GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER FORM NO. 1 – To be submitted with Development Application

Development Application for
Name of Applicant
Address of site 108 Cabarita Road, Avalon Beach
The following checklist covers the minimum requirements to be addressed in a Geotechnical Risk Declaration made by geotechnical engineer or engineering geologist or coastal engineer (where applicable) as part of a geotechnical report
(Insert Name) on behalf of White Geotechnical Group Pty Ltd (Trading or Company Name)
on this the certify that I am a geotechnical engineer or engineering geologist of coastal engineer as defined by the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009 and I am authorised by the above organisation/company to issue this document and to certify that the organisation/company has a current professional indemnity policy of at least \$10million.
: Please mark appropriate box
have prepared the detailed Geotechnical Report referenced below in accordance with the Australia Geomechanics Society's Landslide Risk Management Guidelines (AGS 2007) and the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009
am willing to technically verify that the detailed Geotechnical Report referenced below has been prepared in accordance with the Australian Geomechanics Society's Landslide Risk Management Guidelines (AGS 2007) and the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009
have examined the site and the proposed development in detail and have carried out a risk assessment in accordance with Section 6.0 of the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009. I confirm that the results of the risk assessment for the proposed development are in compliance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009 and further detailed geotechnical reporting is not required for the subject site.
have examined the site and the proposed development/alteration in detail and I am of the opinion that the Development Application only involves Minor Development/Alteration that does not require a Geotechnical Report or Risk Assessment and hence my Report is in accordance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009 requirements.
 □ have examined the site and the proposed development/alteration is separate from and is not affected by a Geotechnical Hazard and does not require a Geotechnical Report or Risk Assessment and hence my Report is in accordance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009 requirements. □ have provided the coastal process and coastal forces analysis for inclusion in the Geotechnical Report
Geotechnical Report Details:
Report Title: Geotechnical Report 108 Cabarita Road, Avalon Beach Report Date: 19/10/22
Author: BEN WHITE
Author's Company/Organisation: WHITE GEOTECHNICAL GROUP PTY LTD
Documentation which relate to or are relied upon in report preparation:
Australian Geomechanics Society Landslide Risk Management March 2007.
White Geotechnical Group company archives.
am aware that the above Geotechnical Report, prepared for the abovementioned site is to be submitted in support of a Development Application for this site and will be relied on by Pittwater Council as the basis for ensuring that the Geotechnica Risk Management aspects of the proposed development have been adequately addressed to achieve an "Acceptable Risk Management" level for the life of the structure, taken as at least 100 years unless otherwise stated and justified in the Report and hat reasonable and practical measures have been identified to remove foreseeable risk.
Bulut

Chartered Professional Status MScGEOLAusIMM CP GEOL

Company White Geotechnical Group Pty Ltd

Ben White

222757

Signature

Membership No.

Name

GEOTECHNICAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR PITTWATER FORM NO. 1(a) - Checklist of Requirements for Geotechnical Risk Management Report for Development Application

Develo	pment Application			
		N	Name of Applicant	
Addres	s of site	108 Cabarita Road, A	Avalon Beach	
Report. T		ccompany the Geotechnical I	s to be addressed in a Geotechnical Risk Management Geotechnic Report and its certification (Form No. 1).	cal
		Report 108 Cabarita Road	d. Avalon Beach	
		.,	.,	
Report I	Date: 19/10/22			
Author:	BEN WHITE			
Author'	s Company/Orgar	nisation: WHITE GEOTECHI	NICAL GROUP PTY LTD	
Please m	nark appropriate b	ox		
\boxtimes	Comprehensive site	e mapping conducted 18/10/22 (date)	-	
\boxtimes	Mapping details pre Subsurface investig	esented on contoured site plan	with geomorphic mapping to a minimum scale of 1:200 (as appropriate	э)
	□ No	Justification		
	⊠ Yes	Date conducted 18/10/22		
	Geotechnical mode Geotechnical hazar		n inferred subsurface type-section	
	⊠ Above			
	⊠ On the			
	⊠ Below			
		e the site		
\boxtimes	Geotechnical hazar	ds described and reported		
\boxtimes	Risk assessment co	onducted in accordance with the	e Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2009	
		equence analysis		
_	•	ency analysis		
	Risk calculation		land with the Control of the District Policy of the District o	200
		• • •	lance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 20 rdance with the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for Pittwater - 2	
			ble Risk Management" criteria as defined in the Geotechnical Risk	2009
		for Pittwater - 2009	ite Nisk Management Gitteria as defined in the Geolechnical Nisk	
\boxtimes	,		hieve the "Acceptable Risk Management" criteria provided that the	
	specified conditions			
\boxtimes	Design Life Adopted			
	⊠ 100 y			
	☐ Other	specify		
	Geotechnical Condi Pittwater - 2009 hav	itions to be applied to all four pl	hases as described in the Geotechnical Risk Management Policy for	
\boxtimes		-	and practical have been identified and included in the report.	
	Risk assessment w	ithin Bushfire Asset Protection	Zone.	
that the g	eotechnical risk ma nent" level for the li	nagement aspects of the property of the structure, taken as	hnical Report, to which this checklist applies, as the basis for ens posal have been adequately addressed to achieve an "Acceptable at least 100 years unless otherwise stated, and justified in the R dentified to remove foreseeable risk.	Risk
		Signature	Kelut	
		Name	Ben White	
		Chartered Professional Stat	tus MScGEOLAusIMM CP GEOL	
		Membership No.	222757	

Company White Geotechnical Group Pty Ltd



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GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION:

Alterations and Additions at 108 Cabarita Road, Avalon Beach

1. Proposed Development

- **1.1** Construct a new deck on the downhill side of the house.
- **1.2** Extend the first floor of the house on the downhill side.
- **1.2** Various other minor internal and external alterations and additions.
- Details of the proposed development are shown on 11 architectural drawings prepared by Sketch Studio 77, reference number SB-00067, drawings numbered 101, 201 to 203, 301 to 303, 401 to 403, and 501, Issue B02, dated 22/07/22.

2. Site Description

- **2.1** The site was inspected on the 18th October, 2022.
- This residential property is on the low side of the road and has a NE aspect. The block is located on the moderate to steeply graded middle reaches of a hillslope. The natural surface falls across the majority of the property at an average angle of ~16° and increases to steep angles downhill of the driveway. The slope above and below the property continues at moderate to steep angles.
- 2.3 A brick retaining wall ~2.1m high is located along the uphill property boundary that supports the fill for the road reserve and a cut for lawn and garden area on the subject property (Photo 1). Stepped cracking was observed in the mortar between the bricks of the wall (Photo 2). See Section 12 for recommendations regarding this wall. Low brick and rendered masonry retaining walls support cuts for level paved and lawn/garden areas on the uphill side of the house (Photo 3). A cut has been made in the slope to create a level platform for the S corner of the house. This cut is supported



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by a stable stack rock wall ~1.0m high (Photo 4). The part three-storey house is supported on brick walls and brick piers (Photo 5). The walls and piers appear to stand vertical and show no signs of deflection. An excavation has been made under the house for the lower floor (Photo 5). The cut has been taken entirely through competent sandstone bedrock and displays no signs of geological defects. This is expected to be a band of sandstone in an otherwise shale dominated profile. On the N side of the house is a pool (Photo 6). The water level of the pool indicates no ground movement has occurred in the shell of the pool since its construction. A partially suspended concrete driveway in the NE corner of the property is accessed by a Right of Carriageway (ROW) off Cabarita Road and runs up the slope to a garage on the lower ground floor of the house (Photo 7). The concrete columns supporting the downhill side of the driveway appear to stand vertical (Photo 8). On the downhill side of the driveway, the slope falls steeply to the E corner of the property (Photo 9). This slope is densely vegetated. Immediately underneath the driveway is an exposed fill batter (Photo 10). The slope is partially terraced on the S side of the slope. The terraces are supported by a series of timber retaining walls ~1.0m high (Photo 11). The walls were observed to be tilting downslope at a maximum angle of ~5°. The owner has informed us that the exposed batter and retaining walls will be replaced in the future. We recommend this be carried out within 2 years of the date of this report.

3. Geology

The Sydney 1:100 000 Geological sheet indicates the site is underlain by the Newport Formation of the Narrabeen Group. This is described as interbedded laminite, shale and quartz to lithic quartz sandstone.

4. Subsurface Investigation

One hand Auger Hole (AH) was put down to identify the soil materials. Three Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) tests were put down to determine the relative density of the overlying soil and the depth to bedrock. The locations of the tests are shown on the site plan attached.



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It should be noted that a level of caution should be applied when interpreting DCP test results. The test will not pass through hard buried objects so in some instances it can be difficult to determine whether refusal has occurred on an obstruction in the profile or on the natural rock surface. This is not expected to be an issue for the testing on this site. However, excavation and foundation budgets should always allow for the possibility that the interpreted ground conditions in this report vary from those encountered during excavations. See the appended "Important information about your report" for a more comprehensive explanation. The results are as follows:

AUGER HOLE 1 (~RL20.6) – AH1 (Photo 12)

Depth (m)	Material Encountered
0.0 to 1.3	FILL , disturbed clayey sand and clay, dark brown, brown and orange, very loose to loose, damp, fine to medium grained with rock fragments and fine trace organic matter.
1.3 to 1.5	CLAYEY SOIL, dark brown, wet, fine to medium grained.
1.5 to 1.6	SANDY CLAY, dark brown, stiff, wet, fine to medium grained.

Refusal @ 1.6m auger grinding on rock. No water table encountered.

DCP TEST RESULTS ON NEXT PAGE



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DCP TEST RESULTS – Dynamic Cone Penetrometer						
Equipment: 9kg hammer, 510mm drop, conical tip.			Standard: AS1289.6.3.2 - 1997			
Depth(m)	DCP 1	DCP 2	DCP 3			
Blows/0.3m	(~RL20.6)	(~RL21.6)	(~RL28.2)			
0.0 to 0.3	25	4	6			
0.3 to 0.6	2F	2	12			
0.6 to 0.9	4	14	5			
0.9 to 1.2	7	9	9			
1.2 to 1.5	10	9	7			
1.5 to 1.8	10	19	14			
1.8 to 2.1	#	10	10			
2.4 to 2.7		#	#			
	Refusal on Rock @ 1.7m	Refusal on Rock @ 2.2m	Refusal on Rock @ 2.0m			

#refusal/end of test. F = DCP fell after being struck showing little resistance through all or part of the interval.

DCP Notes:

DCP1 – Refusal on rock @ 1.7m, DCP bouncing off rock surface, brown and yellow rock fragments on damp tip

DCP2 – Refusal on rock @ 2.2m, DCP bouncing off rock surface, white impact dust on dry tip. DCP3 – Refusal on rock @ 2.0m, DCP bouncing off rock surface, brown sandy clay on damp tip.

5. Geological Observations/Interpretation

The slope materials are colluvial at the near surface and residual at depth. In the test locations, the ground materials consist of fill, topsoil and clayey soil over firm to stiff sandy clays. Sandstone bedrock is exposed under the house (Photo 5). This is expected to be a band of sandstone in an otherwise shale dominated profile. In the test locations, the depth to weathered rock ranged from ~1.7m to ~2.2m below the current surface. The weathered zone of the underlying rock is interpreted as Very Low to Low Strength. It is to be noted that this material is a soft rock and can appear as a mottled stiff clay when it is cut up by excavation equipment. See Type Section attached for a diagrammatical representation of the expected ground materials.



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6. Groundwater

Normal ground water seepage is expected to move over the buried surface of the rock and through the cracks. Due to the slope and elevation of the block, the water table is expected to be many metres below the base of the proposed works.

7. Surface Water

No evidence of significant surface flows were observed on the property during the inspection.

Normal sheet wash from the slope above will be intercepted by the street drainage system for Cabarita Road above.

8. Geotechnical Hazards and Risk Analysis

No geotechnical hazards were observed beside the property. The moderate to steep land surface that falls across the property and continues above and below is a potential hazard (Hazard One).

Geotechnical Hazards and Risk Analysis - Risk Analysis Summary

HAZARDS	Hazard One	
ТҮРЕ	The moderate to steep slope that falls across the property and continues above and below failing and impacting on the property.	
LIKELIHOOD	'Unlikely' (10 ⁻⁴)	
CONSEQUENCES TO PROPERTY	'Medium' (15%)	
RISK TO PROPERTY	'Low' (2 x 10 ⁻⁵)	
RISK TO LIFE	9.1 x 10 ⁻⁷ /annum	
COMMENTS	This level of risk is 'ACCEPTABLE' provided the recommendations in Section 12 are followed.	

(See Aust. Geomech. Jnl. Mar 2007 Vol. 42 No 1, for full explanation of terms)

9. Suitability of the Proposed Development for the Site

The proposed development is suitable for the site. No geotechnical hazards will be created by the completion of the proposed development provided it is carried out in accordance with the requirements of this report and good engineering and building practice.



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10. Stormwater

The roofing of the proposed works adds less than ~50m² to the current roof area so it is

possible the existing stormwater system can be used with the approval of the stormwater

engineer.

11. Foundations

Due to the steep grade of the slope in the location of the proposed works, piers imbedded no

less than 0.5m into Very Low Strength Rock or better are suitable footings for the proposed

deck. This material is expected at depths of between 1.7 to 2.2m below the current surface.

A maximum allowable bearing pressure of 600kPa can be assumed for footings on Very Low

Strength Rock or better. It should be noted that this material is a soft rock and a rock auger

will cut through it so the builders should not be looking for refusal to end the footings.

NOTE: If the contractor is unsure of the footing material required, it is more cost-effective to

get the geotechnical consultant on site at the start of the footing excavation to advise on

footing depth and material. This mostly prevents unnecessary over-excavation in clay-like

shaly-rock but can be valuable in all types of geology.

12. Ongoing Maintenance

Stepped cracking was observed in the mortar between the bricks of the walls supporting the

fill and cut on the uphill side of the property (Photo 2). To be prudent, we recommend the

retaining walls be inspected by the owners on a biannual basis or after heavy prolonged

rainfall, whichever occurs first, keeping a photographic record of the inspections. We can

carry out these inspections upon request. Should any new movement be observed, the

geotechnical consultant is to be engaged to assess the movement and provide remedial

advice if necessary.

Where slopes approach or exceed 30° such as below the driveway, it is prudent for the owners

to occasionally inspect the slope (say annually or after heavy rainfall events, whichever occurs



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first). Should any of the following be observed: movement or cracking in retaining walls,

cracking in any structures, cracking, or movement in the slope surface, tilting or movement in

established trees, leaking pipes, or newly observed flowing water, or changes in the erosional

process or drainage regime, then a geotechnical consultant should be engaged to re-assess

the slope. We can carry out these inspections upon request.

The risk assessment in **Section 8** is subject to this site maintenance being carried out.

13. Geotechnical Review

The structural plans are to be checked and certified by the geotechnical engineer as being in

accordance with the geotechnical recommendations. On completion, a Form 2B will be

issued. This form is required for the Construction Certificate to proceed.

14. Inspection

The client and builder are to familiarise themselves with the following required inspection as

well as council geotechnical policy. We cannot provide geotechnical certification for the

owners and Occupation Certificate if the following inspection has not been carried out during

the construction process.

All footings are to be inspected and approved by the geotechnical consultant while

the excavation equipment and contractors are still onsite and before steel reinforcing

is placed or concrete is poured.

White Geotechnical Group Pty Ltd.

Ben White M.Sc. Geol., AusIMM., CP GEOL.

Felile

No. 222757

Engineering Geologist



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Photo 1



Photo 2



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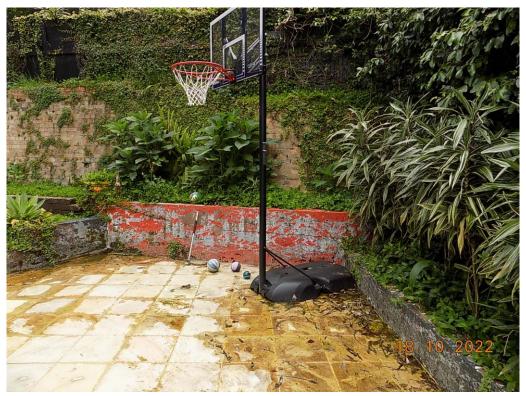


Photo 3



Photo 4



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Photo 5



Photo 6



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Photo 7



Photo 8



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Photo 9



Photo 10



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Photo 11



Photo 12 (Downhole is from Top Left to Bottom Right)



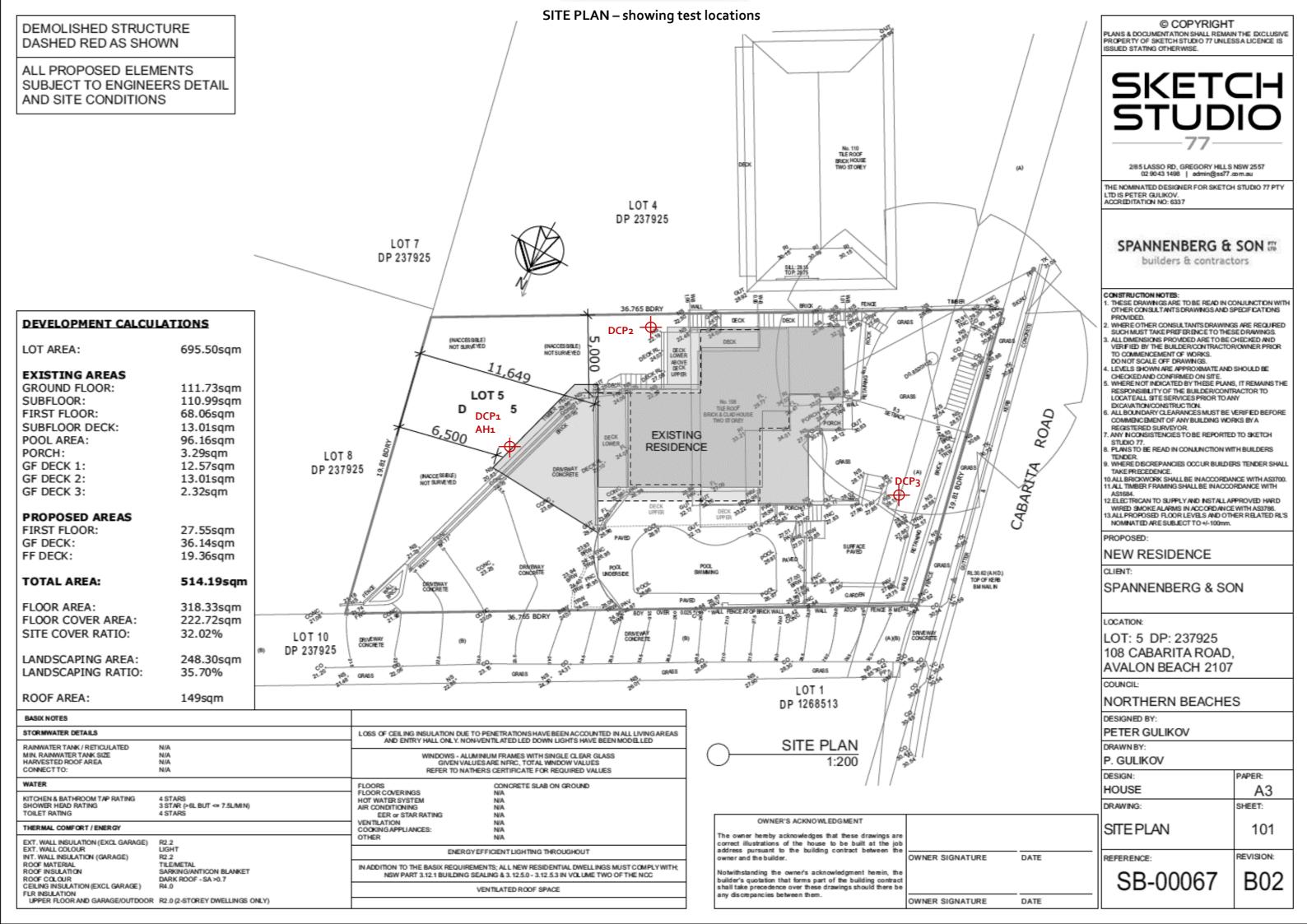
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Important Information about Your Report

It should be noted that Geotechnical Reports are documents that build a picture of the subsurface conditions from the observation of surface features and testing carried out at specific points on the site. The spacing and location of the test points can be limited by the location of existing structures on the site or by budget and time constraints of the client. Additionally, the test themselves, although chosen for their suitability for the particular project, have their own limiting factors. The testing gives accurate information at the location of the test, within the confines of the test's capability. A geological interpretation or model is developed by joining these test points using all available data and drawing on previous experience of the geotechnical consultant. Even the most experienced practitioners cannot determine every possible feature or change that may lie below the earth. All of the subsurface features can only be known when they are revealed by excavation. As such, a Geotechnical report can be considered an interpretive document. It is based on factual data but also on opinion and judgement that comes with a level of uncertainty. This information is provided to help explain the nature and limitations of your report.

With this in mind, the following points are to be noted:

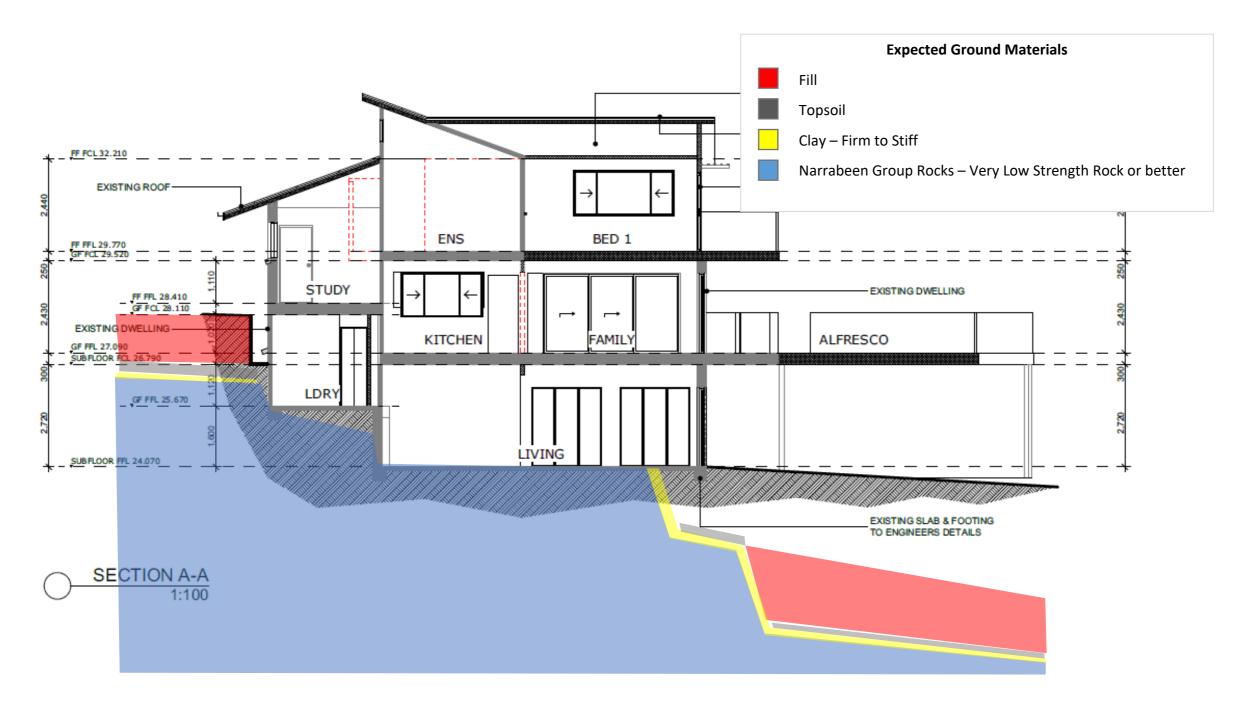
- If upon the commencement of the works the subsurface ground or ground water conditions prove different from those described in this report, it is advisable to contact White Geotechnical Group immediately, as problems relating to the ground works phase of construction are far easier and less costly to overcome if they are addressed early.
- If this report is used by other professionals during the design or construction process, any questions should be directed to White Geotechnical Group as only we understand the full methodology behind the report's conclusions.
- The report addresses issues relating to your specific design and site. If the proposed project design changes, aspects of the report may no longer apply. Contact White Geotechnical if this occurs.
- This report should not be applied to any other project other than that outlined in section 1.0.
- This report is to be read in full and should not have sections removed or included in other documents as this can result in misinterpretation of the data by others.
- It is common for the design and construction process to be adapted as it progresses (sometimes
 to suit the previous experience of the contractors involved). If alternative design and construction
 processes are required to those described in this report, contact White Geotechnical Group. We
 are familiar with a variety of techniques to reduce risk and can advise if your proposed methods
 are suitable for the site conditions.



DEMOLISHED STRUCTURE DASHED RED AS SHOWN

ALL PROPOSED ELEMENTS SUBJECT TO ENGINEERS DETAIL AND SITE CONDITIONS

TYPE SECTION – Diagrammatical Interpretation of expected Ground Materials



OWNER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The owner hereby acknowledges that these drawings are correct illustrations of the house to be built at the job address pursuant to the building contract between the owner and the builder.

Notwithstanding the owner's acknowledgment herein, th builder's quotation that forms part of the building contract shall take precedence over these drawings should there be any discrepancies between them. OWNER SIGNATURE

OWNER SIGNATURE DATE

DATE

© COPYRIGHT

PLANS & DOCUMENTATION SHALL REMAIN THE EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY OF SKETCH STUDIO 77 UNLESS A LICENCE IS SSUED STATING OTHERWISE

2/85 LASSO RD, GREGORY HILLS NSW 2557 02 9043 1498 | admin@ss77.com.au

THE NOMINATED DESIGNER FOR SKETCH STUDIO 77 PTY LTD IS PETER GULLKOV. ACCREDITATION NO: 6337

SPANNENBERG & SON

builders & contractors

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- THESE DRAWINGS ARE TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH OTHER CONSULTANTS DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS
- WHERE OTHER CONSULTANTS DRAWINGS ARE REQUIRED SUCH MUST TAKE PREFER ENCE TO THESE DRAWINGS. 3. ALL DIMENSIONS PROVIDED ARE TO BE CHECKED AND
- VERIED BY THE BUILDER/CONTRACTOR/OWNER PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS. DO NOT SCALE OFF DRAWINGS.
- LEVELS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE AND SHOULD BE CHECKED AND CONFIRMED ON SITE.
 WHERE NOT INDICATED BY THESE PLANS, IT REMAINS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE BUILDER/CONTRACTOR TO LOCATEALL SITE SERVICES PRIOR TO ANY
- EXCANATION/CONSTRUCTION.

 ALL BOUNDARY CLEARANCES MUST BE VERIFED BEFORE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY BUILDING WORKS BY A REGISTERED SURVEYOR.
 7. ANY INCONSISTENCIES TO BE REPORTED TO SKETCH
- STUDIO 77
- STUDIO 77.

 PLANS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH BUILDERS TENDER.

 WHERE DISCREPANCIES OCCUR BUILDERS TENDER SHALL
- TAKE PRECEDENCE.
- 10 ALL BRICKWORK SHALL BE INACCORDANCE WITH AS3700. 11 ALL TIMBER FRAMING SHALL BE INACCORDANCE WITH
- 12.ELECTRICAN TO SUPPLY AND INSTALL APPROVED HARD WIRED SMOKE ALARMS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS3786. 13 ALL PROPOSED FLOOR LEVELS AND OTHER RELATED RUS NOMINATED ARE SUBJECT TO +/-100mm

PROPOSED:

NEW RESIDENCE

SPANNENBERG & SON

LOCATION:

LOT: 5 DP: 237925 108 CABARITA ROAD, AVALON BEACH 2107

COUNCIL:

NORTHERN BEACHES

DESIGNED BY:

PETER GULIKOV

DRAWN BY:

P. GULIKOV

DESIGN:	PAPER:
HOUSE	A3
DRAWING:	SHEET:

SECTION & DETAILS

SB-00067

B02

REVISION:

501

EXAMPLES OF GOOD HILLSIDE PRACTICE



EXAMPLES OF POOR HILLSIDE PRACTICE

