# Birds Tree Consultancy

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# ARBORICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT REPORT

Flower Power, Terry Hills 277 Mona Vale Rd, Terrey Hills NSW

22<sup>nd</sup> June 2024

Prepared for Statewide Project Management

# Prepared by

Birds Tree Consultancy

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## **Executive Summary**

This Arboricultural Development Impact Assessment Report has been commissioned by Statewide Project Management to report on trees within the site of Flower Power, 277 Mona Vale Rd, Terrey Hills NSW. The subject trees are located within or adjacent to the boundaries of this site. This site is currently an existing commercial nursery property with existing commercial buildings and nursery propagation areas present. The site is proposed for redevelopment including the construction of new commercial retail building, car parking, entry roads, and associated landscape works. This report has been commissioned to outline the health, condition and stability of these trees as well as their viability for retention within the scope of the proposed development. The scope of this report includes all trees within the site that are potentially impacted by the development.

The subject Trees are preserved under Part E1 of Warringah Development Control Plan 2011 with the exception of Trees 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71 and 72 which are all exempt from this development control.

Tree 42 is in poor and declining condition with significant deadwood, significant apical dieback and evidence of decay at the base of the trunk.

Tree 81 has evidence of significant decay and cavity within the trunk which places this tree at increased risk of failure. If this tree is proposed to be retained under the proposed development, we recommend a TRAQ Level 3 Risk Assessment be carried out on this tree.

Trees 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 101 and 102 are encroached by the proposed construction and required earthworks by a major encroachment as defined by *AS4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites*. The Structural Root Zone of these trees will be encroached which will impact the stability of these trees. These trees will not be viable to be retained and will be required to be removed due to the proposed development.

All other trees are viable to be retained and are to be protected as defined below.

Recommendations for tree retention or removal are summarised as follows:

Tree no.	Species	Recommendations	Comments	Retention Value
17.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
18.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0.	Low

			Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
			Viable to be retained	Low
			and protected in	
10			accordance with 8.0.	
19.		Exempt	Exempt from	
	Cupressocyparis		Warringah DCP	
	leylandii		2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in	
20.		Exempt	accordance with 8.0.	
			Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP 2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in	2000
24	i cytanun	F	accordance with 8.0.	
21.		Exempt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in	
22.		Exempt	accordance with 8.0.	
			Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP 2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in	
22	Cytanun		accordance with 8.0.	
23.		Exempt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in	
24.		Exempt	accordance with 8.0.  Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in	
25.	Coylandii	Evennt	accordance with 8.0.	
25.		Exempt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in	
26.		Exempt	accordance with 8.0.	
			Exempt from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
27.	leylandii	Exempt	and protected in	
	toytarian		and protooted in	

			accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	
28.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0.  Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
29.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
30.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
31.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
32.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
33.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
34.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
35.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low

36.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
37.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
38.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
39.	Ligustrum lucidum	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
40.	Syncarpia glomulifera	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development.	High
41.	Corymbia citriodora	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development.	Medium
42.	Eucalyptus tereticornis	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development.	Low
43.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
44.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
45.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt	Low

			from Warringah DCP 2011.	
46.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
47.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
48.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
49.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
50.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
51.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
52.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
53.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
54.	Cupressus sempervirens	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed	Low

			development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cuprossus		Not viable to be	Low
	Cupressus		retained due to the	LUW
	sempervirens		proposed	
55.		Remove	development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Not viable to be	Low
	sempervirens		retained due to the	
56.		Remove	proposed	
50.		Remove	development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Not viable to be	Low
	sempervirens		retained due to the	
57.		Remove	proposed	
			development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP 2011.	
	Cupressus		Not viable to be	Low
	-		retained due to the	LOVV
	sempervirens	_	proposed	
58.		Remove	development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Not viable to be	Low
	sempervirens		retained due to the	
59.		Remove	proposed	
			development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP 2011.	
	Cupressus		Not viable to be	Low
	·		retained due to the	LUW
	sempervirens	_	proposed	
60.		Remove	development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Not viable to be	Low
	sempervirens		retained due to the	
61.		Remove	proposed	
02.			development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP	
	Cuprosciis		2011.  Not viable to be	Low
	Cupressus		retained due to the	Low
	sempervirens		proposed	
62.		Remove	development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
_	Cupressus	_	Not viable to be	Low
63.	sempervirens	Remove	retained due to the	
	23111201110110			

			proposed	
			proposed development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Not viable to be	Low
	sempervirens		retained due to the	
64.		Remove	proposed	
			development. Exempt from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Not viable to be	Low
	sempervirens		retained due to the	
65.		Remove	proposed	
			development. Exempt from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Not viable to be	Low
	sempervirens		retained due to the	
66.	<b>,</b>	Remove	proposed	
			development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP 2011.	
	Cupressus		Not viable to be	Low
	sempervirens		retained due to the	
67.	Sempervirens	Remove	proposed	
07.		Remove	development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP	
	Cuproccus		Viable to be retained	Low
	Cupressus sempervirens		and protected in	LOW
68.	sempervirens	Evennt	accordance with 8.0.	
08.		Exempt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
	0		Viable to be retained	Law
	Cupressus		and protected in	Low
	sempervirens		accordance with 8.0.	
69.		Exempt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Viable to be retained and protected in	Low
	sempervirens		and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
70.		Exempt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus			Low
	sempervirens		· ·	
71.		Exempt		
		i .	LACITIPE ITOTAL	1
			Warringah DCP	
71.	-	Exempt	_	Low

	Cupressus		Viable to be retained	Low
	sempervirens		and protected in	
72.		Exempt	accordance with 8.0.	
, 2.		Exompt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
80.	Pittosporum	removed		
00.	undulatum	romovou		
	Angophora costata		Viable to be retained	Medium
81.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera	B	Viable to be retained	High
82.		Retain	and protected in	
	0 11 11		accordance with 8.0.	
83.	Corymbia gummifera	removed		
	Pittosporum	<b>B</b> ( )	Viable to be retained	Medium
84.	undulatum	Retain	and protected in	
	0 11 11		accordance with 8.0.	11: 4
0.5	Corymbia gummifera	Det-:-	Viable to be retained	High
85.		Retain	and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
	Commobio stress :: 'f- ::-		Viable to be retained	Lligh
86.	Corymbia gummifera	Retain		High
80.		Retaill	and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
	Corumbia dummifora		Viable to be retained	High
87.	Corymbia gummifera	Retain	and protected in	High
σ/.		Netalli	accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
88.	Sorymola gamminera	Retain	and protected in	' ''8''
		<del></del>	accordance with 8.0.	
	Eucalyptus punctata		Viable to be retained	High
89.	7, ,	Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
90.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Eucalyptus		Viable to be retained	High
91.	haemastoma	Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
92.		Retain	and protected in	
	0		accordance with 8.0.	I li ale
0.2	Corymbia gummifera	Doto:-	Viable to be retained	High
93.		Retain	and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
	Fugalintus ninarita		Viable to be retained	Lligh
94.	Eucalyptus piperita	Retain	and protected in	High
<i>34</i> .		Netalli	accordance with 8.0.	
	Eucalyptus piperita		Viable to be retained	High
95.	- Lucatyptus μιμεπτα	Retain	and protected in	ı ilgii
]		Notalii	accordance with 8.0.	
			4000.441100 11111 0.0.	

	Eucalyptus piperita		Viable to be retained	High
96.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Eucalyptus piperita		Viable to be retained	High
97.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
98.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
99.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
100.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Eucalyptus		Not viable to be	High
101.	haemastoma	Remove	retained due to the	
101.		Remove	proposed	
			development.	
	Eucalyptus saligna		Not viable to be	High
102.		Remove	retained due to the	
102.		Remove	proposed	
			development.	

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## 1.0 Scope of Works

This Arboricultural Development Impact Assessment Report has been commissioned by Statewide Project Management to report on trees within the site of Flower Power, 277 Mona Vale Rd, Terrey Hills NSW. It has been commissioned to outline the health, condition and stability of these trees as well as their viability for retention within the scope of the proposed development. The scope of this report includes all trees within the site that are potentially impacted by the development.

On the 18th June 2025, Glenn Bird of Birds Tree Consultancy attended site and inspected the subject trees from the ground. There was no aerial inspection carried out. A Visual Tree Assessment was undertaken in accordance with Visual Tree Assessment (VTA) guidelines (Mattheck and Breloer, 1994). Tree heights were measured using a Nikon Forestry 550 Heightmeter.

# 2.0 Site Analysis

#### 2.1 Site

The subject site is Flower Power, Terry Hills 277 Mona Vale Rd, Terrey Hills NSW. The subject trees are located within or adjacent to the boundaries of this site. This site is currently an existing commercial nursery property with existing commercial buildings and nursery propagation areas present. The site is proposed for redevelopment including the construction of new commercial retail building, car parking, entry roads, and associated landscape works.

#### 2.2 Documentation

This Development Impact Assessment Report has been compiled based on the following documentation provided:

- 1. Leffler Simes Site Coverage Area Plan DA14 A
- 2. Leffler Simes Proposed Site Plan DA15 A

#### 2.3 Topography

The site is relatively flat. Refer to detailed survey for detailed levels.

#### 2.4 Identification

Trees are as identified in the attached inspection forms in Appendix C and shown in Tree location Plan A01 in Appendix D. Tree numbering has been continued from Birds Tree Consultancy Arboricultural Development Impact Assessment Report Revision A dated 1 March 2022.

#### 2.5 Soils

Soil material and horizons were not tested for this report.

## 3.0 Existing Trees

The following trees were inspected from the ground and the following items identified. Please refer also to the attached inspection data in Appendix C.

## 3.1. Tree 17. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 7m. It has a single trunk with a diameter at standard height (DSH) of 280mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.2. Tree 18. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 7m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 280mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.3. Tree 19. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 7m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 280mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.4. Tree 20. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 7m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 280mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.5. Tree 21. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 7m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.6. Tree 22. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 7m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 280mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.7. Tree 23. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 7m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 270mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.8. Tree 24. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.9. Tree 25. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 290mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

# 3.10. Tree 26. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 280mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.11. Tree 27. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 10.5m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.12. Tree 28. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 10m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.13. Tree 29. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 10m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.14. Tree 30. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 7m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 240mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.15. Tree 31. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 7m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 250mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.16. Tree 32. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 7m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 240mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.17. Tree 33. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 7m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 250mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.18. Tree 34. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 7m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 240mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.19. Tree 35. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 7m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.20. Tree 36. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 7m tall with a crown spread of 2m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 240mm. This tree is in poor health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.21. Tree 37. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 7m tall with a crown spread of 3m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 170mm. This tree is in poor health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.22. Tree 38. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 10m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 270mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.23. Tree 39. Ligustrum lucidum

This mature tree is approximately 7m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.24. Tree 40. Syncarpia glomulifera

This mature tree is approximately 7m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 320mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.25. Tree 41. Corymbia citriodora

This mature tree is approximately 21m tall with a crown spread of 10m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 400mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.26. Tree 42. Eucalyptus tereticornis

This mature tree is approximately 16m tall with a crown spread of 9m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 670mm. This tree is in poor health, with significant deadwood and significant apical dieback. There is evidence of extensive decay at the base and throughout the trunk.

## 3.27. Tree 43. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 10.5m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.28. Tree 44. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 10.5m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 280mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.29. Tree 45. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 10.5m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 250mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.30. Tree 46. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 10.5m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.31. Tree 47. Cupressocyparis leylandii

This mature tree is approximately 10.5m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 290mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

### 3.32. Tree 48. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 10m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 270mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.33. Tree 49. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 10m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.34. Tree 50. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 10m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 280mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.35. Tree 51. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 6m tall with a crown spread of 3m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 200mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.36. Tree 52. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 6m tall with a crown spread of 3m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 220mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.37. Tree 53. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 6m tall with a crown spread of 3m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 220mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.38. Tree 54. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 13m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 360mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.39. Tree 55. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 310mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.40. Tree 56. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 340mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.41. Tree 57. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 360mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.42. Tree 58. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 340mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.43. Tree 59. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 10.5m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 350mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.44. Tree 60. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 10m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 320mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.45. Tree 61. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 8m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 280mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.46. Tree 62. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 6m tall with a crown spread of 3m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 250mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.47. Tree 63. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 6m tall with a crown spread of 3m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 220mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.48. Tree 64. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 8m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 280mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.49. Tree 65. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 10m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.50. Tree 66. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 8m tall with a crown spread of 4m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 260mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.51. Tree 67. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 10m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 500mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.52. Tree 68. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 380mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.53. Tree 69. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 370mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.54. Tree 70. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 380mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.55. Tree 71. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 380mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.56. Tree 72. Cupressus sempervirens

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 450mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.57. Tree 80. Pittosporum undulatum

## 3.58. Tree 81. Angophora costata

This mature tree is approximately 22m tall with a crown spread of 11m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 580mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth. Evidence of decay. Recommend Risk Assessment

#### 3.59. Tree 82. Corymbia gummifera

This mature tree is approximately 25m tall with a crown spread of 9m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 540mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.60. Tree 83. Corymbia gummifera

This tree has been removed.

## 3.61. Tree 84. Pittosporum undulatum

This mature tree is approximately 10m tall with a crown spread of 3m. It has a Twin @ 1m trunk with a DSH of 270mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.62. Tree 85. Corymbia gummifera

This mature tree is approximately 16.8m tall with a crown spread of 9m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 430mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.63. Tree 86. Corymbia gummifera

This mature tree is approximately 24m tall with a crown spread of 12m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 580mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.64. Tree 87. Corymbia gummifera

This mature tree is approximately 16m tall with a crown spread of 12m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 700mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.65. Tree 88. Corymbia gummifera

This mature tree is approximately 23m tall with a crown spread of 7m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 390mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.66. Tree 89. Eucalyptus punctata

This mature tree is approximately 23m tall with a crown spread of 9m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 500mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.67. Tree 90. Corymbia gummifera

This <<maturity747>> tree is approximately 25m tall with a crown spread of 14m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 560mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.68. Tree 91. Eucalyptus haemastoma

This mature tree is approximately 12m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 370mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.69. Tree 92. Corymbia gummifera

This mature tree is approximately 34m tall with a crown spread of 8m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 690mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

### 3.70. Tree 93. Corymbia gummifera

This mature tree is approximately 18m tall with a crown spread of 6m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 350mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.71. Tree 94. Eucalyptus piperita

This mature tree is approximately 25m tall with a crown spread of 9m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 530mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.72. Tree 95. Eucalyptus piperita

This mature tree is approximately 17m tall with a crown spread of 7m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 520mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.73. Tree 96. Eucalyptus piperita

This mature tree is approximately 19m tall with a crown spread of 12m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 720mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.74. Tree 97. Eucalyptus piperita

This mature tree is approximately 19m tall with a crown spread of 12m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 760mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.75. Tree 98. Corymbia gummifera

This mature tree is approximately 24m tall with a crown spread of 14m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 560mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.76. Tree 99. Corymbia gummifera

This mature tree is approximately 25m tall with a crown spread of 9m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 370mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

#### 3.77. Tree 100. Corymbia gummifera

This mature tree is approximately 15m tall with a crown spread of 12m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 440mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

# 3.78. Tree 101. Eucalyptus haemastoma

This mature tree is approximately 11m tall with a crown spread of 9m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 710mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth.

## 3.79. Tree 102. Eucalyptus saligna

This mature tree is approximately 5m tall with a crown spread of 5m. It has a single trunk with a DSH of 210mm. This tree is in good health, with minimal deadwood and epicormic growth. This tree is a plant that was previously sitting in a nursery pot which has now taken root.

# 4.0 Landscape Significance of Trees

## 4.1 Landscape Significance

The significance of a tree within the landscape is a factor of the health and condition of the tree, vitality, the form of the tree, environmental, cultural, amenity and heritage value.

## 4.2 Methodology of Determining Landscape Significance

For the purpose of this report, the Significance of a Tree, Assessment Rating System (STARS) as developed by the Institute of Australian Consulting Arborists (IACA) has been implemented. Please refer to Appendix A for greater detail of this assessment system. This system defines Landscape Significance for individual trees as High, Medium or Low Significance.

## 4.3 Landscape Significance of Subject Trees

Based on our assessment of the subject trees and implementation of the IACA Significance of a Tree, Assessment Rating System, the Landscape Significance of the Subject Trees was determined as shown in Table 1.

Tree no.	Species	Landscape Significance
17.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
18.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
19.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
20.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
21.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
22.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
23.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
24.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
25.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
26.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
27.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low

28.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
29.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
30.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
31.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
32.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
33.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
34.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
35.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
36.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
37.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
38.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
39.	Ligustrum lucidum	Low
40.	Syncarpia glomulifera	High
41.	Corymbia citriodora	Medium
42.	Eucalyptus tereticornis	Low
43.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
44.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
45.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
46.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
47.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
48.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
49.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
50.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
51.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
52.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
53.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
54.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
55.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
56.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
57.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
58.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
59.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
60.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
61.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
62.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
63.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
64.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
65.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
66.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
67.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
68.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
69.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
70.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
71.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low

72.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
80.	Pittosporum undulatum	Medium
81.	Angophora costata	Medium
82.	Corymbia gummifera	High
83.	Corymbia gummifera	High
84.	Pittosporum undulatum	Medium
85.	Corymbia gummifera	High
86.	Corymbia gummifera	High
87.	Corymbia gummifera	High
88.	Corymbia gummifera	High
89.	Eucalyptus punctata	High
90.	Corymbia gummifera	High
91.	Eucalyptus haemastoma	High
92.	Corymbia gummifera	High
93.	Corymbia gummifera	High
94.	Eucalyptus piperita	High
95.	Eucalyptus piperita	High
96.	Eucalyptus piperita	High
97.	Eucalyptus piperita	High
98.	Corymbia gummifera	High
99.	Corymbia gummifera	High
100.	Corymbia gummifera	High
101.	Eucalyptus haemastoma	High
102.	Eucalyptus saligna	High

**Table 1 - Landscape Significance** 

# 5.0 Subject Tree Retention Value

# 5.1 Tree Retention Value Methodology

For the purpose of this report, the Tree Retention Values have been assessed by incorporating Landscape Significance Values as determined in 4.0 with the Useful Life Expectancy of the subject trees and assessing the retention values based on the Tree Retention Value Priority Matrix as developed by the Institute of Australian Consulting Arborists (IACA). Please refer to Appendix B for greater detail on this Tree Retention Value Priority Matrix. This matrix defines Landscape Significance for individual trees as High, Medium or Low Retention Value as well as Priority for Removal.

## 5.2 Retention Value of Subject Trees

Based on our assessment of the subject trees and implementation of the IACA Tree Retention Value Priority Matrix, the Retention Values of the Subject Trees were determined as shown in Table 2.

Tree no.	Species	Retention Value

17.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
18.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
19.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
20.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
21.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
22.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
23.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
24.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
25.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
26.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
27.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
28.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
29.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
30.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
31.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
32.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
33.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
34.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
35.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
36.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
37.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
38.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
39.	Ligustrum lucidum	Low
40.	Syncarpia glomulifera	High
41.	Corymbia citriodora	Medium
42.	Eucalyptus tereticornis	Low
43.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
44.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
45.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
46.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
47.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Low
48.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
49.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
50.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
51.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
52.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
53.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
54.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
55.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
56.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
57.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
58.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
59.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
60.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
	Saprosous sompervirons	LOW

61.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
62.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
63.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
64.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
65.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
66.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
67.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
68.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
69.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
70.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
71.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
72.	Cupressus sempervirens	Low
80.	Pittosporum undulatum	Medium
81.	Angophora costata	Medium
82.	Corymbia gummifera	High
83.	Corymbia gummifera	High
84.	Pittosporum undulatum	Medium
85.	Corymbia gummifera	High
86.	Corymbia gummifera	High
87.	Corymbia gummifera	High
88.	Corymbia gummifera	High
89.	Eucalyptus punctata	High
90.	Corymbia gummifera	High
91.	Eucalyptus haemastoma	High
92.	Corymbia gummifera	High
93.	Corymbia gummifera	High
94.	Eucalyptus piperita	High
95.	Eucalyptus piperita	High
96.	Eucalyptus piperita	High
97.	Eucalyptus piperita	High
98.	Corymbia gummifera	High
99.	Corymbia gummifera	High
100.	Corymbia gummifera	High
101.	Eucalyptus haemastoma	High
102.	Eucalyptus saligna	High

Table 2 - Tree Retention Value

# 6.0 Impact of Development

## 6.1 Tree Protection Zone

Tree Protection Zones (TPZs) have been defined for the subject trees in order to define the encroachment of the proposed development in accordance with *AS4970-2009*. The TPZs required have been taken as a circular area with a radius 12 x the diameter at breast height of the tree. This requirement is in line with Australian Standard AS 4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites. This standard

defines a maximum of 10% encroachment to be minimal encroachment. Any encroachment over 10% requires the site arborist to give consideration as to the viability of the tree due to the proposed development.

## 6.2 Structural Root Zone

Structural Root Zone (SRZs) are defined by AS4970-2009 as the area of root development required for the structural stability of the tree. The SRZ is required to be assessed only when an encroachment greater than 10% is considered.

Tree no.	Species	TPZ Radius (m)	TPZ Encroachment % (Minor/Major)	SRZ Radius (m)
17.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.36	0	2.23
18.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.36	0	2.23
19.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.36	0	2.23
20.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3	0	2.23
21.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.12	0	2.23
22.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.36	0	2.23
23.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.24	0	2.23
24.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.12	0	2.23
25.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.48	0	2.23
26.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.36	0	2.23
27.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.12	0	2.23
28.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.12	0	2.23
29.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.12	0	2.23
30.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	2.88	0	2.08
31.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3	0	2.08
32.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	2.88	0	2.08

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33.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3	0	2.08
34.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	2.88	0	2.08
35.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.12	0	2.08
36.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	2.88	0	1.94
37.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	2	0	1.75
38.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.24	0	2.23
39.	Ligustrum lucidum	3.12	40	2.08
40.	Syncarpia glomulifera	3.84	100	2.23
41.	Corymbia citriodora	4.8	100	2.34
42.	Eucalyptus tereticornis	8.04	100	2.93
43.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.12	100	2.08
44.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.36	100	2.08
45.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3	100	2.08
46.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.12	100	2.08
47.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	3.48	100	2.08
48.	Cupressus sempervirens	3.24	0	2.08
49.	Cupressus sempervirens	3.12	0	2.08
50.	Cupressus sempervirens	3.36	0	2.08
51.	Cupressus sempervirens	2.4	0	1.75
52.	Cupressus sempervirens	2.64	0	2.08
53.	Cupressus sempervirens	2.64	0	2.08
54.	Cupressus sempervirens	4.32	100	2.34
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55.	Cupressus	3.72	100	2.34
	sempervirens			
56.	Cupressus	4.08	100	2.34
	sempervirens			
57.	Cupressus	4.32	100	2.34
37.	sempervirens			
58.	Cupressus	4.08	100	2.34
36.	sempervirens			
59.	Cupressus	4.2	100	2.34
59.	sempervirens			
60.	Cupressus	3.84	100	2.34
60.	sempervirens			
C1	Cupressus	3.36	100	2.08
61.	sempervirens			
62	Cupressus	3	100	2.08
62.	sempervirens			
62	Cupressus	2.64	100	2.08
63.	sempervirens			
	Cupressus	3.36	100	2.15
64.	sempervirens			
	Cupressus	3.12	100	2.08
65.	sempervirens			
	Cupressus	3.12	100	2.08
66.	sempervirens			
67	Cupressus	6	40	2.57
67.	sempervirens			
60	Cupressus	4.56	0	2.34
68.	sempervirens			
60	Cupressus	4.44	0	2.34
69.	sempervirens			
	Cupressus	4.56	0	2.34
70.	sempervirens			
	Cupressus	4.56	0	2.34
71.	sempervirens			
	Cupressus	5.4	0	2.57
72.	sempervirens			
	Pittosporum	4.2	0	2.30
80.	undulatum			
	Angophora	6.96	0	2.85
81.	costata			
	Corymbia	8.64	0	2.97
82.	gummifera			
	Corymbia	6.48	0	2.78
83.	gummifera			
	1 5	1	J	

	Dittoonorum	2.24	1 0	2.00
84.	Pittosporum	3.24	0	2.08
	undulatum			0.40
85.	Corymbia	5.16	0	2.49
	gummifera		_	0.70
86.	Corymbia	6.96	0	2.78
	gummifera			
87.	Corymbia	8.4	0	3.06
	gummifera			
88.	Corymbia	4.68	0	2.34
88.	gummifera			
89.	Eucalyptus	6	0	2.65
65.	punctata			
90.	Corymbia	6.72	0	2.69
90.	gummifera			
91.	Eucalyptus	4.44	0	2.34
91.	haemastoma			
0.2	Corymbia	8.28	0	2.97
92.	gummifera			
93.	Corymbia	4.2	0	2.25
	gummifera			
94.	Eucalyptus	6.36	0	2.69
	piperita			
95	Eucalyptus	6.24	0	2.65
95.	piperita			
0.0	Eucalyptus	8.64	0	2.97
96.	piperita			
0.7	Eucalyptus	9.12	0	3.06
97.	piperita			
0.0	Corymbia	6.72	0	2.69
98.	gummifera			
00	Corymbia	4.44	0	2.34
99.	gummifera			
100	Corymbia	5.28	0	2.47
100.	gummifera			
404	Eucalyptus	8.52	20	3.06
101.	haemastoma			
400	Eucalyptus	2.0	100	2.00
102.	saligna			
L	-1	1	I	_ L

# 7.0 Recommendations

The subject Trees are preserved under Part E1 of Warringah Development Control Plan 2011 with the exception of Trees 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54,

55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71 and 72 which are all exempt from this development control.

Tree 42 is in poor and declining condition with significant deadwood, significant apical dieback and evidence of decay at the base of the trunk.

Tree 81 has evidence of significant decay and cavity within the trunk which places this tree at increased risk of failure. If this tree is proposed to be retained under the proposed development, we recommend a TRAQ Level 3 Risk Assessment be carried out on this tree.

Trees 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 101 and 102 are encroached by the proposed construction and required earthworks by a major encroachment as defined by *AS4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites*. The Structural Root Zone of these trees will be encroached which will impact the stability of these trees. These trees will not be viable to be retained and will be required to be removed due to the proposed development.

All other trees are viable to be retained and are to be protected as defined below.

Recommendations for tree retention or removal are summarised as follows:

Tree no.	Species	Recommendations	Comments	Retention Value
17.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
18.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
19.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
20.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
21.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in	Low

			accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	
22.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
23.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
24.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
25.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
26.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
27.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
28.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
29.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low

	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in	
30.		Exempt	accordance with 8.0.  Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in	
31.		Exempt	accordance with 8.0.  Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
32.		Exempt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
33.		Exempt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii	Exempt	and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
34.			Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii	Exempt	and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
35.			Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
36.		Exempt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
	leylandii		and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
37.		Exempt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressocyparis		Viable to be retained	Low
38.	leylandii	Exempt	and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
			Exempt from	
		1		1

			Warringah DCP 2011.	
39.	Ligustrum lucidum	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
40.	Syncarpia glomulifera	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development.	High
41.	Corymbia citriodora	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development.	Medium
42.	Eucalyptus tereticornis	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development.	Low
43.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
44.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
45.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
46.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
47.	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
48.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0.	Low

			Exempt from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
49.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
50.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
51.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
52.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
53.	Cupressus sempervirens	Exempt	Viable to be retained and protected in accordance with 8.0. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
54.	Cupressus sempervirens	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
55.	Cupressus sempervirens	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
56.	Cupressus sempervirens	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development. Exempt from Warringah DCP 2011.	Low
57.	Cupressus sempervirens	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the	Low

nronosed	
proposed development. Exe	mpt
from Warringah D	•
2011.	
Cupressus Not viable to be	Low
sempervirens retained due to the	9
58. Remove proposed development. Exe	mnt
from Warringah D	-
2011.	
Cupressus Not viable to be	Low
sempervirens retained due to the	Э
S9 Remove proposed	
development. Exe	•
from Warringah D	CP
Cupressus Not viable to be	Low
sempervirens retained due to the	
proposed	
development. Exe	-
from Warringah D	CP
2011.	
Cupressus Not viable to be retained due to the	Low
proposed	5
Remove development. Exe	mpt
from Warringah D	-
2011.	
Cupressus Not viable to be	Low
sempervirens retained due to the	Э
Remove proposed development. Exe	mnt
from Warringah D	•
2011.	
Cupressus Not viable to be	Low
sempervirens retained due to the	Э
Remove proposed	_
development. Exe	-
from Warringah D	
Cupressus Not viable to be	Low
sempervirens retained due to the	
64. Remove proposed	
development. Exe	•
from Warringah D	CP
Cupressus 2011.  Not viable to be	Low
retained due to the	Low
proposed	
Remove development. Exe	mpt
from Warringah D	•
2011.	

	Cupressus		Not viable to be	Low
66.	sempervirens		retained due to the	
		Remove	proposed	
		remove	development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Not viable to be retained due to the	Low
67.	sempervirens	Remove	proposed	
			development. Exempt	
			from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Viable to be retained	Low
	sempervirens		and protected in	
68.	,	Exempt	accordance with 8.0.	
00.			Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
	Cuprocoup		Viable to be retained	Low
	Cupressus		and protected in	Low
_	sempervirens	_	accordance with 8.0.	
69.		Exempt	Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Viable to be retained	Low
	sempervirens		and protected in	
70.		Exempt	accordance with 8.0.	
			Exempt from Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Cupressus		Viable to be retained	Low
	sempervirens	Exempt	and protected in	
71.			accordance with 8.0.	
/ 1.			Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	ļ ,
	Cupressus		Viable to be retained	Low
	sempervirens	Exempt	and protected in accordance with 8.0.	
72.			Exempt from	
			Warringah DCP	
			2011.	
	Pittosporum			
80.	undulatum	removed		
	Angophora costata		Viable to be retained	Medium
81.	0,	Retain	and protected in	
82.			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
83.	Corymbia gummifera	removed		

	Pittosporum		Viable to be retained	Medium
84.	undulatum	Retain	and protected in	
	undatatum		accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
85.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
86.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
87.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
88.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Eucalyptus punctata		Viable to be retained	High
89.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
90.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Eucalyptus		Viable to be retained	High
91.	haemastoma	Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
92.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Corymbia gummifera		Viable to be retained	High
93.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Eucalyptus piperita		Viable to be retained	High
94.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
	Eucalyptus piperita		Viable to be retained	High
95.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	
2 -	Eucalyptus piperita	<b>B</b>	Viable to be retained	High
96.		Retain	and protected in	
	- ,		accordance with 8.0.	11111
07	Eucalyptus piperita	D.4.1	Viable to be retained	High
97.		Retain	and protected in	
	0 11		accordance with 8.0.	1111
00	Corymbia gummifera	D.A.I	Viable to be retained	High
98.		Retain	and protected in	
	0 1:		accordance with 8.0.	I P. al
00	Corymbia gummifera	Data!:-	Viable to be retained	High
99.		Retain	and protected in	
	0		accordance with 8.0.	I F at
100	Corymbia gummifera	Detein	Viable to be retained	High
100.		Retain	and protected in	
			accordance with 8.0.	

101.	Eucalyptus haemastoma	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development.	High
102.	Eucalyptus saligna	Remove	Not viable to be retained due to the proposed development.	High

# 8.0 Pre-Construction Tree Protection Measures

### 8.1 General

All tree protection works shall be carried out before excavation, grading and site works commence. Tree protection works shall be inspected and approved by a Consulting Arborist meeting AQF Level 5 prior to construction works commencing.

Storage of materials, mixing of materials, vehicle parking, disposal of liquids, machinery repairs and refueling, site office and sheds, and the lighting of fires, stockpiling of soil, rubble or any debris shall not be carried out within the TPZ of existing trees. No backfilling shall occur within the TPZ of existing trees. Trees shall not be removed or lopped unless specific instruction is given in writing by the Superintendent.

# 8.2 Identification

All trees to be protected shall be clearly identified and all TPZs surveyed.

#### 8.3 Site Arborist

Prior to all site works commencing, a Site Arborist is to be appointed with the responsibility of implementing all Tree Protection Measures in this report as well as compliance with AS4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites. The Site Arborist is to hold qualifications equivalent of AQF Level 5.

### 8.4 Protective Fence

Fencing is to be erected around existing trees to be retained. In addition to this protective fencing within the site, Protective Fencing is to be installed to the full extent of the TPZs within the site. This fencing is to be erected prior to any materials being brought on site or before any site, civil works or construction works commence. The fence shall enclose a sufficient area so as to prevent damage to the TPZ as defined on Appendix D Tree Protection Plan and as defined in 5.1 above. Fence to comprise 1800mm high chain wire mesh fixed to 50mm diameter Galvanised steel posts. Panels should be securely fixed top and bottom to avoid separation. No storage of building materials, tools, paint, fuel or contaminants and the like shall occur within the fenced area.

# 8.5 Mulching

Install mulch to the extent of all tree protection fencing. Use a leaf mulch conforming to AS 4454 which is free of deleterious and extraneous matter such as soil, weeds, sticks and stones and consisting of a minimum of 90% recycled content compliant with AS 4454 (1999) and AS 4419 (1998). All trees marked as to be removed on the proposed development are to be chipped and reused for this purpose. Place mulch evenly and to a depth of 100mm.

# 8.6 Signage

Prior to works commencing, tree protection signage is to be attached to each tree protection zone, displayed in a prominent position and the sign repeated at 10 metres intervals or closer where the fence changes direction. Each sign shall contain in a clearly legible form, the following information:

Tree protection zone.

- This fence has been installed to prevent damage to the trees and their growing environment both above and below ground and access is restricted.
- No Access within Tree Protection Zone
- The name, address, and telephone number of the developer.

The name and telephone number of the Site Arborist.

#### 8.7 Trunk and Branch Protection

Where a tree is to be retained and a Tree Protection Zone cannot be adequately established due to restricted access, the trunk and branches in the lower crown will be protected by wrapping 2 layers of hessian or carpet underfelt around the trunk and branches for a minimum of 2 m or as lower branches permit, then metal strapping secures 38x50 x2000 mm timber battens together around the trunk (do not nail or screw to the trunk or branches). The number of battens to be used is as required to encircle the trunk and the battens are to extend to the base of the tree (AS4970 2009 Protection of trees on development sites, Figure 3 Examples of Trunk, Branch and ground protection).

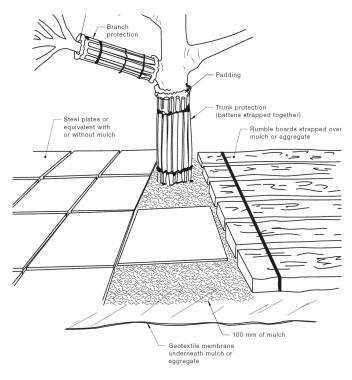


Figure 1 - Trunk Protection

# 9.0 Site Management Issues

# 9.1 Soil Compaction

Plant and pedestrian traffic during the construction period will cause significant soil compaction. This will be exacerbated by increased water expected on these soils as

result of adjacent construction and weather. Compaction of the soil within the TPZ will reduce the voids between soil peds or particles therefore will reduce the gaseous exchange capacity of the root system which will slow critical metabolic processes. No pedestrian or plant access is permissible to the TPZ.

## 9.2 Site Access

Sufficient access is required to enable efficient construction. It is essential to delineate access zones or corridors which will provide suitable access without damaging the existing trees to be retained or causing compaction to the root zone.

### 9.3 Excavation within Tree Protection Area

No excavation is to be carried out within the TPZs of retained trees without the permission and supervision of the Site Arborist (AQF5)

# 9.4 Possible Contamination / Storage of Materials

The construction site will require the use of many chemicals and materials that are possible contaminants which if not managed will pose a risk to the existing trees. These possible contaminants include fuels, herbicides, solvents and the like. A site-specific Environmental Management Plan shall be provided, and this specific risk identified and addressed.

# 10.0 Tree Protection Measures During Construction

### 10.1 Maintenance of Pre-Construction Tree Protection Measures

The Pre-Construction Tree Protection Measures identified in 5.0 above are to be maintained in good and serviceable condition throughout the construction period.

### 10.2 Possible Contaminants

Do not store or otherwise place bulk materials and harmful materials under or near trees. Do not place spoil from excavations within the TPZs. Prevent wind-blown materials such as cement from harming trees. All possible contaminants are to be stored in a designated and appropriate area with secure chemical spill measures such as a bund in place.

# 10.3 Physical Damage

Prevent damage to tree. Do not attach stays, guys and the like to trees. No personnel, plant, machinery or materials are to be allowed within the tree protection fencing.

# 10.4 Compaction

No filling or compaction shall occur over tree roots zones within tree protection fenced areas. Where construction occurs close to or the TPZ of trees to be retained it shall be necessary to install protection to avoid compaction of the ground surface. This protection is to be planks supported clear of the ground fixed to scaffolding.

# 10.5 Trenching

No Trenching should be necessary within the TPZs or within tree protection fencing. No further trenching is to be carried out without the approval of the Site Arborist. Should any further trenching be required within the TPZs identified, this work is to be carried out by hand and under the supervision of a qualified Arborist.

# 10.6 Irrigation/Watering

Contractor is to ensure that soil moisture levels are adequately maintained. Apply water at an appropriate rate suitable for the species during periods of little or no rainfall.

# 10.7 Site Sheds / Amenities/ Storage

Site sheds, site amenities, ablutions and site storage shall be in the area clear of all TPZ. Chemicals and potential contaminants are to be stored appropriately and this storage area is to be enclosed by a chemical spill bund to prevent the potential run off of contaminants in the event of a spillage or accident.

## 11.0 References

Mattheck, C. Breloer, K. 1993, The Body Language of Trees: A Handbook for Failure Analysis, 12th Impression 2010 The Stationery Office.

AS4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites: Standards Australia

# 12.0 Disclaimer

This Appraisal has been prepared for the exclusive use of the Client and Birds Tree Consultancy.

Birds Tree Consultancy accepts no responsibility for its use by other persons. The Client acknowledges that this Appraisal, and any opinions, advice or recommendations expressed or given in it, are based on the information supplied by the Client and on the data inspections, measurements and analysis carried out or obtained Birds Tree Consultancy and referred to in the Appraisal. The Client should rely on the Appraisal, and on its contents, only to that extent.

Every effort has been made in this report to include, assess and address all defects, structural weaknesses, instabilities and the like of the subject trees. All inspections were made from ground level using only visual means and no intrusive or destructive means of inspection were used. For many structural defects such as decay and inclusions, internal inspection is required by means of Resistograph or similar. No such investigation has been made in this case. Trees are living organisms and are subject to failure through a variety of causes not able to be identified by means of this inspection and report.

# Appendix A Landscape Significance

# IACA Significance of a Tree, Assessment Rating System (STARS) © (IACA 2010) ©

In the development of this document IACA acknowledges the contribution and original concept of the Footprint Green Tree Significance & Retention Value Matrix, developed by Footprint Green Pty Ltd in June 2001.

The landscape significance of a tree is an essential criterion to establish the importance that a particular tree may have on a site. However, rating the significance of a tree becomes subjective and difficult to ascertain in a consistent and repetitive fashion due to assessor bias. It is therefore necessary to have a rating system utilising structured qualitative criteria to assist in determining the retention value for a tree. To assist this process all definitions for terms used in the *Tree Significance - Assessment Criteria* and *Tree Retention Value - Priority Matrix*, are taken from the IACA Dictionary for Managing Trees in Urban Environments 2009.

This rating system will assist in the planning processes for proposed works, above and below ground where trees are to be retained on or adjacent a development site. The system uses a scale of *High*, *Medium* and *Low* significance in the landscape. Once the landscape significance of an individual tree has been defined, the retention value can be determined.

#### **Tree Significance - Assessment Criteria**

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#### 1. High Significance in landscape

- The tree is in good condition and good vigour;
- The tree has a form typical for the species;
- The tree is a remnant or is a planted locally indigenous specimen and/or is rare or uncommon in the local area or of botanical interest or of substantial age;
- The tree is listed as a Heritage Item, Threatened Species or part of an Endangered ecological community or listed on Councils significant Tree Register;
- The tree is visually prominent and visible from a considerable distance when viewed from most directions within the landscape due to its size and scale and makes a positive contribution to the local amenity;
- The tree supports social and cultural sentiments or spiritual associations, reflected by the broader population or community group or has commemorative values;
- The tree's growth is unrestricted by above and below ground influences, supporting its ability to reach dimensions typical for the taxa *in situ* tree is appropriate to the site conditions.

#### 2. Medium Significance in landscape

- The tree is in fair-good condition and good or low vigour;
- The tree has form typical or atypical of the species;
- The tree is a planted locally indigenous or a common species with its taxa commonly planted in the local area
- The tree is visible from surrounding properties, although not visually prominent as partially obstructed by other vegetation or buildings when viewed from the street,
- The tree provides a fair contribution to the visual character and amenity of the local area,
- The tree's growth is moderately restricted by above or below ground influences, reducing its ability to reach dimensions typical for the taxa *in situ*.

#### 3. Low Significance in landscape

- The tree is in fair-poor condition and good or low vigour;
- The tree has form atypical of the species;
- The tree is not visible or is partly visible from surrounding properties as obstructed by other vegetation or buildings,
- The tree provides a minor contribution or has a negative impact on the visual character and amenity of the local area,
- The tree is a young specimen which may or may not have reached dimension to be protected by local Tree Preservation orders or similar protection mechanisms and can easily be replaced with a suitable specimen,
- The tree's growth is severely restricted by above or below ground influences, unlikely to reach dimensions typical for the taxa in situ - tree is inappropriate to the site conditions,
- The tree is listed as exempt under the provisions of the local Council Tree Preservation Order or similar protection mechanisms.
- The tree has a wound or defect that has potential to become structurally unsound.

#### **Environmental Pest / Noxious Weed Species**

- The tree is an Environmental Pest Species due to its invasiveness or poisonous/ allergenic properties,
- The tree is a declared noxious weed by legislation.

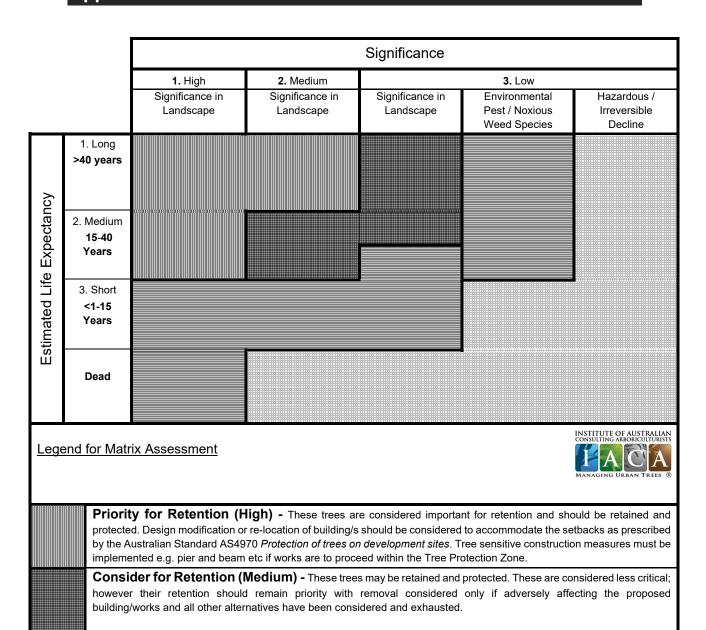
#### **Hazardous/Irreversible Decline**

- The tree is structurally unsound and/or unstable and is considered potentially dangerous,
- The tree is dead, or is in irreversible decline, or has the potential to fail or collapse in full or part in the immediate to short term.

### The tree is to have a minimum of three (3) criteria in a category to be classified in that group.

Note: The assessment criteria are for individual trees only, however, can be applied to a monocultural stand in its entirety e.g. hedge.

# **Appendix B** Tree Retention Values



#### **REFERENCES**

design modification to be implemented for their retention.

removed irrespective of development.

Australia ICOMOS Inc. 1999, The Burra Charter – The Australian ICOMOS Charter for Places of Cultural Significance, International Council of Monuments and Sites, <a href="www.icomos.org/australia">www.icomos.org/australia</a>

Consider for Removal (Low) - These trees are not considered important for retention, nor require special works or

Priority for Removal - These trees are considered hazardous, or in irreversible decline, or weeds and should be

Draper BD and Richards PA 2009, Dictionary for Managing Trees in Urban Environments, Institute of Australian Consulting Arboriculturists (IACA), CSIRO Publishing, Collingwood, Victoria, Australia.

Footprint Green Pty Ltd 2001, Footprint Green Tree Significance & Retention Value Matrix, Avalon, NSW Australia, www.footprintgreen.com.au

Appendix C - Tree Inspection Data

Consulting Arborist• Project Management • Horticultural Consultancy • Landscape Management

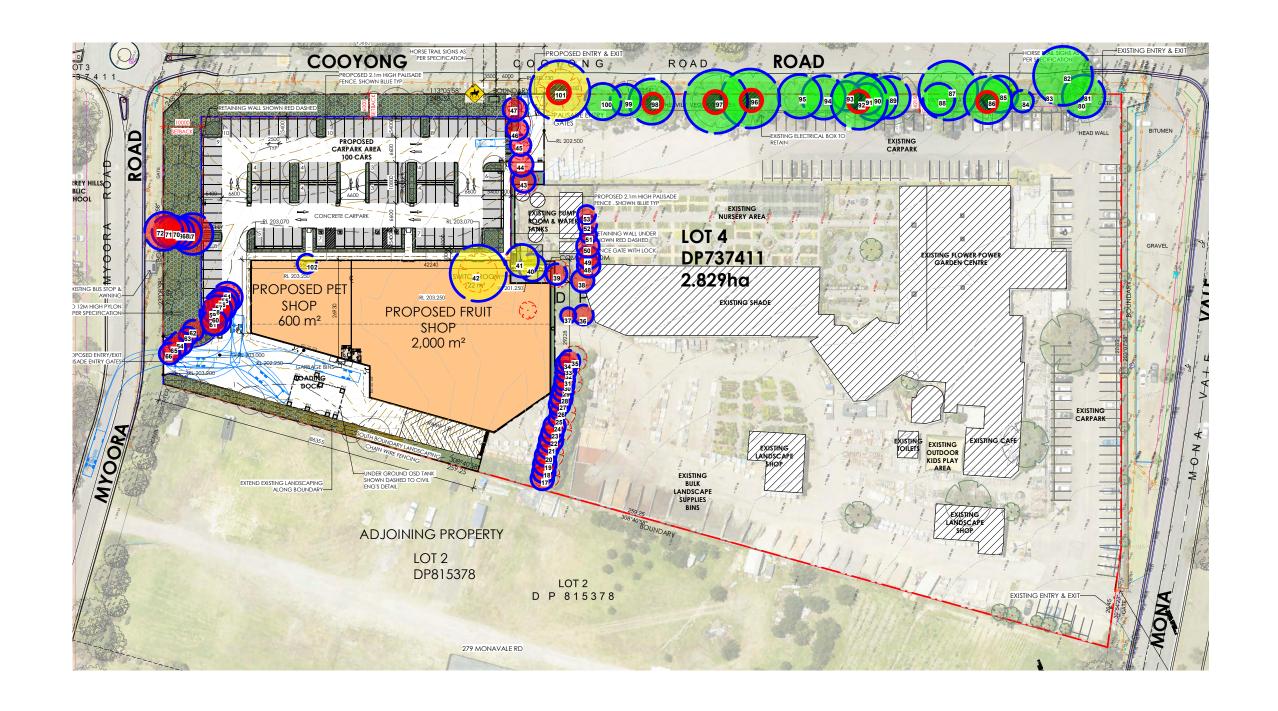
Inspection Data
Terrey Hills Flower Power

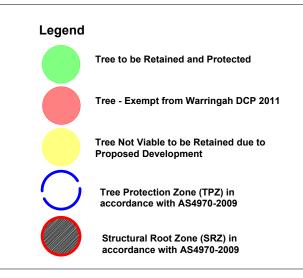
Terrey Hill	s Flower Power																		1	1									
									Trunk (single,																		Env. &		
					TPZ		SRZ		twin.				Crown						Overall							Life	Landcape		
			Spread(m	DBH	Radius		Radius		multiple	Trunk	Form/Cro	Branchin	g Distributi	i	Branching	Pruning			Health &	Canopy		Deadwoo	Epicormi	c Pest			significan	Retention	
Tree no.	Species	Height	)	(mm)	(m)	DAB	(m)	Maturity	@)	lean	wn shape	Habit	on	Stability	Structure	History	Defects	Damage	Vigour	Density	Foliage	d	Growth	Infestation	Disease	су	ce	Value	Notes/Comments
																No							,	No	No				
17	Cupressocyparis leylandii	12	2 7	280	3.36	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	Low	Low	
18	Cupressocyparis leylandii	12	2 7	280	3.36	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	_	15-40y	Low	Low	
	, , ,														1	No	1							No	No	Í			
19	Cupressocyparis leylandii	12	2 7	280	3.36	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	†	15-40y	Low	Low	
20	Cupressocyparis leylandii	12	7	250	) 3	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low	
20	capressocypans regiandin	1	7	230	<u>,                                     </u>		50 2.2	Jiviatare	Sirigic	IVIL	Normal	Norman	Balaneca	Stable	Stable	No	TVIII	IVII	Good	Norman	IVII	1370	1370	No	No	13 409	LOW	LOW	
21	Cupressocyparis leylandii	12	2 7	260	3.12	. 3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	evidence	15-40y	Low	Low	
22	Communication distribution dis-	1.		200	2.20		00 2.2	2 0 4 - +	Cim alla	<b> </b>	Ni a susa a l	N a mas a l	Dalamaad	Chalala	Chalala	No	NI:I	NI:I	Caral	Ni a was a l	NI:I	4F0/	<b></b>	No	No	15 40.	1		
	Cupressocyparis leylandii	1,	2 7	280	3.36	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	Low	Low	
23	Cupressocyparis leylandii	12	2 7	270	3.24	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	_	15-40y	Low	Low	
																No								No	No				
24	Cupressocyparis leylandii	12	2 6	260	3.12	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence		15-40y	Low	Low	
25	Cupressocyparis leylandii	12	2 6	290	3.48	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low	
	, management of the second of	†	1		1				6.5				112304			No	•	<u> </u>	1 7		1			No	No	- 101	1		
26	Cupressocyparis leylandii	12	2 6	280	3.36	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	1	15-40y	Low	Low	
רר	Cupressocyparis leylandii	1.	1 6	260	3.12	j 2	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	LOW	
	cupi essocypai is ieyldiidii	+		200	, 3.12	. 3	2.2	Jiviature	SILIRIE	INIL	INOLLII	INOLLII	parariced	Stanie	Stanie	No	INII	INII	Joou	INOTITIAL	1811	NJ/0	<b>\</b> J/0	No	No	±3-40y	LUW	Low	
28	Cupressocyparis leylandii	9	9 5	260	3.12	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	_	15-40y	Low	Low	
-						]	-	2004	c: .						G	No						.Fo:	-E0′	No	No	45 :-			
29	Cupressocyparis leylandii	9	9 5	260	3.12	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	Low	Low	
30	Cupressocyparis leylandii	-	7 4	240	2.88	3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence		15-40y	Low	Low	
																No								No	No				
31	Cupressocyparis leylandii	· ·	7 4	250	3	3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	†	15-40y	Low	Low	
32	Cupressocyparis leylandii	-	7 4	240	2.88	3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low	
																No	1				1	1		No	No				
33	Cupressocyparis leylandii	-	7 4	250	3	3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	†	15-40y	Low	Low	
34	Cupressocyparis leylandii		7 4	240	2.88	3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low	
31	capresseeyparis regianan		<u> </u>	210	2.00		2.0	Oliviatare	Jingie	1412	Norman	Itorria	Balaricea	Stable	Stable	No			0000	Norman	1	1370	1370	No	No	13 107	1000	2011	
35	Cupressocyparis leylandii		7 4	260	3.12	. 3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	†	15-40y	Low	Low	
36	Cupressocyparis leylandii		7 2	240	2.88	, ,	80 1.9	4 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	No evidence	Niil	Nil	Poor	Normal	Nil	20%	<b>~</b> 5%	No evidence	No evidence	5-15y	Low	Low	
30	cupi cosocypanis icylanuli	<u> </u>	2	240	2.00		1.5	+ Iviatar C	Jiligic	IVIL	Normal	Norman	Balaneca	Stable	Stable	No	INII	IVII	1 001	Norman	INII	2070	7370	No	No	3 13y	LOW	LOW	
37	Cupressocyparis leylandii	-	7 3	170	2	. 2	20 1.7	5 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Poor	Normal	Nil	20%	<5%	evidence	evidence	5-15y	Low	Low	
20	Cupressocyparis leylandii		9 6	270	3.24	2	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIII	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low	
30	cupressocypans leylandii	+		270	3.24	. 3	2.2	3 Mature	Sirigie	NIL	NOTITIAL	Normal	Balanceu	Stable	Stable	No	INII	INII	Good	NOTITIAL	INII	\3%	<u>\</u>	No	No	13-409	LOW	Low	
39	Ligustrum lucidum	-	7 6	260	3.12	. 3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	evidence	15-40y	Low	Low	
40	Construction (1965)		, .	220			2.2		C' I .	<b></b>			D. L		CL . I. I.	No		A 1'1	C I		A.::1	.50/	· <b>F</b> 0/	No	No	45.40	112.1	112.1	
40	Syncarpia glomulifera		/ 5	320	3.84	3	90 2.2	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	High	High	
41	Corymbia citriodora	2:	1 10	400	4.8	4	40 2.3	4 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	1	15-40y	Medium	Medium	
																	Evidence	<b>a</b>											Evidence of extensive decay at base of trunk. Recommend Resistograph testing
							1									No	of decay							No	No				, Extensive cavity throughout trunk.
42	Eucalyptus tereticornis	10	6 9	670	8.04	7	50 2.9	3 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Cavity		Poor	Sparse	Nil	50%	<5%	evidence	evidence	5-15y	Low	Low	Remove, Significant apical dieback
40	Cuprossociated		1		343		20	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Cin -l -	NIII	Nove - '	Nome - I	Dolor '	C+abl-	C+obl-	No	NI:I	NI:J	Cood	Nowerl	N::	ZF0/	<b>∠</b> E0/	No	No	15 40	Lavi	Low	
43	Cupressocyparis leylandii	1	1 6	260	3.12	. 3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	ivormal	ivormal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-4UY	Low	Low	
44	Cupressocyparis leylandii	1:	1 6	280	3.36	3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence		15-40y	Low	Low	
									6:							No						F0:	<b>-</b>	No 	No	4=			
45	Cupressocyparis leylandii	1:	1 6	250	3	3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	Low	Low	
46	Cupressocyparis leylandii	1:	1 6	260	3.12	3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence		15-40y	Low	Low	
																No								No	No				
47	Cupressocyparis leylandii	1:	1 6	290	3.48	3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	†	15-40y	Low	Low	
42	Cupressus sempervirens		9 4	270	3.24	.  3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low	
	Tapi Isaas semperanciis	†	1	1 2,0	3.24		2.0			<del>-</del>			22.01.000			No		1		ui	1		2,0	No	No				
49	Cupressus sempervirens		9 4	260	3.12	. 3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence		15-40y	Low	Low	
EO	Cupressus sempervirens		g 4	280	3.36	, ,	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low	
50	cupi coous sempervirens	<del> </del>	4	200	3.30	, 3	2.0	Jiviatule	SILIBIE	INIL	ivorillal	ivornidi	Palaticed	June	Stable	No	1411	INII	3000	MOIIIIdl	1811	\J/0	<b>\</b> J/0	No	No	±3-40y	LUVV	LUVV	
51	Cupressus sempervirens	(	6 3	200	2.4	2	20 1.7	5 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence		15-40y	Low	Low	
F3	Cuprossus componitrons		5 3	220	3.64	_	30 3.0	Q   \	Single	NIII	Normal	Normal	Palancad	C+abla	Stable	No	Niil	NII	Good	Normal	Niil	/E0/	<b>∠</b> E0/	No	No	15 400	Low	Low	
52	Cupressus sempervirens		o <sub>l</sub> 3	220	2.64	·I 3	30 2.0	8 Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	INII	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	evidence	15-40y	Low	Low	<u> </u>

								ınk ngle,																		Env. &	
		Spread(r	» DBH	TPZ Radius		SRZ Radius	tw	in,	Trunk	Form/Cro	Branching	Crown		Branching F	Druning			Overall	Canopy		Deadwoo	Enicormic	Post		Life	Landcape significan	Potentian
Tree no.	Species	Height )			DAB	(m)	Maturity @)		ean	wn shape	Ŭ			Branching F Structure F	•	Defects	Damage	Vigour		Foliage	Deadwoo d	Growth	Infestation		су	ce	Value Notes/Comments
53	Cupressus sempervirens	6	3 220	2.64	330	2.08	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S		No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
54	Cupressus sempervirens	13	5 360	4.32	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
55	Cupressus sempervirens	12	5 310	3.72	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
56	Cupressus sempervirens	12	5 340	4.08	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
57	Cupressus sempervirens	12	5 360	4.32	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
58	Cupressus sempervirens	12	5 340	4.08	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
59	Cupressus sempervirens	11	5 350	4.2	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
60	Cupressus sempervirens	9	4 320	3.84	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S		No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
61	Cupressus sempervirens	8	4 280	3.36	330	2.08	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
62	Cupressus sempervirens	6	3 250	3	330	2.08	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S		No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
63	Cupressus sempervirens	6	3 220	2.64	330	2.08	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S		No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
64	Cupressus sempervirens	8	4 280	3.36	360	2.15	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
65	Cupressus sempervirens	9	4 260	3.12	330	2.08	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S		No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
66	Cupressus sempervirens	8	4 260	3.12	330	2.08	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
67	Cupressus sempervirens	9	5 500	6	550	2.57	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S		No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
68	Cupressus sempervirens	12	5 380	4.56	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
69	Cupressus sempervirens	12	5 370	4.44	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
70	Cupressus sempervirens	12	5 380	4.56	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
71	Cupressus sempervirens	12	5 380	4.56	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
72	Cupressus sempervirens	12	5 450	5.4	550	2.57	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S		No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Low	Low
80	Pittosporum undulatum	Removed																									
																Evidence											
81	Angophora costata	22 1	11 580	6.96	700	2.85	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble S		No evidence	of decay, Cavity		Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	Medium	Evidence of decay. Recommend Risk Medium Assessment
82	Corymbia gummifera	25 1	12 720	8.64	770	2.97	Tw Mature 1m	rin @ n	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble \$	Stable e	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	High	High
83	Corymbia gummifera	Removed					Tw	rin @						N	No								No	No			
84	Pittosporum undulatum	10	3 270	3.24	330	2.08	Mature 1m	1	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble 5		evidence Line	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	Medium	Medium
85	Corymbia gummifera	17	9 430	5.16	510	2.49	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Irregular	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble		clearance No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	25%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	High	High
86	Corymbia gummifera	24 1	12 580	6.96	660	2.78	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	High	High
87	Corymbia gummifera	16 1	12 700	8.4	830	3.06	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble		evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	High	High
88	Corymbia gummifera	23	7 390	4.68	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	1	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	High	High
89	Eucalyptus punctata	23	9 500	6	590	2.65	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	1	15-40y	High	High
90	Corymbia gummifera	25 1	14 560	6.72	610	2.69	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	High	High
91	Eucalyptus haemastoma	12	5 370	4.44	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	_	15-40y	High	High
92	Corymbia gummifera	34	8 690	8.28	770	2.97	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	1.10	15-40y	High	High
93	Corymbia gummifera	18	6 350	4.2	400	2.25	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	High	High
94	Eucalyptus piperita	25	9 530	6.36	610	2.69	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble		evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	1	15-40y	High	High
95	Eucalyptus piperita	17	7 520	6.24	590	2.65	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble		evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	High	High
96	Eucalyptus piperita	19 1	12 720	8.64	770	2.97	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	1	15-40y	High	High
97	Eucalyptus piperita	19 1	12 760	9.12	830	3.06	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No	evidence No	15-40y	High	High
98	Corymbia gummifera	24 1	14 560	6.72	610	2.69	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble	Stable e	NO evidence No	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence No		15-40y	High	High
99	Corymbia gummifera	25	9 370	4.44	440	2.34	Mature Sin	gle	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced Sta	ble		evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%			15-40y	High	High

			Spread(m	DBH	TPZ Radius			RZ adius		Trunk (single, twin, multiple	Trunk			Crown g Distributi			g Pruning				Canopy		Deadwoo	Epicormio			Life expectan	Env. & Landcape significan		
Tree no.	Species	Height	)	(mm)	(m)	DAB	3 (n	n)	Maturity	@)	lean	wn shape	Habit	on	Stability	Structur	e History	Defects	Damage	Vigour	Density	Foliage	d	Growth	Infestation		су	ce	Value	Notes/Comments
10	0 Corymbia gummifera	1.	5 12	2 440	5	.28	500	2.47	Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	No evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	No evidence	No evidence	15-40y	High	High	
																	No								No	No				
10	1 Eucalyptus haemastoma	1	1 9	710	8 0	.52	830	3.06	Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	evidence	15-40y	High	High	
																	No								No	No				Tree in pot that has rooted into the
10	2 Eucalyptus saligna	!	5 5	5 210	0 2	.52	300	2.00	Mature	Single	NIL	Normal	Normal	Balanced	Stable	Stable	evidence	Nil	Nil	Good	Normal	Nil	<5%	<5%	evidence	evidence	15-40y	High	High	ground.

Appendix D - Ti	ree Location Plan





# **Birds** Tree Consultancy

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Project: Terrey Hills - Flower Power Client: Statewide Project Management

DWG: A01

Plan: Tree Location Plan

Date: 22 June 2025 Scale: 1:1000 @ A3