire Protection on all aspects.

It is my considered opinion that this development can comply with the requirements of AS 3959-2009 and Planning for Bushfire Protection 2009.

### 3. General.

This proposal relates to the alterations and additions of an existing class 1A dwelling on the subject lot and it is ability to comply with the rules and regulations for building in a bushfire prone areas.

The methodology used on this report is based on Planning for Bushfire Protection 2006 (PBP) as published by the New South Wales Rural Fire Service.

Any wording that appears in *blue italics* is quotes from Planning for Bushfire Protection 2006. Some of the measurements used in this report have been taken from aerial photographs and as such are approximate only.

### 4. Block description

The subject lot is a rural residential allotment situated on the southern side of Dendrobium Crescent.

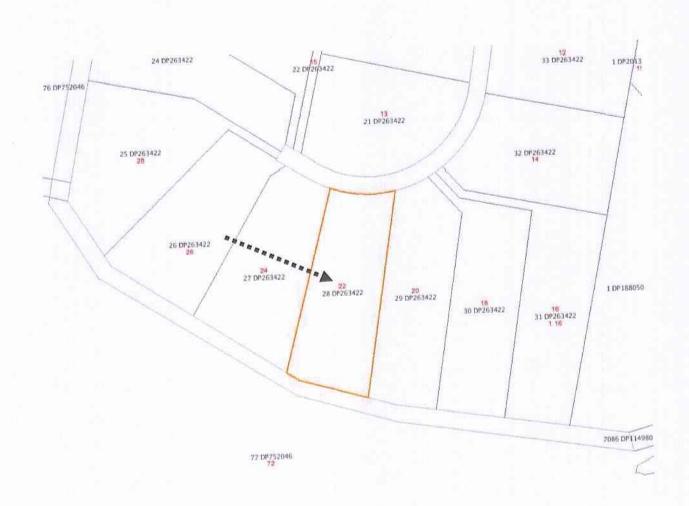
The total area of lot 28 is approximately 2 ha. The lot is effectively divided in two parts by a very steep escarpment approximately 60 m in height and 140 m from the front, northern end of the subject lot.

The land to the South of the escarpment is virtually inaccessible and contains forest vegetation.

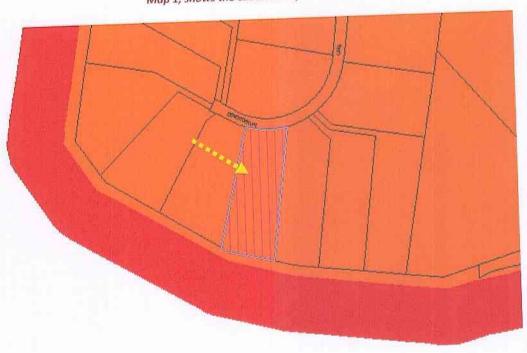
The developed part of Lot 28 currently contains a class 1A dwelling and a class 10 b swimming pool.

The area immediately around the house contains mature trees, mown lawns and managed gardens. To the South of the existing dwelling, between the dwelling and the top of the escarpment is an area containing numerous trees and large sandstone outcrops.

- > Lot; 28
- DP; 263422.
- LGA; Pittwater.
- Area; 2 ha (approximately).
- Address; 22 Dendrobium Crescent, Eleanora Heights.



Map 1; shows the cadastral layout around the subject lot.



Map 2 is an extract from the councils bushfire prone land map. The map shows lot 28 to be within the buffer zone of category 1 bushfire vegetation.

### 5. Vegetation

The study area for the vegetation is 140m surrounding the subject block.

The vegetation within the study area for this development is considered to be mainly managed land.

The vegetation that is considered to be the hazard to this proposal is contained within the boundaries of the southern ends of the subject and its two neighbouring allotments.

For the purposes of this assessment this vegetation is considered to be forest.



Photo 1 an overview of the vegetation within the general area.



Photo 1 is a closer view of the vegetation in the area.

The following table outlines the vegetation orientation and distance from the development area.

Aspect	North	East	South West	West
Vegetation type	Managed Land	Managed Land	Managed Land and Forest	Maanaged Land
Setback within lot 28	N/A	36m	63m	8m
Off site setback	N/A	32m	N/A	60m
Total setback	N/A	68m	63m	68m

Table 1. Any aspect marked with "N/A" in the table above indicates that it is considered there is no hazard in that direction.

### 6. Known constraints on subject block

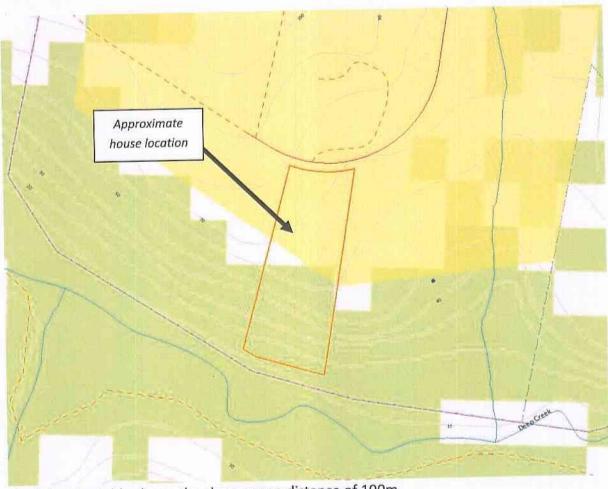
I have not been informed or know of any places of cultural or environmental significance within the boundaries of the subject block.

Given the nature of the surrounding land it is considered highly unlikely that anything of significance will be affected by this development.

### 7. Slope

The slope of the land beneath the hazard that is most likely to influence bushfire behaviour has been calculated by topographical map analysis to a distance of 100 m from the subject lot.

An extract of the topographical map for the area is shown below and the relevant slope analysis is shown in table 2 also shown below.



The following table shows the slope over a distance of 100m.

Aspect	North	East	South	West
Slope	N/A	5-10 degrees downslope	15-20 degrees downslope	5-10 degrees downslope

Table 2. Any aspect marked with "N/A" in the table above indicates that it is considered there is no hazard in that direction.

### 8. Utilities

#### Water

The subject block will be serviced by a reticulated water supply. There is a hydrant point within the required distance near the front of the property.



Photo 2 shows the hydrant point indicated directly in front of the subject lot.

### Electricity

Mains electricity is available to the block.

### Gas

It is unknown if either bottled of mains gas is to be altered or installed in this proposal.

### 9. Access/Egress

Access to the development site will be via a short private driveway from Dendrobium Crescent.

Dendrobium Crescent is a sealed all-weather Road that is considered capable of handling emergency services vehicles.

Pedestrian access onto the property is also considered to be adequate.

# Analysis of development and recommendation.

### 10. Compliance with AS 3959-2009

Based on the development design, vegetation classification, effective slope estimate and setback distance already outlined in this report the subject development will be required to comply with the deemed to satisfy construction requirements of AS 3959-2009 BAL-29 and the RFS requirements on the southern and western aspects.

The following is an extract of table 2.4.2 of AS3959 2009 used for determining the Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) for the proposal. The variables that have already been outlined as part of this assessment are highlighted in red on the table. The BAL level is highlighted in yellow.

TABLE 2.4.2

DETERMINATION OF BUSHFIRE ATTACK LEVEL (BAL)—FDI 100 (1090 K)

	Bushfire Attack Lavels (BALs)					
Vegetation classification	BAL-FZ	BAL-40	BAL-29	BAL-19	BAL-12.5	
	Distance (m) of the site from the predominant vegetation class  Downships >15 to 20 degrees					
b. Webbrand	<32	32-<41	41-556	56-<73	73-<100	
C. Shrubland	<10	10-<15	15-<22	22-<31	31-<100	
D. Scrub	<15	15-<21	21-<31	31-<43	43-<100	
E. Mallec/Mulga	<9	9-<13	13-<20	20-<29	29-<100	
F. Rainforest	<22	22~29	29-<42	42-<56	56-<100	
G. Grassland	<11	11-<15	15-<23	23-<32	32-<50	

For the purpose of this assessment the southern and western aspects have been chosen as the most potentially hazardous aspect due to their effective slope, potential run of fire and the prevailing fire weather of the area.

### 11. Sighting

The current site provides adequate separation between the proposed building and surrounding vegetation for a compliance structure to be built.

Recommendation;

Nil

### 12. Construction and design.

Given the suggested construction method and materials of the proposal, complying with the requirements of AS 3959-2009 is considered achievable.

### Recommendation; southern and western aspects.

- New construction on all southern and western aspects shall comply with the requirements of level BAL-29 Australian Standard AS3959-2009 "Construction of buildings in bush fire-prone areas" and section A3.7 Addendum Appendix 3 of "Planning for Bush fire Protection".
- 2) New construction on all other aspects shall comply with the requirements of level BAL 19 Australian Standard AS3959-2009 "Construction of buildings in bush fire-prone areas" and section A3.7 Addendum Appendix 3 of "Planning for Bush fire Protection".
- Any new fencing to be property should be in accordance with Rural Fire Service "Fast Fact 2/06".
- 4) New roofing valleys and guttering should be fitted with a non combustible leaf protection to stop the accumulation of debris.

### 13. Utilities

#### Water.

The proposed development will have access to a reticulated water supply. There are several hydrants within the required distance from the dwelling. In addition to the council's reticulated water supply there is also a swimming pool that could be utilised by fire-fighters as a static water supply.

### Recommendation;

Nil

### **Electricity and Gas**

#### Recommendation

5) Any new electricity or gas connections are to comply with the requirements of section 4.1.3 of Planning for Bushfire Protection.

### 14. Asset Protection Zone (APZ)

The Asset Protection Zone is "An area surrounding a development managed to reduce the bushfire hazard to an acceptable level. The width of an APZ will vary with slope, vegetation and construction level".

The Asset Protection Zone that will be required for this proposal to comply with the construction levels that are recommended in this assessment will need to be further established.

For the most part the vegetation within the established section of the property will need minimal alteration.

The main area of modification will be to the South of the existing dwelling between the existing cleared area and the top of the escarpment.

This area contains some large rocky outcrops that significantly reduce ground fuel however regular maintenance of these areas will be required to stop the accumulation of potential fire fuels.

### Recommendation;

- 6) At the commencement of building works and in perpetuity the property around the building shall be managed as follows as outlined within section 4.1.3 and appendix 5 of planning for bushfire protection 2006 and the New South Wales rural fire service document standards for asset protection zones:
  - North as an inner protection area to the property boundary.
  - East as an inner protection area to the property boundary.
  - West as an inner protection area to the property boundary.
- South has a Inner Protection Area (IPA) to a distance of at least 30 m from the southern end of the proposed new works then a further 30 m further south as a Outer Protection Area (OPA).

### 15. Landscaping

Landscape plans by Jamie King Landscape Architect (Appendix 2) have been supplied for this proposal

#### Recommendation;

7) It is recommended that the supplied landscape plans are used for this proposal.

### 16. Constraints on the subject block.

None known.

### Recommendation;

Nil

### 17. Access/Egress

Dendrobium Crescent is considered to be capable of handling emergency service vehicles. Access from the roadway onto the property is also considered to be adequate for fire fighting purposes.

### Recommendation

Nil

# 18. Compliance or non compliance with the specifications and requirements for bushfire protection measures.

APZ  A defendable space is provided onsite.  An APZ is provided and maintained for the life of the development.	Achievable with the implementation of the recommendations in section 14  Achievable with the implementation of the recommendations in section 11		
SITING AND DESIGN:  Buildings are sited and designed to minimise the risk of bush fire attack.			
CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS:  It is demonstrated that the proposed building can withstand bush fire attack in the form of wind, smoke, embers, radiant heat and flame contact.	Achievable with the implementation of the recommendations in section 12		
ACCESS  Safe, operational access is provided (and maintained) for emergency services personnel in suppressing a bush fire while residents are seeking to relocate, in advance of a bush fire, (satisfying the intent and performance criteria for access roads in sections 4.1.3 and 4.2.7).	Achievable with the implementation of the recommendations in section 17		
WATER AND UTILITY SERVICES:     adequate water and electricity services are provided for fire fighting operations     Gas and electricity services are located so as not to contribute to the risk of fire to a building.	Achievable with the implementation of the recommendations in section 13		
LANDSCAPING:	Achievable with the implementation of the		

### 19. Conclusions

Based on the above report and with the implementation of the recommendation contained within this report the consent authority should determine that this development can comply with the requirements of AS 3959-2009 and 'Planning for Bushfire Protection' guidelines.

The recommendations contained within this report are to be implemented in their entirety. Changing one aspect may have an adverse effect on the rest of the recommendations.

Bushfires are affected by many external influences such as climactic conditions, vegetation type, moisture content of the fuel, slope of the land and human intervention to name a few and are difficult to predict.

This report does not intend to provide a guarantee that the subject property will survive if a bushfire should impact the surrounding area. The purpose of this report is to show the developments level of compliance or in some cases non-compliance with the New South Wales legislation regarding building in bushfire prone areas.

Where non-compliance is found measures will be suggested that should make the building less susceptible to the various attack mechanisms of a bushfire and comply with the performance requirements of the Building Code of Australia.

The opinions expressed in this report are based on the writers experience and interpretation of the relevant guidelines and standards. Notwithstanding the above, these guidelines and standards are open to interpretation. All care has been taken to ensure that the opinions expressed in this report are consistent with past successful outcomes.

Some of the information used in the compilation of this assessment has been provided by the proponent or the proponent's representatives. While we believe this information to be true and have accepted the information in good faith however this company or its representatives will not accept any responsibility if the provided information is determined to be incorrect.

If any further clarification is required for this report please do not hesitate to contact me using the details above.

Yours Sincerely

Matt history

Matthew Willis

Grad Dip Planning for Bushfire Prone Areas

Bushfire Planning Services Pty Limited.

### 20. References

### Australian Building Codes Board

Building Code of Australia

Volumes 1&2

Canprint

### NSW Government Environmental Planning and Assessment Act [1979]

Part 79BA – Consultation and development Consent – Certain Bushfire Prone Land

NSW Government Printer

### Planning NSW [2006]

Planning for Bushfire Protection

A Guide for Councils, Planners, Fire Authorities, Developers and Home Owners

### Ramsay C & Rudolph L [2003]

Landscape and Building Design for Bushfire Prone Areas

CSIRO Publishing

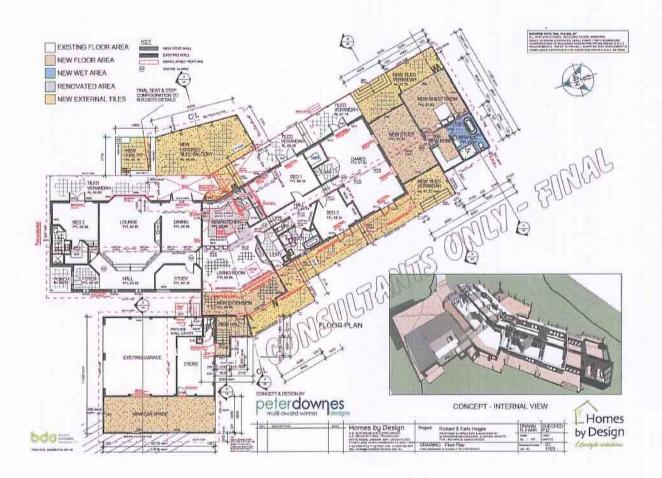
### Standards Australia [2009]

Australian Standards 3959

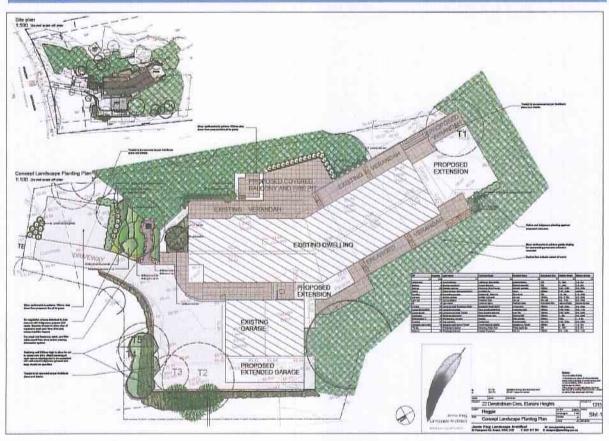
Australian Building Code Board

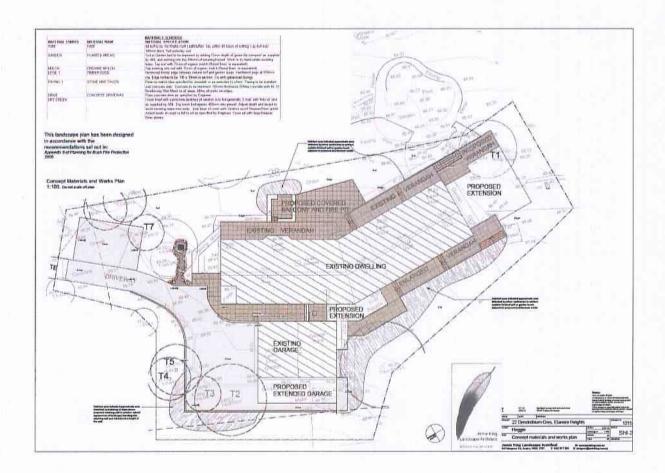
### 21. Appendix 1. Plans

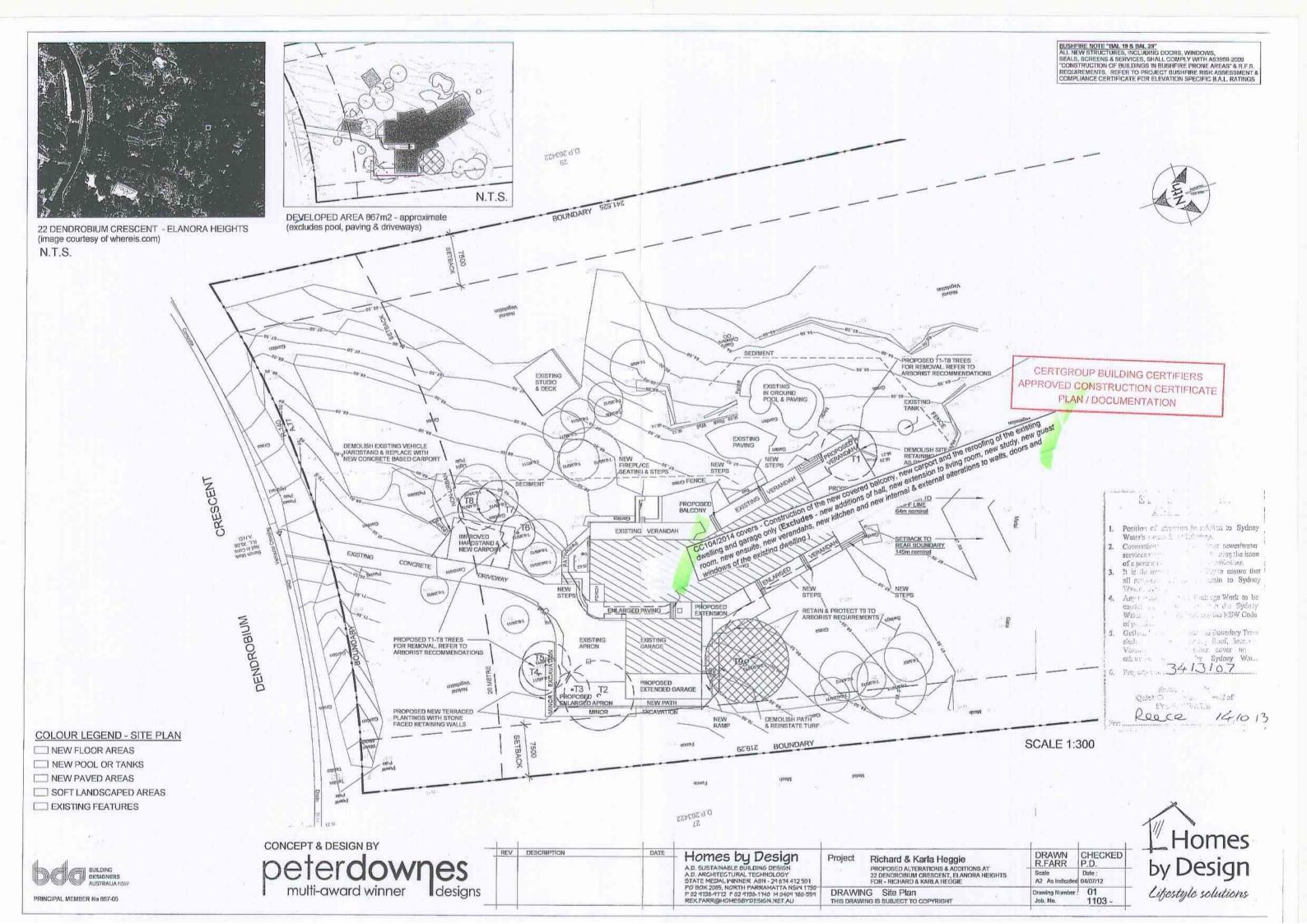




### 22. Appendix 2 Landscape Plans







# Long Service

### **Levy Online Payment Receipt**

**Building and Construction** 

MCCARRY HOMES PTY LTD U 50 5 PONDEROSA PDE WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102

### **Application Details:**

Applicant Name:

MCCARRY HOMES PTY LTD

Levy Number:

5072648

Application Type:

DA

**Application Number:** 

NO208/12

Approving Authority:

PITTWATER COUNCIL

#### Work Details:

Site Address:

22 DENDROBIUM CRES

**ELANORA HEIGHTS NSW 2101** 

Value of work:

\$306,370

Levy Due:

\$1,072.00

### Payment Details:

LSC Receipt Number:

174581

Payment Date:

15/08/2014 10:13:13 AM

Bank Payment Reference:

761130370

Levy Paid:

\$1,072.00

Credit card surcharge:

\$4.29

**Total Payment Received:** 

\$1,076.29



APPLICATION SOUGHT

Please fill out the form with particular attention to those parts marked with "x"

### **APPLICATION FORM**

Made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, Sections 81A(2), 84A, 85A, & 109C, Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000, clauses 126, 139.

To complete this form, please place a tick  $(\checkmark)$  in the boxes and complete sections as appropriate. No Faxed applications please.

Construction Certificate Principal Certifying Authority Complying Development Certificate	□ NSW Housing Code (SEPP Exempt & Complying Development Code) □ Council existing Exempt & Complying Development Policy		Office Use Only CC: VOY 14 CDC: Job: Date Receipt:	
SUBJECT LAND				
Address 22 DENDROBIUM CRE	SCENT, ELAN	ORA HEIGHTS		
Lot No_Lot 28 DP 263422	SP	Vol/Fol, Etc_		
DETAILS OF THE APPLICANT				
Name / Company X KICHARD	E CARLA H	IEGC IE Contact Perso	X RICHARD	
Mailing Address X 22 DEND	ROBINT	CRESCENT		
ELANDRA HE	16475	Postcode 2 /	or State NSW	
E-mail x richard hogg in Cheggi				
Applicant Signature X	119gre	Date X 2	5/11/13	
CONSENT OF OWNER(S)				
/ We as the owner/s of the above property and to act as the Development Certification and to act as the including site inspections and to lodge the Nauthority with the relevant Council.	Principal Certifying a Notice of Commence	Authority for the subject ment/Appointment of the	building works,	
Owner's Address X 22 DENDRO			***************************************	
ELANORA HEICHT			Ol State NSW	
Mailing Address X AS A Bou	É			
		Postcode	State	
mail nehead hoggie Loggies	· Tel_9970	876 Mobile O	411556027	
Owner/s Signature/s × Rese	44		74 17	

CERTGROUP Building Certifiers = tel 9944 8222 = fax 99446330 info@certgroup.com.au = www.certgroup.com.au = PO Box 870 Narrabeen NSW 2101 = abn 47 121 229 166

DESCRIPTION OF WOR	K			
Type of work proposed:				
☐ New Building Addition	ons / Alterations			
Class of Building under Building	Code of Australia 10and	100		
(EAGID	aes - new additions of hall, r ahs, new kitchen and new in	new extension to living man	proofing of the existing dwelling and gara new study, new guest room, new ensuite to walls, doors and windows of the existing	
Construction Cost of Works \$	\$306.370 -	~		
DETAILS OF THE RELE	VANT CONSENTS			
Consent No. N0208/12		Date issued:	17th January 2013	
Construction Certificate No.	104/2014		24.8-14	
Complying Development Certification	1	Date issued:		
STATISTICAL RETURN I	FOR AUSTRALIAN E	BUREAU OF STATIST		
Peter will fill this part out What is the site area of land?		In square met	20 000	
Gross floor area of existing building	ng? NIL if building does no		711	
What is the existing building or sit		Main Uses	PESIDEMIA	
		Other Uses		
Does the site contain dual occupa	ancy?	Dyes BNo	) , , ,	
Gross floor area of proposed build	ding?	In square met	res 4(5	
What will the proposed building be	e used for?	Main Uses	RESIDENTIA	
HOW MANY DWELLINGS:	i	Other Uses		
Are pre-existing at this property?_	Are	proposed to be demolished	12 0	
Are proposed to be constructed?_		attached to an existing buil		
Are attached to a new building?	O Hov	w many storeys will the build	ding consist of?	
WHAT ARE THE MAIN BUILDIN			And the second second	
VALLS	ROOF	FLOOR		
Full Brick	CJ Aluminium	Concrete or slate	FRAME D Timber	
Brick Veneer	Concrete of State	☐ Timber	Steel	
Concrete or Stone	☐ Tile_	Other -	☐ Aluminium	
Steel	C Fibrous Cement	☐ Unknown	☐ Other	
2 Fibrous Cement	Steel			
Timber/weatherboard	☐ Other			
I Claddian alomidation				
Cladding- aluminium Other				

### PRIVATE POLICY & TERMS

All information provided by the owner / applicant on this form will be taken to be accurate & correct. CERTGROUP Building Certifiers does not accept any responsibility for any intentional or unintentional error or omission made by the owner / applicant on this form. The information you provide in this notice is required under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if you erect a building. The information will be held by the consent authority and by the council (if the council is not the consent authority). Please contact CERTGROUP Building Certifiers if the information you have provided in this notice is incorrect or changes.

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