Construction Certificate Determination

R 154416

issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Section 109C (1) (b), 81A (2) and 81A (4)

Certificate No. 2004/330

Council	Pittwater
Determination	Approved
date of determination	25 October 2004
Subject land	
Address	1 Cabarita Road, Avalon
Lot No, DP No.	Lot 1 DP 226537
Applicant	
Name	Sarah Louise Shaw
Address	1 Cabarita Road, Avalon NSW 2107
Contact No. (phone)	9973 2278 h / 9563 4701 w
Owner	
Name	Sarah Louise Shaw
Address	1 Cabarita Road, Avalon
Contact No. (phone)	0414 343 818
Description of Development	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Type of Work	Demolition of carport and alterations & additions to existing dwelling
Builder or Owner/Builder	
Name	CA & CP Poppleton Pty Ltd
Contractor Licence No/Permit	137445 <i>c</i>
Value of Work	
Building	\$340,000.00
-	•

Attachments

COUNCIL

1. Pittwater Council receipt no. 153893, dated 15 October 2004, for Long Service Levy payment

Suite 13/90 Mona Vale Road Mona Vale NSW 2103 P.O. Box 326 Mona Vale NSW 1660 ph: 9999 0003 fax: 9979 1453 email: insightdevelopment.com.au ABN 38 089 727 346

Plans & Specification approved

List plans no(s) & specifications Reference

- 2. Architectural Plans & Construction Specifications, unreferenced, Drawing nos. DA-01A, DA-02A, DA-03A & DA04A, dated 1 September 2004, prepared by The Design Section Architects
- 3. Stormwater Detention Plans, reference no. 4090/ Drawing nos. D01 & D02, dated 27 September 2004, prepared by MtK Consulting Engineers
- Structural Engineers Plans, reference no. 031001, drawing nos. S01, S02, S03, S04 & S05, dated 30 September 2004
- Landscaping Plans, reference no. 38a/04, Drawing no. 1/1, prepared by hartin Consulting Pty Ltd, dated 24 September 2004
- 6. Schedule of External Colours
- 7. Completed and endorsed Geotechnical Risk Management Form No. 2
- Silt & Sediment Erosion Control Plan REF AA, dated September 2004

Certificate

I certify that the work if completed in accordance with these plans and specifications will comply with the requirements of S81A(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

Signed

Date of endorsement Certificate No. 25 OCT 2004 2004/330

Certifying Authority

Name of Accredited Certifier Accreditation No. Accreditation Authority

Contact No. Address Stephen Pinn
P0040
Dept of Infrastructure, Planning & Natural Resources
(NSW Accreditation Scheme)
(02) 9999 0003
13/90 Mona Vala Road, Mona Vala NSW 21/

13/90 Mona Vale Road, Mona Vale NSW 2103

Development Consent

Development Application No. Date of Determination

N0 813/03 17 May 2004

BCA Classification

1a

Pittwater Council

REPRINTED

OHICIAL RECEIPT

15/10/2004 Receipt No 153893

To CH & SL SHAW

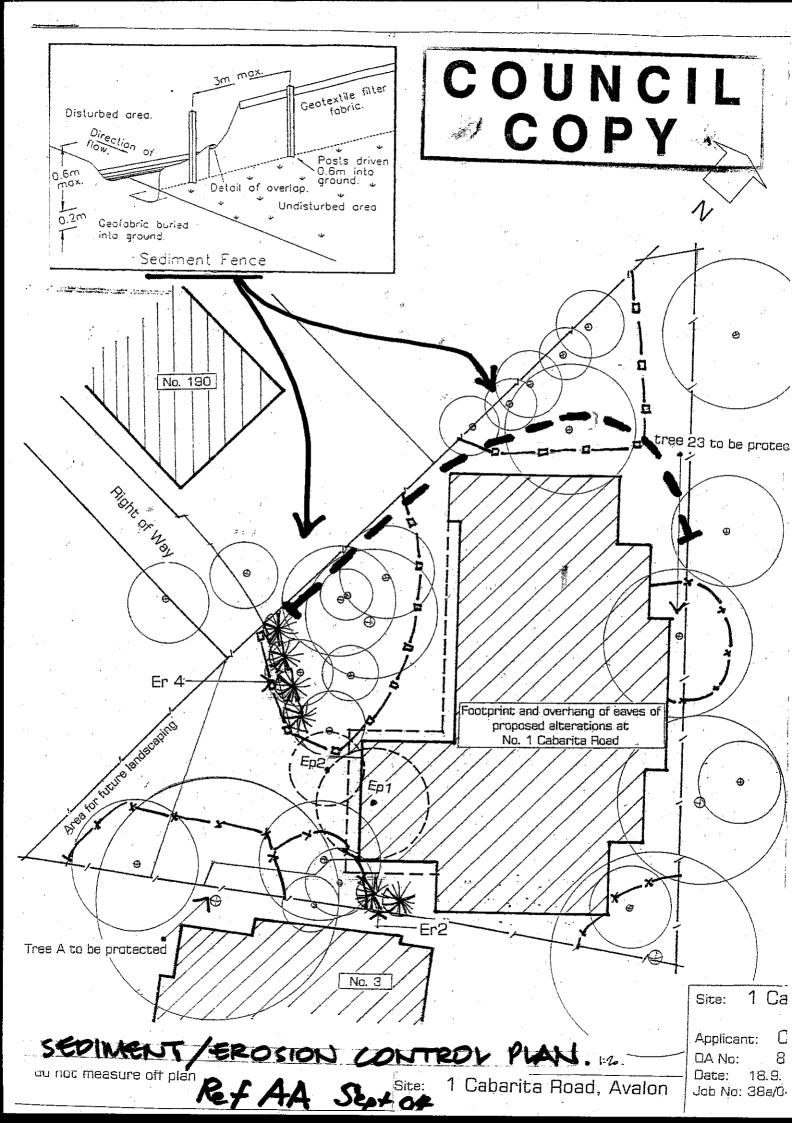
1 CABARITA ROAD AVALON NSW 2107

Applic Reference Amount
GL Re GLSL-Buil \$680.00
DA NO813/03 1 CABARITA

Total: \$480.00 Amounts Tendered Cash \$0.00 Cheque \$480.00 Card \$0.00 Money Órder \$0.00 Agency Rec \$0.00 Total \$680.00 Rounding \$0.00 Change \$0.00 Nett \$680.00

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- 10 WIND LOADS AREIN ACCORDANCE WITH AS1170.2 AND ARE BASED ON A BASIC WIND VELOCITY VA. OF 45 M/S, REGION A2 AND TERRAIN CATEGORY 3
 - 11 THE RELEVANT PROVISIONS OF AS1170 4 HAVE REEV APPLIED FOR EARTHOUAGE DESIGN CATEGORY HI WITH STE FACTOR (\$) OF 10 AND GROUND ACCELERATION (4) OF 0.08

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- FILL WITH GROUT ALL CANTIES IN MASO: ITY BELOW ADJACENT GROUND LEVEL (INTERNAL OR EXTERNAL)
- FOR MASONEY BUPPORTING SLABS AND SE ANS, PRONTE, A LAYER OF MORTAR TROWELLED LEVEL AND TWO LAYERS OF BITAMMOUS FELT (OR EQUAL) BETWEIN THIS SURFACE AND THE CONCRETEUNO

 - PLACE A LAYER OF BITURANOUS PETTION EQUAL, ON TOP OF SLASS DEFORE BUILDING UNREINFORCED MASONINY OVER.

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 - 23 EMSIRE, ALI STACICIO MATGRAIS AND EQUIPMENT ARE ALICOLATELY ROOPED AND SAPPORTIZD THROUGHTHE FLOORS TO AVOID OVERLOAD AT ARY STACE DURING CONSTRUCTION
 - AWIND-MIE MAM, INSTOREY COKERACTION HAST PROTEWN, WAIL PROSESAM, POURSON, LIKEN THEREE, ERELE, EREN, WHIE ELONG BROLE, CAST PROSESAM, POURSON THE STANDARD CAST ROOMS SAUGHT. TETAK AMOUNT WAS TOUR THEN SO THE WORKEN SAUGHT. THE BONDERS TO RES. SUDMICE AND ELONG PRICE MOSEDARES FING TO COMPILE OF THE SENDERS AND THE SAUGHT. THE SENDERS THE SENDERS AND THE SENDERS FINE SE
- DO NOT DESIGN THE FORMONICK TO RESTRAINED OF SUPPORT FROM THE PERMANENT STRUCTURE WITHOUT PROPERFOUND FROM THE ENGINEER.
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- PROVICE UPWADO CAMBER TO COURRE EDAGE OF FORMANDIA, TO CUMBLEDIESS OF JUTAWOMBER IN PREPENDENCIN DE PRODUCCIOU CON WALLE DAGE PROVINCE UPWARD CHARGE OF SONVANDO TO FORMATOR OF ALL SALES AND PROVINCE WARNING PROBLEGIES OF GOVERNO TO FORMATOR PRESIDENSEED MANTINE THE SALE AND EAULEPIESS OF GOVERNO THE NOT PRESIDENSEED
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- 11. ALL GALVANSEDRENFORCEMBYT AND CAST IN GALVANSED STEB, FITHAGS STALL BE PASSWITED IN 0.2%, SOCIUM DICHROMATE SOCUTION TO BE APPLIED BY THE GALVANISM
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- 3 DONUT PLACE CONCRETE WHEN THE WATER EVAPORATION RATE IS LIKELY TO EXCRED I MAGNITIN ACCORDANCE WITH A CELERIE EMPTRATION CHART. UNLESS APPROVED PRECAUTIONS ASAINST PREJATURE ERYDNS ARE PROVIDED
 - 4 SIZES OF CONCRETE BLEMENTS DO NOT INCLUDE THOOMESS OF APPLIED PHYSIES

- 20 YE ALL UNSUPPORTED BARS TO MI2-480 UMD

- 5. BEAM DEPTHS ARE WRITTEN FIRST AND INCLUDE SLAG THICKNESS
- 8 PLA FEBRYCHZEMENT SHALL BET TO AGAIN LIND OBTIVAN TEST THE TOTAL CANDER ACCEPTOR THE SHALL SHALL CANDER ACCEPTOR THE SHALL SHALL CANDER ACCEPTOR THE SHALL CANDER ACCEPTOR THE TOTAL SHALL CANDER ACCEPTOR THE TOTAL SHALL CANDER ACCEPTOR THE TOTAL SHALL CANDER ACCEPTOR TO ACCEPTOR TOTAL SHALL CANDER ACCEPTOR THAT THE DESIRED FROM TO CASSIBLATION OF MENTAN THE DESIRED FROM THE TOTAL SHALL CANDER ACCEPTOR THAT CANDER ACCEPTOR THAT CANDER SHALL CA
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- IL FEOREX LASS CRUY AT LOCATIONE SHOWNUND LATING LESS THAN SEE FAREFURD.

- T CONFORM TO ASSESS EXCEPT WHERE VARIED BY THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- 7 LOCATE CONDUITS AND PIPES ONLY IN THE MIDICE ONE-THIRD OF THE SLAB OR BESMITEPTH AND WITH A CLEAR SPACING OF NOT LESS THAN THREE COMOUNT DAMKETERS
- - DO NOT BACKFILL RETAINING WALLS (OTHER THAN CONVENTIONAL CANTILLEUER WALLS) UNTIL FLOOR COMERFLICTION AT TOP AND BOTTOM OF WALLS IS FINISHED.

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- H FLAZ FREE DRAWAN, GRAND, AR MATICAN, BEHINDRITHAINS: "INLISTOR ANAMAM HIGHES, OF AD MANAMAMAN SOCKER, OF HIS OF ANY FROM HEE, OF WALT TO GROUNDLIED FICH GAINNES, THROCKES IS, LAW MECHANICA, ELDOLERICH SHALL NO. RESIDANTION CHARLES, OF ANY RETAINS, WHE TRETTE BACGALL IS EREQUIED? TO ANY ENTRY RETAINED TO MAKE TO ANY CONDUCTOR SOUNDLIES FOR ANY CHARLES OF THE RECORD IS FIRED TO ANY CHARLES. OF THE PROCESS OF THE DRAW ANAMAM LANGES OF STEINES THAT A DEMINISE SYSTEMS HIPPLOC
 - 12 PLACE PROGRESSIVELY GRADED AGGREGATES LOCALLY AT WEEP HOLES TO BASHARIFPRE LOGARAGE AND PREVENT THE EGRESS OF THE FINE MATERIAL

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SED, EXTERNAL WITHIN F COASTLINE, IN CONTACT AGGRESSIVE, SDIL OR CUSTRIAL LOCATION	283	aunsource	¥	Æ

- - PROVIDE FIRM PROPPING TO CANTLEVER SLASS AND BEAMS WHICH ARE NOT PRESTRESSED FOR A MINIMARYOF 28 DRYS.

- FILLING VEGINATHE CONTRACTIONS ASSACIACES WHERE THE SUPERIOR SOCIAL CONSIST OF CONFROLEDING CONSIST OF CONTROLEDING CONSIST OF CONTROLEDING CONTRACTION OF SUPERIOR CONTRACTIO

7 PROVIZE MANULUM GARA CONTINUOUS FULET WALDS TYPE SPUSING EADON ELECTRODES, MAD 8465 GOLTS MAD 10 THICK PLATES FOR CONNECTIONS. LIND DO NOT USE LESS THAN 2 BOLTS IN ANY CONNECTION

16 USE SHEMB RATE CONNECTORS IN PAIRE, ONE ON EACH FACE OF THE JOHN THISTALL THEM STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANAFACTURBER'S INSTRUCTIONS

9 PROTECT ALL CONNECTORS, BOLTS AND WASHERS BY HOT-DIP GALVANIZINS OF SIMLAR 1140

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- ALL CAVITY CONSTRUCTION ARE TO TYPICALLY HAVE MEDIUM DUTY WALL THES UNSTALLED TO ASSTRO WHERE EXPOSED TO YAND CATEGORY 10R 2 FEARY DUTY WALL THES ARE TO BE INSTALLED
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- 6 HARDCOME, ROUZBASE OR BUBBASE MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO ROADS WOUT NAFFOLK CHITH SECONGLATION 80% UND. IF REQUESSIED SUBMIT TO THE DIRENESS FOR TESTING A REPRESENTATIVE SMAPLE OF 01 GLBG NETRESS TO CHECK SCHOLOGAFORM TY.

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TAYLOR & HERBETT ASSOCIATES PTY LTD IS THE DWAREN OF THE COPPRISOR THE THIS DRAWING. THE DWAREN OF THE PROPERTY OTHER PURPOSE WITHOUT THE WASTING ASSENTOF TRANSPORT & SECURITIES FOR THE PROPERTY ASSOCIATES FOR THE PURPOSE FOR THE

18. PROVIDE LIPYRAD CAMBER OF 1 IN 500 TO ALL REMIS AND TRUSSES OVER 6000 SPAN UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED OR APPROVED BY THE ENSINEE

- DO NOT CONSTRUCT CHASES OR RECEISES IN STRUCTURAL WALLS WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER
- FOR KEINFORCED GROUTED MASOWRY CAVITIES OR CORRESPROVADE SOFTI CLEAR COVER PROMFACE OF GROUT TO STAFACE OF REMATORCEMENT

- 29 BILBORY GELLEK CONNEA PRONTY CLAULON HOLES AV DE ECOTION OF NEL CORLES PARCHINEN CLAUNCE OUT ON BACKAR BOOT TAKE ARE THE VAN THE MICHAEL CHANGE OF THE CORCUME TO GREAT MAY THE HE MICHAEL STATE WHITH THE STATE OF THE CARLES AND THE HE MICHAEL THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE CARLES AND THE HE MICHAEL THE STATE OF THE STATE O
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EDBE LISTANCE BETWEEN HAILS ALONG GRAIN BETWEEN HAILS ACHOOS DRAIN

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- RE-TIGHTEN ALL BOLTS AT THE COMPLETION OF THE CONTRACT AND AT THE END OF THE MAINTBUANCE PERIOD WHERE PRACTICABLE
- SUBATTINO COPIES OF SHOP DRAMMOS OF TIMBER TRUSSES FOR REVIEW SHOWING THE DESIGN LOADS ON THE ROOF AND CEILING. PRECAMBER, AND TRUSS NOCE FOURT LOADS PROVINCE LIPWARD CAMBER TO TRUSSES EQUAL TO SPANZSOLAD.

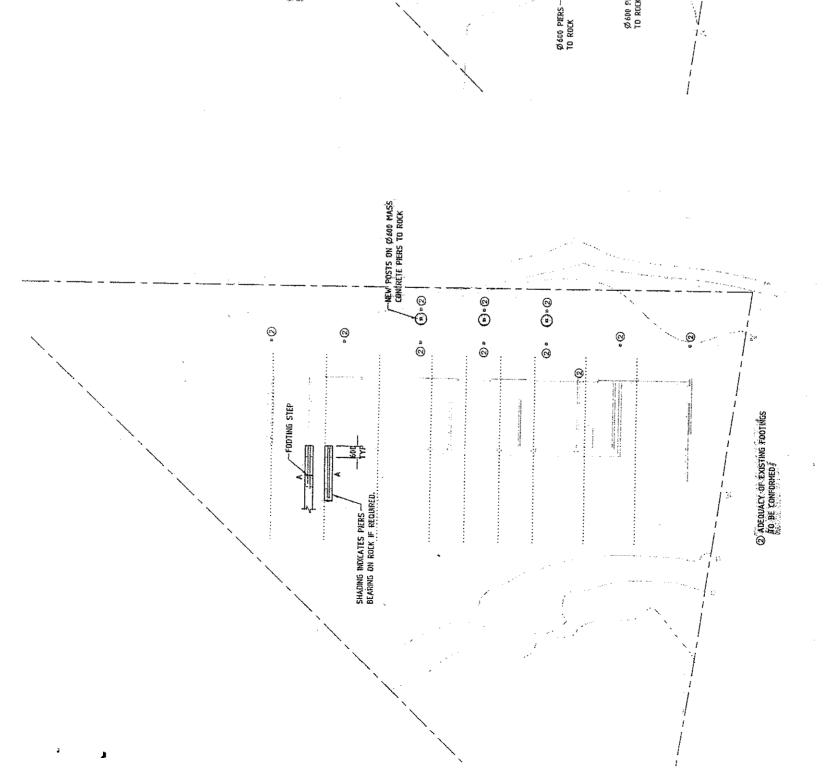
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an standards.	and relevant Australian standards.
thereby state that this drawing structurally complies with the conditions of development consent, the provisions of the Building Code of Australia	hereby state that this drawing so development consent. The provision
urther I am appropriately qualified to certify this component of the project.	uther i am appropriately qualified
1043	MEAust CPEng Membership No. 158043
Alfications NPER	hold the following qualifications NPER
UCTURAL ENGINEER	am a qualified STRUCTURAL ENGINEER
DRAWING CERTIFICATION	DRAWING

- For Taylor and Herbert Associates Pty Ltd DATE
- SEE FORM 2 CERTIFICATION Property About the Charles Policy **ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO** CLIENT MR & MRS C SHAW 1 CABARITA ROAD AVALON FILLY EXPOSED STEEL WERRYWITH ANY PART EXPOSED TO THE PARTILLY EXPOSED TO THE PARTILLY EXPOSED TO THE PARTILLY EXPOSED STEEL WERR PRESCUENTANCE THE RESPICTANCE TO STEEL WERR PRESCUENT AND THE RESPICTANCE FOR EXPOSERS IN CONTINUES GROWERS AND CONTINUES EXPOSED STEELING BUILDING BUILDING STRANGES ARRACONTHINGS BUILDINGS.

SCALES As Shown REV. NO. SHEET GENERAL NOTES debign kfm drawn rjt

\$01 031001 DWG, NO. JOB NO. DATE Sep '04 APPD ACN 097 506 522

TAYLOR and HERBERT ASSOCIATES PTY LTD UNIT 47, 6 INGLEWOOD PL, BAULKHAM HILLS 2133 PH (02) 9629 3255 by lorandherbert@ozemsil.com.au



LOWER LEVEL - FOOTING PLAN SCALE 1:00

NOTES.
AREAS SHOWN SHADED ARE TO BEAR MINIMUM 350 INTO 700KPA
BEARMOT CAPACITY ROCK.
WHERE ROCK SURFACE IS LOCATED AT EXCESSIVE DEPTH REFER
TO ENGNEER FOR ATTERNATIVE CONSTRUCTION.
A - TYPE A FOOTING BEAM.

COCO COPY

O Z Z C S

PLEASE NOTE: The stamping of this plan by Insight Development Consultants Pty Ltd does not relieve the Applicants responsibility to obtain approval from Sydney Water or other utilities prior to the commencement of any works. Dial Before You Dig 1100

CONSULTANTS PTY LTD INSIGHT DEVELOPMENT

20011319.2

10 P

Ø600 MASS CONCRETE-Piers to rock

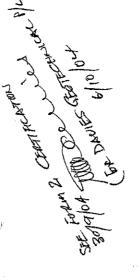
PLEASE NOTE: The stamping of this Engineers of their responsibility to ensure plan by Insight Development Consultants Structural Details C.C. No. 2004/3.30. Pty Ltd does not relieve the Structural the structural adequacy of this project.

Θ

Θ

ADEQUALY OF EXISTING FOOTINGS TO BE CONFIRMED

1000x1000x400



DNIRA 8 OST (JAJIQYT)

MIN 825×230 NEW-BRICKWORK

UNDERPIN EXISTING DOWN TO ROCK

825x110 ENGAGED

0

am a qualified , STRUCTURAL ENGIN

hold the following qualifications NPER MIEAust CPEng Membership No. 158043

I hereby state that firs drawfug structurally complex with the condition development consent, the provisions of the Building Code of Australiand relevant Australians standards.

Nama KARL MATISZIK Signature For Taylor and Herbert A

DESCRIPTION REV.

LIVING LEVEL - FOOTING PLAN SCALE 1100

(I) SUPPORTED ON WALLS BELOW - ADEQUACY OF EXISTING TO BE CONTRINED

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO 1 CABARITA ROAD AVALON 8

MR & MRS C SHAW

OLIENT

FOOTING PLANS SHEET

REV, NO. DWG. NO. JOB NO. SCALES As Shown DATE Sep '04 ACN 097 598 622 Design KFM Drawn RJT

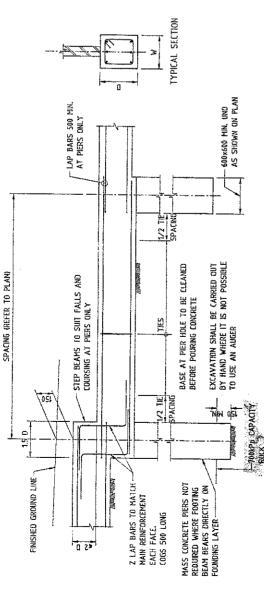
S02 031001

TAYLOR and HERBERT ASSOCIATES PTY LTD UNIT 47, 5 INGLEWOOD PL. BAULKHAM HILLS 2133 PH (02) 9629 3255 taylorandherbert@ozemail.com.au

TAYLOR & HERBERT ASSOCIATED TO THEN PURPOSE WITHOUT THIS INDAMINA IS NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF TAYLOR & HERBERT ASSOCIATES PTY LTD.

100mm DN ORIGINAL

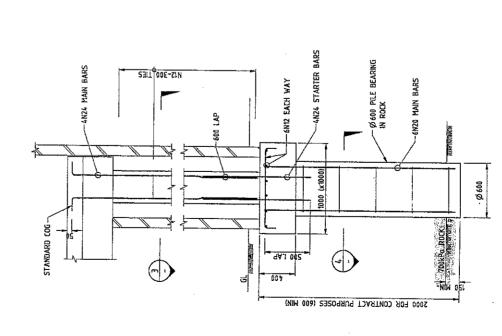
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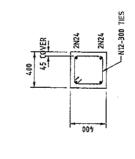


NOTE: FOOTING BEAM DEPTHS CAN BE REDUCED TO MINIMUM 300 DEEP WHERE BEARING DIRECTLY ON ROCK FOR CONTINUOUS LENGTHS SUPPORT OF WALLS ON SOUND ROCK VIA LEVELLING PADS MAYBE ACCEPTABLE - REFER TO ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL. L-WIDEN FOOTING AS REQUIRED FOR RETAINING WALL AND TO FULLY SUPPORT STRUCTURE OVER REINFORCEMENT
TOP
S BARS
T SAYS NIZ 907 3 907 4 MARK

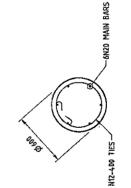
BEAM SCHEDULE

TYPICAL PIER & BEAM DETAILS SCALE 120



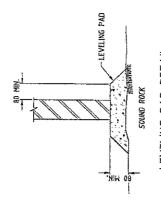






SECTION (4) SCALE = 120

SECTION 2 SCALE = 1.20 S02



LEVELING PAD DETAIL SCALE 110 PROVIDE PIER AND BEAM FOOTING SYSTEM WHERE NO CONTINUOUS ROCK FOUNDATION MATERIAL IS PRESENT GUSE LEVELUNG PAD ONLY WHERE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER)

Date 20-9-08	For Taylor and Herbert Associates Pty Ltd Date
y fre	Name KARL MATISZIK Signature, Kerl Medical
0	and relevant Australian standards.
of Australia	development consent, the provisions of the Building Code of Australia
1e conditions of	I hereby state that this drawing structurally complies with the conditions of
t of the project.	Further I am appropriately qualified to certify this component of the project.
	MIEAust CPEng Membership No. 159043
	I hold the following qualifications NPER
	I am a qualified STRUCTURAL ENGINEER
	DRAWING CERTIFICATION

DATE DESCRIPTION REV.

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO 1 CABARITA ROAD AVALON

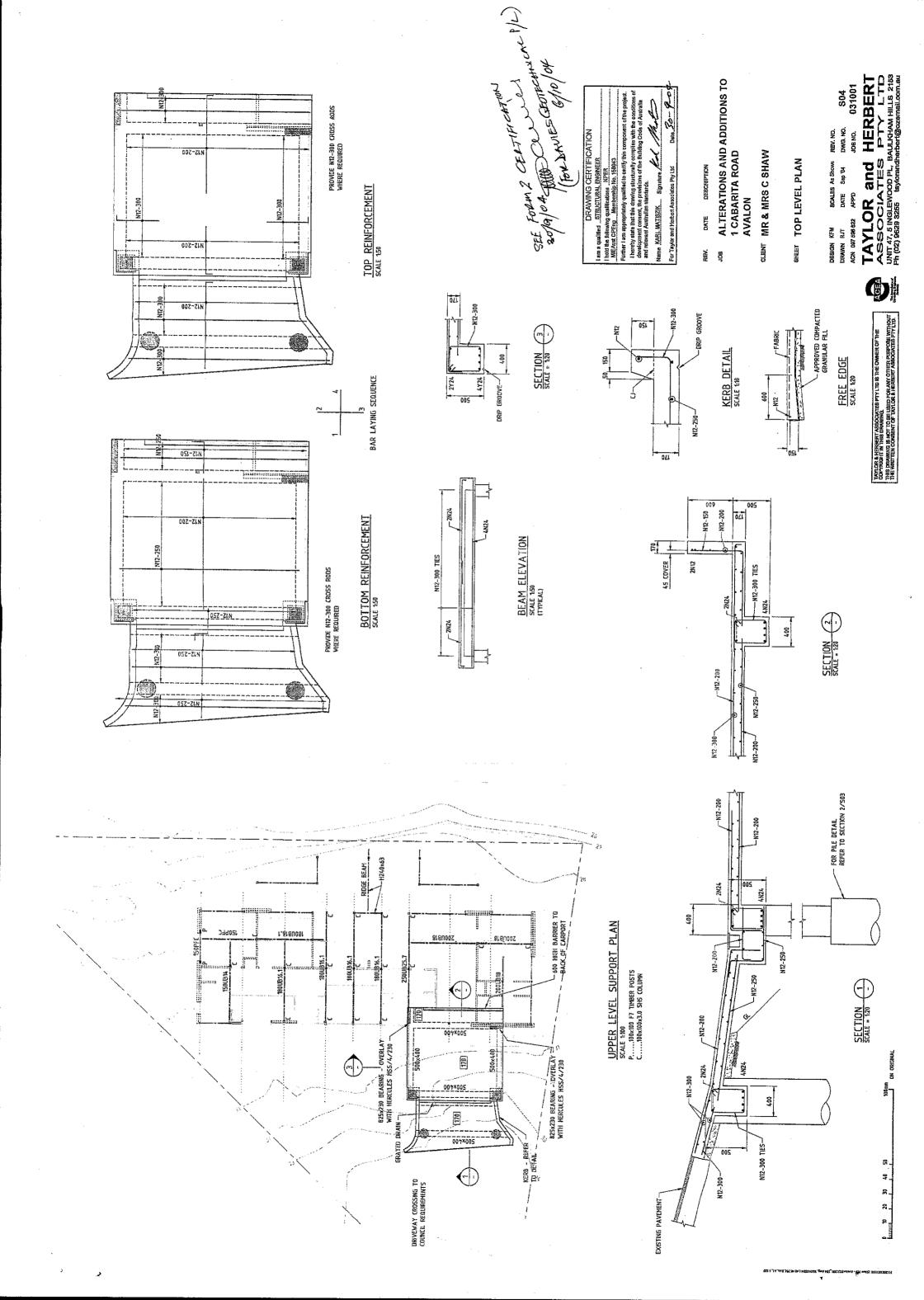
CLIENT MR & MRS C SHAW

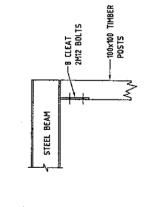
SHET FOOTING DETAILS

S03 031001 SCALES As Shown REV. NO.
DATE Sep '04 DWG. NO.
APPD JOB NO. ACN 097 696 622 Design KFM Drawn RJT

TAYLOR and HERBERT ASSOCIATES PTY LTD UNIT 47, 6 INSLEWOOD PL, BALLKHAM HILLS 2163 Ph (02) 9629 3256 taylorandherbert@ozemail.com.au

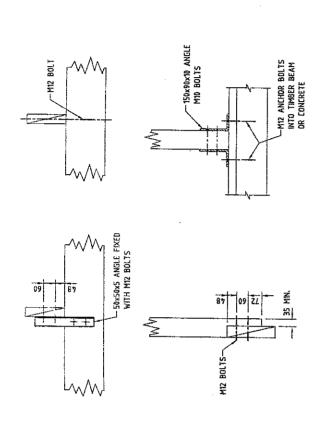
TATION & HENBEIT ASSOCIATES FTY LTD IS THE OWNER OF THE COPPEDENT IN THE DAWNING.
THE DAWNING IS NOT DEE USED FOR ANY CHEEN PURPOSE WITHOUT THE WRITTEN COMBENT OF TAYLOR & NEMBERT ASSOCIATES PTY LID.





TYPICAL TIMBER POST CONNECTION SCALE 1:10

9



HDRIZONTAL JOINTS IN SHEETS TO DCCUR OVER NOGSING AND NAILED AS PER TOP AND BOTTOM PLATE

NAILS SHALL BE LOCATED A MINMUM OF 7mm FROM PANEL EDGE

900 MIN.

12nm F8 for 6mm F14) STRUCTURAL PLYWDDD PANEL TO AS 2269

NAIL SPACING - INTERMEDIATE VERTICAL EDUES 10 BE SUPPORTED BY STUDS

005

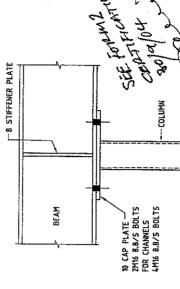
-NAIL SPACING - EDGE (2.8x3) GALVANISED NAILS)

TYPICAL TIE DOWN DETAILS SCALE 1:10 REFER TO AS 1684 FOR ALTERNATIVES.

SCALE 1:20 (4kn Perhissible Load Capacity) Provide number of Fanel Lengths as Required to make up Brace wall length indicated on Plan (equivalent to Type B Bracing in Accordance with AS 1864) Alternative Equivalent Capacity Bracing may be used

TIMBER FRAMING NOTES

TYPICAL BRACING PANEL ELEVATION -



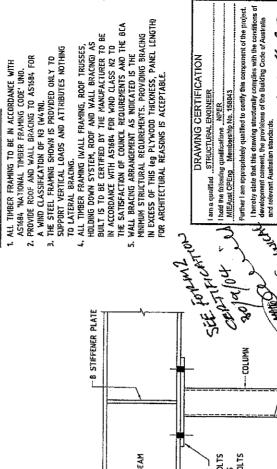
-90x140x30 PLATE 2M20 8.8/5 BDLTS

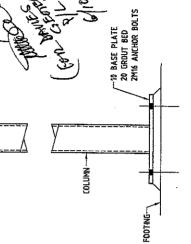
3 SEAL PLATE-

250 1/8

07

COLUMN





120x75x8 PLATE 2M16 8.8/5 B0LTS

3 SEAL PLATE

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO

<u>0</u>

DESCRIPTION

DATE

1 CABARITA ROAD

AVALON

MR & MRS C SHAW

CLIENT

Vame KARL MATISZIK Signature

For Taylor and Herbert Associates Pty Ltd

ROOF PLAN AND DETAILS

SHEET

DESIGN KFM

-10 BASE PLATE 20 GROUT BED ZM16 ANCHOR BOLTS	-NOI
	BASE PLATE CONNECTION-
	PLATE
. SNEL	BASE

180 UB (200 UB

COLUMN

TYPICAL CONNECTION DETAILS





TAYLOR and HERBERT ASSOCIATES PTY LTD UNIT 47, 5 INGLEWOOD PL, BAULKHAM HILLS 2153 Ph (02) 9629 3255 taylorandherbert@ozemeil.com.au S05 031001 SCALES As Shown REV. NO.
DATE Sep '04 DWG. NO.
APP'D JOB NO. DRAWN RJT ACN 097 696 622



The Design Section Pty Ltd Architects • Suite 5/40 Avalon Pde Avalon NSW 2107
Postal Address PO Box 71 Avalon NSW 2107 • Phone 9918 7570
• Fax 9973 1805 • Email G.Watson@designsection.com.au

G.R. WATSON REGISTERED ARCHITECT 3044. ABN 63 003 578 676

23/09/2004

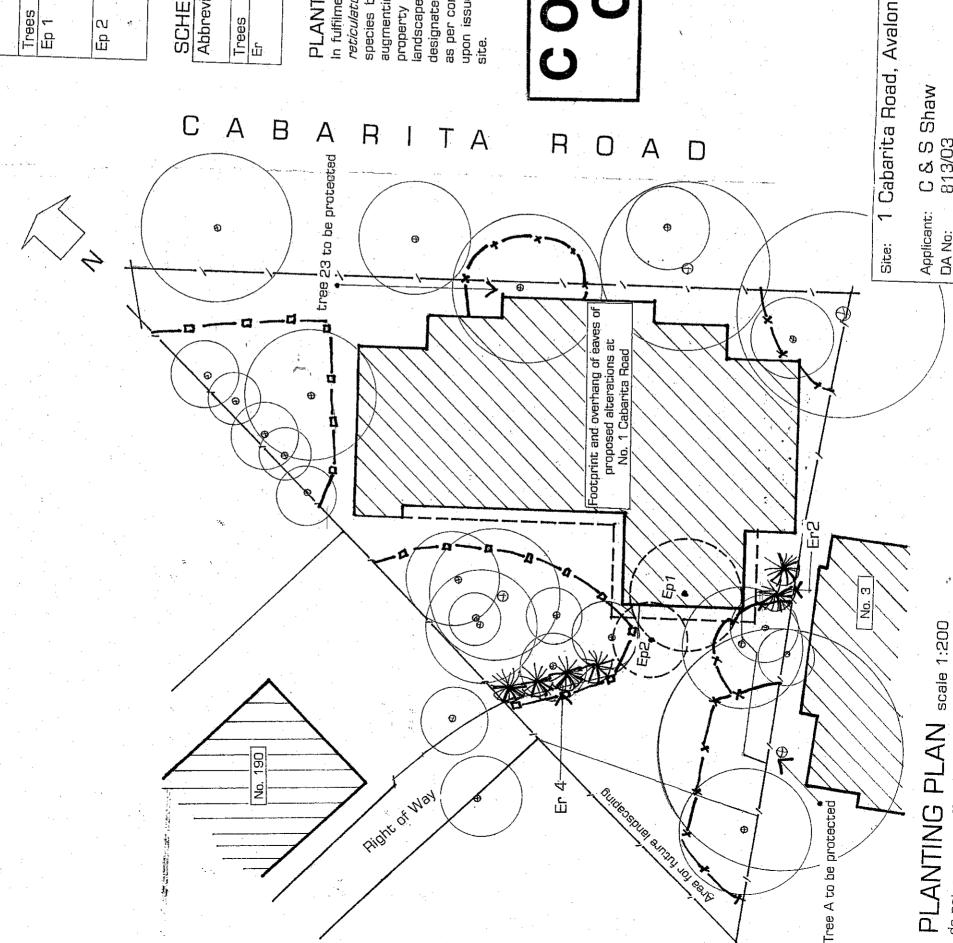
SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL COLOURS

1 Cabarita Rd Avalon 2107

Roof
Colorbond
Windspray
Colorbond
premium

Exterior
Weatherboard
Render &
Harditex
Sheeting
Wattyls
CHINO

COUNCIL



SCHEDULE OF EXISTING VEGETATION TO BE REMOVED For full details of all other existing vegetation which is to be retained please refer to the Tree

oul vey Fiall II	cne Supplemen	tary Tree Ass	Our vey Figil in the Supplementary Tree Assessment Dogget Manage Assessment	
Abhraviation Cooper	00000		וחלפנו אויסיווס	י ואופו יכו לכוחל
	טיייייי פיייייי	Common	Common Height/width Notes	Notes
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-	Encalyprus	Grey	16×5	Poor - Bank inclinion: 22
	nanioniata		_	on Daily Blanching See
	מוויסמומרם	N'ABBITO II		Supplementary Tree Assessment
L C				Heport March 2004 [tree id 131
	Eucalyptus	Grev	10 x 5	
	naniculata	10000		ocon - see ouppiementary liee
•	המוויחוומים	II UII UAI X		Assessment Report March 2004
				יייין די ספילן

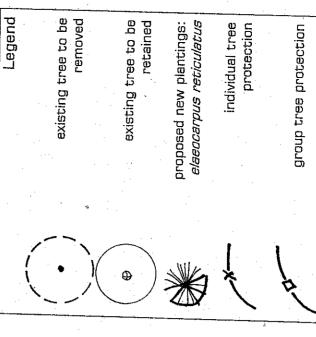
SCHEDULE OF PROPOSED BLANTING

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Щ.	Elaeocarons	Blichonny	C		
		מממחמון א	םומ	200mm	ď
	reticulatus	Ash)
			_		

PLANTING PROPOSALS

In fulfilment of DA Consent No 813/03 Condition No. B16 it is proposed to plant six *Elaeocarpus reticulatus* [Blueberry Ash] in the locations indicated on the plan. The Blueberry Ash is an endemic species belonging to the Pittwater Spotted Gum Community and will serve the dual purpose of augmenting the existing vegetation on the site and provide amenity screening between the subject A pre order of the The new plantings will be installed under the supervision of as per conditions D195 and D195a and will be installed under the supervision of a qualified arborist upon issue of the Construction Certificate and prior to the commencement of building works on designated species is attached to this Plan (Condition No. C2a.). Tree guards for tree 'A' and '23' landscape architect, Leigh McGaghey in fulfilment of Condition No E45. property and adjoining properties.





tollothough

C&S Shaw Applicant:

813/03 18.9, 04 DA No: 815 Date: 18.9. 04 Job No: 38a/04

do not measure off plan

Drg No. 1/1

PLANTING PLAN prepared under the auspices of pittwater council dcp no 23

leigh mcgaghey b.l.arch

13 the circle bilgola plateau nsw 2107 tel: 02 9973 3481 mob: 0439 34 44 54 e-m: hartincon@optusnet.com.au hartin consulting pty Itd

	Development Application for Mv + Mvs C Shaw	
	Name of Applicant	
-	Address of site 1 Cabavita Road Avalon	
)eclaration	on made by Structural or Civil Engineer in relation to the incorporation of the Geotechnica	lissues into the project design
Kar	Matistick on hopping Torcher	. roudes into the project design
	(insert name) (trading or company name)	
n this the	(trading or company name) (date)	
	(date)	
t least \$2	It I am a Structural or Civil Engineer as defined by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy fi panization/company to issue this document and to certify that the organization/company has a cur partition. I also certify that I have prepared the below listed structural documents in accordance choical Report for the above development	
	Geotechnical Report Details:	
	Report Title: GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT/SLOPE MOST ABILITY RISK APPRAIR Report Date: 10-10-2003 , REF. R/03-083.8	SAL, PROSED
	Author Davies Geofechnical Consulting Engineers	
	Taybut Herbert Ass Mc Decarry Nº 03/6 Sos inclusive	0/ - 30/ %
	laware that Pittwater Council relies on the processes covered by the Geotechnical Risk Managem n as the basis for ensuring that the geotechnical risk management aspects of the proposed devel to achieve an "acceptable Risk Management" level for the life.	
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SPECIFICATION

Revision 16

COUNCIL

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If any difference in requirements exists between the any building nominated by this specification then if this specification for any construction.

DISTRIBUTORS: SOUTH Spec PUBLISHING P.O. BOX 3361, NORTH NOWRA NSW 2541

Phone: (02):44460358
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SPECIFICATION

FOR THE ERECTION AND COMPLETION OF BUILDING AT: LOT No	DP No
HOUSE NoSTREET	SUBURB.
MUNICIPALITY / SHIRE / CITY	
FOR MR / MRS / Ms	

The builder must ensure that relative drawings, plans and construction comply with the prescribed construction, the Local Government Act, the Building Code of Australia and that the work and services are performed by the Builder to the satisfaction of the Proprietor and Lending Authorities.

INSPECTION NOTICE

This is to apply only if inspections are required by the Lending Authority. The building is to be inspected by the Society or Bank Representative at the following stages of construction and the Builder is to give the Lending Authority and Owner at least (2) clear working days notice that inspections are required.

- 1. When trenches for footings have been prepared or rock surfaces scabbled and in the case of reinforced concrete footings, when reinforcement and depth pegs have been placed in position just prior to placing of concrete. Footings must not be commenced until the trenches have been inspected and approved by the Society
- 2. On completion of floor, wall and roof framing with noggins in position and veneer walling, but before flooring is cut down, roof covering is laid and wall linings and sheetings are secured.
- When the internal wall coverings have been secured and fixing out commenced, apron mouldings must not be fixed until flashings have been inspected and
- ON COMPLETION OF BUILDING. The owner is cautioned that if works have advanced beyond these stages without the requisite notices being given, inspections made and unsatisfactory conditions are discovered later, the offer of a loan or the terms and conditions of a loan may be varied by the lending authority

REGULATIONS AND NOTICES:

The builder is to comply with the Building Code of Australia 1996 as applicable to the particular State or Territory in which the building is being constructed and/or any amendment thereto and the requirements of legally constituted Authorities for local Government and/or Services. The Builder is to give all notices, obtain all permits and pay all fees required by such Authorities. If any difference in requirements exists between this specification and the Building Code of Australia or relevant Standard that may apply to the construction of any building nominated by this specification then the requirements of the Building Code of Australia and/or the appropriate Standard shall take precedence over this specification for any construction. Where manufacturers materials, components, design factors and construction methods comply with the Performance Requirements of the B.C.A. these may be accepted by approval authorities as an alternative as per the Deemed to Satisfy Provisions.

INSURANCE:

Insurance of the works against fire will be effected as nominated in the Building Contract. The Builder shall at his own expense adequately insure against Public Risk and arrange indemnification in respect of his liability under the Workers' Compensation Act, Work Cover and/or other regulations as applicable.

Builders tendering are to visit the site and satisfy themselves to the nature and extent of the work, the facilities available and the difficulties entailed in the execution of the said works. No extra amount above the accepted price will be allowed because of work arising due to neglect of this precaution, or assumptions made in respect of levels or ground slopes.

LABOUR AND MATERIALS:

The Builder is to provide all materials, labour, fittings and plant required to construct and complete the work. Materials shall be of the standard specified and workmanship in each trade shall be performed by tradesmen of that particular trade and in conformity with current good building practice.

The Builder shall be responsible for the accuracy and clear delineation of the site boundaries and location of the buildings there on. The Builder is to set out and maintain the works in accordance with the drawings. Figured dimensions to be taken in preference to scale. PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS:

Any work indicated on the plans and not in the specification or vice versa, and any item not shown on either plans or specifications but which is obviously necessary as part of proper construction and/or finish, is to be considered as so shown or specified and is to be duly done as part of the contract. Any variations to plans or specifications to be made by agreement only.

PLANS ON JOB:

The builder must at all times maintain on the job a legible copy of the plans and specifications bearing the approval of the Municipal Authority concerned or Principal Certifying Authority.

STANDÄRDS

Where an Australian Standard (AS) or Australian New Zealand Standard (AS/NZS) is nominated in this specification then that nomination refers to the latest revision of that Standard unless the Building Code of Australia references a different revision.

EXCAVATOR - BCA part 3.1.

EARTHWORKS AND EXCAVATIONS:

All earthworks shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the guidelines of AS3798. Stormwater and other surface water drainage by underground piping or surface diversions shall be in accordance with AS/NZS3500.

All siteworks shall be in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act and Regulations for siteworks for the erection of a building, safeguarding All statements state be in accordance with the Environmental Lating and Associations, backfilling, preventing soil movement and supporting neighboring buildings. Drainage requirements must be determined according to the soil classifications BCA part 3.1.1.0 and part 3.2. Drainage in reactive soil areas must comply with the requirements of the clauses **FOOTINGS AND PIERS: BCA part 3.2.2**

Excavate for all footings, piers, etc. to dimensions and minimum depth shown on plans or otherwise specified, or to depths necessary to secure solid bottoms and even bearing throughout similar strata. Bottoms of excavations to be level and stepped where necessary. Grade, fill and ram where necessary to receive concrete floors where shown on ground level.

At completion of foundations, all excavations to be filled, well rammed to ground level and surplus soil spread as directed. All seepage and soakage water to be effectively dealt with and diverted clear of the building. Excavate for and lay agricultural drains to back of walls retaining earth and to any other sections of foundations as may be necessary and/or directed. ROCK EXCAVATIONS:

Should rock of any type be encountered in excavation of the works the cost of its removal is to be considered as an extra to the contract and charged for at a rate per cubic metre as indicated in the schedule of rates. The Proprietor is to be notified when rock is encountered in excavations.

CONCRETER - BCA part 3.2.3

All structural concrete shall be ready mixed and in compliance with AS3600, and unless otherwise specified on Engineers drawings, shall be of the following grades.

For concrete in slabs, beams, columns and other structural elements...Grade 20 LLN O

The concrete shall be supplied by an approved firm and delivery dockets shall be kept on the job for inspection by the proprietor if he so desires. The concrete for minor works, where strength of concrete is not critical, such as paving on solid ground, may have a minimum compressive strength of 15MPA if unreinforced and 20 MPA if reinforced. Alternatively, such concrete may be mixed on site where the aggregate proportions and water/cement ratio can be controlled so that the required compressive strengths can be obtained.

All concrete work shall comply with the AS3600. Maximum slump shall be 80mm unless otherwise specified by Engineer. Concrete shall be carefully handled and placed to avoid segregation and shall be adequately compacted by means of mechanical vibrators or rodding and spading to ensure maximum compaction. Reinforcing mesh fabric to AS 1304 and all reinforcing bars mild steel grade unless otherwise specified.

FOOTINGS; BCA parts 3.2.3, 3.2.4 and 3.2.5

Where sites have soils or foundations of reactive nature or problem sites footings shall be approved by a practising structural engineer and in the case of known highly swelling soils or other unstable soils special precautions may have to be taken in the design and construction of concrete footings. In the case of concrete suspended floors to first floor it will be necessary for size of footings to be specified by a practising structural engineer. Footing sizes to be as per AS2870 part 1.

		Size of Concrete (width x depth)		
CONSTRUCTION OF WALL	Normal thickness of wall to be supported (not more than)	For stable soil foundations Class A	Other foundations not subject to significant movement Class S	
Brick, single storey with wall height not exceeding 4200mm excluding any gable.	mm 270 110	mm 400x300 300x300	mm 400X400 400x400**	
Brick, two storey with external wall height not exceeding 7200mm excluding any gable internal wall height not exceeding 7200mm. ** use 11TM reinforcement Top and Bottom	270	400x400	400x50 <u>0</u> **	
Brick veneer, single storey with wall height not exceeding 4200mm excluding any gable.	110	300x300	300x400	
Brick veneer, two storey with external wall height not exceeding 7200mm excluding any gable.	110	300x300	300x400	
Timber frame, single storey – foundation walling measured from the top of the strip footing. Up to 1500mm height Exceeding 1500mm and up to 3000mm height	110 110	300x300 300x400	300x400 300x400	

REINFORCEMENT FOR STRIP FOOTINGS	Width of Strip Footing	Minimum number of main wires per layer using 8TM or 11TM fabric	Minimum number of 10mm dia. bars per layer	Minimum number of 12mm dia. bars per layer
TEIN GROUNDING TO THE TENE	300	3	3-Y10	3-Y12
	400	4	4-Y10	4-Y12

Where wall thickness exceeds as specified above, increase footing width to maintain the offset and provide additional bar or bars so that bar centres do not exceed

200mm, or an additional width of trench mesh, maintaining in all cases the required concrete cover.

At completion of footing excavations till to the underside of floor slab with approved hardcore so as to provide a minimum depth of 100mm. Such hardcore may be carried under minor interior footings if required. Cover areas as noted on drawings with waterproof membrane allowing sufficient at perimeters to extend membrane up face of footing to terminate under external brickwork.

Owners are advised that foundations and associated drainage of all buildings requires continuing maintenance to assist footing performance and advice is available in the CSIRO information sheet 10-91. It is the owners responsibility to maintain the site in accordance with this document.

TERMITE PROTECTION: BCA part 3.1.3

Where the building is being erected in a prescribed termite area and protection is required by regulation of local government or state authority then protection against subterranean termites shall be installed in accordance with AS 3660. Details of method of protection to be used shall be submitted where required, prior to commencement of building works. Written certification, signed by the installer, that the method used and the manufacturers specification complies with the Australian Standard shall be provided to the relevant authority and owner where required. A durable notice must be permanently fixed in a prominent location in the building prior to its occupation indicating: 1. The method and date of installation of the system and the need to inspect and maintain the system on a regular basis. 2. Where a chemical barrier is used, the life expectancy as listed on the National Registration Authority label and recommended date of renewal. Note that AS3660 and BCA lists the minimum acceptable level of protection only. Owners and/or builders may specify and install additional protection if desired

CONCRETE FLOORS: BCA parts 3.2.3

Provide concrete floors where indicated on plans. Where not specifically detailed, floors are to be a minimum of 100mm thick, reinforced with No. F72 hard drawn reinforcing fabric set 32mm below top of concrete. Floor slabs to be full thickness and free from grooves and ridges. Finish surface in one operation as required for tiling or otherwise to fine finish with float or steel trowel and sponge. Thickness of floors shall be maintained under tiling recesses in all cases. Note that in Climate Zones 6,7 and 8 the edges and undermeath some concrete slab construction may require thermal insulation.

INTEGRAL FLOOR SLABS AND SLAB ON GROUND: BCA part 3.2.5

Grade whole area occupied by floor to a minimum depth as required to remove top soil and grass roots etc. Determine level of top of floor to habitable rooms, a minimum of 150mm above highest point of adjacent proposed external ground level (adjust for fill or general excavation as required) or as otherwise required by Local Council

Council.

The external finished ground surface must be graded to drain water away from the building at a minimum slope away of 50mm over the first 1m as per BCA Part3.1.2.3

Excavate for perimeter and other main footings to minimum depths as shown on Engineers drawings or to depths necessary to obtain solid bottoms and even bearing throughout a similar strata. Allow for sufficient recess for brickwork if carried under main footings so as to reduce the amount of concrete necessary, provided that the fill is retained from displacement under the footings (by a temporary earth bank or similar) and provided also that a minimum of 100mm depth of the same hardcore is provided under all footings in such case, roadbase or ungraded bluemetal is recommended as hardcore, coalwash is NOT to be used. Reinforce to Engineers detail and pour in one continuous operation in concrete Grade 20 unless otherwise nominated. Residential slabs and footings must be constructed in accordance with

SUSPENDED REINFORCED CONCRETE SLABS::

All concrete slabs to separate areas within or adjoining a building generally of timber floor construction shall be suspended. Temporary formwork must be removed prior to final inspection. Permanent metal formwork approved by the lending authority may be used with slab sizes and reinforcement according to manufacturers recommendation.

Suspended floor slabs to have minimum of 100mm bearing on at least two sides and spans are not to exceed 2100mm except where specifically detailed. Solid fill forming may be used under concrete floors (eg. laundry, garage) adjoining the building providing that the level of the top of the slab is not less than 50mm below antcap and/or dampcourse level of the main building. For spans exceeding 2100mm, slabs supporting walls, cantilever slab floors or where beams and columns are used to support the slab, a practising structural engineers details shall be submitted with the drawings and specifications.

FORMWORK: All formwork for concrete shall be in accordance with AS 3610.

PRESTRESSED BEAM FLOORING:

than shown on the drawing or as follows:

Prestressed beams for areas to be constructed by this method shall be delivered to site and stacked for storage on timber packers to avoid damage and where stacked one above the other the timber packers shall be positioned in verticle lines.

Beams shall be purpose made by the manufacturer for this particular project, designed in accordance with AS3600. Beams shall be individually marked for their respective location on the job and positioned in the work to comply with manufacturers key drawing. Cutting or drilling into beams or modification in any way shall be done only with the express authority of the manufacturer or their site representative.

Seating for beams shall be true to line and level before positioning beams commences to ensure even, uniform bearing and such seatings shall be not less in length

Brickwork - bearing not less than 100m Steel - bearing not less than 70mm.

A.A.C. lightweight concrete external walls - bearing not less than 140mm.

Concrete - bearing not less than 75mm. Internal walls - full bearing across width of wall.

Spacing of beams and fibre cement infill panel placement shall be strictly to manufacturers detail. Topping slab concrete shall have a 28 day strength of not less than 20 MPA and thickness shall not exceed 50mm unless shown on the drawings. Reinforce with nominal F52 Mesh U.N.O. Topping slabs shall be continuously cured for 7 days to prevent non structural cracking.

PATHS: (see AS 3727 for guide to residential pavement construction)
Provide paths as indicated on plans. Concrete to be as previously specified and surfaced with wooden float. Excavate for and lay paths to even grades, true lines and curves. Car tracks to be a minimum of 100mm thick and paths a minimum of 75mm. Provide expansion joints in paths at a maximum spacing of 1200mm with bitumen impregnated felt joining strips the full thickness of concrete with tooled V-joints above same.

BRICKLAYER - (construction of masonry building shall be as per AS3700) BCA part 3.3

CLAY BRICKS:

To be sound, hard, of well burnt clay and shale and comply with specifications AS1225 "Burnt Clay and Shale Building Bricks".

To Comply with AS1654 "Calcium Silicate Bricks" and have a transverse strength no less than as per Specification AS1640 "Clay Bricks". CONCRETE BLOCKS OR BRICKS:

To comply with AS4455 Masonry Building Blocks/Pavers

To be clean, sharp and free from all impurities. **CEMENT MORTAR:** To be one part fresh cement to 3 parts sand. **LIME MORTAR; BCA part 3.3.1.6**

To be one part lime to 3 parts sand. Lime to be well slaked before use. COMPO MORTAR: To be one part cement, one part lime and 6 parts sand. All bricks to be well wetted before use. This not to apply to textured bricks. Footing courses to be grouted solid with cement mortar. All brickwork to be properly bonded. laid on full bed and all perpends filled. All piers are to be built solid and each course grouted as work proceeds. Carry up all work true and plumb to even gauge and in level courses the full height and thickness required. The brickwork faces above damp course level to be finished with neatly ironed or raked joints. Beds and joints to be kept to a reasonable thickness. Finish all other exposed brickwork faces with neat struck joints.

BUILD THE FOLLOWING IN CEMENT MORTAR; BCA part 3.3.1.6

All brickwork to underside of floor bearers level. All 110mm thick brickwork. All copings, steps, brick balustrade walls, sills, piers, wing walls, retaining walls. Brick Fences on alignment and/or brickwork under timber fencing also concrete blocks or bricks. Build compo mortar: All other Brickwork, including concrete masonry. SLEEPER PIERS: BCA table 3.2.5.2.

230 x 230mm up to 1.5 high, footings are to be two courses of 350mm work. Where pier height exceeds 1.5m up to a maximum of 2.4m footings are to be two courses of 470 work, and lower portion of pier to be 350 x 350. Concrete footings must be 500mm square and 200mm thick for an effective supported floor area of not more than 20m2, or to Engineers details for solld other than class A or S.

ENGAGED PIERS:

To be minimum of 230 x 110, spaced at not more than 1.8m centres up to 1200 high to support floor bearers and at similar centres to stiffen walls supporting concrete slabs. Piers over 1200 high to be 230 x 230. All engaged piers to be anchored to walls with specified wall ties. **VENEER WALLS: BCA 3.3.1.2**

To be 110mm Brickwork built in Compo Mortar on foundation walls as previously specified. Internal faces to be 38mm from timber frames. Build in 3mm galvanised wall ties opposite each alternate stud, four courses above level of bottom plate, then every fourth course and spaced not more than 460mm horizontally and 610mm vertically or 610mm horizontally and 460mm vertically. Ties to be left open for attachment to studs. A cavity space of between 25mm and 50mm must be maintained throughout. Where thermal insulation is required to comply with Energy Efficiency requirements, clear cavity spaces must be maintained. Cavities and weep holes to be clean and clear at damp course level. All mortar droppings to be caught on paper or other material and removed before internal linings are fixed. Mortar joints on inside face walls to be flush with brickwork.

SPECIAL WALLS: (if shown on plans)

Walling not of timber. Veneer on-timber or masonry to be constructed as per Structural Engineers Detail and Certificate.

SINGLE LEAF MASONRY: (Garage Walls etc.)

Footings as per BCA part 3.2.5.1 engaged piers and reinforcing to be as per part 3.3.1.

Adequate access in the external foundation wall must be provided with a weatherproof lockable door and crawl access is to be provided to all under floor areas.

VENTILATION; BCA part 3.4.1

Sub-floor areas shall be ventilated by means of evenly distributed openings with an unobstructed area of 7300mm2 per lineal metre of external wall. Where particle board flooring is used the unobstructed area shall be increased to 7500m2 per lineal metre and evenly spaced. Ventilation of internal walls shall be a minimum of 22000mm 2/m run of wall. Vents to be immediately below bearers and similarly provide vents under verandah floors and suspended floor slabs. Sufficient cross ventilation to be provided through all walls below floors. No section of the under-floor area should be so constructed that is will hold pockets of still air. Appropriate special provision to be made where a gas bath heater is installed. Ventilation may be varied by Local Council

BRICK REINFORCEMENT:

In full brick cavity walls at two courses above level of the highest opening built into each 110mm thickness one continuous strand of 64 wide galvanised metal reinforcement lapped 100mm at joints and full width of layer at intersections.

ANT CAPS:

To all brickwork and piers, at the level of underside of floorbearers, ant capping of 0.5mm gauge galvanised steel or other approved metal is to be set, projecting 38mm beyond the internal faces of all brickwork and turned down at a 45 degree angle, lapped 13mm and soldered or crimped at all joints and corners so as to provide a continuous and effective barrier against termites throughout the length of the material. Whole of house protection against subterranean termite attack shall be installed in accordance with AS 3660.

TIES; BCA PART 3.3.3.1

Wall ties complying with AS/NZS2699 shall be used for all tie requirements in brick or masonry construction. Corrosion protection and installation of wall ties is referenced in AS3700.

If shown on plan in bricks to match other exposed brickwork. To be built in solid work or where side walls are provided in consolidated filling. Treads are to be brick on edge, or pre cast concrete units with a minimum of 396mm width and a maximum of 190mm and minimum and minimum of 115mm rises.

LINTELS: BCA PART 3.3.3.4 AND 3.3.3.5

Provide galvanised mild steel angle iron or bars of the following sizes over openings to each 110mm thickness (or part thereof) of brickwork, all having a minimum of 110 bearing each end. All lintel angles to be placed with the longer leg vertical

UPPER STOREY	EXTERNAL WALLS	INTERNAL WALLS
Up to 1210mm span	One 76mmx10mm bar	One 76mmx10mm bar
Up to 1570mm span	One 76x51x10 angle	One 76x51x10 angle
Up to 2410mm span	One 127x76x10 angle	One 127x51x10 angle
Up to 3010mm span	One 152x89x10 angle	One 152x89x10 angle

LOWER STOREY OR BASEMENT	EXTERNAL WALLS	INTERNAL WALLS
Up to 910mm span	One 76x76x10 angle	One 76x76x10 angle
Up to 1210mm span	One 102x76x10 angle	One 127x76x10 angle
Up to 1810mm span	One 152x76x10 angle	One 152x89x10 angle
Up to 2410mm span	One 152x102x10 angle	One 152x102x10 angle

FIREPLACE CHIMNEY and FLUES: BCA part 3.2.5.5 and 3.7.3

Reinforced concrete footings 200mm wider all round than brick construction to be provided. Build 110mm brick wall and/or corbel courses to support hearth. Non combustible material to be used for upper surface of hearth with a minimum thickness of 155mm and shall extend not less than 300mm beyond the front of the fireplace opening and not less that 150mm beyond each side of the opening. Local council may vary this requirement. Upper surface of hearth not to slope away from grate. Provide fireplace and chimney in position as shown and to the dimensions on plan. Mild steel bars or angles of sulfable sizes and with a 110mm bearing at each end to support work over openings. Up to the level of 300mm above the underside of the arch or lintel, the back and sides of the fireplace to be constructed in two separate sections of solid masonry minimum 190mm thick not including cavity. Concrete masonry not permitted in construction of inner section, balance of walling to be minimum of 90mm thick. Flue to be rendered minimum 12mm thick. Mix; 1 cement, 2 lime, 10 sand or L.C. approved material. Chimney stack is to be not less that the height of of 90mm thick. File to be rendered minimum 12mm rick. Mix, 1 cement, 2 inne, 10 sand or L.C. approved material. Commer stack is to be not less that the neighbor the main roof ridge and is to be built in compo mortar. The flue is to be 250 x 250mm or one tenth of the area of the fireplace opening, whichever is the greater, gathered over to break daylight and pargetted to the full height. An 0.6mm galvanised steel tray, in one piece, holed for flue is to be set at level of one course above roof covering on the high side of the roof. The internal edges are to be shaped to form a quadrant gutter 25mm wide, sweated at comers. The tray is to project a minimum of 25mm beyond the external faces of brickwork turned up and/or down as required. Where the tray is turned up, a clearance of at least 6mm is to be maintained between the brickwork and the tray. Provide weep holes by leaving open vertical joints in brickwork above tray. Rake joints in brickwork ready to receive flashing to be provided by Plumber. A loose brick must be left on the back of the chimney stack. This brick must not be set until after the tray has been cleared of all mortar droppings.

HEATING APPLIANCES: Domestic type Oil, Gas and Solid Fuel heater installations shall comply with AS2918 'Domestic solid fuel burning appliances - Installation' or AS1691 'Rules for installation of domestic Oil Fired appliances' as applicable. Installation of gas fired appliances shall be carried out by a licensed gas plumber. DAMPCOURSE: BCA part 3.3.4

Provide a continuous run of L.C. Approved dampcourse material to full width of wall thickness on all brickwork at level not higher than bottom of floor bearers and engaged piers. Dampcourse material is to be run in long lengths, lapped minimum 100mm at joints and full width at all intersections. To wall surrounding concrete and/or solid floors an additional run of dampcourse is to be laid, one full course above floor level and stepped down to meet lower dampcourse where other walls abut walls of bathroom, shower recess or laundry. Damp proof courses and flashings shall be installed to give performance as specified in AS/NZS 2904. **VERMIN PROOFING:**

13mm mesh galvanised bird wire to be built into brickwork and taken across cavity and secured to bottom plate. FLASHINGS:

L.C. approved dampcourse material to be built in under all window sills 25mm at back of wood sill and 50mm at each end of same. Flashing to be bent down across cavity and built 25mm into veneer wall. L.C. approved dampcourse material to be built in over all exposed window and external door openings. WEEP HOLES:

Perpend joints are to be left open in exterior brick walls spaced approx. 600mm in course immediately over flashings of all exposed openings and to brick retaining walls, fender walls etc. as required. See Bushfire Clauses for protection of weep holes in bush fire areas. RETAINING WALLS:

Retaining walls not specifically detailed, and foundation walling required to retain earth, are to be a minimum of 230mm thick, up to a height of 750mm of retained earth. Cavity walls used to retain earth are to have the leaf adjacent to the retained earth a minimum of 230mm thick, to a maximum of 900mm of retained earth height. All to be properly bonded (see 'Bonded Walls') and provide with a properly constructed agricultural drain to the earth side of retaining wall. For walls in excess of the above heights of retained earth, an Engineers detail will be required. **BONDED WALLS:**

Solid brick walls more than one brick width which are used to retain earth or are otherwise noted as 'Bonded Walls', shall be bonded throughout the thickness of the wall by either header bricks or equivalent tying. Where header bricks are used every sixth course shall be a header course or there shall be at least one header or

equivalent tie to every 0.13sq metres (every third course at 480mm centres) Walls 350mm or more in thickness shall have overlapping headers or ties to provide a continuous tie through the wall.

CAVITY WALLS:

Walls indicated as cavity walls to be constructed with two leaves 110mm thick spaced nominally at 60mm apart. Where thermal insulation is required to comply with Energy Efficiency requirements clear cavity spaces must be maintained Connect the two leaves with wall ties as per AS2699 set nominally 720mm apart (max.900mm in every fifth course) breaking bond. Ties to be embedded a minimum of 50mm in each leaf. Keep ties clean of mortar droppings and cavity clear as

STRAPS: BCA part 3.3.3

To full brick cavity walls, secure door and window frames with 1.6mm galvanised iron straps set in brickwork. Straps to be 25mm wide and at least 300mm long, where practicable and spaced at a maximum of five courses apart. Set 25mm x 1.6mm galvanised iron straps 1800 apart and 1200mm down cavity with ends turned 75mm into brickwork to secure wall top plates.

COMPLETION:

Clean all cavities. Wait upon and make good after other trades. Replace all damaged and defective bricks. Clean all exposed brickwork with diluted spirits of salts, or as otherwise recommended by brick manufacturers, wash down with clean water and leave free from cement and mortar stains.

BRICKLAYER (Concrete brick) A.S. 1346 - BCA part 3.3.1

Above Dampcourse: MORTAR: For normal conditions mortar to consist of:

1 part cement 2 parts lime or lime putty Below Dampcourse: 1 part cement

Mortar mixes must comply with A.S. 3400 (BCA parts 3.3.1.6 and 3.3.1.7

9 parts clean sand

1 part lime or lime putty 6 parts clean sand

The substitution of other plasticisers for lime is not recommended. Under no circumstances should the proportion of cement be increased.

Bricks are to be dry when laid in wall. When delivered on site bricks should be stacked openly and off wet ground and where practicable to be covered in wet weather. Footing courses to be grouted solid. All brickwork to be properly bonded, laid on full bed and all perpends filled.

JOINTS: BCA part 3.3.1.7

Finish all external brickwork and internal feature walls with raked joints. Finish all other brickwork with neat struck joints. U.N.O.

JOINT REINFORCEMENT AND CONTROL JOINTS: BCA part 3.3.1.8 and 3.3.1.9

In addition to reinforcement over openings as later specified provide joint reinforcement in bed joints at vertical spacings not exceeding 600mm. Control joints, providing a continuous vertical separation through the entire thickness of the wall, are to be provided where indicated on plans or where walls exceed 9m in length, as close as practical building will permit. Reinforcement not to extend across control joints.

AUTOCLAVED AERATED CONCRETE BLOCKS:

GENERALLY: Lightweight blockwork shall be Autoclaved Aerated Concrete blocks consisting of sand, cement and lime and shall be installed to areas as indicated on drawings. Site provisions for storage of materials and for the mixing of adhesive shall be as recommended by the manufacturer. WORKMANSHIP

Fixings, fastenings, anchors, lugs and the like shall be of a type approved by the manufacturer and shall transmit the loads and stresses imposed and ensure the rigidity of the assembly. Block laying shall be in accordance with the manufacturers current published specifications.

plumb, level or dimensional angle must not exceed 5mm per 3.5m of length of member or 6mm in total run in any line. INSTALLATIONS: Maximum planar misalignment shall be 2mm along butt joints. The thickness and width of walls shall not vary by more than 5mm from design sizes. Deviation from

All lightweight blockwork shall be installed using thin bed adhesive mortar to all horizontals and perpends. The first course must be made true and level using a normal thick bed mortar with thin bed adhesive to fully seal the perpends. All thin bed adhesive shall be applied using a recommended notched trowel to obtain an even distribution of adhesive to achieve joint thickness of 2-3mm. All lightweight blockwork shall be laid in a format that the vertical joint of the lower course must be staggered at least 100mm relative to the vertical joint of the overlaying course. A slip/joint bond breaker must be installed between the first course and the foundations or slab on all internal and external walls to allow for differential movement between the blocks and the supporting structure. Build in as necessary all flashings, reinforcements, arch bars, lintels, frames, straps, botts, lugs, wall ties, metalwork, precast units, sills, partitions, joists and the like. Carefully set out and leave openings for other trades to eliminate cutting. CONTROL JOINTS: BCA part 3.3.1.8.

Control joints should be built into walls at no greater than 8m centres and at locations in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer. Masonry expansion ties shall be installed across the joint every third course.

CLEANING:

Take care at all times to keep walls clean. Remove excess adhesive progressively. Clean strictly in accordance with manufacturers recommendations.

COMPLETION:

On completion clean out all blocks, mortar, droppings, debris etc. and remove all scaffolding, make good all put-log holes and other blemishes and leave all work in perfect condition and protect until handover.

CONCRETE BLOCK and REINFORCED MASONRY: AS 3700 - BCA part 3.3.2

GENERALLY: All masonry units shall comply with AS1500 'Hollow Load Bearing Concrete Units'. Masonry shall be stacked on planks off the ground and in wet weather shall be covered with tarpaulins or otherwise kept dry. At the end of each days work the top of the wall shall be covered with tar paper, polyethylene sheets or by other means protected from becoming excessively week. Masonry units shall not be dampened prior to laying, but shall be laid in dry state.

MORTAR: BCA PARTS 3.3.1.6 AND 3.3.1.7

Mortar shall comply with AS123 in all respects. Plasticisers may be used when approved and where tests show the mortar with plasticisers meets the requirements of these specifications.

CONSTRUCTION BEDDING:

All face and end joints shall be fully filled with mortar and joints shall be squeezed tight. Slushing of mortar into joints shall not be permitted. The first course of blocks shall be laid in a full bed or mortar.

JOINTS:

Joints on all exposed surfaces shall be as specified. The joint shall be formed by striking the mortar flush and after it has partially set, tooling with the proper shaped tool to adequately compact the surface. The tool shall be of sufficient length to form a straight line free from waves. Internal joints shall be ironed. Where flush joints are left exposed, they shall be first compacted, then repointed and excess mortar removed. Joints shall be 10mm thick unless otherwise specified or directed. **PATTERNS AND BOND:**

All walls shall be built plumb, true and level, to the thickness shown on the plans and with the pattern indicated, or running bond U.N.O.

CONTROL JOINTS:

Shall be located where shown and shall form a continuous vertical break from top to bottom of wall or from bond beam. Provision shall be made for adequate lateral stability. Joint shall be filled with mortar, raked back 16mm and pointed with a non-hardening plastic filler. No reinforcing shall be carried across control joint.

JOINT REINFORCEMENT: BCA part 3.3.2.3.

Reinforce every 600mm in height and in the two courses immediately above and below window openings. Lap mesh at least 150mm at all joints and intersections except at control and expansion joints where a slip joint must be provided.

BRACING DURING CONSTRUCTION:

Masonry walls constructed in locations where they may be exposed to highwinds during erection shall not be built higher than ten times their thickness unless adequately braced, or unless provision is made for prompt installation of permanent bracing such as intermediate floor or roof structure. Back filling shall not be placed against foundation walls or retaining walls before mortar or grouting has sufficiently hardened, or before wall has been permanently braced to withstand

horizontal pressure. WEATHERPROOFING: BCA part 3.3.4

All concrete masonry walls exposed to the weather or below ground level shall be adequately weather proofed or water proofed, using an approved paint or other coating and applied in accordance with the directions of the manufacturer.

CLEANING:

During the progress of the work, every effort shall be made to keep walls, that are to be left exposed, clean. Mortar smears shall be allowed to dry for a short period and shall then be promptly removed by trowel or wire brush or both. Care shall be taken to avoid damage to the mortar joint when brushing. Mortar burns shall be promptly removed. At the conclusion of the work, walls shall be cleaned down, all scaffolding and debris removed and the wall left in good clean condition.

BUSHFIRE PRONE AREAS - BCA 3.7.4

Performance requirements are satisfied for a class 1 building located in a designated bushfire prone area if constructed in accordance with AS3959. N.S.W. Variation:

(a) AS3959 – Construction of buildings in bushfire prone areas, excluding section 2 of that standard which is replaced by "Planning for Bushfire Protection, appendix 3 – Site Assessment for Bushfire Attack.

(b) subclause (a) as modified by development consent following consultation with NSW Rural Fire Service under sec. 79BA of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 OR

(c) subclause (a) as modified for development consent with a bushfire authority issued under section 100B of the Rural Fires Act 1997

OR

As per medium requirements As per medium requirements As per medium requirements except that:- (a) P.V.C. cladding must not be used: and (b) Timber wall cladding must be fire retardant treated As per medium requirements except that: (a) timber must be fire retardant treated except if enclosed by non combustible shutters (b) Leadlight windows must be protected with non combustible material or toughened glass (c) Window screens must not be aluminium As per medium requirements	EXTREME As per medium requirements except that where bearers and joists are greater than 600mm above ground and not enclosed, all timbers must be fire retardant treated or sheeted underneath with non combustible material. As per medium requirements except that all timber is to be fire retardant treated As per high attack category As per high requirements except that windows not protected by non combustible shutters shall be glazed with toughened glass
As per medium requirements As per medium requirements except that:- (a) P.V.C. cladding must not be used: and (b) Timber wall cladding must be fire retardant treated As per medium requirements except that: (a) timber must be fire retardant treated except if enclosed by non combustible shutters (b) Leadiight windows must be protected with non combustible material or toughened glass (c) Window screens must not be aluminium	As per medium requirements except that where bearers and joists are greater than 600mm above ground and not enclosed all timbers must be fire retardant treated or sheeted underneath with non combustible material. As per medium requirements except that all timber is to be fire retardant treated As per high attack category As per high requirements except that windows not protected by non combustible shutters shall
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except that: (a) timber must be fire retardant treated except if enclosed by non combustible shutters (b) Leadiight windows must be protected with non combustible material or toughened glass (c) Window screens must not be aluminium	that windows not protected by non combustible shutters shall
except that (i) aluminium mesh must not be used and (ii) leadlight panels must be protected by non combustible shutters or panels	As per high bushfire requirements except that- (a) Timber doors must be fire retardant treated OR (b) Protected by non combustible shutters OR (c) Solidcore doors min.35mm
As per medium category except that aluminium mesh must not be used	As per high category requirements
As per medium requirements except that (a) all roof sheeting must be non combustible and sarked: and (b) Timber eaves lining and/or trimming strips must be of fire retardant treated timber: and (c) Fascias must be non combustible or fire retardant treated.	As per high category requirements except that: (a) Fibre reinforced cement or aluminium sheet must not be used for roof sheeting or fascias: and (b) Aluminium must not be used for eaves linings
As per medium requirements, except that: (a) roof light glazing must be wired glass (Thermo plastic or toughened glass must not be used)	As per the requirements for high category attack
be of non combustible materials and ze screens.	
als or devices to stop leaves collecting	his table for all actogories
(C) A e (E) (T) L	b) Timber eaves lining and/or trimming strips must be of fire retardant treated timber: and c) Fascias must be non combustible or fire retardant treated. Its per medium requirements, except that: a) roof light glazing must be wired glass Thermo plastic or toughened lass must not be used) De of non combustible materials and se screens.

- (a) Fire retardant timber must comply with requirements of AS/NZS3837. Some timber varieties naturally meet the Ignition and Heat Radiance Parameters when tested to ASTM D2898 Method B without haveing to be fire retardant treated.

 (b) External timbers in a verandah patio, deck or the like are regarded as protected also if they are under a roof or similar structure that projects to a line at an angle of 30° off the vertical from the base of the wall

 (c) Where roofing systems are fully sarked, mesh protected vents may be necessary to reduce condensation in some areas.
- (d) Where sub floor areas are enclosed termite protection must not be compromised.

ENERGY EFFICIENCY - BCA part 3.12

Performance provisions of the BCA part 2.6 requires that a building must have a level of thermal performance so that greenhouse gas emissions are reduced using energy efficiently. This level of thermal performance must facilitate the efficient use of energy for cooling and heating. This will be achieved by selection of materials and methods of construction of Building Fabric, External Glazing, Building sealing, Air movement and services as best suited to the particular Climatic Zone in which the building is sited. Map of Australian Climate Zones for Thermal Design can be viewed on the Australian Building Code Boards website at

R-Value is the Thermal Resistance of a component to heat and cold movement. Thermal movement is upwards or downward through a roof or a combination of both.

THERMAL RESISTANCE: minimum TOTAL R-Value required for various climatic zones									
BUILDING COMPONENT			CLIMATE ZC	NE .		:			
ROOFS	1	2 - Altitude less than 300	2 - Altitude 300m or more	3	4	5	6	7	8
Direction of heat flow		Downwards	Downwards and upw	ards			Upwards		
Minimum Total R-Value required	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.2	3.0	2.7	3.2	3.8	4.3

BUILDING COMPONENT					LIMATE ZONE			
WALLS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Minimum Total R Value required		1.4		1.7	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.8
QLD. Variation minimum Total R-Value		1.0		n,a.	1.4		n.a	

Special Condition apply to two storey houses

FLOORS	CLIMATE ZONES	6	7	8	Enclosed perimeters and heated slab floors have
Suspended floors without	t - the real consequence of second positrotor 1	1.0	1.0	2.5	special requirements. Consult authorities

Added insulation to achieve minimum R-Values for various climate zones can be: (a) Reflective Building membrane or (b) Bulk insulation or a combination of both Reflective Building Membranes must be installed with not less than 20mm air space between the more reflective side and a building lining or cladding (note: cavity clearances are not to be reduced) and closely fitted against any penetration and or door/window frame, be adequately supported and overlapped to adjoining sheet not less than 150mm. Bulk insulation must be installed so that it maintains its position by not slumping and forming voids and must abut other installation or building members. Care should be taken that insulation does not interiere with the safety or performance of services or fittings. Insulation as manufactured must comply with AS/NZS4859.1 as AS2464 as applicable.

ROOF			CLIM	ATE ZOI	√E					
TYPE	ROOFS	1,2	1,2						[
		Below 300m	at or over	3	4.	5	6	7	8	
		AHD altitude	300m AHD			,	<u> </u>			
	quired Total R-Value for roofs	2.2	2.5	2.2	3.0	2.7	3.2	3.8	4.3	
FLAT ROO	F, SKILLION ROOF AND CATHEDRAL CEILIN	IG - CEILING LINING U	IDER RAFTERS			.,				
TILED	Total R-Value of roof materials	0.4 downwards	0.4 down and u	dup 0.40			40 upwar	0 upwards		
	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	1.8	2.1	1.8	2.59	2.29	2.79	3.39	3.89	
FLAT ROO	F, SKILLION ROOF AND CATHEDRAL CEILIN	NG - CEILING ON TOP C	F EXPOSED RAFTERS							
TILED	Total R-Value of roof materials	0.4 downwards	0.41 down and up)			41 upwar			
	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	1.79	2.09	1.79	2.59	2.29	2.79	3.39	3.89	
FLAT CEIL	ING WITH PITCHED ROOF - CAVITY ROOF	SPACE								
TILED	Total R-Value of roof materials	0.7 downwards	0.35 down and up	0.35 upwards						
	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	1.5	2.15	1.85	2.65	2.35	2.85	3.4	3.95	
FLAT ROO	F, SKILLION ROOF AND CATHEDRAL CEILI	IG - CEILING LINING U								
METAL	Total R-Value of roof materials	0.38 downwards	0.35 down and up				39 upwar			
	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	1.82	2.12	1.82	2.61	2.31	2.81	3.41	3.91	
FLAT ROO	F, SKILLION ROOF AND CATHEDRAL CEILI	NG - CEILING LINING O	TOP OF EXPOSED RA	FTERS						
METAL	Total R-Value of roof materials	0.37 downwards	0.37 down and u				39 upwai		T	
	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	1.83	2.13	1.83	2.61	2.31	2.81	3.41	3.91	
FLAT CEIL	ING WITH PITCHED ROOF - CAVITY ROOF	SPACE	<u> </u>	.,	*				· -	
METAL	Total R-Value of roof materials	0.5 downwards	0.4 down and up	0.4 upwards						
	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	1.7	2.1	1.8	2.6	2.3	2.8	3.4	3.9	

A roof must achieve the minimum Total R-Value specified. In Climate Zones 1,2, and 3 pitched roof material with a flat ceiling must have a Solar Absorpta less than 0.55, RBM installed below the roof and the roof space ventilated by roof, gable, eaves or ridge vents that allow an unobstructed air flow with no dead air spaces, Vents must have a total fixed open area of not less than 1% of the ceiling area. OR not less than 2 wind driven ventilators in association with fixed vents

subject to approval.

TYPICAL SOLAR ABSORPTANCE VALUES OF COLOURED ROOFS

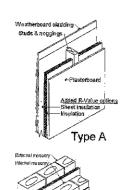
Light Grey 0.45 Slate (dark grey) Red, Green 0.9 0.35 0.75 Zinc Aluminium (dull) 0.55off white Light Cream Yellow, Buff Galvanised steel (dull) 0.55

EXTERNAL WALLS

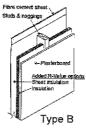
An external wall must achieve the minimum Total R-Value for the relevant Climate Zone or in Climate Zones 1,2 and 3 to be shaded by a verandah, balcony, carport An external wall must achieve the minimum Total H-value for the relevant climate Zone or in climate Zones 1,2 and 3 to be shaded by a verandah, balcony, carport eaves and gutter or the like. The horizontal projection from the external face of the building must be not less than one quarter of the overall height of the wall measured from the internal floor vertically to the underside of the projection. This applies to all stories. NOTE: In Climate Zones 4,5,6,7 and 8 all walls must achieve a surface density of not less than 220 Kg/m2 and in Climate Zone 6 be constructed on a flooring system that is in direct contact of ground i.e. concrete slab or in Climate Zones 6,7, and 8 incorporate insulation with an R-Value not less than 1.0 to the edges and underneath the slab. These requirements to not apply to South facing walls in Climate Zones 1,2 and 3 south of latitude 20° south

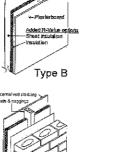
R-VALUE OF INSULATION TO BE ADDED TO BUILDING COM		CLIMATE ZONE					
TYPICAL WALL CONSTRUCTION	R - VALUES	1,2,3,5	4,6	7	8		
	Minimum required Total R - Value for Walls	1.4	1,7	1.9	2.8		
	Total R-Value of Wall Materials		0.47				
(A) Weatherboard: minimum 70mm Timber Frame	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	0.93	1.23	1.43	2.33		
7	Total R-Value of Wall Materials		0.4		5 2.4 6 2.26 8 2.28		
(B) Cement or Metal Sheet 70mm timber frame	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	1.0	1.3	1.5	2.4		
	Total R-Value of Wall Materials		0.54	r			
C) Clay Masonry Veneer minimum 110mm Veneer	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	0.86	1.16	1.36	2.26		
	Total R-Value of Wall Materials		0.52		36 2.26		
(D) Concrete Block Masonry minimum 140mm Masonry	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	0.88	1.18	1.38	2.28		
	Total R-Value of Wall Materials		0.67	1			
(E) Cavity Clay Masonry 110 ext. veneer, 90mm internal (min)	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	0.73	Se	e note abov	е		
() 	Total R-Value of Wall Materials		0.5				
(F) External insulated Clay Masonry Minimum 110 mm masonry	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	0.9	1.2	1.4	2.3		
	Total R-Value of Wall Materials		0.48	}			
(G) External insulated Corner Masonry minimum 140mm thick	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	0.92	1.22	1.42	2.32		
(T)	Total R-Value of Wail Materials		1.73				
(H) Auto Claved Aerated Masonry minimum 200mm thick	Minimum R-Value of insulation to add	Nil	Nii	Nil	1.0		

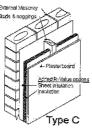
See diagrams next page for wall construction types A to H.

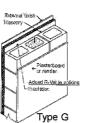


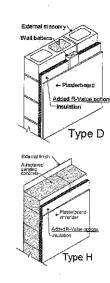
Type E











ENERGY EFFICIENT EXTERNAL GLAZING - BCA part 3.12.2

This part of the BCA applies to Class 1 buildings and class 10a buildings with a conditional space.

Acceptable Construction Practice: The effective glazing area of a building must not exceed the percentages of the building area as per BCA Table 3.12.2.1. This Acceptable Construction Practice: The effective glazing area of a building must not exceed the percentages of the building area as per BCA Table 3.12.2.1. This table defines the maximum effective glazing area (Total glazed area of all windows in a storey) as a percentage of the total floor area of a storey. The glazing area limits listed provide only the minimal protection against overheating (heat flow into the building via the glazing) and heat loss (through the glazing) in cold conditions. The heat loss or gain can be controlled by siting of windows, shading, use of protective films, double glazing with air or gas fill in a sealed unit, and size of windows. Window manufacturers can supply windows to suit the requirements for the site Climate Zone and the window construction depends on shading of the glazed area by verandahs, balcony, fixed canopies etc. or a shading device. A shading device must restrict at least 80% of the solar radiation when in use and can be a shutter, being vertical or horizontal except with blades, betters, sets the read by adjustable by the building accuracy. Where processes the permission of glazing times. blind, vertical or horizontal screen with blades, battens, slats etc. and be adjustable by the building occupants. Where necessary the nomination of glazing types, window locations, shading etc. should be carried out by an approved specialist.

CARPENTER

GENERALLY:

All timber shall comply with the appropriate standard as listed below. Timber sizes to comply with AS1170.2 for serviceability and Design Wind Gust Velocities (permissible stress) of 33 M/s minimum. Substitution of some members may be required for higher Gust Wind Velocities and advice of local authorities Building Department or Structural Engineer should be sought as whether design to W41N or higher is required. STRESS GRADES:

Visually Stress Graded Timber: Timbers whose species or place of growth is known may be visually graded for quality in accordance AS 2082.

Mechanically Stress Graded Timber of required stress grade according to AS/NZS 1748 may be used regardless of species.

Seasoned Timbers: All timber shall be regarded as seasoned only if its moisture content does not exceed 18 per cent.

FRAMING: BCA part 3.4.3.

Timber sizes in this specification are based on AS1684.4 Simplified Non-cyclonic areas with restrictions as follows: Maximum wind classification N2 (33m/s) maximum roof pitch 30°- maximum building width 12.0m - maximum rafter overhang 750mm - maximum wall height at ext. walls, floor to ceiling 2400mm. The sizes are for information only and should not be used for construction. All design for a structure within these limits should be carried out by reference to AS1684.4

NOTE: for wind classification N3 (W41N) and N4 (W50N) Non-cyclonic areas with building widths 12.0m and up to 16.0m and with roof slopes exceeding 30° and up to 35°, design according to AS1684.2 is required

FLOOR FRAMING:

Ground floor timbers shall be only of hardwood, cypress pine or pressure treated Radiata or Canada Pine below a height of 300mm above finished ground level and must not be built into brickwork. Subfloor ventilation shall conform to BCA part 3.4.1. In Bushfire Prone Areas special conditions apply. ANT CAPS:

To all brickwork and piers, at the level of underside of floorbearers, and capping of 0.5mm gauge galvanised steel or other approved metal is to be set, projecting 38mm beyond the internal faces of all brickwork and turned down at a 45 degree angle, lapped 13mm and soldered or crimped at all joints and comers so as to provide a continuous and effective barrier against termites throughout the length of the material. Whole of house protection against subterranean termite attack shall be installed in accordance with AS 3660.1

Bearers should be laid in straight and normally parallel lines with top surfaces arranged to give level bedding for joists. Unless specifically noted as otherwise, bearers shall be located directly under all loadbearing walls, except where walls are located at right angles to line of bearers, in which case piers or other approved supports shall be provided for bearers at points where they cross under such walls. Bearers having minor excesses in depth shall be brought to required level by checking out underside over supports. Packing is to be avoided but where there is no alternative, corrosion resistant and incompressible sheet material over full area of contact may be permitted. Bearers having not more than permitted spring shall be placed so that they tend to straighten under loading. Joints in bearers, unless specifically detailed otherwise, shall be made only at points of support on which adequate bearing for both members can be provided and the joint shall be secured by means of bolting or spiking against displacement or separation.

JOISTS:

Joists shall be laid over bearers in straight and normally parallel lines with top surfaces set accurately to a common level to receive flooring. Underside of joists having minor excesses in depth to be notched out over bearers to obtain required common level. Packing may be employed if unavoidable similar to that for bearers, having minor excesses in depth to be notched out over bearers to obtain required common level. Packing may be employed if unavoidable similar to that for bearers, such packing to be securely fixed. Joists having not more than the permitted amount of spring shall be laid so that they tend to straighten under loading. Joints, unless specifically detailed, shall be made only over bearers or other supports. Joints occurring in joists which parallel and support wallplates shall be made at points of support which provide adequate bearing for both ends which shall be butted or scarfed to maintain a straight line. Posts shall be securely skew nailed;, from both sides to bearers at all points of support.

Where floor joists abut solid masonry or concrete walls, they shall be supported on timber wall plates or bearers carried on walling, off-sets or attached piers; where such method is not practicable and height of floor is more than 1800mm above ground the ends of joists or bearers may bear in pockets formed in the wall which allow at least 12mm clear air space at sides and ends of members and provide solid bearing at least 100mm in depth.

Where the unsupported span of deep joists exceed 2700mm, 50mm x 50mm herringbone strutting or solid blocking of 25mm min thickness shall be provided in continuous rows between joists at not more than 1800mm centres.

Housings or notchings to accept bracing, noggings, trimmers, lintels etc. may be made in any face of stud, providing that their depth does not exceed 10mm and the studs are designed as notched studs. Notches into stud depth are to be max. 20mm for diagonal cut in bracing only and providing also that where notchings or housings are made on opposite faces of the same stud, they shall be spaced not less than twelve times the width of the stud apart.

A stud to the side of openings may house house material equal to helf the depth removed depth as providing about the providing about the providing and the side of openings may house house material equal to helf the depth removed depth as providing about the providing about

A stud to the side of openings may however have material equal to half its depth removed over an area sufficient to accept a head or lintel member, providing always that the head or lintel member continues through and is housed into the next stud adjoining the jamb stud.

Studs to sides of openings and studs supporting concentrated loads shall not be cut or notched except as permitted above. Junctions of loadbearing walts shall be framed with three studs. Well blocked and spiked together or with a solid post equal to the depths of intersecting walls.

In brick veneer construction framing of wall junctions with two studs is acceptable providing that such studs are joined at not less than 800mm centres along their height by securely spiking blocking pieces exceeding 200mm in length. Where corners are interrupted by windows the structural corner mullion shall be not less than 100mm x 100mm timber, or equivalent steel section.

Studs to side of openings shall have a depth equal to that of the common stud, except that double studs may be used providing that their total thickness is not less that the required single stud and that the studs are well spiked together. All notchings in studs shall comply with AS1684.4 table 6.1. WALL PLATES:

Wall plates shall be in long lengths to each panel of walling and shall be not less than the size or lower in grade than common studs used in the particular wall

section. Trenching shall be max. 3mm deep unless the design uses span tables based on remaining depth. Where plates are machined gauged to a uniform thickness trenching may be omitted. Where due to the use of different centre-to-centre spacing for studs and floor joists or for any other reason the points of support offered by joists, blocking pieces or concrete floors is not vertically over studs then a 75mm thick top plate shall be used in combinations as shown in AS1684.

Where roof trusses supporting tiled roofs are placed more than 50mm from wall studs, minimum thickness of top plates shall be 75mm unless otherwise specified hereunder. Where top plates are required to bear a major load arising from a roof strut, strutting beam, long span deep joists or the like, such loading shall be only at points immediately above a supporting stud, post or column. Where this is not practicable plate is to be adequately stiffened and the load distributed to adjoining studs by means of super imposed blocking pieces, close noggings from below or other approved means.

studes by means or super imposed blocking pieces, close noggings from below or other approved means.

Where bottom plates are required to carry a stud to the side of an opening or a stud bearing a major load mentioned above the plates shall be supported by a joist, a blocking piece or a concrete floor slab directly beneath the point or points at which such stude are located.

EAVES BEAMS AND VERANDAH PLATES:

Eaves beams and verandah plates shall be provided to support rafters or trusses over full height openings or recesses in walls or over verandahs or porches covered by main roof structure. Any reduction in nominal size through mill dressing or scalloping shall be allowed for so that the minimum size listed is not reduced. The ends of eaves beams and verandah plates that are supported on stud wall shall be carried by studs or stud groups as for heads for equivalent spans. End fixing shall provide resistance to uplift or displacement. Verandah Posts to be not less than 100mm x 100mm in timber F11. If supporting roof loads they shall be as per

ROOF FRAMING:

Pitch of roof is to be as shown on plans and length of rafter to longest ridge to be gauged to suit full tile courses.

Price or roof is to be as snown on prans and length of raiter to longest nage to be gauged to suit full the courses.

Roof timbers are to be seated on timber wall frames, positioned so that they are adequately supported. Where supported on masonry walling, they are to be attached to timber wall plates of minimum dimensions 75mm x 38mm unless anchored directly to masonry. Wall plates to be secured to masonry as previously specified under bricklayer, where straps are used such straps are to be drawn snugly over and secured to top of plate. Straps or similar fastenings to be spaced at maximum of

1800mm for tiled roofs and 1200mm for sheet metal roofing.

ROOFING BATTENS: Supporting roofing only. (Note: roofing battens are not suitable for the safe support of workers prior to fixing roof cladding). Battens should be continuous over a minimum of two spans and their design to suit rafter/truss spacing and batten spacing must be in accordance with AS1684 for the allowable roof

CEILING JOISTS:

Joists shall be in single lengths where practicable, positioned beside and in direction of main rafters where practicable.

Secure to hangers with 35mm x 32mm timber cleats, MGPIO (seas.), strapping of 25mm x 1.7mm (16gge) galvanised iron or equivalent fasteners. Provide ceiling secure to natigers with a shift A serial times clears, with a local secure to natigers with a shift A serial times clears, and to (see 1, start) and the second 2.4m where joist is continuous over two spans, otherwise reduce span to 2.1m. Provide ceiling batters 38mm x 25mm at 450 centres in timber grade F4 or better where required.

HANGING BEAMS:

End bearing of hanging beams shall be the full width of wall plates and they shall be positioned either directly over a stud or their load adequately distributed to stud by intermediate blocking or local reinforcement of wall plate. Where length of hanger exceeds 4.8mm the hanger is to be supported by a beam as for Strutting Beams and the size of hanger is to be governed by new span. (Roof not to be strutted off hangers or beam supporting hanger).

RIDGE BOARDS:

Ridge boards used in coupled roofs of simple construction, where they are not required to be strutted or propped and where opposing pairs of rafters are not separated by more than their own thickness at either side of their ridge junction, shall be 50mm greater in depth than rafters x 19mm thick. Otherwise they shall be 50 greater in depth and 35mm thick

VALLEY BOARDS:

Shall not be less than 19mm thick and of sufficient width to adequately support valley gutters.

UNDERPUBLINS:

Underpurlins shall be in single lengths where possible and in straight runs at right angles to direction of rafters. Where splices cannot be avoided, joint shall be halved, lapped and spiked together at point of support. Ends of underpurlins shall not project (cantilever) beyond a support by more than 25 per cent of span distance of normal supports.

STRUTTING BEAMS:

Strutting beams may extend in any direction in roof space so long as their ends are supported on load bearing walls. Where supported by stud walling the beams shall land either directly above a stud of adequate size or their load shall be distributed over two or more studs by blocking or reinforcement of wall top plates. An initial clearance of 25mm shall be provided between underside of beams and top of ceiling joists. Loading of strutting beams over openings shall be avoided unless lintel above opening is sized to carry additional load.

MANHOLE:

Trim as required between ceiling joists for manhole 600 x 400mm minimum size. Line the opening and provide a suitable cover.

EAVES:

Project rafters to give a soffit at eaves of directed width and fix 200 x 25mm timber fascia or colourbond steel as directed. Where eaves are boxed in, soffit bearers (sprockets) of 50 x 38mm shall be provided, spaced to suit eaves lining and attached directly to outer ends of rafters. In brick veneer buildings the inner ends of soffit bearers shall be fixed to the frame so as to be 20mm or more clear above top of brickwork at time of construction.

In solid masonry buildings the inner ends of soffit bearers shall be located by means of 50 x 25mm hangers from rafters or wall plates. In Bushfire Prone Areas fascias and eaves linings have special requirements.

PREFABRICATED TIMBER WALL FRAMES AND TRUSSES – BCA part 3.4.3

Where prefabricated frames and/or trusses are required for construction of the building, the manufacturers certification of construction according to AS1684.2 or AS1684.4 for the building on the particular site must be obtained. Where certification is attached to truss or framing members the certification labels shall be left in place after erection for approval by the appropriate Building Surveyor, P.C.A, or Council Authority. Timber trusses purpose manufactured for this project and engineer designed according to AS1720.1 are to be spaced at centres as directed, erected and fixed in accordance with the manufacturers instructions as approved. Support only on ends or designed bearing points. Where spacing of trusses exceeds 600mm centres provide intermediate ceiling joists in 100mm x 38mm hardwood (in F7) or 100mm x 50mm (in F8) supported from hangers at maximum of 2100 centres. Hanging beams shall be supported not more than 600mm from bottom chord panel points unless hangers are provided to nearest top chord panel points.

MASSES OF TYPICAL ROOF CONSTRUCTION

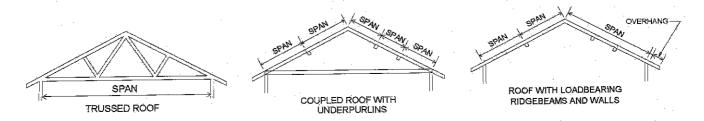
MASS OF ROOF	MATERIAL
10 kg/m2	Steel sheet roofing 0.50mm thick and battens
20 kg/m2	Metal sheet tiles or medium gauge steel sheet roofing, battens, 12mm softwood ceiling lining, sarking and lighweight insulation
30 kg/m2	Steel sheet roofing 0.775mm thick, 13mm plaster ceiling, roof and ceiling battens, sarking and lightweight insulation
40 kg/m2	Steel sheet roofing 0.75 thick, battens, graded purlins and high density fibreboard ceiling lining
60 kg/m2	Terracotta or concrete tiles and battens
75 kg/m2	Terracetts or concrete tiles, roofing and ceiling battens, 10mm plasterboard, sarking and insulation
90 kg/m2	Terracotta or concrete tiles, purlins, roofing and ceiling battens, 19mm hardwood ceiling lining, sarking and insulation

DEFINITIONS:

Where this term is used the measurement shall be the centre-to-centre distance between members. Spacing

Where this term is used the measurement shall be the face-to-face distance between members.

Reference is made to effective roof spans in the tables - the span is an indicator of the mass of roof being carried by the outer wall members. Below are examples of typical spans.



TABLES OF TIMBER SIZES

SINGLE STOREY THEN BOOK

Framing Members Study Height 2400 Fig. 100 x 75 F	SINGLE STOREY TILED ROOF SINGLE STOREY SHEET ROOF									
F8 F8 F8 F8 F8 F8 F8 F8		i _					Unseasoned		Seasoned	
## Struded roof — max. rather span 3000		Span	F8	F5	MPG10	MPG12	F8	F5		MPG12
© 1800 spacing confinuous over two or more spansario date aring. Trussed Roof 9.0 Span. External Wall. Plant 75 Trussed Roof 9.0 Span. Plant 75 Truss										1111 412
cr more spans-load bearing. Trussed Rod op Span. External Wall 1900 spaning continuous over two or more spans-load bearing. JOSTS- 40 spaning-continuous over two or more spans. Wall 1900 spaning-continuous over two or more spans. Wall 1900 spaning-continuous over two or more spans. Wall 1900 spaning-continuous over two or more spans. Wall 1900 spaning-continuous over two or more spans. Wall 1900 spaning-continuous over two or more spans. Wall 1900 spaning-continuous over two or more spans. Wall 1900 spaning-continuous over two or more spans. Wall 1900 spaning-continuous over two or more spans. Wall 1		ļ				i				
1800 125 x 75 2/140 x 35 2/120 x 35				2/120 x 35	2/120 x 35	2/90 x 35	100 x 75	2/90 x 35	2/90 x 35	2/90 v 35
Trussed Roof 9.0 Span. External Wall #200 Span. External	or more spans-load bearing.	1800	125 x 75	2/140 x 35	2/120 x 35					
1800 150 x 75 2/190 x 35	Trussed Roof 9.0 Span. External			ļ.				1	o x oo	2/30 x 03
1500 150 x 75 2/190 x 35 2/170 x 35 2/170 x 35 2/170 x 35 2/190 x 35 2/170 x 35 2/170 x 35 2/190 x 35 2/170 x 35						2/140 x 35	125 x 75	2/120 x 35	2/120 x 35	2/90 x 35
## 450 spacing-continuous over two or more spans ## 450 spacing-continuous over two or for for two or for two or for for two or for for for for for for for for for		1800	150 x 75	2/190 x 35	2/190 x 35	2/140 x 35	200 x 75			
1800 125 x 38 120 x 45 120 x 35 12		1					1			
### PATES Trenched for study max. 3 @ up to 600 centres Referred roof 3000 Span Top Plates Bottom Pl			-				l.			
Trussed Roof 9000 Span Top Plates Bottom Pl		1800	125 x 38	120 x 45	120 x 35	120 x 35	125 x 38	120 x 45	120 x 35	120 x 35
600 centres Raftered roof 3000 Span						· ·				
Reflered roof 3000 Span Top Plates Dottom Plates Trussed Roof 9000 Span Top Plates Bottom Plates Bottom Plates Bottom Plates Systy 75 Syst		F		1						
Top Plaises Bottom Plates Bottom Plates Frussed Roof 9000 Span Top Plates Bottom Plate				İ			l			
Bottom Plates Roof 9000 Span Trussed Roof 9000 Span Top Plates Bottom Plates Solve Trussed Roof 9000 Span Top Plates Bottom Plates Solve Trussed Roof 9000 Span Top Plates Bottom Plates Solve Trussed Roof 9000 Span Top Plates Solve Trussed Roof 9000 Span Top Plates Solve Trussed Roof 9000 Span Top Plates Solve Trussed Roof 9000 Span Solve Trussed Roof 9000 Span Top Plates Solve Trussed Roof 9000 Span Solve Trussed Roof						1				
Trussed Roof 9000 Span								2/45 x 70	2/35 x 70	45 x 70
Top Plates Bottom Plates Botto			50 x 75	2/45 x 70	2/45 x 70	45 x 70	50 x 75	2/45 x 70	2/35 x 70	
Bottom Plates 3/50 x 75		i								
JAMB STUDS- (70/75mm frame) Truss or Raffer Span (9000 max.) Single storey or upper storey ext. Single storey or upper storey ext. Or internal load bearing walls STUDS under concentrated loading © 600 centres notched up to 20 for bracing Roof area 15m² LINTELS*- Raffered roof 3000 Span Pool 150 x75 1200 x45 2/100 x45 2/10									2/45 x 70	2/45 x 70
Trussed Roof 9000 Span 1800	BUMOIII Plates		3/50 x 75	*	3/45 x 70	2/45 x 70	2/50 x 75	3/45 x 70	2/45 x 70	2/45 x 70
Trussed Roof 9000 Span 1800	IAMP CTUDE (70/75mm frame)	000								1
Single storey or upper storey ext. or internal load bearing walls or internal loading with the proper storey ext. or internal load bearing walls or internal loading walls or internal load bearing walls or internal loa	Trues or Reffer Chan (2000 man)									70 x 35
or internal load bearing walls STUDS under concentrated loading @ 600 centres notched up to 20 for bracing Roof area 15m² INNTELS*- Raftered roof 3000 Span 900 75 x 75 1200 x 45 120	Single ctores or upper ctores and									
### STUDS under concentrated loading @ 600 centres notiched up to 20 for bracing Roof area 15m² ## 2/70 x 45 2/70 x 45 2/70 x 45 2/70 x 45 2/70 x 35 70 x 45 ### LINTELS*- Raftered roof 3000 Span 900										2/70 x 35
@ 600 centres notched up to 20 for bracing Roof area 15m3	or internal load bearing walls	3000	3/75 X 50	4/70 x 45	3/70 x 45	2/70 x 45	2/75 x 50	3/70 x 45	2/70 x 45	270 x 35
@ 600 centres notched up to 20 for bracing Roof area 15m3	STUDS under concentrated loading					i				
bracing Roof area 15m² LINTELS*- Raftered roof 3000 Span 900 75 x 75 1200 100 x 50 1290 x 35 1200 x 45 1200 x 45 1200 x 35 120 x 45 1200 x 35 120 x 45 12			2/75 v 50		0.170 45	0,000 4.5				
LINTELS*- Raftered roof 3000 Span 900 75 x 75 1200 100 x 50 1250 x 75 120 x 45 1200 1500 1500 175 x 75 1800 175 x 75 190 x 35 2/120 x 45 2/120	hracing Boof area 15m2		3/13 X 30		3/70 X 45	2//U x 45	2/75 x 50	2/70 x 45	2/70 x 35	70 x 45
Raftered roof 3000 Span 1200 100 x 50 2/90 x 35 90 x 45 90 x 35 90 x 35 90 x 35 100 x 75 120 x 45 120 x 45 120 x 45 125 x 75 120 x 45 120 x 45 125 x 75 120 x 45 120 x 45 125 x 75 120 x 45 120 x 45 125 x 75 120 x 45 120 x 45 125 x 75 120 x 45 120 x 45 120 x 45 125 x 75 120 x 45 120	arding recording	ì								[
Raftered roof 3000 Span 1200 100 x 50 1290 x 35 120 x 45 120 x 35 120 x 45 120 x 35 120 x 45 120 x 45 120 x 45 125 x 50 120 x 45 125 x 50 120 x 45 125 x 50 120 x 45	LINTELS*-	900	75 v 76	00.25	00 v 2E	00 05	7550			
1500 125 x 75 120 x 45 2/120 x 35 120 x 45 90 x 35 120 x 45 125 x 50 2/120 x 35 120 x 45 125 x 50 2/120 x 35 120 x 45 125 x 50 2/120 x 35 120 x 45 120 x 45 125 x 50 125 x 75 120 x 45 120 x 35 120 x 45 120 x										
1800										
2100										
2400 200 x 75 2/170 x 45 2/140 x 45 2/140 x 45 2/140 x 45 2/140 x 35 150 x 75 2/120 x 45 2/120 x 35 120 x 45 2/140 x 35 2/120 x 45 2										
Trussed Roof 9000 Span 900 100 x 75 2/240 x 35 2/290 x 35 2/290 x 35 2/240 x 45 2/240 x 45 2/240 x 45 2/240 x 35 2/240 x 45 2/240 x 35 2/240 x 45 2/240 x 35 2/240 x	i									
3600 300 x 75 2/290 x 35 2/240 x 45 2/24 x 35 250 x 75 2/240 x 35 2/140 x 45 2/170 x 35 2/140 x 35										
Trussed Roof 9000 Span 900 100 x 75 1200 x 35 12100										
1200 125 x 75 2/120 x 35 120 x 45 2/90 x 45 125 x 50 140 x 45 2/90 x 45 150 x 50 160 x 35 2/90 x 45 2/90 x 35 150 x 50 160 x 35 2/90 x 45 160 x 35 2/90 x 35 2/140 x 35 2/90 x 35 2/140 x 35 2/90 x			000 K 10	2230 x 65	2/240 X 40	2/24 x 33	250 X /5	2/240 X 35	2/190 x 45	2/170 x 45
1200 125 x 75 2/120 x 35 120 x 45 2/90 x 45 125 x 50 140 x 45 2/90 x 45 150 x 50 160 x 35 2/90 x 45 2/90 x 35 150 x 50 160 x 35 2/90 x 45 160 x 35 2/90 x 35 2/140 x 35 2/90 x 35 2/140 x 35 2/90 x	Trussed Roof 9000 Span	900 أ	100 x 75	2/90 x 35	90 x 45	anvas	100 v 50	2/00 4 25	00 45	202=
1500	•									
1800 200 x 75 2/170 x 45 2/170 x 35 2/140 x 35 150 x 75 2/140 x 35 2/120 x 35	ļ									
2100 225 x 75 2/240 x 35 2/170 x 45 2/170 x 35 175 x 75 2/170 x 35 170 x 35										
2400 275 x 75 2/240 x 35 2/240 x 35 2/190 x 45 200 x 75 2/170 x 45 2/170 x 35 2/140 x 45 3000 2/290 x 45 2/290 x 35 2/240 x 45 250 x 75 2/240 x 35 2/190 x 45 2/190 x 35										
3000 2/290 x 45 2/290 x 35 2/240 x 45 250 x 75 2/240 x 35 2/190 x 35 2/190 x 35				2/240 x 35						
2000 200										
2/290 X 45	ļ									
								2/200 X 40	41480 X 33	2/240 X 45

raming Member			Unse	asoned		1	Seasoned	<u> </u>
Stud Height 2400	Span	F5	F7	F8	F11	F5	MPG10	MPG 12
EILING JOISTS at 600 centres over two or more				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			1011 0112
nax. 2400 Spans		125 x 38	125 x 38	100 x 50	100 x 50	120 x 35	120 x 35	90 x 45
IANGING BEAMS @ max. 2400 centres	2400	100 x 50	150 x 38	150 x 38	125 x 50	120 x 45	120 x 45	120 x 35
	3000	200 x 38	175 x 50	175 x 50	175 x 38	170 x 35	140 x 45	140 x 35
	3600	225 x 50	225 x 38	200 x 50	200 x 50	190 x 45	170 x 45	170 x 35
	4200	275 x 50	250 x 50	250 x 50	225 x 50	240 x 35	190 x 45	190 x 35
	4800	300 x 50	300 x 50	275 x 50	275 x 50	290 x 35	240 x 35	240 x 35
TRUTTING BEAMS @ 2400 centres,	2400	250 x 75	250 x 75	225 x 75	225 x 75	2/240 x 35	2/190 x 45	0470
nax, rafter span 3000	3000	300 x 75	300 x 75	275 x 75	250 x 75	2/240 x 45	2/240 x 35	2/170 x 45
	3600			300 x 75	300 x 75	2/290 x 35	2/240 x 45	2/190 x 45
AFTERS @ 600 centres - roof mass 60 kg/m ²	ĺ			1 333710	000 x 10	2250 X 35	2/240 X 40	2/240 x 35
ontinuous over two or more spans.	3000	150 x 38	125 x 50	125 x 38	125 x 38	120 x 35	120 x 35	90 x 45
Overhang		750	750	750	750	500	550	750
INDERPURLINS CONTINUOUS SPAN.			150 x 75	150 x 75	150 x 75	2/140 x 45	2/120 x 45	2/120 x 35
lax.rafter span 3000. Max. strut spacing 2400								
OLL SP TITE	up to		· .					
OLLAR TIES to each alternate pair of rafters alved and shouldered	4200	75 x 50	75 x 50	75 x 50	75 x 50	70 x 45	70 x 35	70 x 35
	over	400						
:	4200	100 x 50	100 x 50	100 x 50	100 x 50	90 x 45	90 x 35	90 x 35

NOTES:

- Cantilevers shall not exceed 25% of the allowable span, except that allowable offsets and cantilevers of load bearing walls at right angles to bearers shall be as 1. per Table 4.1 of AS1684.4
- Multiple members shall be vertically nail laminated according to Clause 2.3 of AS1684.4

 Edge distances for some sheet bracing materials may require a minimum plate depth and or minimum stud breadth of 45mm for joining sheets
 For openings greater than 900mm a secondary jamb stud may be required to support a lintel as per tables

SINGLE STOREY SHEET ROOF

raming Member	1	Unseasoned					Seasoned	
tud Height 2400	Span	F5	F7	F8	F11	F5	MPG10	MPG12
TRUTTING BEAMS @ 2400 centres lax. rafter span 3000 nder purlin span 2400	2400 3000 3600	200 x 75 225 x 75 275 x 75	200 x 75 225 x 75 250 x 75	175 x 75 225 x 75 250 x 75	175 x 75 200 x 75 225 x 75	2/170 X 35 2/190 X 35 2/240 X 35	2/140 X 45 2/170 X 45 2/190 X 45	2/140 X 3: 2/170 X 3: 2/170 X 4:
AFTERS @ 900 centres roof mass 20kg/m² ontinuus, over two or more spans Overhang	3000	125 x 38 500	125 x 38 650	100 x 50 700	100 x 38 750	120 x 35 450	90 x 45 450	90 x 35 500
NDERPURLINS CONTINUOUS SPAN fax.rafter span 3000. Max.strut spacing 2400		125 x 75	125 x 75	125 x 75	100 x 75	2/90 x 35	2/90 x 45	2/90 x 35

Where top plates are required to bear a load arising from the placement of a root strut, such strut shall be located only at a point immediately above a supporting stud unless the top plate is adequately stiffened by means of an intermediate blocking piece. Where bottom plates are required to carry a stud to the side an opening or a stud bearing a major load, the plates shall be supported by a joist or intermediate blocking piece directly beneath that stud. Double studs to be well spiked to ensure their action as one structural member.

The above tables refer to size of studs notched up to 20 for bracing. For sizes of studs not notched refer to AS1684.

For doorway openings up to 900 wide where jamb linings or other comparable stiffening are used, common studs are permissible.

Lintels over 175 deep to be seasoned or a low shrinkage timber species used.

HIPS

- Depth of Common Rafter + 50 x 13 less than Rafter thickness

RIDGE BOARDS VALLEY RAFTERS - Depth of Common Rafter + 50 x 25 thick - Depth of Common Rafter + 50 x 38 thick

CEILING JOISTS, HANGING BEAMS, VALLEY BOARDS, COLLAR TIE - As for tiled roofs

For floor joists at 450 centres over single 1800 spans, 100 x 50 unseasoned F8 or F11 can be used. For bearers and joists of other stress grades and spans refer to AS 1684.4 or AS1684.2.

Direct load in relation to top plates is where rafters or trusses are placed within 1.5 times the thickness of the plate from the stud; random load is where the placement of rafters or trusses exceeds that limit. Where points of fixing of studs on bottom wall plates occurs directly above points of support provided by joists, blocking pieces or by concrete floors, bottom wall plate may be as shown above for direct load.

GABLES OR VERGES:

Where open gables or verges are indicated on plans such are to be formed as extensions to main roof with rafters supported on cantilever extensions of ridge boards, underpurlins and wall plates. Extension to wall plates shall be same size as underpurlin. Alternatively the overhang shall be framed with jack rafters set at right angles to and framed into the common rafters.

Where boxed gables are indicated, such gables shall be framed as above but with 75 x 50mm gable studs halved to side of verge rafters at centres to suit lining material and having 75 x 38mm soffit bearers fixed between the lower ends of gable studs and the structural walls as for boxed eaves. Horizontal location for gable studs and fixing for lower edges of gable linings shall be provided by a 75 x 38mm plate-on-edge let into the face of gable stud level with the soffit bearers. Boxed gables shall be securely strutted from the structural wall plate to support the weight of the gable framing and the roof covering.

UNCOUPLED ROOF WITH LOADBEARING RIDGEBEAMS AND/OR WALLS

Rafters supporting	Rafter	· X · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Unsea	soned			Seas		
Rafter Span	Spacing	F5	F7	F8	F11	F5	MPG10	MPG12	F17
Tiled Roof Ceiled									
3000	600	200 x 38	200 x 50	175 x 50	175 x 50	175 x 45	140 x 45	140 x 45	140 x 35
Overhan		750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
3600	9 600	250 x 50	225 x 50	225 x 50	200 x 50	. 240 x 35	170 x 45	170 x 45	170 x 35
Overhan	1 1	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
4200	600	275 x 50	275 x 50	250 x 50	250 x 50	240 x 45	: 240 x 35	190 x 45	190 x 45
Overhan	1	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
4800	9 600	275 x 75	275 x 75	300 x 50	275 x 50	290 x 35	240 x 45	240 x 35	240 x 35
Overhar		750	750	.750	750	750	750	750	750
5400	600		300 x 75	300 x 75	275 x 75		290 x 35	290 x 35	240 x 45
Overhar	1		750	750	750		750	750	750
Sheet Roof Ceiled	•								
3000	900	175 x 50	175 x 50	175 x 50	150 x 50	140 x 45	140 x 35	120 x 45	120 x 45
Overhar	1	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
	900	225 x 50	200 x 50	200 x 50	200 x 50	170 x 45	170 x 35	140 x 45	140 x 45
3600 Overhar		750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
	900	250 x 50	250 x 50	225 x 50	225 x 50	240 x 35	190 x 45	170 x 45	170 x 45
4200	,	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
Overhar	900	300 x 50	275 x 50	275 x 50	250 x 50	240 x 45	240 x 35	190 x 45	190 x 45
4800		750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
Overhar	900	300 x 75	275 x 75	300 x 50	275 x 50	290 x 35	240 x 45	240 x 35	240 x 35
5400	1	750 X 75	750	750	750	750	750	750	750
Overhai	19	100	,30	1 ,30	1 .00		-		

NOTE:

Allowable overhangs are based on a maximum birdsmouth depth of D/3. Where rafters are not birdsmouthed, the allowable overhang may be increased to 30% of the single span for that member, provided that the overhang does not exceed 50% of the actual backspan. Overhang limits are only applicable where rafter ends are supported by a structural fascia.

TABLE OF TIMBER SIZES LOWER S	TOREY OF TWO	J STORET COM	Unseas	enned			Seasoned	
Framing Member Stud Height 2400	Span	F5	F7 T	F8	F11	F5	MPG10	MPG12
BEARERS Strutted Roof – max. rafter span 3000, bearers @ 1800 spacing continuous over two or more spans - load bearing.	1200 1800	125 X 75 200 X 75	125 X 75 175 X 75	100 X 75 150 X 75	100 x 75 150 X 75	2/120 X 35 2/170 X 45	2/90 X 45 2/140 X 45	2/90 X 35 2/120 X 45
Trussed Roof - 9000 span. Bearers @ 1800 spacing continuous over two or more spans - load bearing	1200 1800	150 x 75 225 x 75	150 x 75 200 x 75	125 x 75 175 x 75	125 x 75 175 x 75	2/120 x 45 2/190 x 45	2/120 x 45 2/170 x 45	2/90 x 45 2/140 x 45
JOISTS TO GROUND FLOOR			Refer to	Single	Storey	Tables		
WALL PLATES – Not trenched, external load bearing walls - Joists at 600 centres RAFTER OR TRUSS SPAN 3000 (70/75mm frame)	B/plates T/plates B/plates T/plates	2/50 × 75 3/50 × 75 3/50 × 75 	2/50 x 75 2/50 x 75 3/50 x 75 3/50 x 75	2/50 x 75 2/50 x 75 3/50 x 75 3/50 x 75 3/50 x 75	2/50 x 75 2/50 x 75 2/50 x 75 2/50 x 75	3/45 × 70 3/45 × 70 	2/45 x 70 2/45 x 70 3/45 x 70 3/45 x 70	2/35 x 70 2/35 x 70 3/45 x 70 2/45 x 70
JAMB STUDS - (70/75mm frame) Truss or Rafter Span (9000 max) Opening span	900 1800 2400 3000	3/75 x 50 4/75 x 50 	3/75 x 38 4/75 x 38 4/75 x 50	2/75 x 50 3/75 x 50 4/75 x 50 4/75 x 50	2/75 x 38 3/75 x 38 3/75 x 50 4/75 x 50	3/70 x 45 4/70 x 45 	2/70 x 35 2/70 x 45 3/70 x 45 4/70 x 35	2/70 x 35 2/70 x 45 3/70 x 35 3/70 x 45
COMMON STUDS - @ 600 centres notched up to 20mm for bracing RAFTER OR TRUSS SPAN 3000 9000	3000	75 x 50 2/75 x 38	75 x 50 2/75 x 38	75 x 38 2/75 x 38	75 x 38 75 x 50	2/70 x 35 2/70 x 35	70 × 35 70 × 45	70 x 35 70 x 35
LINTELS Raftered roof 3000 span	900 1200 1500	100 x 75 150 x 50 175 x 75	100 x 75 125 x 50 175 x 75	100 x 50 125 x 75 150 x 75	100 x 50 125 x 50 150 x 75	90 x 45 2/120 x 35 2/140 x 35	90 x 35 2/90 x 45 2/120 x 35 2/140 x 45	90 x 35 2/90 x 35 2/120 x 35 2/140 x 35
Trussed Roof 9000 span	1800 2400 3000 900 1200 1500 1800 2400	200 x 75 275 x 75 125 x 50 150 x 75 200 x 75 225 x 75 300 x 75	200 x 75 250 x 75 125 x 50 150 x 75 200 x 75 225 x 75 300 x 75	175 x 75 250 x 75 300 x 75 100 x 75 150 x 75 175 x 75 225 x 75 275 x 75	175 x 75 225 x 75 300 x 75 100 x 75 150 x 50 175 x 75 200 x 75 275 x 75	2/170 x 35 2/240 x 35 2/290 x 35 2/90 x 35 2/120 x 45 2/120 x 45 2/170 x 35 2/190 x 45 2/240 x 45	2/140 x 45 2/190 x 45 2/240 x 45 90 x 45 2/120 x 35 2/140 x 35 2/170 x 35 2/240 x 45	2/140 x 35 2/170 x 45 2/240 x 35 90 x 35 120 x 45 2/120 x 45 2/170 x 35 2/240 x 35 2/290 x 45

NOTES:

Member sizes shown in the above table are for structures with an upper floor joist maximum span of 4800mm. (for greater spans see AS1684.2) Direct load in relation to top plates is where first floor joists are placed within 1.5 times the thickness of the plate from the stud, random load is where placement of the joists exceeds that limit. Direct load in relation to bottom plates is where stud bearing occurs directly above points of support provided by joists, blocking places, or by concrete floors. Refer to single storey table for upper floor wall framing and roof. For doorway openings up to 900 wide where jamb linings or other comparable stiffenings are used common studs are permissible.

NOTE: Sizes shown in tables in this specification are intended only as a guide to the size and stress grade for a particular member of a building frame. All timber framing should be designed and constructed in accordance with AS1684.2 and/or AS1684.4 Sizes in this specification are based on AS16

Maximum wind classification N2 (33m/s)
 Maximum Roof pitch 30°
 Maximum building width 12.0m
 Where a building exceeds the restrictions as listed above, design to comply with AS1684.2 will allow wind speeds up to N4 (50 m/s), roof slopes up to 35°and building widths up to 16.0m.

VERANDAH MEMBERS:

Base of post shall be checked over joists and bolted or coach screwed to side of joist, or bolted or coach screwed to a metal stirrup with dowel set in concrete. Top of post shall be securely fixed to plates

Plates: Sizes and spans as for lintels, but minimum thickness to be 50mm.

For a stained finish to the above members a timber of durability Class 2 or better (refer AS1684) or one which has been adequately treated with Mote: preservatives shall be used.

PERMANENT BRACING OF WALLS AS PER AS1684.2 Section 8 - BCA parts 3.4.3.8, 3.4.3.11, 3.4.3.19, 3.4.3.20 and 3.4.3.21

This section Permanent Bracing of walls as per AS1684 shows typical bracing applicable to timber frame construction as explanatory information only. TYPE 'A' UNITS (Design racking resistance of 2kN). The following bracing units are deemed satisfactory type 'A' braces

1. A pair of diagonal timber or metal section braces in opposite directions from each end of the wall as per fig (A) OR galvanised metal tensioned strap bracing as per fig (B).

2. Single diagonal timber or metal section brace as per figure (C)

A 900mm minimum wide panel of structural plywood as per figure (D).

Type 'A' Bracing – Pair of diagonals from each end of wall								
Timber	Metal Section	Tensioned Straps						
50mm x 19mm for studs up to 2.7m long 75mm x 19mm for studs over 2.7m long Fixing: galvanised flat head nail 2.8mm dia. x 50mm long to each plate and stud.	18mm x 16mm x 1.2mm min. galvanised angle brace fixed with one 2.8mm dia. x 30 long galvanised flat head nail to each plate and stud edge.							

Type 'A' Bracing – Single diagonal at end of wall.	
Timber	Metal Section
75mm x 19mm min. fixed with two 2.8mm dia x 50mm long flat head galvanised mails to each	Galvanised angle brace fixed with two 2.8mm dia x 30 long galvanised flat head nails to each
stud and plate.	plate and stud

Type 'B' Units (design racking resistance of 4kN. The following bracing units are deemed to be satisfactory type 'B' braces

1. A pair of diagonal galvanised metal tension straps of minimum nominal dimention 30mm x 0.8mm in opposing directions on one side of timber frame. Ends of straps shall be bent over top and bottom faces of plates and fixed with four 3.15mm dia. x 30mm long galvanised flat head nails. Braces shall be fixed to stud edges with two similar nails to each crossing. End studs of braces section shall be strapped to top and bottom plates with 30mm x 0.8mm galvanised strap looped over plate and fixed to study with four galvanised flat head nails 3.15mm dia x 30mm long each end of loop.

2. A 900mm minimum wide panel of structural plywood as shown in figure (D). Fixed as follows:

Plywood stress grade F8

Stud spacing 450mm to be 7mm thick ply

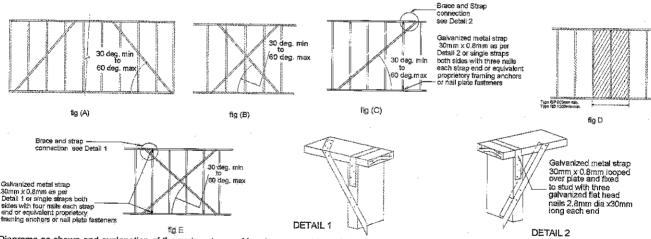
Stud spacing 600mm to be 9mm thick ply.

Plywood stress grade F11

Stud spacing 450mm to be 6mm thick ply.

Stud spacing 600mm to be 7mm thick ply.

Stud spacing 600mm to be 6mm thick ply. along intermediate studs.



Diagrams as shown and explanation of the various types of bracings are not intended to specify bracing requirements for any timber frame construction. All bracing requirements for a particular design in timber framing must be determined in accordance with Section 8 of AS1684.2 or AS1684.4 as applicable.

TIEDOWN REQUIREMENTS: BCA tables 3.4.3.8, 3.4.3.9 and 3.4.3.18

Tie down requirements for timber frame construction can be determined from AS1684.4 Section 9 for maximum design gust wind speeds of 33m/sec. For wind speeds in excess of 33m/sec, design as per AS1684.2 is required.

Tie down fixings should be determined for the following connections:

- a) bearers to piers
- b) floor joists to bearers
- c) Bottom plates to floor joists or concrete slabs
- d) studs to bottom and top plates

- e) rafters to top plates
- f) rafters to ceiling joists
- g) battens and/or purlins to rafters.
- h) collar ties to rafters
- verandah plates and eaves beams to posts

NOTE: Special fastening requirements are required for type 'A' and 'B' wall bracing for connections (c) and (d) above.

CYCLONIC AND OTHER HIGH WIND AREAS

Where buildings are to be constructed in regions B, C, and D as per AS 1179.2 compliance with the Australian Wind loading Code AS1179.2-1989 or the Australian Standard Wind Loads for housing AS4055 is required.

In cyclonic areas buildings must be Engineer designed and/or structurally certified for wind speeds of 205.2 km/hr (55.7 m/s) in Region "C" and 243.4 km/hr (Vy 85 m/s) in Region D.

NOTE: High wind areas exist outside of cyclone regions B,C and D. Clarification of the category of the site should be sought from local authorities.

STEEL FRAMING AND OR TRUSSES - BCA part 3.4.2

All framing sections shall be manufactured from galvanised steel conforming to AS1397. Galvanised materials up to 3.2mm thick shall have minimum coating mass of 200 g/m2.Design, fabrication and fixing shall be as per recommendations of the component manufacturers design manual. **FABRICATION AND ERECTION:**

All structural components may be fabricated into frames and/or trusses in the shop or on site and shall be cut accurately to length to fit firmly against abutting All structural components may be rapricated into trames and/or trusses in the shop or on site and shall be cut accurately to length to it immit against abiliting members and held so until fastened. Studs shall be seated squarely in bottom plates with webs at 90deg, to the face of the wall and accurately located, plumbed and securely fixed to op and bottom plates. Multiple studs shall be used as specified at concentrated load points. Plates shall be securely spliced to maintain continuity. Splices in studs are not permitted. Structurally adequate heads shall be fitted over openings in walls. All frames shall be adequately braced for transport and resist wind loads in service. Preferred fastening is by MIG welding. Other fastening such as carbon are welding, self tapping botts and screws or blind rivers of adequate strength may be used. All welds shall be cleaned and painted with zinc rich paint. The bottom plate shall be securely fastened to sub-floor at centres as recommended and all site connections shall be as specified in design manual. Holes for electrical wiring, other cables and plumbing services shall be manual. 33 dia recommended and ail site connections shall be as specified in design manual. Holes for electrical wiring, other cables and plumbing services shall be max. 33 dia.

flanged holes in studs and noggins where required. Service pipes shall be effectively separated from framing by lagging and be securely fixed in cavities. Permanent electrical earthing of a steel frame building shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the local electrical authority. Where power tools are used on electrical earthing of a sied hard building shall be made during construction. On completion of framing all debris shall be removed from cavities and bottom plates, by the property earthing to the frame shall be made during construction. On completion of framing all debris shall be removed from cavities and bottom plates. Domestic metal framing shall be designed to comply with the load combinations as per AS3623.

ROOFER - BCA part 3.5.1 TILE ROOFING: BCA part 3.5.1.2.

Provide all roofs with first quality roofing tiles. Where pitch of rafters is less than 1:2.75 terra cotta Marseilles pattern, 1:3.7 Swiss pattern, 1:3.3 concrete tiles are used the roof shall be sarked with either 2 ply bituminous felt or double faced aluminium foil covered reinforced fabric as per AS1736. Between 1:3.7 and 1:4.5 slope, perimeter of roof shall be provided with an anti ponding board or device to ensure that all water will be discharged into eaves gutter, a clear space must be provided perimeter of roof shall be provided with an anti-ponding board or device to ensure that all water will be discharged into eaves gutter, a clear space must be provided between edge of the device and the lowest side of the first batten so as to allow a free flow of water into the gutter. Where one section of the roof discharges into a lower section, the discharge is to be widely distributed, and the roof is to be fully sarked. Elsewhere, where a spreader is used the roof shall be sarked from the point of discharge to Eaves with a minimum width of 1800mm approved sarking. Cover all ridges and hips with capping, starters and apex caps necessary and bed all capping and verge tiles on lime mortar and point with coloured cement mortar.

TERRA COTTA TILES:

To be glazed and manufactured in accordance with AS 2049. To be fixed to timber battens with copper wire ties every alternate tile, all fixed in accordance with AS2050

CONCRETE TILES:

To conform to AS1757 and AS1758 and to be produced by manufacturers who provide a comprehensive guarantee and fix in accordance with AS1787. Tiles are to have an end lap of not less than 75mm. Where wiring holes are provided, every alternate tile in each course is to be tied to battens with approved wire. Where holes are provided for nailing every tile in each third course is to be fixed with galvanised flat head nails at least 19mm into tile batten. Fixing to be as per AS2050. CORRUGATED FIBRE CEMENT ROOFING:

To conform to AS1611 and fixed in accordance with AS1562 Pt.2. Minimum pitch of roof is to be 1:8 for large corrugations and 1:11 where the rafter length can be covered with a single sheet. Where pitch of roof is less than 1:6 in the case of large corrugations and 1:4.5 in the case of small corrugation end laps shall be at least 225mm and sealed. Sheets to be fixed with galvanised round head screws and felt washers set in mastic to each run of battens with side and end laps or other approved method in accordance with manufacturers instructions. All necessary accessories are to be provided and the roof is to be adequately birdproofed. PROFILED STEEL ROOF: BCA part 3.5.1.3

To be material as nominated on drawings. All necessary accessories to be provided and fixed according to manufactures recommendations. Roof is to be bird proofed. Sheet fixings and spacings are to be strictly as per manufacturers recommendations for the design wind speed for the area. Design and installation shall be in accordance with AS/NZS 1562.

Where sarking is specified or required by any authority the selection of and fixing shall be in accordance with the code of practice as specified in AS1736 for pliable roof sarking and/or AS1903-04 for reflective foil laminates. All installations must comply with the requirements of BCA part 3.7.4. in Bushfire prone areas.

STEEL WORKER - BCA part 3.4.4

GENERALLY:

All steel work is to be fabricated to details as shown on engineers drawings all work to be in accordance with AS4100 Steel Structures.

PURLINS AND GIRTS:

To roof and walls of building provide purlins and girts according to engineers details.

ROOFER AND SHEETER:

Cover roof and walls of building in full length sheets complete with all necessary flashings cappings etc. Secure as recommended by manufacturer provide panels of selected translucent sheeting as indicated or directed.

FLOORING - BCA part 3.4.3.4

T & G STRIP FLOORING: BCA table 3.4.3.1

T & G STRIP FLOORING: BCA table 3.4.3.1
Flooring shall be seasoned and stored in a way to preserve its delivery condition. Flooring boards shall be laid in straight and parallel lines with tongues fitted into grooves and cramped together with pressures suited to moisture content and seasonal conditions. End joints shall be made on a joist, except as noted under 'End Matched Flooring' and joints in adjoining boards shall be staggered. Flooring shall be kept 12mm clear of walls or wall plates parallel with the direction of laying. Boards of normal width of 75mm and less shall be fixed with one nail at each joist and boards over 75mm shall be fixed with two nails at each joist. Nails in faces of boards are to be well punched to allow for subsequent sanding and stopping. Boards profiled for secret nailing are to be skew nailed through tongues at each joist with nail punched to permit the full entry of the tongue into the goove. Flooring is not to be cut in and fixed before roofing is complete, external walls sheeted or lined or the profiles considered. and all external openings covered.

END MATCHED FLOORING:

Where end matched flooring (with tongued and grooved ends are used, joints need not be made over joists but may fall at an intermediate point between joists providing that end joints are well distributed throughout the flooring.

SHEET FLOORING: BCA tables 3.4.3.2 and 3.4.3.3

The minimum height of sheet flooring above ground level and under-floor ventilation shall be in accordance with manufacturers instructions or as required by Council

Where sheet flooring is used in platform construction and a decorative finish is required it shall be sealed with a water repellent at time of fixing.

a) Structural Plywood: shall be manufactured in accordance with AS2269 and sheets stamped on the face side with manufacturers name or trade mark. Sheets shall be fixed in accordance with manufacturers instructions as approved.

b) Particle Board: Approved board bonded with phenolic resin to achieve a type 'A' bond as defined in AS1860 for plywood may be used in platform construction or as fitted flooring. Boards shall be fixed in accordance with manufacturers instructions as approved. The perimeter of flooring should be fully supported by joists or noggins. Other approved particle board may be used providing it is a minimum of 2100mm above the ground, well ventilated and the building completely weatherproof prior to fixing of the floor.

c) Compressed Fibre Cement: Sheet flooring not less than 18mm thick with density of not less than 1.8g/cm3 may be used in lieu of suspended concrete floors. Sheets shall be fixed in accordance with manufacturers instructions adequately flashed and suitably finished.

ELECTRICIAN

Provide all labour and materials necessary for the proper installation of electrical services in accordance with the appropriate AS Rules and requirements of the Local Provide all labour and materials necessary for the proper installation of electrical services in accordance with the appropriate AS Hules and requirements of the Local Supply Authority. Arrange with the supply Authority for connection from supply main to meter board. Provide for the proper installation and connect electricity stove/s and hot water unit/s. Provide light and power points as indicated on drawings or as directed and in accordance with AS/NZS1680. Provide box to enclose meters in accordance with the requirements of the Authority concerned. Arrange for inbuilt wiring for telephone, television, computer and security installation as required.

SMOKE DETECTORS/ALARMS: BCA part 3.7.2

Fire/smoke detectors selected by the owner and complying with the requirements of the Local Government Act and/or state or territory regulations must be fitted in the locations required and approved by the regulatory authority and shall be installed in accordance with AS3786.

LIGHTNING PROTECTION:

Where lightning protection is specified by the proprietor or required under regulatory provisions it shall be installed in accordance with AS1768.

EXTERNAL WALL CLADDING - BCA part 3.5.3

TIMBER CLADDING:

Weatherboards or profile sheeting as approved by the leading authority shall be fixed and flashed in accordance with manufacturers instructions and to the satisfaction of the lending authority. Weatherboards with laps as specified by the relevant AS shall be hardwood, pressure treated radiata pine or slash pine, cypress pine, baltic pine or western red cedar. The boards shall have a maximum moisture content of 15% be in long lengths with staggered end joints, securely nailed and fitted with angle stops. Western red cedar used externally shall be fixed with galvanised or cadmium plated fasteners. Boards exceeding 100mm in width shall be double fastened at all bearings. All boards shall be primed or sealed all around including rebates and ends before fixing. Where vertical boarding is used it shall be fixed to battens at not more than 600mm centres and sarking acceptable to the lending authority placed behind the battens to provide air space and fixed to the frame work with adequate provision for discharge of moisture. External boarding shall be in one length or have joints specially designed for external use.

FIBRE CEMENT: BCA part 3.5.3.3

a) Flat Sheeting: Fibre cement sheeting shall be not less than 4.5mm thick and close jointed to full height of walling or above sill level where weatherboard dadoes a) Flat Greening. Fibre cement sneeding shall be not less than 4.5mm tillox and close jointed to fair neight of waiting of above similevel where weatherboard daddes are specified. Horizontal joints shall be flashed with 0.42mm galvanised steel turned up 13mm against stud faces and down 12mm over sheet faces, lapped 25mm at joints. Internal angles of walls shall be flashed with 38mm x 38mm x 0.42mm minimum base thickness galvanised steel angles or bitumen coated metal flashing to full height of studs and lapped 50mm at joints. All vertical and horizontal joints and angles shall be covered with timber, fibre cement or other mouldings as approved by the lending authority. Trimmers of not less than 75mm x 38mm timber shall be provided between ends of floor bearers to support lower edge of sheeting.

b) Profiled sheeting and Weatherboard: As approved by the lending authority shall be fixed and flashed in accordance with the manufacturers instructions and to the satisfaction of the lending authority.

OTHER EXTERNAL SHEETING:

May be submitted to the lending authority for consideration where their use satisfies the appropriate Performance Requirements of the BCA and to comply with the requirements of AS/NZ1562.

INTERNAL WALL LININGS

Line all internal walls not specified as otherwise with Gypsum plaster board fixed horizontally in full length sheets, or with staggered end joints to ceiling height. Sheets to have recessed edges and of thickness as recommended by the manufacturer for the stud, batten or support spacing. Fixing is to be with galvanised clouts, manufacturer approved screws and/or approved adhesive and be strictly in accordance with manufacturers instructions. Set all internal angles. Note: Where below 1200mm in laundry, bathroom and W.C. and at back of kitchen sink unit and below 1800mm in shower recess, only approved water repellent sheet shall be used. Note: Adhesives must not be used to fix sheets in tiled areas.

FIRREROARD:

Sheets shall not be less than 4.5mm thick except where tiled. Sheets to be tiled shall not be less than 6mm thick. Where flush jointing is required fibreboard sheets shall be used, fixed and jointed in accordance with manufacturers instructions.

CEILING FIXER

CEILINGS:

Provide Gypsum plaster board to all internal ceilings unless otherwise specified. Sheets to have recessed edges and to be 10mm thick when fixed to ceiling battens/joists spaced at not more than 450mm and 13mm thick for 600mm spacings. Fixing is to be with galvanised clouts and/or approved adhesive and is to be in accordance with manufacturers recommendations as approved. Provide selected cornices, neatly mitred, properly fixed and scrimmed and set at all joints in full wall lengths where practicable. Gypsum plaster board for ceilings and walls shall be as per AS2589. Sheets of different thickness may be used at other spacings where their manufacture and installation complies with the Deemed to Satisfy Provisions.

PLASTERER

To all brick walls not specified as feature brickwork or otherwise (with exception of garage) apply render to minimum thickness of 12mm. Render to consist of one part fresh cement to 3 parts clean sand with 10 per cent hydrated lime added. Use only whilst fresh. All brickwork to be well wetted before plastering is commenced. GENERALLY: Point up all flashings externally with cement mortar and make good as required after other trades.

JOINER

GENERALLY:

Joinery timber is to be of durable species seasoned and free from those defects which might effect its appearance and/or durability. All to be D A R accurately cut and fitted, properly mitred and scribed as required and securely fixed. All surfaces to be left free of mill marks or other defects, filled where necessary and ready for painting or staining. Where wood plugging is required it shall be a suitable species properly seasoned.

JAMB LININGS AND DOORS: 1. DOOR FRAMES - BRICK BUILDINGS:

Shall be at least 100mm x 50mm solid rebated properly dowelled to thresholds. Mullions shall be 75mm thick and double rebated.

2. JAMB LININGS – INTERIOR DOORS ALL BUILDINGS, EXTERIOR DOORS TIMBER FRAMED AND BRICK VENEER:

Linings shall be a minimum of 38mm thick solid rebated to all door openings. Where return plaster reveals occur linings shall be 75mm x 50mm rebated. Alternatively for internal doorways 25mm linings may be used with 12mm planted stops. In brick veneer and timber framed construction 12mm clearance shall be provided over jamb linings to external openings. Linings to openings not having doors or to have swing doors are to be 25mm thick timber securely fixed. Other proprietory linings may be approved by the owner.

Fit accurately to door frame. Hang external doors with three 88mm steel butts and internal doors unless otherwise specified with two 88mm steel butts. External doors shall not be less than 2040mm x 820mm x 40mm thick. Where sheeted with plywood, waterproof plywood only shall be used. All framed glazed doors (external or internal) shall be minimum of 40mm thick. Internal doors shall be minimum of 35mm thick and free of warping. WINDOWS AND FRAMES:

In brick veneer construction 10mm clear space shall be left between underside of sill and brickwork. In two storey construction with hardwood timber framing the clearance shall be increased to 20mm.

INSTALLATION:

All windows shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of AS2047-48 for Aluminium windows and AS2146-47 for timber windows.

METAL DOORS AND WINDOW FRAMES:

To be of type and manufacture selected or noted, fitted with all necessary furniture and fixed and flashed in accordance with particular manufacturers recommendations.

STAIRS AND HANDRAILS: BCA 3.9.1 and 3.9.2

Stairways shall be constructed to the layout as shown on plans with treads of equal dimensions except where shown or where winders are required. All risers in any flight shall be of equal height. All flights shall have a minimum of 2 and not more than 18 risers. Vertical clearances above stairs shall be 2000mm min. to soffit of floor or structure above when measured vertically above nose of tread. Relationship of riser to going shall be between 1:2 and 1:1.35 unless otherwise directed or as permitted in AS1657. Balustrades shall be provided to all landings, decks roofs other elevated platforms where the vertical distance from that level is more than 1 metre above the adjoining floor or finished ground level. Height of the balustrade must be a minimum of 1 metre above landings etc. and not less than 865mm above the nosings of any stair treads or floor of a ramp. Openings in balustrades (decorative of otherwise) and space between treads, eg. riser opening must not allow a 125 mm dia sphere to pass through. Resistance to loading forces of a balustrade must be in accordance with A.S. 1170. Materials and finish of handrails, newel posts and balustrading shall be as directed or agreed by owner.

ACCESS AND MOBILITY

Where access and mobility requirements are to be addressed in the construction of a new building, AS1428.1 General Requirements for Access - New Building Work contains the minimum design requirements to enable access for people with disabilities. Revision of the BCA in order to address requirements of the Disability Discrimination Act (DDA) as applies to the construction of buildings with public areas will require that the latest revisions of AS1428 should be used.

PLUMBER AND DRAINER EAVES GUTTERS AND DOWNPIPES:

Eaves gutters and downpipes of material and finish as nominated on drawings shall be installed as per manufacturers specification to all eaves as required with falls to downpipes in positions shown and to comply with AS/NZS 2179. VALLEYS:

To be 0.6mm thickness galvanised steel 450mm wide and fixed to valley boards with edge beaded well lapped and soldered or silicone jointed. FLASHINGS:

Flash around chimney stacks, exhaust flues and wherever else required with approved flashings dressed well down onto roof slopes and taken vertically at least 75mm. Wedge step flashing into brickwork joints and point up with cement mortar. Eaves gutters, valleys and roof flashings shall be selected from materials compatible with each other and the roof covering to prevent bi-metallic corrosion. (See BHP publications TB8, TB15. SANITARY PLUMBER:(all areas)

Provide wash tubs, pedestal pan, kitchen sink, wash basin, bath and floor grate to shower recess (as per plan). Provide waste traps and connect to drainage in accordance with the requirements of the sewerage authority concerned.

Where a reticulated water supply is available all work shall be carried out by a licensed water plumber. All water supply installations shall be carried out in accordance with AS3500 'National Plumbing and Drainage Code'. BATHROOM FLOOR:

Provide a 50mm grating to overflow outlet in bathroom floor. Connect waste to system or install dry waste if approved...

WET ROOM FLASHINGS: BCA 3.8.1

Waterproofing of wet areas shall be designed and installed in accordance with requirements and construction techniques as per AS3740 and appendix for wall/floor

combinations. All to be inspected and approved by the Council and Society inspector prior to covering.

HOT WATER SERVICE:

All installations must comply with AS3500.4 Provide from H/water unit with selected tubing to points necessary. Terminate with taps selected. Provide inlet stop cock to hot water unit.

GAS SERVICE:

The whole of the work to be carried out as per requirements of the Local Supply Authority. The plumber is to be responsible for the gas service from fence alignment, including fixing of the meter and cover for same. Installations for bottled gas supply shall comply with the relevant standard. RAIN WATER TANKS:

Install rain water tanks of selected material. Install on slab or built up support stand as nominated. Connect with copper or other approved tubing to outlets and taps as required with selected mains pressure pump system. All to be installed as per manufacturers recommendations.

SEWERED AREAS:

Provide a drainage system from pedestal pan and from wastes of all fittings and connect to the sewer main, where shown on site plan all to be in accordance with the rules and requirements of the Authority for Water Supply and Sewerage. Provide at least one gully outside the building. The Authority Certificate to be produced at Completion of the Work.

Provide a drainage system from all fittings and from grease trap in accordance with the requirements of the Local Authority concerned. Excavate for drains to provide even falls throughout and a minimum cover of 300mm. Lay 100mm socketed vitrified clay pipes or P V C to take soilwater from wastes of washtubs, bath, shower, washbasin and grease trap. All pipes to be completely jointed with rubber rings or solvent cement as approved. All drain lines to be laid so that water is discharged into an absorption trench provided in position shown on plan. Provide an approved grease trap with lid in position shown to take the water from kitchen sink. Top of trap to be 75mm above finished ground or nearby concrete paving level. All drainage work from fittings to the drainage line outside the building to be in accordance with the rules and requirements of the Water Supply and Sewerage Authority for sewered areas. That Authority 'Special Inspection' Certificate of the work to be produced by the builder. All plumbing and drainage shall be in accordance with the Code of Practice for state or territory and regulating local government area.

SEPTIC SYSTEM: In position shown on site plan provide and install septic system as nominated by the proprietor together with a holding tank and length of absorption trench installed in accordance with the manufacturers instructions and the requirements of the Local Authority.

STORM WATER DRAINS:

Provide roof water drains from downpipes and from grates in paving where shown on site plan. Drains to be 100mm socketed vitrified clay pipes or PVC laid to an even and regular fall so as to have a minimum cover of 150mm. Drains to discharge into street gutter where possible. Where outlets are shown within the site they are to discharge at least 3000mm clear of the building into rubble packing 600mm diameter and 600mm deep. Acceptable solutions for stormwater drainage to be as per AS/NZS3500 part 3.2.

NOTE: Drain pipes must not be taken through the footings of the building. All seepage and soakage water is to be effectively dealt with and diverted clear of the buildings as shown on site plan. Trenches for drains where running parallel to the building must not be within 60mm of the footings of the building.

THE LAYER

GENERALLY:

For guidance on installation of ceramic tiles see recommendations as set out in AS3958 parts 1 and 2.

WALLS:

Cover the following wall faces with selected glazed tiles:

To bathroom generally to a height of 135mm.

To bath recess to a height of 1350mm.

To shower recess to a height of 1800mm.

To enclosing of bath and hobs

To WC to height of one row of tiles or as directed

Above kitchen sink/s and cooking area/s allow for four rows tiles. Finish at top and salient angles with round edge tiles. Provide vent tiles and selected recess fittings. Tiles to be fixed to a backing of Fibre Cement with approved adhesive. Areas for tiles can be increased by proprietors direction or as noted on plans.

Cover floors of bathroom, shower recess, WC and ES with selected ceramic tiles, set in cement mortar or approved adhesive and graded to give an even and adequate fall to floor waste.

PAINTER

GENERALLY:

All paints, stains, varnishes and water colours are to be of approved brands as selected. Materials used for priming and undercoating are to be the same brand as All pairits, staints, varies and water colorisate to be of approved trained as a solution of the state of the finishing paints or as recommended by the manufacturers of the finishes used. All finishing colours are to be selected by the proprietor. Do all necessary stopping after the priming has been applied. Rub down all surfaces to a smooth finish prior the application of each successive coat of paint. External joinery or other exposed woodwork to have a clear plastic finish is to be treated with a priming oil containing wood preservative and a water repellent.

EXTERNALLY:

All external woodwork to be given one coat of primer, one coat of oil based undercoat or to be given one coat of primer, one coat of flat clear plastic and one coat of clear plastic.

PRIMING WEATHERBOARDS:

Baltic Pine is to be primed all round as well as on the ends before fixing: Hardwood, cypress pine, radiata pine and oregon are to be primed on external faces including rebates before fixing, pressure treated canada pine is to be primed at ends before fixing.

IRONWORK:

downpipes, exposed service pipes and wrought iron etc. to be cleaned and primed and give one coat of gloss paint all round. Eaves, gutters, do

Clean and prepare all external fibre cement surfaces and finish with two coats of water based paint.

INTERNALLY:

All exposed woodwork in kitchen, bathroom, laundry WC EC to be prepared primed and then given one undercoat and finished with one coat of full gloss paint or to be stained and finished with two coats of clear liquid plastic as selected.

IRONWORK:

Paint flue pipes with one coat of aluminium paint. Clean down and prime all exposed service pipes and finish with one coat of gloss oil paint.

CEILINGS:

To be given one coat of sealer and two coats of paint. The finishing coat of bathroom, laundry, and kitchen ceilings to be semi gloss.

WALLS:

All rooms except bathroom, laundry and kitchen to be given one coat of sealer and two coats of water based paint. To bathroom, kitchen, WC EC and laundry where no tiled or pre surfaced material to be given one coat of sealer, one coat of undercoat and one coat of gloss oil paint system.

GLAZIER: BCA part 3.6

All sashes, doors, fixed lights and other glass in building shall be selected and installed by procedures as set out in AS1288 and/or AS2047 for type, thickness and All sasnes, doors, fixed lights and other glass in building shall be selected and installed by procedures as set out in Advance and All Sasnes, doors, fixed lights and localing, human impact and other considerations for glazing in frames of timber, steel, stainless steel, aluminium and bronze according to type of frame, height of building and glazing compound and for design and glazing of unframed toughened glass assemblies. Specific attentions should be made to the selection of frame materials, glazing, location in walls and orientation to the path of the sun for various climate zone. Where windows are not shaded by roof, eaves or other building projections advice by an approved specialist or manufacturer should be sought to ensure that all installations comply with the Energy Efficiency requirements of the BCA..

Provide paling fence 1500mm height to side and rear boundaries. Posts to be 125 x 50mm in sawn approved durable hardwood, morticed for two rails and sunk into ground 600mm at maximum of 2700 mm. Posts at angles in fencing to be 125mm square. Well ram around posts. Where rock is encountered posts are to be set in concrete. Fit two rows of 75 x 50mm hardwood rails into mortises. Cover framing with hardwood palings. Double nail to rails at top and bottom. Cut line at top and lop corners. All timber in ground or concrete to be well tarred or treated with an approved preservative. Allow for repairing any existing recommendations of the manufacturer.

FRONT FENCING:

Provide front fencing as directed.

ALPINE AREAS:

Where a building is to be constructed in an alpine area compliance with the requirements of BCA part 3.7.5. is required. Alpine areas are areas above Australian Height Datum (AHD) as follows:- NSW, VIC, ACT above 1,200 metres AHD. TASMANIA above 900 metres AHD. For sub alpine areas where significant snow loads may occur see BCA fig. 3.5.7.2

LANDSCAPING

The area to be landscaped shall comply with the landscape plan and requirements of the Local Council Authorities.

All carparking and loading bays to be kerbed, guttered, sealed, drained, line marked and landscaped. Drainage of surface water into neighbouring properties is NOT permitted except where an easement is obtained. All car parks shall comply with the provision of Local Council Authorities.

COMPLETION

The building shall be completed in every trade. Sashes, doors, locks and all other equipment shall be checked and left in a satisfactory operating condition. Timber floors shall be at least rough sanded. Where fine sanding is specified see CA39: Code of practice for sanding interior wooden floors. All plant, surplus materials and rubbish is to be removed from site. Gutters and drains shall be cleared and the building generally to be left clean and fit for occupation. The Builder is to furnish the Owner with:

1 Notification of Completion

2 All Keys for all doors.

3 Certificate of termite protection treatment

- 4 Certificate from Sewerage Authority re-sanitary drainage.
- 5 Invoices for all PC items required.

It is the responsibility of the builder to arrange any inspections necessary by Local Council, Waterboard or Lending Authorities and/or Principal Certifying Authority. It is the responsibility of the Owner to apply to Local Supply Authorities for connection of Electricity from mains to meter box. 'APPROVAL TO OCCUPY' MUST BE OBTAINED.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

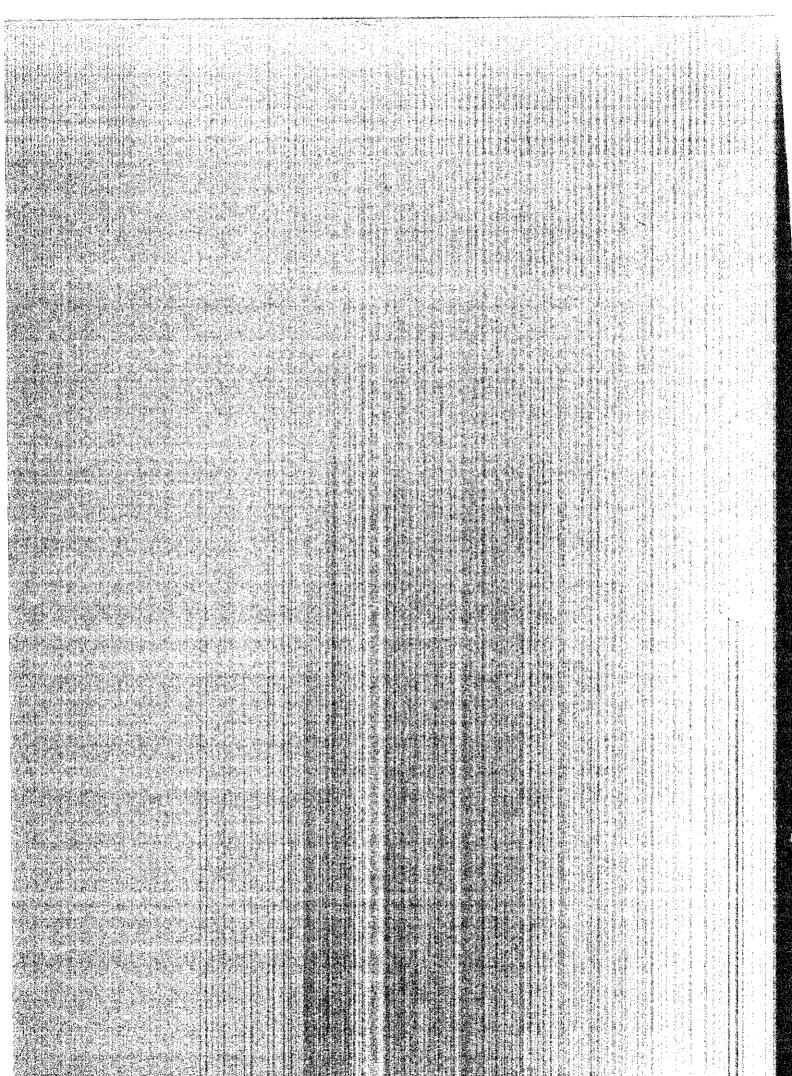
This is the specification referred to in the Contract dated://	<u></u> ,		
Date for Completion:	PROPRIETOR	/	/
	BUILDER	,	,

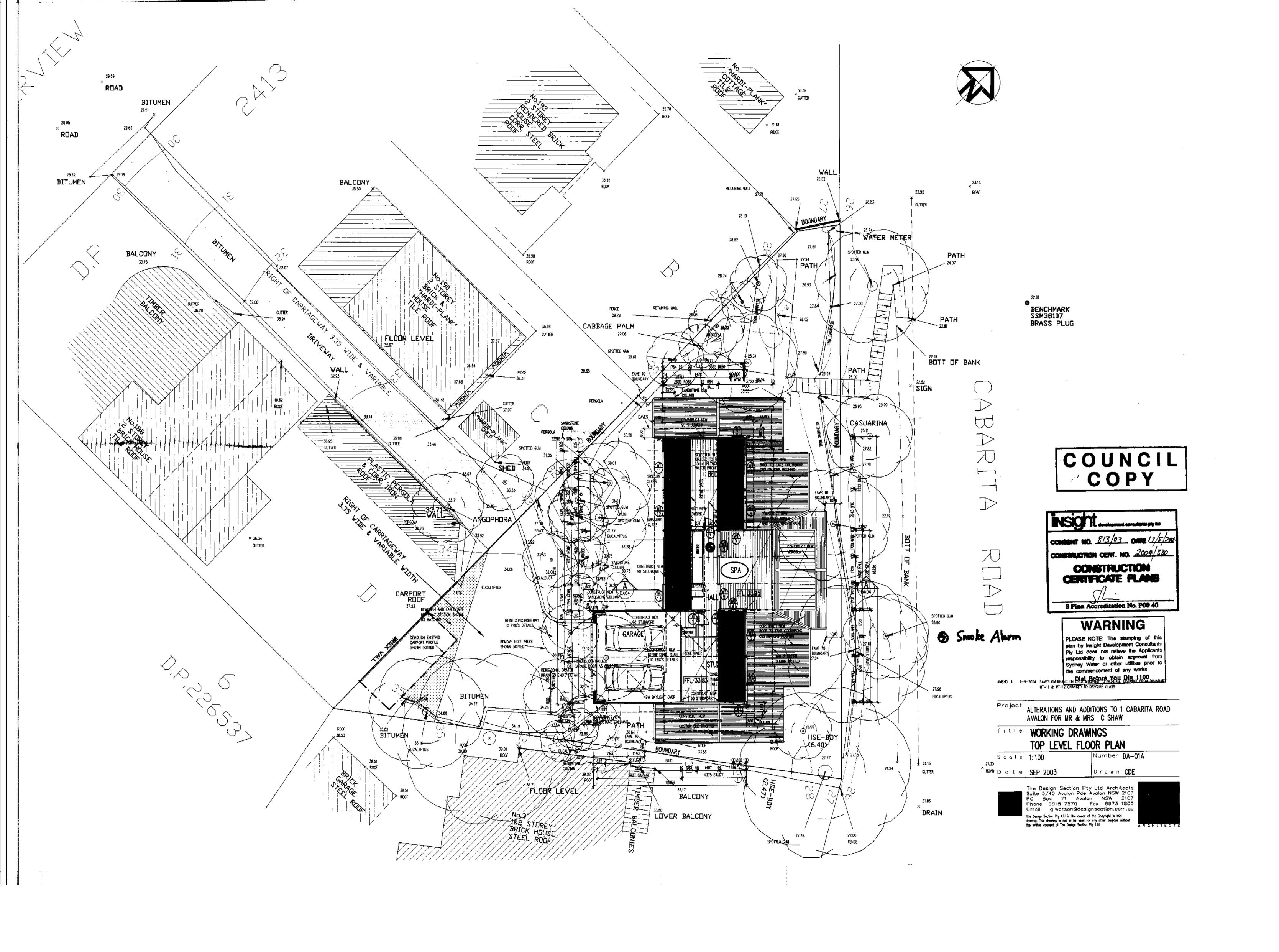
				 1			-	
MASONRY EXTERIOR	Clay Bricks		Face		Commons		Stone	
	Concrete Bricks		Concrete Blocks		AAC Blocks		AAC Panels	
	Rendered		Bagged		Painted			
MORTAR JOINTS	Colour		Ironed		Flush		Raked	Ц
SILLS	Brick	<u> </u>	Quarry Tiles					
EXTERNAL WALL SHEETING	Timber Cladding	Ц	Fibre Cement Claddin	_	Metal Cladding		PVC/Vinyl	
	Type		Туре		Type		Type	
FLOOR CONSTRUCTION	Timber		Concrete		Pre.Str. Beam Floor		Steel	
FLOORING	T&G		Species		Compressed FC Shee	t <u>L</u> agai	Structural Plywood	
	Particle Board		Tiles: Ceramic		Terra Cotta		Quarry	
DECKING	Treated Pine		Other	·	4	_		
FRAME CONSTRUCTION	Timber		Hardwood	Ц	Pine		Oregon	
	High strength galvanise	ed steel fra	ming		Structural Steel			Ц
ROOF CONSTRUCTION	Pitched Roof		Exposed Rafters		Oregon	Ц	Hardwood	
	Roof Trusses		Raked Ceiling		Pine		Steel Framing	
	Flat/Skillion			. 📙	***************************************			
ROOF COVER	Concrete Tiles	\sqsubseteq	Terra Cotta Tiles		Shingles/Slate		Corrugated FC	
	Zincalume	Ц.	Colorbond	\square	Polycarbonate		Profile	
THERMAL INSULATION	Roof/ceiling		RBM Rating R		Bulk Insulation Rating	R	177477177177	
	Walls		RBM Rating R		Bulk Insulation Rating	R	***********	
	Floors		RBM Rating R		Bulk Insulation Rating	R		
INTERNAL WALL LININGS	Gypsum Plasterboard		FC Sheeting		Timber Panelling		Cement Render	
	Face Brick		Other					
WET AREA LININGS	WR Gyp. Plasterboard	\sqsubseteq	Villaboard		Timber Panelling		Laminated Panel	
CEILINGS	Gypsum Plasterboard		Timber Panelling		FC Sheeting			. Ц
CORNICE	Туре		Size	.mm				
DOOR JAMBS	Timber		Galvanised Steel					
WINDOWS	Timber		Aluminium		Type/Manufacturer			
FLYSCREENS	Timber		Aluminium		Other			
JOINERY	Timber		Species		Stained/Polished		Painted	
	Architrave Size	mm	Skirting Size	mm	Material	<u>-</u>		_
	Kitchen Cupboards	.,			Stained	Ц	Painted	
	Front Door Type				Stained	Ш	Painted	Ц
	Other External Doors	Гуре		•••••	Stained		Painted	Ц
	Internal Doors Type	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			Stained		Painted	
	Garage Door Type				Size	.mm	Colour	
EXTERNAL STAIRS	Timber		Steel		Concrete			
INTERNAL STAIRS	Timber		Steel		Concrete			
	as manufactured by		.,		Balustrade type		***************************************	
ELECTRICIAN	Provide:		Light Points		Single Switches		Two way switches	3
			Power Outlets		Single		Double	
	Light Fittings		***************************************		Smoke Detectors		Exhaust Fans	
ROOF PLUMBER	Quad Gutters (size)) 🗌	Box Gutters		Sheerline Gutters			. 📙
GUTTERS/DOWNPIPES	Downpipes 100 x 50		100 x 75		100 x 100		Rounddia	a 📙
	Colorbond		PVC		Copper		Zincalume	
	Aluminium		Galvanised					
WATER SERVICE	Copper pipe		PVC Pipe					
ONSITE STORAGE TANKS	Туре		Size		Nos		Pressure Pump	Ц
HOT WATER SERVICE	Electric		Gas		Solar		***************************************	
	Mains Pressure		Gravity Fed		Cylinder capacity	litres		
INTERNAL SEWER SERVICE	Copper		PVC			_		
DRAINER	Sewer connection		Septic System		Aerated System		Туре	
	PVC pipes	\sqsubseteq	Vitrified clay pipes		Copper pipes			
FENCING	Brick	Ц	Paling	Щ	Rail	닏	Brushwood	
	Front Boundary		Side Boundary	Ц	Rear Boundary		Colorbond	
	As manufactured by				Туре			
POOL	Туре		Finish					

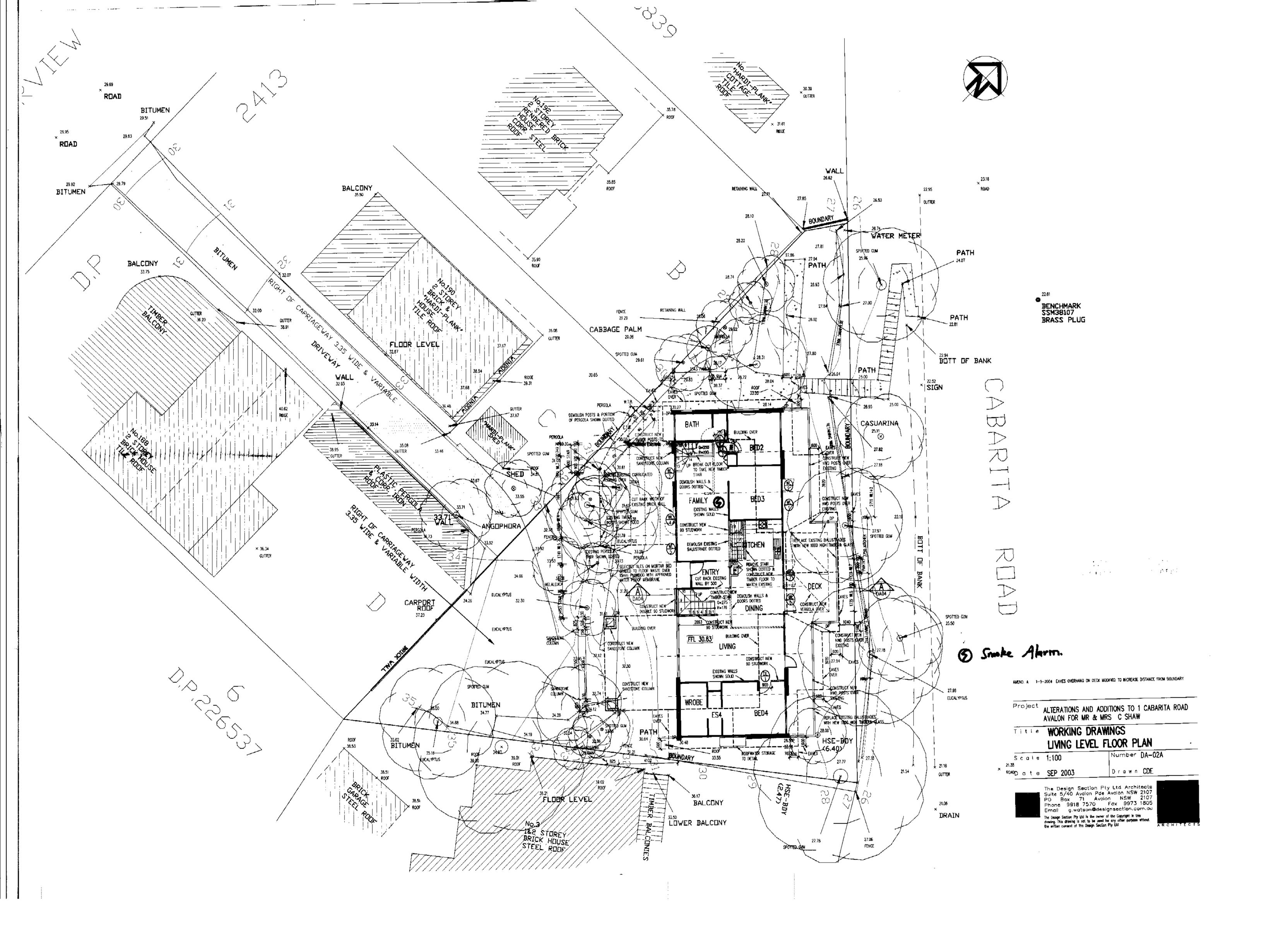
This Schedule is to be fully completed. Items applicable should be marked - items with blank spaces will NOT be included in the works

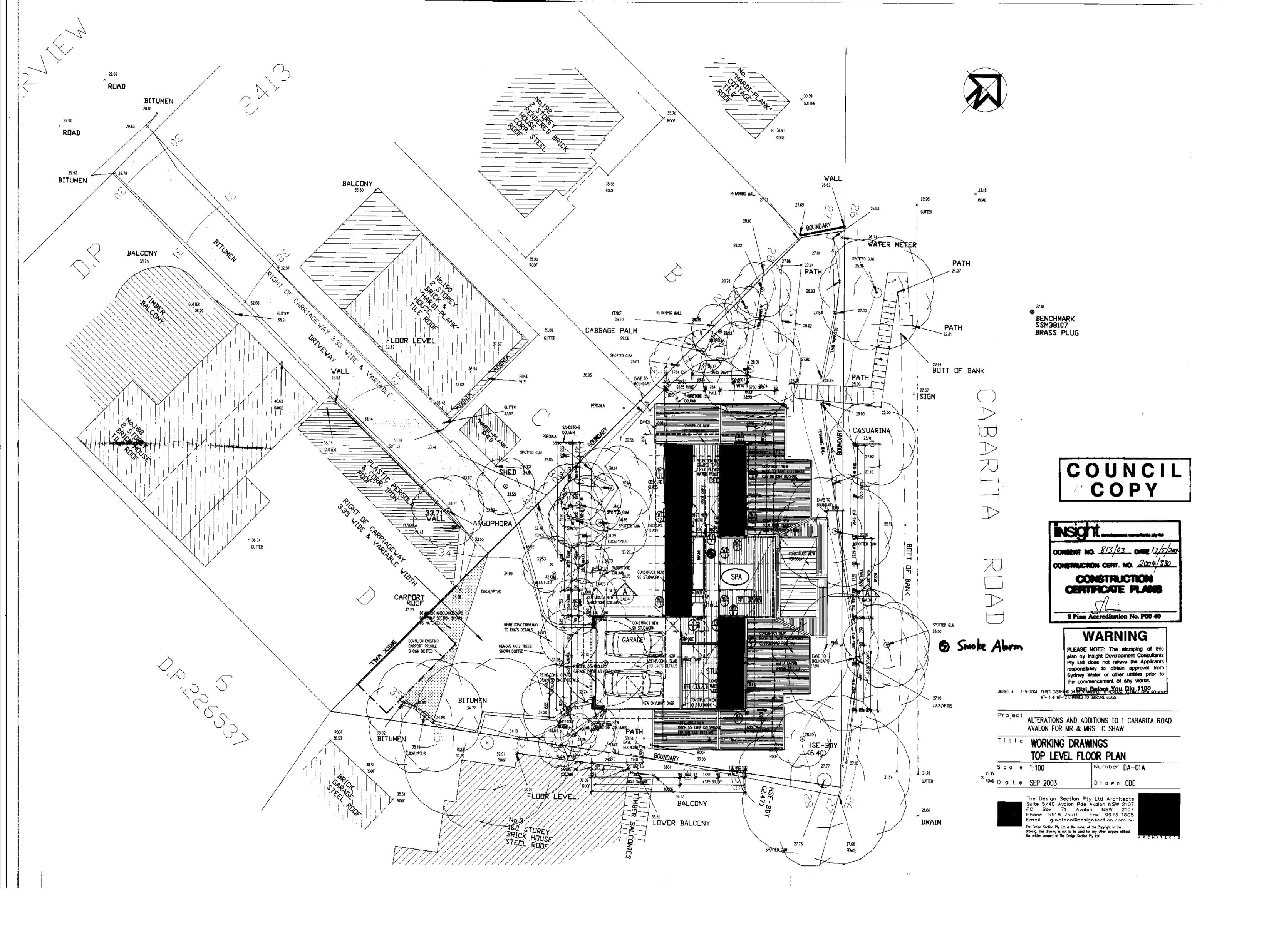
SCHEDULE OF RATE / P.C. ALLOWANCES AND MATERIALS

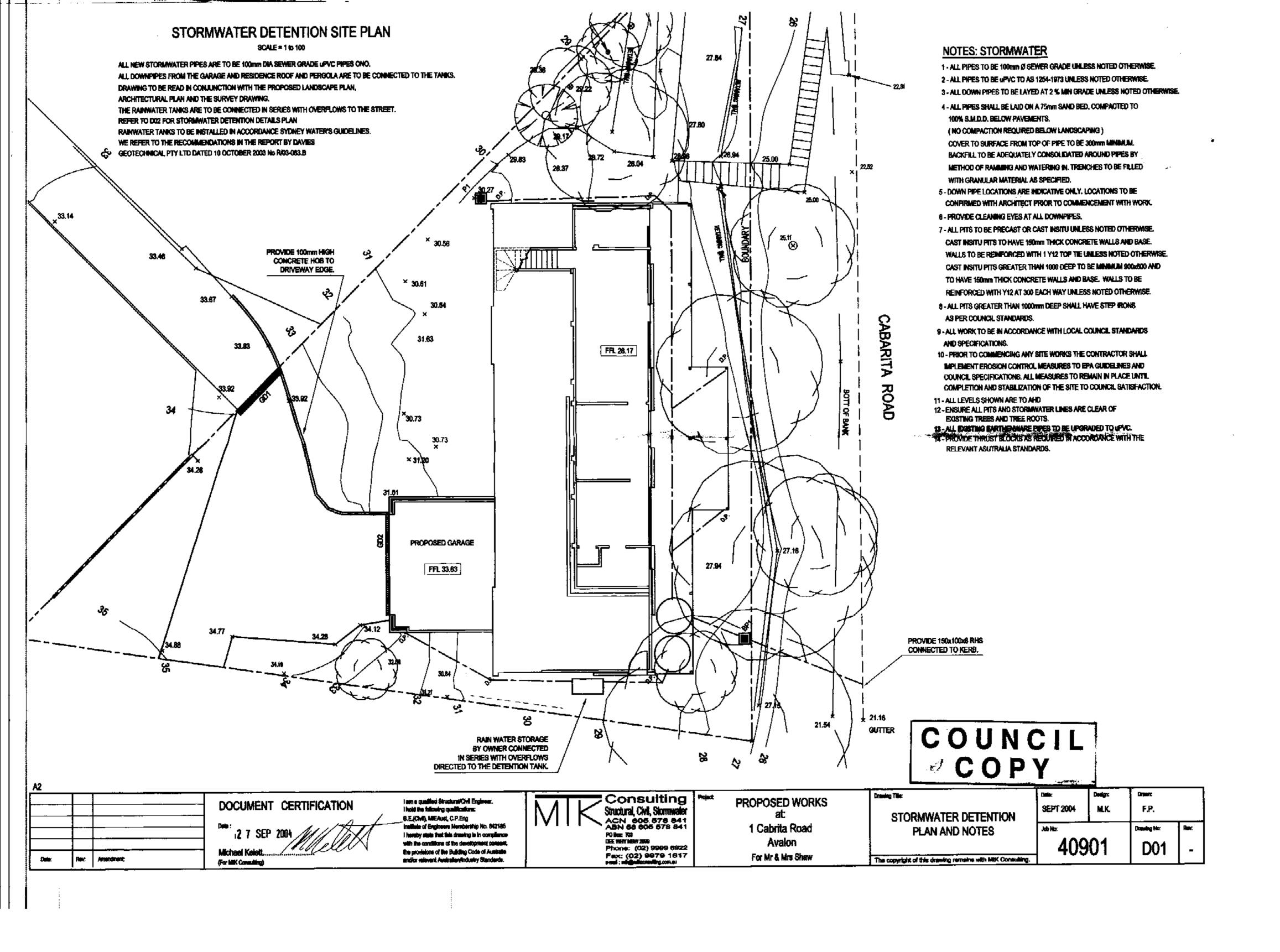
		MODEL OR TYPE	PRIME COST
2. 1	CONCRETE PIERS TO FOOTINGS		\$
	ROCK EXCAVATION : per cubic metre		\$
3. /	AGRICULTURAL DRAINS: per lin. metre		\$
	STORMWATER		\$
5. 5	SEWER DRAINS		\$
	CERAMIC TILES WALL \$ PER M2 S/O		
	S/O=SUPPLY ONLY FLOOR \$ PER M2 S/O		\$
			\$
7 1	QUARRY \$PER M2 S/O		\$
	SEPTIC INSTALLATIONS		\$
	BATHROOM VANITY & CABINET		\$
	EN-SUITE VANITY & CABINET		\$
10.	BASIN		\$
11.	BATH		\$
12.	TOWEL RAILS	***************************************	\$
13.	SOAP HOLDERS		\$
14.	MIRRORS		\$
15.	TOILET SUITES		
	SHOWER SCREENS		\$
	LAUNDRY TUB	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$
	STAINLESS STEEL SINK		\$
			\$
	KITCHEN CUPBOARDS		\$
	OVEN		\$
	HOT PLATES		\$
	STOVE		\$
2 3.	DISHWASHER		\$
24. I	EXHAUST FANS		\$
25.	RANGE HOOD		\$
26. I	HOT WATER UNIT		\$
27. 8	SMOKE/FIRE DETECTORS		•
	PHONE WIRING/FAX WIRING		\$
	T.V. WIRING		\$
	INTERCOM WIRING		\$
			\$
	SECURITY INSTALLATION		\$
	AIR CONDITIONING, SINGLE UNIT		\$
33. 1	NTERNAL VACUUM SYSTEM		\$
34. F	FRONT GATE		\$
35. F	FRONT FENCE		\$
36. (CLOTHES HOIST		\$
37. C	CONCRETE PATHS per lin. metre		\$
38. 6	GARAGE DOOR REMOTE CONTROL		\$
	ANDSCAPING (As per Design Supplied)		
	UNIT PAVING		\$
	RAINWATER TANKS		\$
			\$
			\$
43.			\$

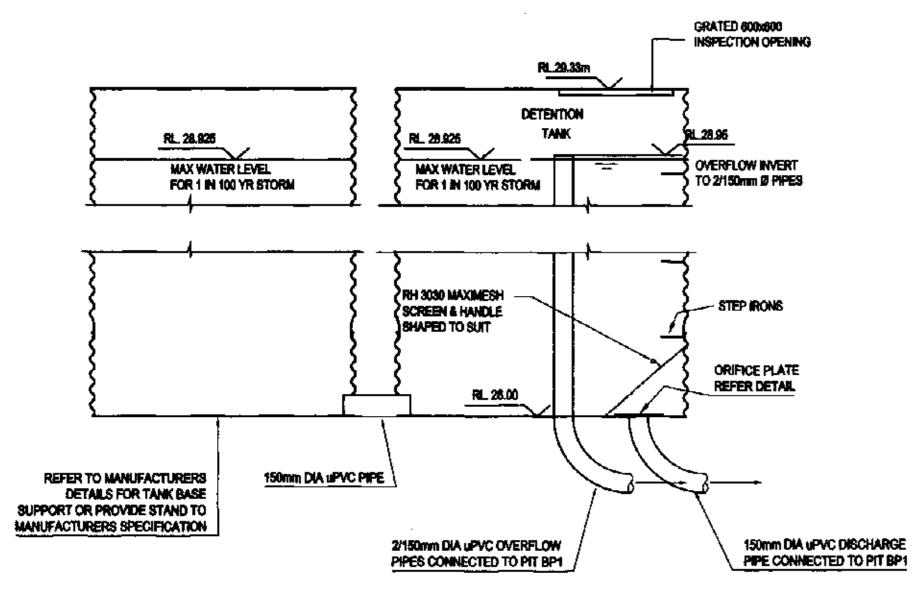


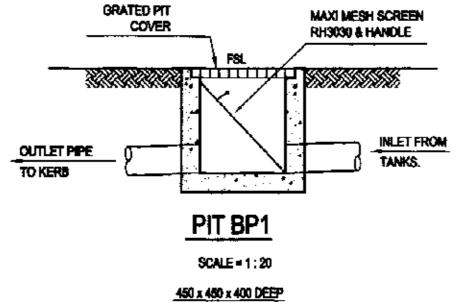


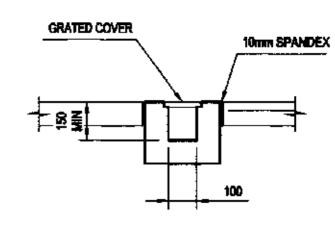








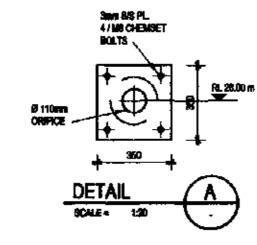




GRATED DRAIN GD1

SCALE = 1:20

GD2 SIMILAR IN SUSPENDED SLAB



SECTION THROUGH DETENTION STORAGE TANKS SCALE = HITS

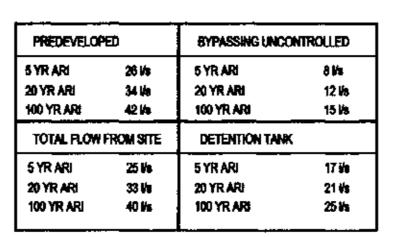
ALL NEW STORMWATER PIPES ARE TO BE 100mm DIA SEWER GRADE UPVC PIPES ONO.
ALL DOWNPIPES FROM THE GARAGE AND RESIDENCE ROOF ARE TO BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO THE RAINWATER TANKS.
DRAWING TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PROPOSED LANDSCAPE PLAN,
ARCHITECTURAL PLAN AND THE SURVEY DRAWING.

THE RAINWATER TANKS ARE TO BE CONNECTED IN SERIES WITH OVERFLOWS TO THE DETENTION SYSTEM.

ALL GRATED DRAINS TO BE 150mm DEEP BY 100mm WIDE WITH 2% NOMINAL FALLS.

RAINWATER TANKS TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE SYDNEY WATER'S GUIDELINES.

FIRST FLUSH MECHANISMS ARE TO BE INSTALLED. INITIAL FLOWS FROM THE FIRST FLUSH TO BE DIRECTED TO BP1.



OUTLET PIPE TO DETENTION TANK PIT P1 SCALE = 1: 20 300 x 300 x 300 DEEP

NOTES: STORMWATER

- I ALL PIPES TO BE 100mm Ø SEWER GRADE UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE
- 2 ALL PIPES TO BE uPVC TO AS 1254-1973 UNILESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 3 ALL DOWN PIPES TO BE LAYED AT 2 % MIN GRADE UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 4 ALL PIPES SHALL BE LAID ON A 75mm SAND BED, COMPACTED TO 100% S.M.D.D. BELOW PAVEMENTS.

 (NO COMPACTION REQUIRED BELOW LANDSCAPING)

 COVER TO SURFACE FROM TOP OF PIPE TO BE 300mm MINIMUM.

 BACKFILL TO BE ADEQUATELY CONSOLIDATED AROUND PIPES BY
- METHOD OF RAMMING AND WATERING IN, TRENCHES TO BE FILLED WITH GRANULAR MATERIAL AS SPECIFIED.

- 5 DOWN PIPE LOCATIONS ARE INDICATIVE ONLY, LOCATIONS TO BE CONFIRMED WITH ARCHITECT PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT WITH WORK.
- 6 PROVIDE CLEANING EYES AT ALL DOWNPIPES.
- ? ALL PITS TO BE PRECAST OR CAST INSITU UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

 CAST INSITU PITS TO HAVE 160mm THICK CONCRETE WALLS AND BASE.

 WALLS TO BE REINFORCED WITH 1 Y12 TOP TIE UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

 CAST INSITU PITS GREATER THAN 1000 DEEP TO BE MINIMUM 800x800 AND

 TO HAVE 150mm THICK CONCRETE WALLS AND BASE. WALLS TO BE

 REINFORCED WITH Y12 AT 300 EACH WAY UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 8 ALL PITS GREATER THAN 1000mm DEEP SHALL HAVE STEP IRONS AS PER COUNCIL STANDARDS.
- 9 ALL WORK TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL COUNCIL STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 10 PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY SITE WORKS THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES TO EPA GUIDELINES AND COUNCIL SPECIFICATIONS. ALL MEASURES TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL COMPLETION AND STABILIZATION OF THE SITE TO COUNCIL SATISFACTION.
- 11 ALL LEVELS SHOWN ARE TO AHD 12 - ENSURE ALL PITS AND STORMWATER LINES ARE CLEAR OF
- EXISTING TREES AND TREE ROOTS.
- 18 ALL EXISTING EARTHENWARE PIPES TO BE UPGRADED TO UPVC.

A2			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
			DOCUMENT CERTIFICATION
			2 7 SEP 2004 ///
			Michael Kelett.
Dete	Rev: A	mendment:	(For Milk Consulting)

I am a qualified Structural/CMI Engineer,
I hold the following qualifications:
B.E.(CMI), MiliEAust, C.P.Eng
Institute of Engineers Membership No. 642186
I hereby state that this strewing is in compliance
with the conditions of the development consent,
the provisions of the Building Code of Australia
endfor relevant Australian/Industry Standards.

Consulting
Structural Civil, Stormwaler
ACN 605 579 841
ABN 58 505 578 841
PO But: 703
DET WHY NEW 2009
Phone: (02) 9000 5022
Fax: (02) 9079 5263
Hall: minimum texts

PROPOSED WORKS at: 1 Cabrita Road Avalon For Mr & Mrs Shaw

STORMWATER DETENTION
DETAILS AND NOTES

The copyright of this drawing remains with MKK Consulting

	Cele: SEPT 2004	Design: M.K.	Drawer: F.P.	_
	Job No:		Drawing No:	Stee
) .	409	01	D02	•

